TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--PAGES 1 to 6

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.


## "HEAR DEM BELLS"




THE merry music of the school bells will begin Monday, week. How about school suits for the Boys? Of course you expect us to have everything ready in clothing wanted for the Boys. We've left no loophole for disappointment in selections, sizes, styles or prices.

Knee Trouser Suits for all ages, from 7 to 17 years—

**$2.45, $2.95, $3.50, $3.95 $4.95.**

Every one of them of pure all wool. Most of them with double seat and knees.

Long Trouser Suits for the particular you , men 15 to 19 years—

**$4.95, $6.50, $7.50, $8.00, $10.00**

Some made with double breasted coat and single breasted vest. Some made with single breasted coat and double breasted vest.

Boys' Knee Pants, 3 to 16 years—

**25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00**

Boys' Long Pants, 14 to 19 years—

**$1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $5.00.**

We lay particular stress on the quality of our clothing for Boys—good, honest, all wool materials, made in that thoroughly dependable way that always gives you the full worth of your money. Better clothing than we offer is not made. The patterns are attractive this fall and selections embrace a wide range in colorings.

| | |
|---|---|
| School Caps | 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 |
| Boys' Shirts, separate cuffs | 50c, 75c, $1.00 |
| Boys' Linen Collars | 10c |
| Handsome Neckwear | 25c, 50c |
| Boys' School Stockings | 25c, 35c, 50c |
| Boys' School Shoes | 89c, $1.15, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 |

**Bring in the Boys. There'll be no trouble in fitting them—and you'll save money as well.**

**Store Open Saturday Night Till 11 O'clock.**

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. THE BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

**WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.**



## Why is Electric Light Best?

**Because it is Healthy, Clean Pure and Brilliant.**

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

**Commercial Light and Power Co.** OFFICES—215 W. Superior St



**HOW DO YOU** expect people to know what you have to sell if you don't See what your competitors are doing in The Herald. **ADVERTISE?**



*I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.*

**Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

*Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block.*



If you want something new and tasty in Pocketbooks, Card Cases and Coin Purses look at our new styles.

OUR CARD ENGRAVING IS OF THE BEST. ALBERTSON


### MAY REPUDIATE JIMINEZ.

**People of San Domingo Not Favorable to Him.**

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 8.—Dominican mail advices just received here say that the apparently enthusiastic and ostensibly national demonstration prepared in Santo Domingo for Juan Isidro Jiminez, the leader of the successful revolution in that country, by Gen. Imber and the leaders of Jiminez's immediate political faction has not altogether been agreeable to popular sentiment. It is now beginning to appear that while the whole nation accepted the revolution on the tacit understanding that the intolerable incubus of party politics would be permanently removed by securing an American protectorate, Jiminez's party were really working for his personal interests to the establishment of which they now purpose utilizing the victory. Another revolution is sure to follow. In conclusion, the advices say that the foreign interests in Santo Domingo are watching the developments with the keenest anxiety.

### STEEL TUBE WORKS BURNED.

Shelby, Ohio, Sept. 8.—Fire which originated from an overheated oven destroyed the rolling mill of the Shelby Steel Tube works and did immense damage to other buildings of the plant today. For a time it seemed that the entire plant would go. This loss has not been estimated, but will be very heavy, as the company had just completed extensive improvements. Eight hundred men are thrown out of employment.

### BOTH NOW IN CUSTODY.

**The Colquhoun Brothers, of Glasgow, Both Under Arrest.**

London, Sept. 8.—D. Colquhoun, a brother of James Colquhoun, former city treasurer of Glasgow, who was arrested recently charged with defalcations amounting to more than $1,000,000, has also been held in custody.

James Colquhoun, LL.D., in the early part of August abruptly resigned as city treasurer of Glasgow, and was sent to an insane asylum. It was subsequently discovered that he had embezzled $25,000 of a client's money, and other defalcations came to light later. In the meantime the board of doctors who examined him declared he was not insane, and he was thereupon arrested.

# CROWDS AT THE TRIAL

**Throngs Flock to Attend the Closing of the Dreyfus Case.**

## LAWYERS DISAGREE

**Dreyfus' Counsels at Loggerheads---An Anti-Dreyfus Demonstration Feared.**

Rennes, Sept. 8.—The hall of the Lycee was crowded this morning at the opening of the trial of Capt. Dreyfus. There was a large attendance of ladies and newspaper writers, who sat up all night in order to secure front places. At an early hour a long line was formed in front of people awaiting admission. Standing room at the back of the court now commands 15 and 20 franks for places, and the demand is increasing as the trial approaches its end.

Among the visitors today was Bacon Russell of Killoween, lord chief justice of England, who was conducted to a seat by Gen. Chamoines Paleologue of the French foreign office. The lord chief justice was seated at the back of the judges' table. He came here from Paris, where he has attended the sessions of the Anglo-Venezuelan boundary arbitration commission, in order to see some of the trial.

Maitre Demange at once opened his speech for the defense. In eloquent terms and with impressive delivery he brought out strong evidence against Esterhazy. During the course of his remarks he cried: "Do you think, if Dreyfus and Esterhazy had been before the court-martial of 1894, that the court would have condemned Capt. Dreyfus?" As he asked this question M. Demange pointed to the prisoner and added: "No."

Dreyfus today appeared cheerful. He smiled and shook hands with his counsel on entering the court. The English chief justice followed the speech of M. Demange with the closest attention. The lawyer gave a very fine performance so far as the audience was concerned. His voice was exquisitely modulated. Finally he filled the room with his stentorian tones as he thundered with indignation at the charges against Dreyfus and the shameful weakness of the prosecution, and in denunciation of Esterhazy. The gestures and features of M. Demange were equally impressive.

The front rows of the witnesses' seats were empty, with the exception of M. Trarieux and M. Cavignac, all other officers having left Rennes by order of the minister of war.

Dreyfus listened to the speech of M. Demange with a mask of impassability, resembling his frozen attitude during the first days of the trial. Whatever the prisoner's feelings were, as he heard M. Demange's plea in his behalf, he carefully concealed them.

At 11 o'clock M. Demange was still speaking, and he announced that he would need another two hours and a half to finish his plea, so the court adjourned until 7:30 tomorrow morning. The fact that Maitre Labori has to speak, and that probably the government commissary, Maj. Carriere, will reply, makes it practically certain that the verdict will not be given before Monday.

The general impression formed was that the speech of M. Demange must have had a certain effect on the judges. It was a strong effort argumentatively.

There was a rumor afloat after the adjournment of the court that M. Laborl had decided not to speak, the idea being that his absention from so doing, in view of the effect his every utterance has on the court, would be an advantage rather than otherwise to Dreyfus. M. Laborl was asked if there was any truth in the report, and he replied with a shrug of his shoulders, apparently conveying the impression that the matter was under consideration. It is generally noticed today that when M. Laborl entered the court this morning he spoke to M. Demange in a deprecatory tone, and a sharp discussion ensued, almost bordering on a dispute. The same thing occurred during the suspension of the sitting. The two lawyers, apparently, were at loggerheads about the best method of conducting the case, which, it was said, boded no good for Dreyfus.

Great interest has been aroused here by the arrival at Rennes of Max Regis, the former mayor of Algiers and a notorious Jew baiter. He was attended by a couple of Algerians in native costume, and a crowd of people followed him about. He stopped to take some refreshment at the principal cafe here, but the place was immediately invaded by a hooting crowd. M. Regis was present in the court yard of the Lycee this morning and discussed the situation with the leading anti-Dreyfusards. His presence is not a good omen for the police of the town. The local newspapers today publish an open letter from M. Regis to the premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, declaring that he, M. Regis, intends to preserve the greatest calm, but adding that if an attempt is made to arrest him he will resist.

### DEMANAGE SPEAKS FOR DEFENSE.

**Opening Argument For Dreyfus Is Begun This Morning.**

Rennes, Sept. 8.—Amid silent and keen attention from the audience, Maitre Demange opened the proceedings of the Dreyfus case this morning. His opening remarks seemed to meet with approval.

"However solemn the occasion, he," he remarked, "I must at the outset protest with all my soul against the allegation which one of the witnesses did not shrink from uttering. This witness did not hesitate to declare that whoever was the prosecutor in this case—that is to say, whoever believed in the innocence of Dreyfus, was working against the army and against the country. I here declare that he does not know me, and that he does not know Maitre Labori. Neither M. Labori nor myself would be here if these statements were true. Let me tell you simply this:

"The day on which, amid the shock of furious political passions, I saw let loose over our country this tempest of madness: when I saw everything I had learned to revere and love since childhood imperilled, I, a Frenchman, the son of a soldier, endured every virture. When I turn my eyes towards Devil's island, where was buried alive one who, from the bottom of my heart I believed to be a martyr, I began to wonder if Divine justice had not abandoned him. Since then I have recovered. I have hearkened to the voice of my conscience and pursued an undeviating course, free from anger or passion, not heeding hatred or prejudice. I have done my duty. You will do yours, which is to mete out justice."

Continuing, M. Demange said he wished to clearly define the prisoner's position, saying: "When the case of the revision began Dreyfus was a convict, and serious presumptions of his innocence were necessary before the case be taken up by the court of cassation. Today it is the duty of the public prosecutor to prove his guilt. Let no one, therefore, blame us if we have not proved the innocence of our client. The task was not incumbent upon us. It is for the government to show who is guilty of the abominable crime imputed to him."

M. Demange then spoke against the suggestion that it had been attempted to put Esterhazy on trial, explaining that all the defense desired was the innocence of Dreyfus, and that the court-martial proclaim it.

Counsel was satisfied that the judges of 1894 were honest, like the present judges. But if the former had seen Esterhazy's handwriting they would have pronounced a different verdict.

Counsel then entered into details, dealing with the information collected regarding the prisoner in 1894. He said: "The only real information is that found in the cries from his soul, even before his conviction, when he uttered: 'I will not kill myself, because I am innocent.'"

M. Demange then dwelt upon the prisoner's protestations of innocence and his touching letters to his family, saying: "In them you see his soul, which speaks. Alone, he communes with himself. He cherishes the hope of seeing his innocence acknowledged."

Among the letters of Dreyfus read by M. Demange was one in which, after asserting his innocence and declaring he always served the tri-color with devotion and honor, the prisoner complained that he was treated on Devils Island like an ordinary convict. It continues with the words, "I wish to live."

"That is a soldier's soul," exclaimed M. Demange, "and it is the one you call a traitor. That is the man who in your presence suppressed his sobs and his emotions. Ah, gentlemen, I would rather defend guilty men who are clever dissemblers than an innocent man who is too sincere."

Letters of the prisoner's were read, all breathing a desire to live to see his honor disclosed, though the writer was broken down in health and spirit. One letter, written in 1897, appeals to Gen. Deboisden to lend his generous aid in securing the writer's restoration to his liberty, of which he had been robbed. Writing to his brother, the prisoner said: "While one or more scoundrels are free, it would be a happy release for me to die, but it would be a disgrace to Lucielle and my children." In this letter he further urged him to find the culprits, while carefully protecting the interests of the country. "Is that not the cry of an innocent man?" asked M. Demange, adding, "yet, though Gen. Deboisden received the letter, he did not forward it to Mathieu Dreyfus."

"Five ministers of war," said M. Demange, "pronounced Dreyfus guilty, while admitting it was impossible to produce proofs. Gen. Deboisden and Gen. Roget also affirmed their belief in his guilt, but happily they stated reasons, and instead of proofs, only accumulated presumptions."

M. Demange said: "I must acknowledge, however, the conduct of the generals was honest, and they could not have acted otherwise than they have done."

Counsel then paid an eloquent tribute to the honesty of purpose manifested by the generals in dealing with the confessions.

Dealing, next, with the confessions, counsel read the report of Capt. Lebrune-Renault, of the republican guard, who had the prisoner in custody previous to his degradation, and said that the exact words of Dreyfus, which were new known, were a declaration of his innocence.

It was also significant that the report drawn up by Du Paty De Clam, on the day following his interview with Dreyfus, had disappeared. Du Paty De Clam, counsel pointed out, had entirely forgotten his remarks to Dreyfus, as he had forgotten other facts.

M. Demange said he was surprised at the attitude of Gen. Gonse toward the alleged confessions, and marveled at the fact that Capt. Lebrun, who was sent to the Elysee palace expressly to repeat the confessions, did not mention them. It was likewise deplorable that Gen. Saussier and Gen. Mercier took no steps to verify these confessions, which were lost sight of until M. Cavignac sprung them on the chamber of deputies as proof of the guilt of Dreyfus. The court of cassation had justly inferred that they were not confessions' proceedings.

M. Demange examined the documents one after the other. He said the documents commencing "doubts proof" were hypothetical, but applied much more easily to Esterhazy than to Dreyfus, and it was so with the other documents. There was nothing to indicate that Dreyfus was concerned any more than any one else. The leakage case continued until 1897. The documents containing the words "Cette Canaille" only cited a poor devil, and could not be ascribed to a man whom another letter described as a friend.

The sixth document was a letter written by Count Von Munster Ledenburg, the German ambassador to France, from Germany to Col. Schwartzkoppen, the military attache of Germany at Paris, containing the following: "In regard to Dreyfus, we are easy."

M. Demange pointed out that the Dreyfus case was the universal topic of Germany at the time. At first the German officials were uneasy, but had evidently been assured of Dreyfus' guilt.

In regard to the letters of Nov. 2 and Nov. 11, sent by Maj. Panizzardi to his chief, it had been alleged that they proved Dreyfus had relations with Col. Schwartzkoppen, whereas in reality Maj. Panizzardi merely denied that Dreyfus had any relations with Italy. It was impossible to doubt the authenticity of these facts. It was incredible that Col. Schwartzkoppen and Maj. Panizzardi deceived their governments. The omission of Esterhazy's name from these letters was intentional.

Concluding his examinations of the secret dossier, M. Demange remarked that he felt compelled to refer to these documents emanating from foreigners, as Gen. Mercier relied upon them to support the guilt of Dreyfus. The statements of the military attaches claim they had no relation with Dreyfus had been confirmed by the statement of the minister in the reichstag, who could not have been deceived by his attache at Paris.

"I have finished," said M. Demange, "my examination of the secret dossier. All France knows the worthlessness of its contents. It is owing to it that the country has been distracted for months.

(Continued on Page 5.)


Fresh Home-Made **Candies** Fresh at the Big Store Daily.

PRICES: **25c and 35c** PER POUND.

Marshmallows, 15c lb.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

*This Store Remains Open Saturday Until 10 p. m.*

**LADIES:** Visit our new Veiling Department. (Next to our Drug Department.) We doubt if there is anything like it in the state, either for style or variety.

## ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

And the best way to economize is to buy the best and the newest. That is the kind of merchandise the Big Store sells.

SATURDAY we will offer unusual opportunities in merchandising of this character. "THE NEWEST, THE BEST."

**Bargain Counter No. 4.**

***Ladies' Handkerchiefs—***
1620 dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs, white and colored, embroidered corners; also lace trimmed—pick..... 5c each

***Ladies' Lace Ties—***
Only 25 dozen left of those handsome lace-trimmed Wash Ties, worth up to $1.25—pick..... 50c each

**Bargain Counter No. 1.**

***Embroideries—***
Seven magnificent lots at about Half their real value—Nainsooks, Hamburgs, Swisses in Edges and Insertions—Prices..... 5c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c.

See them.

**Bargain Counter No. 2.**

***Ladies' Black Hose—***
2 cases or 200 doz Ladies' Black Hose, seamless, fast colors and high-spliced heels; price three pairs for..... 25c

***Ladies' Union Suits—***
2 cases Egyptian Cotton Union Suits, they are well worth 50c; Saturday—only..... 25c each

**Bargain Counter No. 5.**

***On This Counter—***
You will find the Remnants of our summer stock of Walking, Sailor and Untrimmed Hats—THE PRICES NOW ARE 10c, 25, 50c

We are ashamed to tell you how much the original prices were. IN THE MILLINERY DEPT. you can buy any trimmed Summer Hat at— 75c, $1.25 and $2.75.

**Cloak Department—**

***Dress Skirts—***
New Crepon Dress Skirts..... $4.98

Imported Crepon Dress Skirts, prices— $9.00, $10.50 to $14.50

English Cheviot Dress Skirts— $3.98 up

New swell Plaid Skirts— $4.98 to $12.00

New Taffeta Silk Dress Skirts— $7.50 to $21.00

***Jackets—***
New Plush Jackets, beautifully braided with jet and fur trimmed, price— $11.00, $13.00 and $14.50

Ladies' swell man-tailored Cloth Jackets, in tan, castor, royal blue, navy blue and black; made with the new cuff sleeves and scalloped bottom; some beautifully braided, others made with fur collar and edged down the front with fur—price— $10.50 to $35.00

***Golf Capes—***
Swell and cheap are our Golf Capes; we have them in all kinds of styles and colors—price— $6.75 to $24.50

***Ladies' Suits—***
Swell Suits, made of Golf Cloth, plain on one side and plaid on the other; jacket fly front and coat collar, skirt made habit back—price— $19.50

Ladies' Tailored Suits, made from good heavy homespun cloth, considered very fashionable—price— $16.00

Ladies' Camel's Hair and wide Wale Cheviot Suits, reefer or tight-fitting jacket; skirt, habit back—price— $19.50, $22.50 and up

Ladies' Flannel Waists—100 dozen to go on sale Saturday at— $1.49 and $1.75

Worth twice as much; all handsomely braided; new style yoke and pretty shape sleeves; colors, black, blue, red, gray and brown.

***Silk Waists—***
Visit our Silk Waist counter in our Cloak department—You will find the greatest bargains ever offered in Duluth—price— $3.75, $4.98, $5.75, $7.50.

**Linen Department—**

72-inch Cream Damasks, all linen, soft and free from starch, cheap at 50c; special, per yard..... 40c

66-inch Bleached Damasks, all pure linen, fine satin finish, good value at 75c; special, per yard..... 59c

50 dozen ⅝ Napkins, all linen, fast edges, full bleached, worth $1.50; special, per dozen..... $1.50

50 dozen Turkish Towels, 18x36 inches, well made, heavy quality; special, each..... 10c

25 pieces Linen Ginghams, all colors, pure linen, sold at 25c all season; now, yard..... 12½c

**Flannel Department—**

1 case Outing Flannels, Remnants, light and dark colors, worth 8c; special, per yard..... 5c

50 Satine Comforters, large size, well made; special, each..... $1.25

**New Fall Silks—**
At prices that mean a big saving.

Superb line of Imported Black Taffetas; special leaders for Saturday; two numbers at— 75c and 65c yd

Silk Waist Patterns—50 exclusive waist lengths; our own importations, at—a yard— $1.15, $1.25, $1.39, $1.50

Black Satin Duchesse, every yard warranted all silk; special leaders for Saturday, at—a yard— $1.00, 89c and 75c

Taffeta Silks, in plain colors and changeable; a complete line of colors for waists, skirts and linings; choice, a yard..... 85c

**Rare Opportunities in Our Black Goods Dept.**

Never before had we such values to offer our customers.

CREPONS—Richest Black Dress Fabrics shown this season; leaders for Saturday at—a yard— $1.50, $1.00 and 75c

CHEVIOTS—For rainy-day skirts and dresses, full 50 inches wide, at—a yard— $1.25, $1.00, 89c and 79c

VENETIANS—For Ladies' Tailored Gowns; rich, handsome fabrics, 50 inches wide, at—a yard— $2.75, $1.75, $1.50 $1.35 and $1.00.

ZIBOLINES—The newest weave in black fabrics, for skirts or dresses, at—a yard— $1.25, $1.00 and 89c

NOVELTIES—Rich autumn novelty black goods, the largest and best stock we have ever carried, at—a yard— $1.00, 75c, 50c, 39c, 25c

**Saturday in Our Colored Dress Goods—**
We are more than determined to stir things in that colored stock Saturday. This is the way we do it.

***For School Wear—***
We offer Saturday 150 pieces plain Novelty and Plaid Dress Goods for school wear, at the following special prices— 59c, 50c, 39c, 25c, 12½c

46-inch Cashmere in shades of navy, wine, cardinal, scarlet, green, etc.; special for Saturday, a yard..... 29c

58-inch Repellants—Strong and serviceable for school wear, in shades of blue, garnet, Oxford gray, brown, etc.; choice, a yard..... 50c

***Fabrics for Tailored Gowns—***
In homespuns, Venetians, Zibolines, camel's hair, in new shades of mode, castor, blues, grays, etc., 50, 54 and 58 inches wide, at—a yard— $2.75, $1.75, $1.50 $1.25 and $1.00.

Golf Plaids, for the new short Golf Skirts; the new reversible skirt, and for the new reversible Golf Capes; the largest stock in the Northwest, at—a yard— $2.98, $1.98 and $1.75

**Wash Goods Dept.**

New goods come pouring in upon us every day. At present we are showing the Fall Ginghams, new Fall Sateens, new Fleeced Wrapper Cloths, the new Fall Print Shirtings, at—a yard— 12½c, 10c and 7c

**Glove Department—**

We have just received 100 dozen of our famous Marlborough Kid Gloves. They are our own importation, and every pair is fitted and warranted, in grays, blues, reds, greens, tans, browns and black; Saturday only, a pair..... $1.00

50 dozen of Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves, La Camille, in all colors, worth $1.00 a pair; Saturday, a pair..... 69c

Ireland Bros.' 2-clasp Undressed Suede Gloves in royal blues, modes and reds, worth $1.25 a pair; Saturday, a pair..... $1.00

New Scotch Gloves, for Misses; Saturday, a pair..... 25c

Fowne's 2-clasp Dagmar Street Gloves, in all colors; Saturday, a pair..... $1.50

**Shell Hair Ornaments—**
New fall line, just opened.

SIDE COMBS—Novelties in new shapes and sizes; we always have one as a leader; a 25c Comb for..... 15c

POMPADOUR COMBS—Small, large and medium sizes; in this line we also have a leader at..... 25c

NEW EMPIRE COMBS—The largest, finest and most reasonable line ever brought out by us; plain and with rhinestone trimmings, at from— 25c to $3.50

ELASTIC BELTS—Fall novelties in Elastic Belts are arriving daily; six patterns at..... 95c

**Carpet Department—**

Tapestry Brussels, best 10-wire made, new styles, with or without borders; regular value 85c, at..... 69c

Ingrain—Best 2-ply made, fine range of patterns, regular 80c quality, at..... 59c

***Oriental Rugs—***
A choice lot just received; prices from—each— $6.50 to $45.00

**Curtain Department—**

EXTRA SPECIAL. Rope Portiers in all the latest styles and colors, a regular $5.00 Portier for..... $3.50

Bobinet Ruffled Curtains, 3 yards long, handsome edge, well made, fully worth $3.50, for, pair..... $2.48

Tapestry Portiers. See our new fall line from—a pair— $2.50 to $12.50

**Art Department—**

SATIN PIN CUSHIONS—4x4 inches square; regular 15c size; special..... 10c

**Some Extraordinary Selling for Saturday.**

MEN'S AND BOYS' SWEATERS, Garnets, blues and greens, Byron collars, laced fronts; special price, each..... 49c

MEN'S FANCY SILK NECK-WEAR—The latest, in handsome Puffs, wide ends Imperials, wide ends Club Ties, the newest shapes in Teeks, and a very large variety in String and Band Bows; choice, each..... 25c

BOYS' NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Of fine French Percales, 2 colors and pair separate cuffs that has been selling at 75c, for..... 59c

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—Mottled Shirts and Drawers, guaranteed wool fleecing, silk taped neck and front, drawers suspender's tapes, and are reinforced; you can't match them at 75c; special for Saturday..... 49c

LADIES' HOSE—We call your attention again. Ask to see our No. 2626 Ladies' extra heavy cotton, very fine quality, double soles, high spliced heels and toes, Hermsdorf fast black; the price should be 50c, for pair..... 25c

CHILDREN'S HOSE—Extra quality, corduroy rib, stainless dye, double knees, double soles, high spliced heels; special price, pair..... 15c

**Crockery Department—**

DECORATED OPAL WARE NOVELTIES. Opal ware Pin Trays, each..... 10c

Bon-Bon Boxes, each..... 19c

Powder Boxes, each..... 25c

Large size Rose Bowls, each..... 39c

Collar and Cuff Boxes, each..... 45c

Jewel Boxes, each..... 45c

Toilet Bottles, each..... 45c

HAVILAND CHINA—Genuine Haviland China Tea Cups and Saucers, Breakfast Plates, Oat Meal Bowls and Sauce Plates, at each..... 25c

SHERBETS—Thin blown Glass Sherbets, worth 12½c each, at each..... 7c

DINNER SETS—100-piece English Porcelaine Dinner Sets, nicely decorated; Saturday, per set..... $5.95

**Hardware Dept.**

WASH BOILERS—No. 9 IX heavy tin Wash Boilers, with copper bottoms; Saturday, at each..... 95c

DISH PANS—14-quart retinned Dish Pans worth 25c, at each..... 12c

LANTERNS—Best make of Tubular Kerosene Lanterns, at each..... 38c

AXES—Good quality forged Steel Axes, at each..... 69c

MATCHES—Parlor Matches, 12 boxes for..... 10c

**NEW SWELL MILLINERY.** Hundreds of the swellest and most exclusive novelties are controlled by us for Duluth. ADVANCE STYLES in Walking Hats, Fedora Hats, Rough Riders' Hats, Jaunting Hats—in short you can get any kind of a hat worth having at the Big Store. SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY—10 cases fine fur felt Fedoras or Rough Rider Hats—in black, navy, pearl, brown and nutria—You can't find anything to equal them in the city for less than $1.75. Our price Saturday..... $1.25


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# CABINET MEETING

## The English Cabinet Convened Today to Discuss Transvaal Situation.

## TALK OF DISSENSION

## Rumored That There May Be a Split Among the Ministers.

London, Sept. 8.—The cabinet meeting here today attracted greater public interest than any meeting of the ministers for years past. A large crowd of people cordially greeted the cabinet ministers and impatiently thronged the streets of the entrance to the cabinet.

The war spirit was present on all sides and the generals were enthusiastically cheered as they appeared, the crowd evidently understanding that they had been summoned to be in readiness in the event of the ministers wishing their services.

A crowd of from 2000 to 3000 persons assembled at the Whitehall entrance to Downing street, where the foreign and colonial offices are situated, at an early hour today. Mr. Chamberlain was among the first to arrive, and was followed by Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, the commander-in-chief of the army; Gen. Sir Redvers Duller, who, it is said, will have the field command in the event of a war with the Transvaal, and Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, adjutant general of the forces.

The arrival of Lord Salisbury, the premier, was the signal for tremendous cheering. Next came the duke of Devonshire, the lord of the counsel; the Rt. Hon. Henry Chaplin, the president of the local government board; the earl of Halsbury, the lords and chancellor, who passed unnoticed. By 1 o'clock all the cabinet ministers were present.

It was reported that Mr. Balfour, the high lord of the treasury, would not agree with some of his colleagues in the cabinet, and there was some talk of a split.

The first indications possible in the decision of the cabinet were noticed on the stock exchange, where the tone recovered on the report that the ministers had decided not to send an ultimatum to the government of the Transvaal, but to insist that the Transvaal agree to a meeting at Cape Town.

The cabinet council was concluded at 3 p. m. A reporter of the Associated Press interviewed the president of the board of agriculture, the Rt. Hon. Wiley Long, if any conclusion had been reached. He said: "All I can say is that we must have patience."

The ministers came out arm in arm, laughing and chatting, greatly contrasting with the manner in which they went in. Lord Salisbury again received an ovation.

Although the foreign office has not given out a statement, the newspapers say that no ultimatum would be sent to the Transvaal at present, and that a time limit had been issued. The duration of the council was taken as an indication that the situation is more specific, but of course this is only surmise.

The correspondent of the Times at New Castle, Natal says: "There would be little surprise here if the Boers assumed the aggressive immediately. It is a matter of moment that 5,000 troops are on the Western border."

UNEASINESS AT MAFEKING.

London, Sept. 8.—The Times in its second edition today, publishes a dispatch from Mafeking, which says: "Col. Baden-Powell will review the troops at Ramathlabama tomorrow. Large numbers of troops are moving about the border near there. There is uneasiness over the number of Transvaal Dutch here. It is feared they might join the invaders in case of a raid."

ENGLISH TROOPS TO THE FRONT.

Bombay, Sept. 8.—The Nineteenth Hussars and the Twenty-first field battery of artillery have been ordered to leave Secunderabad for the Transvaal, Sept. 8.

BUTLER IN LONDON.

London, Sept. 8.—Sir William Francis Butler, who was recently relieved as commander of the British troops in South Africa by Lieutenant Governor Frederick F. Walker, arrived in this city today. He remained at the war office and was consulted in regard to the situation in South Africa.

# COPPER NEWS.

## Sault Blockade May Cause Suspension of Work at Some Mines.

Houghton—At the Franklin mill the work of getting the third head in readiness for service is under way, but it will likely be well toward the end of the year before it goes into commission. Last week the north shaft at the Junior, at which sinking and raising had been under way, was connected and opened from the surface to the ninth level. At this mine the lower levels north of No. 1 shaft continue to offer much encouragement, as does also the showing at "North" shaft. The Junior shows constant improvement of late and there is the very best of reason to believe that its shafts will improve with increased depth, as that has been the history of the copper belt. The Franklin continues without any special change and the old mine will be doing business when some of the young flotations have passed into history.

The laying of rails is well under way at the south end of the Copper range railroad, and already the track is completed between Greenland and the Bolt property. The company has secured a locomotive temporarily from the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road and expects to have the track completed to the Fire Steel river about a week hence, when the track layers will be brought to Houghton and the laying of rails commenced from the north end.

Ishpeming—The news of the strange accident to the steamer Douglas Houghton, which resulted in crossing St. Mary's river and blocking navigation, was received with interest here and caused some apprehension among mining and railroad men. The blockade may interfere greatly with ore shipments from the mines of this county, and may, if prolonged, cause a lay-off of part of the forces and temporary suspension of work of some of the mines.

The extent of the inconvenience that will be occasioned here by the accident will depend on the time it will take to clear the river so that the regular carriers can have passage. If the work can be completed in three or four days the delay will be immaterial, as there are cars enough in sight to take the ore for that period after the capacity at Marquette has been taken up. If the blockade continues a week or ten days the delay in shipments and the loss in time



Many people burn the candle of life at both ends. Some men who never go into vicious dissipation use up their energies just as much by overwork or late hours; and nearly all women are compelled by circumstances to use up their vital powers beyond all reason: It may be in housework; or social demands; or the bearing and rearing of children: At any rate the candle of life is too rapidly consumed.

Some people need to have their natural vigor constantly reinforced in the same proportion that it is used up. They need the fortifying help of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a powerful alterative and invigorant of the digestive functions and liver; it cleanses the blood, and makes fresh blood and healthy flesh. Nervous, debilitated women should take it in conjunction with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription which is specially designed for female weakness and nervous troubles.

Mrs. Sallie Kauffman, of Virgil City, Cedar Co., Mo., writes: "I had suffered from displacement of internal organs and female weakness for one year. Had a bearing down sensation and very disagreeable feeling after my second child was born; I could be on my feet only a few minutes until he was six weeks old, then I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Favorite Prescription.' I took seven bottles in all. After taking the first bottle I felt much better. I think I am entirely cured of all my troubles. I can do all my work and am on my feet all day. I am in much better health now than I have been in four years; am fleshy and gaining strength very fast."

By writing to Dr. Pierce who is chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., careful professional advice will be obtained free of cost and specially adapted to the individual case. Dr. Pierce's great 1008-page Medical Adviser will be sent free for 21 cents; the cost of postage.

# THE DAKOTAS.

## Prairie Fires In South Dakota ---A Big Retailer's Combine Formed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The usual fall prairie fires have started in this part of the state, and the first one besides burning over a large amount of range in the Chapelle Creek country destroyed about 200 tons of hay. Another fire is burning to the north, but is so far out that nothing can be learned as to its extent or damage.

Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Maloney Blue Lead Copper Mining Smelting company, at Deadwood, with a capital of $750,000. Incorporators, Richard J. Maloney, Wallace Kirk and Frank McLaughlin.

For the American Retailers' association at Pierre, with a capital of $1,000,000. Incorporators, George A. Melbourne, E. L. Squire and Lucy C. Smith.

Aberdeen—Chairman F. A. Brown has received definite information that different counties throughout the state have already raised $17,000 of the $30,000 required to bring the volunteers home from Manila.

Two children, aged 4 and 6 years, of a farmer named Armstrong, living five miles southeast of Groton, ate a decoction of poison and molasses which had been prepared for rats, and died Tuesday night.

# BASEBALL.

## YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 4; Indianapolis, 2.
At Detroit—Detroit, 12; St. Paul, 1.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 6; Milwaukee, 4.
At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 11; Kansas City, 9. Second game—Grand Rapids, 11; Kansas City, 8.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—Baltimore, 16; New York, 0.
At Philadelphia—Louisville, 7; Philadelphia, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 6.
At St. Louis—Cincinnati, 4; St. Louis, 2.
At Brooklyn—Boston, 2; Brooklyn, 1.

## STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Indianapolis | 117 | 72 | .615 |
| Minneapolis | 122 | 69 | .565 |
| Detroit | 120 | 61 | .508 |
| Grand Rapids | 121 | 61 | .504 |
| St. Paul | 122 | 56 | .459 |
| Milwaukee | 118 | 53 | .449 |
| Buffalo | 120 | 52 | .433 |
| Kansas City | 120 | 50 | .417 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 124 | 86 | .693 |
| Boston | 120 | 74 | .617 |
| Baltimore | 117 | 69 | .590 |
| Cincinnati | 122 | 69 | .566 |
| St. Louis | 121 | 69 | .556 |
| Pittsburg | 121 | 61 | .504 |
| Chicago | 123 | 62 | .504 |
| Louisville | 119 | 54 | .454 |
| New York | 120 | 56 | .417 |
| Washington | 119 | 42 | .353 |
| Cleveland | 127 | 19 | .149 |
| Brooklyn | 119 | 82 | .689 |

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

London, Sept. 8.—The stock market today opened weak and lower all around. Consols for money declined 5-16, and consols for the account ⅜. Rand mines were ¾ below yesterday's closing prices. There was a slight recovery after the opening. Speculators are anxiously awaiting the decision of the cabinet counsel to be held today, fears being expressed that the ministers may decide on war. There are also apprehensions in regard to the political situation in France.

HURRICANE IN WEST INDIES.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The weather bureau has issued the following special bulletin: "11:30 a. m. Hurricane signals displayed at St. Kitts, W. I. Storm central off that island, apparently moving northwest.
WILLIS L. MOORE,
"Chief Weather Bureau."

A TILE COMBINE.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—The Record today will say: Manufacturers of mosaic and encaustic tile are flirting with a trust proposition. Chicago men are pushing the enterprise, and it is said to have attained the proportions of options on two-thirds of the plants in the United States. The Art Marble company is the local concern pledged to join the combination.

# THE IOWA CAMPAIGN

## Much Interest Taken In the Senatorial Contest Among Republicans.

## GEAR MAY WITHDRAW

## Governor Shaw Is Still Being Talked of as a Dark Horse.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—A Des Moines, Iowa, dispatch to the Record says: The fact that the state committees of the various political parties are preparing for the campaign does not indicate that interest in the United States senatorial contest has weakened. It is livelier now than formerly and overshadows the state campaign. Recent events have contributed to make it especially prominent in the public view.

Among these was the primary election in Pottawattomie county for the selection of delegates who will nominate a county ticket, including three members of the general assembly, which will elect the senator. There was a bitter fight, and Senator Gear's candidates defeated those put up by friends of Mr. Cummins. The majority is 2 to 1. The Cummins men claim that this was done by the lavish expenditure of money and the colonization of negro voters from South Omaha. In some precincts 25 per cent more votes were cast in the primaries than were cast for McKinley in 1896, which vote the Republicans nowhere in the state have ever equaled. In some precincts, it is claimed, more votes were cast this time than were cast for both parties at the last general election. The Gear men deny the charge of colonization, and say that while each side brought out every available vote the fight was made on fair, square lines.

The prominence given to the Pottawattamie contest is due to the fact that the Gear men have insisted that the county, while not needed by Mr. Gear, was necessary to Mr. Cummins. Mr. Cummins denies this, and his friends claim that they have never counted it in their column. The Gear men circulated a story, prior to the primaries, that if he did not get this county Mr. Cummins would withdraw from the senatorial contest. Its prominence is due to its location in and control over the rest of the Ninth congressional district. The Gear men claim that their candidate has forty majority in the general assembly already, counting only those nominated, so that the county was not necessary to him. Mr. Cummins' friends claim to have fifty-six votes, with twenty-seven doubtful ones to call upon, so claiming that the county was not necessary, though its three votes would have been desirable.

The claims made by the managers of the campaigns of both candidates for senator are so absurd that the people place no reliance in them. It has come to be the belief of most politicians and the people generally that nothing definite can be said about the senatorial prospect. While the Gear men claim forty majority, or forty more than Cummins among those elected for the assembly, and more than enough to elect, they are working harder than they ever have during the contest. The Cummins claims are not quite so wild as those of the Gear men, but the claim that there are fifty-six members of the assembly already selected who will vote for him—and that will probably be all that it will be necessary to have to carry the caucus—is preposterous. Two-thirds of the members of the assembly will come to Des Moines unpledged and uninstructed. Their votes on senator will be governed by a large number of conditions which cannot now be definitely outlined.

One of these conditions is the possible withdrawal of Mr. Gear on account of his age. He will be 76 years old when he takes his seat for the second term, if he is elected. It is thought that his strength will not permit him to engage in the arduous task of making speeches during the state campaign. This point the Cummins men will press constantly. An opinion has been held by many politicians from the beginning of the contest that the Gear forces will eventually pass from him to some other man. This opinion is strictly consistent with the claim that the Gear organization. It would be as gratifying to Mr. Gear for the state to realize that he had control of the votes necessary to elect him as the Cummins men would be as it would to be really elected. Hence the intense activity of his managers and the effort of his organization to make the victory over Mr. Cummins appear overwhelming. Being conceded the victory over Cummins Mr. Gear could gracefully withdraw from the contest and his votes could be diverted to some other candidate. Some say this candidate will be Governor Shaw.

ACADEMY AND CONVENT BURNS.

Ottawa, Ill., Sept. 8.—St. Xavier's academy and the Sister of Mercy convent was destroyed by fire early this morning. The inmates, sixty sisters and pupils, escaped in their night clothes without injury. Loss, $75,000; insurance, $40,000.

## IT TAKES EXCEPTIONS.

### Anti-Dreyfus Paper Objects to Marcel Prevost's Utterances.

Paris, Sept. 8.—The Soir, one of the most violent Paris anti-Dreyfus papers, says: "It is known that M. Marcel Prevost is president of the Societe des Gens de Lettres. The articles which he gives to the American journal, the New York Herald, have been the more followed and noticed on that account. Yesterday M. Marcel Prevost closed his letter from Rennes by a paragraph which was particularly suggestive. Speaking of the Dreyfus trial, M. Marcel Prevost thus expressed himself: 'An international drama, the last scene of which will, perchance, not be played in France.'

"After this appeal to the intervention of foreign armies, it appears difficult to us that the Societe des Gens de Lettres Francais does not choose a successor to M. Marcel Prevost."

## THINK BEDLOE WILL GO.

### Belief In Washington That Hay Will Recommend Suspension.

New York, Sept. 8.—A special dispatch to the Times from Washington says: The assistant secretary of state, Cridler, says there are no charges before the department affecting the integrity of Dr. Edward Bedloe, consul at Canton, China. It is, therefore, assumed that there is no truth of Dr. Bedloe's accepting bribes from natives, or passing Chinese into America. The only charges against Consul Bedloe relate to the granting of American registry of a vessel carrying arms in connection with the Filipino war. Consul Bedloe claims that when the papers were issued there was no prospect of war with the Filipinos, and they were in fact our allies in the war against Spain. At the same time the question will have to be passed upon.

It is generally believed that the removal of Dr. Bedloe will be recommended by Secretary Hay. The power to remove him is vested in the president.

## ELECTRIC CARS COLLIDE.

### Six Persons Seriously Injured In a Cleveland Accident.

Cleveland, Sept. 8.—In a collision between two electric street cars on Ontario street today, six persons were seriously injured as follows:

Chris Schreunback, legs crushed.
M. A. Weber, arm injured.
Nora Seanlon, leg crushed.
George Schumann, legs injured.
Noble Hotchkiss, legs crushed.
James W. Miller, leg fractured.

A Western avenue car had stopped to take on passengers when a Jennings avenue car came up behind it. On account of wet rails, the speed of the latter could not be checked and it crashed into the Woodland car. Both cars were literally wrecked.

COFFEE AT LOWEST NOTCH.

New York, Sept. 8.—The Tribune says: The lowest price on record for "Rios" coffee was reached yesterday when coffee, deliverable in October, sold on the New York coffee exchange at $4.40. The price of Brazilian coffee was yesterday the lowest on record, being 5⅝ cents or ⅛ cents below any previous figure. The low prices now current are due to the enormous world's supply and the expectation that the new crop will reach 11,000,000 bags.

TWO MORE REGIMENTS.

New York, Sept. 8.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: Orders will be issued from the war department in a day or two announcing the field and staff officers of two additional volunteer regiments, which will be organized from the immune regiments sent to Cuba last year, their officers and privates being exclusively colored men. It is expected that these regiments will be recruited and ready to sail for the Philippines early in November.

LADIES APPRECIATE THEM.

Commodious dressing rooms, with plate glass mirror and elegant dresser are features of new sleeping cars running from Chicago over Pennsylvania Short Lines to Indianapolis, Louisville, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York. Details for the asking. Address H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

ENGLISHMEN BUY BIG FIVE.

Denver, Col., Sept. 8.—A deal was closed here yesterday by which an English syndicate purchases, for $1,500,000, the properties of the Big Five Mining company at Ward, Col.

### The Constant Traveler

Makes it a point to secure his transportation via a line affording "all the comforts of home." He is always found on the Milwaukee's Pioneer Limited between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago. Only perfect train in the world.

The news up to the latest moment, local and telegraphic, can always be found in the several editions of the people's paper—The Evening Herald.


# MECHANICS' TOOLS

in great variety for all purposes. We have recently added the most complete stock of Tools ever shown in this city, embracing everything that any carpenter, machinist or other mechanic may possibly need. The display itself is well worth seeing and in it you can no doubt find just the tool you have long needed and couldn't get. We invite you to come in and look us over. We are at your service.

**Kelley Hardware Co.**

**118-120 West Superior St.**

Radiant Home Stoves--The recollection of quality remains long after the price has been forgotten.


### The Vaccination Question.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Having had my attention called to the vaccination question through the action taken by the Duluth school board, I would like to say that vaccination has become a question of public policy when laws for its enforcement were enacted, and as long as people are taxed to support it, they surely have the right of investigation. As a medical test, they might leave it to medical authorities to dispose of, but when the ingenuity of the law is invoked to make it obligatory then the public have a perfect right to know what they get for their money.

Another reason is vaccination has been made the key that opens the public school to the poor man's child; the authorities say, be vaccinated or get out. But to be vaccinated with what? That is the question that we are all anxious to know. Shall it be syphilitic lymph, tuberculous lymph, horse grease lymph, smallpox or swinepox, or the new (60-year-old) calf-glycerinated "what is it" lately introduced into Canada? But strange to say the law is silent here, for no man pretends to know just what lies latent on the point of either his lancet or needle. But be vaccinated, and take your chances, as the flat nailed to every poor man's door.

Now, sir, vaccinia is a disease, and I hold that no man, nor any assemblage of men, no matter by what name called, be they boards of health, councils or trustee boards, nor what powers they may chance to be invested with, have the right to violate by force the physical integrity of another human being. It is this attempt to enforce repeated vaccination on those who are skeptical as to its prophylactic or protective value, that has aroused such fierce opposition in every country where it has been tried—an opposition that has both reason and history on its side. It has conquered in Switzerland, Holland and England, after nearly fifty years' trial, and at a cost of over $10,000,000 has got rid of the detestable compulsory act. No one in England need be vaccinated now, except voluntarily. This is a grand victory for the anti-vacs. As England goes, the world generally follows. Vaccination must go.

Our opponents claim that vaccination gives no immunity. They are right. Alfred Russell Wallace, one of the greatest scientific writers of the age, says "that we may safely come to the conclusion that vaccination has never saved a single life. On the contrary, it has slain its thousands, and ruined tens of thousands, and is, without doubt, the most gigantic delusion of the nineteenth century." S. B. Munn, M. D., of Waterbury, Conn., and ex-president of the National Medical association, declared in 1882 "that if medical men were made peculiarly responsible for the ill effects of vaccination, no physician would ever vaccinate." Professor Bock, M. D., Leipsic, says: "I have seen in my forty years' practice far more evil than good from vaccination." Sir Thomas Paget, surgeon extraordinary to her majesty, says "that a permanent morbid condition of the blood is always established by the action of these specific poisons." Sir Thomas Watson, M. D., London, "I can sympathize with, and even applaud, a father who, with the presumed dread in his mind, is willing to submit to judicial penalties rather than expose his child to the risk of an infection so ghastly as vaccination." Jenner himself abandoned vaccination as useless. Is there any wonder pulmonary consumption is so frightfully on the increase? It is said that 4.75 per cent of cows are tuberculous, and we persist in taking matter from calves (after examination) for insertion into the blood of our children, and no wonder consumption follows.

It is the firm belief of many of our most eminent scientific writers, including the foremost physicians, that smallpox would have died out long ago, like other zymotic diseases, had it not been kept alive and propagated by inoculation and vaccination. Compulsory vaccination is a dangerous infringement on our personal rights and liberties, an infraction of personal freedom. Yours truly, A PARENT.

Duluth, Sept. 8.

## BARBARIAN FOR A NIGHT.

### Feeling of One Man When He Saw His First Prize Fight.

One night last week I returned to the primitive instincts of my ancestry and I became a howling barbarian. I don't quite know how it all happened even yet, for I am not recovered. All I know is that I saw a prize fight and that I was transformed, as it were, to an aboriginal. People who have witnessed these phenomena say they do not always occur at a man's first prize fight, that generally he has to wait a long time to see a sufficiently "hot one" before the magic will be loosed upon him. So I consider myself fortunate. It was very brutal, I shall probably say when I become sane and normal again, as I hope I soon will regain, says a writer for the Kansas City Star.

The first of my recollections is that I was sitting back of a fat man who gave me great trouble because he was squirming and jerking about so with laughter and excitement. He was next to the ring, I was in the second row, and there was a bartender back of me with whom I had a bowing acquaintance. The fat man and the bartender occasionally turned and spoke over my shoulder and in my face. Each had a cigar and they would shake the brands so vigorously that they littered my clothes with ashes. There were several hundred of men just like these in the room. A good many of them were diamonds, some of them were in their shirt sleeves, most of them had their hats on their heads and nearly everybody had a cigar. There was a square inclosure in the center of the room with ropes around it, and men were fighting in it.

Well, there was a mild little fight between two small white men and a very comic one between two long, grinning, dancing negroes. After that came a lengthy interval. Then a white man and a negro each took a seat in a corner of the square inclosure. I noticed the white man, but could not see the negro because he was hidden by the seats. The white man wore a white sweater. When his men took that off he stood up. I was amazed and made glad by the huge shoulders and arms he possessed. But the negro was very slight compared with him. He was quicker, though, and he grinned as though he liked to fight.

They fought tremendously. Never shall I see such blows again. Blood flowed down the white man's face. Blood flowed down the back of his huge right shoulder. The negro plunged into him repeatedly. He plunged back at the negro. Black man and white man struck and grouned as they struck. After a while the white man grew weak. The huge muscles were quaking on his shoulders. He tottered. He was to big for himself to walk with. But the negro could not make him fall. Then a change came.

Now it was the negro who grew weak and the white man got back a little of his strength. His face was one great daub of blood, but a new power was in him and he fought steadily and well.

Up to this time I had been perfectly quiet and the crowd had behaved well. The contest was absorbing in its fierceness, but no great thing had yet been done. It was a mere contest of silent endurance. It was a sort of sitting down event.

I do not know how it happened—people who know say it always happens this way—but suddenly I found myself standing up on my chair howling at the top of my voice and holding the fat man by both shoulders, while both my shoulders were in the hands of the bartender behind me. And around and about me every one in the room was on his feet and the gas flames were fluttering with the noise of several hundred brazen lungs. For on the floor lay the negro like a dead man and over him stood the tottering white man, and in the eyes and the ears of everyone was that last blow and the voluptuous sound that hard flesh makes against flesh when they strike. So I shouted and shouted again as the white man staggered and tried to keep his feet. I was a barbarian, an aboriginal, a savage, and I knew and rejoiced in it: I had returned for a few swift seconds to my primitive state. The bartender nearly shook my shoulders apart as I was shaking the shoulders of the fat man. The bartender shoved with the right hand, then with the left and, then with both hands together—he was in imagination striking that negro. I did the same thing myself on the fat man. Everyone in the room was fiercely and personally abolishing that poor man on the floor with his fists on somebody else's back and shouting to the white man to do what he himself was doing, while the negro writhed, rose slowly and fell, and then struggled in excruciating pain at last to his feet.

Then there was a tempest and I lost my senses and got ready to throw things, because, somehow, for some reason—I didn't know why—the crowd said "Take" and I thought as the crowd did.

The police stopped the fight.

## DIVING FOR FIRE-WOOD.

### Fun When the Wood Box Is Being Filled.

Boys whose most distasteful task is to keep the woodbox filled, or who are expected to split the kindling wood every night, would undoubtedly enjoy living in Hawaii. Firewood there is not only very scarce, but they get it out of the water, another feature of the matter which would probably appeal to such of the boys as delight in "goin' swimmin'."

Upon the shores of Hawaii firewood is a scarce and precious commodity, says the Youth's Companion. The present forests do not grow near the sea, and the labor of bringing wood from the distant timber is great, especially as roads are few. Practically all the firewood of the natives, and much that is used by the Europeans in the towns, is drift that is brought down periodically from the uplands by freshets that follow heavy rains.

There is nothing strange in all this, but what is strange is the way the natives gather the wood. Pick it up on the beach? Not at all. At least, very little is obtained in that commonplace manner.

Much of the island timber is extremely heavy, and instead of floating in orthodox fashion as wood should do it promptly sinks to the bottom. As the freshet gathers headway, down come the heavy tree trunks and branches, dashing fiercely against the rough lava sides of the stream and bumping against the bottom until all semblance of their original shape is lost, and they are bruised into shapeless blocks or split into kindling.

The current carries them well into the ocean, where they settle in the sand. The first stage of their journey is over; now for the second. In a day or two the ocean rises in its might and sends in huge breakers upon the shores, which catch the logs and splinters and roll them over and over, still on the bottom, toward the beach.

Here is the native's chance. He has been waiting long for just such an opportunity. Down to the shore come the Kanakas in troops. No one is left behind save the sick and the blind. Men, women and children are all on the beach, having an eye both to business and to pleasure.

The women are clad in old, loose, holakus, a garment I may best describe by likening it to the original "Mother Hubbard." The men doff their garments and don the economical maro, or waist-cloth. The children follow suit, so far as doffing goes, and don—well, to tell the truth, most of them don nothing, and if they are satisfied, you and I need not complain. And now for it.

The men dash into the breakers, diving under the big combers and rising on the crests of the smaller ones till they are out shoulder high; then they feel around with their feet till they find a piece of wood—it may be only a splinter or it may be a log so large as to require the aid of a rope to pull it in; but, large or small, no matter. Down dives the Kanaka head foremost to seize the prize.

The women and children wade in a little distance to catch the smaller pieces that get past the men, and soon the piles on the shore grow from nothing to cords.

A hardy native will stay in the water, wading and diving, for a couple of hours, and then come out, pretty thoroughly chilled, to sun himself on the beach in readiness for another bout with the waves, meantime solacing himself with the inevitable pipe or cigarette.

Hard work is this wood gathering by diving, what between the buffetings of the waves, the cold and the labor of tugging the logs ashore. But for all that shouts and laughter fill the air, and one might suppose the occasion was a summer picnic.

Whatever his faults, the Kanaka has not added to the gloom and discontent of the world. He endures disappointment and misfortune with equanimity, and when the clouds pass and the sun shines he is ready to laugh and be glad.


# Special Sale for Saturday

## OF GREAT MONEY-SAVING IMPORTANCE.

Cotton Batting, per roll..... 3½c
Plated Beauty Pins, 2 for..... 1c
10c Plated Jeweled Hat Pins, only.... 4c

**Velveteen Skirt Binding**— 2 inches wide, all colors, per yard, only ---- **3c**

**Brush Edge Skirt Binding**— All colors, per yard, yard ---- **3c**

**Box Paper**— 24 sheets of superfine quality paper and 24 envelopes, worth 10c a box, only- **8c**

**Water Sets**— Consisting of Water Pitcher and 6 tumblers, worth 50c per set. Extra special **19c**

**Ready Mixed House and Floor Paint**— We guarantee our paint for three years. Others do not. Per gallon, only **98c**

**Ladies' Swiss Handkerchiefs**— ½-inch or 1-inch hemstitched border, worth 10c, only---- **4c**

**Wash Tubs**—
Small size, only ---- 35c
Medium size, only ---- 45c
Large size, only ---- 55c

**Cotton Mops**— Large white Cotton Mops with long wood handle, worth 35c each, only--- **17c**

**Brass Curtain Rods**— Will extend to desired width from 18 to 34 inches. Price complete with fixtures- **4c**

**Stove Polishing Mittens**— Made from lamb's wool; back used for dauber, front for polishing, only ---- **8c**

**Chamois Skins**, Worth 15c each, only ---- **7c**

**Turkey Feather Dusters.** Worth 15c each, only --- **8c**

**Asbetos Stove Mats.** Extra special---- **2c**

**Hair Brushes.** Select mixed stock, worth 25c each, only-- **12c**

# The One Cent Store,

115 West Superior Street.



**BON TON BAKERY AND CANDY KITCHEN.**
25 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

**Hot Tea or Coffee with luncheon at all hours.**

*Candy Department.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Fine home-made Chocolates, per lb. | 15c |
| Fine home made Cream Taffies, per lb. | 10c |
| Fine home made Peanut Candy, per lb. | 10c |
| Fine home made mixed Candy, per lb. | 10c |
| Delicious Caramels, per lb. | 25c |
| Buttercups, per lb. | 25c |
| A box of Fancy Bon Bons and Chocolates | 25c |

*Bakery Department.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Apple Turnovers, per doz. | 25c |
| Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, per doz. | 10c |
| Fruit Square, each | 5c |
| French Kisses, per dozen | 10c |
| Cream Puffs, per doz. | 20c |
| Nut and Cocoanut Cakes | 25c |
| Fruit Cuts, per dozen | 10c |
| Spice Cake | 10c |
| Angel Food | 10c |

Ask for a Loaf of our New England Bread.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# DECLINE IN WHEAT

## Market Started Out Firmer But Dull and Turned Weak Later.

## THE CABLES LOWER

## Argentine and Russian Shipments Large and the Receipts Heavy.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 8.—The wheat market opened at a slight advance today but soon declined close to the par price. The cables were bearish, the Liverpool market being a little lower. The Argentine shipments were large and so were the Northwest receipts, while the weather in the Northwest was indicative of a free movement of wheat. Large Russian shipments also added to the weakness. The market was quite narrow and the fluctuations in prices were within a small range. The close was unchanged here and ¼@⅜c lower at Chicago for the December option. May closed ⅛c lower here and ⅛@¼c lower at Chicago.

Trading was active on the Duluth board. December wheat opened ⅛c off at 67⅞c, ruled weak during the first hour, sold up to 68c at 11:15, advanced to 68⅛c at 11:??, declined to 68⅛c at 12:10 and closed at 68c, the same as yesterday. May wheat closed at 71⅝c, being ⅛c under yesterday. About 250,000 bus of cash stuff was sold at the September price. It was estimated wheat stocks here will show an increase of 1,200,000 bus this week. Oats and rye were unchanged. Barley advanced 1c and corn declined 1½c. Cash flax sold at $1.07@1.11 and closed 2½c under yesterday. September flax sold at $1.07@1.10 and closed with a net loss of 3c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 70⅛c; September, 70⅛c; December, 70c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67⅝c; September, 67⅝c; December, 68c; May, 71⅝c. No. 2 northern, 65⅛c. No. 3 spring, 61⅞c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 70⅛c. No. 1 northern, 67⅝c. Oats, 21@20¼c. Rye, 53½c. Barley, 35-40c. Flax, to arrive, $1.08½; September, $1.08; October, $1.06. Corn, 28¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 583; corn, 19; rye, 4; barley, 10; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 518,856 bus; corn, 5147 bus; rye, 6855 bus; barley, 15,148 bus; flax, 3815 bus. Shipments—wheat, 129,989 bus; corn, 1915 bus.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard wheat, 3 cars | $0.70¼ |
| No. 1 hard, 2 cars | 70 |
| No. 1 northern, 10,500 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 10 cars | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 12,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 80,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 7,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 8,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 14 cars | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 3 cars | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car old | 68½ |
| No. 1 northern, 35,000 bus mills | 68⅛ |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car | 68 |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car | 68¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car old | 68 |
| No. 2 northern, 13 cars | 65¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 8 cars | 65⅛ |
| No. 2 northern, 1,000 bus | 65⅛ |
| No. 2 northern, 11 cars | 65 |
| No. 3 spring, 7 cars | 62½ |
| No. 3 spring, 3 cars | 62½ |
| Rejected, 1 car | 61 |
| Rejected, 3 cars | 60 |
| Flax, 3787 bus to arrive | 1.11 |
| Flax, 12,000 bus to arrive | 1.09½ |
| Flax, 800 bus to arrive | 1.07½ |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Wheat Up at Opening---Market Quiet and Easy.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Wheat came near to touching put figures at the opening today. December started at 71⅝@⅞, a rise of ⅛@⅛c. The price soon touched 71@⅛ under a moderate amount of liquidation by longs and showed little buoyancy when the pressure was removed. The sustaining influence in the course grain market of the past few days—hot dry weather—and which indirectly affected wheat, was removed today, and the news more directly affecting wheat favored sellers. Argentine shipments were large, as were Northwest receipts and the weather in the Northwest was indicative of a large movement. Liverpool was slightly lower and with large Russian receipts the deferred futures and the speculation narrowed somewhat. Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 822 cars against 540 last week and 844 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 21 cars, 2 of contract grade. The market was a narrow one, little interest being shown except by professionals, and price changes were small and infrequent. December reacted to 51¼c and held around that price.

Corn was fairly active and easier. Rains were reported throughout the corn belt, with much cooler weather and longs sold freely on this account. Receipts were 630 cars. The demand was slow. December opened ⅛c lower at 28⅛c and held around that price.

Oats were quiet and easier with corn, with some liquidation in both December and September. Shorts were good buyers of the latter and prices showed a slight advance at once. Receipts were 323 cars. December opened unchanged at 20⅛c and declined to 20⅛@⅛c. September sold at 21⅛c, and reacted to 21¼@⅜c.

Provisions were a little easier all around. The demand was slow and there was some inclination to realize at the recent advance. October pork opened a shade lower at $8.20, eased off to $8.17½ and reacted to $8.20. October lard 2½c lower at $5.32½. October ribs opened unchanged at $5.35 and sold at $5.32½, reacting to the opening price.

Close: wheat, September, 70⅜c; December, 71¼@⅜c; May, 74@⅞c. Corn, September, 31⅛@⅜c; October, 30⅜c; December, 28⅜c; May, 29⅛c. Oats, September, 21¼c; December, 20⅜@½c; May, 22@⅛c. Pork, September, $8.00; October, $8.07; December, $8.20; January, $9.50. Lard, September, $5.25; October, $5.27; December, $5.35@5.37, January, $5.45. Ribs, September, $5.25; October, $5.27; December, $4.95; January, $4.97 @5.00. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 72@⅞c; No. 3 red, 68@1c; No. 2 hard winter, 68@1c; No. 3 hard winter, 68@67½c; No. 1 northern spring, 71½@72½c; No. 2 northern spring, 71½c; No. 3 spring, 62@9½c. Corn, No. 2, 32½c; No. 3, 31½@⅞c. Oats, No. 2, 22c; No. 3, 21¼@⅞c. Flax, Northwest, $1.16; Southwest, $1.14; September, $1.09; October, $1.07½; December, $1.07. Barley, 36@47c. Rye, September, 55¾c; December, 55¾c. Timothy, September, $2.40; October, $2.40. Clover, October, $7.90@8.00.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Wheat—Local professional trade against privileges characterized action in the wheat market. Trade has been dull, fluctuations narrow and but few features in evidence. The market in December and May lost ⅛@⅛c, but absence of offerings and tendency to change September to December held the former option strong and it has not lost from yesterday's close. Liverpool was ¼@½d lower, clearances were 317,000 bus, receipts were liberal 1,086,000 bus at primary points, against 1,352,000 bus last year. No shipping business reported from here. There is nothing new to say about this wheat market, continued lack of outside interest, more liberal receipts and a natural hedging against those in our market, may result in lower values until such a time as prices reach a figure which will be of interest to the general public. Our faith in the ultimate upward action of the market is unchanged, and we believe that buying on the scale down with marginal ability, a profitable investment, but the present lamentable lack of speculation makes us feel that markets will be only of a scalping character until change is brought about by the above mentioned contingencies or by possible political clash abroad.

Corn—The relief by rain of drouth which has been retarding corn prospects for some time acted slightly against values this morning but to no material extent. Snow claims that the condition has not been lowered but the crowd does not seem willing to take the selling side heavily at the present time and price. Receipts were 690 cars with 715 estimated for tomorrow. Liverpool was ⅛d higher, clearances were 918,000 bus. Argentine shipments, 1,069,000 bus. The market was held up by the purchase of September, by cash handlers and of the December and May by the provision people. Don't see anything in the situation to materially effect corn values. Market is short, demand is good, reserves are small.

Oats—The oat market is without feature and quiet, easy for September but steady for deferred futures. Receipts were 323 cars, clearances are 419,000 bus and it is expected that the clearances for this week will exceed 2,000,000 bus. Nothing of special intereset is to be said regarding the oat market, look for sympathetic tone with other grains.

Provisions—The provision market was dull, trade light, prices fairly steady. There is good cash demand. Liverpool was 6d higher on bacon. There was an advance of 5c in hogs with 16,000 receipts and 11,000 estimated for tomorrow. Statistician position of October ribs has attracted a good deal of attention on the purchasing side. Further rallies may be looked for, on which we think it a good plan to secure profits, although values may go higher. The January product think better sale than purchase on bulges.

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export. There has been a break. Drought conditions through the West. Copious rains being reported from all sections, on which the market declined. There was quite a large amount of selling by holders, but no pronounced weakness developed. There can hardly be a question but that the crop has been cut now, from estimates made by railway officials.

Oats have held up well. There has been a good demand for this month which was a help to the deferred futures.

Provisions—Hogs were in demand. Liverpool has shown a better front; shipments of lard, 972,000 lbs, meats 2,300,000. Trading has been light and featureless. The closing was weak. Should any further decline be witnessed we would advise the purchase of January product.

Puts, December wheat, 71⅛c asked.
Calls, December wheat, 71⅝c asked.
Curb, December wheat, 71⅜c.
Puts, December corn, 28⅜c asked.
Calls, December corn, 28⅝c bid.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Stock. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar Trust | 155 | 156¼ | 154⅝ | 155¼ |
| Am. Tobacco | 128 | 128¼ | 127 | 127 |
| Atchison, pfd | 64⅛ | 64⅛ | 64⅛ | 63⅞ |
| B. R. T. | 103¼ | 104⅛ | 103 | 104⅛ |
| C. B. & Q. | 134⅞ | 135 | 134¼ | 134⅛ |
| C. & N. W. | 169¾ | 170 | 169¾ | 169¾ |
| Chicago Gas | 118½ | 118¾ | 117¾ | 118⅝ |
| C. G. W. | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16 | 16¼ |
| L. & N. | 80 | 80⅛ | 79⅞ | 80⅛ |
| Leather | 76¼ | 75¼ | 75¼ | 75¼ |
| Manhattan | 113⅝ | 116 | 113 | 116 |
| Missouri Pacific | 48 | 48½ | 47⅝ | 48½ |
| Northern Pacific | 54⅛ | 54⅛ | 53⅝ | 54 |
| Nor. Pacific, pfd | 76½ | 76⅝ | 76 | 76¼ |
| Southern Pacific | 36¾ | 37⅛ | 36⅝ | 37⅛ |
| Federal Steel, pfd | 82 | 82 | 81 | 81⅛ |
| Rock Island | 119 | 118¾ | 118⅛ | 118⅝ |
| St. Paul | 134¼ | 134⅜ | 133⅞ | 134¼ |
| T. C. I. | 112 | 117 | 111½ | 116¼ |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 78 | 78⅜ | 77⅞ | 78¼ |
| Western Union | 88¼ | 88¼ | 88¼ | 88¼ |

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following were the closing prices of copper stocks, reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Sept. 8.—Close: Atlantic, 30; Adventure, 6¾@7; Arcadian, 63¾; Arnold, 14½; Allouez, 6¾@7; Butte and Boston, 74@76; Bingham, 15½; Baltic, 25½@7¾; Bonanza, 7; Boston Consolidated, 71½; Calumet and Hecla, $850@810; Copper Range, 41; Centennial, 36½; Dominion Con., 74; Franklin, 20@1½; Humboldt, 2⅝@3¾; Isabella, 14; Osceola, 88¼; Old Colony 10@1½; Old Dominion, 33; Boston and Montana, 343; Mohawk, 23½; Michigan, 11½ bid to ¾ asked; Parrott, 50; Pioneer, 3@¾; Quincy, 160; Rhode Island, 6½@7; Isle Royale, 41; Santa Fe, 11; Tamarack, 228; Tecumseh, 5½@6; Utah, 38; Wolverine, 46½@47; Winona, 11½; Washington, 2@1⅜, U. S., 42½; Zinc, 65½; Cochita, 19⅝.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Depression Prevails and a Heavy Decline In Some Stocks.

New York, Sept. 8.—Depression was prevailing at the opening here. Losses of railroads were within fractional lots. Amongst the specialties Colorado Fuel lost 1⅜, Republic Steel 1¼ and Manhattan 1 and Tobacco also lost a point. American Steel preferred was an isolated instance of firmness. Later, buying for the prominent specialties lifted them 1½. Railroad stocks average a point up. Speculation became more active and broadened at the expense of values, the entire list dropping to the lowest. Declines reached a point in numerous instances, Omaha losing 5 and American Tobacco, Consolidated Gas, Fort Worth & Rio Grande and Pittsburg, Chicago & St. Louis preferred 2 each. Sales to noon 25,021 shares. Price changes of bonds were slightly mixed. There was a declining tendency in most cases.

The July statement of earnings of Pacific Mail, showing a decrease, was the signal for a raid by the bears, which dropped the price nearly 4 points, with a subsequent rally. Leather preferred, Hocking Valley preferred and National Steel lost from 1¼ to 1⅝. Tennessee Coal and Manhattan made an advance, but with little effect on the general list. The closing was irregular at practically no changes.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The trade so far is predicting a large aggregate sale this week. Heavy horses arrived in large quantities. Buyers were numerous on hand and bought heavy horses at $5 per head advanced prices above yesterday's quotations. The strong anxiety amongst buyers in procuring heavy horses was keenly felt in the rapidity in selections of stock, resulting in a large outlet.

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice to extra | $130@150 |
| Drafters, common to good | 95@120 |
| Farm horses, choice to extra | 100@125 |
| Farm horses, common to good | 60@75 |
| Drivers | 75@150 |
| Delivery horses | 40@92 |

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Estimated receipts of hogs today, 16,000; tomorrow, 10,000; left over, 3,069. Strong. Mixed and butchers, $4.30@4.70; good heavy, $4.45@4.65; rough heavy, $4.15@4.30; light, $4.35@4.70. Cattle, receipts, 10,000. Steady. Beeves, $4.50@6.50; common heifers, $1.50@4.00; Texas steers, $3.60@4.20. Sheep, receipts, 10,000. Market, sheep steady; lambs weaker. Sheep, $2.85 @4.40; lambs, $3.85@4.00. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 18,853; shipments, 4441. Cattle, receipts, 6442; shipments, 3473. Sheep, receipts, 14,591; shipments, 1061.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 8.—Money on call at 4½@5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange, weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86@4.86¼ for demand, and at $4.83@4.83¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82. Silver certificates, 59@60¾; bar silver, 59c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds, steady; 2s, registered, $1.00½; 3s, registered, $1.08½; coupon, $1.08½; 4s, registered, $1.30@1.30¼; coupon, $1.30@1.30½; old 4s, registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.13; 5s, registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.11½.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 8.—Close: Wheat, dull, unchanged to ⅛d lower; September, 5s 9¾d; December, 5s 5⅛d; March, 6s, 1⅝d. Corn, dull, unchanged to ⅛d higher; September, 3s 4⅞d; December, 3s 6⅛d.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Sept. 8.—Consols for money, 104¼; consols account, 104 9-16.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 8.—The market for cotton futures opened steady at a decline of 4 to 6 points and further eased off following the call under selling of cotton purchased on the bulge for the past few days and momentarily pressure from the bear side. The sudden change was entirely due to a sharp slump in the English market.

Cotton futures closed easy. September, $5.81; October, $5.57; November, $6.03; December, $6.09; January, $6.13; February, $6.16; March, $6.19; April, $6.22; May, $6.26; June, $6.29; July, $6.32. Cotton dull, spot closed quiet, 1½ per cent lower. Middling uplands, 6 1-16c; middling gulf, 6 1-16c; sales, 607 bales.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 8.—Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, September, 69c; December, 67⅞c; May, 65⅝c; old September, 69¾c. On track, No. 1 hard, old, 70⅜c; new, 68¼c; No. 1 northern, old, 69¾c; No. 2, 67⅞c; No. 2, old northern, 68⅞c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 67⅞a B | 67¾-⅞ | 71¼-⅜ | 76⅝ |
| High | 68⅛ | 67⅞-68 | 71½ | 76⅝ |
| Low | 67⅞ | 67½ | 71-⅛ | 76⅜ |
| Close | 68 | 67¾ | 71¼-⅜ | 76⅜ |
| May— | | | | |
| Open | 71¼ | 70⅝ | 74¾-¾ | 79½-⅝ |
| High | 72 | 70¾ | 74½ | 79½-⅝ |
| Low | 71¼ | 70¼ | 74-⅛ | 79⅞ |
| Close | 71⅝ | 70⅝ | 74¼-⅜ | 79½ |

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Dec. | Corn. Dec. | Pork. Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 20½ | 28¾-⅞ | $8.30 |
| High | 20½ | 28⅞ | 8.32 |
| Low | 20¼-⅜ | 28½ | 8.17-20 |
| Close | 20⅜-½ | 28⅝A | 8.20 |

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 8.—Wheat, 73½c; December, 76⅜c; May, 79½c. Corn, September, 38c; December, 35⅝c; May, 34c.

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Liverpool wheat closed ⅛d lower. London cargoes, steady, ½d higher. Paris wheat and flour, unchanged. Berlin, ⅜c lower. Buda Pesth, a holiday. Argentine shipments: 1,136,000 bus against 856,000 last week. Much cooler weather has prevailed in the Northwest and bids fair to continue cool and fair. Frost is predicted for Wyoming and Montana. Primary receipts, 1,086,000 bus; shipments, 463,000 bus. Receipts are running quite large in the northwest. Clearances about 360,000 bus for the week, estimated 47,000,600 bus. There is talk of 75 loads for export; 65 has been worked. There has been a demand for cash wheat today from elevator people who have been buyers for this month. We hear that where some elevator concerns have wheat bought and sold for this month refuse to settle, but demand threshed wheat, out of which they will cull the best qualities and deliver out the riff raff. The market has moved within a narrow range, but shows a strong undertone. There was some fairly good buying by commission houses and traders, but all the efforts that have been made to advance values has proved unavailing. Should some of the recent buyers become tired and let go of their holdings a sharp break must be the outcome. For the present all we can see in the market is to sell, on rallies and buy on weak spots. It is reliable that the strained attitude of foreign politics has exerted no influence whatever on market values.

Sixty loads of corn were reported for

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changes Tuesdays and Fridays.

| | |
|---|---|
| **BUTTER.** | |
| Best creamery, per lb | 24 @ 26 |
| Cream, separators, fancy | 21 @ 22 |
| Dairies, fancy, special make | 18 @ 19 |
| Packing stock | 13 @ 13½ |
| Dairy, fair | 15 @ 15 |
| **CHEESE.** | |
| Twins, flats, full cream, new | 10½@ 11 |
| Full cream Young America | 12 |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 13 @ 13½ |
| Brick, No. 1 | 11 @ 11½ |
| Limberger, full cr'm, choice | 13 |
| Primost | 5 @ 5½ |
| **EGGS.** | |
| Candled, strictly fresh | 13 @ 14 |
| **HONEY.** | |
| Fancy White Clover | 15 @ 16 |
| Fancy White Clover in jars strained, per lb | 12½@ 13 |
| Golden Rod | 11½@ 12 |
| Dark honey | 11 @ 11½ |
| Buckwheat, dark | 11 @ 11½ |
| **MAPLE SUGAR.** | |
| Vermont, per lb | 12 |
| Ohio, per lb | 10 |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 90 @ 1 00 |
| **POPCORN.** | |
| Choice, per lb | 2½@ 3 |
| **PEAS AND BEANS.** | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 1 50 @ 1 35 |
| Medium, hand picked, bus | 90 |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus | 1 25 @ 1 50 |
| Green and yellow peas | 1 10 @ 1 25 |
| Green peas, bus | 90 @ 1 00 |
| **NUTS.** | |
| Hickory nuts, per lb | 4 |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 8 @ 9 |
| Soft shell almonds, per lb | 17 |
| Soft shell walnuts, per lb | 12 @ 13 |
| Hard shell walnuts, per lb | 10 |
| Brazils, per lb | 8 @ 9 |
| Pecans, per lb | 8 @ 10 |
| Peanuts, roasted, per lb | 8 |
| Raw peanuts, per lb | 5½@ 6 |
| **FRUITS.** | |
| Apples, bbl | 2 00 @ 2 75 |
| Citrons, doz | 75 @ 85 |
| Apples, bbl | 2 75 @ 3 00 |
| California plums | 1 35 @ 1 50 |
| Peaches | 90 @ 1 00 |
| California seedlings | 4 75 @ 5 00 |
| California navals | 5 00 @ 5 50 |
| Messina lemons, per box | 4 75 @ 5 00 |
| California lemons, per box | 4 00 @ 4 50 |
| Gem melons, basket | 45 @ 50 |
| Bananas | 1 25 @ 2 00 |
| Blackberries | 1 65 @ 1 75 |
| Blueberries | 50 @ 1 00 |
| Watermelons | 14 @ 18 |
| Limes, per case | 2 00 @ 2 75 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 50 @ 60 |
| Figs, per lb | 15 @ 19 |
| Dates, per lb | 6 @ 6½ |
| Concord grapes | 19 @ 20 |
| Muskmelons, per bus | 85 @ 1 00 |
| Grapes | 18 @ 20 |
| Fancy Concord grapes | 20 @ 22 |
| Pears | 1 75 @ 2 25 |
| **VEGETABLES.** | |
| Celery | 25 @ 35 |
| Tomatoes, bus | 65 @ 75 |
| Yellow egg tomatoes, bus | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Hubbard squash | 1 00 @ 1 20 |
| Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bus. | 1 50 @ 1 60 |
| New potatoes, per bus | 33 @ 35 |
| Green peas | 65 @ 75 |
| Wax beans, bus | 75 @ 90 |
| Cucumbers, bus | 60 @ 65 |
| Beets, per bus | 65 |
| Radishes | 10 @ 15 |
| Onions | 10 @ 15 |
| Carrots, per bus | 65 |
| Rutabagas, per bus | 60 |
| Green corn, per doz | 8 @ 10 |
| Egg plant, per doz | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Asparagus, per doz | 35 @ 40 |
| Oyster plant, per doz | 60 |
| Horse radish, per lb | 8 |
| Parsley, per doz | 35 @ 40 |
| Cauliflower, per bus | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Lettuce, per bus | 50 @ 60 |
| Red and green pepper | 1 00 @ 1 25 |
| Mint, per doz | 30 @ 50 |
| Cabbage, per crate | 1 50 @ 1 75 |
| Red cabbage, per doz | 50 @ 60 |
| Horse radish roots, per bbl | 7 00 @ 7 50 |
| New onions, sack | 1 25 @ 1 35 |
| **CIDER.** | |
| N. Y. sweet cider, per keg | 2 75 @ 3 00 |
| Fruit juices, per keg | 4 00 @ 4 50 |
| **LIVE POULTRY.** | |
| Spring chickens | 9 @ 10 |
| Hens, old | 10 |
| Old roosters | 7 @ 8 |
| Turkeys, fancy | 10 @ 11 |
| Turkeys, common | 8 @ 9 |
| Ducks | 8 @ 9 |
| Geese | 8 @ 9 |
| **MEATS.** | |
| Mutton | 9 |
| Lamb | 9½ |
| Veal, good | 8 @ 8½ |
| Hogs | 6½ |
| Veal, fancy | 9 |
| **BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.** | |
| Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 13 50 |
| Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 13 00 |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 14 00 |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 13 50 |
| Ground feed, No. 1 | 15 00 |
| Ground feed, No. 2 | 15 50 |
| Cracked corn | 14 00 |
| Coarse corn meal | 14 00 |
| Corn | 36 |
| Oats, car lots, sack | 27 |
| **HAY, CAR LOTS.** | |
| Choice Southern Minn | 8 00 |
| Medium | 7 50 |
| Choice timothy | 10 00 @10 50 |
| Mixed timothy | 8 00 @ 9 00 |

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 16@20c; dairies, 13@17c. Eggs, firm. Fresh, 14@14½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 8.—Butter, receipts, 8332 packages. Western creamery, 18@22c; country, 18@21c; factory, 13@17½c. Cheese, receipts, 5124 packages. Strong. Large white, 11½@¾c; small white, 11¼c; colored, 11½; small colored, 11½@¾c. Eggs, receipts, 5854 packages. Firm. Western candle extras, 13@16c.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

**REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.**

Wanted to trade—Fourth Street unimproved property, centrally located, for improved equities.

***Chas. P. Craig & Co.***
*Herald Building.*

**LOTS WANTED.**

50 feet frontage on Second, Third or Fourth streets, between Eighth and Twelfth avenues east.

***SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,***
304 Lonsdale Building.

**FINANCIAL.**

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. The only reliable licensed pawnbrokers in the city. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC. THE ONLY REPUTABLE LICENSED PAWNBROKER IN CITY. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE, 324 West Superior street.

**MIDWIFE.**

MIDWIFE — MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. Croix avenue, private hospital.

**CITY SCAVENGER.**

GUST ANDERSON, CITY NIGHT scavenger. All orders promptly attended to. Office No. 14, First avenue east.

**PERSONAL.**

DR. MANSFIELD'S MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in two to five days without fail; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or office, $2; all letters truthfully answered. The Mansfield Remedy Co., 167 Dearborn street, room 614, Chicago, Ill.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

FOR RENT—UPPER EASTERLY CORNER of Lake avenue and First street, 50 by 140 feet; for rent long or short term. Samuel F. Wadhams, 304 Lonsdale building.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| J. P. Morrow to A. Merritt et al, lands in section 1-58-16 | $ 5,000 |
| L. M. Murphy to B. McCarthy, lot 23, block 7, Hibbing | 225 |
| S. R. Cooley to H. Siegrist, lot 10 block 52, West Duluth, First | 300 |
| H. Siegrist to H. Gasser, lot 10, block 52, West Duluth, First | 350 |
| A. Cieslak to T. Strand, part lots 397 and 399, block 148, Duluth proper, Second | 450 |
| J. Hatula to P. Junke, lot 6, block 20, Eveleth | 625 |
| T. Frerker to L. M. Murphy, lot 23, block 7, Hibbing | 200 |
| Stone-Ordean company to G. Furnish, lands in 58-13 | 1,900 |
| A. Aaron to Franklin Lumber company, lands in section 34-51-17 | 362 |
| M. Decker to Franklin Lumber company, lands in section 23-51-15 | 160 |
| Total, 10 transfers | $ 9,572 |

**$11.30 Milwaukee, Wis., $11.30**

ROUND TRIP—STATE FAIR—VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Milwaukee, Wis., and return, $11.30. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15; good returning Sept. 16. Three trains daily. Choice routes. Tickets and information at Union depot and St. Paul & Duluth ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

## DEATH IN THE GALE.

### Many Lives Lost in Storm Off Canadian Coast.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 8.—Reports which have been received here today from ports throughout the province and from the north, indicate that the heavy gale of Wednesday night was very disastrous to fishing crafts. The storm appears to have been the most severe in the gulf of St. Lawrence, from Cape Breton to Quebec. It is believed that at least a dozen lives were lost.

Hundreds of fishing boats along the island coast and Northern New Brunswick were smashed to pieces, and in several cases the occupants were drowned. Three bodies have come ashore near South Kildar. In all eight or nine men were lost at that point.

STATIONARY ENGINEERS.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8.—The National Association of Stationary Engineers, in annual convention here, devoted most of the session today to action on committee recepts. The convention decided to adopt the ritual of 1896 as official.

BRIDGE COLLAPSES.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 8.—One of the spans of the wagon bridge of the Illinois river at Pekin collapsed at noon today, precipitating five men and two horses into the river. Four men were rescued uninjured, but the fifth will die.

PRISONER SUICIDES.

Belgrade, Sept. 8.—It is announced that Prefect Andjelic, one of those accused of attempting to assassinate King Milan, hanged himself in his prison cell today.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

**TO RENT—HOUSES.**

***FOR RENT.***

| | |
|---|---|
| 206 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 212 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 803 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 805 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 409 East Superior street—(down stairs) no water | $8.00 |
| 22 East Second street—store and dwelling | $25.00 |

***A. R. MACFARLANE, Agent,***
Room 12, Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE with modern improvements. 410 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM FURNISHED house; modern. Address C, Herald.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES, By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

**TO RENT—ROOMS.**

THREE NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. East End, convenience; no children. References. Address J 28, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURNISHED rooms centrally located, with private family. J 20, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room. 518 West Second street.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT FRONT room; modern conveniences. Board across the street if desired. 601 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, 15 ELEVENTH avenue west. Water and sewer.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentleman, at 513 West First street.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS WITH board. 229 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 14 East Second street. Inquire after 6 p. m.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 320 West Third street.

**TO RENT—FLATS.**

FOR RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES from $10 to $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS, UNFURNISHED $5 up; furnished $8 up. Four rooms each. 718 West Fifth street.

**WANTED—TO RENT.**

WANTED AT ONCE—FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; family of three. Address X 67, care of Herald.

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE IN desirable location for family of two. T 26, Herald.

WANTED—BY BUSINESS WOMAN, large nicely furnished room. Must be first class with modern conveniences and pleasantly located. Address J 27, Herald.

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND wife, two or three good unfurnished rooms on Superior or First street, handy to restaurants, with heat and bath. Good price will be paid for suitable apartments. Address X care Herald.

WANTED—SMALL FLAT WITH CONVENIENCES. State rent and location. Nast, care of Herald.

**ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.**

THE MIDLAND, 212 WEST SECOND ST.

**CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.**

PROFESSOR LE VARDE HAS LEFT for Minneapolis. He will return Sept. 11, and will be located at 204 West Second street.

**SITUATIONS WANTED.**

EXPERIENCED BAND OR CIRCULAR sawyer would like a situation. No objection to leaving the city. Room 212, Lowell block.

WANTED—A JOB AS TEAMSTER OR the care of horses; eight years' experience with horses. B 19, Herald.

WANTED — PLACES TO GO OUT washing and cleaning by the day. Address J 16, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION IN OFFICE OR store by young man 19 years of age. A fair penman, quick at figuring and spelling. Experienced in office work and collecting. Can give references. Address H. C., care Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER wants position all or part of day. Experienced in grain and law office work. Address H 36, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE FOR GENERAL housework in small family where there are no children. Call or address 609 Second avenue east.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR FURNISHED rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

**LOST.**

LOST—$5 REWARD FOR RECOVERY of bull terrier dog, 1 year old. Yellow body, white neck and chest. H. E. Schwerdt, care French & Bassett.

LOST—NO. 15 WATERMAN FOUNTAIN pen. Finder please return to Herald office and receive liberal reward.

**WANTED—TO BUY.**

WANTED—TO BUY—TWO SHOW cases. Mrs. A. M. Seinge, 21 West Superior street.

**FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.**

ART GARLAND HEATER FOR SALE—Enquire at Union depot ticket office.

A BARGAIN—FOR SALE—SEVERAL complete hardwood bedroom suites, as good as new. 511 East Third street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, $50. Call 2118 West First street.

SHOEMAKER SHOP FOR SALE, cheap. Good business. Enquire Schultz Bros., 8 East Superior street.

CALL FOR YOUNG, STRONG, CLEAN and healthy canary birds of fine breed at the employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY AND driving horses and fresh milk cows. Address Harry Hill, 325 St. Croix avenue, city.

FOR SALE—DAIRY, FIRST CLASS stock, fourteen head, good free clover pasture, well watered; one horse, good barn, ice house, covered wagon and sleigh, full set of milk cans, good cash customers and sale for all the milk. Apply to J. A. Scott, 519 Fifty-fifth avenue, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND household goods. Owner leaving city. Cheap for cash. "Widower," Herald office.

**Lumbermen, Take Notice!**

From 300 to 500 head of heavy logging and draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1800 pounds are always kept in stock, with fresh consignments received daily at Barrett & Zimmerman's horse market, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Minn.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

***LAND SCRIP-***
*Valentine, Porterfield, Re-certified Additionals, Forest Reserve, Personal Rights.*

**H. W. COFFIN**
Chamber of Commerce.

**TITLE TO GOVERNMENT LANDS.**

Surveyed or unsurveyed; can be acquired quickly and cheaply by "FOREST RESERVE LIEU SELECTIONS." You can buy these at lowest market prices from

**J. H. SHARP, 515 Torrey Bldg., Duluth.**

I also deal in soldiers' additional rights. Pine lands bought and sold.

**WANTED—FEMALE HELP.**

GIRLS WANTED AT PEERLESS laundry.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2608 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. GOOD wages. St. Charles hotel, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1016 East First.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER TO take charge of a widower's home. Apply 2011 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

**STENOGRAPHERS**

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. J. H. Edwards, 16 East Second street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER to go to Calumet, Michigan. Apply at Mme Boyd's, Saturday.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must have one. 918 East Fifth.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY FOR OFFICE work; one with knowledge of bookkeeping preferred. Apply in own handwriting to T 95, Herald.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1221 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no washing. 414 East Third street.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY IN china department can secure good permanent position. Must understand business thoroughly; no others need apply. State experience. All applications treated in strict confidence. Address China, care Herald.

WANTED — COOKS, WAITRESSES, laundry and kitchen girls for hotels and boarding houses, also second girls and cooks in first class private houses. Call at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY 325 East Second.

KITCHEN GIRL WANTED. 329 WEST Second street.

**WANTED—MALE HELP.**

BOOKKEEPER WANTED — YOUNG man as bookkeeper; steady employment for right party; reference required. Apply Schulze Bros., 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD bookkeeper; one familiar with fire insurance preferred. Address with references, O 23, Herald.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

**WANTED—AGENTS.**

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Herald Want Ads. Do The Work.

OFFICE OF SUPERIOR TERMINAL Elevator Company, Duluth, Sept. 1st, 1899.
On all grain and flaxseed received on and after this date, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:
Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½c per bushel; storage for each succeeding 30 days or part thereof, ½c per bushel.
No charge for cleaning or blowing.
SUPERIOR TERMINAL ELEVATOR CO.,
N. C. CLARK, Secretary.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 7t.

EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY OF Minnesota, Great Northern Elevators.
On all grain and flaxseed received on and after this date the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:
Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½c per bushel; storage for each succeeding 30 days, or part thereof, ½c per bushel.
No charge for cleaning or blowing.
GREAT NORTHERN ELEVATORS.
By H. T. SWART, Elevator Agent.
Approved:
LOUIS W. HILL, Vice President.
Duluth, Minn., September 1st, 1899.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 7t.

OFFICE OF THE BELT LINE ELEVATOR Co., Duluth, Sept. 1, 1899.
On all grain and flaxseed received on and after this date, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:
Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½c per bushel; storage for each succeeding 30 days or part thereof, ½c per bushel.
No charge for cleaning or blowing.
THE BELT LINE ELEVATOR CO.,
E. N. BRADLEY, Secretary.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 7t.

OFFICE OF GLOBE ELEVATOR CO., Duluth, Sept. 1st, 1899.
On all grain and flaxseed received on and after this date, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:
Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½c per bushel; storage for each succeeding 30 days or part thereof, ½c per bushel.
No charge for cleaning or blowing.
GLOBE ELEVATOR CO.,
E. N. BRADLEY, Secretary.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 7t.

OFFICE OF CONSOLIDATED ELEVATOR Company, Duluth, Sept. 1st, 1899.
On all grain and flaxseed received on and after this date, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:
Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½c per bushel; storage for each succeeding 30 days or part thereof, ½c per bushel.
No charge for cleaning or blowing.
CONSOLIDATED ELEVATOR CO.,
M. J. FORBES, President.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 7t.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

**SECRET SOCITIES.**

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 18, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lycnel Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1899. Work, ——. Robert Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 13th, 1899. Alex. P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE No. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. I. W. Smith, W. M.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; W. C. Weld, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

I. O. F.
INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Commerce No. 3283, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock, in Kalamazoo block, second floor. H. W. Krause, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—DULUTH tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, second and fourth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Harrington, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in the Third rank, Sept. 5. W. M. Hillis, C. C.; G. H. Nichols, K. R. S.

**STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.**

**Excursion to Fond du Lac**

Str. Josie Davidson will make daily trips—leaving Duluth, Fifth avenue, 10 a. m., Superior, Tower Bay slip, 10:30 a. m. Fare, 50c round trip. Special rates given to parties and societies. Address John H. Hanson, 470 West Fifth street, Superior; or Buffalo Oil company, West Superior. 'Phone 4022.

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS

**STEAMER SIDNEY**

Will Leave St. Paul for St. Louis and Intermediate landings, Tuesday, Sept. 12th, at 10 a. m.

For full information regarding passenger and freight rates address C. R. BROCKWAY, General Agent, office foot of Sibley street, opposite Union depot, St. Paul. Telephone call, Main 93.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**
EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND
Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2:10 p. m. for Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 6.30 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, Sept. 19. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

**RAILROAD TIME TABLES.**

**St. Paul & Duluth R. R.**

| Leave Duluth | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **9 00 am | ST. PAUL | *6 30 am |
| *1 55 pm | | *1 35 pm |
| *11 15 pm | MINNEAPOLIS | **7 45 pm |

Sleepers for 11:15 p.m. train ready at 9 p.m. Passengers may remain in sleeper at Minneapolis until 8 a.m.
Train for Fond du Lac and New Duluth **9:00 a.m.
FROM UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

**THE GREAT NORTHERN**
EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
City Ticket Office—432 West Superior Street.

| Leave. | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 10 p.m | ST. PAUL | †2 10 p.m |
| *11 15 p.m | AND MINNEAPOLIS. | †7 00 a.m |
| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday. | | |
| 8 15 a.m | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points. | *6 45 p.m |
| †3 00 p.m | Swan River, Hibbing and Int. Points | †12 m |

Sleeper for 11:15 p.m. train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.
J. G. MOONEY, Northern Passenger Agent.

**Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor .....Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar..Iron Junction..Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar..... Wolf .....Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... Sparta .....Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar..... Biwabik .....Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar..... Mt. Iron .....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar..... Hibbing .....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. P. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

**North-Western Line.**

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8 35 am | St. Paul, Mpls. | **3 05 pm |
| *4 45 pm | Twilight Limited | *9 45 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Fast Mail | *10 45 am |

Wagner Sleepers. Free Chair Cars.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.**
Telephone 44.
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave. | *Except Saturday. †Except Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *7 00 pm | BOSTON LIMITED | †8 30 am |
| †8 40 am | Copper Country Daylight Express | †7 55 pm |

**Duluth & Iron Range R. R.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar..... Ely .....Lv | 7:30 a.m. |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
DAILY SERVICE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv.. W. Superior ..Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv..... Ashland .....Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar..... Milwaukee ...Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar..... Chicago .....Lv | 6:25 p.m. |

Pullman palace sleepers and finest dining car service. Meals a la carte.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent Duluth.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# Gronseth & Olsen

Established 1887

Cash Grocers.

Telephone 282. 401 and 403 East Fourth St.

We have just got through unloading THREE CARS of "VIKING," 450 BARRELS, and we expect ANOTHER CAR in a day or two with 150 BARRELS more. Our Flour is MADE from STRICTLY OLD WHEAT and of the best quality that Minnesota and Dakota produces. If you want the best FLOUR MADE GET THE "VIKING." For four successive years "VIKING" Flour has been awarded prizes at the St. Louis County Fairs and we shall try it again. In addition to the OFFER made by the county we offer a special prize of $5 for the BEST BREAD and $2 for the SECOND and $3 for the BEST RYE BREAD made from our Flour, either the "VIKING," Fanty Patent, "VIKING PRIDE" or Viking pure or white Rye. Have your Bread at the Fair grounds before 2 o'clock Thursday, Sept. 14.

**SATURDAY and MONDAY We Offer:**

"Viking Pride" Flour, 98-lb sack ..... $1.80
"Viking Pride" Flour, 49-lb sack ..... 90c
"Viking" Pure Rye Flour, 49-lb sack ... 80c
"Viking" Best Rye Flour, 49-lb sack ... 70c
Entire Wheat Flour, 12½ lb sack ..... 35c
Standard White Rye Flour, 49-lb sack . 65c
Corn Meal, 98-lb sack ..... 89c
Viking Creamery Butter, 1-lb Prints ..... 23c
Fancy Creamery in Tubs, per lb ..... 21c
Fresh Eggs, per doz ..... 15c
Silver Leaf Lard, 4 lbs for ..... 25c
Medium Ham, per lb ..... 12c
California Ham, per lb ..... 8c
Best Family Pork, per lb ..... 5½c
Dry Pork, per lb ..... 6c
Bacon, per lb ..... 9c
Calumet Baking Powder 1-lb cans ..... 19c
Dr. Price's Baking Powder, per 1-lb can 39c
Ambrosia Premium Chocolate, per lb ..... 32c
This Chocolate is equal to any Premium Chocolate made.
Ambrosia Sweet Chocolate, 19c cakes ..... 7c
Cooper's Cocoa, 25c can ..... 17c
Chapman's Macaroon Powder, 1-lb cans ..... 25c
Viking Vanilla, 25c bottle ..... 20c
Buraham's Jellicon, 15c pkg ..... 12c
Potatoes, per bushel ..... 35c
Fish Balls, per can ..... 15c
"Viking" Salmon Steak, 20c cans, ..... 16c
"Viking" Sublime Olive Oil, pint bot ... 39c
"Viking" Sublime Olive Oil, qt. bot ..... 65c
Our own Java & Mocha Coffee, 3-lb can ..... 81c
This Coffee discounts any 1-lb can even at a higher price.
Our Own Java and Mocha Coffee 1 lb can for ..... 22c
"Viking" Soap, 12 oz., 10 bars for ..... 25c
"Viking King," Soap, 12 oz., 9 bars for 25c
"Viking" Floating, large, per bar ..... 5c
"Viking" Macaroni, best quality ..... 8c
Gloss Starch, 3 lbs ..... 10c
Plymouth Pork and Beans, 3-lb cans ... 9c
We sell "Kuriko" and "Ole Oid."
H. M. Ginger Snaps, per lb. ..... 5½c
A. B. C. Soda Crackers, per lb. ..... 6½c
Pillsbury's Vitos, per pkg ..... 11c
Freestone Peaches, while they last, per box ..... 75c

We are ABOVE in LOCATION, ABOVE in quality but BELOW IN PRICES.

**Gronseth & Olsen.**


## NORTH WEST WILL ARRIVE.

### Passengers Transferred and Boats Will Run Without Interruption.

Tonight the North West will arrive in Duluth instead of the North Land. This is necessitated by the blocking of the channel at Sailor's Encampment. The passengers who are coming up on the North Land were taken off at Mackinac Island, and were transferred to Sault Ste. Marie, where they took the North West. In the same manner the passengers on the North West bound down were transfered at the Sault to Mackinac and there took the North Land down the lakes. In this way there will be no interruption to the traffic in spite of the accident. It is expected that the channel will be open again before the next trip of the boats, but if it should not be the same course will be pursued.

J. G. Mowrey returned this morning from Sault Ste. Marie, and he says that the sight there is a remarkable one. More than 125 boats are gathered there waiting for the channel to be cleared so that they can get away. The Alberta, one of the Canadian Pacific steamers, came up the channel after the accident, and the captain said that he would not try it again under any consideration. The current there is very swift, and it is a task to test the nerve of the finest navigator to come through. The element of luck enters too largely into it.

## Grand Jury Cases.

The grand jury was not in session this morning, as it has inaugurated the practice of holding sessions only in the afternoon. The jury is in session from 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon to 5 o'clock. Yesterday afternoon an indictment was returned against Joseph Schneidecker, charging him with grand larceny in the second degree. He is accused of having stolen $30 in gold from the store of John R. Handy, of Ely. Dan Dillon was also indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. He is charged with having stolen $240 in gold from John Schute in June. An indictment was found in the case of Arthur Pease, who was accused of stealing goods from a store on the range, and Pease was released. The grand jury is still at work on jail cases.


**Free! Free! Free!**

A correct and up-to-date atlas can be procured free, also 160 acres of land, by applying in person or writing to the Canadian government office, 316 Palladio building, Duluth.

J. H. M. PARKER, Agent.


# HIS BLUFF IS CALLED

## Mayor Truelsen Puts an End to Gay's Game Regarding Bonds.

## MUST PAY PREMIUM

### Of $15,250 or He Cannot Get Them---Macfarlane's Offer Stands.

At a late hour this afternoon E. H. Gay made his last bluff in his little game to force the city to accept his ridiculously low offer for the $500,000 of the city's refunding bonds. Mayor Truelsen promptly called him and now the New First National bank of Columbus can take the bonds before noon tomorrow or the issue will be awarded to A. R. Macfarlane, of this city.

Mr. Gay made his last plunge while evidently laboring under the impression that Dillon & Hubbard's recent opinion did not amount to more than a pair of deuces, but the city officials say that if they will look closely they will see Dillon & Hubbard's opinion and Angus R. Macfarlane's offer make a royal flush and the city will stand pat awaiting the result of the mayor's call.

This afternoon Mr. Gay's attorney here received a telegram saying: "Dillon & Hubbard refuse to give a condensed unqualified opinion and hold that the bonds must be taken up and paid for tomorrow. Gay will take bonds on his bid, $5000 to be returned to the Columbus bank."

When Mayor Truelsen read the telegram he laid down his hand and told S. T. Harrison to wire Mr. Gay and tell him he could not take the bonds unless he would pay a premium of $15,250 for them. Mr. Gay's offer was $2500.

The act under which the bond issue was made provides that the city must take advantage of the act within six months after the passage of the act. The six months will be up tomorrow, and Gay and his fellow conspirators believe that the city, under the wording of the law, will have to either give the bonds to Gay for a mere song, or not float the issue at all, and it is at this point that E. H. Gay discarded several good trumps and mixed his hand. The city officials have it straight that the wording of the law does not mean that the bond deal shall be closed within six months, but steps taken to take advantage of it, and this is what Gay city has been doing for the past two months, while Gay and his crowd have been devising ways and means to fleece the city.

In the past week the New First National bank, of Columbus, has quietly sneaked over the back fence and left E. H. Gay to do the dirty work. The city officials saw through the game early in the week, and they have not played their cards blindly, but with a thorough knowledge of the cards held by the Eastern financiers.

A. R. Macfarlane's bid for the bonds is at a premium of $12,750, and Mr. Macfarlane waives all question regarding the limit of expiration, under the bond issue act, and says he will take the bonds after all.

## Not Seriously Affected.

The difference between the price of coal this year and last will not cut quite so much figure with the county as might be supposed. The county does not use a great deal of coal, and the most of what is does use is buckwheat coal. Last year the price of buckwheat was $3.00, and this year it is $5.50, so the difference is only 10 cents. The county uses in the neighborhood of 200 tons of this grade of coal, and this amount will cost the county only $80 more than it did last year. The county uses some coal for paupers, and this will increase the difference a little.

## Will Return to New Mexico.

Dr. J. W. Howes, who has been in the city for several weeks, expects to leave Sunday on his return to Las Cruces, New Mexico, where he is erecting a sanitarium. That climate is said to be the finest in the world for consumptives, and a great number of them go there from all parts of the country. The sanitarium which he is building will be able to care for about thirty patients. It is not his idea to take any bedridden cases, but those that are not too far gone to effect cures.

## BATTERY LEAVES KEY WEST.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 8.—Gen. Frank, commanding the department of the gulf, received advices today from the commanding officer of the garrison at Key West that the battery at that post had left on the Mallory line steamer San Marcos for New York. The removal is made on account of the prevalence of yellow fever in Key West.




**Swell Autumn Styles for Men.**

We are making up from the latest patterns and most exquisite styles from "recherche" patterns in Tweeds, Cheviots and Serges. We give style, individuality and character that imparts distinction in every suit we fit and make to your order. Come in and examine our new colorings. Fine Diagonals and Cassimeres in stripes and checks. Goods sold by the yard for ladies' wear.

**Duluth Art Tailoring Co.,**

306 West First St.

French & Bassett Blk. Opp. Board of Trade Bldg.


## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.
Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.
The Kelly dye works, 415 W. Sup. St.

The case of Charles H. Maginnis against John Larson was being heard before the United States land office today. Larson made a timber and stone application for a piece of land on June 23 last. Mr. Maginnis claims that he had already applied to take the land under soldier's additional scrip, and that he has a prior right. He also alleges that Larson at the time of making his application had not been on the land.

Judge Moer yesterday afternoon granted Bessie Cram a divorce from Edward Cram on the ground of desertion. The case of Lillie Stickles against Fred Stickles was held open for more testimony, and is not yet granted, as stated yesterday through an error.

A transcript of judgment in favor of A. C. Taylor and against George Farmer has been filed in district court. The amount is $160.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Dan McGillis, Robert G. Free and Torkel O. Erice.

Isaac W. Erikson, of Oklahoma, took out a license this morning to marry Mary S. Burkem, of St. Louis county.

This was an off day for drinks in the municipal court. There were only two cases and both got off. Andrew Jackson, charged with having imbibed too much "Old Hickory," forfeited $12 bail, and Joseph Pautreau was released on suspended sentence.

Mrs. Nathaniel Gearhart, of Duluth, is the subject of an interesting sketch in the current issue of the National Tribune, the Grand Army paper published in Washington. Accompanying the sketch is a good half tone picture of Mrs. Gearhart and two other department presidents of the Woman's Relief Corps.

The chorus choir for the Crittenton meetings will rehearse at the Y. M. C. A. hall tomorrow night at 8 o'clock, under the direction of Mrs. Moffatt, who with her husband assists the millionaire evangelist.

The Ladies' auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will hold a special meeting tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 to plan for furnishing the association building.

Lawrence Long has resigned his position in the weather bureau and Seymour Smith has taken the place.

M. Henricksen and bride arrived at Duluth Thursday evening at 7:35 from St. Paul. Upon entering their home at 918 West Superior street, they were pleasantly surprised by a few guests and an elaborate banquet was served in honor of the occasion.

The usual matinee will be given tomorrow, Saturday afternoon, at 2:30, at the Parlor theater, when the fine variety show at this house will be repeated. Next week another large list of new attractions is booked to appear.

In the case of Kittie Mattsong against the Northern Pacific Beneficial association an answer has been filed in which the defendant claims that it is not a corporation, but that it is supported by the payment of monthly amounts from different persons who incur no liability or receive no profits, the funds being used for the treatment of the sick and disabled. It therefore asks that the suit be dismissed.

Miss Lillie Hock, of Galena, Ill., and V. H. Hawkins, of Carlton, Minn., are in the city and have arranged to take a complete course at the Business university.




**BASE BALL**

Saturday and Sunday, Sept 9 and 10.

**Duluth vs. Superior.**

At Duluth Base Ball Grounds.

Saturday's game called 3:30 p. m.
Sunday's game called at 3 p. m.


## PERSONAL.

John C. Eden, of St. Paul, general freight agent of the Eastern Minnesota railway, was at the Spalding last evening.

Mrs. George T. Marks, Miss Rowan and Miss Ray, of Port Arthur, Canada, were at the Spalding last evening.

Mrs. Dean A. Burke and Miss Lisbeth Laing, of Two Harbors, were at the Spalding last evening.

P. Goerling, cashier of the Spalding, has gone to the Twin Cities and Wausau, Wis., for a vacation.

Alex McKinnon, of Croonston, one of the well known men of the state, is at the St. Louis today.

Thomas Ives, of Guttenburg, Iowa, is at the St. Louis.

G. A. Aubel, of Warren, Minn., is at the St. Louis.

A. A. Harper, of Cass Lake, was at the St. Louis last evening.

G. W. Hibbard, of Marquette, Mich., general passenger agent of the South Shore railroad, arrived in the city this morning, accompanied by A. W. Lee, a newspaper man of Ottumwa, Iowa. They were at the Spalding.

A. L. Searle, manager of the Peavy elevator system, came up from Minneapolis this morning.

F. E. Weyerhaeuser, of Cloquet, was at the Spalding this morning.

C. D. Knapp, Jr., of Chicago, formerly of Duluth, was at the Spalding today.

Dr. Elliott R. Cumming, of Chicago, was at the Spalding today.

Mrs. H. McDowell, of Toronto, and Dr. G. K. McDowell, of Staples, are at the Spalding.

George W. Danielson, of 1226 Minnesota avenue south, a member of the G. A. R. post 15, is ill and not expected to live.

Rev. H. C. Holbrook left yesterday over the Omaha for Eagle Grove, Iowa.

Mrs. Frederick Eggert, one of the most prominent women of the West, arrived in the city yesterday. Mrs. Eggert is on route to Boston, where she will represent the state of Oregon at the International council. While here she is the guest of Mrs. H. M. Thomas, of 901 East Fourth street.

Mrs. J. B. Root sailed on the Majestic today for a visit to Toronto.

John Swanson, who is to be the manager of the new clothing store of Floan, Leveroos & Co., arrived from the East last evening.

## ALL KINDS OF FUN.

### Capt. Mann Tells Something About His Boat's Mishap.

Capt. Mann of the steamer Mary Mann says that the trouble which the boat had on the evening of Labor day has not been reported just right. The boat left Fond du Lac after dark instead of Zenith park, as was stated, and on the way down ran aground. She was quickly released, and as she was backing off caught a log between her wheel and the hull of the boat. It took an hour and a half to get this out, and then some well-meaning but inexperienced individual got hold of the tow line and got it tangled up in the wheel until it took another hour and a half to get it out. The boat got to West Duluth at 2:30 a. m., he says. The young folks seemed to enjoy it as a lark, he says, and when he wanted to light the lights on the scow they objected, saying they preferred the dark. "They were having a regular old-time hugging and kissing bee," the captain says.

## FEVER SITUATION.

New Orleans, Sept. 8.—There are no developments in the fever situation here today. The one case reported on yesterday is of a very mild character. Dr. Herton, of the Louisiana state board of health; Dr. Grant, of the state board of health, and Dr. Murray, of the United States marine hospital service, spent yesterday in Mississippi City, on the Gulf coast, where the twelve suspicious cases were reported. They returned to New Orleans today and say there are no foundation to justify any apprehension of fever otherwise than local. The cases are confined to one family. Texas and Alabama still holds on to quarantine, but Mississippi refuses to put on the slightest embargo.

## STOVE FOUNDRY BURNS.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 8.—Fire today destroyed the stove foundry of Bridgeford & Co., causing a loss of $200,000; insurance about $100,000. Sam Reese, a fireman, was fatally injured.

# NEWS OF THE LAKES

## Work of Raising the Steamer Houghton Is Being Vigorously Pushed.

## ORE TO BE REMOVED

### Large Part of the Cargo of Ore Must Be Taken Out.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The work of raising the steamer Houghton is being prosecuted with the utmost vigor. The weather is very favorable for wrecking operations. The steamer Stevens of the Union Transit line came light from Duluth to take part of the cargo of the Avon and Portage, and will try going down the channel by the Bruce mines, drawing between 14 feet 3 and 14 feet 6 inches. The steamer Jesse Spalding will try to get to Lake Huron by the same route.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—R. P. Thompson returned from the wreck of the steamer Houghton at 9 o'clock last night, and reports that the temporary patch over the hole in the steamer's side was finished at 6 o'clock last evening. The steamer's own pumps were put to work immediately and lowered the water six inches in a short time. Four steam pumps were ready to be started, and it was thought that the water would be taken out of the hold by midnight. The tug left for the wreck again with a big crew of men to begin shoveling the cargo of ore as soon as the water is lowered sufficiently. It is estimated that 2000 tons of ore must be taken out before the boat can be released, and this can be done by Sunday or Monday at the latest. Lightering will be begun at the bow, allowing it to swing down stream. This will partly clear the channel and allow some of the waiting boats to get by. Capt. W. W. Smith, marine superintendent for Pickands, Mather & Co., is at the wreck, operating with Wrecker Thompson in directing the work. Everything is being done to push the wrecking operations. The steamer Huron City went aground in trying to pass the wreck yesterday. She was released shortly afterwards uninjured.

## TROUBLE AT HOUGHTON DOCKS.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The newly formed Longshoremen's union asserted its authority yesterday in demanding the discharge of all non-union men by Contractor John Fitzpatrick. Fitzpatrick pays 50 cents an hour, and he refused to accede to the order. The union men then terrorized the non-union man and work was stopped. The sheriff was called in and the non-union men and work was stopped. The sheriff was called in and the non-union men returned to work. Some of the union men are going back, and the fate of the organization is in the balance.

## FREIGHT RATES.

Cleveland, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The ore rate from Escanaba went back to $1.20 but coal shippers to Lake Michigan ports have been unable to cut the rate and charters were made yesterday at 90 cents. There will be a big jam at the ore receiving ports once the Houghton is released and to avoid this many owners are sending their ships for grain. Consequently the market at Duluth is not as strong as it was. Two dollars is the best figure that has been paid on ore from the head of the lakes. Charters—Wheat: Yale, American, Duluth to Buffalo, 6 cents.

## MASSACHUSETTS AGROUND.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 8.—The Massachusetts is hard aground off of Presque Isle and at the opening of the Strait channel. She was bound in with ore and was loaded to the depth of seventeen feet five inches. Like many other carriers, the Massachusetts met the fate of understanding the risk of running the Maumee channel with too large a cargo.

## PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Nimick, Antrim, 10 last night; Saginaw Eddy, Hine, Manola, 12:20 a. m.; McDougall and whalebacks, 3; Mahoning, 5:20; Fairbairn, Roebling, Whitworth, 6; Zenith City, 6:20; Lincoln, Gebhart, 7:40; Morse, Sheldon, 8:20; Orinoco, Crete, 9:40. Down: Strong, 11:40 last night; Van Allen, 4:20 a. m.; Norseman and barges, 6.

Up yesterday: Cormorant and consort, 11:30 a. m.; Macy and consort, 1:30 p. m.; Bangor, Algonquin, Protector, 2:10; Pewaukee, 2:20. Down: Viking and consorts, 11:30 a. m.; Tempest No. 2 and consorts, noon; Hackett, 12:30 p. m.; Mockingbird, 1:50; Hurd and consorts, 2; Sacramento, 2:30; Potoskey, 5; Protector, 6; tug Smith and raft, Favorite, 7:30.

## THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Macy, Wilson, 11 last night; Palmer, 8 a. m.; Republic, 9; Pewaukee, 9:30; China, Hudson, 10:30. Down: Linn, 11 last night; Volunteer, 10:20 a. m.; St. Andrew, Jay Gould, 2; United Empire, Fayette Brown, 4:30; City of New York, Grandy, Ward, Keating, Kendall, Troy, 5:40; Italia, Australia, Roseble, 6:30; Stevens, 7:30; Hebard, Wilson, Aloha, 9:10.

Up yesterday: W. P. Ketchum, noon; Hoyt and whalebacks, Osceola, 12:40 p. m.; Carnegie, 3:20; Duncan, Favorite, Constitution, 4; Northwest, Bangor, 8. Down: Avon, 1:20 p. m.; Presley, Reddington, 2; Rockefeller and whalebacks, 4; Runnells, 5; Wetmore, 6:40; Yakima, 7:30.

## PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Palmer, 9 last night; unknown steamer and consort, 10; Argo and consort, 11; Hudson, 1 a. m.; Manitoba, 8; John Owen, 9. Down: City of Midland, 9:30; Volunteer, 10:40. Cleared: Lotus.

## VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Marquette, Mich.—Arrived: Pease, Planet, Holland, Specular, Magnetic.

Ashland, Wis.—Arrived: Ford, Cleared: Ore, John Eddy, Comeaut; lumber, Madden, Nequebay, Manitenee, Toledo.

## THE PEERLESS ACCIDENT.

The sinking of the Peerless, briefly announced by The Herald last night, was rather an extraordinary occurrence. The schooner Stewart, which did the mischief, is a lumber hooker of a little over 500 tons, and the Peerless is 1200 tons. The 500-ton vessel knocked the bow off the 1200-ton vessel and sunk her, and then proceeded down the lakes with her cargo, the paint on her hardly scratched. Both vessels were in charge of tugs, the Stewart with the Buffalo and the Peerless with the Industry. The accident seems to have resulted from the fact that the tug Mystic, with a raft of logs, confused the two tugs having the vessels in tow. After the accident there was barely time to get the Peerless in shallow water before she went down like a stone. She is standing up well, owing to the shallowness of the water, and many who saw her yesterday did not know that she was sunk. She will go into dry dock as soon as the Penobscot gets out. The passengers who had engaged rooms for the Peerless were sent out last night on the Japan, of the Anchor line, and they will transfer at Mackinac. The Peerless had on only pig iron and lumber, so there will be no damage to the cargo from the water.

Work on the Peerless is in progress today, and a number of divers and carpenters, together with tugs and scows, are busy. It will probably be several days before the boat can be raised.

## PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Ketchum, Cort, Russell, Lake Erie, light for ore; Northern Light, Wyoming, Buffalo, merchandise; Majestic, Collingwood, passegers and merchandise; Tempest, Buffalo, light for grain; Hanscburg, Minnedosa, Dunsmore, Kingston, light for grain; Grover, Sandusky, Lake Erie, coal; Santa Maria, Marvin, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Chili, Bermuda, Hesper, Holley, Lockwood, Roumania, Barium, Appomattox, Santiago, Ketchum, Cort, Russell, Rappahannock, Crampian, Law, Lake Erie, ore; Bradley and consorts, Wotan, Stewart, Lake Erie, lumber; Japan, Buffalo, passengers and flour; Britton, Parry Sound, flour; Auburn, Buffalo, flour.

## STATE OF MICHIGAN ASHORE.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The passenger steamer State of Michigan, is ashore at Colchester. The wrecking tug Saginaw has gone to her relief. The Michigan runs from Lake Erie ports and Detroit to Mackinac. She was bound down.

## OLD-TIMER FOUNDERS.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner America, which over half a century has sailed the lakes, foundered today thirty-five miles northeast of this harbor. The crew were taken off by a tug.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Britannic, from New York.

Hamburg—Arrived: Graf Walder, from New York.

## IOWA CENTRAL MEETING.

### Annual Election of Officers and Directors in Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—The annual meetings of the stockholders and directors of the Iowa Central railroad were held here today. The annual statement submitted to the stockholders was favorable. It showed gross earnings of $2,120,555; operating expenses, $1,494,659; net earnings, $639,771, an increase of $35,402 over 1898. Dividends of ½ per cent were declared March 1 and Sept. 1. The following directors were re-elected: George R. Morse, Henry A. Gardner and Frederick S. Faler.

At the meeting of the board of directors the following officers were re-elected: President, Robert J. Kimball; vice president and treasurer, George R. Morse; secretary, S. S. Jones.

## CHILDREN UNDER THE WHEELS.

### Electric Car Collides With a Load of Children.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8.—An electric street car on the Lindel line collided with a wagon load of school children at Channing and Lucas avenue today, injuring six children, of whom two will probably die.

The injured are: Clara Engler, fatally; Arthur Larimore, driver of the wagon, fatally; Elsie Engler, the children of James T. McCall.

**The news up to the latest moment, local and telegraphic, can always be found in the several editions of the people's paper—The Evening Herald.**


# RATHBUN'S

## CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.

Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

## Saturday's Specialties

In Table Fruits, Vegetables and up-to-date Groceries, at the Right Prices.

CALIFORNIA MUSCAT AND ROSE RENA GRAPES, a special snap; 6-lb baskets, each—

**25 cents**

100 half bushel baskets GEM MELONS, sweet as honey, per basket—

**40 cents**

When preserving, purchase only good, sound fruit; damaged fruit is dangerous to health and comes higher in the long run.

SWEET CORN, the best kind, per doz—

**10 cents**

OSAGE MELONS are now at their best, each—

**5 cents**

Our first consideration is quality; a poor article is high at any price.

California Mountain CRAWFORD PEACHES; nothing finer at any price, per case—

**$1.00**

PLUMS, PEARS, CALIFORNIA GRAPES, full assortment. VEGETABLES in abundance.

ROYAL JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE stands unrivalled in quality and price, 3-lb cans—

**85 cents**

We are sole agents for this brand in Duluth.

Monarch Brand LAUNDRY SOAP, 10 bars—

**25 cents**

Large HUBBARD SQUASH, each—

**10 cents**

Eagle Brand JERSEY SWEET POTATOES; just the kind to tickle your palate, 7 lbs—

**25 cents**

New season's pack CORN, PEAS AND TOMATOES; quality equal to what we sold you last season; 3 cans—

**25 cents**

Good quality JAPAN TEA, per lb—

**35 cents**

CEYLON TEAS—We are headquarters for all the leading brands, per lb—

**60 cents**

Table and Cooking APPLES, per peck—

**25 cents**

Michigan CRAWFORD PEACHES, per basket—

**50 cents**

New made DAIRY BUTTER, sweet and fancy, in 3 and 5-lb jars, per lb—

**19 cents**

Home grown CELERY, from Mr. Young, Cullyville; the best Celery ever sold on this market; 4 heads—

**10 cents**

PICKLING CUCUMBERS, ONIONS and TOMATOES. We are now booking orders at reasonable prices.

FRUIT JARS, while they last, the best quality—

Pints— **35c** Quarts— **40c** Half Gallons— **50c**

**September number of the interesting, instructive and entertaining Magazine, "WHAT TO EAT," given away free Tomorrow, Saturday at—**

**RATHBUN'S,**

17 East Superior Street.


# DEFINITE ANSWER

## Demanded By England In the Latest Note to the Transvaal.

## NO EVASIVE REPLY

### Will Be Accepted and Must Be Favorable on Essential Conditions.

London, Sept. 8.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon says: "No official act has been issued of today's cabinet meeting, and it is highly improbable that one will be permitted to appear. From outside sources, we are in a position to state with what we believe to be substantial accuracy the result of their momentous deliberations. There is every reason to believe Mr. Chamberlain's dispatch was found to contain a telling exposition of the British case, with a point blank refusal to entertain the Boer proposal that England relinquish suzerainty over the Transvaal, and a pertinent reminder that the offer of a joint inquiry into the franchise proposals cannot remain indefinitely. Though it is not an ultimatum in form, the dispatch will be one in effect, since it may be expected to contain a strong hint that no answer will be accepted which is evasive or unfavorable in any essential condition."

It is understood that the result of the cabinet meeting established these facts: Parliament will not be summoned; the reserves will not be called out. 10,000 troops will be sent to South Africa. A reporter of the Associated Press learns that a strongly-worded dispatch has been sent to the Transvaal, which will be published here immediately on its delivery there.

## CONSERVATIVES ELECTED.

### The Filipino Congress Elects Prominent Conservatives to Office.

Manilla, Sept. 8, 6:50 p. m.—A Filipino who has arrived here from Tarlac says an extraordinary session of the revolutionary congress took place at Tarlac, Aug. 24. Aguinaldo presided, and Gen. Madinive was elected president of the supreme court, and Gen. Gonzaga as attorney general. They both represent the conservative element.

Hadivini, who recently resigned the secretaryship, is the ablest man connected with the revolutionists. Gonzaga was president of the last peace commission.

The proceedings of the congress disapproved the report that Aguinaldo had declared himself dictator. A decree has been issued by the Filipinos compelling the registration of all foreigners in Filipino territory. The Chinese are considered foreigners, including those born in the Philippine islands. Applications must be made on stamped paper, which figures largely in all the business of the insurrectionary government. This seems to be largely a scheme to tax Chinamen.

## CUSTOMS DECISION.

### Typewriter Ink Classed as Printer's Ink By Appraisers.

New York, Sept. 8.—The United States general appraisers today handed down a decision that has been awaited with considerable interest by type writers' concerns and dealers in typewriter supplies generally. In March last a firm imported a large quantity of ink for typewriter ribbons. It was appraised under the tariff act of 1897 as "ink containing oils and size," at 35 per cent ad valorem and 8-10 per cent per pound, according to inquiry. The firm claimed that the ink should be classified as printer's ink, at a 25 per cent ad valorem duty. The appraisers sustain the claim and class the product as printers' ink.

## GOLF AT GLENVIEW.

### Second and Third Rounds For Amateur Western Championship.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—The second and third rounds of match play for the amateur golf championship took place today over the Glenview links under more favorable conditions than yesterday. A heavy rain last night had taken the hardness out of the ground and improved the course generally. The play of W. E. Egan, of Onwentsia, and William Holabird, of Glenview, attracted the closest interest. Egan was pitted against R. F. Cummings, of Washington park, and defeated him 3 up 2 to play. Egan negotiated the entire eighteen holes in 86, his qualifying score.

Holabird played against William Waller, of Onwentsia, a veteran, and defeated him 3 up 1 to play with a medal score of 87.

Dr. Forgan, of Onwentsia, defeated John Towne, of Glenview, 4 up 2 to play, and Ralph Hoagland, of Glenview, defeated E. B. Bliss, of Riverside, 2 up.

This afternoon the third round was played with Holabird and Egan, Hoagland and Forgan, the winners of these two games to meet tomorrow for the amateur Western championship.

## DISCUSSES PHILIPPINES.

### Cabinet Canvasses the Question of Local Governments.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The cabinet meeting today was devoted almost entirely to a discussion of the local governments which will be established in the Philippines on the cessation of hostilities. Secretary Root has given the matter much thought and his views as expressed at the meeting today were received with approval by all the members present. He pointed out that a system of government which would be suggested for the people of Luzon would hardly do for some of the other islands, where the insurgents were far less advanced. A member of the cabinet, in speaking of the matter said Secretary Root displayed great statesmanship and a knowledge of the social and economic questions of the island. Postmaster General Smith spoke to the effect that there was an increasing demand in Cuba and Porto Rico for money order facilities and a surprising growth in the receipts of the postal departments was interpreted to mean a rapid movement throughout the islands.

**Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.**


# P. L. Johnson

CASH GROCER.

1534-1536 West Superior St.

Telephone 575.

Prices for Saturday and Monday's Trade:

**23 cents**
Buys a pound Creamery Butter.

**20 cents**
Buys a pound Choice Dairy Butter.

**18 cents**
Buys a pound Good Dairy Butter.

**14 cents**
Buys a dozen Fresh Eggs.

We sell T. & T. Coffee in 1-lb and 2-lb Tins.

**18 cents**
Buys a Basket Concord Grapes.

**10 cents**
Buys 3 lbs Jersey Sweet Potatoes.

**10 cents**
Buys a large Pumpkin.

**1 cent**
Buys a home grown Cucumber.

We sell Lipton's Teas in ½-lb and 1-lb Tins.

**5 cents**
Buys 2 Stalks Celery.

**5 cents**
Buys a dozen Cucumber Pickles.

**15 cents**
Buys a peck Cooking Apples.

**10 cents**
Buys a dozen California Pears.

Green Tomatoes, Ripe Tomatoes, Pickling Onions, Pepper, Squash, Citron, Michigan Plums, Peaches, Pears, Tokay Grapes, Rose Peru Grapes, Catawba Grapes, Egg Plums, Italian Plums, Cranberries at our Popular Low Prices.

**5 cents**
Buys a Bottle of Catsup.

**9 cents**
Buys a 15c Bottle Pickled Onions.

**9 cents**
Buys a 15c Bottle Mixed Pickles.

We sell Pork Loins and Sausage.

**13 cents**
Per lb for fresh dressed Spring Chicken.

**P. L. JOHNSON**

CASH GROCER.


## SONS OF VETERANS.

### Membership Reported Falling Off---Medals For Members In Army.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—Commander-in-Chief Sheppard, of the Sons of Veterans, in his report to the Eighteenth annual encampment of the organization today, made an important recommendation about the society's badges and decorations. Maj. A. B. Davis, of Pittsburg, up to his death a few months ago, furnished all badges and regalia to the society. Commander Sheppard recommended that the order manufacture its own badges and sell them at a profit for its own benefit.

Quartermaster Geneneral Bolton's report showed the order in good condition financially. The membership has fallen off about 1000 in the year, according to Adjt. Gen. Abbott's report, and he ascribed this to the fact that so many of the young men from whom the order's membership was composed, enlisted in the army. The report shows a total membership of 28,000, scattered among 1200 branches.

The order decided to present to each of its members who served in either the Spanish or Philippine war a badge of honor manufactured from a Spanish cannon which has been promised for that purpose by Secretary of War Root.

## STILL ON THE TRANSPORT.

### Minnesota and South Dakota Troops Will Land Tomorrow.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—The Minnesota and South Dakota volunteers have not been debarked from the transport Sheridan, which is lying in the stream awaiting an opportunity to dock at the Folsom street wharf. They will, however, be landed tomorrow morning, when they will proceed to the Presidio, where they will remain encamped until mustered out. Several large loads of visitors went out during the morning, and arrangements are being made to give the returning troops a fitting reception upon landing.

## Dance---Live Pigeon Shoot

Between the Duluth Gun club and West Superior Gun club, at Zenith park Sunday afternoon, Sept. 10. Steamer Mary Mann will make regular trips between Sixty-first avenue west and the park.


**$10 Detroit and Return $10**

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. and Detroit and Cleveland Steamer from St. Ignace.




Leave Duluth Tuesday, Sept. 12, 7:00 p. m. One night by rail and twenty-four hours steamer ride. Return limit allows twelve days in Detroit. Particulars at 425 Spalding Hotel block.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

## Advance Styles Fall Shoes

For Ladies and Gentlemen and Children's School Shoes. High grades and Low Popular Prices.

**Gentlemen's High Grade Shoes—**

We have just received and put on shelves our full shipment of Stacy Adams & Co.'s Fine Shoes. They are all winners and the best shoe made at—

**$5.00**

**Men's New Style Fall Shoes—**

Heavy soles, Black and Tan; very comfortable and swell styles at—

**$3.50**

**Men's Fall Shoes—**

Heavy or light soles—

**$2, $2.50 $3**

**LADIES** See our line of Shoes at—

**$2, $2.50, $3**

**SOROSIS SHOES.**

New shoe for women. Fall styles are in and on the shelves. See the new styles, including the Heavy Sole Mannish Shoe, made in calf-skin and with extension soles; just the thing for fall. Price, always—

**$3.50**

**A Large Line of Children's School Shoes of Reliable Make.**

A neat Tablet FREE with every pair of Children's Shoes.

**A. WIELAND,**

**123 West Superior Street.**


# CROWDS AT THE TRIAL

(Continued from page 1)

and it has been thought that there were documents and proofs in it which might bring France to blows with a neighboring power. You are not acquainted with it. The secret dossier has been explained. You will pardon me the loss of time I have imposed. I will now take up the circumstantial evidence."

A brief adjournment of the court was here announced. Counsel was warmly applauded as he took his seat.

On the resumption of the session M. Demange, discussing the circumstantial evidence adduced in 1894. He said the perturbation of Dreyfus at the election scene had nothing to do with producing the idea of guilt in the minds of those present. Col. Du Paty de Clam, M. Chefert and Maj. Gribelin were all convinced beforehand of his guilt as a result of evidence which they considered unimpeachable, so much so that they wished Dreyfus to blow out his brains, but Dreyfus declined because he was innocent. He then pointed out how the prosecution had advanced as proof of the alleged statements of individuals whom they carefully abstain from producing for examination, especially dwelling upon Henry's statement in 1894, which has since been admitted to be false, that a certain war office employe informed him that Dreyfus was the culprit.

M. Demange then showed the emptiness of the libertine charges against the prisoner, and said the simplest actions of Dreyfus were misconstrued, even his legitimate desire to obtain knowledge being imputed as a crime.

After demonstrating the falsity of the evidence of M. De Beaurepaire's witnesses, M. Mueller Du Breuil, Vilon and Bernuscl, counsel said the only proof left was the bordereau. Who wrote it? Complete light could be only shed on it by the production of the notes enumerated in the bordereau. This had been said by Gen. Zurlinden himself, but counsel asked the court to remember the reference to these notes, that all then. Delbeve could say was that it was impossible that Dreyfus might have possessed them. This was all he could say on the question of high treason.

M. Demange added: "You will find this phrase in the mouth of a witness entitled to your entire respect, and it is there the strength of such a statement that Dreyfus is to be proved guilty. I will not attempt to obtain such light on the document, but since theories have been promulgated I will suggest one—I will seek to show that you must put aside even the technical value of the bordereau and the last effort of the prosecution. I will seek to combat the circumstantial evidence it has invoked."

At the request of M. Demange, the court at this juncture adjourned until tomorrow.

### VERDICT TOMORROW.

**Labori Will Not Speak---Believed Court Will Condemn.**

Rennes Sept. 8.—The announcement was made this afternoon that the verdict of the court-martial will be rendered tomorrow.

Maitre Labori forgoes the right to speak for the defense, lest by doing so he irritates the judges and destroy the good effects hoped for from the speech of M. Demange. The court, therefore, will deliberate on the conclusion of M. Demange's speech, and the judgment will probably be delivered before noon.

There is a nearly universal feeling this evening that Dreyfus will be condemned.

### TROOPS LEAVE BOSTON.

Boston, Sept. 8.—The trains bearing the Twenty-sixth regiment U. S. V. left this city for Providence, R. I., at 5 o'clock this morning, en route to San Francisco, where the regiment will embark for the Philippines. A large number of the members were left behind. Their absence is attributed to the festivities of the last two days. The detached men will probably follow the main body during the day.


**Headache**

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

**Hood's Pills**

The non-irritating cathartic. Sets 25 cents. All druggists or by mail. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.


### THE DONCASTER RACES.

**American Jockey Rides Winner of the Doncaster Stakes.**

London, Sept. 8.—At the fourth day of the Doncaster meeting today, the race for the West Moreland plate, a handicap of 500 sovereigns, for 3-year-olds and upwards, was won by H. C. White's chestnut gelding Form, ridden by L. Reiff, the American jockey. Joe Dillman was second and Miche was third. Five horses ran.

The race for the Doncaster stakes of 150 sovereigns each with 500 sovereigns the sovereigns each, with 500 sovereigns added, for foals of 1896, was won by Sir Walter Griffiths brown filly Landrel, on which "Skeets" Martin had the mount. J. Simon Harrison's Umbrosa was second and Mr. Fair's Gabot was third. Distance one mile and a half.

### TEACHERS VS. SCHOOL BOARD.

East Grand Forks, Minn., Sept. 8.—The teachers have not resumed their positions in the schools owing to a discrepancy among the members of the school board. They were elected for the position last year and have returned expecting to resume their former positions, but owing to a change in the board they are now refused their former positions. Several on the school board are in favor of hiring teachers at home. The teachers have secured the services of Masse & Grover, and the board the services of Cochrane & Cochrane, of this city. The teachers will fight the case to the end as they have had numerous offers and did not accept them owing to the fact that they supposed themselves under contract to the East Grand Forks schools.

### FIND A SKELETON.

Paris, Mo., Sept. 8.—The skeleton of a man was found under some rocks near here today, where it had apparently been for several years. It is said that this find was made near the place where Alexander Jester camped the night before the mysterious disappearance of Gilbert Gates, 20 years old. It is thought this will form another link in the chain of evidence against the old man charged with the murder of his young traveling companion.

### TELLS HIM TO START IN.

Pekin, Sept. 8.—The dowager empress of China yesterday sent a telegram to Pritchard Morgan, M. P., to proceed immediately to China and commence his mining and correspondent operations in the province of Szechenar. Mr. Morgan has replied that he will leave London Sept. 19, reaching Pekin at the end of October, and bringing with him a large staff of American capitalists who are interested in the Morgan enterprise.

### IOWANS TO START HOME.

Des Moines, Sept. 8.—Col. Loper, in a cablegram to the Daily News, says the Fifty-first Iowa regiment will start for San Francisco about Sept. 15. There is more sickness among the men.

### IVES' BODY BROUGHT HOME.

New York, Sept. 8.—Among the passenger who arrived today on board the Ward line steamer Sergnancia, from Havana and Mexican ports, were Gen. Canton and staff, of the Mexican army. The general is governor of the Yucatan. The Sergnencia also brought the body of Frank Ives, the billiard expert, who died recently in Mexico.

### WALES RETURNS.

Dover, Eng., Sept. 8.—The prince of Wales, who has been on a visit to Marlenisad, arrived here today and proceeded for London.


**CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED**

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.



**When In Chicago**

You can get The Herald at the Great Northern hotel.



**$4.80 Excursion Rates $4.80**

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Tickets on sale until Sept. 9. Good returning until Sept 11. Only line with three daily trains. Tickets at all depots, West Duluth, Twentieth avenue and union station. City offices, 332 West Superior street.


# BOERS ARE BELLICOSE

**Large Numbers of Armed Burghers Gathered on the Natal Border.**

## ARE VERY WARLIKE

**Rumor That They Intend to Poison All Springs of Water.**

London, Sept. 8.—A special dispatch received here today from Ladysmith, Natal, says that the British troops there are actively engaged in manoeuvers over the hilly country, subsequent to a parade of the forces.

All reports confirm the presence of a large number of armed Boers on the border. They are described as being bellicose and it is rumored that they have completed arrangements to poison all springs that might supply the invading force with water.

### CAUSES RESENTMENT.

**Remarks In the Raad Creates a Bitter Feeling.**

Cape Town, Sept. 8.—The reports of the raad at Pretoria, published here creat intense feeling and the disparaging reference to Joseph Chamberlain, imperial secretary of state for the colonies, and Sir Alfred Milner, governor of Cape Colony and British high commander in South Africa, are resented.

The feeling displayed by members of the raad surprised those who believed that a peaceful solution would be showed, a solution, in the opinion of many, has been rendered very difficult. In spite of a downfall of rain 1500 workmen assembled last night and passed a resolution for a prompt termination by the imperial government of the present tension, which is causing great distress, bringing the comunity face to face with bankruptcy, alienating the moderate element here and in the Transvaal and sapping British prestige." The resolution also affirms confidence in Sir Alfred Milner. The meeting, which was orderly, closed with cheers for Chamberlain, Milner and Rhodes and with groans for Kruger and Schreiner.

### LIVELY DISCUSSION.

**Witnesses Contradict Each Other Before Industrial Commission.**

Washington, Sept. 8.—At today's session of the industrial commission, an animated discussion occurred between Chairman Phillips, of the commission, and J. D. Archbold, of New York, vice president of the Standard Oil company. Mr. Archbold was on the stand and replying to statements by J. W. Lee, of the United Pipe line and other independent companies, referring to Mr. Lee's statement that the Standard company had made advances to the United Pipe Line company, with the view of buying it out, Mr. Archbold said: "Any approaches on that line have come from the other side," and he proceeded to say that such advances had been made not only by Lee, but by others connected with the independent lines, including Mr. Phillips. "We have declined these offers," he said, "because we considered them illegal, and furthermore because of our lack of faith in the men from whom the proposition came, and having had previous experience with them."

### CHANGES IN THE ARMY.

**Private Transferred From Fort Walker to Fort Myer.**

Washington, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Private Thomas Cahill, Company A, Seventh infantry, Fort Walker, has been transferred to Troop G, Third cavalry, stationed at Fort Myer, Va.

Lieut. Col. Philip H. Ellis, Eighth infantry, will proceed upon expiration of his present sick leave to Fort Snelling and assume command of the battalion of his regiment now under orders to take its station at that post.

### TRANSPORTS OFFERED.

**Many Vessels Are Tendered to the British Government.**

London, Sept. 8.—Many ship owners have called at the offices of the admiralty and offered their vessels as transports. They were told, however, that nothing would be done in this direction until the cabinet council had decided on what action would be taken in regard to the crisis.

The Evening Standard today says: "The general feeling pervading the public departments and clubs is that war is inevitable."

### SCRABBLE TO GET OUT.

Johannesburg, Sept. 8.—The activity here in regard to the crisis has been intensified by the tone of the debate in the raad. The railroad officers continue to be besieged by those wanting to get out of the country.

### DELEGATES TO TRADES UNION.

Plymouth, England, Sept. 8.—The trades' union congress in session here has elected J. Haslam, of the Derbyshire Miners' association, and A. Wilkie of the Shipwrights' association of New Castle, delegates to the trades' union congress to be held at Detroit, Mich.

### INSANE FATHER'S DEED.

Hannibal, Mo., Sept. 8.—M. H. Roberts, a machinist, killed his son, Sidney Roberts, at his home today and then shot himself, inflicting a mortal wound. The son was killed while asleep. The father was undoubtedly insane when the deed was committed.

### CLOSES WITH NAVAL PAGEANT.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will be brought to a close today with the naval pageant on the Delaware river. The crowd is rapidly diminishing and all out-going trains carry many visitors and veterans away. Thousands of veterans spent the day sailing on the Delaware.

### HEARD NOTHING FURTHER.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Neither the late nor the navy department has had further advices from any official source regarding the revolution in Venezuela. The Castro has sailed and going direct to La Guayara, there will be no opportunity to intercept her even if it were regarded expedient to do so.


# ANDERSON

**CASH GROCERY COMPANY.**

'Phone 555.

***Saturday Specialties***

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Butter,** | Choice Dairy Butter—per lb | 18c |
| **Butter,** | Good Dairy, per lb | 15c |
| **Eggs,** | Fresh Eggs per dozen | 12½c |
| **Ham,** | Fancy small Ham, per lb., only | 12½c |
| **Ham,** | Fancy California Shoulder, per lb | 9c |
| **Bacon,** | Fancy Bacon, per lb | 12c |
| **Pork,** | Fancy Dried Salt Pork, per lb | 8c |
| **Pork,** | Best Family Salt Pork, per lb | 6c |
| **Salmon,** | Fancy Salt, per lb | 8c |
| **Herring,** | Fancy 3 KKK Norway, 3 lbs for | 25c |
| **Syrup** | Fine Table Syrup, per gal | 25c |
| **Molasses** | Fine N. O. Molasses, per gal | 25c |
| **Syrup** | Fine Rock Candy Sugar Syrup Per gal—In Your Own Jug. | 40c |
| **Grapes** | Fancy Concord Grapes, per basket | 18c |
| **Water Melon,** | Large, each | 18c |

**All Kinds of Garden Stuff in Abundance at Lowest Prices.**

***Our Premium***

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Flour,** | Quality Unsurpassed, 98-lb sack | $2.00 |
| **Flour,** | 49-lb sack | $1.00 |
| **Flour,** | White Rye, per sack | 70c |
| **Corn Meal,** | 49-lb sack— | 48c |
| **Apples,** | Eating and Cooking Apples, per peck | 25c |
| **Lemons,** | Fancy Lemons, per doz | 20c |
| **Pickles,** | Pickles, per gal | 25c |

**Hours for Delivery 9:30 and 11 a. m., 2:30 and 5 p. m. Special trip on Saturday Night at 8 o'clock.**

**Lakeside every Tuesday and Friday, leave promptly at 2 p. m.**



# ANDERSON

**CASH GROCERY COMPANY,**

**LOWELL BLOCK—First Ave. East and Superior Street.**


### SATIN BAGS OF RICE.

The charm of a country wedding is being felt more and more by the fashionable world. Lately, at a prominent wedding at Stamford, Conn., the breakfast was served on the lawn, under the trees and by the lake. The bride, just before leaving her guests, and still in her shimmering white gown, was surrounded by her bridesmaids. By one of them she was blindfolded, and they then danced around in a ring as she threw her bouquet. Within its center was hidden a rime, and the girl that caught the flowers was said to be predestined by fate to be the next bride. The custom is a German one, but loses nothing by crossing the ocean, and is unusually pretty when practiced amid such gay surroundings.

Many brides now choose to drive off with the groom for their honeymoon in a small open trap, drawn by some pet horse of their own, instead of shutting themselves up in the formidable coach of not so very long ago. Surely this is starting life's journey more pleasantly! One gay young bride was recently heard to say that nothing would induce her not to go with her pony to the station on her wedding day. That she should, at least, have the consciousness of holding the reins at the beginning.

A number of little novelties have lately appeared at the breakfasts, and they greatly help out the fun. On the sideboard, or in the hall, there are piled up innumerable little white satin bags. They are shaped like meat bags, and contain a handful of rice. Each guest takes one with a wedding cake, and he is therefore prepared to contribute his share to the veritable shower of rice that falls upon the departing pair. Some special good fortune is said to hang over the thrower if the rice from his hand actually alights upon the bride. Dainty white satin slippers filled with rice, and queer little shoes are among the table decorations and favors. At Tuxedo, not long ago, a beautiful girl was married on the veranda. It had lately been transformed into a bower by the use of smilax and palms, an dthe entire festivity was out of doors. When she and the groom drove off the band played "Just One Girl," and the chorus was heartily joined in by almost every voice present.

### SCOVILL A RECLUSE.

A party of Kokomo fishermen just returned from a trip among the remote and unfrequented lakes of Northern Indiana ran across a little cabin occupied by Attorney Scovill, the lawyer who defended Charles J. Guiteau in his trial for the assassination of President Garfield, says a correspondent of the St. Louis Globe Democrat. The humble cottage in which Scovill was found is situated near the banks of Mud lake, where he lives the life of the most rigid recluse, neither seeing nor being seen. His simple wants are supplied by the merchants of the nearest town. He puts in his time, nobody knows how, as his unkempt and uncouth figure is seldom seen outside the walls of the little, low cottage, half hidden by the growth of twining vines and underbrush. From an able, affable and influential barrister Scovill has grown into a taciturn, morose, unapproachable hermit, desiring no communication with the world in which he was such a conspicuous figure as only counsel of his relative eighteen years ago. Scovill feels that he is still shunned and despised by everybody for his part in trying to save the neck of Guiteau on the ground of hereditary insanity, though he contends that he did nothing more than his duty. The loss of his wife, and other misfortunes that seemed to pursue him with a relentless hand, andded to his melancholy and confirmed him in his determination to abandon the world and spend the remainder of his days in seclusion. For several years Scovill has led the life of a hermit, spending his time at the most secluded, inaccessible spots he could find. He still contends that Guiteau was mentally irresponsible for his act in killing the president, and points to the record of the family, a number of whom have both before and since the tragedy been confined in madhouses.

### NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

On and after June 22 The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for the three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

# BASEBALL TOMORROW

**Tomorrow Superior and Duluth Will Go Against Each Other Again.**

## NORTHWEST COMING

**Passengers of Big Boats Transferred and They Will Run Right Along.**

News was wafted over from across the bay this morning to the effect that the Superior ball team had taken out a license to win the next four games from Duluth. This, however, would infringe on the rights and domestic tranquility of the home team, and the Duluth players have come to the conclusion Superior has no more right to expect to win tomorrow's game or Sunday's game than they have to think that they know how to play ball.

The game tomorrow afternoon, which will be called at 3:30, promises to be more fiercely contested than the first two games of the series. All efforts to get the make-up of the Superior team have been unavailing, and the Superior management is said to have a surprise up its sleeve in the way of some very expensive players. The Superior managers admitted this morning that they had lines out for two or three new men, but said they would give no names till late tonight. It is said two of the new men are Schwartz and Pease, both Eastern league stars, but Superior is not yet certain of getting them. If they do, the team that Duluth will go against tomorrow and Sunday will be a very different aggregation from that of last week. Edwards will wear the dark blue and play first for the visitors; Ritches may be sent to the outfield; probably to replace Millard, whose fielding lately has been very yellow. Porter will probably play second, though there is some talk of replacing him with Thiery. Schwartz is almost certain to play third, and Pease, from whom so much is expected by the Superior fans, would probably play short or right field in the place of Wiggs. This is the way matters are figured out today, but of course all will depend on what the Superior management will hear this evening. Only one thing about the visiting team is certain, and that is that it is blowing currency of many denominations in its efforts to win the championship, which now seems to be within the grasp of the Duluth team. Hansell's team will not be changed for this week's games. Cox has been working like a hardy-handed son of industry all week to get good control of his curves, and if he is in good condition tomorrow and Sunday, Superior might as well hold a post-mortem examination of its hopes, for Patterson will be here Saturday and Sunday of next week.

# WEST DULUTH

The new parish residence being erected by St. James' Catholic church is about finished and is a credit to the parish and to West Duluth. It will cost, when completed, about $3000. It has all of the modern improvements. The new residence is on Fifty-seventh avenue west, near Elsonner street.

It is expected that a priest will be appointed permanently to the parish on Bishop McGolrick's return from Europe. It is now supplied from the cathedral.

### WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A social will be given in Baptist hall, Nicollet street and Central avenue, this evening.

Joseph Bovert and family, formerly of Minneapolis, are in town on a visit.

Robert Mitchell, an old resident of West Duluth, died at his home in New Duluth Wednesday, aged 56 years.

Hazel, the 8-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Curkendahl, of Fifty-fifth avenue west, died Wednesday of cholera infantum. The funeral took place at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The Duluth ball club will play here tomorrow and in Superior on Sunday.

Lightning has played many pranks in West Duluth during the recent storms. Thursday night two boys were knocked off the sidewalks by a shock, near the Iron Bay works.

Kitchigammi lodge K. of P. met last night and worked the second degree. A banquet followed.

M. Jacoby will go into the office of the clerk of the district court on Monday.

George Featherstone returned from the Twin Cities last night.

Sheppard and Lambert have requested for dates to play ball up into October. Pine City wants them to play during the fair, Sept. 14, 15 and 16, and Ashland and Washburn both want them after Sept. 20. They may go to Pine City.

Euclid lodge, A. F. and A. M., worked the third degree Wednesday night, and afterwards had a banquet.

Mrs. M. Jacoby returned yesterday yesterday from a visit to Wabasha, Minn.

A meeting to organize the football team will be held this evening in room 11 in the Sheppard block.

The celebration of the opening of the blast furnace has been indefinitely postponed. The furnace will not be opened until so late that it is deemed wise not to attempt a celebration this fall.

### NO RELATIONS WITH DREYFUS.

**German Government Again Disavows Relations With the Accused.**

Berlin, Sept. 8.—The Reichzanzeiger this evening publishes the following statement: "We are authorized to repeat the declaration which the imperial government, while loyally observing the reserve demanded in regard to the international matters of another country, has made concerning the trial of Capt. Dreyfus. For the preservation of his own dignity and the fulfillment of a duty, Prince Von Munster, after obtaining the orders of the emperor, repeatedly made, in December, 1894, and in January, 1895, to M. Hanotaux, M. Dupuy and M. Casimir-Perier, declarations to the effect that the imperial embassy in France never maintained, either directly or indirectly, any relations with Dreyfus." Secretary of State Von Bulow, in the reichstag, Jan. 24, 1898, made the following statement: "I declare in the most positive manner that no declarations or connections of any kind ever existed between the French ex-Capt. Dreyfus, now on Devil's Island, and any German agent."

# HAVE BAD LUCK

**The Career of Several Czarewitzes Attended By Ill-Luck.**

**One Was Killed By His Father In a Fit of Passion.**

Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch may be congratulated on the fact that his brother, the emperor, in his ukase of July 31, proclaiming him heir to the throne of Russia, has pointedly neglected to invest him with the title of czarowitz. It is a title that to the students of Muscovite history bears an ominous sound, being associated in their minds with every species of tragedy and unhappiness. Indeed, one would be almost tempted to believe that the fact of a prince being styled czarowitz is sufficient to mark him out as a victim of fate, says the Chicago Tribune.

Although the word czarowitz means "son of the czar," yet there have been times when it has been born by the brother of the czar, although the latter has had several sons living at the time. Like the dignity of the prince of Wales in Great Britain, and that of the prince or princess of the Asturians in Spain, it is conferred by the sovereign as an act of royal or imperial favor instead of being assumed as a right of birth and inheritance, and the czar is at liberty if he wishes to appoint some other prince of his royal family rather than his eldest son, as czarowitz if he sees fit. Thus Emperor Paul, though he proclaimed his eldest son, Alexander, heir to the throne in 1795, to reward his distinguished services in the Italian campaign, and Constantine continued to bear it not only throughout the reign of his eldest brother, Alexander, but likewise during part of the reign of his younger brother, Nicholas, although the later had no fewer than three sons, the eldest of them 14 years old, at the time of his (Constantine's) death.

The first occasion that mention of a czarowitz is made in the history of Russia is the tragic tale of Ivan IV. killing in a fit of temporary passion his favorite son, the one object that he loved in the world, and this emperor, who was so justly surnamed "The Terrible," is on record as having become well nigh insane with grief and dispair when he realized that he had slain his czarowitz. Coming down to more familiar days, we find Peter the Great administering poison to his son, the Czarowitz Alexis, nominally as punishment for treason, but in reality because the prince hated the Western ways of his father, and openly proclaimed his intention of abolishing as soon as he came to the throne all the Occidental reforms introduced by the founder of modern Russia. There are few more dramatic pages in Muscovite annals than those describing the closing scene of this drama acted by the emperor and his heir in the dungeons of the Kremlin of Moscow, and in the presence of the leading dignitaries of the realm.

From that time forth nothing more was heard of czarowitzes until near the end of the last century when Catherine II conferred the title upon her son Paul. In the interval between his nomination and the death of Peter the Great the throne was occupied by Empress Catherine I., Elizabeth and Catherine II., who may be said to have owed their own elevation to might, rather than right, while Peter II reigned by virtue of Catherine's testament, Ivan IV by that of Anne, and Peter III by the nomination of Empress Elizabeth. It is almost impossible to describe the cruelties to which the Czarowitz Paul was subjected by his mother, Empress Catherine, who hated him toward the latter part of her reign with such a bitter hatred that his life was in constant danger. She repeatedly sought to have him put out of the way, and left a will disinheriting him in favor of his eldest son Alexander, who was her favorite. This document, however, was burned immediately after her death by Count Kurkakin, a friend of Paul, and the latter ascended the throne. There is but little doubt that the cruelties which he had been subjected to by his mother had impaired his mind, and that he was insane during portion of his brief reign, which was brought to a close by his assassination with the connivance of his two eldest sons. During his lucid moments he, however, did two sensible things. He restored to liberty the Polish patriot, Kosciusco, who thereupon came to this country and spent a number of years at West Point, on the Hudson, and he repealed the decree of Peter the Great which made the inheritancy of the thron dependent upon the will of the reigning sovereign, and endowed Russia with the laws of succession that remain in force today. Inasmuch as there is no constitution in Russia, and the rulers of that country are in every sense of the word autocrats, both temporally and ecclesiastically, it is within the power of the present czar to modify at any moment, and at his caprice, the laws of succession decreed by his ancestor, the madman Paul.

Emperor Alexander I became emperor without ever having been czarowitz, that title, as stated, having been conferred upon his younger brother Constantine as a reward for military services. Yet on the death of Alexander without male issue, it was not Constantine that succeeded to the throne, but his younger brother, Nicholas I. It is said that Czarowitz Constantine's renunciation of his right to the succession to the throne in favor of his younger brother Nicholas was voluntary. But to this day the entire affair remains shrouded in the densest mystery. No one, save possibly, some of the members of the reigning family in Russia, and the keepers of the imperial archieves, being cognizant of the motives that prompted Constantine to make way for his younger brother. There has always been a question as to whether he did so willingly or not. For he accepted the oath of allegiance from the council of the empire, and from the troops after the death of Alexander, and then withdrew only when the act of renunciation which he had signed was produced by his mother. Those who declined to transfer their allegiance from Constantine to Nicholas were thereupon either banished to Siberia or put to death literally by the thousands. Nicholas, in fact, may be said to have waded through a sea of blood in order to reach the throne which his elder brother had for some unknown but potent reason been forced to abandon in his favor.

It was only after Constantine's death that Nicholas, by a ukase dated Sept. 10, 1831, invested his son Alexander, at that time 14 years old, with the title of czarowitz, and although the latter lived to succeed to the throne, yet he met with the most appalling death that it is possible to conceive, the entire lower part of his body being blown to pieces by the nitro glycerine bombs of the nihilists in 1881. The eldest son, Nicholas, was invested with the title of czarowitz, at the time of his own accession in 1855, but the young prince died eleven years later at Nice of tuberculosis of the lungs, brought on in the same manner as the malady to which Grand Duke George had just succumbed—namely: by a blow from his brother in the chest, delivered either in the course of boxing or during some rough horseplay. The only difference between the two cases is that, whereas it was the elder brother, the present Emperor Nicholas, who struck the blow that culminated in the death of the late Czarowitz George the other day, it was the younger brother (subsequently Alexander III) whose blow caused the premature death of Czarowitz Nicholas in 1865, almost on the eve of the day appointed for his wedding. Just before Czarowitz Nicholas expired he placed the hand of his betrothed in that of his brother, Alexander, entreating them to marry. Their consent to his dying request was given with manifest reluctance on either side, but, to the astonishment of all, the match turned out one of the happiest of royal or imperial unions in modern times.

His eldest son, the present emperor, while still czarowitz, was murderously assaulted in Japan, sustaining at the hand of his would-be assassin injuries from which he has never altogether recovered, and now, we have the death of Czarowitz George, after a career shrouded in almost as much gloom as that of Czarowitz Constantine. Like the later, George had a morganic wife, who died under such peculiar circumstances in 1894 as to give rise to the suspicion of foul play, and he lived in such a degree of retirement that few of his brother's subjects knew him even by sight, while his name was rarely, if ever mentioned, either officially or otherwise. His relations with the present emperor, Nicholas II, were quite as strained as those which existed between Czarowitz Constantine and Nicholas I., and, in one word, the same veil of mystery may be said to envelop the last six years of the career of Czarowitz George as that which enshrouded the last six years years of the life of Czarowitz Constantine.

Under the circumstances it will be admitted that Grand Duke Michael, who has just been proclaimed heir to the throne, has reason to feel relieved by the neglect of his eldest brother to invest him with the dignity of a czarowitz, all the more as he will enjoy all the prerogatives and status of next heir to the throne until the young empress gives birth to a son, which she is not expected to do until the completion of the Talgane prediction, according to the terms of which she is to bring into the world no less than seven daughters before presenting her husband and the nation with a son. Moreover, as heir to the throne, Michael, who is slightly over 21 years of age, is entitled to the regency in the event either of the emperor becoming mentally or physically incapacitated from reigning or in case of his death, leaving a son who is a minor. Thanks to the extraordinary influence wielded over him by his mother, who is the life and soul of the reactionary and anti-liberal party in Russia, and he may be relied upon to inaugurate a policy diametrically opposed to that of Nicholas if he secures control of the reins of government, and it is this conviction which prevails among all classes of Russian officials, that renders it so extremely difficult for the present emperor to secure an honest and loyal obedience to his behests. Nicholas' life—a precarious one at the best, what with the danger of assassination and his constitutional delicacy of health—is all that stands in the way of a return to the old policy of medieval despotism that prevailed during the lifetime of his father and his namesake, the first Emperor Nicholas. Until he has a son who is of age and who shares in his own enlightened and progressive views, there is no guarantee whatever of the continuity of the liberal policy which he has tried so hard to establish. That is why the "Tchinovicks"—that is to say, the officeholders—not merely disobey but even actually obstruct his wishes and commands, convinced that by so doing they commend themselves to the favor of the empress mother and Grand Duke Michael, whereas if they identify themselves with the policy of Nicholas, they run the risk of disgrace at his death. It is this peculiar condition of affairs that must be ascribed the apparent contradiction between the utterance of the czar and the acts of the Russian government. All his best intentions are frustrated.

### A DICKENS CHARACTER DIES.

John Chipperfield, the original of "Lamps of Mugby Junction," in All the Year Round, has just died in his 84th year. He was born in Dartford in 1816, and became a baker, but it was a calling in which he made bread for others rather than himself, and in 1851 he became "lampman" at Tilbury terminus. He subsequently rose to the dignity of a "lamp inspectorship." During the forty-five years of his railway career he lived in the same cottage at Tilbury. Charles Dickens, who was a frequent traveler on the London, Tilbury & Southend railway, made the acquaintance of the diligent, and spent many an hour in the lamp room at Tilbury listening to the wit and wisdom, the anecdotes and arguments of Chipperfield. The result was the sketch of "Lamps' of Mugby Junction." Another visitor was Gen. Gordon, who was an admirer of his principles, devotion to duty and conversational gifts. The gallant general gave Chipperfield his portrait, which always occupied the place of honor on his parlor wall. The funeral of the old lampman was attended by many hundreds of friends and acquaintances.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.


**Special Excursion.**

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS AND PUEBLO, VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Sept. 5, 6 and 7. Round trip, $32.15. Tickets good returning until Oct. 2.



Steam Heat. Electric Lights. Modern Conveniences.

When in Calumet Stop at—

**THE ESTHER HOTEL,**

C. L. THOMAS, Prop.

Sample rooms in connection.

The Finest Hotel in the City. Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts. CALUMET, MICH.


STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of St. Louis—SS.

DISTRICT COURT, ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Stephen T. Miller, as sole surviving Executor and Trustee under the Last Will and Testament of Seth Miller, deceased,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Elmina McDaniel, Henry E. McDaniel, her husband, Stephen T. Miller, Watts T. Miller, Jane F. Stottsenberg, Emily S. Burrell, Helen A. Miller Young, (formerly Helen A. Miller), Mary E. Miller, as Executrix, and Wallace Percy Knapp, as Executor, under the Last Will and Testament of Charles Addison Miller, deceased, Mary E. Miller and Wallace Percy Knapp, as Trustees under the Last Will and Testament of Charles Addison Miller, deceased, Mary E. Miller, Laura Miller, Caroline Miller Knapp, (formerly Caroline Miller), Charles Duncan Miller and James Ely Miller,

Defendants.

TO THE HONORABLE COURT ABOVE NAMED:—

Your petitioner, said plaintiff, respectfully shows:

I.

That said action has been instituted by your petitioner to procure a decree of said Court, that he is the owner of a mortgage for Thirty-seven hundred Dollars ($3700.00) made by said Elmina McDaniel and Henry E. McDaniel to Duluth Trust Company, dated September 30, 1885, recorded October 11th, 1885, in the Register of Deeds' office of said County in Book one hundred twenty-four (124) of Mortgages, page one hundred ten (110); free from all claims of said defendants and for the foreclosure of the same.

II.

That said defendants, Charles Duncan Miller and James Ely Miller, are each infants over fourteen years of age and neither of them has a testamentary or general guardian within said State, nor is either of them within said State.

III.

That the summons herein has been served by publication upon each of said infant defendants and more than twenty days have elapsed since the service thereof upon each of them, but they have not nor has either of them applied for the appointment of a guardian ad litem herein.

WHEREFORE your petitioner prays that said Court appoint some suitable person guardian ad litem for each of said infant defendants.

Dated September 5th, 1899.

TOWNE & MERCHANT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—SS.

Huntington W. Merchant, being first duly sworn, says: That he is one of the attorneys for the plaintiff in the above entitled action. That the foregoing and within petition is true to the best of his knowledge, information and belief. That the reason that this verification is made by affiant and not by said plaintiff is that said plaintiff is absent from said County of St. Louis, where resides this affiant.

HUNTINGTON W. MERCHANT.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of September, 1899.

W. W. BRADBURY,
Notary Public St. Louis County, Minnesota.

(Notarial Seal St. Louis County, Minn.)

Take notice that upon the foregoing petition duly filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, plaintiff will move said Court for the appointment of some suitable person as guardian ad litem herein for each of said infant defendants, at a Special Term of said Court, appointed to be held in and for said County at the Court House, in the City of Duluth, on September 20th, 1899, at 9:30 o'clock A. M.

Dated September 5th, 1899.

TOWNE & MERCHANT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 103-106 Duluth Trust Co. Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-8-15-22-1899.

DEFECTIVE PAGE




HANAN'S Fall Shoes are here. For beauty of design and workmanship they cannot be equalled. Others say they have as good, but our customers know better. The Hanan Shoe at $5.00 is the best Shoe on earth at the price. Once a customer, always a customer of The Great Eastern Shoe Department.

WE LEAD IN CLOTHES, HATS AND SHOES.

The Great Eastern Duluth.

M. S. BURROWS.

Store Open Tomorrow Night Till 11 o'clock.

REGISTERED. MOVEO. E. P. PROFICIO. KNOX NEW YORK.

Patronize American industry—wear the KNOX Hat which is the recognized standard of EXCELLENCE throughout the world. Six highest awards at the Columbian Exposition. For sale by M. S. Burrows.

# New Fall Goods!

**Cheap Merchandise, as Prices Go,** but the worthiest lot of goods in every other way you ever saw. A better stock of bright, new goods than we are now prepared to show it would be hard to find in any other store. New styles and low prices assert themselves at every point. Our collection rivals all past efforts for price, style and quality. Look the town over and you'll not find another stock to equal The Great Store's. You'll hardly believe that such values can be procured, but here they are---your eyes and fingers will affirm the bargain story. We are showing the choicest lot of goods this season it has ever been our happy privilege to exhibit to the people of Duluth.



NEW Fall Overcoats.

So far we have received about 25 styles, all handsome and decidedly dressy and new in Meltons, Kerseys, Covert Cloth and Irish Frieze.
Today we speak of three distinct styles, which we consider especially worthy of your attention.
At $16.00—A genuine Irish Frieze in nobby Top Coat, made up with all the earmarks of swell custom tailoring. This coat without any exaggeration is easily worth $20.00. Just to open the season, take them at.....

**$16.00**

At $18.00—An extra heavy Covert Cloth, short top style, box back, heavy wool lined silk yoke. A very swell looking garment and remarkably cheap for....

**$18.00**

At $20.00—A full silk lined light colored Covert Cloth Coat, tailored in the very latest style. This coat is a beauty. A good tailor wouldn't make a more stylish or better looking garment for twice the money. Tomorrow.....

**$20.00**

## New Fall Suits.

At $10.00—Men's New Fall Suits. 25 Oxfords, Mixed Cassimeres, cut sack style, famous satin body lining, hand made button holes, all sizes, 34 to 42. This suit is actually worth $14.00, but through a lucky stroke in buying we offer them for.....

**$10.00**

At $12.00—15 fancy choice weaves, Blue and Black Check Worsteds, full 6 inch, some cloth facing with satin piping, heavy Italian cloth, body being good quality, sleeve lining, made up in a very stylish manner. A regular $15.00 suit for.....

**$12.00**

At $15.00—From 50 handsome styles at $15.00 we pick one in particular we consider a beauty. A new herring bone Striped Worsted in dark, the very newest thing shown for fall wear. The vest is cut double breasted style, the trousers are handsomely tailored and right up-to-date. If you didn't know the price you'd thing this suit cheap for $20.00. Tomorrow.....

**$15.00**



## Boys' Department.

Take Elevator— 2nd Floor.



Exceptional good things for our little friends, the children.

Teach them a lesson in economy before school begins by fitting them out in the store. Start them right, that's half the battle. Dress them up nicely and see that they are as well provided as other children. This will give them ease and confidence that cannot be acquired in any other way. School Clothes, Hats, Shoes and the little furnishing fixing will cost you very little if you buy them in our homelike Boys' department.





**Middy Suits at $2.50—**
Three styles in all wool navy, brown and gray Cassimeres made up with new separate vest in the newest fall style, trimmed with braid to match.
Ages 3 to 8 years, cute little suits at the price..... **$2.50**



**Middy Suits at $3.50—5 New Fall Styles.**
We mention one in particular that we consider a little gem, made from navy blue, all wool Vicuna Cloth, deep sailor collar, vest and coat collar trimmed with black, white or red braid, ages 3 to 8 years. Price..... **$3.50**



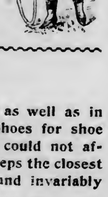
**Vestee Suits at $5.00—**
Why, Mothers simply go into ecstasy over the beautiful lot of novelty suits we show at this price, we have them in navy blue serge and heavy twilled worsteds and all the new effects in fancy Scotch checks. These suits are made up in single and double breasted vests, roll and fancy lappel on coat, ages 3 to 9 years. Price..... **$5.00**

**Boys' School Suits at $3.00—**
Four particularly good styles, navy and black cheviots, brown, gray and fancy mixed cassimeres and tweeds, coat double breasted style, pants have double seat and knees, riveted buttons, warranted not to rip, every mother will be pleased with these suits at..... **$3.00**



**School Suits at $5.00—3 styles for Saturday—**
Blue serge, brown cassimere and gray worsteds, every one of them an exceptional bargain at the price, coats cut double breasted style, pants have reinforced seats and knee, double stitched seams, warranted not to rip. Price..... **$5.00**

**Boys' Long Pant Suits at $8.00—**
2 styles for Saturday—
Blue cassimere in single and double breasted coats, gray worsted in single breasted coats with double breasted vest, best lining and trimming, made up with all the little new improvements in the fall of '99 latest fashions.
Price tomorrow only..... **$8.00**



**Furnishing Goods Dept.**

We are now showing a complete line of—

**Wool Underwear—**
The proper medium weights for fall wear. The kinds that will prevent you from catching colds and rheumatism in this changeable climate of ours—Prices from

**$1.50 up.**

**New Neckwear.**
Coming in every day—All the leading shapes, and colorings—made from the richest and softest silks—Prices from

**50c to $2.50.**

**New Gloves—**
**New Colored Shirts.**

**Hat and Cap Dept.**

***Knox Hats—***
Which are the recognized standard of excellence throughout the world, are now on sale.

***The Burrows Hats—***
In all the leading makes, styles and colors, which for quality is the best that **$3.50** will buy are equal to many $5 Hats.
We have in stock 24 dozen Stiff Hats in Black, Brown, Walnut and Cedar colors, regular $2.00 and $2.50 quality—to open the fall Hat business—YOUR CHOICE— **$1.25**

20 dozen Fedora Hats in Black, Brown, Castor and Hazel color, $2.50 and $3.00 qualities—Saturday—**$1.98.**

***Boys' Fedora & Crush Hats***
In Black, Brown and Pearl colors, silk trimmings, fall styles—**$1.00 and $1.50.**

**M. S. BURROWS,**
Duluth's Greatest Hatter.

## Our Great Shoe Department.

Don't ever get the idea into your minds that you can't buy Shoes in a clothing store equally as well as in an exclusive shoe store, for you can—and a great deal better. The same factories that make Shoes for shoe stores are glad to make Shoes for Clothing stores just so long as they get their money. And we could not afford to sell poor shoes and get big prices, it would burst our clothing business. This great store keeps the closest watch on the shoe market, and when anything good comes along we are always sure to know it, and invariably have the first choice. That's why the best shoe shapes come our way, and explains why we can offer these exceptional values for TOMORROW.....



**Boys' School Shoes.**

100 pairs Boys' and Youths' School Shoes, satin calf Shoes, all sizes from 12 to 5½; your pick of the lot for only..... **98c**

58 pairs Boys' and Youths' School Shoes, all solid leather, satin calf, Bunker Hill School Shoes, sizes 12 to 6, you can't match them in town for $2.00, our price is only..... **$1.50**

100 pairs Boys' School Shoes, box calf, Kangaroo calf and English grain solid Bunker Hill School Shoes, in blacks and tans, all nobby up-to-date goods—a pair.. **$2.00**

***Same in Youth's for $1.75.***



**The Burrows Regent $3.50 Shoe,**
The Shoe with the Famous Reputation.
Fall styles are in. The best Shoe for the price in the world. Over forty up-to-date styles. If you want a $5.00 quality and style for a

***$3.50***

price, we are the people that can give it to you. Come and see

**Hanan's New Fall Shoes**
For beauty and wear have absolutely no equal in the world. The fall styles are simply elegant. This famous maker has broken all records in designing comfortable and dressy lasts for th efastidious tastes. Leathers—Cordovan, box calf, enamel, storm calf, French calf, Russia calf and patent leather. Colors—Black, Tan and combinations. Styles—Lace, Blucher and button. Price—**$5.00.**



**The Burrows Wear-Well**
**$2.50 Shoe—a Brother to the Regent.**
A shoe that we will make famous at the price. What is the price? Why!

only **$2.50**

—equal to shoe stores' $3.50 Shoes. Made in Black and Tan, vici, box calf, English grain, wax calf, colt skin and kangaroo calf. Full double and half double soles. Leather or canvas lined—A nobby up-to-date shoe at a popular price—Uncedia pair at $2.50.

**M. S. BURROWS ✦ M. S. BURROWS ✦ M. S. BURROWS**


# PAVING PROBLEM

## Mayor Truelsen Favors Kettle River Stone and Gives His Reasons.

## MR. SMITH'S VISION

## He Sees a Municipal Heating Plant and Many Other Things.

The repaving of West Superior street continues to be the star attraction of the bill boards at the city hall. Mayor Truelsen said this morning that according to his way of thinking, the only paving for Duluth's down town streets would be Kettle river sandstone. This, according to the mayor, will wear better than granite, and will wear smooth, while vitrified brick, he says, will chip off and eventually become rough and slippery. The mayor's ideal paving is asphaltum, but he says that he doubts if the climatic conditions of Duluth would be beneficial to such a paving.

President Smith of the board of public works, in discussing the paving problem this morning, put forth a new proposition that will undoubtedly be interesting. He says that there is only one condition under which he would recommend an asphalt paving for West Superior street, and that would be to have all wires and mains underground, and have all telegraph, telephone and electric poles removed from the street in the down town portions of the city. This is along the line of Mr. Smith's views published yesterday, but he has new interesting features to offer after thinking the matter over carefully. He says that in order to make asphalt a success on Superior street there should be a subway eight or ten feet in diameter down the center of the street, and into that subway should be placed all water and gas pipes, electric light and power wires, in fact everything except the sewers. At the corner of each block he would have a subway leading off under the sidewalks, and all connections with the houses would be made from the side of the streets, with small conduits running along under the sidewalks. In this way there would be no digging up the street paving every time a pipe leaked, froze up and every time connections had to be made. There would be a manhole into the subway at every corner, and it would be possible for a man to walk through the subway when looking for leaks or making repairs. Mr Smith said that he supposed the natural objection to this plan would be that the pipes in the subway would be more likely to freeze in cold weather than under the present system. He said, however, that he had a new plan to offer here.

Mr. Smith, who has made a careful study of municipal plants for many years, says that the time will come when there will be a municipal heating plant, similar to private plants which have been tried with success in New York. This plan would be to furnish heat for all the houses of the city by means of steam, at a very cheap rate. There would be a large heating plant, similar to the pumping station at Lakewood, and the steam would be piped through the city and into the houses just as the water supply is furnished, and to remove all possibility of the pipes freezing, Mr. Smith says that the heating pipes could be run through the subway along with all other pipes. He says that the cost of such a municipal heating plant would not be great, and he referred to the fact that at all the sawmills vast quantities of slab wood was burned every year and the heat wasted, whereas in the case of a municipal heating plant this waste could be used to cheapen the cost of production. Mr. Smith also says that the municipal plant could furnish all the sawmills with hot pools, so that the mills could run all winter at a comparatively small expense. Mr. Smith admits that his scheme is probably a little in advance of what Duluth is ready to prepare for, but he says that it is feasible, and his system of subways is the only way, according to his views, in which the faults of an asphalt pavement could be overcome.


**Special family rates at The Spalding for the winter in effect Oct. 1st.**


### Rev. Putnam Cady Coming.

The young people of the Second Presbyterian church have secured Rev. Putnam Cady, of Amsterday, N. Y., to deliver a course of three lectures on the Holy Land. Rev. Mr. Cady was for years the popular pastor of the Hammond Avenue Presbyterian church of West Superior, and has many friends in this city who will be pleased to know of his return. He is thoroughly familiar with his subject, having twice visited Palestine, and being a personal friend of the United States consul at Jerusalem, secured admittance to many places in the Holy Land which have been closed to the ordinary tourist.

The lectures will be given during the month of October, and for the benefit of the Second Presbyterian church rebuilding fund. Dates will be announced later.

### Awards Hose Contracts.

At a special meeting of the board of fire commissioners yesterday afternoon it was decided to split even on the contract for furnishing fire hose for the No. 4 hall, which will be reopened shortly. Fifteen bids were received and the commissioners decided to award the contract for 1500 feet of hose to the New York Belting and Packing company, through the Kelley Hardware company, of this city, and the Chicago Fire Hose company, through W. E. Bailey, of West Duluth. Each company gets 750 feet for $600. The New York concern guarantees its hose for five years, while the Chicago house guarantee covers four years. The hose will be furnished within thirty days.


**$11.30 Milwaukee, Wis., $11.30**
ROUND TRIP—STATE FAIR—VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Milwaukee, Wis., and return, $11.30. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15; good returning Sept. 16. Three trains daily. Choice routes. Tickets and information at Union depot and St. Paul & Duluth ticket office, 332 West Superior street.


### St. Paul's Kindergarten

will reopen Monday, Sept. 11, 1508 East Superior street. Miss Alice E. Butchart.

### WILL GO TO ST. PAUL.

**Three Duluth Companies to Participate in Thirteenth's Reception.**

The members of the Duluth National Guard companies are waiting anxiously for news as to when the Thirteenth Minnesota will be mustered out at San Francisco. It is settled now that the three companies will go to the Twin Cities to participate in the celebration of the return of the Thirteenth, but the date of the trip can not be fixed till it is known how long the Thirteenth will be detained at San Francisco.

Next week will witness a renewal of activity in National Guard circles. Drills will be resumed by most of the companies, and each of the company commanders report many new recruits joining their respective commands. Drills will continue steadily all winter and the local companies expect to be able to hold the high ratings of the last inspection at the mid-winter inspection.

### FILES A CROSS BILL.

**Receiver Hartley Holds Barge 134 Responsible For Accident.**

Some time ago the American Steel Barge company brought an action against Receiver G. G. Hartley of the Duluth-Superior Bridge company to recover damages for an accident to barge 134, which was injured last May when going through the draw of the bridge because the draw was not opened in time for it. This morning the answer of the receiver was filed and also a cross bill for damages to the amount of $2500. The receiver claims that at the time the barge wanted to go through a street car was derailed on the bridge, and that while the car was on the bridge the draw could not be swung; that the bridge operatives gave the vessel warning, but that the tug and vessel did not pay any attention to them and came on at an improper rate of speed. The receiver claims the car had been placed on the rails and was off the bridge in time to get the draw open, and that the vessel would have gone through all right if the vessel had not carelessly dropped her anchors and dragged them on the bottom, where they caught the electric cable through which power for the operation of the bridge is supplied and broke it. This cut the power off and the draw could not be moved. The receiver claims that the damage to the cable was $2500 and wants to recover that sum.


**RAMBLES ABOUT PARIS,**
By the famous raconteur, traveler and lecturer,
**Mr. Basil Burwell,**
At the Pilgrim Congregational Church,
FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 8, AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Admission, 25 Cents.


### Papers Filed Today.

The papers in the deal mentioned by The Herald a few days ago, in which Robert B. Whitesides disposed of a large quantity of standing pine, were filed in the office of the register of deeds this morning. For a consideration of $26,435.16 he transfers to the Day Bros. Lumber company the timber on lands in sections 6 and 7, 62-13, and sections 1, 2 and 12, 62-14. For a consideration of $57,058.55 he transfers to Jacob Gensmann, of Marathon county, Wis., and John Oelhafen, of Lincoln county, Wis., timber on the following lands: In sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 19, 62-12; in sections 13 and 27, 63-15; in sections 11, 12, 13, 24 and 25, 63-14; in sections 33, 35 and 36, 64-1.

### Amount of the Awards.

The report of the commissioners appointed by the court some time ago on the petition of the Northern Pacific to make awards in the condemnation proceedings begun by the road against certain lands on Rice's Point was filed in district court this morning. Among the principal awards is $1000 to the Western Land association, $1500 to the R. A. Gray estate, $150 to the Eastern Minnesota road, $2600 to the various owners and claimants of block 65, Rice's Point, and $2000 to the Duluth Transfer Railway company. A number of awards of $1 each for crossing avenues and alleys were made. The commissioners are C. H. Graves, George H. Claypool and Frank E. Kennedy.

### United Commercial Travelers' Dance

At Harmonie hall, Lester Park, Friday evening, Sept. 8. Extra car service assured. La Brosse's orchestra, five pieces. E. L. Fisher, prompter.

## An Hour With Kahida.

**This Famous Gypsy Clairvoyant and Palmist Possesses Wonderful Gifts.**

The science of palmistry has long since ceased to be a mere matter of conjecture. The most intelligent people of this age concede that the hand can be read just as well as the head. Many of them even go further and are strong believers in clairvoyance. It has been demonstrated beyond peradventure, that those who possess this supernatural power, have most truthfully and accurately foretold coming vents. It is a well-known fact that Jay Gould, the once famous wizard of Wall street, had his own private clairvoyant, whom he always consulted before entering upon any large stock speculation.

It is a lamentable fact that there are fakes and imposters in almost every profession and business under the sun and clairvoyants and palmists have troubles of their own, just the same as others. These imposters always affect the legitimate more or less in consequence of which worthy people are looked upon with suspicion until they have become known to the community. We now have in our midst one of the greatest living palmists and clairvoyants of the afe. "Kahida," the famous Gypsy, is this illustrious personage, and although but a short time in Duluth she has made many freinds by her truthful interpretations.

A party of young folks, among whom was the writer, called upon Kahida at her apartments in the Spalding hotel yesterday. The usual skeptic was among the number, but before leaving Kahida had completely convinced and won over one and all, and they are now awaiting the future with great interest.

As a palimist Kahida has no superiors and few rivals. As a clairvoyant she possesses mysterious powers which are wonderful. Nature has certainly endowed Kahida with extraordinary gifts. It is a great pleasure to meet a woman of Kahida's type. She is intelligent, bright and clever. She possesses a quiet, charming disposition and one need not be an expert judge of human nature to read in her face a character endowed with nature's best virtues and rarest gifts.


*Silberstein & Bondy Company.*

**Sole Agents for Fownes' "La Tosca" at $2.50, and the "Alexandrae" at $1.50.**

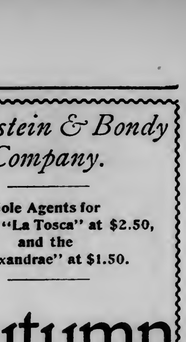
# Autumn Kid Gloves

## Are Here.

The "Clementina," made by Crispi & Co., of Milan, Italy, in Browns, Tans, Oxblood, White and Black. Every pair fitted and guaranteed.

**Pre-eminently the very best Dollar Glove in the world.**

## Children's New Jackets.



First arrivals are here; all the new Autumn ideas for Children's Wear; Blue, Oxblood Red, Tan and Brown. Kersey Cloth, good heavyweights.

**$4.75, $6.50 $7.50 and $9.00**

## Fur Collarettes.



Dozens of handsome styles are here in Astrakhan Electric Seal, Persian Lamb and Hudson Bay Golden Beaver; fashionably made and trimmed. Prices start at—

**$5.75 and then $9.75, $10.50, $12.50 $15.75, $21.50 and up.**

*Silberstein & Bondy Company.*


### Card of Thanks.

The undersigned relatives of Miss Ada Butler, who died last Monday, desire to extend their heartfelt thanks to all the friends and neighbors who so kindly extended their sympathy and assisted them in their bereavement, and especially to Dr. Robinson for his unremitting care.

MR. AND MRS. J. M. MACEY.
MRS. MARY BUTLER.
BURNS BUTLER.

### On Your Lake Trip

Do not fail to get an Evening Herald from the newsboy as you pass the Soo.


**"LIKE PULLING TEETH."**



**You neglect your Teeth mainly for TWO REASONS:**

You are **"afraid"** of being hurt.
And you are **"afraid"** of the expense.

Do not stay away from this office because of these reasons. We can and do surprise you in both. Come before "Mr. Tooth Ache" or "Mr. Swell Face" compels you to go. We use the latest improved methods and appliances which make the extraction of teeth and all operations in filling and crown and brigde-work **absolutely painless.**

The dentist who tortures you in this age by the old-fashioned antiquated methods is two years behind the times and unworthy of patronage. No matter how bad your teeth may be or how great a number, we extract them absolutely without pain.

We make no charge for extracting teeth when our best rubber or metal plate is ordered.

**DR. SOHIFFMAN, Dentist,**
Burrows Bldg., Cor. Third Ave. W. and Superior St.
Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

TWELVE PAGES--SEOTION TWO--PAGES 7 to 12

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1899.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

## AN EXTRA SESSION

### The President Likely to Call Congress Together in October.

### WAITING FOR HANNA

### Trip to the Coast Abandoned But Duluth May Be Visited.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The rumor so many times circulated within the last six months that President McKinley would call congress together in advance of the regular meeting next December is again revived.

Many new reasons are advanced here by public men why the president will find it advisable to have an extra session of congress, and if he so decides he will issue a call so that the time of meeting will not be later than Oct. 15. This would give the Republicans the advantage of working fully six weeks in advance of the regular assemblage, and would enable them to put through plans which are considered necessary in order to keep the government running on a smooth basis during the present period of war between this government and the insurgents in the Philippines.

It is also recognized that there is any amount of necessity for congress to take further action regarding the government of Uncle Sam's newly acquired possessions, and the earlier the statesmen get together the prediction is made, the more satisfactory the outcome will be to them, to the president and to his chances for re-election a year from next November.

It is stated on excellent authority today that the president will not finally decide whether or not congress shall be assembled in extra session until Senator Hanna of Ohio, chairman of the Republican national congressional campaign committee, returns Washington from his European trip and discusses the situation from every standpoint with the president.

Hanna is on his way home and it is understood here that his trip abroad has benefited him greatly, both physically and mentally. He is, therefore, in a position to give the president advice. He is also in a position to manage the Republican campaign in Ohio with his old time vigor, and unless the unforeseen happens he will be ready to take charge of Mr. McKinley's campaign for renomination next spring and also the campaign which will either result in his success or defeat at the polls in November, 1900.

Of course it is not necessary to point out the many reasons that will be advanced why President McKinley and Senator Hanna and other advisers will discover that an early session of congress is extremely advisable, and will redound to the credit of the administration, therefore bettering its chances for support in the next national campaign.

In any event the outlook is that the expense of conducting the war in the Philippines, and in maintaining our supremacy in Hawaii, Cuba and Porto Rico has been very much more than was anticipated by the president, or any of the able financiers who have given him advice, since the Dingley war tariff bill became a law. The necessity for some action is apparent, it is now claimed, by men who have studied the situation very thoroughly. They say that the president has been advised by his political associates, as well as his official advisers that the existing revenue laws must be changed so that more money is put into the treasury to pay for the enormous expense that the government is now under in attempting to quell the insurrection in the Philippines and in guarding affairs in Hawaii, Cuba, Porto Rico and other new possessions this government has secured within recent years.

It is stated here by the president's most intimate friends that he is very sorry that he has been compelled to abandon his Western trip. It was not definitely known until late last week whether or not the president would be able to go farther west than Chicago this fall. It now seems that the possibility that he will be compelled to assemble congress in extra session as early as Oct. 15, and the fact that Mrs. McKinley is not in good health, will prevent the president from making the swing around the circle in the Western states that he has so pleasantly anticipated during the past year.

Of course it is well known that the president had this trip in view fully a year ago. He had promised many of the leading politicians and members of congress from the West that he would visit their states, make brief speeches, and, in some instances, had expected to greet and review the returning volunteers from the Philippines. Of course Mr. McKinley, as did President Harrison when he was in the White House, expected to make a semi-official canvass during his Western trip. He, like President Harrison, expected that to meet the people in the far Western states would make him votes, and would also place him closer to them than to remain in the capital, as has been the case with the chief executives heretofore who arrived at the decision that it was not dignified for them to make anything that looked like a campaign show in advance of renomination.

That the president intended to visit towns in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Washington, California, Colorado, Utah, Kansas, Nebraska, and Missouri is known to be a fact. That he is not able to do so is not his fault. That he does not desire to give up his trip is a well known fact. He has so told such men as Senator Carter of Montana and others of equal prominence who are now in Washington. There is just one lingering hope of the president that when he gets to Chicago the health of Mrs. McKinley may be so much better, and the conditions so changed, that he can go as far west at least as North Dakota, and in that event the people who have asked him to visit this commonwealth should be fully advised so that arrangements can be made to receive him. Of course if he goes to North Dakota he will be able to stop a day or two in Minneapolis and St. Paul, and one day in Duluth. It is not probable, however, that the president, under any circumstances, will be able to get as far west as Seattle this fall.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

### LADIES FINISH BUSINESS.

#### G. A. R. Auxiliary Organizations Wind Up Business at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia Sept. 8.—The Women's Relief corps completed its business yesterday by electing the following executive committee: Mrs. C. J. Cummings, Pennsylvania; Mrs. M. Morgan, Kansas; Mrs. G. Gates, Vermont; Mrs. Lucinda A. Scott, Missouri; Mrs. Jennie Ball, North Dakota. The recommendation made by the president of the corps giving $20,000 to the Grand Army of the Republic, was favorably passed upon.

The last session of the Ladies' Veteran Aid mission was held yesterday, at which the officers elected at Wednesday's session were installed. No other business of importance was transacted. The only other business pending to be done by the Ladies of the G. A. R. in annual session, was the election of president. There was a very spirited contest for the honor which resulted in the election of Mrs. Julia B. Shadel, of Philadelphia.

### CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.

#### White Bear Yacht Club Will Contest For Cup.

Montreal, Sept. 8.—The sailing committee of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht club have considered the challenges received for the Seawanlake international challenge cup for small yachts for the season of 1899. There were two challenges, one from the White Bear Yacht club of Minnesota, and one from the Bridgeport Yacht club of Connecticut. Of the two challenges sent in, unanimous preference was given to that of the White Bear club, which had been placed in the hands of the sailing committee of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht club the moment Glencairn III had crossed the line a winner in the fifth and deciding race of this years contest for the cup. It has been decided that as the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht club as holder of the cup may stipulate, within certain limits regarding the type of boat eligible to sail, the cup next year will be defended by a much larger boat than those that have previously sailed for the trophy.

### McCLELLAND-HOPKINS BOUT.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 8.—Jack McClelland, of Philadelphia, knocked out Joe Hopkins (colored), of New York, in the fifteenth round at the Metropolitan club last night, before the largest crowd in the club's history. The contest was exciting at all stages, and McClelland was a strong first choice.

### TO FIGHT CEMENT COMBINE.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The Union Cement company, with a capital of upwards of $2,500 000, has been organized in this city in opposition to the recently formed cement combine.

### GREAT WESTERN ELECTION.

#### President Stickney and All Other High Officials Re-Elected.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Great Western lines, held in this city, yesterday, President Stickney submitted his statement supplemental to the annual report recently published. He said that the total issue of the debenture stock is $12,655,500, which, excepting a little less than $3,000,000, is a first lien on the entire railway, which has a mileage of 840.35; also a first lien on rolling stock, which represents an outlay of more than $2,500,000, and on the company's equity in rolling stock purchased on the car trust plan, costing about $2,200,000, of which amount about $1,425,000 remains unpaid; also upon two shop plants, one of which was completed this year at a cost of $300,000; also a first lien upon the company's lease estate in extensive Chicago terminals and trackage.

At the meeting the following were elected directors: A. B. Stickney, Ansel O. Denheim, O. W. Benson, E. Weyerhaeuser, Arnold Kalman, J. W. Lusk and S. C. Stickney, of St. Paul; E. E. Fletcher, of Minneapolis, and S. H. Wheeler, of New York. President Stickney and the other high officials of the line were re-elected.

## A LEWIS BOOM.

### The Ex-Washington Congressman a Vice Presidential Possibility.

Washington, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The boom of James Hamilton Lewis for the Democratic vice presidential nomination next year seems to have been very successfully launched.

Stories were sent broadcast from Washington all over the country to the effect that Col. Bryan and his friends were considering the former congressman from Washington state for this high position. Before his departure for Europe Col. Lewis, it is believed, was aware of the fact that the Democratic leaders were considering him as a running mate for Col. Bryan, provided it was decided that it would be advisable for them to take some man from the far West. Of course it would be unadvisable for these politicians to select a man from the middle West, for the reason that Col. Bryan is a resident of Nebraska. It will therefore be necessary to select the vice presidential candidate from either the Pacific coast or the Atlantic coast. As George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts, does not seem to be making any determined effort to secure the nomination, and at one time it was reported that he would not accept, no other man in the East looms up for the honor, and the West is therefore likely to be asked to present a man for the vice presidency at the next national convention.

As Col. Lewis is regarded as a man mentally capable of making just as good a campaign as Col. Bryan, as far as oratory goes, his chances seem to be better than those of any other able man on the Pacific coast. Former Senator White of California, former Congressman James G. Maguire of San Francisco, former Governor Budd of California and others of like prominence have been discussed as available timber by Democrats for second place on their ticket in 1900. The man they now seem to look upon as the most available, as heretofore stated, is Col. Lewis of Seattle. The Washington statesman is still absent in Europe on important business, so his exact views regarding his so-called candidacy for this high position cannot be secured from him till he returns. I am of the opinion, however, that if the matter is presented to him in a proper way, with assurances given him of hearty support by the Democratic leaders East and West, that he would consent to accept the nomination. In any event, if he should be nominated for vice president the Democrats would certainly have a picturesque and able team of campaign orators on the stump in November.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

## BOYS ARE AT 'FRISCO

### The Thirteenth Minnesota Regiment Arrived Off San Francisco Last Evening.

### ALL THE BOYS WELL

### The Transport Was Anchored Off Fort Mason Until This Morning.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—The United States transport Sheridan, which left Manilla on Aug. 10 with the Minnesota and South Dakota volunteers on board, was sighted five miles out at dusk last evening. The transport was boarded by the health officials of the port immediately on her arrival but darkness set in so rapidly that the work of examining the passengers was given up for the night and the transport ordered anchored off Fort Mason. No one will be allowed to board the vessel tonight.

The Associated Press obtained the following particulars regarding her passengers:

The Sheridan carried 500 members of the Minnesota regiment, 625 of the South Dakota regiment, 42 members of the Fourth cavalry and 175 discharged men, besides 32 officers. There were three deaths during the voyage, as follows:

John H. Collins, sergeant Company G, Ninth infantry, died at sea, Aug. 15.

Frank Wallen, private Company B, Third infantry, died at sea Aug. 16.

Axel Carlson, private Company B, First South Dakota, died at sea Aug. 18.

Besides the bodies of the three soldiers who died en route, the Sheridan brought the remains of the following, who died during service in the Philippines:

Reinhold Richter, captain First California volunteers.

M. Just, sergeant First California.

James T. Cardosa, private engineer corps.

John Dunmore, Company B, First California.

Walter E. Hutchinson, private Forty-first Iowa.

Sidney Pratt, private Company A, Thirteenth Minnesota.

John S. Moore, first lieutenant, Fifty-first Iowa.

Lee Eccles, captain First Nebraska.

Edwin O'Neill, First California.

### KANSAS CITY FIRM SWINDLED.

#### An Organized Band Defrauds a Number of Cattle Firms.

Kansas City, Sept. 8.—The Journal today states that within a few weeks past upwards of $30,000 has been taken from five live stock commission firms of Kansas City, by a band of swindlers. Seven men and two women, who have operated from various points in Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri. The swindlers secured their first money when a man appeared here from Iowa stating that he had a herd of 1800 feeders in Iowa, but had not money enough to get the cattle in shape for the market. The commission firm, to which he applied for financial assistance sent a man to Iowa, inspected the herd and loaned the man $5000, taking a first mortgage. A few days later a woman and a lawyer appeared at the offices of another commission firm and secured a similar amount on similar representations. The herd of feeders was rapidly moved through several counties in Kansas, and finally into Missouri and repeatedly mortgaged, and it is stated that more than one commission firm was caught twice on the same bunch of cattle. The Journal withholds the names of the commission firms. There have been no arrests.

### DONCASTER RACES.

#### Dead Heat For the Alexandria Plate ---Other Events.

London, Sept. 8.—At the third day of the Doncaster September meeting yesterday the race for the Alexandria plate, a handicap of 500 sovereigns, for 3-year-olds and upwards, resulted in a dead heat for first place between Sir J. Miller's 3-year-old brown gelding, Bishop Wood, ridden by J. Reiff, and Mr. Teddy's 5-year-old Uncle Mac. Lord Rosebery's 4-year-old chestnut filly Mauch Ilse was third.

The race for the Portland plate of 500 sovereigns added to a handicap sweepstakes of 10 sovereigns each forfeit, for 3-year-olds and upwards, was won by C. A. Mill's bay filly Mazeppa. Lord William Beresford's 4-year-old bay colt Elfin, with Sloan up, was unplaced. Ten horses ran. Betting, 20 to 1 against Elfin.

In the races for the Scarborough stakes, 200 sovereigns, Lord William Beresford's bay filly Sibola, ridden by Sloan, beat the Jennings Game Cock. The betting was 50 to 1 on Sibola.

The race for the Rous plate of 500 sovereigns, for 2-year-olds, was won by Sir R. Waldie Griffiths' bay filly Yan Duchess, ridden by Skeets Martin.

Lord William Beresford's Lutetia, on which Sloan had the mount, was second, and J. Gubbins' Caltoquin third.

### HAY LEAVES WASHINGTON.

#### Some Time Before Modus Vivendi Can Be Arranged.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Secretary Hay left Washington yesterday afternoon for his summer home in New Hampshire. The negotiations for a modus vivendi respecting the Alaska boundary are in such shape that no delay will ensue from his absence. The agreement settled upon by the secretary and Mr. Tower, the British charge, having just reached London, it is expected that the foreign office will send it to Canada to learn the views of Sir Wilfred Laurier. Should he approve, the papers must go back to London and then be returned in duplicate to Washington before the modus will stand as an actuality. All of these moves are expected to consume many days or even weeks, though of course cable notice of the approval of the agreement by the British government may considerably shorten the period.

### VOLUNTEER APPOINTMENTS.

#### Maj. Hand, of Minnesota Volunteers, Gets a Captaincy.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The following appointments in the volunteer army are announced:

Wisconsin—To be captains: Thomas J. Rogers, late captain First Wisconsin volunteers; Walter A. Harden, late captain Second Wisconsin volunteers; D. A. Stearns, late major First Wisconsin volunteers.

To be first lieutenants: Fred Cook, late first lieutenant First Wisconsin volunteers; Eben Howland, late captain Fourth Wisconsin volunteers; R. B. Blanchard, late second lieutenant Fourth Wisconsin volunteers; Arthur Tibbets, late second lieutenant Second Wisconsin volunteers.

To be second lieutenants: John B. Shuman, late quartermaster sergeant Company M, Third Wisconsin volunteers.

Minnesota—To be captain: D. W. Hand, late major Fifteenth Minnesota volunteers.

## MERRITT TO GO.

### It Has Been Decided to Send Him to the Philippines.

New York, Sept. 8.—A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Washington says: After forty-eight hours of almost constant discussion among the president and Secretary Root, Senator Beveridge, Gen. Miles and Adjt. Gen. Corbin, it may be stated positively that Gen. Merritt will go to the Philippines.

### REPORT OF OUTBREAK DENIED.

#### Venezuelan Foreign Office Says There Is No Revolution.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Senor Pulido, the charge d'affaires of Venezuela, last evening, in response to a cablegram sent by him, received a message from the foreign office of Venezuela, saying: "The news of a new outbreak in Venezuela, published yesterday, is without foundation."

An outbreak occurred in the interior some time ago, but, as stated at the time, the revolutionists were badly routed and their forces scattered and compelled to seek refuge in the mountains.

### A SHORTAGE FOUND.

#### Big Shortage Found In an Omaha Bank's Books.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 8.—A shortage of $10,000 was discovered Monday in the Nebraska National bank of Omaha, and the officials say circumstances at present point to theft, unless an absent teller can give the explanation of his accounts. The teller is Ned H. Copeland, who for ten years has held the position of paying teller. The money was lost Aug. 2. Fifteen days later, Copeland resigned his position to go to Arion, Iowa. Copeland visited the town, but did not remain long. His present whereabouts are unknown.

### RACES AT THE FAIR.

#### Summary of Yesterday's Events---Running Race a Feature.

St. Paul, Sept. 8.—Fully 16,000 people saw yesterday at the state fair, in the 2:13 pace, one of the prettiest and most exciting harness races ever put on in Minnesota. In the five heats no one horse took more than one heat. Minnehaha, a handsome bay mare by Mark Sirus, entered and driven by Pat Deveroy, of Faribault, Minn., won the race with first place in the first heat, a dead heat in the second, third place in the third and fourth heats, and fourth place in the last heat.

Summary:

2:13 pace, mile heats, best three in five, purse $500, of which $2500 went to the winner: Minnehaha won first money, Shadeon second, Auntie Shucks third, Birch Twig fourth.

Time, 2:08¾, 2:10¾, 2:06¾, 2:11¾, 2:12, 2:26 trot, mile heats, best three in five, purse $1000, of which $500 went to the winner. Chain Shot won first money, Ezola second, Maud B third, Ecstacy fourth. Time, 2:22¼, 2:20¾, 2:20¼.

2:40 trot, mile heats, best two in three, purse $500, of which $250 went to the winner: J F C won first money, Mary E second, Red Arthur third, Oakland Belle fourth. Time, 2:18½, 2:19¾.

The novelty running race proved a great drawing card. The distance was a mile and a half around the half mile track. The entries were: Sunburst, 124, (Walsh); Loyal Girl, 121, (Hoffman); Uncle Dan, 121, (McDonnell); Utah, 119, (Gertner); Assessor, 108, (Kent); R Q Ban, 124, (Jones).

R Q Ban took the lead at the start and held it to the mile, winning the half mile and mile money, when he pulled out of the race. Sunburst went to the front when Dan dropped out and won the mile and a half in 2:46. Ban's time for the half mile was 50¾, and for the mile it was 1:46.

### O. R. & N. ELECTION.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 8.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company was held here yesterday. Of the new board of directors elected today, M. S. Schiff, W. D. Cornish, of New York, and Winslow S. Pierce, of Boston, were chosen to succeed C. S. Mellen, D. S. Lamont and Samuel Carr, who represented the Northern Pacific interest on the Oregon Railway and Navigation board. E. H. Harriman, of New York, was elected chairman of the board to succeed W. L. Bull. A. L. Mohler was re-elected president of the company. It is understood that the Oregon Railway and Navigation company will retain its autonomy, but that closer relations will exist between the Union Pacific, Oregon Short Line and Oregon Railway and Navigation company.

The annual statement of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company shows that after deducting all charges, a surplus of $1,212,826 remains, against $566,845 in 1898.

### SURVIVORS OF THE LISGAR.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 8.—A Tribune special from Mackinaw City, Mich., says: The steamer Case, passing up last evening, had on board Capt. Freeman and one sailor, Nelson Allure, the only survivors of the Canadian barge Lisgar, which foundered in Lake Huron at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon. They had drifted in the yawl boat nineteen hours when picked up this morning twenty miles below Thunder Bay island. Capt. Freeman thinks the rest of the crew all perished.

### REAR ADMIRAL PICKEN DEAD.

Boston, Sept. 8.—Rear Admiral Picken, commandant of the navy yard, died of anoplexy at an early hour this morning. He was 59 years old.


FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

WE'LL TAKE ALL THE RESPONSIBILITY

off your hands, no need to ponder over fashions. The correct autumn wares are shown here in profusion. Every department in the store has its special attractions—of course the style, quality and low price standpoint is never lost sight of in this store—you know that.

**THE CLOAK ROOM.**

Is getting more interesting every day—The new arrivals make it so—Come and get posted.

*Ladies' New Fall and Winter Coats.*

About 500 of them have arrived within the past four or five days; that they are correct in style, workmanship and right in quality and fit is not needful for us to reiterate—the garments we sell can't be but right—We do not allow them to be otherwise—What we want to impress upon you is the great variety of selections which you can find



here now and the special low and reasonable prices at which we have marked every garment in the house, it is almost impossible to describe the many styles we are showing—A personal inspection will give you a much better idea of prevailing fashions. Prices range from—

$5.00 to $35.00

*The New Tailor-made Suits.*

For fall and winter trade are here—A handsomer lot never graced this department—Every suit is cut in the height of fashion—Made of most stylish good-wearing materials and finished by best man-tailors—Prices range from—

$12.50 up to $50.00

*Rainy Day Skirts.*

They are entirely new and dressy—adapted especially for street wear—about 50 different cloths to select from—all sell at popular prices.

*Fur Collarettes and Scarfs.*

In Electric Seal, Marten, Krimmer, Beaver, Mink, Fox, etc., at—

$6, $7.50, $10, $12 up to $68.



4544

*Special Tomorrow.*

25 real Brown Marten Neck Scarfs, regular value $9.50, tomorrow at only..... $6.50

*Drapery Room.* Third Floor

Four Special Lots of Lace Curtains.

LOT I—Ruffled Muslin Curtains, 2½ yards long, worth $1.50; sell at—per pair..... 98c

LOT II—Fish Net Lace Curtains—lace edges, sold regularly at $2.00; sell at—per pair..... $1.48

LOT III—Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long; always sold at $2.50; sell at—per pair..... $1.45

LOT IV—Irish Point Lace Curtains, regular value $4.50; sell at—per pair..... $3.48

*There Will Be a Special Display of New Autumn Silks*

Including some of the choicest novelties—nearly all the styles are confined to us and cannot be found elsewhere in the city. There are—

CORDED STRIPED TAFFETAS,
POLKA DOT TAFFETAS,
SHIRRED CORD TAFFETAS,
PLAID TAFFETAS,
BRAIDED TAFFETAS,
RIBBON STRIPED TAFFETAS,

And many others—They sell at—per yard—

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

*Tailor Venetians.*

Are heavyweight, superbly finished cloths, 52-inches wide—come in Modes, Browns, Blues and Green Mixtures—None better or more stylish for tailor gowns, sell at—per yard—

$1.75 and $2.50

*More Golf Plaids*

And choicer styles, too, here—No other store at the head of the lakes will show you such a superb collection at—per yard—

$1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25, $2 50 up to $3.50.

*Camel's Hair Plaids.*

The imported kind; will make swell skirts, are 48-inches wide, in Brown and Black, Blue and Black, Red and Black, Gray and Black, Purple and Black; sell at—per yard..... $1.50

*Herringbone Suitings.*

Demand recognition—They are very popular everywhere—Certainly none better for wear—We have them 50 inches wide, in Brown and Black, Blue and Black, Red and Black, Gray and Black, Purple and Black; sell at—per yard..... 65c

*Black Clay Worsted Serges.*

The thoroughly reliable kind, are extra heavy, 60 inches wide; sell at—per yard—

$1.75, $2 and $2.50

*Black Crepons.*

New styles, at—per yard—

98c, $1.38, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 up to $3.75.

*56-in. Habit Cloth.*

In shades of new Gray, Blue, Cardinal, Wine, Green and Black, extra weight—have Broadcloth finish, worth fully $1.00 a yard; sell at—a yd..... 85c

*Embroidered Dot French Flannels.*

For House Dresses and Waists, are 27 inches wide; come in Pink, with White Dot, Tan with Pink Dot, Light Blue, with Light Blue Dot, Red, with Black Dot and Military Blue with White Dot, sell at—a yd..... $1 12½

*Hosiery and Underwear*

Ladies' heavy fleeced Cotton Hose, perfectly fast dye, high-spliced heel and toe, double sole, worth fully 25c; Saturday's price—per pair..... 15c

Ladies' Prime Maco fast black Cotton Hose, very elastic top, spliced heel and toe, regular value 25c; tomorrow at—per pair..... 25c

Boys' and Girl's fine and heavy ribbed school Hose, a special line of strong wearing Hose, with extra double knee, sold by many houses at 25c—here Saturday at—a pair..... 12½c

Ladies' Sleeveless Jersey Ribbed Vests, neatly trimmed with silk tape and lace, actually worth 25c, tomorrow—per pair..... 12½c

Ladies' high-neck and short-gusset sleeve Vests, pure white lisle, trimmed with tape and lace, perfectly fashioned, worth fully 35c—Saturday's price..... 21c

Ladies' heavy fleeced Egyptian Cotton Vests, well shaped and well made and trimmed—sold everywhere at 38c; our price..... 25c

Ladies' Natural Gray Cotton Union Suits; good fall weight, regular 75c value; tomorrow only..... 50c

*Kid Gloves for Fall Wear.*

We have received large invoices of new Kid Gloves imported to our special order. We call special attention to our—

**Corso Kid Gloves at $1.00 a pair.**

There is no better wearing Glove made for general street wear; ask to see them.



**Our Well Known Zettle Kid Gloves at $1.25**

We are showing in every fashionable shade.

**Our Peerless Pique Gloves at $1.50**

per pair have no superior for style and durability. We are showing them in large range of colors.

**Our Majestic Pique Gloves at $2.00**

per pair, all made from the finest French Kid obtainable; they come in black and all fall colorings. We carry a complete line of the Famous Trefousse Kid Gloves in street and evening colorings.

*Wash Goods.*

Another case of good-quality Outing Flannels, choice styles, in lengths from 2 to 8 yards, worth 8c a yard; tomorrow—per yard..... 4c

50 pieces medium and light-colored Dress Percales, worth 12½c per yard; tomorrow, per yard..... 8½c

8 pieces of Cotton Plaid Suitings, in pretty bright plaids; just the thing for children's Dresses, worth 12½c a yard; tomorrow at—per yard.... 7½c

75 pieces of Madras Cloths and Ginghams in pretty stripes, dots and plaids, sold from 12c up to 20c; choice tomorrow at—per yard..... 9½c

Black Dress Sateen, 36 inches wide, very fine quality, worth 25c; sells at—per yard..... 19c

*Ladies' Neckwear.*

The latest creations in swell Lace Ties, such as Duchesse and Real Brussels Patterns, these are the proper ideas for early fall wear—

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY:

Brussels Net Ties, very elaborate ends, two yards long, easily worth $1.25—price Saturday..... 75c

Very pretty Brussels Patterns, twice-around-the-neck Ties, with handsome ends, actual value $1.50; tomorrow at..... 90c

Neat Lawn Ties, 3 inches wide, hemstitched and trimmed with lace—just the thing for a pretty bow—these are entirely new, at a new price, too—each..... 25c

Extra long hemstitched White Lawn Ties, trimmed with lace insertion, sold by some stores at 35c; our price..... 18c

*Dress Skirts at Special Prices.*

Ladies' Black all-wool Cheviot Dress Skirts—cut in latest style, lined with good quality percaline, are equal to many $5 Skirts; sell tomorrow at..... $3.48

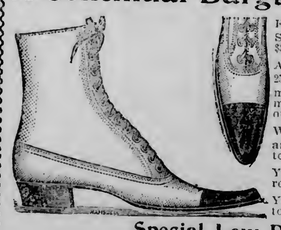
Ladies' Black Cheviot Serge Skirts, made from extra good quality cheviot with new pleat back, lined with very good quality percaline; cheap at $6.50, tomorrow only..... $5.00

New Crepon Dress Skirts, made from fine quality Mohair Crepon, regular man-tailored, would be cheap at $15.50—only..... $10.00

*Black Taffeta Silk Waists.*

Ladies' Black Taffeta Silk Waists, with cluster of tucks; lined throughout; special value at..... $4.68

**A Continual Bargain Feast in Shoes. Here you are**



For Saturday, your choice of five different lines of new fall Shoes, in light weights and heavy extension soles, worth up to $3.50 a pair—take them at—per pair..... $2.48

AND HERE IS STILL A BIGGER SNAP.

250 pairs of fine hand-turned Ladies' Shoes, with vesting tops, made by one of the best makers in the land for this summer's trade to retail at $4.50—We closed out the entire lot at our own price—they go on sale tomorrow—at..... $2.89

WE ARE NOT GOING TO CARRY OVER ANY TAN SHOES and will give you your pick of all our $4.50 Ladies' Tan Shoes..... $2.50

Your choice of all our $3.50 Ladies' Tan Shoes tomorrow, at..... $1.98

Your choice from about 50 pairs $2.50 Ladies' Tan Shoes, tomorrow at..... $1.25

**Special Low Prices on Children's School Shoes.**

500 pairs Misses' heavy Dongola and Box Calf School Shoes, in button and lace; new, fresh goods, all sizes, 11 to 2, full extension soles, special for Saturday, at—per pair..... $1.39

200 pairs Little Gents' heavy vici kid and box calf school Shoes. New shapes, very stylish, serviceable goods; every pair worth $1.50—sell Saturday at—per pair, only..... $1.25

200 pairs Little Gents' all-solid Satin Calf and Dongola Shool Shoes, the kind that wear—every pair worth $1.35; our price Saturday..... 98c

200 pairs Baby Shoes, 2½ to 5, worth 50c—sell Saturday at—per pair..... 29c

200 pairs Infant's Kid Moccasins, fancy colors—regular value 35c; tomorrow..... 10c

We are selling the Jenness Miller Shoes—none better made for comfort and durability.

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

FREIMUTH'S

AGENTS FOR HER MAJESTY'S CORSETS.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# JOKE NOW AN ISSUE

## Baseball Joke That Has Turned Out a Campaign Issue In Virginia.

## THE STATE MILITIA

### Was Ordered Out to Protect an Umpire From Being Injured.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 8.—While the political opponents of United States Senator Thomas S. Martin are using as arguments against his re-election the acrobatic manner in which he leaped into the free silver band wagon when the white metal loomed up in glorious array before the eyes of the rural voters of Virginia, Governor Tyler's opponents are working his attitude towards the state militia as a sweet morsel on the other side. The governor's appointment of negro officers in the negro regiment left out in the cold a number of young white officers who were itching to do something heroic. They didn't like to volunteer their services with a flourish, and then, as one of them put it, "be turned down for coons to parade up and take command with a six-by-ten grin." The result is that many of the militia got on the opposite side of the governor's canvass, and are now pouring sharp volleys into his political lines.

This opposition on the part of the military was strengthened recently by an incident which has been for some reason left out of public print, though it is being pretty well circulated verbally throughout the state. It was some time during last spring that an influential lodge of Elks in Portsmouth decided to have a baseball game between the fat and lean members, or the benedicts and bachelors for the benefit of the lodge's treasury. Great preparations were made for the event. By way of drumming up the crowd a parade was arranged through the principal streets, and the umpire was dressed up in bloomers and mask and driven through town in a donkey cart. It was soon seen that there were many inhabitants of Portsmouth who were out of jobs and naturally took great pleasure in following the procession.

As a drawing card it was decided to introduce a novel feature, and so the committee of arrangements wrote to Governor Tyler requesting him to have Grimes' battery ordered out in full field service equipment to protect their umpire from violence by reason of any decisions he might render during the game. This is the most distinguished battery of the First battalion Virginia volunteers, commanded by Maj. William E. Simons. It has enjoyed a wide reputation for service rendered the state for more than a quarter of a century, always firing salutes on the anniversaries of Washington's and Lee's birthdays and taking prominent part in unveiling Confederate monuments. Now Governor Tyler is not up-to-date on outdoor sports. He was reared in Pulaski county, where there are many fine head of cattle, but no baseball players, bridge jumpers and things like that. The governor, unlike the mayor and other public officers here, does not "root," according to the most approved methods imported from New York. It has been said that he does not understand the exact distinction between a sacrifice hit and a foul. Certain it is that he is not informed on the most delicate points in the game as well as the latest vernacular heard around the players' bench.

So the governor decided at once to have the Elks' umpire protected in case of violence. He issued an official order, which he stamped with the great seal of the commonwealth, directing Commander Warren to report to the Elks' committee with his battery, including the four field guns. Commander Warren is every inch a soldier, and has often sniffed the odor of gunpowder. He believes in military form and etiquette as firmly as he does in the Christian religion, and when he received the order to lead out his battery, he promptly appealed to Maj. Simons, the head of the battalion, to know if he should follow the organization to be the central figure of that kind of a burlesque. Maj. Simons telegraphed: "By no means obey such an order," adding that he himself as commander of the artillery in the state knew nothing of an order having been issued through the regular military channels.

There seemed to be a mystery about the thing, and Maj. Simons accordingly sent to Adjt. Gen. Nalle the communication he received from Capt. Warren and inquiring if such an order had been issued. Gen. Nalle replied that nothing of the kind had passed through his office, and he was not aware that any had been issued. He thought there must be a mistake somewhere. Shortly after this Maj. Simons received a communication from the adjutant general saying that he learned that an order directing that Capt. Warren lead out his battery to protect an umpire had been issued directly from the governor himself. A rather spicy correspondence between the adjutant general and Maj. Simons followed, and the latter sent a dignified communication to the governor announcing that if the artillery of the state was to be used as a Punch and Judy show, he would resign his command, and he intimated that the other commissioned officers would follow his example.

It appeared to the adjutant general as well as to Maj. Simons that the governor had "put his foot in it," and the question arose as to how he should get it out. At first Maj. Simons was not easily conciliated for his dignity was well nigh outraged when his telephone rang and a voice came over the wire saying that the uptown and downtown Chinese laundrymen were going to play a game of ball for the benefit of Wah Chang's unpaid funeral expenses, and wanted a battery to protect the umpire.

Governor Tyler then softened his heart and wrote to the Elks' committee of arrangements and countermanded the order to bring out the artillery, adding that rather than offend Maj. Simons and Capt. Warren, he thought it would be better not to furnish the battery as a body guard to the umpire. After several further official communications, the matter was dropped, but not until the facts leaked out and set the military tongues to wagging.

Governor Tyler's opponents have made all the political capital they could out of this incident, but it was noticed that few members of the old Richmond Light infantry blue battalion joined in the opposition. Naturally, there were inquiries about this, and a well known military man here has endeavored to explain it. According to his statement, the Blues are among the greatest paraders in this country, except that variegated organization uniformed after a method suggested by Joseph's coat of many colors, and pompously known as the Ancients and Honorables of Boston. When the Blues threw off the hardtack and discipline near Havana and returned home, they were only a little ahead of Memorial day. For many years they had formed a part of the procession to Hollywood, where lie the remains of 30,000 Confederate soldiers. This time the question arose whether they had a legal right to parade with arms before they were duly reorganized.

The ladies of the Holywood Memorial association were exceedingly anxious for the Blues to take part, and so were the Blues. They always are. Governor Tyler was appealed to. He felt that it would be an unwise movement on the political checker board to antagonize the ladies, and so he asked Attorney General Andrew Jackson Montague to let him know if he could legally order out the Blues. Mr. Montague wrote him that the law on the subject was so clear as to require no opinion from him. Governor Tyler insisted upon a legal opinion, however, and the attorney general took the position that no body of men could bear arms in the state unless duly organized under the laws. That the Blues were not organized, and hence could not legally parade with arms.

"Tell Jack Montague he must decide my way," said Governor Tyler, "I want the boys to parade."

But the attorney general declared he could not decide the question, except according to the law existing.

"Well, I'm going to let 'em parade, anyhow," declared the governor and the Blues showed up in the procession smiling to the ladies. The Blues like the governor pretty well now, and the governor likes the Blues.




Mme. Yale's

HAIR TONIC.

Ladies and Gentlemen: It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to the Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to its original color without dye. It has gone on record that

MME. YALE,

wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally endorses its action and gives the public her solmen guarantee that it has been tested in every conceivable way, and has proved itself to be the only Hair Specific. It stops hair falling immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy—on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful, fluffy, and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies with hair a little gray, streaked gray, entirely gray and with BALD HEADS, it is especially recommended. Price, $1.00. Our special price—

**89 CENTS.**

For sale by

Panton & White.


## FEVER SPREADING SLOWLY.

### Outlook Not Encouraging For Stamping Out the Disease.

Key West, Fla., Sept. 8.—Seventy-seven cases of yellow fever have been reported up to last night, with a total of seven deaths to date. Thirteen cases were reported yesterday. State Health Officer Porter says that the weather is propitious for the spread of the fever, but the disease is slow in advancing. Native children born since the last epidemic in 1887 are being attacked. The prospects for stamping out the fever are not very encouraging on account of there being so much material to feed upon and until all unacclimated persons are removed the fever will continue.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICIANS.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The National Association of Municipal Electricians has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Capt. William Brophy, Boston, vice president; G. S. MacDonald, Ottawa, Canada, secretary; Henry Cottell, Busto: ; treasurer, Adam Basch, Newark, N. J.; financial secretary, Barrett McAllister, Bradford, Pa. Pittsburg, Pa., was selected for the next convention.

AN OTTOMAN SPY.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 8.—C. F. Donge was arraigned in court today on a charge of renting typewriters and selling them. While claiming to be the Turkish consul here, Donge has been connected with the local shrine colony and the Turkish representative at Washington is expected here to settle the case. Since his arrest the police have discovered by letters that Donge was doing a land office business in shipping goods. The police indicate that the prisoner is acting a spy for the Ottoman government with his efforts directed against some secret society in New York.

OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The National Loyal Home Workers' branch of the Grand Army of the Republic, re-elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Ames L. Seaman, St. Louis, president; Angie M. Conklin, Mulberry, Ohio; senior vice president, Frank McMurray, Canton, Ohio, chaplain; Kate B. Sherwood, Clinton, Ohio, counsellor; E. C. Close, Fort Wayne, secretary; Estella Edgecomb, New York, Neb., junior vice president, and Rev. J. F. Streeter, Mingo, Iowa, sergeant-at-arms; M. Warner Hargrove, Brownsville, Ga., treasurer.

WILLIAM GETTING EVEN.

Berlin, Sept. 8.—It is claimed that Baron Von Himmerstein-Lexten, minister of agriculture, has been dismissed from the service for the part he took with regard to the canal bill.

SOCIAL SCIENTISTS MEET.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 8.—The American Social Science association met today as a department of jurisprudence. The opening address was by Professor Isaac Rankin Russell, of New York University Law school, on "Why Law Schools Are Crowded." Papers were read by President Henry W. Rogers, of New York, on "Territorial Acquisition," and by Justice John Woodward, of the New York supreme court, on "Tendency of Court to Sustain Special Legislation."

ALL BIDS WERE OVER LIMIT.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The navy department has rejected all the bids on the League Island dry dock and will re-advertise for proposals. All the bids for the dock and its approaches were over the appropriation limit of $825,000.

# THE BERRY CAMPERS

## Village of Tents In Great Huckleberry Fields Along Lake Superior.

## AMONG THE PICKERS

### How a Camp Thief Was Detected and Punished ---Was Ducked.

Marquette, Mich., Sept. 8.—The huckleberry crop of the upper peninsula never figures in the state agricultural reports, but all the same it brings thousands of dollars to this section of Michigan, and most of it is distributed among the poor people. No efforts have been made to cultivate the huckleberry and there is no corner on the crop. It grows wild over hundreds of square miles of territory and anybody can go out and pick.

This is a condition of affairs of which thousands avail themselves. Whole families go out and camp from the beginning of the huckleberry season, about Aug. 1, till good, hard frosts come in the latter part of September. Any industrious man or woman will earn $1.50 a day and children will earn nearly as much. Many families earn enough in the huckleberry season to support themselves half through the winter.

In addition to those who camp out and make a business of gathering berries to sell to the buyers, there are even more who go out for a few days during the height of the season to pick for their own use, or to pick and sell a few bushels just to get spending money. Besides these there is still another class which goes out to enjoy the outing.

Marquette is the center of one of the largest berry districts. The big sand plains where the huckleberries grow stretch twenty miles east, west and north of the city. The best fields are to the east and north along the lake shore. The fields easiest reached and the ones where most of the pickers go are those east of here. They have their center at a little station on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, called Sand River. During two months of the year Sand River has perhaps twenty inhabitants, but in the height of the berry season it is a tented village of several hundred.

Sand River is where the berry train runs. This train is a special of three or four cars which goes out of Marquette every morning during the season and returns every evening. Sand River is fifteen miles away and it costs a quarter for the round trip. On nice days the train is loaded. There are some men, but most of the patrons are women and children, who do not care to stay in camp, or who are just going down for a day's outing.

The berry pickers do not go in for style, and if there is any beauty on the train it is beauty adorned with nothing more than gingham gowns and sunbonnets. Most of the boys and some of the women and girls are barefooted. The boys are almost without exception dressed in overalls, and all wear big straw hats, for the sun beats down on the berry plains, even if there is a breeze off the lake. But it is a jolly crowd and everybody is on an equality.

The berry train is a good deal like a street car. It stops wherever anybody wants to get off. After it gets out of the city limits a stop is made every mile or two. A good many of the pickers leave the train at Gordon's siding, about half way down, but the bulk of the crowd goes through to Sand River. There is plenty of time to get off, as the cars stay there all day, but the pickers scramble out as if a stop was being made at a flag station when the train was late.

There is no idling around the station and in a very few minutes the pickers are scattered over the plains almost as far as they can be seen, looking for good patches. Then the tiny berries begin to rattle in the bottoms of the big pails and baskets. There are two varieties of huckleberries. One is small and black and the other is nearly twice the size and of a deep blue color. Both kinds taste alike, but the larger variety, which are called blueberries, are the favorites on account of their size. However, no distinction is made between them, either by pickers or buyers, and the little black huckleberry will bring as big a price as its big blue brother.

The price for huckleberries ranges between $1.25 and $1.75 a bushel, according to the crops and the time of the year. Early in the season the price is usually a little higher than it is when the berries become plentier. Most buyers are paying $1.50. It is a good day's work for the average picker to gather a bushel, though some do better when the picking is good.

Late in the afternoon the pickers begin to work their way back to the station and those who want to dispose of their berries before going to Marquette can sell them to the station agent. His "packing house" is the shelter afforded by a big water tank. He takes his stand in the midst of a score of empty cases and as the pickers come in with their baskets and pails quickly empties them of their contents. Huckleberries are shipped in cases holding two bushels.

All the berries packed at Sand River go by rail, but the bulk of those handled at lake ports like Marquette are shipped by water, Chicago and Detroit getting the shipments. The freight is about the same and it takes longer for berries to go by boat, but they are kept so much cooler on the water that they arrive in the cities in fresher condition than if they went through by fast freight; consequently the lake route is favored.

Half past 5 is leaving time at Sand River and the pickers who are going home on the berry train crowd the little platform. Sand River is not deserted when the berry train pulls out, for the campers are still there. Some seasons there are as many as 200 tents, and each has from two to six occupants, but this season there have not been so many.

Several seasons ago the campers kept making complaints that they were missing things out of their tents. The culprit was discovered by a woman. She closed up her tent one day as if she were going out to pick but concealed herself in the bushes a little ways off.

Soon she saw a big camp loafer enter the tent, and after being within a few minutes he reappeared. She reported the matter to the station agent.

"You wait till night and don't say anything," he said, "and we'll fix that fellow."

At night when the pickers came back to camp he told half a dozen of the larger and younger men and outlined his plan for punishment. They fell in with it, and after supper marched to the tent where the culprit was and captured him. Then he was brought up to the station and held under the water tank, while the spout was let down and the stream turned full on him. Thoroughly drenched he was released and told to take himself to other quarters without waiting for the train. He marched sullenly across the bridge on the other side of the station and there he stopped. He got orders to move on but they had no effect.

"Go after him, boys," said the station agent.

The boys went after him and got him. This time they carried him down onto an abutment of the low bridge and dropped him off into the river. The water was not deep and he quickly gained the shore. Immediately when he did so he took to the railroad track and started off toward Marquette, leaving the inhabitants of the tented village once more in peace and security.


# Foul-Smelling Catarrh.

**Catarrh is one of the most obstinate diseases, and hence the most difficult to get rid of.**

There is but one way to cure it. The disease is in the blood, and all the sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures in the world can have no permanent effect whatever upon it. Swift's Specific cures Catarrh permanently, for it is the only remedy which can reach the disease and force it from the blood.

Mr. B. P. McAllister, of Harrodsburg, Ky., had Catarrh for years. He writes: "I could see no improvement whatever, though I was constantly treated with sprays and washes, and different inhaling remedies—in fact, I could feel that each winter I was worse than the year previous. "Finally it was brought to my notice that Catarrh was a blood disease, and after thinking over the matter, I saw it was unreasonable to expect to be cured by remedies which only reached the surface. I then decided to try S. S. S., and after a few bottles were used, I noticed a perceptible improvement. Continuing the remedy, the disease was forced out of my system, and a complete cure was the result. I advise all who have this dreadful disease to abandon their local treatment, which has never done them any good, and take S. S. S., a remedy that can reach the disease and cure it."



To continue the wrong treatment for Catarrh is to continue to suffer. Swift's Specific is a real blood remedy, and cures obstinate, deep-seated diseases, which other remedies have no effect whatever upon. It promptly reaches Catarrh, and never fails to cure even the most aggravated cases.

**S.S.S. For The Blood**

is Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no dangerous minerals.

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.


## STANDARD OIL NO TRUST.

### Boyle Tells Commission Company Exists For People's Benefit.

Washington, Sept. 8.—P. C. Boyle continued his testimony concerning the coal oil industry before the industrial commission yesterday. He dealt largely with the subject of speculation in oil, covering it from the inception of the industry. He estimated that fully $100,000,000 had been lost by the public in oil speculation from 1870 to 1890. This period of speculation was only discontinued then because of the joint efforts of the Standard Oil company and the Producers' Protective association. This combination, he said, had resulted in the elimination of the gambling feature of the sale of oil on the exchanges. "As a consequence," he said, "we have now an oil market in which the consumer fixes the price, and with which the speculator has nothing to do."

Mr. Boyle said the tendency to speculation had had an injurious effect upon the oil business. To this speculation and to over production he attributed the low prices of oils.

Mr. Boyle also gave a history of various organizations connected with the oil industry, including the Pure Oil company, in which President Phillips of the Transvaal was interested. Mr. Boyle insisted upon calling this company a trust, and when questioned by Mr. Phillips as to his reason for so doing, said it was because the first president of the company, David Kirke, had himself so designated it. He referred to the company also as an "octopus," saying that it had made an attempt to absorb all the allied interests in the producers' association, and that it had achieved considerable success. In this connection he read the original prospectus of the company, signed by Mr. Phillips among others, as a trustee. In this prospectus the oil company was referred to as a trust. Mr. Phillips took occasion to explain that the company was only a trust for voting purposes. Continuing, Mr. Boyle characterized the Pure Oil company as a dog in the manger, and said that it had been of no utility to the people of the state.

Referring to the condition of labor in the oil producing business, Mr. Boyle said it was excellent; that drillers could make on an average of $1000 a year for 200 days' work. He believes that the Standard Oil company looked with favor upon the organization of labor, but such organizations were not common in the oil region.

Replying to Mr. Smyth, Mr. Boyle said he considered that the Standard Oil company had been the source of great benefit to the American people because of its organizing capacity. He did not consider the company in the nature of a trust, the trust having been dissolved. It was a case of the survival of the fittest. Any other organization with the same nerve, courage and ability might have done just what the Standard had done by beginning when it did and as it did.

Mr. Boyle was followed by B. A. Mathews, manager of the Standard Oil company at Columbus, Ohio. He came before the commission to refute statements made before the commission some months ago by one W. H. Clarke, who had been agent for the company at Newark, Ohio. Among these statements were allegations that the Standard Oil company had sold oils from the same tank at different prices, and had mixed coal oil with turpentine. These, with other charges made by Clarke, were pronounced false. He stated that Clarke had been discharged from the employ of the company under a cloud.

## LIVELY DEBATE IN RAAD.

### Kruger Makes a Strong Speech and England Is Defied.

Pretoria, Sept. 8.—The proposed conference mentioned in the Transvaal's last dispatch is the one mentioned by the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, on July 29. It is declared officially that the Transvaal republic will accept such a conference as soon as informed of the place, date and name of the members who are to take part in it.

There was great excitement in the first raad yesterday on Mr. Coetzer's interpellation of the government regarding the presence of British troops on the borders and the stoppage of ammunition consigned to the Transvaal.

President Kruger, the members of the executive council and most of the principal officials were present, with a large representation of the general public, including many ladies. At the outset the chairman and president urged members to preserve calmness and to avoid insulting language.

The state secretary, F. M. Reitz, said he had called the previous day on Mr. Greene and had asked him what reply the government could give in the volksraad regarding the attempted massing of British troops on the borders, and whether Mr. Greene would communicate with the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner. The reply from Mr. Greene, he continued, had been received that morning:

"Dear Mr. Reitz: The following is Sir Alfred Milner's reply to the telegram I sent him at your request: 'I do not know to what Mr. Reitz refers when he alludes to the massing of troops in South Africa, the position and numbers of which are no secret; but it is a matter of common knowledge that they are here to protect British interests and make provision against eventualities.'"

Mr. Coetzer and other members then made violent speeches, declaring that they could not understand Sir Alfred Milner's reply, since the Transvaal had never threatened the British colonies.

"It is time," exclaimed Mr. Coetzer, "for the Transvaal to also prepare for eventualities."

One member said: "England's action is like pointing a revolver into a man's face."

These speeches and others attacking Cecil Rhodes were loudly applauded by the public.

In the course of the debate Mr. Dutoit insinuated that Mr. Chamberlain was intoxicated on the occasion of his recent famous "garden party speech" at Hungary, his Birmingham residence, and he added, as he had been acting, the Transvaal would give him "Mauser pills."

The debate continued throughout the afternoon.

Mr. Tosen, who declared Sir Alfred Milner's reply was tantamount to a declaration of war, read a telegram from the field cornet of the Pietrof district, saying the people would rise in rebellion if President Kruger went to any conference.

The chairman called Mr. Tosen to order for saying that the Jameson raiders ought to have been hanged.

J. M. Wolmarns, one of the two official members of the executive council, counselled prudence and moderation. He said it would be well for the raad to choose whether the republic should offer further concessions or not.

President Kruger rose and said:

"The foreigners have been offered concessions and have refused. Mr. Chamberlain demands the franchise, which the Uitlanders do not want. What Mr. Chamberlain desires is possession of the Transvaal. The burghers are willing to concede much for the sake of peace, but will never sacrifice their independence."

After eulogizing Mr. Gladstone's action of retrocession in 1881 as a noble action, President Kruger said that if it now came to fighting the Almighty would be the arbiter. He urged the members of the raad to show moderation, reminding them that the reply of Mr. Chamberlain was en route, and pointing out that if the proposal for a conference was agreed to, the republic could elect delegates to further discuss matters and if possible to make peace.

The speeches after the president's address were more moderate in tone, and the raad rose without passing any resolution.


No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.


## G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

### Will Not Admit Sons of Veterans---Officers Installed.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The majority and minority reports on pensions yesterday were submitted by the committee on resolutions at the G. A. R. encampment. Both refer to the examination of soldiers' widows who apply for pensions. The majority report stated that widows were asked if their lives had been virtuous after the death of their husbands and suggested that such questions be condemned.

The minority report said that if questions of that nature were asked this method of examination should be condemned by the Grand Army of the Republic.

Delegate Benicke went to the telephone and asked Pension Examiner Evans if it was a fact that this question was asked. Mr. Evans replied that where charges were made against applicants they were required to answer questions relating to the charges. Otherwise, no question of the nature mentioned was put to the applicants.

Corporal Tanner was of the majority of the committee. He made an address scoring the practice alleged to have been adopted by the pension bureau. After much heated debate, the reports were referred to the committee on pensions. Late in the afternoon a motion was made to return to the South flags captured during the war. This was killed, as was also a motion to admit sons of veterans as members of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Shortly before adjournment Adjt. Gen. Thomas J. Stewart, of Pennsylvania, was re-appointed.

Chicago secured the next encampment and it is expected Judge Rasseleur will be elected next commander-in-chief.

The newly elected officers were installed, Gen. Louis Wagner, of this city, conducting the ceremonies, after which the encampment adjourned sine die.

The features of the day's celebration were illumination of the national squadron and the camp fire of the Union ex-prisoners of war, both of which were held last night. The illumination of the fleet drew large crowds to both the Pennsylvania and New Jersey shores of the Delaware river. The big searchlights were in operation.

The Academy of Music was crowded to the doors by G. A. R. men who wished to take part in the prisoners' camp fire.

There were numerous reunions held. The illumination of the "Avenue of fame" and the fireworks display at Camp Sexton was continued.

The departments of the various states last evening appointed their representatives in the national council of administration. The new council met last night and organized. The following compose the council: Alabama, M. D. Wilkersham; Arizona, Charles D. Bell; Arkansas, Rolla S. Smith; California and Nevada, C. O. Woodruff; Colorado and Wyoming, J. B. Cooke; Connecticut, D. W. Sharpe; Delaware, Winfield Scott Bryan; Florida, D. S. Wilmarth; Georgia, J. A. Commerford; Idaho, R. Pickering; Illinois, Thomas Scott; Indiana, William H. Armstrong; Indian territory, E. M. J. Schriver; Iowa, F. H. Lemon; Kansas, J. H. Coney; Kentucky, A. H. Bliss; Louisiana and Mississippi, Lincoln Sims; Maine, E. A. Bath; Maryland, Marion A. Brian; Massachusetts, E. T. Howell; Michigan, Aaron T. Bliss; Minnesota, Lorenzo W. Collins; Missouri, M. Storrett; Montana, H. S. Newell; Nebraska, Andrew Traynor; New Hampshire, John Downe; New Jersey, James Bradley; New Mexico, Levrett Clarke; New York, John Conway; North Dakota, George E. Winship; Ohio, E. M. Moulton; Oklahoma, John T. Baldwin; Oregon and Washington, Goodhard Pennsylvania, William F. Stewart; Potomac, Lorenzo Vanderhoef; Rhode Island, Nelson W. Valli; South Dakota, E. W. Forster; Tennessee, George W. Patton; Texas, John L. Tygard; Utah, F. M. Bishop; Vermont, John W. Currier; Virginia and North Carolina, James E. Fuller; Washington and Alaska, Harry A. Bigelow; West Virginia, W. C. Leonard; Wisconsin, A. H. DeGroff.

FELTON PRESIDENT OF C. & A.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Samuel Moore Felton, receiver of the Queen & Crescent line, yesterday was elected to the presidency of the Chicago & Alton road, vice E. H. Harriman, who resigned to become chairman of the executive committee of the syndicate owned property. It is said that Mr. Felton will retain the present policy of the Alton, and that there will be no changes in the ranks of high officials.

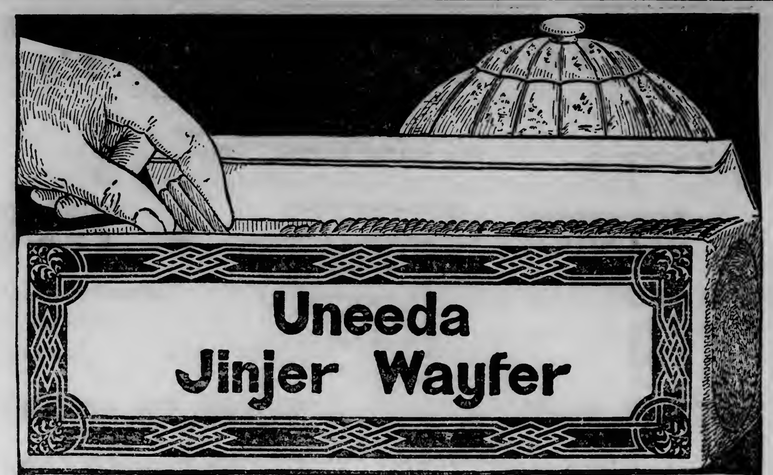

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas, Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.


PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE, feed and fuel.—U. S. Indian School Service, Tower, Minn., August 15, 1899. Sealed proposals, endorsed "Proposals for beef, coal, etc.," as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minn., will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m. of Sept. 15, 1899, for furnishing and delivering at the school, during the year ending June 30, 1900, about 35,000 pounds beef, net, 20,000 pounds flour, 20,000 pounds bran, 100 tons coal, etc., etc., a full list with specifications and instructions to bidders being obtainable from the undersigned.

For further information apply to

OLIVER H. GAZES,
Superintendent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug. 18, 21 t.


The cracker jar has been supplanted by the **Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer** box. The box that keeps its contents as fresh as the day they came from the oven. When your appetite craves a fresh, sweet, delicate morsel try a **Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer** Keep the box where you can try them often, where the children can get them as often as they like.

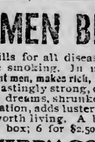
**Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer**

is the sweet sister of **Uneeda Biscuit.** Ask your grocer for them.

Made only by

**NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY**

Proprietors of the registered trade-mark **Uneeda**



**WEAK MEN BRACED UP.**

Try Mormon Bishop's Pills for all diseases arising from dissipation, self abuse, excesses or cigarette smoking. In use over 50 years. Brings back your Manhood, cures depleted, worn out men, makes rich, red blood and tissue, cures wastings and all losses, makes you lastingly strong, cures impotency, lost power, emissions, loss of memory, bad dreams, shrunken organs, despondency, sleeplessness, varicocele and constipation, adds luster to the eyes, stops nervous twitching of the eyelids. Makes life worth living. A boon to old or young. Effects are immediate. Cure permanent. Price, 50c a box; 6 for $2.50. Send for free circular. Address

BISHOP REMEDY CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

**Dr. PIERCE**



Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of

*Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or laceration.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

***25 Years Experience, 50,000 Cases Treated Annually.***

Nervous Debility or Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

**CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES**

**Rheumatism, Weak Back, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.**

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

**LADIES!**—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12 p. m.


ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 24th, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth B. Ritter, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of C. O. Baldwin, executor of the estate of Elizabeth B. Ritter, deceased, representing among other things, that he has partially administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the partial account of his administration, and for the assignment of $500 in cash to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 18th day of September, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 24th day of August, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug-25-Sept-1-8—1899.


**INDIGESTION.**

**Horsford's Acid Phosphate**

Reaches forms of indigestion that no other medicine seems to touch.

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

**ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.**

Sold in Duluth at **THE IDEAL BEER HALL**

**BLOOD POISON**

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1046 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cure. Capital $500,000. Worst cases cured 15 to 35 days; 100-page book free.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# HIS TENTH REGULAR VISIT

**Is Curing Some of the Worst Chronic Diseases.**

# DR. REA

**Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Catarrhal and Nervous Diseases**

# SPECIALIST

**Of the Famous Southern Medical and Surgical Institute of Louisville, Ky,, continuing to visit Professionally the Principal Cities of the Northwest, will be in Duluth, Minn., at his offices, Spalding Hotel, Saturday, Sept. 9th, for one day only, returning every four weeks. HE IS CURING OTHERS; HE CAN CURE YOU**



**AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE**

To treat all Chronic, Nervous and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting disease in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Glandular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, syphilis, eruptions, hair falling, bone pains, swellings, sore throat, ulcers, effects of mercury, kidney and bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, gonorrhoea, gleet, stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Dr. Rea's system of curing cancers, tumors, goiter wens, fistula, hydrocele, piles, vericocele and enlarged glands with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the nineteenth century. There are no experiments in Dr. Rea's practice, able as he is to tell anyone their disease, he is not likely to doctor his patients for the wrong ailment. No incurable cases taken. Consultation free to those interested.

DR. REA & CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.


# SIMPSON ILL

**Sockless Statesman Has Been Taking Water at Excelsior Springs, Kas.**

**Is Not a Social Favorite There Because of His Reticence.**

For the past two weeks Jerry Simpson has been a very lonely man. There are no Populists in Clay county, and the Kansas ex-congressman has been in Excelsior Springs for that length of time. He left there Friday to go to Petersburg, Ill., to meet W. J. Bryan, and to make a speech at the Chautauqua there, says the Kansas City Star.

There is a proud saying in Clay county that is to the effect that if one desires to prosper and have friends there one must do three things faithfully: Eat catfish, drink whisky and vote the Democratic ticket straight and always. Jerry Simpson abhors catfish, shuns whisky and hates a Democrat. That is why he was lonely in Excelsior Springs. If it had not been for three Populists from the adjoining Ray county who heard that he was at the springs and came over to sit on the hotel veranda and talk over the articles of their faith with him, he would have been more than lonely. But he made friends with the small boys and they all liked him because they had no political beliefs to prejudice them, and so together they went in swimming in the "plunge" and had a good time.

When Mr. Simpson arrived at the hotel two weeks ago he registered as follows: "Jerry Simpson, Wichita." The news reached the parlor, which adjoins the office, and several feminine guests bustled out to look at the signature.

"Oh," giggled one of them, addressing the clerk, "I wonder if he wears socks?"

Mr. Simpson was standing hard by and overheard the remark. The women all laughed at this well worn witticism, but they stopped suddenly when Jerry quietly said to the clerk: "I wonder if they wear stockings?" The women then fled to the parlor, and their comments on the Kansas man were not very flattering.

Jerry Simpson is now the editor of a paper in Wichita. This paper is one of politics and is called Jerry Simpson's Bayonet. He uses it to prod his politicel enemies. He likes to be an editor man, he says, and he has a better opinion of newspaper men since he went into the business.

Simpson is a very sick man, and has cancelled a number of speech-making dates to go to Washington to have an operation performed. His illness is caused, he says, by many years of drinking the alkali and gypsum waters of his part of the country. He says that after a man has drunk gypsum water for twenty years his machinery gets eaten up. This beverage of the short grass country will eat the bottom out of a tin bucket in a week and devour a locomotive boiler in a relatively longer time. There is not the sparkle to Jerry's conversation that there was, and he does not care to talk much about politics. His step is very slow and weak also, and about the only exercise he takes is a walk to his washwoman's to deliver his laundry and to call for it again. And once he went into the plunge and the populace flocked to see him absolutely sockless.

He is getting gray very rapidly, and his mustache is white. His face is deeply lined and his eyes, behind the double glasses he wears have a tired look. But when he becomes interested or is telling stories of his encounters in congress he smiles in a wholesome and really merry way. His smile does not exhibit any curve of lips, it is a square smile. Simpson has a square face and a square figure; his hands are big and rough and square also. He is a thorough New Brunswick Scotchman thinly diluted with Kansas spirit.

Simpson was not a social favorite at Excelsior Springs. He repelled the advances of the people and resented their curiosity about himself. He was seldom in evidence, and when he did come out on the hotel veranda the people stared at him as he sat moodily in a chair fanning himself. He was very simple in his manners, and when he took his coat off to get cooler he exposed a shirt with a white silk bosom; otherwise his attire was very plain.

He unbent one afternoon, however, and chated with two or three men for a half hour and seemed to enjoy it, then the doctor called him away and he went to his room again. His talk was largely reminiscent, and the few opinions he expressed were positively populistic. One thing he thoroughly believes, and that is that W. J. Bryan will be elected president of the United States in 1900. "And when he is," said he, "I am going to ask him to give me the postoffice at Medicine Lodge. I think I ought to get that much out of it."

"There were several old fellows in congress I used to like to get a joke on," he said, "and one of these was Cannon of Illinois. I had made an anti-expansion speech and Cannon got up and said that if I had made that speech in Manila I would have been tried by a drum-head court-martial and shot. When he had finished I got up and said that I would just as soon be shot in Manila for making a speech of that kind as to be shot in congress by an old smooth-bore, brass Cannon from Illinois. Tom Reed enjoyed that very much, and he shook all over with suppressed laughter. He came up to me afterward and said: 'That was all right, Jerry. I forgive you a lot of things for that!'

"It is my opinion that Tom Reed is the biggest man in the Republican party, but none of the party's big men have got the presidency of late years, and neither will Reed. He will be set aside, or rather he will step aside, for McKinley. He is a bitter anti-expansionist, and that sort of thing is not popular with the party. Tom Reed is a mighty smart man and he is an honest one.

"About that Dingley hat episode: It was not I who discovered Dingley's hat, it was a Republican member. Dingley used to wear a fine plug hat that was a regular cloud of smoke by day and a pillar of fire by night.' We Populists used to take a shot at it every once in a while. When he was in the house Dingley always kept it sitting on the corner of his desk. One day a Republican happened to look into it and said to me, 'Jerry, go over and look in Dingley's hat.' I did so, but didn't find any eggs or anything, and said so. I was told to look again. Then I saw the word 'London,' and sailed into Dingley, the high priest of protection, for wearing a London made hat. I was in fun, but Dingley took the matter very seriously and sputtered and fumed and said 'It's all rot. That hat was made in Connecticut and the London was put in it to cheat the dudes.' Then I said, 'Well, I caught a dude from Maine with it.' He wouldn't speak to me for a month on that account, but one day I went up to him and said: 'See here, Dingley, how much longer are you going to sulk about that old hat business?' and he laughed and put out his hand and we became good friends again. Reed enjoyed this joke on Dingley immensely. He knew it was a joke and that his fellow-statesman had simply been tripped up."

Simpson in the plunge was an entirely different man from the one at the hotel. The evening he went in there was a big crowd of spectators, not many of whom knew Simpson when he came out in his bathing suit. An Excelsior Springs bathing suit is a weird garment and a complete disguise to the figure. It buttons over each shoulder and the wearer must be a contortionist to get it fastened. It has a short skirt sewed on to it below the waist. This did not add any to Simpson's natural beauty. But he was soon in the water with a crowd of small boys and kept to the shallows. As soon, however, as it began to be noised about that the noted Jerry Simpson was in the plunge, everyone stared at him until at last they drove him out and into his clothes again. "I was having a good time with the boys," said he, "but I could't stand the others. They seemed to think they had a perfect right to make audible and unpleasant remarks about my feet, you know."


# CASTORIA

**For Infants and Children.**

**The Kind You Have Always Bought**

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.


Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

# GREAT YEAR FOR BEARS

**Said to Be Thick and Easily Found In Ontario and Quebec.**

## THE HUNTERS' TALES

**Show a Good Berry Season Is a Good Season For Bruin.**

Quebec, Sept. 8.—Bears are unusually plentiful this summer throughout both Ontario and Quebec, and a number have been killed since the opening of the wild berry season in the woods and on the plains that have been swept by fires. In the Lake St. John district a few days ago a hunter named Cleary was traversing a portage, when in stepping over the trunk of a tree his foot alighted upon the body of a sleeping she bear. Being thus unceremoniously trodden upon, Mrs. Bruin quickly rolled over and found her feet, causing Cleary to lose his. He was up again in a second, but not before the animal had closed in upon him and grabbed him by the legs. In another moment the bear would have had his body in her fatal embrace, had not Cleary, with a dexterity and presence of mind born of constant exposure to danger in forest, field and flood, drawn his sheath knife from his belt while regaining his feet. As the bear closed with him he plunged the blade into her side, and two minutes later she lay dead before the plucky hunter. Cleary's right arm, however, was well nigh broken by a blow from his victim's paw delivered as the blade entered her body.

Several bears that are now in captivity at the Roberval hotel, Lake St. John, are to be sent to the approaching sportsman's show in St. Louis. One of them recently gave birth to a pair of cubs.

Mr. Dumond, of St. Stanislas, was driving near the village a few days ago, when an enormous bear slowly crossed the road in front of him. He drove on and called to a couple of residents near by to go with him after the beast. The bear was found in a field close to where he had crossed the road, and was killed with a couple of shots from a rifle. He weighed 357 pounds.

William A. Abernethey, of Columbus, Ohio, has just had a startling experience on Lake of Bays, Muskoka district. While trolling for bass his canoeman saw a large bear take to the water to swim across the lake. The only gun aboard was a 44-caliber rifle, intended for small game. The guide, under directions, followed up the bear, and a couple of shots were successfully lodged in his body before he reached the shore. He was not overpowered by the bullets, for he started up the steep side of the shore and disappeared into the woods. Mr. Abernethey and his guide followed, and presently came across Bruin in a patch of berry bushes. He was too much hurt to put up a fight and was quickly dispatched by the two men.

Several hunters in the Lake St. John country have been engaged for bear hunts during the months of September and October, and expeditions have been planned to the Ashuapmouchouan, the Peribonca and La Belle Riviere. In one of the tributaries of the St. Maurice last week a couple of Indians who paddled up to a bear in the water had their canoe upset by the animal, which turned upon them ferociously, though severely wounded with an ax, and finally got away while the men were saving themselves and their belongings.

Near Chicoutimi a few days ago a couple of boys gave chase to a little bear which they discovered in a clump of bushes while gathering blueberries. They had not gone far when they found that they were themselves pursued by the mother of the cub, and were glad to make their escape as fast as their legs would carry them. Their cries caused a couple of men in a neighboring field to rush to their assistance, and the bear immediately desisted from the chase and turned after the cub. Subsequent search was made for her in vain.

Hunters who study the habit of the bear are of the opinion that the abundance of wild berries everywhere in Canada this year is largely responsible for the number of bears to be found in the open.

The Montagnias Indians are jubilant at the prospect of a good hunting season for bears. Strange to say, when bears are plentiful, they usually take also a large number of other fur-bearing animals. No animal is held by them in equal esteem, and its chase is their favorite occupation. Even when improperly armed they are bold to the extent of foolhardiness in attacking it, and several of them have fallen victims to this indiscretion. Many who have escaped in these hand-to-hand contests carry marks of the fray with them to the day of their death. Sportsmen who employ these Indians for guides may collect many of their tales of adventure around the evening camp fire. Often will one terminate his story of an encounter with a bear by showing the mark of a bite upon his arm. Another will uncover his leg and show the mark of a deep wound. A third recalls how he broke the stock of his gun in defending himself in a duel with Bruin. Still another relates the circumstances under which his old father succumbed and became the prey of an infuriated bear. The last may assure the party that he would inevitably have been killed but for the assistance of his dog, for he was felled to the earth and momentarily expected to be devoured, when the repeated howlings and deep bites of his dog compelled the bear to turn upon the latter, and gave the desired opportunity to the hunter.

Among the Nascapees the painted skin of a bear cub forms an essential part of the outfit of every medicine man. By them as by the Montagnias, the bear, of all animals, is regarded with the greatest reverence. A feast occurs among these poor people when the first cub of the season is killed by a member of an encampment. The skin is stripped entire from the carcass and is stuffed with hay, and the head and paws are decorated with beads, quills and vermilion. The meat is cooked and all the people are invited to partake of it in honor of the deity to whose paternal bounty they attribute the meal. The flesh having been torn from the bones, the latter are with much ceremony suspended on a pole, which has been previously elevated for that purpose. Should a dog amid all this religious mummery be sacrilligious enough to pass any of the fat or flesh between his unhallowed jaws the animal is instantly killed to appease the wrath of the angry deity. On no account will a Montagais or Nascapee give any of the bones of the bear to his dog. In order to propitiate the bear's spirit they place its skull up on a high pole or branch of a tree with a piece of tobacco in its mouth.


## GRAIN-O BRINGS RELIEF

To the coffee drinker. Coffee drinking is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost as universally injurious. Have you tried Grain-O? It is almost like coffee, but the effects are just the opposite. Coffee upsets the stomach, ruins the digestion, affects the heart and disturbs the whole nervous system. Grain-O tones up the stomach, aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. There is nothing but nourishment in Grain-O. It can't be otherwise. 15 and 25 cents per package.


## MAKING A TIME TABLE.

**An Arduous Task Which Requires Considerable Time.**

Everybody is more or less acquainted with the general working of the railroad business, but there are a number of details which, though of great importance, are not quite so familiar, says the Worcester Gazette. The construction of a railroad time-table may be taken as an example. The time-table familiar to every patron of a railroad is not at all a complete one, for only a small proportion of the trains that are run on any road are indicated upon the folder for distribution. There are many trains running at all times that the traveler knows or cares nothing about, but these, like the passenger trains, must have their scheduled running time. Every railroad division has a special time-table for the use of its engineers and trainmen, and this consists of a large card of perhaps four feet in length and two in width. Upon this card is given all the information necessary regarding the movements of every engine and train, so arranged as to be seen at a glance.

The work of getting up a time-table requires some time, and it is not exactly the work of any one man. At the head of every railroad division there is a passenger agent, who has charge of all through trains and all trains running through onto roads not in his division. He knows when these trains are to start, when they should reach their destination, and what connections they will make upon his own or other divisions. This is the beginning of the time-table. A schedule is made of these data, and as soon as it is found that all is in working order the schedule, which contains only information about the regular and more important trains, is given to the trainmaster, who at once proceeds to make it complete. This is an arduous task and requires considerable time. The trainmaster takes a large board, seven or eight feet long and about four feet wide, and tacks a sheet of paper over it. The sheet of paper is then ruled off into little squares with heavy lines. The spaces between the vertical lines represent each five minutes of the running day of twenty-four hours; those between the horizontal lines represent the stations at which any train may stop. In the operations which follow the trainmaster must work with a thorough knowledge of the road. He must be intimately acquainted with every inch of it, its roadbed, grades, switches, stations; and, in fact, everything that has any possible relation to the speed or safety of a train. The purpose he has in view in making his time-table is to so arrange the runs of each engine and train on the road that there will be no waste of time and no confusion. He knows from his schedule received from the passenger agent that certain trains must be given the right-of-way over all other trains.

A train is to leave station A, for example, at 12:05 o'clock, to arrive at station X at 4 o'clock. The trainmaster takes a thread and tacks one end of it in the space at the upper part of the sheet, which is marked in large figures, 12:05, and on a line with station A. The other end he draws along to the side of the sheet and attaches it in the space under the figure four and on a line with the station marked X. All intermediate stations touched by the passing train are also designated by a tack placed in its appropriate square, with the thread wound around it, and the result is in many cases a zigzag line, for the distances between stations are often unequal, and besides, a train will go faster on one part of a road than upon another by reason of grades, etc. This same process is carried on with all the other trains. Where trains have a clear road the trainmaster has a simple enough job of it. His real hard work comes in when trains meet each other, especially on single-track roads. This must be provided for in the time-table, and many weary hours are spent in so placing a train that it may switch at a given moment, to permit the other to pass by. Having finished with his passenger trains to his satisfaction, the maker of the time-table proceeds to get his freights out of the way.

These present a problem of no mean proportions, for on a large road they come and go every few minutes, and somehow they must give way to the express and other passenger trains. Sometimes it requires days for the trainmaster to get all straight. The times of these freights, like the more important passenger trains, are fixed by means of strings, and when the trainmaster is through the sheet looks like a piece of crazy lace work. The only thing remaining then to be done is the copying of the sheet by the printer, a simple operation, for the time and station designated by each tack along the string is written out in full. Every road has a number of trains running along its line that never find a place upon a time table. These are the "extras," the emergency freights, and the management of these devolves wholly upon the conductor, who studies the time table and takes what time he can get between the runs of other trains. This method of "wild-catting" is common, and it is cause for wonder that so few accidents result from it.

## HANDWRITING EXPERT REASONS.

When a piece of disputed or suspected handwriting is submitted to an expert, his first care is to note its general appearance, says Ainslee's Magazine. He observes what seem to be the characteristic habits of hand in the writer, the style, shading and connection of letters, their relation to the base line of the writing, and other significant points. The same process is applied to specimens of the alleged writer's genuine hand.

The next step is to disintegrate the writing so that letters repeated in both specimens may be compared in detail when placed side by side. In this way divergencies or resemblances, which might not appear to the eye in the body of the paper, are made perfectly clear. If any of the letters show signs of hesitation or retouching, as frequently happens in forgeries, they are photographed through the microscope. By this enlargement retouchings or tracings are brought out so that they can be seen plainly by the untrained eye.

Having made his examination of the whole writing, step by step, the expert summarizes the results, numbering corresponding parts, and calling attention to discrepancies or resemblances as they occur. By this process his conclusions are made perfectly clear, in all ordinary cases, to anybody who reads his report. In exceptional circumstances, such as court trials, he may go before a jury with blackboard and pencil and show exactly how a forger wrote a certain letter as well as the way in which the persons whose writing was imitated habitually formed it. If his deductions are accurate, the results, presented in this graphic manner, usually are convincing to all intelligent and unprejudiced observers. It is one of the advantages of graphology that, ordinarily, its conclusions may be made as plain as the nose on a man's face.


# THE WOES OF WOMEN



are, at their best, bad enough—
The reason for most of these woes?—
They have sick kidneys—
and most of all, most of them, either will not or do not know it.
Dear Madam—
Do you want to get rid of your woes?
Take

# KID-NE-OIDS

the modern, scientific, practical up-to-date medicine that banishes kidney backache, kidney ailments, sleeplessness and urinary disturbances in either adults or children.

We know Kid-Ne-Oids will absolutely cure the above ailments and minor affections directly due to them — we have given names of those who were cured—investigate and you will get at the truth.

Disordered kidneys are indicated by pains in the back, distress or fullness after eating, scanty or scalding urine, weakness and chills, pains in the loins, nervousness, sleeplessness, loss of vitality, swelling in limbs or body or both, and sediment in the urine.

Kid-Ne-Oids are in yellow tablet form—put up in boxes—sell for 50c a box at all drug stores—your druggist will tell you of cures they effected here at home—he will vouch for the truth of our every assertion.

Morrow's Liverlax cures constipation, biliousness, costiveness—they sell for 25c a box—at all drug stores.

Kid-Ne-Oids and Liverlax, manufactured by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

# FOR SALE BY S. F. BOYCE.


# A CRITICISM

**A View of Americans From an Englishman's Standpoint.**

**Advises Quarantine Against American "Color Lunacy" as Against an Epidemic.**

"Evil communications corrupt good manners," wrote the Greek poet Menander, quoted by St. Paul. A certain "evil communication" from across the Atlantic, whose inevitable influence the reflective among us have long foreseen, is now beginning to bear its ugly fruit. The American "color-lunacy" has broken out in London! Unless speedily checked it will have more disastrous effects on our national prosperity and honor than would the outbreak of any other epidemic disease, says a writer in the New Age, London. Mr. Baptista, an Indian gentleman, a distinguished graduate of Cambridge, and a member of Gray's Inn, has been refused admission to apartments which he had already taken in a Woburn place boarding house, because when he arrived, and the landlady saw his nationality, she declared that "all the Americans in her house would at once leave were an Indian to be admitted." It was late on Saturday evening when she thus broke her contract entered into by letter, and so threw upon Mr. Baptista all the cost and worry of seeking apartments in some house less objectionably occupied, and managed with a more loyal patriotism. We say little of the disgust this gentleman must have felt at the discovery that a British subject of breeding and culture could be thus insulted at the behest of ignorant aliens of uncertain status—outside their purses! Mr. Baptista applied for redress to the court where Judge Bacon sits, but all he heard was that "the case" could not come on till a date later than that on which he had taken his passage to India. Surely some special arrangement might have been possible! If otherwise, it seems atrocious that a British subject, under his own flag, must go with a wrong unredressed, because he is on the eve of departure to another part of the same dominion! As the Daily Chronicle justly remarks, this is a matter which "merits very serious notice," for surely "a British jury would give heavy damages, and a British judge would use strong language."

Those who wish to hold a brief for the Americans may plead that the Bloomsbury landlady misrepresented her guests, and that they would have raised no such ridiculous and insane objections as she feared. Alas, this plea will not hold water with those who have given any attention to this subject. Within our own knowledge a somewhat similar incident occurred in Bloomsbury some time ago. A Madrassee gentleman, a scholar in his own language and literature, took up residence in a certain large boarding house, and duly appeared at the public table. As soon as he rose from the meal, an American female boarder twanged her protest: "If that man isn't sent away at once, I shall go. Americans don't expect to board with niggers." Much strong feeling was shown on the other side by other boarders, themselves British subjects. Nevertheless, the Madrassee was promptly evicted, though probably he never knew the reason why, but innocently accepted some trumped-up excuse. This story would be incomplete without its ending. The American female boarder, though colorably "respectable" according to American standards of easy divorce, presently misconducted herself disgracefully, and finally begged for financial aid from another Indian, also an Oriental, but whose race she did not suspect, as his name gave little clew to it, and his complexion was fair! Such are life's little ironies!

But the evil American influence is being exercised upon us in ways far more subtle. American organized workingmen's delegates are permeating among our workingmen, trying to instil into them that the whole world is made for "the white man"—that there is "a negro question" and "a labor question," instead of the simple fact that there exists anywhere the question of unskilled and skilled labor, and that the negro of America finds himself ruthlessly pushed back into the former rank because the trades unions will not receive him. It is said that there are already in America more skilled negroes than can obtain work at proper wages—which, if a fact, tells against Booker T. Washington's hope to "elevate" his race by means of "technical education." We should like to have distinct and absolute assurance as to what the American-engineered "Ruskin college" at Oxford holds and is teaching on this subject.

Then American revivalists are repeatedly brought over here to promulgate a Christianity which is such a miserable travesty of the religion of Jesus that it permits these very men, when they go into the Southern states, to connive at and condone this "color-madness," the leading Southern sin, with all its attendant vice and misery, culminating in hideous lying libels and in "lynchings" worthy of the most savage races that ever lived in darkest heathendom. American "goody" books, absolutely unsound on this very subject, have been revived by certain weak brethren in this country as if they were a new revelation from God! "Philip Strong's Crucifixion," where the immaculate young minister pleads for his respectable African's admission to church membership, on the score that there is in that town no church of the African's "own people" which he can be introduced! Is that Christianity? If the author, Mr. Sheldon, comes to this country, let him remember there is no church of "his own people" here. Who among us are forced to go only to the churches of "one's own people?" A well known British writer has addressed both D. L. Moody and Mr. Sheldon on this subject, the former repeatedly, the latter in a long and full letter which she took special care should reach his hand. The letters were never returned through the post. Yet no answers have ever been received! Such is the American courtesy and "chivalry" of which we hear so much! Or did these gentlemen so fully realize that the only answers they could give would be so unsatisfactory, that the least said would be soonest mended?"

We simply cannot afford to catch this American "color-madness"—a mental insanity which will presently be classed with the dancing manias of the continent, or the witch-burning outbreak of Salem. We call on all sensible Americans to take note that the infusion of this national disease into this country betrays its real nature. Their hatred of the Africans has been excused on the score of their alleged "smell" (though Africans were wet nurses of the highest-bred Southern children!), and on the plea of their idleness (though somehow they did all the work that was ever done in the South, and are the favorite servants today!). Above all, it is attributed to their alleged "outrages" on "Southern white women." We are told in a word that this barrier was not due to "color" prejudice, but to racial inferiority. We do not believe this, and now the Americans have proved we were right. Do Indian gentlemen "smell?" Are Indian scholars and merchants "idle?" Have Indian gentlemen outraged "Southern white women?" Can any "whites" condemn the Indian races—the root of the great Aryan immigration, of which Anglo-Saxonism is a branch? No, this American "color disease" originates in envy, hatred, malice, and all uncharitableness—in the malignity felt by those who have injured towards those who are escaping from their power, and it is extended to Indians possibly chiefly through a class ignorance which does not even know that all dark men are not "niggers." But not even to please the prejudices and ignorance of American guests in our hotels can we risk sowing seeds of ill-feeling among our fellow-subjects of our great Indian empire. Even as we cannot compel Americans to give up their ridiculous "Jem Crow" cars and abolish their meddlesome marriage laws, however much these may hurt the feelings of Christian visitors in the states, so, when Americans come to this country, they must learn while here to accept precisely as they must accept that of any clean and well-behaved Briton. If they will not do this, then they must make arrangements for themselves, precisely as arrangements are made for any savage visitors whose "manners and customs" would make them uncomfortable in civilized society. We cannot allow British right feeling and imperial honor to be controlled by the petty financial interests of a few Bloomsbury lodging-house keepers.

## NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

On and after June 22 The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for the three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.


**Go to Wisconsin State Fair**

VIA WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15 inclusive; final return limit Sept. 16. Ticket office, No. 430 West Superior street.

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent.

# THE MILWAUKEE LINE

*The Pioneer Limited*

**Only Perfect Train in the World.**

Best Dining Car Service.

**Lowest Rates to All Points.**

J. T. CONLEY,
Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

# LOVERS

OF COMFORT AND A GOOD TABLE

SHOULD TRY THE

**Wisconsin Central Railway Co.**

DINING CAR SERVICE.

**Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte**

Direct Line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, Chicago, Milwaukee, and All Points

**EAST and SOUTH.**

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p. m. Lv. Duluth .....Ar. 11:15 a. m.
4:15 p. m. Lv. W. Superior ...Ar. 11:00 a. m.
4:25 p. m. Lv. Superior .....Ar 10:37 a. m.
7:25 p. m. Lv. Ashland .....Ar. 7:45 a. m.
4:14 a. m. Am. Neenah .....Lv. 11:55 p.m.
4:24 a. m. Ar. Oshkosh .....Lv. 11:31 p.m.
5:09 a. m. Ar. Fond du Lac..Lv. 10:55 p. m.
7:15 a. m. Ar. Milwaukee ....Lv. 8:45 p. m.
9:45 a. m. Ar. Chicago .....Lv. 6:25 p.m.

For rates or other information apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior St., Union Depot, or

W. M. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior St. General Agent.

# Burlington Route

FINEST TRAIN ON EARTH FROM

**ST. PAUL**
—AND—
**MINNEAPOLIS**
—TO—
**CHICAGO.**

**TO CHICAGO!**


DEFECTIVE PAGE

**Only Evening Paper in Duluth**

THE EVENING HERALD.

**An Independent Newspaper.**

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

**TEN CENTS A WEEK.**

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION
HIGH-WATER MARK,

**17,148.**

### THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Sept. 8.—An area of high barometric pressure overlies the greater portion of the Northwest; the region of lowest pressure appears to be a little eastward of the Ohio valley. Cooler weather prevails generally, with temperatures averaging close to 40 in districts north from Wyoming. A heavy frost occurred this morning at Havre, Mont. Moderately good rains fell yesterday or last night over Michigan, Southeastern Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa, Eastern Nebraska, Western Missouri and Kansas. Light to fresh northwest winds are reported from all of the Lake Superior stations.

Minimum temperatures last night:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bismarck | 38 | Miles City | 38 |
| Calgary | 36 | Milwaukee | 52 |
| Chicago | 64 | Minnedosa | 34 |
| Davenport | 62 | Memphis | 78 |
| Denver | 72 | Moorhead | 42 |
| Detroit | 60 | North Platte | 52 |
| Dodge City | 58 | Omaha | 58 |
| Duluth | 56 | Port Arthur | 44 |
| Edmonton | 36 | Qu'Appelle | 42 |
| Grand Haven | 58 | Rapid City | 50 |
| Helena | 42 | St. Louis | 72 |
| Huron | 44 | St. Paul | 56 |
| Kansas City | 70 | Sault Ste. Marie | 50 |
| La Crosse | 56 | Swift Current | 36 |
| Lander | 36 | Williston | 36 |
| Marquette | 52 | Winnipeg | 46 |
| Medicine Hat | 40 | | |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight and Saturday; fresh westerly to northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Saturday with cooler in extreme southeast portion Saturday; Sunday fair and continued cool. Minnesota—Fair and continued cool tonight and Saturday; Sunday fair.

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### *EDUCATING CUBANS.*

Two pages of the September number of the Review of Reviews are devoted to an account of a great work undertaken by the Cuban Educational association, a group of benevolent Americans who believe that before Cuba can be lifted into capable self-government, there must be a leaven of education in the ranks of her own people. Among the members of the association are Maj. Gen. Joseph Wheeler, Gen. Calixto Garcia, Alexander E. Orr, Nicholas Murray Butler, Albert Shaw, William H. Baldwin, Jr., and Gilbert K. Harroun. The last named, who is treasurer of Union college of Schenectady, writes the account of the society's work in the Review.

Briefly, the purpose of the society is to give a number of young Cuban men and women a college education, free of cost. Mr. Harroun is the active representative of the society, and his plans look to placing a young man or a young woman, or both where there is coeducation, in each of the 350 colleges of the United States. The colleges are asked to take the pupil and educate him, and Mr. Harroun sees that the proper sort of pupils are found. The response of the institutions of learning has been most generous. M. Harroun says:

"The plan is to reach out quickly and give practical aid to these people of the Antilles by offering to bring their young men of studious habits to the United States and place them in our colleges and schools, where they could obtain tuition along American lines. A large number of letters were sent to the educators of our land, asking them to present free tuition scholarships to worthy students from Cuba and Porto Rico whose homes and fortunes had been swept away by the war. In response to our requests the offers were cordial and magnanimous, affirmative replies coming from educational institutions in nearly every state in the Union. * * * The importance of the work has already become national, and officers of the army and navy are co-operating to advance the work."

With a free scholarship secured, a student can get through a year at one of our colleges at a cost of $150 to $200, and this the association seeks to get from parents, friends or guardians, but there are many "emergency cases" for which funds must be gathered from the public if they are cared for, and Mr. Harroun earnestly pleads their cause. He concludes:

"The bringing to the United States at this time of 2500 of these worthy, malleable young men whom war has evolved into a new world, and tutoring them among the 16,000,000 of our own bright American school boys and girls, and then returning them to their homes, cannot but produce a stage of human development that will glimmer as a beacon light in aiding to create a stable pacific government in the Antilles."

### *ORE TRADE'S ACTIVITY.*

Despite the fact that the season of navigation opened later this year than last, the shipments of iron ore from the Lake Superior mines are greatly in excess of the shipments a year ago. And yet the supply has not been equal to the demand, and furnacemen have been trying in vain to increase their contracts for ore. The shipments in July broke all records, aggregating 2,896,715 tons, but even these large figures have been exceeded by the August shipments, which reached a total of about 2,925,000 tons. This added to the record-breaking total of 7,639,706 tons to Aug. 1 gives total shipments to Sept. 1 of 10,564,000 tons—or nearly 1,000,000 tons more than the shipments for the entire season of 1896, and more than the total for the boom year 1895. To Sept. 1 last year the total was 9,142,149 tons, or more than 1,400,000 tons below this year's record. But August is no criterion for September, the latter being the month in which, as well-informed ore men have predicted, a decided falling off in stockpile shipments will appear. Now another reason for curtailment appears in the high freights, which have become a serious bar, while the sinking of the steamer Douglass Houghton in St. Mary's river has caused a delay in vessel movements that will mean a considerable curtailment in the amount of ore handled during the present month.

Despite these adverse elements, however, the total shipments at the close of the season will be found very much larger than a year ago. The extraordinary demand which has produced these phenomenal shipments is an evidence of the great activity in the iron and steel trade coincident with the revival in other branches of industry, and it has been of very great benefit to Duluth, not only on account of the money distributed by reason of handling much of the ore at this port, but because of the thousands of men who have been given employment on the Vermilion and Mesaba ranges, which obtain their supplies from this city. The large monthly payrolls at all the mines have contributed very much towards the improved condition of business here, and this state of affairs is likely to be continued during the coming winter and summer, if not longer.

### *INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS.*

There has been an astonishing increase in the number of factories in this country during the past decade. This is one subject to which the census returns will be awaited with interest. There is not one manufacturing industry of any importance which has not shared in this remarkable growth. The census returns of 1890 show that there were in that year more than 350,000 manufacturing establishments, employing nearly 8,000,000 people, to whom more than $2,000,000,000 was paid in wages. Without making any attempt (which would be futile) to estimate approximately the increase in the number of industrial establishments and of employes since 1890, the Philadelphia Record advances the opinion that in many industries there has been an increase of at least 100 per cent; and there are several now employing thousands of hands which were then in their infancy, or were not even in existence. Take, for example, the various practical applications of electricity. It was not until the year 1888 that the first street railway equipped with electric motive power was tested, in the city of Richmond—and a very amateurish affair it was. In climbing a hill the motor came to grief, and the little "dinkey" car was dragged back to the starting point by a mule amid the jeers of the onlookers. Now there are over 16,000 miles of electric railroad in this country, and it is reported that there were more miles of electric railways built last year than of steam railways. There are more than 40,000 electric street cars running today, and the capital invested in the manufacture of dynamos, motors, resistance boxes, wire cables, cars and all other paraphernalia amounts, in the aggregate, to hundreds of millions of dollars.

One of the most recent additions to the industries of the country is the manufacture of automobiles. According to present indications this industry will hold an important position in the list contained in the next census, whereas it was not even mentioned in the census of ten years ago. And there are many other industries that will appear for the first time in the records of the census bureau.

### *NOT A REAL BARRIER.*

Referring to the plans for lake vessel building that have been laid aside recently because of the high prices of material, the Iron Trade Review figures that ore-carrying vessels, of 6000 gross tons capacity and over, that could have been built last year for $210,000, would cost $300,000 today. The difference seems like a large amount upon which to earn interest in unremunerative seasons. Yet on the basis of calculations vesselmen are already making for next season it is not difficult to see that the increment of cost could be easily earned in two years, over and above the profit possible to 6000-ton boats from a low-level freight like 60 cents from the head of the lake. It is not improbable that the Duluth rate of next year will give an additional profit of 40 cents a ton the season through. That at least would be expected if the price of ore goes $1.50 beyond the 1899 basis. Counting twenty trips and 6000 tons to the cargo, would mean $48,000 profit for the season over and above the profit yielded by season contracts at 60 cents from the head of the lake. Two such seasons would bring the cost of the $300,000 boat down to $204,000, which is certainly a basis from which to figure remunerative earnings in good times and bad. No allowance is here made for increased vessel expenses and higher dock charges; but the estimated freight rate is probably ultra-conservative in view of the lake traffic to be handled next year and the tonnage available for handling it.

The above calculation illustrates how high prices of material are a seeming prohibition to investment calling for iron and steel, and yet should not prove a real barrier when the compensations to the investor, coming from the very conditions that have made iron and steel prices high, are considered. Prosperity does not give large profits to a producer in a given line without increasing also the purchasing power of the consumer. Theoretically, says the Review, advancing prices mean curtailed consumption, but the theory applies to advances in prices with no accompanying increase in purchasing power. After a period of starveling consumption the country is now compensating for lost time by supplying legitimate needs, and more than that, by expanding its facilities to care for the ordinary demands of a population largely augmented since the last period of prosperity and having nearly a decade's growth of new needs. For nothing is truer than that as the world grows older the list of necessities of the average man is constantly recruited from the old list of his luxuries.

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The speed developed by the new battle ship Alabama in her first trial trip was one and one-quarter knots higher than the sixteen knots required by the government's contract. This is very satisfactory speed for a battle ship of 11,525 tons. European battle ships of larger displacement have attained a higher speed. England has some which have reached eighteen knots, while she has more building that are expected to attain at least eighteen and three-quarters knots, if not more. Some of these ships are to have a displacement of 15,000 tons. Germany's fastest battle ships have a speed of eighteen knots and a displacement of 13,000 tons. The battle of Santiago, however, showed that often more depends upon the general condition of the ship than upon its official speed record. The Oregon easily out-footed Spanish cruisers which, on paper, were faster than the American battle ships.

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Gen. Funston is reported as saying that he would not mind remaining in the Philippines while there is fighting. Then why doesn't he? Is it possible, asks the Topeka State Journal, that the government has no place for a man like Funston, who performs the sort of service that appears to be greatly needed in the archipelago? The general intimates strongly that his style is not approved by the commanding general, when he says: "Our greatest successes have been gained when the regimental commanders have been allowed to quickly follow up the advantages gained in battle." There is much in the word "allowed."

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The West Duluth Sun appears this week under the management of Ransom Metcalfe, recently of The Herald staff and connected with newspapers at the head of the lakes for many years. Mr. Metcalfe has worked a great change in the Sun. He has changed its form and make-up and greatly improved its news and editorial columns, and has also changed its name to Metcalfe's X-Ray, and promises further changes in the immediate future. Mr. Metcalfe has the ability to produce a bright and interesting paper and no doubt will score a success. The Herald extends its good wishes.

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The Kansas City Star takes the peculiar ground that it is commendable in the police simply to require the saloons to close their blinds on Sunday, thus avoiding the appearance of offence, while leaving the side doors open. It thinks the same policy should be followed in regard to gambling houses and other places of bad repute. If this course is pursued, it says that "there will be neither offence to society nor fierce crusades by persons who believe that everything not moral can be safely suppressed."

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The city council of Liverpool, England, has appropriated $250,000 for the purchase and destruction of unsanitary dwellings. The changes made will affect about 5000 persons. The city has destroyed 4200 houses within the last ten years, replacing them with buildings constructed on sanitary lines. Birmingham has already pursued the same method in renovating twenty-five acres of its slum district.

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Work has been begun at Newport News on two new liners for the Pacific Mail, each to displace 18,500 tons and to be of eighteen knots speed. This event is memorable in the history of the American merchant marine, for these are the largest vessels ever laid down in an American shipyard. Their construction marks the beginning of a new epoch in steam navigation in the Pacific.

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Admiral Dewey's order when he opened the fight in Manilla bay will be flashed on the face of the Palisades, opposite Harlem, when Dewey comes home. "You may fire when ready, Gridley." Is the order that will go flashing down the ages.

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Admiral Sampson has asked to be retired from command of the North Atlantic station and to be assigned to shore duty. He did not do so, however, until it had been ascertained that Schley would not be permitted to succed him.

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A Buffalo paper tells about a man who was killed "while making a balloon ascension." Surely it must have meant that he met his death by descending instead of ascending.

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Columbus, Ohio, might get out of her difficulties by taking advantage of the relief furnished by the federal bankruptcy law.

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Is any attempt being made by the French authorities to trace the assailant of Maitre Labori?

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The Boers have plenty of Mausers. President Kruger has not been idle.

### *Dato Is a Comer.*

Indianapolis Journal: There seems to be some uncertainty regarding the antecedents of Dato Mundi, but the fact that he accepted an American flag and is fighting the other fellows shows he is a coming man.

### *Illuminating a Dark Spot.*

San Francisco Call: When the cannon of Oom Paul and John Bull begin blazing away in the Transvaal Africa will look more like a torchlight procession than a Dark continent.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### TRIFLES LIGHT AS AIR.

Detroit Journal: An expanded nation will always deny being too fast, just like the average expanded individual.

-:-:-

Chicago Tribune: Marketman—Well, little girl, what will you have?

Little girl—Have you got any horseless radish?

-:-:-

Indianapolis Journal: "The man who says he would be contentived with a crust," said the cornfed philosopher, "kicks mighty hard unless there is a good proportion of cake under the crust."

-:-:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Yes, madam, your son's future is closely connected with the stars."

"Well, I'm glad it's the stars. I was afraid it might be the chorus girls."

-:-:-

Chicago Tribune: "You missed your husband very much during his vacation, didn't you?"

"Yes, it was terribly lonesome at first, but after the second or third day I let the hired man smoke his pipe in the parlor while we were getting dinner and that made it seem as if John were still at home."

### *Oom Paul's Moral Advantage.*

Springfield Republican: In sagacity, astuteness and coolness Paul Kruger in these trying days is giving lessons to all the diplomatists and statesmen of the world. He represents a mere handful of Dutch farmers, and he faces the mightiest empire this earth has seen. Such has been the skill of this man that today he actually holds a moral advantage over his colossal antagonist which two months ago he did not possess. He has now practically conceded what was demanded, and in return has only asked that hereafter the internal independence of his country be recognized and respected. If war comes Kruger goes into it, under these circumstances, simply as a patriot defending the integrity of his country against the claims of another power to dictate to its domestic affairs. It is plain that the British government feels the embarrassment into which it is now thrown by this Boer statesman's diplomacy. The reasons for war are now so small that the moral sentiment of the world will not justify it.

### *Globe Sights.*

Atchison Globe: There are more kinds of foolishness among women than among men.

An Atchison man whose wife owns a cow, is referred to in the new city directory as a "stockman."

Look at a child, and its mother will immediately take out her handkerchief and go to polishing its face.

What has become of the old fashioned woman who had a "tidy" pinned on every chair in the house?

We'd hate to be a town cow, owned by a woman ambitious to make money, and be abused night and morning for not giving more milk.

Falls City is a good town. An Atchison girl went there visiting, lately, with 69 cents in her pocket, and, after remaining six weeks, came back with 50 cents.

There is a great deal of talk about the time when the women will propose. What do they call that which precludes the announcement of an engagement now?

When the daughter of a rich man makes a salad, with two servants to prepare the ingredients and to wash up afterward, she gets credit for doing all the housekeeping.

### *Pointed Paragraphs.*

Chicago News: Love levels all things except its own monotony.

A wheel in the hand is worth two in the repair shop.

A homely woman who is vain doubts the constancy of mirrors.

When a woman cuts a man's acquaintance she looks daggers at him.

The man who has a clown breath is always taking something for it.

A young man seeking a quiet spot to kiss a girl should avoid her mouth.

Some people's idea of a necessary evil is the other fellow's right to abolish.

Revenge may be sweet, but an overindulgence in sweet things makes trouble.

When a man neglects his duty he always says it resulted from his absent-mindedness.

If we could see ourselves as others see us it would be a severe blow to our ambition.

One man is probably just as good as another, but he usually considers himself a little better.

A miss may be as good as a mile, but with a designing widow in the race a man is safer at two miles.

If you want to see a strong organization look at the liquor dealers! If you want to see a weak one look at the consumers.

### *An Old Poet.*

My hand, my pen, lie still,
My voice is dumb,
No more, unsought, at will,
Fair visions come;
No more on fiery steeds
The light forms dance,
Nor borne by winged steeds
Speeds swift Romance;
Along the rugged road,
With toiling paces slow,
Bent by Time's heavy load
The dull feet go.

The clear Dawns now shall grow
For younger eyes,
I mark no more the glow
On sunset skies;
White winged across the foam
The gay barks fleet,
But mine no more may roam
Since rest grows sweet,
Toil brings its fitting meed,
The haven's rest;
Toil has its joys indeed,
But this is best.

Let younger footsteps soar
To snows untrod,
I strive, I climb no more—
Musing with God.
Through the closed gates of home,
Unheeded, half forgot,
Painter the memories come
Of what is not;
The Past shows like a dream,
The Present hurries fast;
Courage! Life's seaward stream
Runs calm at last!

—LEWIS MORRIS in Literature.

### *Every Native an Enemy.*

Philadelphia Record: It is a mistake to think that the solution of the problem of the Philippines involves nothing but the defeat of Aguinaldo and his army. The arrest of the native mayors of two cities within our lines—who had been elected in accordance with our policy of conciliation—the one for spying and the other for maintaining an insurgent recruiting office, serves to show that the native population is practically unanimous in its sympathy with the rebellion. After we have whipped Aguinaldo we shall probably be obliged to subdue in detail every village in the group.

### *A Bachelor's Reflections.*

New York Press: Love never condescends to reason; that is why it is so reasonable.

The average woman would rather have a man think less of her and think of her oftener.

When a woman takes to collecting old china it is the first step toward collecting old men.

You can always distract a woman's attention by showing her a new dolly pattern or a baby.

A woman's idea of society is to talk and act before people who aren't her own family like she thought the world was nothing but a nice dish of strawberries and cream.

### *Wonders Multiply.*

Baltimore American: Now comes the astounding news that Germany wants our sausages. Presently we shall have a demand from Newcastle for coal.

### *Beyond the Firing Line.*

Washington Post: Hon. J. Sterling Morton can well afford to chuck the trusts under the chin and call them pet names. Sterling has no valuable political baggage to lose.

### *Far-Fetched.*

Chicago Chronicle: Senator Lindsay of Kentucky is the latest genius to prove that our footing in the Philippines, which were waiting for freedom when we bought them, is identical with our footing in the Louisiana purchase, which was glad to come in.

### *Why Beef Prices Ascend.*

Springfield Republican: The number of cattle other than milch cows in the country has declined from 37,651,230 in 1892 to 27,291,225 at the beginning of this year. These are the agricultural department's figures. As population has meantime increased the rise in the price of meat appears to have a very substantial basis.

### WOMAN'S RULE IN KANSAS.

#### A "Lady" Mayor and Town Council of Women.

That the new woman fad is not a thing of the past and that the new woman herself is here to stay and means business is strongly evidenced by the success with which the female contingent in the town of Seattle, Kan., recently met when the electors emphatically declared in favor of the petticoat form of government by defeating every male candidate for a municipal office, says the Philadelphia Press. The new town council, which was then elected, is composed entirely of women. It is probably the first local governing body without a man on it in the history of America. At its first meeting a lady mayor was elected, and the business of the council was conducted as usual. The innovations have so far created no serious trouble. The election was a very fierce one, women candidates standing for every ward, and the result of the poll has astonished the whole city, and nobody more than the ladies themselves.

In fact, the growing strength of the new woman movement is making itself evident in many ways and in many places. There are now not only women councilmen and women mayors, but women legislators, women lawyers and, in some instances at least, women judges. Moreover, this movement is not only taking place in this country, but is making itself felt in European countries as well.

Switzerland has gone much farther than Kansas, however, in this matter, in several parts of the country the annual emigration of workmen to towns beyond the limits and distant parts of Europe has had the effect of leaving the communes in almost entire charge of the women, and it has been found necessary in the Canton Ticino to create a woman's vote to carry on the work of the municipality while the fathers and husbands are away at their work.

The commune of Meiano has particularly suffered from the dearth of men, and it appeared at one time as if the work of the parish must come to a standstill. The local council saved the situation, however, by decreeing that in the months of spring and summer any competent lady member of a councillor's household might act on the council in his stead. The affairs of the communes are now administered by a council of wives and mothers who possess all the rights and privileges of the absentee male rulers. When the autumn comes, and all the men return home for the winter, the women go back to their homes, and their husbands and sons will once more take up the reins of government.

There is in Wales a town which may be said to be controlled by the fair sex. The women on the local government register at Carmarthen form over 60 per cent of the whole number of voters—more than double the proportion existing in any other town in the kingdom.

The explanation generally given of this curious state of things is that the industries of the town have decayed of late years, and that Carmarthen now depends for its prosperity on its reputation as a health resort. Hence the greater number of householders are women who keep lodging houses for the accommodation of visitors. We have not heard, however, that the women of Carmarthen have yet made any attempt to follow the example of their sisters in America.

In many American states women sit on juries along with men, and in Illinois a jury investigating the death of a woman is composed entirely of women. Breach of promise cases in Kentucky are always tried by women, and, under certain circumstances, both in America and England women prisoners may claim to be tried by juries of their own sex. The state legislature of Colorado, too, has a lady member who has more than once presided over its deliberations. She is called "Mrs. Speaker."

Galesburg, a town in Illinois, barely escaped the fate of Seattle at a recent election, the women being narrowly defeated. It is significant, however, that at this election a lady Democrat candidate defeated her husband, who stood as a Republican; and it is eloquent of the active part the women take in the work of local government in Kansas that in another town in the state, Wichita, a prominent and wealthy candidate promised the women that if elected he would endeavor to secure laws inflicting fines for wearing bloomers, and discharging every policeman that used bad language. The other side, however, undertook to prohibit high hats in the theaters, and the obliging candidate was beaten.

### HISTORY OF THE KISS.

#### Prof. Lombroso Traces It From the Earliest Days.

The epidemic of kisses which attended Lieut. Hobson's tour after his sinking of the Merrimac was the subject of world-wide comment and not a little unkind criticism. In the August number of the Pall Mall Magazine Professor Caesar Lombroso, the eminent Italian criminologist and psychologist, comes to the rescue of the brave lieutenant and his admirers in a remarkable and extremely interesting article, in which he treats the phenomenon from a pathological standpoint under five headings, as follows: 1, Anglo-Saxon Reserve; 2, Maternal Origon of the Kiss; 3, Suggestibility of the Crowd; 4, the Kiss; an Emblem of Veneration; 5, Hobson Worthy of Enthusiasm.

Professor Lombroso thinks that "the imperialistico-military ardor kindled in the United States by the infidels of Spain, so contrary to American feeling and tradition," was a subsidiary cause of the manifestation which, he goes on to say, "loses much of its indelicacy when we remember that the kiss may bear many interpretations besides that of love. It has been said that the kiss is the symbol of love and respect, of friendship and gratitude; that it is a token of peace and charity, that it has something the nature of a pledge. We see, therefore, that above and beyond the maternal and the amorous the kiss is a symbol of respect and veneration, and we may add to fellowship. St. Paul exhorted his followers to kiss in token of fellowship: 'Greet ye one another with an holy kiss.'"

Down to Homeric times the kiss bore a solely maternal significance. Thus, in Homer, "kuneo" meant only the kiss of father to child, or the kiss of the supplicant, like the Proci, who kiss the hands of Ulysses. Th kiss never occurs in the love scenes between Venus and Mars, Ulysses and Circe, or Paris and Helen (Iliad, iii), nor yet between Hera and Laos, who are distinctly depicted as in the throes of love (Iliad, xiv). In the scene with Andromache, Hector consoles her not with a kiss, but with a caress of his hand. Even in the ancient Egyptian the definitions of "kiss" (excepting "thach," which is an obscure point) refer to "embrace" and not to kissing with the lips.

In ancient Sanskrit poetry, again, the kiss is always maternal, and the "kusinni" (Sanskrit for "kiss") is exclusively filial, although later books go so far as to differentiate twelve varieties of the kiss.

The wife of Carifa, in the "Ramayana," bewailing his death, recalls the hand, not the lips, that caressed her. So also the wife of the king of Cambodia; while the father, Dasa, kisses his son. And again, "And the mother licked her son's face with her tongue, and made lamentation like a yearning cow bereft of her calf, the father fondling him the while." (Gerreste, vol. i, p. 365.)

It would seem, then, that the kiss, which among ancient and uncivilized peoples is unknown as a symbol and harbinger of love, sprang from the entirely maternal act of feeding commonly practiced by birds, and very frequently, too, by savages. We are told that the Parsians do not use any kind of cup, but assuage their thirst by sucking up water from the spring through a reed. A child would die of thirst if the mother did not supply its needs by filling her own mouth with water, and thence introducing it into the mouth of her babe. From this act the first kiss was probably evolved—a kiss not among, therefore, but maternal. Children kiss only when they have been taught to do so, and not before they have attained the age of 6 months.

As a mark of reverence it is yet more common. "The Persians," writes Xenophon, "kissed all whom they held in veneration. The Scythians and Phoenicians directed kisses toward the statues of the gods, toward the sun and moon." Job, too, reaches out toward the sun and kisses his hand. Among Christians, or rather among Catholics, the kiss was a symbol not only of fellowship but of adoration; they kissed relics and pictures of the saints.

Inasmuch as woman is less strong and more excitable than man, while her passions are more demonstrative than his, the more prone is she to express her admiration for her restless ardor in a kiss. Man gives vent to his admiration by applause and shouting.

Margaret of Scotland, daughter of Louis XI, paid for a night's room where the eloquent French preacher Alain Chartier lay sleeping, kissed him on the mouth. "It is not the man that I kiss," she said, "but the mouth whence issues such sublime discourse." When Garibaldi rode through Italy after the Sicilian victories, women were trampled under the horses' feet in the attempt to kiss him, and they had at last to content themselves by kissing his garments. The Italian populace has ever been known to beg the favor of kissing the clothes—nay, the very handkerchief—of Don Bosco, who was only a half-canonized saint of our own times!

A year ago, when Zola's famous letter J'accuse appeared, I myself heard a young and beautiful Italian lady, throbbing with enthusiasm and admiration for his fearless conduct, explain in a large assembly: "If he were here I would kiss him!" and I have no doubt that the other ladies present would have followed her example.

Few men are so worthy of admiration and enthusiasm as Hobson, whose Merrimac exploit is one of the bravest deeds of our own times; and the account of it, given by the hero himself, was bound to foment the enthusiasm of his hearers, who must have felt as though they had been actually present. Under these circumstances the kissing phenomenon loses much of its pathological aspect, more especially as women are always warm admirers of military valor. The very prosaism which permeates our times, especially in America, makes these exceptional deeds the more provocative of admiration and enthusiasm.

TALK ABOUT WOMEN.

Miss Frances Power Cobbe is one of the oldest living lady journalists. It has been claimed for her that she was actually the first lady to do regular office work on the editorial staff of a London daily.

It appears that Miss Enid Yandell is not the only woman sculptor member of the National Sculpture society. In addition to Miss Yandell the society includes Mrs. H. H. Kitson, of Boston, and Miss Beeglo Potter, who, like Miss Yandell, now lives in New York.

It appears that Dr. Mary Breene, of Lemars, is not, after all, the first woman in Iowa to be appointed city health officer. The bulletin of the state board of health announces that two others have been found—Dr. Alice S. B. Turner, of Colfax, who was elected in her town in 1887 and discharged the duties with fidelity and marked ability," and Dr. Sarah Myrtle Freeburger, of Lincoln, Calhoun county, who is now serving.

By the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson the poor seamstresses of Rhinebeck-on-the-Hudson will now receive nearly $200,000 bequeathed to them thirty years ago by Thomas Thompson, a rich Bostonian. The money was left by the husband to the wife to be held in trust, she receiving the income until her death. It is provided that if the money is not needed in Rhinebeck or Bridgeboro it may be used elsewhere, Boston excepted.

Mrs. Mary Wright Sewell, president of the International Council of Women, is an instructer in an Indian classical school for girls. Recently, she says, she explained to a class that a centrifugal force was one whose direction is from the center, and that a centripetal force was one whose direction is toward the center. Then she asked for an illustration. "The domestic virtues are centripetal," replied a small girl, "because they keep a man in the center of his home, and a centrifugal force is—is—well, a saloon is a centrifugal force."

Soon after her marriage Kate Chase Sprague built the finest mansion in the United States, at that time on an estate of 400 acres at Narragansett Pier. It cost $1,000,000 and was called "Canonchet," after an Indian chief. The house is described as a "labyrinth of halls, nooks, salons, chambers, conservatories, gardens, a theater, library and sixty-eight rooms." The hand carving in the dining room cost $40,000. Canonchet still looks like a palace, but is pointed out as a place shunned by happiness.

You know how reliable Dent's Toothache Gum is when you try it. All druggists, 15c.

**$4.80 Round Trip Excursion**

Rates to St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, Sept. 2 to 9, via St. Paul & Duluth R. R. Three daily trains.

**TOURISTS' DIRECTORY**

AND

**Pleasure-Seekers' Bulletin**

Of Attractions and Places of Amusement in and Around Duluth

**Hotels.**

ST. LOUIS HOTEL, A. Michaud, Mgr. Strictly First Class. Rates Moderate. Fire proof.
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**Restaurants.**

THE CRITERION—206 W. Superior St. Haley & Co., Props.

**Parks and Picnic Grounds.**

ZENITH PARK—West Duluth and Lake avenue line.
LINCOLN PARK—Woodland and West Third street line.
NEMADJI RIVER—Interstate line.
WOODLAND—Woodland and West Third street line.
PAVILION—Seventh avenue incline.
DULUTH-SUPERIOR BRIDGE—Interstate line.

**If it's Scenery....**

You want, take a ride over the Park Point Electric line to O-at-ka beach. Steam Ferry connections at Canal. Half-hour service to 1:45 p. m. 15-minute service to 8 p. m. Half-hour service to 10:30 p. m. Special cars for picnic and other parties.

**Bath House and Dancing Pavilion.**

LONG ISLAND BATH HOUSE—Park Point, Dancing Pavilion for rent for parties. Refreshments, etc.

**Souvenirs and Watch Repairing.**

M. HENRIKSEN.
...JEWELER AND WATCH REPAIRER...

A full line of Duluth Souvenirs in AGATE WARE, SILVER SPOONS, AND NOVELTIES. In Sweet Grass Indian Baskets.

Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.
334 W. Sup. St. One block east of Spalding.

**AMUSEMENTS.**

**Mr. BASIL BURWELL**
Will present an Illustrated Lecture,
**"Rambles About Paris,"**
At Pilgrim Congregational Church, Friday Evening, Sept. 8.
ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

**LYCEUM THEATER.**
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Saturday, Sept. 9. Afternoon and Night.
OLIVER SCOTT'S
**Big Minstrel Carnival**
The Largest Negro Minstrel Company in the World. 40—Carefully Selected Artists—40
All the Great Comedians. All the Great Dancers. All the Great Singers. All High-Class Specialties. R. N. Thomson's Big Military Band and Concert Orchestra. Watch for the Big Parade at Noon!
PRICES: Matinee, 25c and 50c. Night, 25c, 50c and 75c.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!
Lot Opposite Post Office. Under canvas.
ONE WEEK. **McPHEE'S BIG COMPANY**
COMMENCING SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9.
Admission, 10 cents.

**PARLOR THEATER.**
10 Second Avenue West.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
**GAITY GIRLS!**
Broadway Burlesquers—Up-to-Date Show.
Matinee Every Saturday 2:30 p. m.



**A Good Prescription Druggist**

That fills your physician's prescription with skill and care, and from nothing but high grade drugs, fresh and pure, is the one you want to go to when you are under treatment and want precisely what your doctor meant you should be relieved with. You will always find that we cannot be equalled in this respect, and our prices are low and service prompt.

**MAX WIRTH,**
Prescription Druggist,
13 West Superior Street.

In everyones mouth should be on the head

**The GORDON HAT**

**Williamson & Mendenhall,**
Sole Agents.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PRICE CUTTERS THE FAIR

STACK & CO. DULUTH, MINN.

28 and 30 West Superior Street.

# Wash Silks and Waists.

Saturday we will sell all that is left of our stock of Wash Skirts and Summer Shirt Waists at prices that will effect a quick clearance. This is a golden opportunity, as many as are fortunate enough to see this announcement will take advantage of this sale.

98c, $1.48, $2.50 Cotton Shirt Waists, all this season's goods, your choice at ..... 25c

Pique Skirts (nowhere else is there a bargain that approaches this.) Worth $2.50 and $3.98, all on a bargain counter tomorrow at ..... $1.00

98c and $1.48 Pique Skirts, marked down to ..... 50c

Comforter Calico at less than Mill prices—2000 yards Comforter Calico, all fancy patterns, worth 6c and 7c per yard—at ..... 3½c (Limit 15 yards to ladies.)

Cotton Batting, a big roll, good quality—per roll ..... 5c

Misses' and Children's full-weight, fleeced Underwear, worth 12½c per garment, at ..... 5c

Cotton Blankets, the great Guinea Hen Cotton Blankets, slightly damaged, worth anywhere $1.75 a pair—at ..... 95c

150 Pillow Cases, good muslin, full size, worth 12½c each; special for Saturday ..... 8⅓c

Colored Dress Goods, 25 pieces Novelty Checks and Plaids, worth 15c per yard—at ..... 10c

1000 yards of long remnant lengths of Apron Ginghams, good quality, manufacturer's price 6c per yard at factory tomorrow we sell it at ..... 5c

Men's Cotton Sox, a case of 60 dozen to be sold at half price; men's fine mixed cotton sox, worth 10c a pair, at ..... 5c

10 pieces red Table Linen, fast colors, 54 inches wide, worth 29c per yard—at ..... 15c

100 dozen Children's printed school handkerchiefs, regular price 3 for 5c tomorrow, each—at ..... 1c

15 dozen pairs Dress Shields, worth 10c a pair—at ..... 5c

## HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

Some Genuine Washday Bargains.

**Wash Boilers.** Made of good tin with heavy copper bottom; No. 8, worth 89c, at ..... 59c
No. 9, worth 98c, at ..... 69c

**Clothes Wringers.** A good and durable wood frame Wringer, with rolls vulcanized to the shaft; made exactly like a $2.00 Wringer; special tomorrow ..... 98c

**Clothes Baskets.** Made of hardwood splint, special tomorrow, 25c size at ..... 23c
45c size at ..... 32c

**Clothes Lines.** 50-foot Braided Cotton Clothes Lines, worth 10c, at ..... 5c
100 Hardwood Clothes Pins tomorrow, for ..... 5c
Rice Root Scrub Brushes, worth 10c, at ..... 6c

**Oil Cans.** 5-gallon tin, wood jacket Oil Cans, worth 69c; special for Saturday ..... 49c

**Slop Jar Mats.** 18-inch wood fibre Slop Jar Mats, worth 25c, at ..... 19c

**Wash Basins.** Good tin Wash Basins, tomorrow, at ..... 3c

**Stove Polish.** Rising Sun Stove Polish, sold at 10c; special ..... 5c

**Cups.** 1-quart Cups, worth 6c; tomorrow, at ..... 3c

**Water Pails.** Made of Wood Fibre in one solid piece, no bad taste, or hoops to fall off, regular price 35c; tomorrow ..... 19c

**Wash Tubs.** Made of heavy Galvanized Iron, more durable than wood, and only half the weight to handle—
Small size, worth 62c—at ..... 49c
Medium size, worth 85c—at ..... 59c
Large size, worth 95c—at ..... 69c

**Wash Boards.** Made with heavy zinc on hardwood frame, the regular 15c kind; tomorrow ..... 10c

**Potts' Sad Irons.** Heavily nickel-plated—3 irons, handle and stand complete, per set, 35c; tomorrow ..... 69c

**Trays.** When you want to make a nice present for a the wedding, etc., we can show you a complete line of nickel and fancy Trays, 12-inch round nickel-plated Trays, worth 25c; special tomorrow ..... 10c

**Rolling Pins.** Made of hardwood, with loose handle, worth 10c, at ..... 5c

A good 3-string Floor Broom, tomorrow for ..... 15c

Potatoe Mashers, made of heavy wire, with wood handles, worth 10c, at ..... 3c

Leatherette Lunch Boxes, always easy to keep clean ..... 10c

## BARGAINS for close buyers in our Crockery Department for Saturday.

Just received a full line of fancy Lamps at prices lower than ever before.

25 Decorated Lamps, complete with burner, chimney and shade, worth $1.15; special, each ..... 89c

15 Decorated Lamps, complete with Decorated Globe to match —special ..... $1.48

10 very pretty Lamps, with Globe to match, worth $3.00; special ..... $2.25

50 decorated 8-inch Globes, worth 45c; special each ..... 39c

25 dozen Decorated China Egg Cups, worth 15c each; special —each ..... 7c

100 dozen Decorated Fancy China Cups and Saucers, worth up to 35c, at—each ..... 25c

50 dozen Fancy Shape Decorated China After Dinner Cups and Saucers, worth up to 65c; special ..... 25c

12 dozen Fancy shape Wrought Iron Candle Sticks, worth 25c; special—each ..... 15c

25 Open Slop Jars, worth 25c; special, each ..... 69c

50 Pitchers and Basins, worth 95c; special—per set ..... 69c

100-piece Dinner Sets, nicely decorated, worth $8.50 —special, only ..... $5.95

100-piece Dinner Sets, Decorated in Blue and Gold, worth $16.50; special price, a set ..... $12.50

**Odds and Ends** In open stock Decorated Dinnerware at special prices.
Dinner Plates, worth 12c—at each ..... 8c

Cups and Saucers, worth 12½c, per pair ..... 7c
Pie Plates, worth 8c—at each ..... 5c
Platters, worth 30c—at each ..... 25c
Vegetable Dishes, worth 25c—at each ..... 23c
Gravy Boats, worth 20c—at each ..... 19c
Berry Saucers, worth 9c—at each ..... 5c
Bowls, worth 15c—at each ..... 10c

**Special Prices on White Granite for Saturday.**

10c Platters, at—each ..... 7c
12c Platters, at—each ..... 8c
15c Platters, at—each ..... 10c
25c Platters, at—each ..... 15c
20c Platters, at—each ..... 25c
12c Cream Pitchers, at—each ..... 8c
25c Pitchers, at—each ..... 19c
10c Oyster Bowls, at—each ..... 7c
25c Vegetable Dishes, at—each ..... 15c
50 plain white Dinner Plates, special only—each ..... 3c
100 dozen plain white Cups and Saucers; special—per pair ..... 5c
All our Jardinieres, worth up to $1.65; special, each ..... 95c
5 barrels of Thin-banded Tumblers, worth 65c per dozen at —each ..... 3c


FISH HAVE FAVORITE HAUNTS.

One strange feature of this sea life of the tropics is the regular recurrence of migratory swarms of fish of very small size that return in huge numbers year after year with such absolute regularity that the natives calculate on the event on a certain date in each year, and even within an hour or two of the day. One such swarm of fish forms the occasion of an annual holiday and feast at Samoa, says a writer in Lippincott's. The fish is not unlike the white bait for which the English Thames has so long been celebrated, and each year it arrives in Samoan on the same day in the month of October, remains for a day, or at the most for two days, and then disappears entirely until the same day the following year. Why it comes, or whence, no curious naturalist has yet discovered, nor has anybody traced its onward course when it leaves the Samoan group, but the fact is unquestionable that suddenly, without notice, the still waters of the lagoon which surround each island within the fringing reef becomes alive with millions of fishes, passing through them for a single day and night an dthen disappearing for a year as though they had never come.

A visit to Samoa enabled me to see this strange phenomenon for myself, and to witness the native feast by which it is celebrated year by year. I had been in Samoa for a month and in that month I had enjoyed almost a surfeit of beauty. I had coasted the shores of its islands; I had bathed in the warm, still waters of its lagoons, fringed to seaward by the white reef, on which the ocean broke in golden spray, and to landward by the silver beach of coral sand, flecked with the tremulous shadows of the swaying palms. I had climbed with my native guide the abrupt hills, covered with dense forests of tropical luxuriance, through the arcades of which I caught glimpses of the flash and luster of the ocean's myriad smiles, and again we had plunged into deep valleys among the hills, where little headlong streams murmur under the shade of the wide-spreading bread-fruit trees and wave the broad leaves of the great water lilies of the Pacific coast islands.

# VISITS ZINC MINE

## M. J. Davis Tells What He Saw at the Zenith Property.

## AN IMPORTANT MINE

### Is Certain That It Is a Large One---Character of Deposit.

Former Mayor M. J. Davis has returned from a visit to the zinc mine on the north shore to which considerable attention has been attracted of late, and this morning he gave The Herald an interesting statement of what he saw there. Mr. Davis has been for some time in the Joplin zinc mining section, where he is interested, and his experience there fits him to speak of the north shore zinc deposits.

"The Zenith mine," he said, "is situated 120 miles east of Port Arthur. We left for there a week ago Monday, and from Rossport took the trail for the mine, fourteen miles north. Rossport is a station on the Canadian Pacific railroad. The country is very pretty, though wild. On Maggot river there is a fall of seventy-five feet, and there are thirteen lakes in twelve miles of the trail, necessitating lots of canoeing and portaging. I went up with the superintendent of the mine. The mine does its hauling during the winter, when the lakes are frozen and last winter 1000 tons were shipped. It is expected that this output will be doubled this winter.

"The mine is on the shore of a small lake, and at the north end of the lake there is a fall of 75 to 100 feet down to another small lake. This fall will make an admirable water power, and the residents of that section put much faith in its future o nthat account. The fall, in wearing away the rocks that encompassed it, seems to have opened up the zinc vein, and thus led to its discovery. The vein was discovered by an Indian. The deposit runs continuously for 1000 or 1200 feet, apparently, south along the edge of the lake, in a mountainous form. At the lower end of the hill the face of the mountain has been blown off with dynamite, and here the miners are working at the veins as they appear.

"There are no means of determining the extent of the deposits, for no tunnelling or drifting has been done. The miners are content to cut away it the end of the veins and get out ore during the summer and ship it during the winter. I have no doubt, however, that the mine is a very important one. The veins are from 6 feet to 15 feet wide at the ends, and the ore is very rich. It assays from 45 to 58 per cent in zinc. One assay I had made showed 58 per cent of zinc and 6 per cent of iron. In this case the iron is a deleterious substance, slightly affecting the value of the ores. The ores are shipped direct to Belgium and there treated.

"The proposition there is entirely different from that in the Joplin district. In Joplin the ore is rosin-colored. Here it is steel and iron colored. There sinking from 60 to 200 feet is necessary, and in the Zenith mine the deposit seems to be a sort of a dyke nearly on the surface. It may go down as in the Joplin district, and shafts and sinkers in that section might develop other paying mines below the surface rock. There are as yet no other prospects in that section, and it will require lots of skill and money to develop it. The section is heavily capped with blende rock and the 120 prospectors of this latitude do not appear to understand such a proposition so far. The future, however, may develop many mines as good as the one already in existence."

## IGNORE THE FACTS.

### Superior Paners Unaware of Twin City Roads Agreement.

Since the Omaha road put on its "Twilight limited" the Superior papers have been giving the public various speculations something like the following, which is from the Telegram:

"Within two or three weeks it is expected that the Eastern's trains will begin to make their through trips over the Brook Park cutoff. At the outset it is understood the schedule will be three and a half hours to Minneapolis and four hours to St. Paul. It is likely, also that this time will before long be reduced to three hours and three and a half to the respective places. The new cutoff is being used every day now and will not be an entirely new roadbed when put in use. The Great Northern's large engines, which were recently purchased for this service and which are now being used on the through trains, are capable of a speed of 80 miles per hour.

"It is expected that when this new schedule goes into effect, war will be declared between the Eastern and the St. Paul & Duluth to determine which is to be the short line to the Twin Cities in respect to time. The Eastern has faster equipment but the other's road is still the shorter."

The Superior papers seem to be at sea on the facts. The roads some months ago got together and agreed that four hours and a half should be the limit of running time between here and St. Paul, and there is not yet the slightest indication that this will be broken on the part of any of the roads.

## Estates Closed Up.

In probate court yesterday a final decree in the estate of Vose Palmer was made dividing the estate, of $1821, among the relatives of the deceased. The estate of Mary R. Gilbert, consisting of a lot in London addition and eighty acres in 11, 50-15, household goods and fifteen shares of stock in the old second National bank of Bay City, was divided among the sons of the deceased, F. L., S. Y., and A. E. Gilbert. The estate of T. Zweifel $1421.71 was assigned to the sisters and brothers of the deceased.

### FIRE IN CENTRALIA.

Centralia, Mo., Sept. 8.—Two blocks of frame structures were destroyed by fire last night, entailing a loss of $20,000. It is rumored that three men were burned to death. None of the losses exceed $5000. The insurance will cover half the losses.

### A LONG ELECTRIC LINE.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 8.—H. Haigh and S. S. Angus, capitalists of Detroit, have completed arrangements which will give a new electric road from Toledo to Buffalo and it will be the longest road of its kind in the world.

### JONES WILL NOT RESIGN.

Washington, Sept. 8.—James K. Jones, Jr., son of Senator Jones, has arrived in Washington after a long stay in Europe with his father. He stated that Senator Jones has no intention of resigning the chairmanship of the Democratic national committee.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."
If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.


For September Weddings

Our talk is of presents for the bride. We have a magnificent collection especially selected for presents to the Bride, with such easy prices that will make the giving a double pleasure.

Dainty Gold Watches,
Exquisite Diamond Rings,
Handsome Combination Rings.
Lovely Pins and Pendants,
Beautiful Braclets,
Sterling Silver,
Silver Plated Ware,
Cut Glass, Clocks,
Opera Glasses, Lorgnettes,
Cuff Buttons,
Shirt Waist Sets,
Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

So many new ideas, so many attractive and appropriate gifts that you are sure to be pleased—and, mark the fact, the lowest prices named in the country, and we guarantee the quality. Come and see our beautiful display.

G. A. Klein,
Jeweler.
325 West Superior St.


## CABLE FLASHES.

Gen. Benjamin Tracy, before the Venezuelan board of arbitration yesterday took up his argument in behalf of the Venezuelan case, devoting a greater part of the day to international rules relating to right of discovery. He claimed that Spain had settled all the disputed parts and that the Orinoco Amazon closed the ancient province of Spain. The commission then adjourned until Monday.

The New South Wales assembly yesterday by a vote of 75 to 41 passed a resolution declaring a lack of confidence in the ministry.

Jiminez, leader of the successful revolution, has been received in triumph at Santiago. Public feeling seems to be unanimously in his favor as candidate for the presidency.

The quartermaster's department has landed 630 head of horses and mules at Manila; there are 2500 on the sea, and arrangements are about completed to ship 2000 more within a few weeks. This will supply the cavalry brigade with horses and the army with mules for transportation.

Admiral Dewey yesterday visited the garrison library at Gibraltar and lunched with the United States consul. He is gradually improving and he believes he will be entirely recovered before his arrival in New York harbor.

A duel with revolvers was fought in Paris yesterday between Prince Moskow and M. Gaston Mery, as the outcome of an article in the Libre Parole, reflecting on the prince's father. M. Mery was slightly wounded in the neck. The duelists were afterwards reconciled.

Count Estarhazy in an interview published in London yesterday repeats his statement that he did everything by order of Col. Sandherr and his superior officers. He says he will reveal all after the trial at Rennes. Possibly he will go to the United States to lecture. He declares he will not return to France because it would mean imprisonment.

It is reported that Senor Eduardo Romann, whose term as president of Peru expires today, will offer an amnesty to the insurgents and discharge from custody all persons now in prison for political offenses.

Andrew Carnegie, it is said in London, will be the next Liberal candidate for parliament for Sutherlandshire.

The government officials of the province of Kief, Russia, recently ordered the closing of thirty synagogues and schools at Birbletz, which is the center of the Jewish population of the southwest provinces.

In Havana yesterday an attempt to lynch a Spaniard, Andrus Camacho, who was working on a lighter in the harbor. The mob dragged him from the wharf, put a rope around his neck, hauled him along the ground and beat him with sticks. Ultimately the custom house guard rescued him, and he was taken to the hospital. Though seriously injured he will probably recover. The mob asserted that he was an old friend and abettor of Bartolo Ramos, the Spanish informer and spy. Camacho said he knew Ramos, but declared that he had never injured anyone and was perfectly innocent of the specific offenses charged against him.

## FOUND HER HUSBAND'S BODY.

### St. Paul Woman Finds Her Missing Spouse In Potter's Field.

St. Louis, Sept. 8.—A photograph of her dead husband given by Mrs. Joseph Madden, of St. Paul, to a St. Louis acquaintance, may lead to the rescue of a body from the potter's field and secure for the widow $11,000 in life insurance.

Last May a man named Joseph Madden was buried here by the city. He was an unfortunate who had lived on the streets. Those who had observed him did not consider him just right mentally. He contracted consumption and was taken to the city hospital, where he died May 15. No one claimed the body and at the expiration of a week he was turned over to the city undertaker. Recently a St. Louisan called on Mrs. Madden in St. Paul, and in a chance hope of finding her husband, who had been missing for three years, she gave him his photograph. On his return to the city, he showed it to the morgue keeper, who recognized it as a man whom he had buried. Mrs. Madden will come to St. Louis and attempt to identify the body. She has attempted to collect the insurance, but the companies refused to pay it.


Closing Out while they last at 40 Per Cent Discount. All our Fancy Sweet Grass Baskets, Indian Canoes.

M. Henricksen,
Jeweler,
334 West Superior St.


# A MILLION PER DAY

## Exports of Manufactures From United States Reach a High Average.

## IS A GREAT GROWTH

### They Have Almost Doubled In Four Years---What Others Say.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Sept. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—That the growing popularity of American manufactures in all parts of the world is recognized by the manufacturing and mercantile communities of other nations is shown by a series of statements just published in the monthly summary of commerce and finance issued by the treasury bureau of statistics. This series of statements, which is to be followed by others of a similar character from month to month, will indicate to our manufacturers and exporters what the people of other parts of the world are thinking and saying about their products. While the general growth of our export trade has been phenomenal, the feature which has naturally attracted most attention is the growth in exportation of manufactures and their popularity in markets formerly held by other nations. The exports of manufactures from the United States are now averaging $1,000,000 a day. In the 242 days from Jan. 1 to July 31 the exports of manufactures were $211,975,904, or practically $1,000,009 a day, while in the corresponding period of 1895 the exports of manufactures were $110,389,940, or practically $500,000 a day. That this phenomenal growth in which our exports of manufactures have practically doubled in four years should have attracted attention is not surprising, and it is both interesting and instructive to know what is being said about it by those interested in similar lines in other parts of the world.

The following are extracts from the statements published in the monthly summary of commerce and finance just issued:

From the Mark Lane Express: "The importation into England of foreign agricultural machinery, principally from America, and intended for transshipment, is constantly increasing. During the past few months the steamers of the Wilson line have landed in Hull unusually large quantities of agricultural machinery and implements. Practically the whole of it is sent abroad, large quantities being for Russia, which a few years ago was supplied almost wholly with the English made article."

From a Smyrna correspondent of the British Trade Journal: "Among the nations now struggling for supremacy in our markets we must number the Americans, who have thrown themselves heart and soul into the battle, and it appears to me that in a very short time they will prove most formidable antagonists."

From the Belgian vice consul at Bangkok: "The bicycle is met with in every street of the capital. Europeans are not the only patrons of cycling. The Siamese have acquired a taste for it, and the Chinese, in spite of their costume, which renders bicycle riding difficult, have even followed their example. Most of the bicycles now met with in Siam are of the American, English or German origin. One American bicycle sells at 280 ticals, the tical equaling 20 cents; another firm imports American cycles, which sell at 240 ticals. German machines imported are found too heavy for Siam and dealers have been asked to import machines which could compete with American cycles."

From the British consul at Mariupol, Russia: "There is still a large market in Russia for machinery, machine tools, leather belting, wire ropes, shovels, coke forks, mining and other tools. I prevailed upon some of the local dealers to pass some trial orders for tools from England, but they informed me that English prices were too high, and that they could have bought the same articles form Germany or the United States more cheaply. I am at a loss to account for the American competition, when one takes into consideration the heavy cost of transport, and especially when it must be admitted that the goods are said to be in no way inferior to those of British manufacture."

From the London Mechanical World: "Undoubtedly we are indebted to American designers for many practical notions, particularly in milling and grinding machinery, but in general it may be said that the conservatism which dominates our business methods has much to do with the apparently indifferent showing made by our machine tool makers in comparison with American manufacturers. In England we rarely meet with a catalogue of machine tools which gives such detailed particulars as will enable the construction of the machine to be made out and a probable estimate of its capabilities obtained. On the other hand the American machine builder takes the prospective purchaser into his confidence, giving information which would almost enable any builder to make the machine who was so disposed. English builders object to the policy, which they consider as 'giving too much away,' but the facts are against them if the success of American tool makers is conclusive evidence on the matter."

From the London Engineer: "We see no reason why statements favorable to American engines should be made if they are not true. We have the best interests of the locomotive builders of this country at heart and we should wholly fail in our duty if we said pleasant things and maintained that the typical English locomotive must be the best for Austria or South America or China or Africa just because it is the best for the railways of the United Kingdom. Americans more fully understand what is needed for railway service in a new and cheap country than we do and we ought not to be too proud to learn from them."

From the British South African Export Gazette: "Among the 33 classes of American goods enumerated as being exported to Africa in March, 29 show an increase and 11 a decrease. The increases include cycles, builders' hardware, sewing machines, scientific instruments, clocks and watches, cotton manufactures, leather manufactures, canned beef, pickled beef, hams, pork, sugar, molasses, mineral and vegetable oils, manufactured tobacco, books and seeds. The figures are full of import for all classes of British manufacturers, showing as they do that American competition has to be met in all departments of trade. The energy which our trans-Atlantic cousins put into all their new departures is earnest of a sufficiently active exploitation in the near future, which can only be met with renewed care and energy on the part of English firms."

From the Canadian Manufacturer: "It is the opinion of many Canadian importers of such goods from the United States as come into competition with those from Great Britain that the discrimination of 25 per cent in favor of British goods has only a trifling effect upon the volume of imports from the United States. Canadian consumers of the leading articles made of iron or steel and of other metallic goods show a decided preference for those made in the United States, and will not take British goods even if the preferential duty causes them to be proportionately lower in price."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

## THE OFFICE BOY.

### His Influence Recognized as a Handicap on Trade.

Now appears the American institution of the office boy in the unexpected guise of a handicap upon American foreign trade. One cannot believe that the office boy has wilfully retarded the expansion of American exports. On the contrary, the office boy is usually a progressive person. His defects are not peculiar to himself, but reflect the faults of his elders. In the course of rapid progress in this country the second generation grows up doing everything in a hurry. This, in turn, has brought about carelessness as to minor details, and, in this particular, the office boy may be said to reflect the national trend.

The office boy is usually entrusted with stamping the letters and posting them and in this duty finds the greatest contempt for taking pains, together with his extreme interest in baseball, is proving distinctly injurious to American foreign trade. Conclusive evidence has been gathered that the American office boy thinks a United States stamp ought to carry anything anywhere. He places the stamps on various parcels, without regard to the weight thereof or the rules of the Universal union. The result, in the aggregate, is an outpouring of many thousands of letters and circulars to foreign lands with insufficient postage.

Foreign merchants view with astonishment the circumstances that they have to pay due postage on nearly all letters and packets from the United States. Why is this? Are the Americans, then, so careless or so ignorant, or disposed to a mean saving of postage bills? Anyway, it is a nuisance. The Scientific American finds the matter "rough enough to sound a note of warning", and American consuls have directed official communications on the subject to the state department.

An Australian firm, dealing in American goods, has kept a letter book with true British care which shows that each mail from the United States has cost the firm an average of $3 in due postage. Not only this, but 20 per cent of the letters to the United States asking for information and prices are not answered, or, at least, answers are not received. Within the period which the record covers only three times were postage dues paid on letters from European business houses. This appears to be no joke, but an instance of how a seemingly trivial neglect may produce grave results. There is no doubt about the need of a compromise between the overstudious and laborious business methods of the old world and the more rapid American system with a modification of the smart and interesting but unreliable office boy.


REMOVAL NOTICE!

The Duluth Fuel and Transfer Co.'s Office
IS NOW AT
410 West Superior Street,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

Remember we sell the best grade of COAL at Lowest Prices.


## CALLED TO ACCOUNT.

### What Two American Vessels Did to the Spaniards.

As our navy has become so popular since the late mix-up with Spain, the following bit of partly unrecorded history may be of interest, says a writer in the Washington Post. On June 14, 1880, the American schooner Eunice F. Newcomb, Capt. Andrews, arrived at Boston, Mass., from Port Antonio with a load of fruit, and reported that on May 31, when twelve miles off the Cuban coast, she was overhauled by a large Spanish warship, which fired two shots at her. The Newcomb hoisted the American flag and hove to, when an officer and armed men from the Spaniards boarded her and searched for arms.

June 16 following the American schooner E. A. Merrit, Capt. Rand, arrived at Philadelphia and reported that when seven miles off the island of Cuba he was fired at by a Spanish gunboat, which afterward sent a boat containing armed men, who searched his vessel. These cases having been officially reported to the state department at Washington, and no satisfactory reply having been received from the Spanish government, the United States flagship Tennessee,. Admiral Wyman, and the United States steamer Powhatan of the North Atlantic squadron, both wooden ships, were sent south to patrol the Cuban coast and investigate the matter. The writer was a member of the Powhatan crew at the time, and can well remember the exciting events of that short cruise around Cuba. Both ships took on a war supply of ammunition before leaving New York, and although the best guns possessed by either ship were smooth-bore 9-inch Dalghrens, it was the intention of the Powhatan crew to show some fine smashing with them should a belligerent Spaniard cross her path. The Tennessee cruised in the vicinity of Havana and on the north coast of Cuba, while the Powhatan made a circuit of the island.

After ten days' chasing and overhauling vessels of all kinds from a fishing smack to a large merchantman we finally came up to the object of our search, the Spanish corvette, Canto, of twenty guns, two of them being modern steel rifles. The Canto was anchored in the mouth of the entrance to Santiago bay. The Powhatan came to anchor within a cable's length of the Spaniard, the impression prevailing among the crew of the American ship that a fight was billed to come off between the two vessels, but it seemed the fates ordered otherwise. There were several visits exchanged between the officers of the two warships, but the crews were not so friendly, to judge from the gestures of the Spanish sailors and the uncomplimentary remarks of the Americans.

June 27 our steam launch brought out news from Santiago that the Tennessee had been ordered to Havana. Then we thought the ball would commence to roll surely, but the information received next day contradicted the report. Admiral Wyman had several conferences with the Spanish authorities, who claimed the two schooners were within the league limit when fired upon. The Spanish cortes agreed to pay damages should the United States demand it, but would continue to search vessels within the three-mile limit. After a suspense of nearly two weeks the Tennessee and Powhatan were ordered north and the matter was dropped.

Eighteen years after this episode most of the officers and members of the crews of the Tennessee and Powhatan participated in the great battle off Santiago which seamed nearly the flower of the Spanish navy along the breaker-lined coast of Cuba, a shapeless mass of ruins. And it is doubtless the wish of all that many years may come and go before the vultures of war will again hover over that beautiful isle of the sea—"the Pearl of the Antilles," sunny Cuba.

## TOLD OUT OF COURT.

Omaha Bee: Attorney—Now, answer, yes or no. Was the abducted child ill? I insist on a categorical answer.

O'Hara—Well, thin, thur wasn't a drop av paragoric in the house.

A certain doctor had occasion, when only a beginner in the medical profession, to attend a trial as a witness, reports the New York Tribune. The opposing counsel, in cross-examining the young physician, made several sarcastic remarks, doubting the ability of so young a man to understand his business. Finally he asked:

"Do you know the symptoms of concussion of the brain?"

"I do," replied the doctor.

"Well," continued the attorney, "suppose my learned friend, Mr. Banging, and myself were to bang our heads together, should we get concussion of the brain?"

"Your learned friend, Mr. Banging, might," said the doctor.

"Heard a couple of good ones on this trip," announced one of Detroit's traveling men to a Free Press reporter. "At a little town in Oklahoma court was in session and I dropped in while waiting for the train. The prosecution had taken the testimony of a stationary engineer and the attorney for the defense took hold. 'Where were you the day this thing happened?' he inquired.

"'Runnin' a injun.'

"'What tribe did he belong to?'

"The day before a case had been tried in which a man had climbed to the top of a freight car, laid up on a siding. He had no business there, but loosened the brake. The car started down grade, gained speed rapidly for five miles, and then turned a somersault over an embankment. His collar-bone was broken and he got a verdict for $500 because a smart lawyer convinced the jury that the railroad was guilty of contributory negligence."

A junior member of a Chicago law firm tells this story in the Tribune of one of his first clients:

"I had just been appointed junior member of the firm and relieved the older members by looking after the minor cases. One day a well-appearing man called at the office and inquired if I could give him an hour of my time and what would be the cost. I told him and he accepted the terms, but added:

"'This is not to be a consultation. I do not want advice or assistance. I know perfectly well what I am going to do, but I want to talk. I have no friend to whom I can unburden myself, but if I pay you to listen I shall have a right to talk to you freely for the time agreed upon.'

"I agreed to this strange proposition and appointed an hour at noon the following day. The man came promptly and I took out cigars and told the office boy we were not to be disturbed for an hour.

"'Mind,' the man said, 'I don't want you to interrupt me. I am paying you to listen.'

"Then he began. For one hour he talked as one who never in his life had unburdened himself to a sympathetic listener. I listened without saying a word. When the clock struck 1 the man ceased talking, paid his fee, took up his hat and walked out.

"Six months later, looking over the daily paper, the story of a suicide at one of the hotels attracted my attention. The name was that of my talkative client. I have always believed that if he had had someone to talk to again he would not have committed suicide."


Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

$4.80 Excursion Rates $4.80
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN.
VIA. ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Tickts on sale until Sept. 9. Good returning until Sept 11. Only line with three daily trains. Tickets at all depots. West Duluth, Twentieth avenue and union station. City office, 332 West Superior street.

Jap Rose

*the most modern of all soaps*

Especially designed for the Toilet and Bath.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

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# Saturday's Store Doings

ALL STREET CARS PASS OUR DOORS. ASK FOR Transfer

**Will be Quite Important** because of the many extra values placed before you on several lines of decided merit. Note the items and kindly bear in mind that where Fashion predominates you will find this store head and shoulders above any in this city. Quality, here, of course, is a standard. We have but one kind—BEST. Buying need not be the only thing to bring you here, for you are equally welcome to look; the store and its Merchandise will be interesting—that you can depend upon—and we are glad to give you ideas of what Autumn's Fashion dictates have in store for you.

## Golf Capes....

Almost daily arrivals of them are the rule. Dozens of the most fashionable styles and colorings are here, moderately priced, too, as for instance, **$5.75** for excellent Golf Capes of English Shawl Cloth, same as are being retailed in most stores at $7.50.

**At $7.50** we show our "Famous" Golf Capes that we have sold dozens of this season; blues, browns, tans, with all the new and handsome color combinations. **Go higher, if you like—$8.75, $10, $12, $15, $18 or $22.50**—the very best that master minds in garment-making can turn out—styles and colorings that no printers' ink could do justice do.

## Tailor-Made Suits or Jackets.

Styles that are entirely exclusive with this house, and rightly priced, everyone of them. As, for instance, excellent ones of English Homespun, Jacket silk-lined and fashioned right up to the hour, Skirt with new hang and all this Autumn's little kinks that go toward making a garment complete, **at $12.50**, and we are not unreasonable when we say that $16.50 would be a fair price.

**At $14.50, $16.50, $18.00, $22.50, $28.50, $30.00, $34.00 and $38.00 our styles are instances of tailor's art.**

## Underwear.

**Children's Heavy Underwear**—From sizes 24 to 30. Worth 65c. Saturday special ..... **49c**

**Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Underwear**—Worth 50c, at ..... **25c**

**Ladies' Heavy Fleece Lined Underwear at 50c**, worth 75c. Also a fine line of Ladies' Combination Suits from **50c** up.

We have also received a new line of Ladies' Muslin Underwear, worth $2.00, which we are selling at ..... **$1.25**

And a very nice line of Ladies' **Black Tights, at $1.25**, regular kind $1.50.

**Children's Oneita Combination Wrappers are ready.**

## HOSIERY.

**Children's School Hose**—Double knees, sale price ..... **12½c**

**Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hose**—Double knee, regular 15c quality; sale price ..... **10c**

Or 6 pairs for **50c.**

**Ladies' Black Cotton Hose**—Spliced heels and double soles. Sale price ..... **22c**

**Ladies' Best Lisle Hose**—High spliced heels and spliced soles, Hermsdorf dye; of 60c quality ..... **50c**

**Ladies' Fine Cotton Hose**—Regular 50c quality ..... **39c**

## New Millinery.

The newest in hats, according to New York and Paris fashions, are here for your choosing. Ready to put on and wear, of course. Style in every bit of them and the prices are arranged so as to make the buying easy. These are the first showings and the majority of them will not be had at any other house in this city.

The "La Rue" Tam—Crown plain colors, curved rim.

Tam—Straight rim, crown alternate rows of white, blue, black or red.

**The Swell Novelty** is an extremely high crown walking hat turned up at side and back, with a long quill, called "De Leon."

## New Jewelry Novelties.

Fancy Brooches are all the rage. Butterflies are very stylish; enameled in exact butterfly colorings, plain and jeweled—**75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00**

**Bow Knots**—Rhinestones with emeralds ..... **$1.50**

Fancy Brooches, turquoise with rhinestones, emeralds with rhinestones, rubies with rhinestones, or pearls with rhinestones, in all the newest designs at **50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00.**

Cyrano Beauty Pins, Saturday special, 8 for ..... **25c**

Chateline Purses, the latest fad, with long chain, for ..... **$2.00**

## Hair Ornaments.

Braid Pins, plain shell, at ..... **25c, 35c**

Princess Hair Clasp ..... **25c, 35c, 50c**

The latest Parisian Braid Pins in gold with turquoise and rubies, Cyrano Hair Clasp with rhinestones and turquoise, pearl and emeralds, and rhinestone with emeralds, at ..... **75c, $1.00, $1.50**

Shell Braid Pins with settings at **50c, 75c**

Side Combs with rhinestones—at ..... **$1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00**

Back Combs in a plain shell at **50c, 75c**

## Women's Neckwear.

New Imperial Ties for ladies, stylish plaids, stripes and figures, regular 75c tie for ..... **59c**

Chiffon Ties in white, trimmed with narrow ruching, 2 yards long ..... **75c**

1 lot of Net Ties, plain and dotted net, with ruffles trimmed with lace edge, regular 50c kind for ..... **39c**

The new Marie Stuart stock, made of satin, in white, light blue, pink, cream, navy and black, for ..... **65c**

The Nethersole stock, made of good satin, trimmed with two rows of black velvet ribbon, in pink, blue, white, red and black, for ..... **65c**

## Handkerchiefs.

Ladies' plain hemstitched Handkerchiefs, **6 for 25c**

Ladies' hemstitched embroidered and lace trimmed edge Handkerchiefs, regular 20c quality for **12½c**

Ladies' all pure linen hemstitched embroidered Handkerchiefs, regular 35c kind, for ..... **25c**

## Belts and Belt Buckles.

Narrow Belts for tailor made suits in tan, gray, black seal, patent leather and brown ..... **50c**

Dog Collar Belt Buckles in all the Autumn colors and leathers **50c, 65c, 75c, $1**

**Jet Belts, solid elastic—Tomorrow—**

$1.50 Elastic Jet Belts at ..... **98c**

$1.25 Elastic Jet Belts at ..... **89c**

75c Elastic Jet Belts ..... **59c**

Leather Belts in black, oxblood, white beaver, tan and the new fancy colors; usual 50c value, tomorrow **35c**

Leather Belts in many colors, including tans, blacks, green, brown and white; usual 39c value, tomorrow **19c**

**Jet Buckles**—Black, pearl gray, or black and white, or turquoise and black, with edging of white cut steel.. **50c, 75c, $1.00**

**Cut Steel Belt Buckles**—

50c quality, tomorrow ..... **35c**

Also many new Belt Buckles in old gold, cut steel jet, oxydized and sterling—at ..... **50c, 75c, $1.00**

The Swellest Buckles in town.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

# MUST BE ENLARGED

## Both Main and Branch Bethel Buildings Cannot Meet the Demands.

## ADDITIONS PLANNED

### Another Story to the Branch and Enlargement of Main Building.

The board of directors of the Duluth Bethel have decided to greatly improve the building facilities for carrying on the great work among the city's poor and unfortunate. The board has decided to build another story to the branch Bethel at 508 West Superior street, and it is practically decided to build a 4-story brick addition in the rear of the Bethel building on Lake avenue.

The work of the Bethel in the past few years has been carried on with greater success each year, but even the greatly improved condition of the times has failed to lessen the work of Superintendent Robel and his corps of assistants. The present building facilities have been found inadequate to carry on the city mission work to its best advantage, and the decision of the board of directors to improve the buildings is along the line of expansion in the work of charity.

The building at 508 West Superior street has been leased by the Bethel for a long period of years. It is, without doubt, the most prepossessing and well-constructed building in the Bowery district. The extra story will be of brick and will be constructed on the uniform design of the present building. The width of the new story will be 25 feet and the length 115 feet. It will give an addition of 37 sleeping rooms, making a total of 61 rooms in all. Then it is proposed to have a large reading room in the new addition, and other portions of the building will be remodeled in such a way as to give room for a number of shower and tub baths. Special heating apparatus will be placed in the building before cold weather sets in, and when all these improvements are made the poor and unfortunate of the Bowery district will have a home more comfortable than many of them have ever had before.

At the meeting of the board at which the improvements to the branch Bethel were decided on, the plans for greatly improving the Bethel on Lake avenue were discussed at length. It was first proposed to erect a frame story to the building, but later it was practically decided that a 4-story brick addition should be built in the rear of the present Bethel. The Bethel property is ample to accommodate a building of this description, which would cost in the neighborhood of $7500. In case this addition is made, the Bethel will incorporate a department for rescue work among women and girls, which in the past has been seriously retarded on account of the lack of proper building facilities, and in addition to this it would be possible to establish a day nursery, the need of which has long been felt by the poorer classes of the city. It is also proposed to extend the work among street boys, in case this new addition is building, by making a home for a sort of boys' club, where the newsboys and others who are forced to knock about the streets could have a place of refuge and instruction.

The board of directors are now devising ways and means for raising the money for this building. It is probable that much of the money would have to be raised in a public way, and inasmuch as the Bethel has not come before the public soliciting aid in the past seven years, many of those interested are inclined to believe that the money can be readily raised.

### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Patrick Winslow was arrested at Des Moines, Iowa, yesterday afternoon, charged with the murder late last night of Edward Tilton, a farmer living in the outskirts of the city. Tilton was driving home from town when he was struck and killed by a stone thrown at him. Tilton and Winslow had quarreled and Winslow is accused of threatening Tilton.

Andrew Carnegie has written a letter to a friend in Oakland, Cal., in which he says he will give the city the sum of $50,000 for a public library building, provided the city will agree to pay at least $4000 a year to maintain the library. The city already pays a large sum to maintain its public library.

In a breeze ranging from eight to ten knots an hour, Sir Thomas Lipton's challenging yacht Shamrock took her third trial spin yesterday off Sandy Hook. At no time did she develop the great speed she seemed not to be a success as a light weather boat.

James G. Dailey, foreman in the composing room of the Philadelphia Daily Ledger, and for forty years in the employ of the paper, died yesterday. Dailey was formerly president of the Typographical union, and represented that union for many years in the conventions of the International Typographical union.

Fire in Brooklyn last night destroyed a pier shed 500 feet in length and extended to the steamship Bureros and the steam barge Rahway, the latter owned by the Pennsylvania Railway company, causing a loss of $100,000. The steamship was towed into the stream and the fire extinguished, but the barge was almost destroyed. Several smaller boats were also damaged. Three watchmen were badly burned.

At the Douglas county fair at Camargo, Ill., yesterday, lightning struck the north end of the grand stand, killing two men instantly, fatally injuring two more, and seriously injuring six others. The dead are: Spencer Bromare, Woodruff, Ill.; Robert Myers, Champaign, Ill. The fatally injured: William Oder, Champaign, Ill.; John Griest, Urbana, Ill.

The New Orleans board of health yesterday announced a mild case of yellow fever in that city. It is isolated and the state and city boards of health and visiting experts agreed that there was no justification for any quarantine. Seventy-five physicians voluntarily reported that there were no suspicious cases in their practice.

Richard B. Leech, of Brooklyn, died suddenly last night at the conclusion of his address at a banquet of the Forty-eighth New York volunteers, held at Brighton Beach hotel. Mr. Leech had just finished his speech with the remark, "God bless you all," and was turning to sit down in his chair when he was overcome. He died instantly. Mr. Leech was 56 years old. During the civil war he was in the service of the United States as a paymaster clerk in the Atlantic squadron under Admiral Dupont.

The United States transport Wright, loaded with relief supplies of food and clothing contributed by Baltimore and Washington residents for the hurricane sufferers of Porto Rico, sailed from Baltimore yesterday for San Juan. Capt. Pyout, commander of the ship expects to arrive at the Porto Rican port next Tuesday. The donation amounts in all to 400 tons.

### AN ODD CHURCH.

One of the queerest places of worship in the world is the church of St. Ursula, in Cologne. It is erected in memory of a Christian maiden, Ursula, who, with 11,000 companions, is said to have been tortured to death by the Huns, 451 A. D. It hardly seems probable that either 11,000 maidens, or one-hundredth part of that number, could have been found in Cologne in the fifth century. If you venture to hint this to the guide who is showing you the gruesome mysteries of the church, however, he will look at you contemptuously, and waving his hand scornfully around the interior of the edifice, will ask where all these bones came from then.

And you feel inclined to ask the question yourself. The church is large and the walls of immense height. Yet every square inch of surface is ornamented with bones, fastened to the walls so as to form odd and fantastic designs. There are numerous shelves along the walls, and from these scores and scores of skeletons grin down at you.

Occasionally you notice a round opening, and, looking into it, you find that the hollow walls are filled with bones. If these bones all belong to the martyred companions of St. Ursula, they must have numbered nearer 11,000,000 than 11,000. The "Golden Room," so called because it is quite richly adorned with gold, is the shrine of St. Ursula. Skulls adorn the shrine, skulls inlaid with pearls, rubies and emeralds. The effect is indescribable. It very nearly verges on the ludicrous. Father Stein, who shows the visitors around the church, calls each of the skulls glibly by name, and even gives anecdotes concerning some of the persons. While much of false tradition is interwoven with the stories which he tells, the fact remains that St. Ursula's is the only church of the kind in the world—a church of bones and skulls.

### LIKE TO BE STARED AT.

"To say it is bad manners to stare at women on the streets is too sweeping an assertion," said an old clubman to a New Orleans reporter. "Bad manners are primarily manners that give annoyance to others, and an honest stare of respectful admiration does not necessarily fall within that category. It does not excite real, sure enough, bona fide wrath in the feminine breast. Yesterday afternoon, for instance, a young woman in white passed through a shopping district to a perfect fusillade of stares. Her gown was plain, but chic beyond description. Her belt was caught in front by a silver dolphin. Her hat was garnished with two white doves' wings and a big black velvet bow. She was the incarnation of youth and grace and beauty, and she attracted stares as irresistibly as a magnet attracts steel filings.

"As she glided along she left a trail of hypnotized onlookers. Dudes swallowed their cigarettes and staid men of affairs stopped in the middle of sentences and forgot what they were talking about. When she boarded a St. Charles street car the conductor stared at her in blissful stupefaction and rang up nearly $2 worth of imaginary fares before he recovered his faculties. Several passengers were carried beyond their destination because they couldn't stop staring long enough to see the streets. But was the young woman angry? Not a bit of it. She happens to be my niece, and I can testify that she arrived home in a pleasurable flutter of excitement. Being a dear, sensible girl, she knew the poor men couldn't help it. You see, there are stares and stares. The women who are first to complain are generally those who are stared at least. That sounds ungallant, but it is true."

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

## MANY FARM EXHIBITS.

### Prospect For Unusually Large Number at the Fair.

The exhibit of the products of the farms of this section of the state at the St. Louis county fair next week will be the largest that have ever been seen at any county fair here, unless all present indications miscarry. At least 150 farmers will bring exhibits of some kind, and many of them will bring large lots. Farm products have been backward this year because of the weather, and by next week they will be in fine shape, so that a very creditable exhibition can be made. J. E. Cooley will probably send up the most of the exhibit which he has made at the state fair for the county this week.

Gronseth & Olson have offered $10 in prizes for the finest bread made from Viking flour. The prizes will be as follows: $5 for the best loaf of white bread, $2 for the second best loaf, and $3 for the best loaf of rye bread made from Viking rye flour. The Imperial Mill company has always heretofore offered prizes at the fair for the best bread made from Imperial flour, but this year has not done so. All bread that is to compete must be in by Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The baby show is another feature without which the fair would not seem like one. Carl Thiel, the photographer, has offered a dozen of his best photos for the fattest baby in the show. The show will probably be on Thursday afternoon.

### BY THE AUTHOR OF DAVID HARUM.

Of a mother, Edward Noyes Westcott said: "She has a baby, a most persuasive one, which permeates and colors her conversation so that she sees all things through a baby darkly."

At one time he wrote: "I have come to think that the thing I most desire I shall never have, so now with superstitions dread I try to cheat fate by refraining from setting my heart on anything, lest it escape me."

Again he writes: "If I were ten years younger," that phrase was almost habitual with him, "I might find interest in flowers here," Asheville, April, 1894, "but all the flowers that I have cared for, or ever shall, bloomed long ago. If there be one immortalle among the lot, I am glad and thankful—and God bless the person who keeps it for my sake."

"But what is consistency. It is merely living up to others' conception of our natural course of conduct. We say of one, 'Well, he is the last person I should ever have thought would do that!' whereas the mental and moral progress or retrogression of that man, going on within himself, has led most logically to the sequence so unexpected to others. Now what could you expect of me?" he supplemented, whimsically, "a man whose name is No—Yes," and then he laughed in the self-humoring way of one who repeats a joke oft told before. "Look at my hands, too," he added, holding them out frankly for inspection, "One is strong, well developed, capable; the other is almost effeminate. Could any thing be more inconsistent?"

"Heaven is full of days, all coming thus way!" He wrote this once in a birthday book opposite his own date, Sept. 21, with an air of victory and defiance of the future—although such moods were rare, says a writer in Ainslee's Magazine for September.

He was more prone to say, "Let us enjoy ourselves, and let nothing good get away, for when we are dead, we are so very dead," and then would follow a gentle laugh at his own philosophy.

"You are old enough to know better," he repeated, "are we ever old enough for that?"

Of death.

"Death is a hard fact to face and does never look like our imaginings. Tears will overflow philosophy. All love involves and ends in them; but we keep for the most part, and, in one view of it, always for ourselves."

### Eleven Young Men and Women Leave the Business University to Fill Responsible, Remunerative Positions.

During the past two weeks the following Business university graduates have left the college to fill the following situations. Miss Effie Green as stenographer for Little Falls Flour mills, Little Falls, Minn.; J. C. McCarthy as bookkeeper for McCarthy Bros. & Co.; Victor Frazer as stenographer for the Ohio Coal company; Thomas P. Morrison as bookkeeper for the Appolonia Store company, Rice Lake, Wis.; Kate Thompson as stenographer for Duluth Trust company; Annie Tuttle as bookkeeper for Brownell & Co., grocers, Ely, Minn.; Ellen Peterson as stenographer for Patton & Frank, architects; Edward Palmer as bookkeeper for Booth Packing company; Herman Brown as bookkeeper for Langley & Alderson, lumbermen, Merrill, Wis.; W. H. McManus as bookkeeper for Schultz Bros.; William R. Webb as stenographer for A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

**Look Here!**

Why send your wheels away to have Rubber Tires put on, when you can get them here. I am prepared to repair and put on new Rubber Tires. All work guaranteed.

**F. M. Richardson**

213 West First St., Duluth.

## CROPS IN SOUTH DAKOTA.

### Winds and Rain Interfere With the Work of Harvesting.

Rain and wind have interfered with the harvest in South Dakota according to the crop report of the weather bureau of that state. It is as follows:

The temperature averaged above the normal over the eastern portion of the state, especially over the middle-eastern counties, and there were several very warm days and some warm nights.

Fair to good and in some localities heavy, rains occurred over the eastern portion, and there was considerable high wind.

While stacking, haying, threshing and flax harvest has been pushed whenever possible, this work has been considerably interrupted by rains and wind, and by damp condition of shocked grain in many localities. There is still report of some damage to shocked grain by wet weather. Hail and wind damaged corn some in several limited southeastern localities.

Corn has made good progress, is rapidly nearing maturity generally, and considerable of the early is now beyond danger of damage by frost, but there is some late in southeastern counties that it is estimated will not be safe for ten days to two weeks yet. The bulk of the crop will probably be safe by Aug. 12.

Flax harvest, on the whole, is probably two-thirds completed, but very little is reported threshed. There are indications that the yield, on the whole, will probably not be as good as anticipated two weks ago, and there is still report of damage by wet weather in northeastern localities.

The windy weather was favorable for drying out shocked and stacked grain that had been wet by the heavy rains of the two preceding weeks. Wheat and oat stacking is completed in some southeastern and middle-eastern localities.

The rains of the past three weeks have been very beneficial to the wild grass on the prairie, and pasturage generally is green and good.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### "MR. PLASTER OF PARIS."

A very bad performance of a very bad play is what was seen at the Lyceum last evening. "Mr. Plaster of Paris" was the title of the production. There was hardly a redeeming feature about the whole thing, and there was much that was indelicate and some that was vulgar. That the highest prices were not demanded is no excuse for the character of entertainment that was given, for it was not worth half the money that was charged. The company should be relegated to the barn-storming towns, where the dearth of attractions makes any old thing welcome. It might do passably well in such places.

### OLIVER SCOTT'S MINSTRELS.

Oliver Scott's big minstrel carnival, traveling on their own train of palace cars, and with their own brass band and orchestra, are billed to appear at the Lyceum tomorrow evening. This company comes highly recommended by the press of other cities. The company is composed of nearly the same people who were first brought together by Al G. Field, some forty genuine negroes, which played through the United States for three seasons under the title of Al G. Field's real negro minstrels.

### McPHEE'S BIG SHOW.

McPhee's big show will open a week's engagement in a tent on Eve lot in the rear of the Lyceum tomorrow evening. "The Midnight Call" will be presented. A street parade will be given tomorrow about noon.

## Many Idle Men.

To the Editor of The Herald.

A grocery man in Houghton, Mich., a short time ago advertised in the News Tribune for a bookkeeper. Sept. 1 the News Tribune (if its own statement is correct) received the following letter from the advertiser: "Please cancel my ad in your paper for a bookkeeper. I have already nearly 100 applications for the place." This letter the News Tribune has run as a display ad for several days evidently imagining that the people of Duluth were foolish enough to believe that such a surprisingly large number of responses to the above named ad was evidence that the News Tribune has an immense circulation. Far from it, the News Tribune's circulation is only too well known to admit of any such construction to be given to above related circumstances. Oh, how much better it would have sounded if it had read only one application instead of 100. Judging from the results so proudly referred to by the News Tribune, there must be nearly 100 idle bookkeepers in Duluth vainly looking for positions, and, add to this, the number of idle clerks and idle salesmen in general, you will find quite an army of idle men in Duluth with an extremely poor prospect of ever getting anything to do in their line, and their number is daily increasing. There is no doubt but that conditions in this respect are no better, but rather worse, in other cities. What is the cause of such a surplus of a class of men, who twenty years ago could hardly supply the demand? There is only one answer: The continuous formation of trusts and combines, and what the result will be is easily seen. These idle professional men will be forced to accept mechanical work or common labor as a means of support and wages will be forced down all along the line. Laboring men, take warning, the sky appears to be clear at present but terrible dark clouds are gathering on the horizon. ANDY.

Duluth, Sept. 8.

**TO CURE LA GRIPPE IN TWO DAYS**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Best ice cream in the city. Mrs. Ruf, 109 West Fourth street. Telephone 461.

## NEW BUSINESS BLOCK.

### Fine One to Be Erected on West First Street.

A business block is to be erected at the corner of First street and Fourth avenue west on the property in the rear of the Palladio building. New Jersey capitalists are to erect the building. It will be 50 by 140 feet in size, two stories high and will be built of red pressed brick with stone trimmings. The entire building has already been leased. The contract will be let within a few days and the building will be completed, if possible, by Jan. 1. The cost will be in the neighborhood of $20,000. This is one of the best corners on First street, there being a great deal of travel past it and the new block will be a fine adornment to the street.

### Some Corrections.

In the list of assignments of teachers in The Herald yesterday afternoon the following corrections are due: A. J. Woolman, science, should have been included in the high school faculty; for Eleanor Lowry, in the Glen Avon school, Eleanor Torrey should be read; for Miss Hamilton, in the Whittier school, Mr. Hamilton should be read; and Miss Mughan, in the Fairmont school, should be Miss Meighan.

### $4.80 Excursion Rates $4.80.

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN.

Via St. Paul & Duluth R. R., Sept. 2 to 9, round trip, $4.80. Includes admission ticket to State Fair grounds. Three daily trains leaving Duluth, express, 9 a. m., limited, 1:55 p. m.; night express, 11:15 p. m. Tickets at depots, West Duluth, Twentieth avenue west, Union station and St. Paul & Duluth ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

**It pays us to deal squarely and represent our clothing exactly as it is. It will pay you to deal with a Square House.**

**BOYS' CLOTHING.** The Hub Boys' Clothing is not the kind sold by most clothing stores and by the dry goods and department stores. It's not the suit that is put together as cheaply as possible by sweater process—please don't come here for that kind. If you want honestly made, artistically tailored garments for your boys, we are at your service, and at lower than prices other stores will sell you.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boys' knee pant suits, thoroughly made from serviceable material, double breasted | $1.50 | More at | $4, $5, $6, $7 and $8 |
| Reefer suits in neat and serviceable material, deep sailor collars and well made | $2.00 | Long pant suits in serviceable Tweeds, well made, at | $4.00 |
| All wool double breasted knee pant suit, double knee and double seat, well made, just the thing for school | $2.50 | Black and blue suits with vest, long or short pants, all sizes, coat made single or double breasted | $5.50 |
| All wool knee pant suit in an extensive variety of the newest styles, well made and trimmed | $3.00 | Young Men's fine latest style suits, coats double or single breasted, double breasted coats satin faced | $8.00 |

To Look is to Buy.

The Hub ONE PRICE 107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HIGH GRADE GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--Pages 1 to 6

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

**BICYCLES HALF PRICE**

Any Bicycle in the store at just half the regular price. With over two month's good riding ahead, this is a rare opportunity to secure a Bicycle at a small price. We have but sixteen wheels left, so they will not last long.

THIS LIST TELLS OF THE VALUES OFFERED.

One $22.50 New Bicycle, 1899 Model, for..... $11.25
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One $35.00 1899 Bicycle for..... $17.50
One $30.00 1899 Bicycle for..... $15.00
Four $25.00 1899 Bicycles for..... $12.50
Two $50.00 1899 Bicycles for..... $25.00
One $15.00 Second Hand Hartford Bicycle for $7.50
One $24.00 Second Hand 1899 Bicycle for..... $12.50
One $18.00 Second Hand 1899 Bicycle for..... $9.00
One $12.50 Second Hand 1899 Bicycle for..... $6.25
One $30.00 Second Hand 1899 Bicycle for..... $15.00
One $12.00 Juvenile Bicycle for..... $6.00

TERMS OF SALE: CASH WITH ORDER. When this store has a bargain sale of any sort it is a genuine affair and means business. In fact all the prices in this store mean business. THEY BRING BUSINESS, THEY HELP BUSINESS.

**FRENCH & BASSETT,**
Complete House Furnishers.

**DULUTH TELEPHONE CO.**
AND CONNECTING LINES.

1003 TELEPHONES IN DULUTH.
614 TELEPHONES IN SUPERIOR.
TOTAL 1617 TELEPHONES.
Hence the Value of Our Telephones.
210 New Telephones added since July, 1899.

DULUTH TELEPHONE CO., 609 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

**"1900"** A complete line of CALENDARS. Call and look over our samples and prices before placing your orders.

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5% MONEY TO LOAN ON CENTRAL BUSINESS PROPERTY.
If you have a loan coming due I would be pleased to figure with you on the renewal.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON,
104-5 PROVIDENCE BUILDING.

Fine Stationery...
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Offices Duluth Minneapolis
H. E. Smith & Co.
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.
OFFER 100 CONSOLIDATED AT $60.00 PER SHARE.
Offices—Palladio Building and West Duluth Bank Building. See Us Before Negotiating Securities.

Try the "Pontilla" Cigar--10c
The best 10c Cigar on the Market.
F. W. CLAVEAUX & CO., Makers.
J. E. FORAN, Agent.

AT THE BIG STORE.....
Is where you will find the largest line of Stoves and Heaters of all kinds and the celebrated PENINSULAR PLANISHED STEEL RANGES. Call and let me show you why they are better than others.




19th Avenue West. U. S. Block. C. O. NELSON.

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block.

# DREYFUS CONVICTED

## French Captain is Again Found Guilty of Treason Against France.

## Court Stood Five to Two for Conviction---Ten Years' Sentence.

Minn. Hist. Society

Rennes, Sept. 9.—The Dreyfus verdict was rendered at 5:02 p. m. The prisoner was found guilty.

The court stood five to two for the condemnation of the prisoner.

Dreyfus is sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

The crowd outside greeted the verdict with cheers for the army.

Rennes, Sept. 9.—The appearance of the streets when Rennes awoke this morning left no doubts in the minds of anyone that the final crisis of the great trial had been reached. Instead of scattered gend'armes guarding the vicinity of the prison and the Lycee, the whole town blazed with soldiers, all the streets near the court were guarded at intervals by double lines of infantry. two companies of infantry sat on the church steps adjoining the Lycee, with their arms stacked in front of them, while in the court yard of the prison and at the various other points cavalry could be seen in readiness. Everyone entering the court was subjected to the closest scrutiny. Even the women who attended the session were deprived of their small sunshades before being permitted to pass.

A larger crowd than usual witnessed the passage of Dreyfus from the prison to the Lycee, but the crowds were nowhere large, and aside from the presence of the military the town was as quiet as usual.

The morning of the day which was to decide the fate of Dreyfus broke cloudless, and the court was filled with a cold, unsympathetic light. This was enhanced by the grave aspect of the audience. The faces of the judges also showed the solemnity of the occasion.

The last session of the court-martial opened at 7:30. Madame Labori was among the lady visitors present, and in the press seats there were only about fifty reporters.

The prisoner looked flushed and in ill health, and apparently suffered from the great strain.

M. Demange resumed his speech for the defense which was interrupted yesterday by the adjournment of the court. The audience listened to his remarks with the most serious attention, and he was also closely followed by the judges. In his appeal to them he strongly accentuated the words, "You must not say a thing is a possibility. A judge must have proof. No doubt must rest on the conscience of a judge."

Baron Russell of Killoween, the lord chief justice of England, was again present. Among the prominent witnesses only Senator Trarieux, the former minister of justice, remained seated in the front row of the witness seats. In the second row of the privileged public seats, facing the judges, sat Matthieu Dreyfus, brother of the prisoner. His sunken eyes and careworn face reflected his anxiety and anguish. It was evident that he had not slept during the night. He was attired in black. Capt. Dreyfus sat beside the captain of gend'armes, and as M. Demange refuted the arguments made in the speech of the government commissary, Maj. Carriere, the prisoner continually turned his face toward Matthieu to watch the effect it had upon him. Capt. Dreyfus, however, did not display the intense emotion with which his heart on this critical morning must have been bursting.

Gendarmes were plentifully distributed among the audience and posted in the gangways around the court room. Their pretty blue uniforms, with white cord trimmings, relieved the somber attire of the majority of the spectators. As they watched what was going on in the court, their hands rested on the black leather cases in which nestled big army revolvers.

The silence was only broken by the occasional rustling of a reporter's note book, or the neigh of an artillery horse, picketed in a street beside the Lycee. Now and then there was the sound of the rattling of a rifle or the clanking of a sword of some officer hastily crossing the court yard, where the troops were stationed.

M. Demange continued his plea until the court suspended its session at which time it was announced that counsel would need another hour to conclude his speech, after which the judges, it was added, would retire to consider their verdict. The court will then be cleared. A bell will be rung just before the judges re-enter, and a second bell will be rung a minute or so later. Then the doors of the court will be closed and no more persons will be allowed to return to the hall.

The troops quartered in the chapel and refectory of the Lycee are ready for any emergency.

M. Demange concluded at 11:35 a. m., and the court adjourned until 3 p. m., at which time Maj. Carriere will make a brief reply. The court will then deliberate on its verdict.

A loud clapping of hands greeted the conclusion of M. Demange's finely delivered perioration. Dreyfus, however, appeared impassible. But, as he left the stage he exclaimed to those around him: "I am not guilty." The prisoner's hearers replied with cries: "Courage, courage."

After Maitre Demange had spoken Maitre Labori arose and formally renounced his right to plead. The oration of M. Demange was a splendid piece of oratory. His voice thundered through the court and echoed outside. The officers and troopers stationed in the court yard crowded around the entrance of the hall standing on tip toe to catch a glimpse of the speaker, while outside the hall many were moved to tears. The speech was very skillfully arranged, and was devoted to removing stone by stone the edifice built up by the general staff, going over every point brought up in the bordereau and refuting the arguments of Gen. Mercier and Roget. The lawyer declared he did not believe Henry and Esterhazy were accomplices, otherwise Henry would have suppressed the bordereau. But Henry might have given information to Esterhazy, believing him to be a man of honor, and when he discovered in 1896 that he had put his hand in that of a traitor he committed forgery, upon which counsel would not dwell, for the offender had paid for it with his life. Referring to Maj. Carriere's words, "It was agreed that the probationers should go to the maneuvers." M. Demange turned to the public prosecutor and asked: "Do you maintain the word agreed?" Maj. Carriere nodded yes. To this, counsel protested, and Maj. Carriere said Gen. De Boisdefre had promised to do all possible to give the probationers satisfaction.

"Do you call that an agreement?" called M. Demange.

"Perfectly," replied Maj. Carriere.

"Then we do not agree as to the meaning of the word in the French language," retorted the counsel.

M. Demange then remarked that M. Bertillion had rendered a great service to society in creating the anthropometric system, but it must not be forgotten that genius has a dangerous neighbor.

Treating the argument of the general staff that Esterhazy was only a man of straw, counsel asked if this was so why did Esterhazy want to commit suicide when Matthieu Dreyfus denounced him? M. Demange pointed to the contrast between the private life of Esterhazy and Dreyfus, and showed that Dreyfus on Devil's Island was constantly turning his eyes to France and asking for justice from his chiefs, while Esterhazy was attacting or biting and writing insulting letters to his chiefs. After asking God to enlighten the minds of the judges, M. Demange concluded with turning to the audience and in a voice choked with emotion and his hands trembling, he said: "You, gentlemen, are you for or against me? In the inspiration of the sublime thought of M. Mornard before the court of cassation, I will say we are all Frenchmen. Consequently let us unite in common love of the fatherland, love of justice and love for the army."

An outburst of cheers followed the lawyer's appeal. M. Demange sank back in his seat, as though exhausted.

As the morning advanced, the crowds in the street increased, the majority being well dressed men and women, including a number of Americans from Dinard and other neighboring watering places. The inhabitants of Rennes, generally seemed to be going about their business as usual, though the police regulations became more strict. One who stopped for a moment within half a mile of the Lycee was requested to moveon by gendarmes who appeared on every side of the square. The telegraph office was held by a detachment of dragons and squadrons marched through the streets with their shining helmets and long horse hair plumes trailing behind. When the court reached its intermission, there was the usual rush to the cafes and restaurants where the decision was discussed in all its aspects.

### DEMANAGE CLOSES HIS PLEA.

#### A Brilliant Piece of Oratory---Till With Carriere.

Rennes, Sept. 9.—Maitre Demange resumed his plea for the defense shortly after 7:30 a. m. He began by saying: "When yesterday's sitting was ended I was about to deal with what is called the direct evidence, namely, the technical value of the bordereau. The prosecution by taking separately each of the notes, containing information supplied by the writer of the bordereau, deduced the opinion that Dreyfus alone could have communicated information on the documents and if he had at his disposal proof of this he should have given it. It devolves upon the public prosecutor to prove that Dreyfus possessed this information and nobody but he. That is how the question must be put. We are before a court of justice, with which suppositions have no place. In order to produce proof, I must ask and we must know what was the information supplied. Consequently we must have the notes delivered. Otherwise we have to deal with hypothesis. That is my first objection to which I challenge the public prosecutor to reply."

Counsel, remarking that the hypothesis accepted in 1894 could not now be maintained, proceeded to minutely examine the theories of the judges and Gen. Roget, whose arguments he refuted seriatim. He similarly analyzed the evidence of Gen. Mercier, reiterating the arguments as to the utter improbability of an artillery man employing the correct terms used in the bordereau in connection with artillery matters.

Counsel then reveiwed the well-known facts in the case regarding the "120 short field gun." He said the construction of the brake of this gun remained secret, but Dreyfus knew nothing about it and never asked for information on the subject from the few officers knowing it. Therefore counsel contended, Dreyfus could not have betrayed this secret. Regarding the practical tests of the gun, M. Demange was similarly ignorant. Gen. Mercier's statement that Dreyfus attended the trials could be dismissed, as it had been proved that the only leakage resulting from those trials had been furnished by the spy, Gernier. It was thus apparent into what error all the witnesses supporting prosecution had fallen. Their objections had been almost imperfectly formed and the judges must be on their guard agalast it, honest and sincere as it doubtless was.

After refuting the imputations against Dreyfus, based on the firing manual, which he said were purely hypothetical, M. Demange continued, emphatically: "The prosecution has no right to rest content with hypothesis. We are in a court of justice. The defense alone has the right to say it is impossible. It is the duty of the public prosecutor to produce evidence, but he has adduced none against Dreyfus."

After showing that the prisoner had never seen the "120 short" field gun fired, counsel read letters from Esterhazy proving that the latter attended the Chalons Campes trials, but "the prosecution," added M. Demange, "had not to choose between Dreyfus and Esterhazy. It had only to prove Dreyfus guilty, and could not do so. On the contrary, we have shown that Dreyfus did not possess the documents communicated nor the information contained in them."

Dealing with the note referring to the mobilization of troops, M. Demange pointed out Gen. Mercier's change of front on this subject. In 1894 the general contended that it was with reference to the commands of these troops that the leakage occurred, while he now asserted that it was regarded the mobilization and transport of the troops. The prosecution evidenced two versions which must cause the judges terrible searchings of conscience, especially as no proof had been furnished. What right had the prosecution to advance statements without corroboration? Counsel put it to the consciences of the judges, and he asked this of Gen. Mercier himself.

Continuing to plead with great warmth and eloquence and with reasoned arguments, which were followed with breathless interest by the entire audience, M. Demange declared he did not believe in the complicity of Henry and Esterhazy, for Henry was honorable and loyal. If he had been the accomplice of Esterhazy, Henry would have destroyed the bordereau. Possibly Henry had inadvertently divulged information to Esterhazy, under the impression that he was conversing with an honorable, straight-forward man like himself, and discovering, in 1898, that he had placed his hands in a traitor's, he committed a crime upon which counsel declined to enlarge, since the perpetrater had already paid for it with his life. What other object could be given for the suicide of this man, with whom the whole army sympathized, either before or after the discovery of the crime. Henry had spoken of scoundrels. Was one of these not Esterhazy and the other Weyl, the latter having unconsciously betrayed information? Gen. Saussier every confidence in Henry's loyalty, and Esterhazy might have received information from Henry or Weyl, who were unconscious informers. A loyal soldier, Gen. Billot, had, moreover, said the traitor was not alone. In his mind, he connected the names of Esterhazy and Dreyfus. Counsel did not profess to clear up the matter, but he wished it to be cleared up. It must be proved that Dreyfus knew Esterhazy and Weyl. He (M. Demange) did not fear whatever light could be thrown on the case. These men were in the intelligence department, Henry, Esterhazy and Weyl. Esterhazy had placed the others under pecuniary obligations, and all three were closely bound together.

Replying to the hypothesis deduced in the note relating to the modification of the artillery, M. Demange pointed out that the information could have been obtained by Esterhazy at the Chalons camp; while regarding the Madagascar note, Dreyfus never had had possession of it, though one of his most bitter persecutors, Col. Du Paty De Clam, had it in his office. Reverting to the firing manual, counsel showed how Esterhazy secured a copy of it, and pointed to the fact that his government had asked Col. Schwartzkoppen for supplementary information, which showed that the original intelligence was incomplete and framed by an incompetent person, not an artillery man. The memorandum to Col. Schwartzkoppen asked for the firing manual, which must, therefore, have been offered for the graduation which Esterhazy had obtained from a friend and kept it. Had all these proofs existed against Dreyfus how strong would be the case for the prosecution. But the hypothesis were not even probable, while theories of the defense were all supported by documents culled from the secret dossier.

Dealing with the last line of the bordereau—"I am going to the maneuvers"—counsel produced a note written by Dreyfus proving that he knew in May, 1894, that he would not attend the maneuvers with his regiment. Counsel then dwelt upon the fact that the probationers absolutely knew they would not attend the maneuvers, though certain individuals cherished the hope that exceptions might be made in their favor. Only one actually applied to Gen. De Boisdeffre for permission, but the latter did not promise anything.

M. Demange protested against the government commissioner's assertion that it had been agreed that the probationers should attend the maneuvers as officers of the headquarter's staff, and said he wished to know if Maj. Carriere adhered to his statement on the subject.

Maj. Carriere said that Gen. De Boisdeffre declared he had promised to do his best to satisfy the probationers.

M. Demange—And you call that an agreement?

Maj. Carriere—Certainly.

M. Demange—Then we do not agree as to the meaning of the word in the French language.

Continuing, M. Demange exclaimed: "Hear what the author of the bordereau writes: 'I am going to the maneuvers.' Is that my belief? Is it not rather a certainty? Well, gentlemen, I have shown you Dreyfus could not have written it. On the contrary, Esterhazy's regiment was at the maneuvers, regarding which information it was supplied. Was Esterhazy there? I do not know; but I am certain if Ddeyfus was the author of the bordereau he could not have written at the end of August 'I am going to the maneuvers,' since he knew the probationers were not going. I therefore have shown that when all the points of the accusation are examined they vanish. I have argued foot by foot with my honorable friends on the other side and I have shown the fallacy of the mental process whereby they reached the point that they were able to affirm on their souls' conscience that Dreyfus was guilty. I might therefore say with pride that I have demolished the case of the prosecution. But I am not entitled to do so. I merely say to the court, be careful; you must be certain; before you can say Dreyfus is guilty

(Continued on Page 2.)

# C. P. R. HAS DESIGNS

## The Canadian Pacific Casts Sheeps' Eyes at the Inter-Colonial System.

## FACTOR IN POLITICS

### Question of Government Ownership Raised---May Cause Cleavage In Politics.

New York, Sept. 9.—A special to the Tribune from Montreal says: A great deal of interest has been aroused in Canada by the announcement of the Canadian Pacific railway that it is desirous of securing control of the Inter-Colonial railway system, which is the property of the Canadian people. Some years ago there were signs that the Canadian Pacific railway had designs on the road, but the sentiment hostile to a sale was so unmistakable that the matter was dropped. Since then the business of the Inter-Colonial has shown such signs of improvement that there is no doubt that the Canadian Pacific is now anxious to secure possession, particularly as under existing circumstances the government road has close and profitable relations with the Grank Trunk, the Canadian Pacific's rival. Sir William Van Horne, chairman of the directors of the Canadian Pacific, in a public interview within the last few days, said that his road would be glad to undertake the management of the Inter-Colonial. If the government would lease the road for a long term of years, the Canadian Pacific would be willing to guarantee that the railway would cost the people of Canada nothing in the future, that the maximum rates would never be higher than the present rates, and that the government should have power to regulate these rates and lower them under certain conditions.

Sir William said that if the Canadian Pacific railway had control of the Inter-Colonial it would be willing, for a yearly subsidy of $750,000, to establish a fast Atlantic line of passenger steamers, which would ply between Liverpool and Canada, running to Quebec in summer and to Halifax in winter. Sir William claimed that at present the Inter-Colonial was costing the people of Canada $750,000 a year, though this fact is disguised by clever bookkeeping and the manipulation of the capital account. As a further bait Sir William said that the Canadian Pacific would be prepared to build a fine system of summer hotels along the lines of the railway and spend money in encouraging tourist travel.

This statement excites exceptional interest, because it may indicate a new line of cleavage in Canadian politics. For some years past an agitation in favor of the government ownership of railways has been carried on, and a strong feeling aroused. Advocates of this policy are to be found in both political parties, but the most practicable steps in this direction have been taken by the present minister of railways, A. G. Blair. Immediately upon entering the office he set himself to work to make the Inter-Colonial railroad a factor in Canada. Then a traffic arrangement was made with the Grand Trunk by which the two roads exchanged freight at Montreal. This working arrangement was bitterly opposed by the Canadian Pacific.

From first appearances the Liberal government will not agree to dispose of the Inter-Colonial to the Canadian Pacific, its policy being to extend and concentrate the system and make it increasingly effective as a competitive road. It is thought by some that the road is preparing to make a fighting alliance with the Conservatives, the understanding being that if it is effective in turning the power at the election it will win the reward and there will be a consolidation of the two systems under the present Canadian Pacific management.

### FROM THE CAPITAL.

#### New Indian School to Be Built at Red Lake.

Washington, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Indian Commissioner Jones has submitted to Secretary Hitchcock for his approval plans and specifications for the erection of a new Indian school at Red Lake, Minn. The school will cost $35,000.

* * *

Mabel L. Voorhees, of Big Rapids, Mich., has been appointed teacher at the Morris Indian school in Minnesota.

* * *

Theodore Bruener, of St. Cloud, has been admitted to practice before the interior department.

* * *

The postoffice department has leased the premises of Thomas S. McClure at a rental of $1200 per annum for the postoffice at St. Cloud.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

### TROOPS ORDERED TO MOVE.

#### Orders For Dispatching Troops Are Directed By Cabinet.

London, Sept. 9.—The Northumberland fusiliers will embark next Saturday for Cape Colony, leaving from Southampton. The first royal regiment has been ordered to be ready to embark within three days. An infantry brigade, with a division of field artillery from Aldershot, with eighteen guns, has been ordered to leave for the Cape in ten days.

This movement of troops is said to be merely in line with the decision of the cabinet council to send 10,000 soldiers to South Africa.

ORDERED TO BE READY.

Malta, Sept. 9.—The first battalion of the border regiment, stationed here, has been ordered to hold itself in readiness to embark for Cape Colony.

CAN PAY THEIR DIVIDENDS.

New York, Sept. 9.—Judge Thomas, in the United States district court today, signed an order modifying an injunction in the cases of Frederick E. Marquand, of the Federal Steel company, permitting the defendant corporation to pay dividends on its preferred stock.

### TWO COLORED REGIMENTS.

#### Orders Issued For Their Organization---White Field Officers.

Washington, Sept. 9.—An order for the organization of the two colored regiments was received from the war department today. All of the field officers of these two regiments are white men now in the regular army. All of the company officers are colored men who have served in the war with Spain in either the regulars or the volunteers. The regiments will be designated the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth volunteer infantry. The Forty-eighth will be organized at Fort Thomas, Ky., and the Forty-ninth at Jefferson barracks, Mo. The full complement of officers has been selected, and the following are the field officers:

Forty-eighth regiment—Col. William P. Duval, captain, First artillery; Lieut. Col. Thaddeus W. Jones, captain, Tenth cavalry; majors, Sedgewick Rice, first lieutenant, Seventh cavalry; Alexander L. Dade, first lieutenant, Third cavalry; John Howard, first lieutenant, Nineteenth infantry.

Forty-ninth regiment—Col. William H. Beck, captain, Tenth cavalry; Lieut. Col. Arthur C. Ducat, captain, Twenty-fourth infantry; majors, Ernest Hinds, first lieutenant, Second artillery; George W. Kirkman, captain, Twenty-third infantry; James E. Brett, captain, Twenty-fourth infantry.

### TERROR IN JOHANNESBURG.

#### English Residents Momentarily Expecting a Boer Attack.

London, Sept. 9.—The Pall Mall Gazette today prints mail advices from Johannesburg under date of Aug. 19, saying: "Johannesburg is rapidly becoming a city of terror. As the sun rises the people awake and ask: 'Has it come? is there war?' As the day drags through, all the time one is listening to the anxious questions: 'Will the fort really fire on us? Is it possible the Boers will slaughter us in cold blood if a war breaks out? Will they stop our food supply? How long will it take the British to fight their way up?' etc. As darkness falls the men go to places of resort to discuss the grim topic of shells and shot, and the women go to their beds to dream of bloodshed and ruin.

"The war talk started the work, the hurried arming of the Boers brought it towards completion, and the firing of a Boer volley at a Natal-Johannesburg train has put on the capping stone.

"The correspondent adds that the Boers have been putting off hostilities until the middle of September, when the overflowing of the rivers will prevent military operations. He concludes by saying that the hot, sickly weather, coming after, will prove more fatal than the Mausers.

### GLASS COMBINE FORMED.

#### After Repeated Attempts the Trust Is Now Organized.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 9.—After repeated efforts the national glass combination of glass manufacturers is at last a fact. It is to be capitalized at $4,000,000, and will be in operation Oct. 1. There are sixteen factories included in the deal, and three more are almost assured. Each factory will continue to operate under its present management, and the business will be conducted on the lines laid down by the combine when it was originally proposed and the United State's Glass company was included. President Fry announced there will be no curtailment of production, and that the prospects of the company are unusually bright.

### COMMENT ON GERMAN STATEMENT.

#### Anti-Dreyfus Papers Are Contemptuous---Jouaust Is Saucy.

Paris, Sept. 9.—The anti-Dreyfus newspapers here received contemptuously the statement published yesterday in the official portion of the Berlin Reichzansiger concerning the Dreyfus case.

The Echo de Paris says: "The German government has made a last attempt to save the traitor."

The Petit Journal says the court-martial will lend the same importance to the statement as it would to a declaration by Dreyfus himself.

It is asserted here that Col. Jouraust, the president of the court-martial, replying to a dispatch from the minister of war, Gen. Marquis de Gallifet, ordering him not to pass judgment in the case until Monday, said that he took orders from nobody and that the judgment would be given today.

### THE BOYS ARE ASHORE.

#### The Minnesota and South Dakota Troops Landed Today.

San Francisco, Sept. 9.—The United States transport Sheridan was docked at dawn today, and the Thirteenth Minnesota and the South Dakota volunteers were landed. The soldiers were given a fine reception. The streets along the line of march to the Presidio were thronged with people. The men will go into camp at the Presidio and will be mustered out in a few weeks. The general health of the troops is good. They all show that they have passed through a hard campaign.

### CONDITION OF TROOPS.

#### A Suppressed Dispatch Filters Through Via Hong Kong.

Manilla, Sept. 5.—Via Hong Kong, Sept. 9.—The censor has refused to allow the following dispatch, the accuracy of which is unquestioned, to be telegraphed:

"The surgeons' reports in regard to the condition of Gen. MacArthur's division, shows that 20 per cent of the officers and 25½ per cent of the enlisted men are sick. This includes the sick in quarters and those sent home. Elevent per cent of the enlisted men sick in quarters are mostly suffering from dysentary and malarial fevers."

GALLIFET HAS NOT RESIGNED.

Paris, Sept. 9.—A semi-official note was published today emphatically denying the report that Gen. Gallifet, the minister of war, had tendered his resignation, and saying that proceedings would be taken against the paper for publishing the report.

STORM IN WEST INDIES.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Sept. 9.—Advices received here today from Antigua say that island suffered severely from the storm, which prevailed there yesterday. Many small outhouses were destroyed and a number of lighters and other boats were lost. News in regard to the result of the storm in country districts has not yet been learned.

VENEZUELAN INSURGENTS GAIN.

Caracas, Venezuela, Sept. 9.—The revolution under the leadership of Gen. Castro is gaining ground. The insurgents now occupy Nirgue, three days' march from Valencia.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# HAVE THE WAR FEVER

## English Are In a Ferment Over the Probability of War.

## NEW BULLET READY

## One With a Hard Lead Core to Puncture Boer Skins.

London, Sept. 9.—(Copyright, 1899, by the Associated Press.)—This week Great Britain has resembled in every respect that tremendously exciting week in the United States which immediately preceded the outbreak of the war with Spain. Dreyfus and other topics sunk into obscurity, patriotic enthusiasm has been at fever heat, and the slightest sign of preparation for war has been seized upon by the press and public as an indication of the status of the crisis. The difference between the state of affairs here and the situation in the United States in April, 1898, is merely that the projected campaign is military instead of naval. According to reliable statements the army is ready. The papers teem with descriptions of the troops who are expected to do the fighting, with accounts of their equipment and method of transport, and even the relative killing properties of the bullets which, it is expected, will soon be lodged under Boer skins. The particular pet is now a bullet known as "Mark 4." It is claimed that its lead core is harder and less fusible than any tried heretofore. Large quantities are being shipped to Cape Town.

Though mobilization has never been a strong feature of the British army, it is now believed that a system as near perfection as possible has been prepared. The commander-in-chief, Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, Sir Evelyn Wood, Gen. Sir Redvers-Buller and other generals have been working strenuously on it for months. Many new features have been introduced, several of them being based on the lessons learned by the American troops in the war with Spain. Among the latter is the extreme usefulness of mules in such a country as the Transvaal. The British officers who have been in the United States, Spain and South America selecting bunches of these animals have now been ordered to close their purchases and ship the mules as quickly as possible to the scene of the probable hostilities.

All these things, to say nothing of the splendid morale and reputation of the regiments selected for the Cape, indicate that if war comes it will be waged relentlessly, strongly, and that there will be no abatement until South Africa is flooded with British troops in such numbers that organized resistance by the Boers will be impossible. Before the main British body of troops arrives, it is thought possible the Boers may score some decided successes and, even after being overcome by the force of superior numbers, they may continue the war in guerrilla fashion for many months. But conservative opinion places six months as the outside limit for the capture of Johannesburg and Pretoria. If another Majuba Hill marks the annals of the possible war, it will not be due to lack of caution on the part of the British.

The Swazis are expected to give Great Britain considerable aid and, with the exception of the Pondos, the whole body of blacks between Cape Agulhas and the Zambesi, it is claimed, will rise against the Transvaal. The Boer plan of mobilization is said to be purely defensive, embracing 45,000 men, who would occupy strategical points in their own country. But this is not likely to prevent a raid upon poorly defended Natal. The greatest dangers the British contemplate facing, apart from the Boers' steady hand and Mauser rifles, are climate, lack of forage and the scarcity of ammunition owing to the difficulties of transportation. Precautions have already been taken to avoid the two last, but there is no doubt that if the campaign occurs many British lives will be sacrificed to enteric fever.

Montague White, consul general of the South African Republic in London, said: "If the Burghers will not yield to hysteria, there is no casus belli. We decline responsibility for what others have muddled. Suzerainty is not the question. The franchise is the rock of difference on which Mr. Chamberlain recognized we shall split. This war, if war comes, is not going to end with a flash in the pan. The struggle will be from Pretoria to Cape Town. Even supposing the existing Boer regiments are annihilated, no force can beat down the Afrikander and Dutch strength of South Africa. He who declares war on the Transvaal lights the torch of revolution. The Transvaal will not precipitate matters. The Burghers will go out to defend their homes and country when the note of alarm is sounded. That is no menace. Lord Salisbury has yet to be reckoned with. He will not be driven by personal feeling or quibble. We believe the British sense of fair play will prevail."

Former Congressman James H. Lewis, arrived here this week and on Friday presented his credentials at the United States embassy. He was cordially received. Mr. Lewis is here to press the claims for compensation to the American miners who were evicted in the Atlin district of the Northwest Territory by the Canadian government. The matter of the American miners claims against Canada has already been taken up, but no action will be taken until the arrival of Sir Louis Henry Davies, the Canadian minister of marine and fisheries, who is coming here to present the other side of the case. By that time the United States ambassador, Joseph H. Choate, will have had the briefs of Mr. Lewis under consideration. The lawyer urges that the claims be included in the general arbitration bill by the high commission. Minister Davies will object to this, maintaining that such methods will obstruct the boundary solution.

Mr. Lewis, interviewed by a reporter of the Associated Press said: "If the claims will be arbitrated through a commission appointed for that purpose by the joint high commission, I am anxious that any action concerning Alaska be in part dependent upon the recognition of these claims of 300 American citizens and that the United States, from whence they came, will insist upon fair treatment by Great Britain. They regard the legislation which has deprived them of their property as a great wrong and a violation of the spirit of the treaty of Washington. Great Britain can well demonstrate her desire to maintain the present friendly relations by assuring these Americans just treatment. We desire nothing done which would embarrass the present agreeable relation between, but we cannot tolerate without protest the confiscation of $50,000,000 worth of property belonging to American citizens."

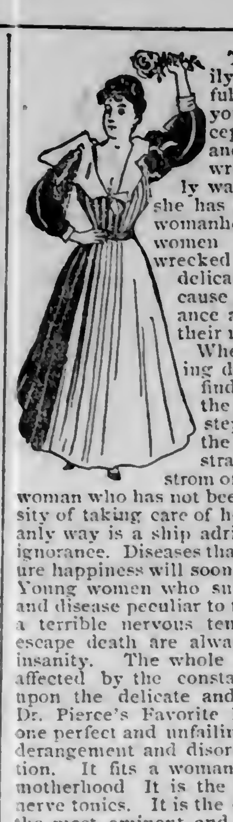
Questioned regarding the rumors that a modus vivendi had been arrived at in the Alaskan dispute, Mr. Lewis said: "I am certain the United States has concluded no definite arrangement such as conceding free ports on the Lynn canal or Pyramid harbor. Anything which has possibly been arrived at can be but temporary, as the American people will not tolerate the surrender of the territory claimed by Canada."

Referring to the Philippine Islands, Mr. Lewis remarked: "The Democratic party is intensely American. My individual view is that of the party. We are in a war. The honor of the country and the glory of the flag are at stake. Both must be maintained at all hazards. After this is accomplished there is time enough to dispose of the problems involved."

Speaking of the suggested Anglo-Saxon alliance, Mr. Lewis said: "The question has not been fully considered by the American people. Personally, I am opposed to it. I regard it as impracticable and unprofitable to us. A purely commercial alliance is enough."

Referring to home politics Mr. Lewis concluded: "Mr. Bryan will be the nominee and will be elected. No doubt he will have the unanimous support of the South and the whole Pacific coast."

Senator Mark Hanna, previously to sailing to New York on board the American line steamer St. Louis today, speaking to a reporter of the Associated Press on the rumors of his retirement from the Republican national committee, said: "That is a question, of course, I am not permitted to speak about. The present committee remains in force until after the national convention is opened next year. Whether I am selected as chairman or not, I will certainly be in the contest and will give whatever effort I may possess in behalf of the Republican party."



The bud is more easily blighted than the full-blown rose. A young girl is more susceptible to weakness and disease that will wreck her in a womanly way than she is after she has attained to healthy womanhood. Thousands of women have their lives wrecked by troubles of this delicate description because of their own ignorance and the prudery of their mothers.

Whenever the wandering demon of ill-health finds a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance, he steps on board, takes the helm, and steers straight for the maelstrom of death. The young woman who has not been taught the necessity of taking care of her health in a womanly way is a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance. Diseases that will wreck her future happiness will soon assume command. Young women who suffer from weakness and disease peculiar to their sex live under a terrible nervous tension, and if they escape death are always threatened with insanity. The whole nervous system is affected by the constant drag and drain upon the delicate and feminine organs. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the one perfect and unfailing specific for every derangement and disorder of this description. It fits a woman for wifehood and motherhood. It is the best of all known nerve tonics. It is the discovery of one of the most eminent and skillful specialists in disease of women.

"I was troubled three years with female weakness," writes Miss Ellen Otey, of Bedford City, Bedford Co., Va. "I had two physicians, but neither did me any good. I was troubled with pains in my left side all the time. When it was time for my monthly periods I thought I would die with pains in my back and stomach. I also had chills. I could not get up without fainting. Finally I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and two of his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I do not have any pains at all and am in better health now than I ever was in my life."

How to preserve health and beauty are told in Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. It is free. For a paper-covered copy send 21 one-cent stamps, *to cover mailing only;* cloth binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

## RESULT A MYSTERY.

### Cabinet's Decision Unknown, But Believed Firm Stand Taken.

New York, Sept. 9.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The result of the recent cabinet meeting over the Transvaal affair is as deep a mystery as the coming verdict in the Dreyfus case. It was a full council and lasted more than two hours. Almost simultaneously Sir Evelyn Wood and Sir Redvers-Buller were closetted with the commander-in-chief. As diplomacy is not conducted in a glass house under public scrutiny, the results of the conferences can only be vaguely conjectured, but flat and depressed stock markets have reflected the general feeling of uneasiness. The best information leads to the opinion that ngotiations with Kruger will be continued with increased firmness and that military preparations will be quicker and conducted on a larger scale with a view to convincing him that the government is terribly in earnest and will not turn back. The queen is currently believed to have advised against summary action, and, while increased military activity is almost certain, war is not a foregone conclusion and the Cape ministers will be peacemakers in the final stage of diplomacy.

## FILIPINOS ATTACK.

### Make Three Onslaughts at Once—All Are Repulsed.

Manilla, Sept. 9.—A force of 450 rebels, with one cannon, attacked San Rika early this morning, and simultaneously Guagua and San Antonio were attacked by the rebels, numbering about sixty men. All the attacks were repulsed without loss to the Americans.

Col. Bell and his regiment, while attempting to take the rebels in the rear, met two small parties and succeeded in capturing a rebel captain, a lieutenant and six privates.

A Filipino who arrived here from the Visayas islands says Victoria Mananzano, a prominent and wealthy lawyer of Iloilo, being forced by public opinion to declare his politics, has joined the rebels.

The inhabitants of Santa Barbara, the rebel headquarters in the island of Pinay, have abandoned the town, fearing a bombardment of the place by the United States battleship Oregon.

### WAKEMAN WILL STAY.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Secretary Gage, in a letter to the president, has recommended that Appraiser Wakeman, of New York, be not removed from his office, and the recommendation has been approved by the president.

### NEW STEPS FOR THE SEASON.

New York, Sept. 9.—At the closing session of the annual convention of the American Society of Professors of Dancing yesterday the following list of dances was made official for the season: The "Imperial Three-Step," by Oscar Duenweg, of Terre Haute, Ind.; the "Verona Minuet," by M. B. Gilbert, of Boston; the "Gavotte Pompadour," by Adolph Newberger, of New York; the "Netherlands," by George Prutteing, of Hartford, Conn., and the "Roselea," by Henry Doring, of Troy.

### MERRILL INTERRED.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 9.—The funeral of Samuel Merrill, governor of Iowa from 1868 to 1872, was held here yesterday afternoon. Senators Allison and Gear and nearly all the Iowa congressmen and state officers attended. Governor Merrill commanded the Twenty-first Iowa regiment at Gallantry during the war, served the state in the legislature, was one of its wealthy men and died in California a few days ago, aged 77.

Best ice cream in the city. Mrs. Ruf, 109 West Fourth street. Telephone 451.

### Free! Free! Free!

A correct and up-to-date atlas can be procured free, also 160 acres of land, by applying in person or writing to the Canadian government office, 316 Palladio building, Duluth.

J. H. M. PARKER, Agent.

CANDY CATHARTIC
**Cascarets**
REGULATE THE LIVER

# MARINE NEWS.

## Decline In Grain Freights Owing to Blockade at the Sault.

The first effect of the Houghton accident at the Sault has been to lower grain freights. Yesterday the shippers were only offering 5½ cents for grain tonnage, though 6 cents was still asked by the vessel agents. Today the rate has slumped back to 5½ cents straight. This is because of the fact that vessel owners anticipate a crowd at the ore docks when the waiting fleet is released, and they are trying to get in the grain trade to avoid the rush at the docks. There will certainly be a rush at ore docks when the fleet gets in, and there is less likelihood of a rush at the elevators, as they are better able to stand a crowd, being scattered. The loss in the rate is not likely to be permanent, however, and it is thought that as soon as navigation resumes its normal condition, after the blockade is raised, the rate will go upward again.

The lumber rate is still holding at $2 for Lake Erie ports. That figure has not yet been paid for tonnage to Tonawanda, but the rate to that port is not likely to be any lower. This is the first time in six or seven years that the lumber rate has reached so high.

### THE SAULT TRAFFIC.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The report of the traffic through the Sault canals during the month of August has been issued, and shows a total freight tonnage of 3,981,602, of which 3,184,427 tons were eastbound, and 800,175 westbound. The eastbound freight was as follows: Copper, 18,515 tons; grain, 1,388,504 bus; building stone, 5123 tons; flour, 1,133,249 bbls; iron ore, 2,587,845 tons; pig iron, 2067 tons; lumber 167,537 M ft; wheat, 3,749,336 bus; unclassified freight, 15,740 tons. Following was the westbound freight: Coal, hard, 115,180 tons; coal, soft, 582,931 tons; flour, 1250 bbls; grain, 12,000 bus; manufactured iron, 41,416 tons; salt, 31,513 bbls; unclassified freight, 54,006 tons. There were 837 passengers eastbound, and 807 westbound.

### LIGHTERING CARGOES.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Argo and tow and the Cormorant and tow are lightering their coal cargoes here so as to get around the wreck of the Houghton. It is expected the blockade will be removed Monday. No boats have passed down here since the Niagara last night.

### THE BUELL AGROUND.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Buell, bound down, with a cargo of wheat, grounded on Fox Island shoal in the Canadian channel, fifteen miles from here, last night. She is on a rocky bottom, and is full of water. The Buell is the third vessel that has gotten into trouble by taking the Canadian channel to avoid the Houghton wreck.

### WILL OPEN MONDAY.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is estimated that 200 boats will be bunched here by tomorrow, awaiting removal of the wrecked steamer Douglas Houghton, which is still blocking the channel of St. Mary's river, and holding up all Lake Superior traffic. The channel cannot be opened before Monday, by which time it is hoped that the Houghton will have been raised enough to be swung about so as to permit the great procession to pass.

### PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hanna, 10:30 last night; Senator, Cranage, 12:20 a. m.; Castalia, Harvey Brown, 1 a. m.; Northern Wave, 1:40; Queen City, 2:30; Traveler, Twin Sisters, Allegheny, 2:40; Merida, 5 p. m.; Mariposa, Magna, 6:20; Schuck, 8; Nicol, 10. Down: Hayward, 10 last night; Vanderbilt, 2 a. m.; Hall and barges, 3:40; Rose and barges, 7; Seneca, 7:20; Gratwick (steel), 10:10; Yakima, 10.

### THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Codorus, 10 last night; Iron Duke, Iron Age, Hutchinson, 11:40; Westcott, Hopkins, Checotah, Racine, Turner, Pendall, Buckhout, Hoag, 2 a. m.; Black, 2:30; Chili, Lockwood, 8:30; Bessemer, Krupp, 9:30; Watt, Jenney, 11. Up: Selwyn Eddy, 10 a. m.; Rhodes, Zenith City, Kaliyuga, Fontana, 10:20.

The following vessels passed up this afternoon: Nimick, Antrim, Donaldson, Lester, Wright, Dayton, 12:20; Calumbia, 12:40; Owen, Michigan, 1.

Up yesterday: Brazil, 12:40 p. m.; Manitoba, 1; Northern King, 2; John Owen, 2:30; Collingwood, Cottinbery, Homer, 3:30; Waldo, 7; Troy, 7:40. Down: Alaska, 11:30 a. m.; Niagara, Whitney, Ashland, 1:40 p. m.; Glengarry, Winnipeg, 3; Globe, Bulgaria, Amazon, 4:30.

### THE HARLEM WRECK.

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—A tug has returned from the wreck of the Harlem on Isle Royale. The captain says that the first ten hours of favorable weather will see the Harlem inside the harbor, where work of repairing can be pushed to put the steamer in shape to go into dry dock.

### PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Donaldson and consorts, 9 last night; Selwyn Eddy 9:30; Mariska, 10; Emory Owen, Michigan, 11; unknown steamer, 1:30 a. m.; Montana, 3; Zenith City, Nimick, Antrim, City of Traverse, 5; Westford and consorts, 6:30; Arabian, Mahoning, 6:40; Fay, Cobb, McDougall and whalebacks, 7:40; Morse and consort, 10:10. Calm; clear.

### PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—North West, Sault, passengers; Carnegie, America, Buffalo, light for grain; Monarch, Sarnia, pass and mdse; Republic, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Lansing, Yale, Buffalo, grain; Bannockburn, Dunsmore, Minnedosa, Kingston, grain; Manistique, Maxwell, Lake Erie, lumber; Majestic, Colingwood, pass and flour; Wyoming, Buffalo, flour; Harper, Lake Erie, ore; Craig, Two Harbors, light.

### OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Umbria, from Liverpool.

Queenstown—Arrived: Etruria, from New York, for Liverpool.

## TRANSVAAL WANTS COMMISSION.

### Proposition For a Commission of Inquiry Is Favored.

Pretoria, Sept. 9.—The News today prints an official statement from F. W. Reitz, secretary of state of the South African republic, in which Mr. Reitz says: "The government considers that three courses are disclosed by the communications of Joseph Chamberlain, the British secretary of state for the colonies. The first is a joint commission of inquiry; the second is a commission of delegates from the British government to discuss technicalities, and the third is a defense for Cape Town."

Secretary Reitz says the Transvaal government leans to the second proposition, and invites Great Britain to define the constitution of the commission suggested and the place of meeting.

## SONS OF VETERANS.

### Pass Resolutions For Co-Operation With the G. A. R.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 9.—The Sons of Veterans' convention adopted resolutions yesterday afternoon urging cordial co-operation and expressing admiration for the G. A. R., deploring the perversion of Memorial day and urging the preservation of the day as a holy one.

Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, who is a member of the order, occupied almost the whole of the afternoon session with an address to the delegates in the course of which he touched upon the war in the Philippines. He said that while he was not an expansionist he considered that the administration was taking the proper course in pushing the war against the insurgents, whom he classed as mere guerrillas.

The Ladies' Aid society today elected Mrs. Mary L. Warren, of Wakefield, Mass., president.

### *ELIXIR OF LIFE.*

Beecham's Pills cure Bilious and Nervous Disorders, Stomach Troubles, Female Ailments and hundreds of minor complaints. They have the largest sale of any patent medicine in the world.

Beecham's Pills are a true tonic, a harmless stimulant from which there is no reaction, a painless, effectual laxative, and a specific for the cure of fifty per cent. of all diseases. They probably come as near being an elixir of long life as anything created by human hands.

The virtue of Beecham's Pills does not result from any lucky combination of standard remedies, but rather from some beneficient, occult power; inherent in itself.

# WEST DULUTH

Andrew Thompson and family, his wife and four children, and a lad named Joseph Le Page, had a thrilling runaway experience on the Proctorknott road Thursday, and that all of them escaped injury is miraculous, especially in view of the fact that one of the children is a baby in arms.

Just as they got fairly started down the hill, the holdback of the harness broke, and the horse started kicking and plunging down the steep hill at a furious rate. Mrs. Thompson was unable to move on account of the baby, every time the animal kicked it seemed as if she must be struck. At the turn of the road at the creek the horse plunged over the sidewalk toward the creek and the carriage was overturned. Young Le Page grabbed the baby as the horse went over the walk and jumped as the vehicle careened, landing clear of the wreck. The others were mixed up with broken spoks and other fragments of the carriage, but no bones were broken. Mrs. Thompson was bruised in the back, but was not injured seriously. The horse was not hurt.

### FOOTBALL TEAM FORMED.

The West Duluth football team was organized last night with the following officers: President, E. H. Allen; secretary, W. J. Springstead; treasurer, Ray Higgins; manager, A. T. Parks.

It will be called the "Zenith Amateurs." Practice began this afternoon.

### CHURCH SERVICES.

Swedish services will be held by Rev. R. S. Tottermain tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. at the Holy Apostles' Episcopal church at Fifty-seventh avenue west and Eleanor street, and at 8 p. m. at St. Luke's Episcopal church, at Nineteenth avenue west and First street.

Services will be held at Asbury M. E. church tomorrow by Rev. F. A. Lawson, pastor, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at noon. Epworth league at 6:45 p. m.

Rev. C. P. Herrick, of Minneapolis, will preach at Plymouth Congregational church, West Duluth, morning and evening, tomorrow.

Rev. S. A. Jamieson will preach at the Presbyterian church morning and evening tomorrow.

### WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

E. Powers, of Elgin, Ill., who has been visiting his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hartley, was taken sick a day or so ago and, in accordance with his urgent request, Mr. Hartley left for Elgin with him last night. Mr. Powers is advanced in years, and felt that it might be his last illness, and desired to be at home. He is 75 years of age.

The Misses Rice, of Two Harbors, have come to West Duluth to attend school.

Mr. Edmondson, of Cloquet, is coming to West Duluth to engage in the plumbing business.

### STORM DODGES US.

Washington, Sept. 9.—The weather bureau issued the following special bulletin, 11 a. m. Hurricane center northeast of Porto Rico, moving in the direction of Bermuda. It will not reach the United States coast. Island of St. Christopher, West Indies, experienced last night a maximum wind velocity of 60 miles an hour, terrific seas and torrential rains.

WILLIS L. MOORE,
Chief United States Weather Bureau.

### A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the universe." So will everyone who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

## ALL EAGER TO FIGHT.

### English Military Men In Australia Offer Their Services.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 9.—According to the statements of the officers of the steamer Warimo which has arrived here, military men in all Australia are eager to fight for England in the Transvaal. The governor of New South Wales informed the colonial officials that 180 of the commissioned officers and men of the defensive forces of New South Wales had volunteered their services if wanted for South Africa. The following telegram in reply was received from Mr. Chamberlain: "Her majesty's government highly appreciates the patriotic sentiments shown by those who have offered their services. The proposal has been placed on record at the war office. Full consideration will be given to the offer should necessity arise for a reinforcement of the troops now in South Africa."

### Involves Forfeited Tax Sale.

Another suit involving the validity of the forfeited tax sale was filed in the district court this morning. Charles R. Stal is the plaintiff and Everett Totman is the defendant. The suit is simply one to clear title to lots 31 and 32, block 11, Chandler Park, near Oneota. Stal alleges that he is the fee owner of the property and that the defendant claims some title to it. He asks the court to settle the matter by declaring that his title is all right. Whether it is or not involves the question of whether or not the forfeited tax sale is legal or not. Alford & Hunt are the attorneys.

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

# DREYFUS CONVICTED

(Continued from page 1)

you must, on your souls' conscience, be able to declare that there is no doubt that no one but he had the documents enumerated in the bordereau. But you do not know what the documents are. That is my last word on this portion of the case. I have now to deal with the material evidence."

After the usual brief adjournment of court, M. Demange resumed his speech for the defense. He dissected the handwriting evidence and reminded the court of the groans which M. Scheurer-Kestner was greeted with when he displayed the handwriting of Esterhazy in the tribune of the senate. "Is that all you have?" disdainfully asked the senators. Today the prosecution has no more. M. Demange said he did not understand Bertillon's conclusions. "He produced in court a monumental work," said the lawyer. "But I am convinced that M. Bertillon's system is false. But I must do him the justice of saying that when the prefect of police applied to M. Bertillon he appealed to a man of genius, who, by the creation of the detective system, put upon society an estimable benefit which, should you fall into error, would be fatal to an innocent man." He dealt then at great length on the Bertillon appliance, and added: "It must not be forgotten that genius has a dangerous neighbor. It does not do to have too much genius, and M. Bertillon's work was liable to land the judges in serious error. The declarations of M. Bertillon showed that the experts had not proved the guilt of Dreyfus. If the handwriting of the bordereau was disguised, how could Dreyfus' exclamation, 'This handwriting has a frightful resemblance to mine,' be explained." Counsel said he was convinced the bordereau was written in his natural handwriting by Esterhazy. The paper upon which it was written also condemned Esterhazy.

Then M. Demange examined at length the theory that Esterhazy was a straw man, and showed this was rendered quite untenable by every action of Col. Picquart, who was accused of trying to effect the substitution. How, if Esterhazy was a straw man, could he have lost his head at the moment of his arrest to such an extent that he contemplated suicide? The lawyer contrasted the lives of Dreyfus and Esterhazy, saying there was nothing but idle tales against the former, while the later was always in search of a 5-franc piece. When the time arrived for the judges to say whether the bordereau was in the handwriting of Dreyfus they would have to remember that all the experts had admitted that it was not, while all of them admitted that it showed traces of Esterhazy's handwriting. They would also have to compare the demeanor of Dreyfus during the past five years with the demeanor of Esterhazy today, one on Devils island, constantly turning his eyes towards France and appealing to Gen. Deboisdeffre against his conviction, demanding only justice; the other, full of recriminations and bitter abuse, writing insulting letters to the generals.

After reverting briefly to the charges in connection with the Robin shell, M. Demange protested against Gen. Mercier's refusal to discuss motives as being merely a psychological question, when in reality it was a question of common sense. There was entire lack of motive in the case of Dreyfus, while there was every motive on the part of Esterhazy. Dreyfus was rich and happy; he had two children who were his pride and joy, and a wife of whose devoted courage all are aware—everything a man could desire. Why should he have risked all that? "Believe me, added M. Demange, "my conviction comes from an honest heart. I am convinced that the judges, with the doubt which will remain in their minds, will find it impossible to declare the prisoner guilty, for they will rather turn their eyes to the men hiding on the other side of the channel. I ask you once more to view the noble, dignified bearing of the prisoner since 1894. Is it not that of an honest, loyal soldier?"

After this, M. Demange, with his voice broken with emotion, tears streaming down his face and hands uplifted concluded this brilliant flight of oratory: "Ah, gentlemen," said he, "I must now close in order to restore you to your well-earned repose, for I have now been addressing you for two days. But, this one thing, which detains me. When I have finished, the last word for the defense will have been said and you will go to your private room to consider your verdict. Once there, what are you going to ask yourselves? If Dreyfus is innocent? That is not the point. But, is he guilty? You will ask yourselves: 'Are we going to say he sent these documents when we do not know what they contained?' And when you say to yourselves, after having heard that the defense is powerless to throw complete light on the matter, but speaking from sincere, honest conviction, 'we do not know what he sent. Another may have given these documents, but he—no—there were things he could not have given.' When you say to yourselves, further, that this writing is not his, when you say to yourselves there is over there on the other side of the channel a man of whom we have to say 'It is he,' will there be, gentlemen, no doubt in your minds? that doubt will be sufficient for me.

That doubt will mean his acquittal. It would not permit honest, logical consciences to say this man is guilty. Very well, gentlemen, I ask only one thing and that is that at this moment you cast one more backward glance. Remember when the prisoner was on Devil's island. Remember how, for five years, this man, in spite of the most horrible sufferings, notwithstanding the most cruel torture, was never for a single moment alone, a guard with him night and day; never allowed to exchange a syllable with a fellow creature. I am not speaking of the torture of his being placed in irons. I am speaking of the terrible mental torture to which he was subjected. Well then, gentlemen, the spirit which these sufferings, these tortures could not curb, that spirit which remained proud and high, I ask you, is it the spirit of a traitor? I ask you if it is not that of a loyal, true soldier? I ask if the man who only lived for his country and his family that they may bear an honored name, I ask if you can believe him to be a villain and a traitor to his fatherland? No, I have no motive to proclaim his innocence. I shall say your verdict shall not be a verdict of guilty. The judges of 1894 had not been so enlightened. They had not before them Esterhazy's letter, but you had it. My task is now accomplished. It is for you to do yours. I pray God," exclaimed counsel, lifting his arms toward heaven, "I pray God that you will restore to our France the concord of which she has so much need."

M. Demange added in conclusion:

"As to you, whoever you may be, Frenchmen, be you with me or against me, finding inspiration in the sublime idea of Monard before the court of cassation, I say to all, we are Frenchmen—let us then be united in the common sentiment of love of country, love of justice, love of the army."

As he reached this climax, counsel's throat swelled. The close of his impassioned peroration was followed by an outburst of applause, which was immediately suppressed by the president.

M. Labori then said he did not desire to speak. Maj. Carriere, however, claimed the right to reply.

When the court resumed its session after a brief adjournment, the government commissary began his reply. He promised to be brief, and said he desired to close the court-martial. Said he: "Weigh the importance of the two categories of witnesses, those for and those against the prisoner. Weigh the importance and the independence of your character and all the strength of soldiers. Proof is everywhere. The hour of supreme decision has sounded. France anxiously awaits your judgment. I, also, await it confidently and fully maintaining the conclusions already announced. I demand the application of articles in the penal code, and article 267 of the military code."

The demand of the government commissary caused a sensation in court.

M. Demange rose to reply, his voice hoarse from fatigue. He said: "The government commissary, in reminding you of what has already been known. Namely, that you are only answerable to your consciences and God for your verdict. This is my last word in this case. I feel that as men of honor and loyalty, and as military judges, you will never admit as proofs the hypotheses and presumptions advanced here, consequently my last word is the same I spoke this morning. I have confidence in you because you are soldiers."

Col. Jouaust, president of the court, asked Dreyfus if he had anything to add in his behalf. The prisoner rose and, in a voice choked with emotion, declared he had only one thing to say, but of that he was perfectly assured. He said: "I affirm before my country and before the army that I am innocent. My sole aim has been to save the honor of my name, the name borne by my children. I have suffered five years of the most awful torture. But today, at last, I feel assured that I am about to attain my desire through your loyalty and justice."

Col. Jouaust said: "Have you finished, Dreyfus?"

Dreyfus—Yes, Mr. President.

The court then, at 3:10, retired to deliberate, and the prisoner left the hall never to return as, in accordance with the law, the verdict was rendered in his absence.

## THE VERDICT ANNOUNCED.

### Dreyfus Likely to Be Sent to Island of Corsica.

Rennes, Sept. 9.—The ringing of a bell announced the entry of the judges. The soldiers were ordered to "carry arms." The rattle of rifles followed, and then Col. Jouaust marched in, saluted, and laid his kepi on the table. The other judges did likewise, the gendarmes shouted "Silence," and the stillness of death fell on the audience, who were waiting heart in mouth for the announcement of Dreyfus' fate.

Col. Jouaust began reading the judgment which, he said, was on the question referred to the judges by the court of cassation: "Was Dreyfus guilty of entering into machinations to send secret documents to a foreign power?" He then gave the answer that the court, by a majority of 5 to 2, found Dreyfus guilty.

The judgment was read to Dreyfus in an ajoining room by the clerk of the court, M. Coupois. Dreyfus listened impassive; did not give the slightest sign of emotion; did not utter a word, and marched back to prison like an automaton.

It is understood Dreyfus will be sent to Fort Corte, in the island of Corsica.

### Dance—Live Pigeon Shoot

Between the Duluth Gun club and West Superior Gun club, at Zenith park Sunday afternoon, Sept. 10. Steamer Mary Mann will make regular trips between Sixty-first avenue west and the park.

All Styles and Sizes for Every Kind of Fuel. The Genuine all bear this Trade-Mark. Beware of Imitations.

**GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES**
The World's Best

### MATERIAL.

"Garlands" are made from the best grades of iron mixed with a quantity of **Aluminum,** making smooth and durable castings.

### WORKMANSHIP.

Only **long-experienced** workmen are employed in each department for the manufacture of **"Garlands."**

### DURABILITY.

**Every part** of a **"Garland"** Stove or Range which comes in contact with fire is **fortified** to the best advantage **against** wear.

### CONVENIENCE.

All **desirable** conveniences known to stove making are adapted to **"Garlands."**

### PRICE.

**No more** is asked for **"Garlands"** than for other high-grade Stoves and Ranges, while they possess **advantages not to be found in any others.**

The Best is Cheapest in the End.

**NORTHERN HARDWARE CO.**

WALLACE WELLS. R. D. ANNIS.

# Look Here!

Why send your wheels away to have Rubber Tires put on, when you can get them here. I am prepared to repair and put on new Rubber Tires. All work guaranteed.

**F. M. Richardson**
213 West First St., Duluth.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY AND VEGETABLES, U. S. Indian Service, La Pointe Agency, Ashland, Wis., September 4th, 1899.—Sealed proposals, indorsed, "Proposal for Hay," or "Vegetables," as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned, at Ashland, Wis., will be received at this agency until one o'clock p. m., of Monday, September 25, 1899, for furnishing and delivering at the Lac du Flambeau boarding school, under charge of this agency, as required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, about 40 tons hay, 200 bushels onions, 600 bushels potatoes, Irish, 200 bushels turnips.

Hay must be of the kind known as "timothy," of good quality and weigh 2000 pounds to the ton.

Onions must be sound and merchantable of the crop of 1899, and weigh fifty-seven pounds to the bushel.

Potatoes must be sound and of average size, of the crop of 1899, and weigh sixty pounds to the bushel.

Turnips must be sound and merchantable of the crop of 1899, and weigh fifty-six pounds to the bushel.

Bidders will state clearly in their bids the proposed price of each article offered for delivery under a contract. All articles offered for delivery under any contract will be subject to a rigid inspection before acceptance or rejection thereof.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids, or any part of any bid if deemed for the best interests of the service.

CERTIFIED CHECKS.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States depository or solvent national bank in the vicinity of the residence of the bidder made payable to the order of the commissioner of Indian affairs, for at least five per cent of the amount of the proposal, which check or draft will be forfeited to the United States, in case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shall fail to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder.

Bids accompanied by cash in lieu of a certified check will not be considered.

For any additional information, apply to SAML. W. CAMPBELL, U. S. Indian Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-9-16-23-1899.

# Dr. Doran Cures Catarrh

## Specialist on Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs and Special Diseases.

### Catarrh of the Stomach.

Mr. J. S. Olson, 1178 Piedmont Ave., Duluth, Minn. "I had catarrh for some time and mucous would drop from the back of my nose into my throat and then work down into my stomach. At times I would bloat and have sour risings. I also had severe pains. The bloating affected my heart and caused me to have weak spells. I went to Dr. Doran and he cured me in three weeks."

### I Took My Little Daughter to the City to Get Cured.

Mrs. M. A. Greeley, Sandstone, Minn. "Dr. Doran's New Treatment for Ear Disease is just wonderful. I did not believe that she could ever be cured of her ear trouble, for deafness and discharging ears, as everybody knows, was always considered incurable.

But I want to tell everybody with deafness or discharging ears that Dr. Doran's Treatment is NEW. It is entirely different from the old method. It restored her hearing and entirely stopped the disgusting discharge. I was in the city only a few days for special office treatments, and then returned home and continued with home treatments."

### Chronic Granular Lids Cured.

J. C. Reilly, Duluth Street R. R. Co. "As soon as I heard of this great specialist, I immediately went to him concerning my eyes. Being a motorman and subject to wind and dust my eyes were always sore, reddened, and inflamed, also they felt as though a handful of sand had been thrown into them. The sunlight would make them run water until I was compelled to stop work. I made one visit to Dr. Doran's office and continued a few days with his wonderful home treatment for sore eyes and I am completely cured."

### Chronic Catarrh Cured in 3 Weeks.

D. W. Murphy, 509 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.: "When I began treating with Dr. Doran I had one of the worst kinds of bronchitis. It would stop up my nose, matter drop down the throat, throat very dry in the mornings, cough was very difficult, sleep with mouth open, and I had fever which weakened me until I had to stop work. Dr. Doran gave me relief at once, and today I am thoroughly cured in less than three weeks."

### A New Apparatus.

Dr. Doran has just invented a new apparatus, which is a certain cure in the treatment of catarrh, no matter what portions of the system the disease has taken hold. He has this appliance in his office, and any who have catarrh are welcome to a free treatment. He will treat anyone, no matter how high or how low their station in life may be. One treatment free. Call on him and see his new appliance. New Jersey building.

### What is Your Disease?

"Is your nose stopped up?"
"Is your breath offensive?"
"Does your nose discharge?"
"Does your nose bleed easily?"
"Do crusts form in the nose?"
"Is the sense of smell leaving?"
"Dropping of matter in the throat?"
"Is the throat dry in the morning?"
"Do you cough night and morning?"
"Have you pains in the back and side?"
"Do you sleep with mouth open?"
"Is there pain in the back of the head?"
"Do you feel you are growing weaker?"
"Do you rise cheesy lumps of mucous?"
"Do you have night sweats?"
"Do you have fever afternoons?"
"Do you spit up blood?"
"Is there consumption in the family?"

### Weak and Inflamed Eyes Cured

In 5 weeks. G. F. Watson, engineer on Northern Pacific R. R.: "I had been troubled with my eyes for more than ten years when I began treating with Dr. Doran. My eyes would water, smart and were always red like raw beef. I was to Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis for medical aid, but none of those great specialists could do anything for me, unless I laid off work for six months or took up some other occupation. I made a few visits to Dr. Doran's office, and then continued with his home treatment for five weeks. Now I am pleased and thankful that my eyes feel as strong and clear as they ever were, and did not lose one days's work. It is a pleasure to recommend Dr. Doran's treatment." Signed

GEO. F. WATSON,
519 W. Second St., Duluth, Minn.

**DR. DORAN,** *New Jersey Bldg., Near Cor. First Avenue West and Superior St. Rooms 212 to 214.* Office Hours—10 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 to 12 m.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# VERY DULL MARKETS

## Wheat Started Out Weak and Declining But Firmed Up Later.

## THE CABLES LOWER

### Heavy Northwest Receipts Reported and the World's Shipments Large.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 9.—The wheat market started out lower and extremely dull this morning and maintained its quiet condition throughout the morning. The cables were weaker, the Liverpool market being reported ¼d lower. The Northwest receipts were heavy and it was expected that the world's shipments would be about 6,500,000 bus.

The market became a little firmer towards the close, which was ⅛c lower than yesterday both here and at Chicago for the December option. May closed unchanged both here and at Chicago.

There was a fair amount of trading in futures on the Duluth board. Prices kept within a narrow range. September wheat [illegible] December started [illegible] at 67¾c at 9:32 and sold up to [illegible], closing at 67⅝c bid, a net decline of ⅛c. May closed at 71⅛c, the same as yesterday. About 225,000 bus of cash stuff was sold at the September price. No. [illegible] cars advanced ⅛c, corn declined ⅛c, while rye and barley were unchanged. Flax was quite active, and cash, September and October declined 3c each. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 7[illegible]c bid; September, 7[illegible]c bid. No. 1 northern, cash, 67⅛c bid; September, 67⅛c bid; December, 67⅝c bid; May, 71⅛c bid. No. 2 northern, 6[illegible]c bid. No. 3 spring, 61⅛c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, [illegible]c bid. No. 1 northern, 67⅛c bid. Oats, 2[illegible]c. Rye, 5[illegible]c bid. Barley, 3[illegible]c. Flax, to arrive, $1.[illegible] bid; September, $1.[illegible] bid; October, $1.[illegible] bid. Corn, [illegible]c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 3[illegible]; corn, 3; rye, [illegible]; barley, [illegible]; flax, 1[illegible]. Receipts—Wheat, [illegible]; corn, [illegible]; rye, [illegible]; barley, [illegible]; flax, [illegible]. Shipments—Wheat, [illegible]; corn, [illegible].

SPECULATION GOSSIP.

December wheat puts, [illegible]; calls, 7[illegible]c. [illegible] December corn, puts, 2[illegible]c; calls, 2[illegible]c.

Good all next week in the Chicago market. The wheat visible it is expected will [illegible] about 1,000,000 bus Monday.

Foreign cable offers on wheat today were [illegible] lower.

The capacity of the railroads will soon be tested to care for the incoming wheat.

George Rupley: The past week has been a very favorable one for threshing in the Northwest. The tie-up at the Sault has had a very depressing effect on our market.

H. E. Baker: The returns from the Northwest now predict a phenomenal crop. I believe a place will be found though for all the wheat we will have. Foreign countries have not been so fortunate.

Gibbons & Co.: The bank statement was poor but had been discounted by the professionals. We believe in purchases of stocks on all breaks.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard wheat, [illegible] cars | $0 69⅞ |
| No. 1 hard, 5 cars | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, [illegible] bus | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, [illegible] cars | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, [illegible] bus | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, [illegible] bus | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, [illegible] bus | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, 18 cars | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, [illegible] bus | [illegible] |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | [illegible] |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | [illegible] |
| No. 1 northern, 6 cars | [illegible] |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | [illegible] |
| Rejected, 1 car | [illegible] |
| Rejected, 2 cars | [illegible] |
| No grade, 1 car | [illegible] |
| Rye, 1 car | [illegible] |
| Flax, September, [illegible] bus | 1.0[illegible] |
| Flax, September, 1,500 bus | 1.06[illegible] |
| Flax, September, 25,000 bus | 1.06[illegible] |
| Flax, September, 4,000 bus | 1.05 |
| Flax, September, 5,000 bus | 1.05 |
| Flax, September, 6,000 bus | 1.04 |
| Flax, September, [illegible] bus | 1.05½ |
| Flax, October, 2,000 bus | 1.0[illegible] |
| Flax, October, 5,000 bus | 1.0[illegible] |
| Flax, October, 1,000 bus | 1.04 |
| Flax, October, 2,000 bus | 1.03[illegible] |
| Flax, October, 21,000 bus | 1.02 |
| Flax, October, 21,000 bus | 1.02[illegible] |
| Flax, October, 10,000 bus | 1.02 |
| Flax, October, [illegible] bus | 1.01½ |
| Flax, to arrive, 1,000 bus | 1.03 |
| Flax, to arrive, 1,000 bus | 1.03[illegible] |
| Flax, to arrive, 2,000 bus | 1.05[illegible] |
| Flax, to arrive, 9,000 bus | 1.05 |
| Flax, to arrive, 2,000 bus | 1.04 |
| Flax, to arrive, 1,000 bus | 1.04[illegible] |
| Flax, to arrive, 6,000 bus | 1.04 |

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—The wheat market continues to be a small local affair, with very narrow fluctuations and what small trade there is principally against privileges. September holds its own and has narrowed up on December, at one time ⅛c difference. Liverpool was ⅛d lower, the receipts are increasing. Northwest had 916 cars against 638 last Saturday, and 1129 last year. There were 1,[illegible] bus at primary points, against 1,[illegible] last year. India shipments were small, 176,000 bus, compared with 752,000 bus last week. The estimate on world's shipments are 6,500,000 bus. There was an increase in European visible of 152,000 bus. In August, compared with decrease same month of last year of 7,[illegible] bus. Russian stock showed much better condition than has been generally expected, an increase for August of 2,[illegible] bus. The week which has just closed has been a small and draggy one speculatively in the wheat pit, values have shown a heavy tendency and quotations are lower.

The corn market has suffered from liquidation, getting its support mainly from trade against privileges. There were reports of further rain in the corn belt last night and this morning; receipts were 85 cars, with 650 estimated for Monday, 50 loads taken for export. Clearances for the week were 1,786,000 bus. It is expected that there will be a large increase to the local stock. Think that there is large enough short interest in corn to prevent any serious decline in values; believe the general situation at present time for the December option is favorable to advance, and that it is a little early at this time to take the short side of any option.

The oats market was narrow; slightly weak under liquidation by holders of September. Receipts were 126 cars, with [illegible] estimated for Monday. The local stock this week will show an increase. It is estimated that the clearances will be over 2,000,000 bus for the week. Oats and corn situation are very similar and look for sympathetic action.

The provision market suffered somewhat in values through yellow fever talk. Hogs were 5c higher, with 12,500 received, and 25,000 estimated for next week, there continues to be good demand for October ribs by packers and professionals, the absence of speculation which is so apparent in wheat corn and oats, is equally lacking in provisions and action is limited; at the same time, we believe the market will stand profit-taking when profits are in sight, although well margined holdings of October ribs need not worry the holder; should result in a very nice turn for him ultimately, based upon actual merits and saying nothing of the probable speculative strength which it will receive.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Wheat Very Dull and General Weakness In Other Features.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Wheat today was about as dull as it could be without being absolutely at a standstill. December opened ¼@⅜c lower at 71@71¼c. The market declined to 70⅞c, where buying against puts had a steady influence. Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 916 cars, against 638 last week and 1129 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 198 cars, 9 of contract grade. World's shipments were expected to be about 6,500,000 bus.

Corn was weak and lower on rains and the large country movement. Receipts were 85 cars. December opened ⅛c lower at 28⅜c, sold at 28¼c and reacted to 28¼@28⅜c.

Oats were irregular, fairly steady for September and weak for deferred futures. December opened a shade higher at 20⅝c and declined to 20⅜c. September sold ⅛c higher at 21⅜c and declined to 21⅛c.

Provisions were affected slightly by the yellow fever news. October pork opened unchanged at $8.07½ and declined to $8.05½ and closed at $8.02½. October lard unchanged at $5.27½. Ribs, October, opened unchanged at $5.27½ and declined to $5.25.

Close, wheat, September, 70⅝c; December, 71¼c; May, 71¼@⅜c. Corn, September, 31¼@⅜c; October, 30⅛c; December, 28⅜c; May, 29[illegible]c. Oats, September, 21⅛c; December, 20⅝c; May, 22@⅛c. Pork, September, $8.00; October, $8.05; December, $8.20; January, $9.52½. Lard, September, $5.25; October, $5.27½; December, $5.35; January, $5.42@5.45. Ribs, September, $5.20; October, $5.25; December, $4.92½; January, $4.97½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 71¼@72c; No. 3 red, 68@70½c; No. 2 hard winter, 68½c; No. 3 hard winter, 65@67½c; No. 1 northern spring, 71½c; No. 2 northern spring, 71@72c; No. 3 spring, 64@69½c. Corn, No. 2, 31½@⅜c; No. 3, 31@31¼c. Oats, No. 2, 21⅝c; No. 3, 20⅞c. Flax, cash, No. 1, $1.12; Southwestern, $1.20; October, $1.01½; December, $1.05. Barley, cash, 36@43c. Rye, September and December, 55¾@56c. Timothy, September and October, $2.42. Clover, October, $7.75.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following were the closing prices of copper stocks, reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Sept. 9.—Close: Atlantic, 30; Adventure, 6¾@7; Arcadian, 63@66; Arnold, 12@13; Allouez, 6¾ asked; Butte, 68@72; Bingham, 15½; Baltic, 25¾@27¾; Bonanza, 7; Boston Consolidated, 71½; Calumet and Hecla, 805 bid; Copper Range, 11¾@11½; Centennial, 31¾ asked; Dominion Coal, 53@54; Franklin, 20 asked; Humboldt, 2¾@3½; Isabella, 11; Osceola, 86@87; Old Colony, 6@½; Old Dominion, 33¼; Boston and Montana, 340; Mohawk, 23½; Michigan, 10@11; Mass, 11½; Parrott, 50@51; Pioneer, 2½@3; Quincy, 156@160; Rhode Island, 7¼; Isle Royale, 43¼; Santa Fe, 14; Tamarack, 220@221; Tecumseh, 5½@6; Utah, 42½; Wolverine, 45½@46; Winona, 10½@11; Washington, 2½ bid; United States, 35½; Cochita, 19@20.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 9.—Wheat in store—No. 1 northern, September, 66⅝c; December, 67⅝c; May, 70⅝c; old September, 69c. On track—No. 1 hard, old, 70⅝c; new, 69⅝c; No. 1 northern, old, 69⅛c; new, 67c; No. 2 northern, old, 68c; new, 64⅛c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 9.—Close, wheat, September, 75c; December, 76c; May, 74⅞c. Corn, September, 37⅛c; December, 35⅛c; May, 3[illegible]c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| December— | | | | |
| Open | .67¾ | 67¾-½ | 71-⅛ | 76 |
| High | .68⅛B | 68 | 71¼ | 76 |
| Low | .67⅝ | 67⅝-¼ | 70⅞-⅞ | 75⅞ |
| Close | .67⅝B | 67⅝ | 71⅛ | 76 |
| May— | | | | |
| Open | .71¼ | 70¾ | 74 | 79 |
| High | .71⅜ | 70½ | 74⅛ | 79⅛ |
| Low | .71⅛ | 70 | 73⅞ | 79 |
| Close | .71⅛ | 70½ | 74⅛-⅛ | 79⅛ |

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Dec. | Corn. Dec. | Pork. Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 20⅝ | 28⅜ | $8.22 |
| High | 20⅝-½ | 28½ | 8.22 |
| Low | 20⅜ | 28¼ | 8.15 |
| Close | 20⅜-½ | 28¼ | 8.20 |

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Estimated receipts of hogs today, 12,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over 1732; steady to strong. Mixed and butchers, $4.35@4.75; good, heavy, $4.45@4.72½; rough, heavy, $4.20@4.35; light, $4.55@4.75. Cattle receipts, 2000; steady. Sheep receipts, 4000; steady. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Hogs receipts, 12,941; shipments, 4597. Cattle receipts, 1496; shipments, 2059. Sheep receipts, 11,761; receipts, 1679.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 9.—Money on call, easier, 3@4 per cent; last loan, 3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86@$4.86½ for demand, and at $4.83@4.83¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84 and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82; silver certificates, 59@59⅝c; bar silver, 59c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. State bonds inactive; railroad bonds, weak. Government bonds, irregular; 2s, registered, $1.00½; 3s, registered, $1.08½; coupon, $1.08½; new 4s, registered, $1.30; coupon, $1.30; old 4s, registered, $1.11¼; coupon, $1.13¼; 5s, registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.11½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 9.—The cotton market opened steady at prices unchanged to 4 points higher and continued to rally from the depression of yesterday on vigorous support from nearly all quarters.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Market was characterized for its large supplies on hand, most of which arrived on the market last night. The state fair effected the trade greatly, giving the market an appearance of quietness, making the outlet small. The representative sales were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice to extra | $135@$180 |
| Drafters, common to good | 95@ 125 |
| Farm horses, choice to extra | 100@ 125 |
| Farm horses, common to good | 50@ 75 |

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 9.—Close: Wheat, dull, ⅛d lower; September, 5s 9d; December, 5s 1[illegible]d; March, 6s 1[illegible]d. Corn, dull, ⅛@⅜d lower; September, 3s 4⅛d; December, 4s 3½d.

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Wheat—Liverpool and London closed ⅛d lower; Paris wheat 10 centimes higher, flour 15 centimes higher; Antwerp ⅛ lower. World's shipments indicate 7,000,000 bus; India shipments 176,000 bus against 172,000 bus last week. The Trade Bulletin estimates European visible afloat and abroad in all positions 63,670,000 bus against 37,300,000 bus last year. Weather conditions have been most favorable and fair weather is looked for. Primary receipts 118,300 bus, shipments 623,000 bus. Northwest cars this week 5415 bus against 2427 last week, 6111 last year. Large receipts are indicated during the coming week. Reported that Chicago elevator people will move 2,000,000 bus from Minneapolis here. Weekly clearances, 4,353,000 bus, which is liberal. From July 1 to date 37,456,000 bus, an increase over last year of 4,362,000 bus; 80,000 bus cash wheat reported sold here. We can confirm 40 loads at the seaboard. The trade was surprised by the Corn Trade News' report of Russian stocks Sept. 1 at 8,850,000 bus vs. 6,030,000 bus Aug. 1 and 3,250,000 bus last year. The market moved within a narrow range, weakening early and closing firm. There was a good deal of selling by commission houses but offerings were well absorbed by the short interest. The outlook at present is more bearish than otherwise, as we see it, but the market acts in a very stubborn way; scalping operations will no doubt predominate for a while until something very materially develops to put more life into the trade.

Corn—Weekly clearances, 4,786,000 bus. We hear of 70 loads for export. The market was dull and easier and there was but little feature.

Oats have been quiet and tagged on after corn.

Provisions—Shipments of lard 1,090,000 lbs, meats 2,750,000 lbs. Hogs were strong. Estimates for Monday, 25,000; next week, 120,000. The market was very dull and near by futures were inclined to weakness on the increased number of yellow fever cases in the South. We feel friendly to the January product.

Puts, December wheat, 70⅞-71c.
Calls, December wheat, 71¼c bid.
Curb, December wheat, 71¼c bid.
Puts, December corn, 28⅜-½c bid.
Calls, December corn, 28¼-⅜c bid.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Stock. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar Trust | 156 | 156½ | 155½ | 156 |
| Am. Tobacco | 127½ | 128 | 127 | 127 |
| Atchison pfd | 64⅝ | 65¼ | 64⅝ | 64⅞ |
| B. R. T. | 104⅝ | 105⅞ | 101 | 104 |
| C. B. & Q. | 134⅝ | 135¼ | 134⅝ | 135 |
| Chicago Gas | 118⅞ | 119¼ | 118¾ | 118⅞ |
| C. G. W. | 16¼ | 16¼ | 15¾ | 15¾ |
| L. & N. | 80⅝ | 80⅞ | 80¼ | 80¼ |
| Leather | 75½ | 75¾ | 75½ | 75¾ |
| Manhattan | 116⅛ | 118⅛ | 116 | |
| Mo. Pacific | 48 | 48¼ | 47⅝ | 48 |
| Nor. Pacific | 54¼ | 54½ | 54 | 54 |
| Nor. Pacific pfd | 76½ | 76⅝ | 76⅝ | 76½ |
| So. Pacific | 37¼ | 37¼ | 36¾ | 36⅞ |
| Fed. Steel pfd | 81½ | 81½ | 81½ | 81½ |
| Rock Island | 118¾ | 118¾ | 118½ | 118⅝ |
| St. Paul | 134⅜ | 134⅜ | 134 | 134⅛ |
| T. C. I. | 119 | 125 | 119 | 123¼ |
| Union Pacific pfd | 78⅜ | 78⅜ | 78 | 78 |
| Western Union | 89⅛ | 89⅛ | 89⅛ | 89⅛ |

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Market Opens Irregular—Fuel Stocks Up, Others Neglected.

New York, Sept. 9.—In the absence of quotations from London, speculative opinions showed some concession and changes in international stocks were much excited. Tennessee Coal had a wide opening, 4000 shares selling simultaneously at 119@2 and 119 against 117 last night. Shares showed fractional gains by American Hoop, Brooklyn Transit and Pacific Mail. Other prominent specialties showed fractional losses. The opening of the market was irregular. Tennessee Coal worked to near 125 and when the fluctuations began transactions were very wide, but little interest was displayed in the other leading specialties, Sugar, Tobacco and Brooklyn Transit being neglected. Manhattan and Colorado fuel, on the other hand, were largely absorbed at a materially higher range, the former reaching ½ and the latter 2. International Paper, Union Bag and Lackawanna sold up 1@1½, while Chicago Great Western, preferred "A," and Sugar, preferred, lost 2 each. Better prices were obtained for the standard railways, but changes were rather narrow.

The continued upward movement of Manhattan led to a sympathetic advance of 1¼ and 1¾ in Brooklyn Transit and Metropolitan. Tennessee Coal, after reacting 1¼, rose to 125 and Colorado Coal extended its gain over 4 points. Chicago & Eastern Illinois dropped 3¼ and rallied about 2. The appearance of the bank statement brought a selling movement. The reaction in the railways was fractional, but Tennessee Coal rose 3¼, Pacific Mail 2, and Manhattan, Metropolitan, Sugar, Brooklyn Transit and Colorado Fuel over a point. Tennessee Coal rallied 2, but without effect on the market. The closing was rather active and unsteady at net losses except in a few cases. Sales, 210,111 shares.

## MAKES AN EXPLANATION.

### County Commissioner Kugler Reviews His Action In Tax Matter.

County Commissioner Fred Kugler returned yesterday from a vacation trip, and the article in The Herald last week on the county board's action in selling the personal property tax judgments to N. S. Bruner was then first brought to his attention.

"As the father of that resolution," said Mr. Kugler today, "I am probably the one from whom an explanation is due, if one is due from anyone, and as a matter of fact it was I that negotiated that sale, subject, of course, to the confirmation of the board. Those old back tax matters were referred to me early last spring. I had a list made, and went over it carefully, noting the ages of the various claims and the condition of those from whom they were due. The matter was put over until after this year's tax matters were out of the way, and then it was taken up again, and I was given authority to settle them up as I saw fit in my capacity of chairman of the committee on taxes and assessments. I tried at first to settle them by personal application to the various delinquents, and I soon found that this was an endless and hopeless task for me.

"Many of the people whose names are on the list are dead. Many others have left for parts unknown. Many who were in good circumstances when the taxes became due are now working in very subordinate positions and the property upon which the tax was levied was swept away in the hard times. I figured that all but about $12,000 of the entire amount was hopelessly gone from the county, and of that $12,000, I doubted if 25 per cent could be collected. If the county collected the amount it would take two years and great expense, and I wished to get the matter out of the way as best I could without sacrificing the county's interests.

"Therefore, after deciding that it would be best to sell, I looked about for possible buyers. I saw several, and expected bids from them. The only bid that came in was that of N. S. Bruner, and that was so much more than I had expected that I recommended its acceptance. If an error has been made it is one of judgment on my part, as all I did was in the utmost good faith and with the interests of the county set first. I could have had no other interests to subserve."

## Permission Given to Condemn.

In the case of the Metropolitan Trust company against the Duluth Transfer Railway company an order was filed in the United States court today permitting the receiver, John E. Bowles, to commence proceedings for the condemnation of a strip of land on the east side of Rice's Point. The petition of the receiver states that the tracks of the company cross some land owned by the Northern Pacific and St. Paul & Duluth railroads to which the Transfer company has never obtained title and the receiver desires to obtain it because it is necessary that the tracks be maintained across that strip of land because the interests to be served along these tracks are great and the tracks are valuable to the company.

## Wisconsin State Fair.

Round trip tickets to Milwaukee, $11.30, via "The Northwestern Line," "Omaha railway," Sept. 9 to 15. Choice of three routes.

**Weare Commission Company, Chicago.** Established 1862.
*Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.*
Private wires to all exchanges. DULUTH OFFICE—**310 Board of Trade.** Telephone **713.**
**GEO. RUPLEY, Manager.** We make a specialty of Boston Copper Stocks.

GOLD STOCKS. **S. EDWARD SMITH,** IRON STOCKS.
**STOCK AND BOND BROKER,**
112 Chamber of Commerce Building, Duluth, Minn.
**WANTED TO BUY:**
Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines Certificates.
All issues of U. S. Government Bonds Bought and Sold.
Official Agent for the sale of all Treasury Stock. SWEDE BOY GOLD MINE.

**BUY WHEAT.**
$25.00 will margin 1000 bus 2½ pts.
**ON BREAKS**
If you don't buy more than you can carry and take profits when opportunity offers, which means sell on bulges. You can make money.
**GIBBONS & CO.,**
St. Louis Hotel Lobby. Grain and Stock Brokers.

# ONE CENT A WORD.

### REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

**Wanted to trade—Fourth Street unimproved property, centrally located, for improved equities.**

**Chas. P. Craig & Co.**
Herald Building.

**FOR RENT.**

Upper easterly corner of Lake Avenue and First street, 50x140 feet, for rent, long or short term.

**SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,**
304 Lonsdale Building.

**Real Estate for Sale.**

1724 WEST NEW STREET; ALSO WEST Third street; price, $700. This house is not in good repair, but at the price asked it is cheap. Go and look at it.

1927 SIXTIETH AVENUE EAST IS AN 8-room house with large lot; house cost to build, $1800. You can buy this for $1300.

**GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,**
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE,
136 Providence Bldg. DULUTH, MINN.

### FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. The only reliable licensed pawnbrokers in the city. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC. THE ONLY REPUTABLE LICENSED PAWNBROKER IN CITY. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE. 324 West Superior street.

### MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE — MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. Croix avenue, private hospital.

### CITY SCAVENGER.

GUST ANDERSON, CITY NIGHT scavenger. All orders promptly attended to. Office No. 14, First avenue east.

### PERSONAL.

AMIABLE, UNENCUMBERED, SWEET tempered lady, independently wealthy, seeks business manager and husband combined. "Agnes," 3126 Forest avenue, Chicago, Ill.

VICTORY OF SCIENCE OVER DISease. Cancer baffling general practitioner's skill yields readily to our scientific methods. Mason Medical company, 121 West Forty-second street, New York. Book and advice free.

DR. MANSFIELD'S MONTHLY REGUlator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in two to five days without fail; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or office, $2; all letters truthfully answered. The Mansfield Remedy Co., 167 Dearborn street, room 614, Chicago, Ill.

### LOST.

LOST—$5 REWARD FOR RECOVERY of bull terrier dog, 1 year old. Yellow body, white neck and chest. H. E. Schwerdt, care French & Bassett.

LOST—NO. 15 WATERMAN FOUNTAIN pen. Finder please return to Herald office and receive liberal reward.

### BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY EMployed during the day, room and board for the winter; private family preferred. State location and terms. Miss A. K., care Herald.

SUMMONS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Metta A. Volk, Plaintiff,
vs.
Johann Mueller, Defendant.
The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of sixty dollars and fifty cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the 21st day of September, 1897, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.
Dated August 28, 1899.
JAMES A. HANKS,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
417 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-9-16-23-30-Oct-7-14-1899.

## AT LAST EXPLAINED.

### John Carroll Drowned Off the Tug Carrington Last Week.

The tug Carrington returned at 3 o'clock this morning from her north shore trip after a raft, and she brought the raft and all her own crew back safely. One of the raftsmen, however, a man named John Carroll, was drowned on the way down a week ago last Wednesday night, and this it was that gave rise to the story that one of the crew was drowned. Carroll came forward to the captain of the tug that night and said he was sleepy. The captain gave him a blanket, and he started aft to go to sleep. The deck was piled high with coal, so that the top of the pile was nearly flush with the top of the rail. About amidships Carroll walked overboard and sank, and that was the last that was seen of him. His fall was not noticed until he was overboard, and it is not known whether he walked over in the dark or slipped on the coal pile. One of the crew saw him falling and reached out for him, but he was only able to get a slight hold of his clothing, and it slipped through his grasp. Carroll was single, aged 40, and was sober and industrious. His home was in Fish Creek, Ionia county, Mich., and he had a brother, William Carroll, living in Hibbing.

## Got It Somewhat Mixed.

City Comptroller McCormick is highly elated over the statement of the financial affairs of his office as published in the News Tribune this morning. Never in the history of Duluth has there been a comptroller's report half so favorable. The morning paper gives a balance of $205,364.94 in the fire department fund, whereas that department is overdrawn by fully $200,000. There are debts outstanding on the city treasurer's account amounting to over $350,000, but this morning paper's report does the city the honor of a balance on hand of $351,776.54. Other little incidents of $200,000 per item are to the credit of the city instead of on the debit side. After reading the statement the city officials came very near calling off the bond issue.

# ONE CENT A WORD.

### TO RENT—HOUSES.

**FOR RENT.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 208 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 212 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 803 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 805 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 409 East Superior street—(down stairs) no water | $8.00 |
| 22 East Second street—store and dwelling | $25.00 |

**A. R. MACFARLANE, Agent,**
Room 12, Exchange Bldg.

VERY DESIRABLE EAST END RESIdence for rent, furnished. S, care of Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE with modern improvements. 410 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM FURNISHED house; modern. Address C, Herald.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

### TO RENT—ROOMS.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping for rent. 727 East Third street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping and two rooms for gentlemen. 230 West Second.

THREE NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping, East End, convenience; no children. References. Address J 28, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURnished rooms centrally located, with private family. J 20, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room. 518 West Second street.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT FRONT room; modern conveniences. Board across the street if desired. 601 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS. 15 ELEVenth avenue west. Water and sewer.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentleman, at 513 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 14 East Second street. Inquire after 6 p. m.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 320 West Third street.

### TO RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES from $10 to $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS, UNFURNISHED $5 up; furnished $8 up. Four rooms each. 718 West Fifth street.

### ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

THE MIDLAND. 212 WEST SECOND ST.

### CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.

PROFESSOR LE VARDE HAS LEFT for Minneapolis. He will return Sept. 11, and will be located at 204 West Second street.

### SITUATIONS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED LADY WISHES POSItion as cashier. Can furnish best of references. Address J 2, Herald.

YOUNG LADY, WELL EXPERIENCED in shorthand, would like to teach in the evenings. Will go to your home. Very reasonable. Address J 46, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO TAKE dictation in office on Saturdays after 4 p. m., for practice. Will transcribe letters. J 3, Herald.

EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT, AGED 30, desires work after 6 p. m. Address J 29, Herald.

TWELVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN lumber and logs. Practical judge and scaler of logs, also graduate of commercial college, strictly sober. Who wants that kind of a man? X 66, Herald.

WANTED—BY STEADY YOUNG MAN, work as timekeeper, work in warehouse or any other kind of work will be accepted. Address X 99, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BAND OR CIRCULAR sawyer would like a situation. No objection to leaving the city. Room 212, Lowell block.

WANTED—A JOB AS TEAMSTER OR the care of horses; eight years' experience with horses. B 19, Herald.

WANTED — PLACES TO GO OUT washing and cleaning by the day. Address J 16, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION IN OFFICE OR store by young man 19 years of age. A fair penman, quick at figuring and spelling. Experienced in office work and collecting. Can give references. Address H. C., care Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER wants position all or part of day. Experienced in grain and law office work. Address H 36, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE FOR GENERAL housework in small family where there are no children. Call or address 609 Second avenue east.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR FURnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE—302 West Exeter street. A. Metler.

COMPLETE SET OF CHAMBERS' ENcyclopedia for sale at your own price; cost $25. Can be seen at room 208 Lowell block.

FOR SALE—LADY'S WHEEL, COMplete with lamp, bell and coasters. Price $8. Room 208 Lowell block.

ART GARLAND HEATER FOR SALE—Enquire at Union depot ticket office.

A BARGAIN—FOR SALE—SEVERAL complete hardwood bedroom suites, as good as new. 511 East Third street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, $50. Call 2418 West First street.

CALL FOR YOUNG, STRONG, CLEAN and healthy canary birds of fine breed at the employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY AND driving horses and fresh milk cows. Address Harry Hill, 325 St. Croix avenue, city.

FOR SALE—DAIRY, FIRST CLASS stock, fourteen head, good free clover pasture, well watered; one horse, good barn, ice house, covered wagon and sleigh, full set of milk cans, good cash customers and sale for all the milk. Apply to J. A. Scott, 519 Fifty-fifth avenue, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND household goods. Owner leaving city. Cheap for cash. "Widower," Herald office.

## Lumbermen, Take Notice!

From 300 to 500 head of heavy logging and draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1800 pounds are always kept in stock, with fresh consignments received daily at Barrett & Zimmerman's horse market, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Minn.

# ONE CENT A WORD.

**LAND SCRIP—**
*Valentine, Porterfield, Re-certified Additionals, Forest Reserve, Personal Rights.*

**H. W. COFFIN**
Chamber of Commerce.

**TITLE TO GOVERNMENT LANDS.**

Surveyed or unsurveyed; can be acquired quickly and cheaply by "FOREST RESERVE LIEU SELECTIONS." You can buy these at lowest market prices from
**J. H. SHARP, 515 Torrey Bldg., Duluth.**
I also deal in soldiers' additional rights. Pine lands bought and sold.

### WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. No laundry work. Apply in the forenoon at 1818 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED—SMALL FAMILY. 727 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No. 10 Chester terrace.

SALESLADY WANTED—ONE WHO has had experience in hardware and tinware; can procure a good position. All applications treated in strict confidence. State experience and give references. Address Hardware, care Herald.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, TWO first-class housemaids at Craggencroft. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2110 East Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO do general housework. Apply at once. 1366 East Superior street.

GIRLS WANTED AT PEERLESS laundry.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2608 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK, GOOD wages. St. Charles hotel, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1016 East First.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER TO take charge of a widower's home. Apply 2011 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. J. H. Edwards, 16 East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must have one. 918 East Fifth.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1221 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY IN china department can secure good permanent position. Must understand business thoroughly; no others need apply. State experience. All applications treated in strict confidence. Address China, care Herald.

WANTED — COOKS, WAITRESSES, laundry and kitchen girls for hotels and boarding houses, also second girls and cooks in first class private houses. Call at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY 325 East Second.

### WANTED—MALE HELP.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Only eight weeks required. Half rate transportation furnished now. Positions guaranteed. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

TRAVELING MAN; PERMANENT POsition; $60 per month and expenses. References required. Clark & Co., 234 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS — DON'T prepare for any civil service or census examination without seeing our catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence college, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—ONE SAWMILL ENGINEER—must be of temperate habits, also one setter. Apply by mail to J. F. Smith, care Oshkosh Log and Lumber company, Choate, Mich.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED — YOUNG man as bookkeeper; steady employment for right party; reference required. Apply Schulze Bros., 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD bookkeeper; one familiar with fire insurance preferred. Address with references. O 23, Herald.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

### WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR MAN WANTED TO TRAVEL and appoint agents; $60 per month salary and expenses. Ziegler & Co., 743 Monon building, Chicago.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE, HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising bureau, Chicago.

AGENTS —TO SELL THE LATEST INvention for producing a brilliant and cheap light. The "Best Incandescent Vapor Gas lamps." Thousands being sold. Price within reach of all. Largest factory of the kind in the world. Exclusive territory given hustlers. The Best Light company, Canton, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

### WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—PINE LANDS IN St. Louis, Itasca and Lake counties. John Maginnis, 310 Palladio.

### THE DULUTH BOOK EXCHANGE.

Old books bought, sold and exchanged; highest cash price paid for old books that are no use to you. Drop us a postal and we will call on you. 214 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Tel. 743. 2 rings.

### LAUNDRY.

THE COON LAUNDRY—426 EAST Fourth street. H. B. Coon, proprietor. Shirts, 10c, collars and cuffs, 2c. Best hand work guaranteed.

### BUSINESS CHANCES.

DON'T LOSE, BUT BUY A CERTIFIcate in "The Investors' Fund" and draw a semi-monthly income. It is the only safe plan ever offered for trading with moderate capital in stocks, wheat or cotton. Write for particulars, sent free. C. E. Mackey & Co., 29 Broadway, New York.

### WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE IN desirable location for family of two. T 26, Herald.

WANTED—BY BUSINESS WOMAN, large nicely furnished room. Must be first class with modern conveniences and pleasantly located. Address J 27, Herald.

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND wife, two or three good unfurnished rooms on Superior or First street, handy to restaurants, with heat and bath. Good price will be paid for suitable apartments. Address X care Herald.

WANTED—SMALL FLAT WITH CONveniences. State rent and location. Nast, care of Herald.

# ONE CENT A WORD.

### SECRET SOCITIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 18, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lyonel Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1899. Work, [illegible]. Robert Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 13th, 1899. Alex. P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE No. 105, Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. I. W. Smith, W. M.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; W. C. Weld, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

I. O. F.
INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTers—Court Commerce No. 3283, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock, in Kalamazoo block, second floor. H. W. Krause, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—DUluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, second and fourth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Harrington, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in the Third rank, Sept. 5. W. M. Hillis, C. C.; G. H. Nichols, K. R. S.

### STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

**Excursion to Fond du Lac**

Str. Josie Davidson will make daily trips—leaving Duluth, Fifth avenue, 10 a. m., Superior, Tower Bay slip, 10:30 a. m. Fare, 50c round trip. Special rates given to parties and societies. Address John H. Hanson, 470 West Fifth street, Superior; or Buffalo Oil company, West Superior. 'Phone 4022.

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS
**STEAMER SIDNEY**

**Will Leave St. Paul for St. Louis and Intermediate landings, Tuesday, Sept. 12th, at 10 a. m.**

For full information regarding passenger and freight rates address C. R. BROCKWAY, General Agent, office foot of Sibley street, opposite Union depot, St. Paul. Telephone call, Main 93.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**
EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
FORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2:10 p. m. for Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 6:30 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, Sept. 19. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

### RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

**St. Paul & Duluth R. R.**

| Leave Duluth | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **9 00 am<br>*1 55 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS | *6 30 am<br>*1 35 pm<br>**7 45 pm |

Sleepers for 11:15 p.m. train ready at 9 p.m. Passengers may remain in sleeper at Minneapolis until 8 a.m. Train for Fond du Lac and New Duluth **5:00 a.m.
FROM UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

**THE GREAT NORTHERN**
**EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.**
City Ticket Office—432 West Superior Street.

| Leave. | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 10 p.m<br>*11 15 p.m | ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS. | †2 10 p.m<br>†7 00 a.m |
| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday. | | |
| 8 15 a.m<br>†3 00 p.m | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int. Points | *6 45 p.m<br>†12 m |

Sleeper for 11:15 p.m. train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Northern Passenger Agent.

**Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor .....Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar..Iron Junction..Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar..... Wolf .....Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... Sparta .....Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar..... Biwabik .....Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar..... Mt. Iron .....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar..... Hibbing .....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. P. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

**North-Western Line.**

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8 35 a m<br>*4 45 p m | St. Paul, Mpls. Twilight Limited. | **3 05 pm<br>*9 45 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Fast Mail. | *10 45 am |

Wagner Sleepers. Free Chair Cars.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.**
Telephone 44.
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave. | *Except Saturday. †Except Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *7 00 pm | BOSTON LIMITED Copper Country | †8 30 am |
| †8 40 am | Daylight Express | †7 55 pm |

**Duluth & Iron Range R. R.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar........ Ely ........Lv | 7:30 a.m. |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
**DAILY SERVICE.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv.. W. Superior ..Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv..... Ashland .....Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar... Milwaukee ...Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar..... Chicago .....Lv | 6:25 p.m. |

Pullman palace sleepers and finest dining car service. Meals a la carte.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent Duluth.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

**Only Evening Paper in Duluth**

THE EVENING HERALD.

**An Independent Newspaper.**

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

**TEN CENTS A WEEK.**

EVERY EVENING
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Single copy, daily | .02 |
| One month | .45 |
| Three months | 1.30 |
| Six months | 2.60 |
| One year (in advance) | 5.00 |

**WEEKLY HERALD.**

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

**OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.**

HERALD'S CIRCULATION
HIGH-WATER MARK,

**17,148.**

### THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Sept. 9.—The barometer is highest over Iowa and lowest over Alberta. Temperatures have fallen over the lake region and Mississippi valley and have risen in North Dakota, Montana, Assiniboia and Alberta. Showers have fallen at St. Louis and Dodge City; fair weather has been the rule elsewhere. The winds in the lake region this morning are rather variable, ranging in force from light to fresh.

Minimum temperatures last night:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Battleford | 48 | Miles City | 46 |
| Bismarck | 48 | Milwaukee | 58 |
| Calgary | 46 | Minnedosa | 56 |
| Chicago | 66 | Memphis | 70 |
| Davenport | 52 | Montreal | 62 |
| Denver | 50 | North Platte | 48 |
| Detroit | 56 | Omaha | 52 |
| Dodge City | 58 | Port Arthur | 46 |
| Duluth | 54 | Prince Albert | 44 |
| Havre | 42 | Qu' Appelle | 41 |
| Helena | 50 | Rapid City | 48 |
| Huron | 46 | St. Louis | 64 |
| Kansas City | 60 | St. Paul | 62 |
| La Crosse | 52 | Sault Ste. Marie | 50 |
| Lander | 36 | Swift Current | 44 |
| Marquette | 59 | Williston | 44 |
| Medicine Hat | 50 | Winnipeg | 42 |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Increasing cloudiness with occasionally threatening weather tonight and Sunday. Cooler Sunday; fresh and brisk winds, southwest probably becoming northeast Sunday. H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Sunday; warmer Sunday and in west portion tonight. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Sunday; warmer tonight; warmer southeast portion Sunday.

### NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

On and after June 22 The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for the three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

### *DIPLOMATIC TRAINING.*

It has for years past been a subject of frequently expressed regret that the political character of the diplomatic service of the United States practically prevented the training of young men for that important work. With each change in the national administration the whole diplomatic service underwent a change. The political friends of the administration were given places as ministers, consuls general and consuls, and the question in making the appointment was not so much their special ability to fill the positions as the political influence they could secure in their favor. Thus the young man who desired to study diplomacy and devote his life to the service of his country in that respect found the door closed to him, while it readily opened to some man who knew more and cared more about politics than diplomacy.

Of late years public sentiment has been growing stronger in favor of elevating the character of our diplomatic service and offering inducements to men who acquire special training for the service. Recently James Bryce, the well known English publicist, pointed out the increasing importance of commercial education in the United States and indicated the course of special training that should be pursued. Some American colleges are already manifesting a disposition to give particular attention to this matter and doubtless a few years hence most of them will have a course of commercial training, while there will be established schools devoted exclusively to instruction required for a commercial career. The university of Pennsylvania has already decided to establish a course of commercial education and also to give instruction in diplomacy. It is to be a special course of two years and only those can enter it who are able to satisfy a committee on special students that he is qualified to undertake the work.

The plan is quite comprehensive. During the first year the subjects of study will be American diplomacy, constitutional law, modern legislative problems, political economy, American commerce and commercial relations, practical finance and foreign exchange, race traits and distribution, economic resources of Europe and the United States and English. In the second year the student will study the recent diplomatic history of Europe, international law, jurisprudence, government of colonies and dependencies, European commerce and commercial relations, economics, public finance and economic resources of tropical countries. If the student elect he may study money and banking in the place of jurisprudence.

One of the reasons for establishing this course, says the Philadelphia Ledger, is that the government will need a trained corps of experts to deal with its new possessions and there is a good reason to believe that if our schools prepare men for such service the government will give preference to those who have been specially trained. The other reason for establishing the special course is that the extension of American trade to new markets calls for young men specially trained to serve as commercial representatives. As to training diplomats that is not so simple a matter, yet a school of diplomacy could hardly fail to do a good work. A body of men learned in the instruction which the university of Pennsylvania proposes to give would enable the government to secure, when required, thoroughly capable men for its foreign service, imbued with an ambition to achieve success in the service and to merit advancement, and for this reason the movement deserves encouragement. If it should prove successful, no doubt the other universities would provide facilities for similar special training. With the co-operation of the administration, the consular and diplomatic service could be greatly improved.

### *TO ADVANCE DULUTH.*

The organization of the Duluth Improvement association is in line with the suggestions offered by The Herald in a series of articles early last winter, when the necessity was presented of the active business men joining hands in an effort to push Duluth to the front in every practical way. The necessity is as great today as it was a year ago, and the opportunity presented to the new association is a wide one. Well directed, united efforts can do much to increase the growth and prosperity of the city and add to its beauty and attractiveness.

If the new association should not accomplish more than to stir up the municipal authorities so that the streets will be kept clean and in repair, it will do a good work. But, while attending to this important feature of the plans as now outlined, it should not neglect the still more important feature of industrial development. Duluth needs more factories—more institutions that will give employment to men at good wages. This is Duluth's greatest need at the present time, and while there has been some progress made in this respect during the present summer, and there are prospects of further development in the immediate future, The Herald believes that an association of the character proposed, composed of the active business men, can accomplish far more than other institutions to enlist the interest of capital in the advantages offered by Duluth as a location for manufacturing enterprises.

### *USES FOR SAWDUST.*

There is a considerable quantity of sawdust produced at the mills in and around Duluth every year for which it is difficult to find use. In some cases its disposal is a matter of difficulty. There is a law against emptying sawdust into the river or bay, and what to do with it is frequently a problem.

While no good use for this waste of the sawmills has been found in this country, it has become of value as an article of commerce elsewhere. The United States consul agent at Berlin reports that he has investigated the subject and ascertained that in Germany sawdust is ground into fine powder and then used either in the manufacture of explosives, especially dynamite and nitro-glycerine, or in making of linoleum or papyrolite, a substitute for wood.

A standard material for the manufacture of dynamite is infusarial earth. As there is but one source in Germany from which this earth is supplied, and the material has gradually advanced in price on account of increased demand and decreasing supply, German chemists have found an excellent suobstitute, cheap and plentiful, in ground sawdust. The same article is also used in the manufacture of linoleum as a substitute for ground cork, but here it does not answer the purpose so well.

The most important use ground sawdust is put to is in the manufacture of papyrolite or xylolite, a kind of artificial flooring which is now extensively produced. Papyrolite is used in kitchens, halls, corridors and for public places, such as restaurants and offices. It is a substance between wood and stone, practically fireproof, impervious to water, and, being a non-conductor of heat, is warm in winter. On German war vessels it is used as flooring, because it has most of the advantages of wood and does not splinter from shot nor take fire.

With so much sawdust available, why should not some one or more of these manufactures be started in Duluth?

### *THE FULL THEORY.*

Interest in the Dreyfus case was at fever heat today in view of the expectation that the decision of the court-martial would be announced this afternoon. The desire of civilization to see the defeat of the gross plot to punish the innocent and shield the guilty has been manifested by the great interest taken in the proceedings of the court-martial from day to day. The Herald is the only paper at the head of the lakes that has given the story in detail of the daily proceedings at Rennes, and it has been in a position to observe how closely the people generally have followed the proceedings, the increased circulation of The Herald on account of the trial being noticeable.

Despite the verdict of the court-martial there is no question as to the opinion of the civilized world outside of France. There is a general belief in the innocence of Dreyfus and a firm conviction that he was made a scapegoat by the military authorities in order to shield rascality in high places. The London National Review recently offered what it claimed to be a true explanation of the case. It is interesting for two reasons. One is that it is the only theory which adequately meets all the peculiar phenomena of the case. The other is that, while this is the first plain publication of the assertion, it is the explanation which has for some time had currency in the circles of France and the continent which are not irrevocably bound to swear by Dreyfus' guilt. This statement is that the reckless and irresponsible Esterhazy is not the real traitor, but only a tool; that Henry and Paty De Clam were little more, or at the furthest junior partners, but that the persons really engaged in the traffic in military secrets were the heads of the army, the generals themselves, who eked out their scanty pay in this manner. They were not directly known by the powers to whom the secrets were sold, the traffic being transacted wholly by the intermediary.

If the discovery of the bordereau had been known only by this clique, the Dreyfus case would never have existed. But the National Review says it became known to "an outsider" before the army ring had time to suppress it. Private talk in France is that it was seen by members of the civil government, which necessitated exposure unless a scapegoat were found. Dreyfus was selected as the scapegoat, for the reason that the anti-Semite hatred in France would thus be tied to the cause of the military clique in upholding his guilt.

The National Review claims to have documentary evidence backing this theory. It is the theory that has obtained in private talk in France for some time, although, of course, it could not be published there. It explains the desperate determination of the military clique to assert the guilt of an innocent man. It gives the motive for the extraordinary chain of forgeries and perjuries used to secure his conviction. It shows the toleration and protection accorded to Esterhazy in his most grotesque performances. It shows the reason for the persecution of Picquart for his effort to bring out the truth, and it gives the phrase "the honor of the army" a new depth of sarcasm.

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Just as if women did not abuse the poor men enough already, a false philosopher in the staid old New York Commercial-Advertiser gives this advice to those not in maiden meditation fancy free: "If you are in love with a man, do not show it too plainly. Little unexpected flashes now and then will send him into the seventh heaven, but too much love on the part of a woman palls upon him. A man wants to be piqued and to be kept guessing. Above and beyond all else, do not be jealous. Give him his entire liberty, and if you have properly mastered this art of fascination, have confidence in your own powers, for you will be sure to win in the long run. If you are not in love with any one man, and yet want to hold any number of men, then your task is easier; for it is much less difficult to hold the many men for whom you do not care than the one man for whom you do care perhaps over-much." All of which is enough to make an automobile laugh.

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A candid critic in the Lahore (India) Tribune falls foul of Kipling's dialect and writes: "It has been said that Kipling's ability in dialect is hereditary. His father was a very fine mimic. With free conscience and black despair I hereby pronounce it to be the most unpronounceable dialect that I have ever seen spelt out. Sanskrit must be a joke in comparison, and may be, Mulvaney and his compeers spoke the dialect just to put Pall to shame. What I cannot understand here is that he makes no explanation, nay, gives no account of the disjointed jawbones, tongues helplessly twisted into a rope, and the broken fragments of the lips of the speakers. Kipling is the ideal incarnate of the up-to-date literatus—that is to say, a sworn enemy to the classics, and a perfect imp in smashing the decalogue right and left. His popularity is not wonderful."

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The French war office is rejoicing over a new civilizing influence which may outdo even the English dum-dum bullet. It is a rifle invented by Capt. Daudeteau, and experiments have proven how deadly a weapon it is. At 2000 yards the bullet went clean through a horse placed obliquely to the line of fire, the bones in the track of the bullet being shockingly smashed.

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Of course, says the Kansas City Star, the man who evolved the scheme for a universal trust—a combination of all combinations—is from Ohio. His explanation of how the thing is to be done is almost as clear and comprehensive as the statement of M. Bertillon before the military court at Rennes as to how he discovered that Dreyfus wrote the bordereau.

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St. Louis county's exhibit at the State fair attracted much attention. It was a good exhibit and well arranged. It surprised many people to learn what the soil here will produce, because they thought we had no agricultural land. And the iron ore exhibits caught everyone's eyes.

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The conviction of Dreyfus a second time was not unexpected. The leaning of the members of the court was evident throughout the proceedings. They convicted him before a witness was called.

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With an association for beautifying the city, Duluth should become more attractive than ever to summer visitors.

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French justice is composed of peculiar material.

### *Each to His Liking.*

Somerville Journal: The Eastern farmer wouldn't live in the West, where they have tornadoes, and the Western farmer wouldn't live in the East, where you have to move a stone every time you want to plant a seed.

### WILL WORK FOR PEACE.

Pretoria, Sept. 9.—The government has issued a formal announcement that its last dispatch was intended as an acceptance of the joint inquiry. The mistake in expression arose through a confusion of ideas.

Both President Kruger and Vice President Joubert declare that they are determined to work for a peaceful settlement.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "She says she has no use for love stories."

"She's been married and divorced three times, you know."

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Household Words: "Your wife, I believe is a strong-minded woman."

"Oh, I don't know. I should rather regard her as brittle-minded."

"Brittle-minded?"

"Yes; she's been giving me pieces of her mind for several years."

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Philadelphia North American: "I am not at all certain," said the father, "that my daughter loves you sufficiently to warrant me in instrusting her to your keeping for life."

"Well," replied the young man, "perhaps you haven't had the same advantages for observing things that I have."

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Ohio State Journal: First young attorney—You seem to be very much attached to Miss Goodcatch?

Second young attorney—Well, she owns 200 acres of land. That's sufficient ground for an attachment, isn't it?

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Indianapolis Journal: "Do you believe in love at first sight?" she asked.

"That's the only way it's possible," answered the old bachelor. "Second sight would utterly destroy it."

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Somerville Journal: No young man ever remembers the next morning just what he said the night before when he proposed to the girl who has accepted him.

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Chicago Post: "I'm sure papa will overtake us!" she exclaimed anxiously as they headed for the nearest justice of the peace.

"Don't worry," he replied confidently. "I took the precaution to remove the electric battery from his automobile before we left."

### SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Chicago Tribune: George Jacob Schweinfurth, having seen the error of his ways, is now up to Dr. Korash Teed.

St. Louis Globe Democrat: A Chicago minister preached a long sermon on wheat last Sunday. Many of the members of the congregation were purposely tardy at the services in order to get the short end of the deal.

Buffalo Express: One of the religious papers tells of a minister who is enjoying his three weeks' vacation riding a wheel through New England, while his wife stays at home "curling for the babe in his second summer and practicing riding a wheel, the gift of the church." Well, that's all right. Next summer all three of them can spend the summer awheel together.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: A clergyman in Western New York has been trying an experiment similar to that tried by Mr. Walter Wyckoff, author of "The Workers." The clergyman's idea was to find out why the laboring man does not go to church as a rule. He says he found out on the first prayer meeting night after he began to work in a factory, for he tumbled into bed and to sleep and forgot what day it was.

Chicago Chronicle: We deprecate greatly the animadversions which have been directed upon Rev. Charles Grandison, a New York clergyman, who was gathered in by the police in an advanced state of intoxication and incipient jim-jams on the evening when he was booked to deliver a lecture on "The Evils of Intemperance." Brother Grandison's condition was entirely explicable. He was to lecture upon the evils of intemperance and he didn't know save by hearsay what those evils were. What more natural than that he should proceed to put himself outside of a large quantity of assorted whisky with a view to ascertaining the facts? That he overdid the matter to the extent of collecting a menagerie in his vicinity was unfortunate, but by no means discreditable to Brother Grandison. He wrought for the good of humanity and it is obviously unjust and improper to flout and jeer him in his distress. Let us have no more of it.

### BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

An uplook is the best outlook.

Divine discontent alone leads to perfect content.

Pain and pleasure are vibrations of the same chord.

The greatest motive forces are the ones that cannot be moved.

To jump down a man's throat is a poor way to get to his heart.

If your hands would touch humanity our hearts must touch heaven.

There is much difference between a man of sorrows and a sorrowful man.

The engine may be built in a day, but it takes years to perfect the engineer.

There was more dancing over the golden calf than over the two tables of stone.

A man is best known by what he does when he thinks nobody is looking at him.

### *The Harvest Moon.*

The sun and the moon are meeting tonight,
And the bright day scarcely fades,
But the world grows fair in the tender light
That is like deep forest shades.
As a day in mid-winter
Left over from June
Is the warmth of your splendor
Oh, kind harvest moon.

There are feet that stumble tow'rd wrong tonight,
There are eyes that seek for sin,
And you bless their path with your radiant light
And you help them enter in
Where deep sorrow and heartache
Must follow them soon,
But you give them no warning.
Oh, blind harvest moon.

—BELLE WILLEY GUE in Omaha Bee.

# IN MICHIGAN.

### Improvements at the Isle Royale---Development at the Mass Consolidated.

Houghton—Surface improvements at the Isle Royale are progressing nicely. At the millsite near the Pilgrim the driving of piles for the new dock will commence next week. The growth of underbrush has been cleared away from the site proper of the stamp mill and of the pump and boiler houses. About two-thirds of the new railroad leading from the mill location to the mine is graded and the steel rails have been purchased. It is expected that the road will be completed and rendering service between the mill and the mine before the close of navigation. The thirty new dwellings at the mine will be completed and ready for occupancy within a few days, and it is the intention of the management to erect two boarding houses and a residence for Mr. Richards, who is in charge of the surface operations. The water connections are being made between the Huron dam and the mine and the pump at the old Huron stamp mill is being gotten in shape for service. With this work completed, the mine will be amply supplied with water for operating purposes as well as a protection against fire.

Underground the drifts north and south from both shafts are being extended at a rapid rate while the character of the openings leave no doubt, if there ever was any, of the future of the mine. The Isle Royale people will be in readiness to produce on a large scale when the new mill goes into commission next year, and it can be stated that when production begins the mine will be equipped for economical results as well as any in the copper district. The machinery is of the highest order and its arrangement could not be improved upon. The buildings are both fireproof and substantial, and every improvement about the mine is made with a view of future permanency.

Development work is progressing very rapidly at the Mass Consolidated. The work of crosscutting the five lodes is well under way. A start was made from the 500-foot level of No. 2 shaft and the crosscut is now approaching the Butler lode, which is 400 feet distant. A new shaft is being started on the Knowlton vein. It is down about fifteen feet in solid stamp rock that it is estimated will run as high as 20 per cent in copper. There is also a good quantity of barrel copper in this opening. At present a 12-foot lode is exposed from the hanging wall, and the footwall has not yet been encountered. Large deposits of barrel and mass copper are being encountered in the drifts. Several shipments have been made to the smelter.

Capt. Clarence A. Dunn has returned from a visit to the Tri-Mountain and reports the showing there equal to anything he has ever seen on the copper range. Mr. Dunn stated that the blasts exposed a wonderful amount of mass, barrel and stamp work which would yield a big percentage of copper. The shaft is sunk to its full prospective depth, he said, and the work of cribbing it up from the bottom is well under way. With this work completed operations can be conducted with every advantage. Mr. Dunn also visited the Copper Range developments where, he says, an extensive amount of surface improvement is under way. The sawmill is being gotten in readiness, houses are being built and new roads opened up.

A very careful estimate of the number of men regularly employed by the mining industries of Houghton county places it at 12,800. The temporary employed forces would easily increase the number to 15,000, and with the railroad and government work, the building business and other occupations Houghton county is today furnishing employment to no less than 20,000 men. A fair estimate of the county's population would be from 75,000 to 80,000.

Capt. Richard Piper of the Atlantic, one of the company's oldest and most faithful employes, has tendered his resignation and with his family will leave shortly for Lower Michigan, where he will follow the pursuit of farming. The captain has been an employe of the Atlantic since 1876 and has served in his present capacity the past seventeen years.

The structural iron of the new Quincy mill is on the ground and the work of erecting the building is under way.

The new No. 3 shaft and rock house at the Arcadian is completed. The building is of steel and was erected by the Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company. It went into commission Tuesday.

The Calumet and Hecla is turning out about sixty tons of refined copper daily at its South Lake Linden smelters and about an equal amount at the Buffalo plant.

The firm of Prendergast & Clarkson has been awarded the contract to build the new Copper Range railroad depot.

### For Good Roads.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I am glad to see that the mayor and the powers that be, are beginning to look up the matter of better public thoroughfares, for we certainly need them, both for our own use and the public safety. Some of our public streets are in a condition to injure the men, kill the horses and destroy the engines and hose carts in running to a fire, caused by the uneven condition of the paving with cedar blocks.

Any one who visits cities like Minneapolis and St. Paul and walks and rides over the splendid asphalt streets—which extend for miles—and then returns to Duluth, will be heart-sick over the deplorable condition of Duluth streets. With the new year of 1900 let all the citizens lend a hand, with the new association lately formed to beautify our city. Have cycle paths built and at least keep pace with West Superior, which is aiming to make its city attractive, and cater to the stranger within its gates.

A cycle path on First street to London road, up Twelfth avenue east to Second street, thence west to the court house, north to Fifth street via Fourth avenue east to New York avenue, would enable all who have bicycles to make the boulevard with ease, making a path for resident citizens and visitors alike to enjoy. Others could be made later on.

ONE FOR GOOD ROADS.

Duluth, Sept. 9.

# THE DAKOTAS.

### South Dakota's Soldier's Fund Assured---Tramp Arrested For Revolting Crime.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Chairman Brown of the soldiers' home-coming committee, reports that approximately $25,000 of the necessary $30,000 has been raised, and this amount includes only such apportionments as have been fully arranged for, either by appropriations by county boards or by notes that have been cashed by the banks.

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Sioux Falls—A tramp named John Reed was arrested at Rowena on the charge of attempted criminal assault on the 8-year-old daughter of Mrs. Alf Anderson, a widow who resides six miles east of this city. The story connected with the crime is most revolting. Reed induced the child to enter a barn some fifty yards from the house. The child broke away and ran to her mother, telling what had taken place. As soon as the populace learned the details a crowd gathered and a lynching was imminent. Deputy Sheriff Nelson appeared on the scene and arrested the accused and got him out of the town before the mob could get well organized. He is now in the county jail and will be given a hearing in the police court. He declares his innocence.

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Miller—The hero of the hour is Sol Briner, just returned home, the only South Dakotan who was with Dewey in the battle of Manilla bay. He was on the Boston.

NORTH DAKOTA

Fargo—John Argas, a former employe of the Chicago street railway, fell from a freight train while stealing a ride and lost part of one hand besides having one arm and one leg broken in addition to a number of serious cuts. He lay seven hours alongside the track, and was conscious all the time. He was brought here to the hospital, and will die.

Grand Forks—The bicycle ordinance recently passed by the common council, to which the wheelmen were greatly opposed, is now in abeyance. No tax is now being collected and none will be until the next meeting of the council, when the matter will be reconsidered, it is thought that the tax will be placed upon everything coming under the head of a vehicle, as the supreme court has already held against legislation against a class of any description.

### CABLE FLASHES.

Admiral Dewey yesterday inspected the United States training ships Saratoga and Alliance and was loudly cheered when leaving the vessels. The Saratoga sailed yesterday for Maderia.

Telegrams from Governor Imbert to Porto Plata, Dominica, enthusiastic and brilliant receptions in honor of Gen. Jiminez at Santiago de Los Caballeros and Moca. He is announced as a candidate for the presidency. Business is rapidly recovering from the depression caused by the uprising.

Senhor Eduardo Romano, former senator for Arequipa, was yesterday inaugurated at Lima as president of the republic of Peru, for the term of four years, in succession to Senhor Nicholas Pierola. The city is quiet.

The railroad fares from Johannesburg to the South have for the refugees been reduced 50 per cent.

The members of the Dutch Transvaal commission at Amsterdam, have telegraphed to Queen Victoria imploring her in the name of humanity and God's kingdom to preserve the peace."

Messrs. Robson and Barton, both of Hampshire, have joined the cricket team of Prince Ranjisimhji at London for the American tour.

The Berlin Lokal Anzieger says that Baron Von Der Recke von Der Horst, the former Prussian minister of the interior, has been appointed governor of Westphalia. He succeeds Dr. Studt, who has succeeded him in the ministry.

M. Gaston Tissandier, the distinguished French chemist and aeronaut, died at Paris yesterday in his 56th year.

Two more deaths from the Bubonic plague were officially reported at Oporto yesterday, but no report was made of any new cases.

### SPORTING NOTES.

Frank Aldrich, of New York, deposited $50 with Bob Stockton, a prominent sporting man of Denver, to back "Mysterious" Billy Smith against Bob Fitzsimmons for $500 a side, Fitzsimmons to name time and other terms, and the light to be before the club offering the largest purse.

Emil Zeigler, formerly of Philadelphia, but now of Bath Beach, N. Y., turned what seemed to be an inevitable defeat into victory last night before the Broadway Athletic club at New York, where he met and whipped his old-time opponent Charley Burns, of Cincinnati. The men had previously fought twenty rounds to a draw. They met last night at catch weights. Burns had at least ten pounds advantage in weight and was very strong and aggressive.

The Chicago club has engaged Walter J. Curley, of the Springfield, Mass., baseball team, for a trial at second base.

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THE BRIDGE COMBINE.

New York, Sept. 9.—The first steps in the consolidation of 90 per cent of the bridge building concerns of the United States under the name of the American Bridge company are completed, the representatives of the thirty companies that have formed the combination having concluded their work here today. The new company will be financed by J. and W. Seligman & Co. The capital will be in the neighborhood of $65,000,000, of which $30,000,000 will be preferred stock and $35,000,000 common stock.

CARRIERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 9.—The Letter Carriers elected the following officers yesterday: President, John W. Parsons, New York (re-elected); vice president, Charles D. Duffy, Chicago; secretary, N. W. Cantwell, Brooklyn (re-elected); treasurer, Alex McDonald, Grand Rapids, Mich.; executive committee, John N. McElroy, Bridgeport; Al K. Young, Cincinnati; A. J. Michener, St. Louis; H. B. Seaton, Denver; William H. Moynisham, Rochester. Detroit was selected as the place for the next convention.

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POMOLOGISTS ELECT OFFICERS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 9.—At yesterday's session of the twenty-sixth biennial meeting of the American Pomological society these officers were elected: President, C. L. Watrous, Des Moines, Iowa; vice president, Thomas H. Meenan, of Philadelphia; secretary, William A. Taylor, of Washington, D. C.; treasurer, Professor L. H. Taft of the agricultural college of Michigan. Col. G. B. Brackett, pomologist to the United States department of agriculture at Washington, read a paper on "American Horticulture at Paris in 1900."

**NOTICE TO MINE CONTRACTORS**

Sealed proposals for Shaft Sinking, Drifting and Cross-Cutting at the Foley Mines, Seine River, Ont., will be received in triplicate at the office of the undersigned until 2 p. m. Oct. 15, 1899, and then opened. About 1400 feet of work is contemplated.

The highest or any proposal will not necessarily be accepted.

For specifications, form of contract and proposal and all information apply to MESSRS. LANGFORD & MORAN, Solicitors for THE CANADIAN MINES DEVELOPMENT CO., LIMITED, Rat Portage, Ontario.

Dated August 26, 1899.

*LANGFORD & MORAN,*
*SOLICITORS,*
*RAT PORTAGE, ONT.*

*SCHOOLS.*

**The Maynard School**
Duluth, Minn., 26th Ave. East. Lakeside Car.
A College Preparatory School for Girls
Certificate admits to Eastern colleges.
Equivalent courses for those not going to college
Boarding and Day Department.
Prices Reduced. Numbers Limited.
Address Laura A. Jones, Principal

**ST. MARY'S HALL** Diocesan School For Girls
FARIBAULT, MINN.
Established by Bishop Whipple in 1867. Number limited to seventy-five. Prepares for colleges. Terms $300. Fall term opens Sept 9th.
Rt. Rev. H. B. Whipple, D.D., L.L.D., Rector.
Caroline Wright Eells, A.A., Principal.
For particulars send for catalogue.

*AMUSEMENTS.*

**LYCEUM THEATER.**
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
*Saturday, Sept. 9.* Afternoon and Night.
OLIVER SCOTT'S
**Big Minstrel Carnival**
The Largest Negro Minstrel Company in the World. 40—Carefully Selected Artists—40
All the Great Comedians. All the Great Dancers. All the Great Singers. All High-Class Specialties. R. N. Thompson's Big Military Band and Concert Orchestra! Watch for the Big Parade at Noon!
PRICES:
Matinee, 25c and 50c. Night, 25c, 50c and 75c.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!
Lot Opposite Post Office. Under canvas.
ONE WEEK.
**McPHEE'S BIG COMPANY**
COMMENCING SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9.
Admission, 10 cents.

**PARLOR THEATER.**
10 Second Avenue West.
*OPEN EVERY NIGHT.*
**GAITY GIRLS!**
Broadway Burlesquers—Up-to-Date Show.
Matinee Every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

**ST. LOUIS COUNTY FAIR**
SEPT. 12. BEGINS NEXT TUESDAY. ENDS FRIDAY. SEPT. 15.
ONEOTA PARK. Street Cars Direct to the Fair Grounds.
EVERY DAY A GOOD ONE.

IMMENSE EXHIBIT
Of Agricultural Products, Forestry, Mineral and Miscellaneous Resources of St. Louis County vividly shown.
Grand showing of Live Stock.
Promenade Concerts every afternoon by Prof. Flaaten and the City Band.

Baby Show. Bicycle Races. Bread Contest.
Coop after coop of Poultry of the most royal breeding.
BASE BALL. Duluth vs. Superior.

A marvelous collection of Fruits and Flowers. Dairy Products.
Best Horse Races ever seen in Duluth. Running Races every day in which will compete ten horses coming direct from the State Fair.
LADIES' HORSE RACE. Finest ever seen in the West. Worth coming hundreds of miles to see.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.
R. S. MUNGER, Pres. D. A. PETRE, Sec. W. T. BAILEY, Treas.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The reception given Wednesday evening by Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Chapin, at their home, 1701 East First street, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander W. Hartman was a very beautiful affair and it was particularly unfortunate that it fell on an evening when the weather was so very bad. The decorations were very handsome. The hall was decorated with scarlet geraniums, the parlor, where the guests were received, in American beauties and sweet peas, the library in sunflowers and pansies and the dining room in white asters. Miss Marjorie Greenwood and Miss Grace Gilbert served the punch. Robinson's mandolin orchestra played.

* * *

Mrs. Ronald M. Hunter, of Hunter's Park, entertained on Monday afternoon for Miss Margaret Graff, whose marriage took place Wednesday evening.

* * *

Mrs. A. C. Weiss, of 1615 East Superior street, will entertain at cards on Thursday and Friday afternoons of next week.

* * *

Mrs. Levi A. Barber gave a large reception yesterday afternoon for Mrs. Ellsworth Davis, of Covington, Ky., and Mrs. Alexander W. Hartman. The house was handsomely decorated with flowers and about 150 guests were present. Mrs. Barber, Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Hartman received, and Miss Josephine Peyton, Miss Sellwood and Miss Martha Peyton assisted. In the diningroom Miss Barber and Mrs. Barber, of West Superior, assisted.

* * *

A party of young people spent Sunday and Monday at the Adams Inn at Deerwood. Those who were in the party were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
H. F. Williamson, Jr., F. R. Leslie,
Misses—
Moon, Superior.
Bradshaw, of Newell, of St. Paul.
Messrs.—
B. M. Peyton, Shepard.
Ames,

* * *

A golf party was given by Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hoopes last Monday and their guests were:

Misses—
Harvey, Sarah Craw, of
Evelyn Craw, of Grand Rapids. Grand Rapids.
Messrs.—
Warren Mendenhall, Swallow, of
W. S. McCormick, Winton.

Mrs. Julius Dorilus Howard, of 431 East Second street, has issued invitations for a card party to be given Friday afternoon Sept. 15.

* * *

Sunday evening a few young people were entertained by Mrs. George L. Cheeseborough, of East First street. The guests were:

Misses—
Alice Peyton, Chapin.
Robinson, Detroit;
Messrs.—
Telford, James Flinn, of
W. R. Peyton, Detroit.

* * *

Last Saturday afternoon a party of young people went out on the Arnetta and sailed down to Oa-at-ka beach and danced. Those in the party were:

Mrs. Bintliff, of Superior.
Misses—
Boardman, of St. Paul, St. Clair,
Barrett, of Tower, Pauline Smith,
Annie White, Frazer.
Messrs.—
D. R. McLennan, W. R. Peyton,
L. Bradley, C. P. McCormick,
Mayberry, B. M. Peyton,
Swallow, of Minton, Carson Agnew.

* * *

Miss Grace St. Clair entertained a few friends Wednesday evening at her home. The guests were:

Misses—
Marie Draper, Annie White,
Helen Spencer, Rachel St. Clair.
Messrs.—
Lee Farmer, L. Bradley,
Carson Agnew, Donnelly, Chicago,
Stuart Macdonald.

* * *

Miss Howe entertained a few friends at dinner Friday evening. Her guests were:

Misses—
Powell, of Brockville, Ont., Hearn, of Toronto.
Messrs.—
W. S. McCormick, William Cleland.
Frank Cleland,

* * *

Miss Charlotte McLaren, of East Third street, will entertain the Young Ladies' Card club next Monday afternoon.

* * *

Monday afternoon a number of young people picnicked at Lester Park. Those in the party were:

Misses—
Marie Draper, Rachel St. Clair,
LaRue Sellwood, Annie White.
Grace St. Clair,
Messrs.—
Carson Agnew, Donnelly, Chicago,
Stuart Macdonald, James McLennan.
Austin, of Chicago.

* * *

A picnic party went out on the yacht Arnetta on Labor day and spent the evening dancing at Oa-at-ka beach. The following were in the party.

Misses—
Lewis, of Superior, Mayberry, of
Howe, Cleveland, Ohio,
Hearn, of Toronto, Robinson, Detroit,
Chapin, Powell, of
Lewis, of Superior. Brockville, Ont.,
Frazer.
Messrs.—
Stocking, D. R. McLennan,
W. R. Peyton, Reichert,
Mayberry, C. P. McCormick,
McBride, Merchant,
Upham, MacRae.

* * *

Mrs. Herbert Warren gave a trolley party Friday afternoon on the private car St. Louis. Those present were:

Mesdames—
D. H. Day, C. J. Towne,
Morris, of St. Paul, Van Loo,
H. Van Dusen, H. A. Smith.
S. F. Wadhams,
Misses—
Towne, Painter, St. Paul.
Redmond, Saginaw.

* * *

A boulevard drive in honor of Miss Boardman, of St. Paul, and Miss Mayberry, of Cleveland, was given Wednesday afternoon by W. S. McCormick. Those in the party were:

Misses—
Frazer, Parker,
Chapin, Dickinson,
McLaren, Harvey.
Messrs.—
Mayberry, C. P. McCormick.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William White will give a dancing party Monday evening at Lester Park for their daughter, Miss Annie White, who will leave soon for the East to attend school.

* * *

Miss Howe, of 1421 East Superior street, entertained a few friends at dinner Sunday evening. The guests were:

Misses—
Hearn, of Toronto, Powell, of
Frazer, Brockville, Ont.
Messrs.—
C. P. McCormick, Macrae.
D. R. McLennan,

* * *

Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ronald M. Hunter, at Hunter's Park, the marriage of Miss Margaret Graff, daughter of Philip M. Graff, and William R. Spencer, took place. Dr. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church, performed the ceremony. The bride wore a gown of white batiste trimmed with Valenciennes lace. Miss Anna Graff, her sister, was her attendant, and wore a blue Swiss gown. Carroll Graff was best man. Mrs. Rufus H. Draper played the wedding march. The house was prettily decorated. Mr. and Mrs. Spencer left for the East and will be away about three weeks. They will be at home Wednesdays in November in the Adams flats.

* * *

The marriage of Rev. Frank B. Cleland, of Anaconda, Mont., son of Dr. and Mrs. T. H. Cleland, of this city, and Miss Caroline Craig, of Chicago, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Craig, will take place next Tuesday at Chicago. Dr. Craig is connected with the McCormick theological seminary.

* * *

Invitations for the marriage of Miss Florence E. Bangs, daughter of Nicholas Bangs and John P. Peterson, have been issued. The ceremony is to take place at the home of the bride's father, 1001 East Superior street on Sept. 20.

* * *

Miss Helen Rudolph, of Hunter's Park, entertained some thirty young friends Thursday afternoon and evening at her first at home. Among the entertainers of the evening were some young ladies who showed remarkable talent in recitations and music.

* * *

The Saturday club will have a meeting next Saturday and the subject will be "Music and Shakespeare." Mrs. John Loman will be the leader. The following is the program:

"Midsummer Night's Dream" ........ Mendelssohn
Miss Fiebiger, Mrs. Loman.
"Ye Spotted Snakes" ........ Mendelssohn
Mrs. Woodward, Misses Frazer, Brackinreed, Clement, Shannon, Mrs. Holcomb.
a "Who is Silvia?" ("Two Gentlemen of Verona") ........ Schubert
b "Where the Bee Sucks" ("The Tempest") ........ Dr. Arne
Miss McKay.
"Come Unto These Glittering Sands" ("The Tempest") .. Mrs. H. H. A. Beach
Mrs. Woodward, Miss Frazer, Miss Shannon, Mrs. Holcomb.
a "I Know a Bank" ("Midsummer Night's Dream") ........ Mendelssohn
b "Hark, Hark, the Lark" ("Cymbeline") ........ Mrs. H. H. A. Beach
Mrs. Woodward, Miss Frazer, Miss Shannon, Mrs. Holcomb.

Mrs. Loman will make an explanatory introduction to each member.

* * *

Duluth concert goers and all lovers of good music will undoubtedly hail with delight the announcement that on Wednesday evening, Sept. 27, Mrs. John Loman is to be heard in an organ concert to be given at the First M. E. church, to which the public will be admitted. Mrs. Loman has engaged a number of local artists, including Mrs. Marie Geist Erd, 'cellist; Mrs. John Morgan Thomas, contralto; Emily Ellis Woodward, soprano, and Miss Katherine Fiebiger, pianist. H. Burgess Jones, the Chicago baritone, will also assist, and the program promises to be one of general excellence.

* * *

One of the most remarkable and interesting visitors which Duluth has had this summer recently spent a few days in the city. More than fifty years ago Rev. S. G. Wright, with his bride, rode in their birchbark canoe along Minnesota Point, making the portage about where the ship canal now is, passing over the present harbor and by the then wild forest and unbroken rocks of Duluth-to-be, and up the St. Louis river, on their way to the Red Lake Indian reservation to teach the noble red men. The story of his forty years of labor among them is replete with interest. Rev. Mr. Wright is still a well-preserved man of 83 years, erect as an Indian warrior, brilliant in conversation.

He was entertained while here by Mr. and Mrs. William Kaiser, at "Camp Sandy Way," on Park Point. On Tuesday Mrs. Kaiser gave an "open air" noonday dinner in honor of Rev. Wright. Among the guests were Mrs. S. F. Stewart and her granddaughter Winifred, of Duluth, and Mrs. C. W. Rossiter and daughter Ruth, of Minneapolis. After a few weeks' visit among the Indians at Leech Lake, Rev. Wright expects to return to his home in Oberlin, Ohio, where "Missionary Wright" is known as the ceaselessly active man who does nothing—but good.

* * *

Before Mr. Riedelsberger leaves for his Southern tour he will give a concert at Temple Recital hall. This will occur on Tuesday evening, Sept. 19, and Guy Williams will be the pianist. Now that Mr. Riedelsberger is under a Chicago manager, he will not be heard in Duluth for a long time, and all lovers of high-class music (to the number that Temple Recital hall will accommodate) will be present as a farewell tribute to this distinguished artist. Single tickets may be obtained, but the Cecilians, who are giving the concert, would prefer that all music-lovers should take associate membership tickets, which will entitle the holder to the four grand concerts and to admission to all the informal programs and receptions of the society.

* * *

A delightful picnic luncheon was given at Lester Park last Tuesday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith, of Grand Rapids, Mich., guests of J. H. Darling, and Mrs. Root, of Madison, Wis., mother of Mrs. J. B. Richards. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
A. R. Robinson, M. J. Davis,
J. H. Darling, J. B. Richards,
C. T. Crandall, E. B. Fox,
A. P. Cook, M. Douglas.
Brown,
Mesdames—
Ford, H. G. Inman,
Turnbull, Miss May Richards.

* * *

Dr. William Richardson Bagley, of Duluth, and Miss Jessie Hunter Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Smith, of Winnebago, Ill., were married last Tuesday at that city. They will be at home in Duluth after Oct. 1 in the Bostwick flats.

* * *

Miss Hannibal and Miss Coons gave a drive over the boulevard and to Lester Park for a number of their friends last Monday.

* * *

A dancing party was given last evening at Harmonia hall at Lester Park by Zenith Council of United Commercial Travelers of America. About fifty couples were present and they were all very pleasantly entertained.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. Henricksen arrived Tuesday evening from St. Paul, where they were married. When they arrived at their home, 1818 West Superior street, they found a number of their friends and a fine banquet awaiting them. The house was handsomely decorated.

* * *

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Dresser, on Wednesday evening, a very pretty wedding took place, their daughter, Miss Mina Dresser, being joined in marriage to George Ebert. Dr. Long, of the First Methodist church, performed the ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Louise Ebert and Miss Ethel Dresser, and the best man was Elbert Dresser. Miss Irene McLachlan was the ring bearer. The bridesmaids wore white chiffon over yellow and carried yellow roses. The bride's gown was white silk dimity. The house was very prettily decorated in green and yellow and white flowers, the prevailing colors being yellow and white. The wedding took place at 8:30 o'clock. Afterward refreshments were served. In the decorations of the dining room the yellow and white colors were carried out very prettily, the table being trimmed with yellow ribbons brought from the electric chandelier to the four corners, and a centerpiece of a crystal candelabrium holding yellow candles and white flowers.

The bride and groom left for Minneapolis and points in Iowa, and will be at home about Nov. 1.

The out-of-town guests were: Mrs. B. A. Dresser and Miss Gertrude Graham, of Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. E. H. Barrett and Mrs. B. B. Christie, of Jefferson, Iowa; Miss Edith Milner, of Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. L. P. and P. N. Bissonnette, of West Superior; Misses Josie and Louise Ebert, of Charles City, Iowa.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Whist club was entertained Saturday afternoon by Miss Oro Wishart, of 928 East Second street. The prizes were won by Miss Gertrude Voss and Miss Minnie Gregory. The club at its next meeting will be entertained by Miss Ruth Lathrope. Those present were:

Misses—
Minnie Gregory, Eleanor Patridge,
Gertrude Schiller, Addie Smith,
Lillian Brown, Josie Thwing,
Alma Kruschke, Charlotte Patridge,
Helen Smith, Gertrude Voss.
Miss Butler,

* * *

Miss Elsie Seville, of Duluth Heights, entertained a few friends yesterday afternoon in honor of her guests, Miss Clara Trimball and Miss Bertha Trimball. Those present were:

Misses—
Clara Johnston, Violet Robinson,
Lucy Wood, Margaret McLennan.
Eva Metcalfe,
Grace Harwood.

* * *

A farewell party was given Wednesday evening at Kalamazoo hall for J. J. Callahan and family, who will leave soon for Butte, Mont., to make their home. About forty couples were present and spent the evening in dancing. Mr. Callahan said a few words in farewell, expressing the regret he and his family felt at leaving.

* * *

Miss Nellie Storey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Storey, of 257 East Sixth street, and William L. Clark, of Calumet, Mich., were married at the home of the bride's parents. Rev. S. P. Long performed the ceremony. Miss Lillian Clark was maid and Alex Lyle best man. Mr. and Mrs. Clark will make their home in Calumet, where the groom is a prominent young business man.

* * *

Thursday evening a pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Baker, 310½ West Fourth street. It was the marriage of Miss Laura Baker and Richard W. Luxon, two well-known and popular young people, and the ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Dr. S. P. Long in the presence of a large number of friends and relatives. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Luxon left for the Twin Cities and the West, where they will spend a three weeks' honeymoon. They will be at home at 413 West Fifth street after Oct. 1.

* * *

Miss Lulu Sawyer and George W. Burgess were quietly married last evening at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Ed Allen, 117 West First street. Many handsome presents were received by the happy couple, who will make their future home in Oconto, Wis.

* * *

The Zenda club has issued invitations for a dance to be given Tuesday evening of next week at Harmonie hall at Lester Park.

* * *

Francis Lee Chauvan will give a humorous and dramatic recital under the auspices of North Star lodge, K. of P., at Elks' hall on Tuesday evening, Sept. 19.

* * *

An evening of operatic song and story will be given by Circle No. 8 of the Episcopal church, Sept. 14, at the Spalding. Some of the best musical talent in the city will assist, and Hon. Page Morris will read the story. The ladies of the circle are: Mrs. Page Morris, Mrs. Frederic Le Gilbert, Mrs. William J. Olcott, Mrs. Albert H. Comstock, Mrs. George L. Cheesebrough, Mrs. George Herbert Jones, Mrs. John H. Dight, Mrs. Charles C. Teare, Mrs. G. Knight Nesbitt, Mrs. A. E. McManus, Mrs. Charles G. Traphagen, Mrs. Marcus B. Cullum, Miss Rockley, Mrs. William S. Bishop, Mrs. Sterling Smith, Mrs. James Geggie, Mrs. Frederic Clark, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. George Palmer, Mrs. Larke, Mrs. Close and Mrs. Brown.

* * *

Friday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. N. B. Morrison, Mrs. D. T. Adams entertained at cards to a large number of her friends at her home, 707 East First street. The rooms were beautifully arranged. Mrs. Franklin Paine and Mrs. Kennedy, of West Superior, won the prizes.

* * *

Mrs. John Panton, of 1617 East First street, gave two large card parties this week in honor of her sister, Mrs. W. S. Whistler, of Calumet, Mich. They were very handsome affairs. On Wednesday the decorations were sweet peas and nasturtiums. The dining room was decorated with ferns, smilax and nasturtiums. The parlors were decorated with sweet peas and maiden hair ferns, and there was a profusion of both. The cards were hand-painted, in the form of sweet peas, and the table markers were the same. Six-handed euchre was played and the game prize was won by Mrs. Totman, and the declare prize by Mrs. W. W. Walker.

On Thursday afternoon the decorations were sweet peas and asters. The score cards were hand-painted nasturtiums. The declare prize was won by Mrs. George D. Swift, and the game prize by Madame Church.

* * *

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. J. R. Brearley and Miss Brearley have returned from a week's outing at Deerwood.

Mrs. Frederick R. Abhe, of Soudan was in the city during the week.

Mrs. William McEwen, of Duluth Heights, is visiting in Glengarry, Ont.

Mrs. F. H. Green and Mrs. Newton Randall are spending the week at Houghton.

Miss Mayme Jester, who has been spending a short vacation with her mother, Mrs. Helen Cody Wetmore, of Bay View Heights, left on Tuesday evening to renew her work as press agent for Col. Cody's Wild West show.

Mr. and Mrs. George Laybourn, of Woodland, have been entertaining Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Brown, of Winton.

Mrs. James Maghan is visiting with relatives in Toronto.

Miss Bessie Tusch has gone to St. Cloud to attend school.

Mrs. Selma Oswald and Miss Brunhilda Oswald, of 223 East Third street, have gone to Florida, where they will spend the fall and winter.

Mrs. George H. Pruden is visiting in the East.

Mrs. M. H. Stanford left on Sunday evening for an extended Eastern trip.

Miss Amelia Luger, of Fargo, is being entertained by Mrs. George P. Stillman.

Judge Edson and family have returned from their summer's outing at Isle Royle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Smith, of 1515 East Superior street, have been entertaining Mrs. Oliver Dalrymple and the Misses Button, of St. Paul, and Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Fitch, of Ashland.

C. A. Smith and family have arrived here from Princeton, Ill., and will take up their residence here in Judge Lewis' house in the East End. Mr. Smith is the new principal of the high school.

Mrs. John H. LaVaque, of 1131 East First street, left yesterday for Minneapolis, to be present at the fiftieth wedding anniversary of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wilson, of that city. Her sister, Mrs. C. S. Doolittle, of Minneapolis, and children, who have been visiting here, also went down.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Phillips and children left this week for Ottumwa, Iowa, to visit.

Miss Newell, of St. Paul, is the guest of Miss Moon.

Miss Hawley, of Minneapolis, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. McKindley, of 1029 East First street, returned home last Saturday.

Mrs. H. G. Toomey, of Salt Lake City, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Finley Morrison, left for her home Thursday morning. Miss Charlotte Morrison accompanied her as far as St. Paul.

Miss Marguerite Sullivan left this week for a visit at her home in Grand Rapids, Mich., and in Detroit and Chicago.

Professor H. E. Whitney and daughter, Miss Mary Whitney, of Faribault, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Richardson this week.

Mrs. James K. Meakin and daughter Dorothy left Thursday for a six weeks' visit down the lakes. They will visit Detroit, Saginaw, Port Huron and other points East before returning.

Mrs. S. B. Hill left on Thursday for an extended trip East, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. J. K. Meakin.

Mrs. W. S. Whistler, of Calumet, Mich., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. John Panton, of 1617 East First street, returned home on Friday.

Miss Anna Graff, of Detroit, has been visiting friends here during the week. She was maid of honor at the Graff-Spencer wedding.

Mrs. John Walsh has been visiting in St. Paul and Minneapolis during the week.

Judge I. E. West and family are visiting in Pennsylvania.

J. H. Poteet and family have been in St. Paul during the week.

Mrs. J. M. Thomas, of 931 East Fourth street, entertained Mrs. Frederick Eggert, of Oregon, during the fore part of the week.

Mrs. J. B. Root has gone to Toronto, by way of the lakes.

L. W. Leithead has gone East on an extended vacation.

J. J. Skuse and family have returned from their summer home on Minnesota Point, and are at St. Elmo flats for the winter.

Miss Maud E. Wigdahl has returned from an extended visit with friends in the East.

Miss Mamie Humes is in St. Paul visiting the State fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander MacRae have arrived from their wedding trip.

P. M. Smith has been taking in the State fair during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Ray and Jamie Ray have arrived in Antwerp.

Mrs. J. Foley and Mrs. J. Nevins are visiting in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Dr. and Mrs. T. H. Cleland will leave Monday for Chicago to attend the wedding of their son, Rev. Frank Cleland and Miss Caroline Craig, of Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Jensen have returned from a vacation spent at Canby, Minn.

Miss Jessie Maynard and Master Russell Maynard have returned from a summer's visit with their grandmother at Westfield, Wis.

Mrs. William Leyde, of St. Paul, is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. W. Schiffman.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

Mrs. Thomas Olafson has returned home after a visit in Ashland.

Miss Florence Felt is visiting the State fair.

Mrs. J. A. Scott is visiting relatives in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. John Boyd, of St. Paul, is here visiting with Mrs. James Flack.

E. Powers, of Elgin, Ill., is here visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. B. Hartley.

Mrs. Fred Warren and family, of Fargo, are here visiting with J. D. Park and family. Mrs. Park, who has been ill in Fargo for three months past, returned here with her daughter. She is now slightly improved.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Ketchum visited the State fair the first of the week, returning home today.

Mesdames Lofgren, Gafvert and Anderson and Miss Clara Anderson, who have been camping at Fond du Lac, broke up camp Monday and returned to town. All greatly enjoyed their outing.

The Misses Jennie La Lond and May Hammill have returned home after a visit with relatives in Wisconsin.

Mrs. Charles Mandelert departed Monday for a visit of two weeks with friends in Ashland and St. Paul. Mr. Mandelert departed last evening for a stay of a couple of days at St. Paul.

Mrs. W. A. Coyle and children have gone to Trade Lake, Wis., to visit with the parents of Mrs. Coyle.

Miss Agnes Fitzgerald, who has been visiting with her sister here for two weeks past, returned to her home in Mountain Iron yesterday. She was accompanied by Miss Cellan Murphy, who will visit there for two weeks.

Miss Mercy Hawes has returned home after a visit at Houghton, Mich.

Dr. Brown received a visit within the week from his brother, Fred Brown, of Brule, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lundale, of Rock Dell, Minn., visited with West Duluth friends last week.

The members of the Westminster church and congregation gathered Wednesday evening in the home of Mr. S. A. Jamieson and family, and greatly surprised them with the present of a beautiful lounge in loving remembrance of services faithfully rendered.

Mrs. S. J. Nygren has returned from a visit to Iowa and the southern part of the state.

Mrs. Lee Baldwin and family are visiting relatives in Virginia, Minn.

Mrs. M. Jacoby has returned from Wabasha.

*The North Star fur coat fits well, looks well and wears well!

"He Laughs Best Who Laughs Last."

A hearty laugh indicates a degree of good health obtainable through pure blood. As but one person in ten has pure blood, the other nine should purify the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then they can laugh first, last and all the time, for

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

BATTENBERG, DUCHESS, POINT LACE. FINISHED WORK, MATERIALS AND PATTERNS.
FALL SUPPLY NOW ARRIVING.
MRS. FRANKLIN PAINE,
106 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

# BEAUTIFY DULUTH

## That Is the Object of Duluth Improvement Association Now Forming.

## PLAN IS ENDORSED

## Many Spoke In Favor of It at Meeting Yesterday Afternoon.

Men prominent in business and professional circles gathered in the rooms of the chamber of commerce yesterday afternoon and endorsed plans for an association, the object of which will be to make Duluth a city of surpassing artistic beauty and general attractiveness. This association may even take steps to prevent the sweeping of dirt from stores out on Superior street, which the police department seems unable to do.

All present were of the opinion that the objects of the organization, which will be known as the Duluth Improvement association, were most worthy, commendable and feasible. If the talked-of plans do not miscarry, this new organization will, in a large measure, take the place of the chamber of commerce. It is said that the lease of life of the old chamber has nearly expired, and the organizing of the Improvement association will take its place in keeping a vigilant lookout for the best interests of the city, not only in improving the general appearance of the streets, parks, alleys and sidewalks, but to keep a weather eye constantly sweeping the horizon of commercial and industrial development, and pushing Duluth to the front whenever an occasion presents itself, and if necessary create occasions.

John Panton was chosen chairman of yesterday's meeting and Frank Crassweller secretary. Mr. Panton appointed a committee consisting of Luther Mendenhall, J. A. Ferguson, R. A. Webster, C. E. Lovett and G. W. Buck to draft plans for the organization of the new association. This committee will meet next Monday afternoon in the rooms of the chamber of commerce at 4 o'clock, and the members have extended an invitation to all citizens interested in improving the city to attend the meeting.

At yesterday's meeting Thomas E. Hill, who is a candidate for the position of secretary of the new association, was called on to outline the work he proposed to do. He told of what similar organizations in other cities had done, and in which he had been interested, and he spoke of the great natural beauty of Duluth, and said that it would not take a great amount of expense to greatly improve the city. He said that it would be the duty of the association to make suggestions as to municipal improvements, and thought that there should be a central organization with branches at the West End, West Duluth and Lakeside. Mr. Hill's scheme was endorsed by Luther Mendenhall, G. G. Hartley, C. E. Lovett, R. B. Knox, J. A. Ferguson, R. A. Webster and others.

## THE NORTH WEST'S LIST.

### Big Boat Still Carrying Good Lot of Passengers.

The North West arrived last evening with a good number of passengers. Among those on board was C. H. Keep, secretary of the Lake Carriers' association, accompanied by his wife. He will go back today. The list of those who came in on the big boat is as follows:

Miss McVean, F. Swan, Paudiac; H. W. Aird, Montreal; R. H. Grant, C. H. Keep and wife, Buffalo; R. M. McPherson, A. Schifller, Detroit; Mr. Robinson, Mr. King, Mr. Judd, Mr. Schnick, Cleveland; R. I. Farrington, Mrs. Bull, Mr. Ordway, Mrs. W. S. Whitten and mother, John Farrington, Mrs. Farrington, Miss Farrington, St. Paul; Miss Huffman, Columbus; C. A. Harding, S. D. Stone, Massachusetts; D. R. Corey, E. W. and W. R. Hine, Judge Vandewater, former Governor Richards, F. M. Berger, C. E. Mammack and wife, A. W. Barber, S. S. Buckley, T. Gunther and wife, C. I. Pardin and wife, H. M. Meeker and wife, T. R. Brown and wife, New York; Rev. N. Canning, St. Catherines; Fanny L. Hudson, Fargo; Mr. Pancoast, Pittsburg; Dr. George W. Shattuck and wife, Morristown, Pa.; S. E. King and daughter, Mrs. Nash and daughter, Chicago; C. E. Byron, New York; H. Binswanger, Terre Haute, H. L. Gage and wife, Moscow, Pa.; W. C. Newall and wife, L. W. Barringer, Mrs. Daugherty, Philadelphia; A. W. Robson and wife, Baltimore; Mr. Conroy, Cincinnati; R. R. Williams, Evansville, Ind.; F. M. Hughes, Nashville; Mrs. F. S. Brockway, Pine Bluff, Ark.; Mrs. Gaylord Sexton, Faribault; John F. Herman and wife and child, Boone, Iowa; Mr. Speidel, Cincinnati; J. R. Taylor and wife, Branford, Ont.; Rex. R. I. Walsh, East Hampton, Mass.; Miss Brown, St. Clair; George W. Week, Cape Vincent; F. D. Trowbridge, New Haven; Capt. W. C. Brown and wife, St. Clair; T. P. Brown and wife, New York; W. N. Page and wife, Ansted, W. Va.

## McPhee's Big Show.

McPhee's big show will open in a tent in the rear of the Lyceum theater this evening, appearing in "The Midnight Call." A street parade was given this noon and a band concert will be given this evening before the tent.

*Clothiers who sell the North Star fur coat are satisfied with small profits.

## Suits Have Been Dismissed.

The suits for damage against P. G. Kraemer and his former partner, J. D. Allen, by the Pillsbury-Washburn and Consolidated Milling companies, to recover damages for flour alleged to have been taken from the Arthur Orr's cargo, have been dismissed in district court by stipulation of the parties. The terms of the settlement, if settlement has been made, as seems probable, could not be learned.

## Take Time By the Forelock.

Eight out of every ten mature men and women have lost or are losing more or less of their hair. The people have sought in vain for a hair restorer that is not a fake. We say without fear of successful contradiction that Globe Hair Restorative and Dandruff Cure is the only remedy in the world that will grow hair on bald heads, that will permanently prevent the hair from coming out, and positively remove and cure dandruff. Will be sent to any address prepaid for $2.00 Globe Mfg. Co., Grinnell, Iowa. Sold and guaranteed by A. Qually, Max Wirth, S. F. Boyce, S. O. Sterrett, Duluth, Minn.

## Miss Bessie Lingard,

Who is now in New York, writes she will return about Sept. 15 and will then accept orders at her parlors in the Phoenix block for ladies' costumes to be made up in the latest fall and winter styles.

## THE TWILIGHT LIMITED.

### New Train Already In Favor With Traveling Public.

The Omaha road yesterday entertained as its guests on the new "Twilight Limited" a party of Duluth and Superior newspaper and hotel men, including representatives of the four daily papers at the head of the lakes. The party went down as far as Spooner on the limited, and caught the upbound train at that point. The trip was very pleasant, and it made staunch advocates of the new service out of all of those who took it.

It was observable that while the service has been on only a short time, it has already gained a large clientage, as the trains both ways were well filled throughout. In addition to the business from and to the head of the lakes, there are excellent connections for Ashland and Eastern Wisconsin and Upper Michigan points along the road, and at each of these connecting points there were large additions to the number of passengers. Many of the passengers were using the train for the first time, and on every hand were heard expressions of pleasure and surprise. The train is one of the most comfortable that runs out of Duluth. The cars are large, handsomely fitted and supplied with springs of a quality that makes it a pleasure to ride in them. The beautiful buffet car, especially, is a delight both because of the easy manner in which it rides and the beauty of its trimmings and appointments. The buffet lunch that passengers may obtain is well-served and satisfying, the road bed is surprisingly smooth and conducive to comfort and altogether the trip is a surprise and a very pleasant one.

The new time of the Omaha between here and the Twin Cities is something that has not been offered before, and it is wonderful that it has not. There are a score of advantages in its favor that will readily suggest themselves to everyone. To many people it is the most convenient method of getting to or from the Twin Cities, and the fact that it is being well patronized though the first week of its existence is not yet run shows that travelers are recognizing it as such. Aside from its convenience, the ride is as comfortable and pleasant as one will find anywhere in this section, and the "Twilight Limited" is bound to become a prominent factor in the Twin City passenger business.

## COMPLETION DELAYED.

### Wet Weather Interferes With Work on the Dry Dock.

The Superior Shipbuilding people no longer figure on getting a boat into the new drydock this season. It looks now as if the great excavation would not be put into shape for receiving timbers until after frost sets in. The contractors will then be able to combat successfully with the walls which are so unstable during such weather as has prevailed this summer.

When the heavy rain started in Wednesday the crew at work on the excavating was necessarily taken off, and it is not likely that any effort will be made to push that portion of the work at present. The timber work is being carried on, but it is only a very small portion of the excavation that is in shape for the reception of timbers. A great deal of piling was put into the walls of the dock when Contractor Lundberg turned the excavation over to the Barnett-Record company. Nearly all of those piles are now leaning at various angles, having been forced into such positions by the caving walls. Little, if any, of the piling can be used as it is at present, but will have to be redriven.

Between the rain and northeast blow last Wednesday the water in the slip beside the old dock rose to such a height that it overflowed the side of the dock and ran in faster than the big pumps could keep it out. When three or four feet had come in the men were compelled to stop working on the steamer Penobscot, which is docked there. The water subsided yesterday so that work was resumed. There was no damage done, but a deposit of about eight inches of mud was left on the bottom of the dock. That has been cleaned out.

## Tennis Tournament Today.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon play was called in the inter-city tennis tournament at the courts of the Endion Tennis club, on East Superior street. There will be three games in singles and three in doubles. Superior is represented by a strong lot of players, as is also Duluth.

## Did Not Get the Stars.

More news was wafted from across the bay this morning, but it was to the effect that the hopes and aspirations of the Superior fans, had gone where the woodbine used to twine. The efforts of the Superior club to land certain players for the game this afternoon and tomorrow only materialized in part, and while the visitors' line-up will be much stronger than last week, Duluth has nothing to fear. The changes in the Superior's line-up will be Pease at short, Thiery at third, and Keefe and Cox and Matchett for Duluth. This afternoon's game will be called at 3:30 and tomorrow's game will be called at 3 o'clock sharp. Both games will be played here.

## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Trouble in the Eversole-French fued in Perry county, Ky., has broken out again Tuesday night at Hazard there was quite a gathering of Eversole friends on one side and Fields and Frenchs on the other. Bad feelings were followed by shooting. It soon became general and Phil McComb was killed by one of the Fields. The side that did the killing dispersed. Perry is two counties farther back in the mountains than Clay.

Mr. Quesada, the Cuban commissioner, has presented to the president telegrams received from the tobacco raising interests of Cuba, protesting against the proposal to admit Porto Rico tobacco to Cuba free of duty. It is understood that Secretary Root looks favorably upon the plan of admitting Porto Rican tobacco to Cuba as a relief measure.

Three miners, Fred Hamilton, Clarence Hardesty and Elisha Powers, lost their lives in Highland mines near here yesterday, the result of a powder explosion.

John H. Baker, of Madison, Wis., recently recommended by Senators Spooner and Quarles for a lieutenancy in the volunteers, eloped with Miss Annie Lavin of that city. The couple were married in Freeport, Ill. Both are prominent socially in Madison.

Marine hospital advices report ninety-six cases of yellow fever to yesterday. The bureau has been notified of the one new case at New Orleans.

A unique feature of next week's State fair in Milwaukee will be a race between an automobile and King Alar, who has a record of 2:22½.

One case of yellow fever having been discovered at Mississippi City, Dr. J. F. Hunter, secretary of the state board of health, last night placed the town in quarantine under Dr. J. J. Harry as state health officer. Mississippi City is a summer resort on the Gulf coast, seventy-two miles from New Orleans.

Hiler J. Giant was arraigned before Judge Norrell at Salt Lake yesterday afternoon on the charge of polygamy, to which, by his attorney, Franklin S. Richards, he pleaded guilty. The defendant waived the time for passing sentence, the court ruling that this could be done in cases of misdemeanor, when Judge Borrell ordered that he pay a fine of $100 or be imprisoned in the county jail one day for each dollar thereof unpaid. The fine was paid.

Charles Wilder, a student of dime novel heroism, and a smoker of cigarettes, shot Arlington Hughes, son of Judge Hughes, last night, inflicting a wound in the abdomen, which is pronounced mortal. Despite his wound, Hughes held Wilder until help came. Wilder is in jail. He offers no excuse for shooting other than that he wanted to know where Hughes was going.

William Pape, superintendent of parks and a factor in politics, was shot and instantly killed last night at his home in Chicago by Henry Fry, a huckster, who shortly afterward committed suicide. According to statements made to Fry, Mr. Pape had promised him a peddler's license for some political service rendered, but had withheld it.

SUGGEST PENALTY FOR RAPE.

Baltimore, Sept. 9.—The grand jury of the May term, upon being discharged today by Judge Dobler in the criminal court, made the following suggestion in its report: "The punishment of death, whether pudicially or illegally corried out, would be considered the most effective punishment for rape which could be inflicted; it having failed, however, in its results, we would suggest castration and imprisonment in all cases of conviction instead of hanging."

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Sole Agents for Fownes' "La Tosca" at $2.00, and the "Alexandrae" at $1.50.

Autumn Kid Gloves Are Here.

The "Clementina," made by Crispi & Co., of Milan, Italy, in Browns, Tans, Oxblood, White and Black. Every pair fitted and guaranteed.

Pre-eminently the very best Dollar Glove in the world.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

# BASEBALL.

## YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 5; St. Paul, 2.
Buffalo—Buffalo, 5; Milwaukee, 4.
Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 9; Kansas City, 4.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 9; Minneapolis, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Louisville, 5; Pittsburg, 3.
At Washington—Philadelphia, 4; Washington, 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 12; Cincinnati, 3.
At New York—New York, 9; Baltimore, 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Boston, 0.
At Chicago—Chicago, 5; Cleveland, 1.

## STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Indianapolis | 118 | 73 | .619 |
| Minneapolis | 123 | 75 | .610 |
| Detroit | 121 | 62 | .512 |
| Grand Rapids | 122 | 62 | .508 |
| St. Paul | 123 | 56 | .455 |
| Milwaukee | 119 | 53 | .445 |
| Buffalo | 121 | 53 | .438 |
| Kansas City | 121 | 52 | .430 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 120 | 83 | .692 |
| Philadelphia | 124 | 77 | .621 |
| Boston | 121 | 71 | .612 |
| Baltimore | 118 | 69 | .585 |
| Cincinnati | 123 | 69 | .561 |
| St. Louis | 125 | 70 | .560 |
| Chicago | 124 | 63 | .508 |
| Pittsburg | 122 | 61 | .500 |
| Louisville | 120 | 55 | .458 |
| New York | 121 | 51 | .421 |
| Washington | 120 | 42 | .350 |
| Cleveland | 128 | 19 | .148 |

## Eleven Young Men and Woman Leave the Business University to Fill Responsible, Remunerative Positions.

During the past two weeks the following Business university graduates have left the college to fill the following situations. Miss Effie Green as stenographer for Little Falls Flour mills, Little Falls, Minn.; J. C. McCarthy as bookkeeper for McCarthy Bros. & Co.; Victor Frazer as stenographer for the Ohio Coal company; Thomas P. Morrison as bookkeeper for the Appolonia Store company, Rice Lake, Wis.; Kate Thompson as stenographer for Duluth Trust company; Annie Tuttle as bookkeeper for Brownell & Co., grocers, Ely, Minn.; Ellen Peterson as stenographer for Patton & Frank, architects; Edward Palmer as bookkeeper for Booth Packing company; Herman Brown as bookkeeper for Langley & Alderson, lumbermen, Merrill, Wis.; W. H. McManus as bookkeeper for Schultz Bros.; William R. Webb as stenographer for A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

It is poor economy to use "stuff" when the best there is can be had for 25c the pound.

Baker's Premium Coffee

Baker & Co., Minneapolis, Minn., Importers and Roasters.

Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.,
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTERS.

Steam Heat. Electric Lights. Modern Conveniences.
When in Calumet Stop at—
THE ESTHER HOTEL,
C. L. THOMAS, Prop.
Sample rooms in connection.
The Finest Hotel in the City. Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts. CALUMET, MICH.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PROF. H. BROWN'S

New Discoveries for the Hair and Scalp.

Known as and entitled to the name of

JUSTICE



They are the wonder of the world, as they are proving their merits in every case and are doing more for the public at large than any preparations that have ever been known of, both in the way of destroying Dandruff, Healing the Scalp of any eruptions, stopping and preventing the hair from falling out; restoring Gray Hair to its natural color by degrees, (not a dye); nourishes all dry and brittle hair, leaving it soft with a beautiful gloss, and getting reaction on the scalp, causing a new growth. It builds up the tissue of the scalp, putting it in a condition to nourish and develope all fine, fuzzy or weak hair to uniform size, thus thickening it so as to cover all thin or bald spots. Never before has there been a preparation that has done the work that my Justice Remedies are doing. This may seem impossible to some of my readers, but I can prove all I claim. I have proven it in my own city and elsewhere. The proof is here. Call or send for circulars with testimonials from those who have been benefitted by using my Justice Remedies. A trial is all I ask to convince the most skeptical that my Justice Remedies are all right and that they are entitled to the name I gave them—JUSTICE.

Justice Dandruff Cure, per bottle..... $1.00
Justice Hair Growing Balm, per box..... $1.00
Justice Vegetable Gray Hair Tonic, per bottle..... $1.00
Justice Oil Shampoo, per bottle..... 50c
Queen Esther Cream Food for the Complexion, removes and prevents wrinkles, builds up the tissues in all hollow spots in the face—price..... 50c

Room D Torrey Building is the only place you can purchase my Justice Remedies. Call or send P. O. Money Order to

PROF. H. BROWN, Specialist in Treating the Hair, Scalp and Complexion, DULUTH, MINN.





Ignorance of the laws of hygiene is the only thing that will make a man neglect the health of his family by not having his plumbing made perfect. Good sanitary plumbing in your home, perfect drainage, and facilities for bathing properly will save your health and promote longevity. Try it. As sanitary plumbers, steam and gas fitters we are experts.

FARRELL & TURNBULL,

Telephone 322.

125 East Superior Street.


## WILL HOLD A RECEPTION.

### Bishop McGolrick to Be Given a Public Welcome.

A reception is being arranged for Bishop McGolrick upon the occasion of his return from Europe, which will be in a short time. A meeting was held at the Catholic club rooms a few days ago at which the preliminary steps were taken.

The meeting was called to order by Rev. Father Corbett. C. P. Maginnis was appointed chairman, and Frank Burrows, secretary. It was decided to hold a reception in the Lyceum. The following gentlemen, assisted by the priests of the various parishes have been appointed as a committee to see to the raising of this money, also the distribution of the tickets and invitations for the reception: Michael Kelley, Cathedral parish; Otto Hartman, German parish; Mr. Bodlock, Polish parish; Ed Dormody, West Duluth parish; Father Alfreed, West End parish; Charles Buegler, French parish.

Other committees were appointed as follows: Address of welcome, T. J. Monahan; lyceum, Michael Kelley; music, Otto Hartman and Vincent Cliff; printing tickets, Father Alfreed and Frank Burrows; program, Father Corbett.

It was also agreed that all persons present, as well as other persons they should see fit to invite were to act as a committee to meet the bishop at the train the evening of his arrival.


FOR SALE.

Houses and lots, which have been secured by foreclosure. Mortgages will sell for less than cost to them, which is about one-half of real value. Easy terms.

Many to lease—lowest rates.

Stryker, Manley & Buck,
Torrey Bldg., first floor.


## VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY.

### Unusually Rich Ore From the Swede Boy Mine.

The statement is current throughout the Seine River district that the ore being taken from one of the drifts of the Swede Boy mine is unusually rich. At this mine, also, in continuing the work of cross-cutting to the south, the discovery of a large body of good pay ore has been made. This ore body continues already for twenty feet of the cross-cut and the end is not yet.

Some time ago, in the Olive mine, which is in the same formation as the Swede Boy, a large dyke of pay ore was disclosed which is said to be seventy feet or more in width, and from this it would seem as if the Swede Boy has the same dyke. This, taken in connection with the other promising veins of the Swede Boy, should certainly make it a very valuable property.

Since the Olive and Swede Boy have been showing up so well the demand for mining property on the south shore of Little Turtle lake has been increasing at a rapid rate, and there are now numerous inquiries and a number of purchases being made in that vicinity. The indications now are that this part of the district will be a beehive of industry the coming fall and winter.

### For Sunday Observance.

For some time plans have been in progress to have a general meeting in the city this fall in the interest of Sunday observance. The matter was presented to the Ministerial association at a special meeting last Monday, and met with its approval. The meeting will be an inter-denominational affair and for the people of Duluth in general. The matter was brought before the Trades' assembly last night, and two of its members were appointed to assist in the arrangements with the committee having charge of them. The first Methodist church will be opened for the gathering that is to take place Sunday, Sept. 24 at 3 o'clock p. m.

## A COMPROMISE OFFERED.

### How the Vaccination Question Can Be Satisfactorily Settled.

To the Editor of The Herald:

If the vaccination doctors really believe that vaccination is a preventive of small-pox and if this whole movement is not simply a scheme on the part of those doctors to put money into their own pockets—now that "the appendicitis business" is "a little slack"—I have a compromise scheme to propose which I think ought to be satisfactory all around.

My proposition is this: Let those parents who are superstitious enough and silly enough to still believe in vaccination—who are not aware that the most eminent physicians both in Europe and America now denounce vaccination as no protection whatever against small-pox, but rather as a builder of—and several other equally terrible maladies—go ahead and vaccinate these children, if they will. According to the state board of health, that will protect those children from the small-pox; and when this shall have been done, those physicians need not "fret their gizzards" about the children of parents who do not believe in vaccination. If the doctors are not simply after the vaccination fees, what business is it of theirs if four-fifths or nine-tenths of the children are not vaccinated?

It is no business of theirs and it should be no concern of theirs, if their neighbors choose to trust in other sources to preserve health. A man must indeed be unduly solicitous for the welfare of his neighbors who would compel them against their strong convictions to use a measure of this sort simply because it may be satisfactory to himself. This idea savors too much of the spirit that prevailed in the past in religious matters, when bigots regarded it as their sacred duty to save the souls of their neighbors by force. Unless I very much mistake, public sentiment, the bulldozing vaccination scheme can no longer be worked in this community. R. C. MITCHELL.

Duluth, Sept. 9.


THE MERCHANT EVANGELIST,

In an Address to Men

(Boys under 18 not admitted.) Y. M. C. A. Auspices.

Pilgrim Church, Corner Lake Ave. and Second St.

Sunday, Sept. 10, at 3:30 p. m.


## Will Stump Ohio.

Hon. Charles A. Towne, who is now in Europe, will sail for home on Sept. 21 on an Allen line steamer and will arrive at Montreal. He will proceed to Lansing, Mich., for a few days' stay and after coming to Duluth will go to Ohio to take part in the campaign there, stumping the state on behalf of John R. McLean's candidacy for governor.

## Craggencroft.

Craggencroft reopens Wednesday, Sept. 13.

## Dull Special Term.

There was a dull special term of district court this morning with eleven cases. Those that were not left over for Judge Cant to hear this afternoon were either continued or decided. In the case of Angus Bruce against Laura M. Murphy et al an order was made on the motion of the defendants that the case shall be dismissed if a bond is not filed by the plaintiff by Sept. 14. In the case of the Rathborn, Hair & Ridgeway company against Wheedhan & Potter a demurrer to the complaint was sustained and the plaintiff was given twenty days in which to amend. In the case of C. P. Craig & Co. against Edward Donnelly et al judgment was ordered for the plaintiff as prayed.


*The North Star fur coat is made of prime, well-dressed skins. Examine them and you will buy.



DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

WE GUARANTEE EVERY PACKAGE OF

TO BE ABSOLUTELY PURE.


# HOT RACES ARRANGED

### String of Running Horses Coming Here For the County Fair.

## A RACE EVERY DAY

### Will Be Finest Ever Seen Here---Horses Are Coming From State Fair.

The directors of the St. Louis County Agricultural society have arranged for a series of running races at the county fair next week that will be the very best ever seen at the head of the lakes, and some most exciting races are assured for the fair. Some time ago a St. Paul man who has a fine string of runners asked the officials of the fair to arrange a series of running races, and promised that if they would put up some good purses he would bring up a string of five runners. The matter was taken up and has finally resulted in placing on the program a running race for each day. On three days the races will be one-half mile, and on one day the distance will be one mile. There are several horses at the head of the lakes that will enter these races, and they will make a good showing, too. There are two in Superior that can cover the ground in fast time, and Duluth can also scare up two or three that can give good accounts of themselves in a race. There is no race so exciting as a running race, and these races, with from six to ten entries in each, ought to draw enormous crowds to the fair every day.

The fair management has also received word that ten or more trotters and pacers will come up from the state fair ground tomorrow and will enter the races at the fair here. Some of these are among the best that were at the state fair, and they will make the races interesting and fast. There is every reason to believe that the races this year will be the very best ever seen since the society was organized.

The novelty of firemens' race which is to come off Tuesday afternoon will be the funniest thing "that ever came over the pike." Any horse that has not started in a race within a year can enter. Each owner will be allowed one man to help him harness his horse, but he must bring his animal to the front of the grand stand without any harness on. The wagon must be there also, and when the word "go" is given the two men will start and hitch up the horse and drive him once around the track. The money will be awarded according to the order in which the horses come under the wire. This kind of a race is said by all who have seen one to be productive of an enormous amount of fun.

A bicycle race is also being arranged by some of the wheelmen of the city. The Fair association has offered to provide suitable prizes. A mile race will in all probability be arranged.

With all these races arranged there can be no doubt but that this year's fair will be the very best ever held. If the weather will only be favorable it will unquestionably be a huge success.


*The East End Sunday School* of St. Paul's P. E. Church, at Car Barn, Twentieth Avenue, Sunday, at 9:15 o'clock. Note change of hour.


## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbets, undertaker, 31 East Sup.

Emperor William has been talking again; perhaps he talked through one of Kelly's Union style hats.

Of the 64 deaths reported to the health department last month, 39 were males and 25 females. There were 17 deaths between the ages of 20 and 30, and 11 under 1 year. From 1 to 5, there were 9 deaths; from 5 to 10 years, there were 2; from 10 to 20 years, 3; from 40 to 60, there were 7, and from 60 to 80, 1. There were several whose ages could not be learned.

The East End Sunday school, of St. Paul's church will meet tomorrow at 9:15 o'clock.

The Young Ladies' Card club will meet Monday afternoon with Miss Smith of No. 2 Chester Terrace.

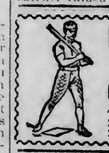
The divorce case of Mary A. Gross against Fred A. Gross was on before Judge Cant today. The evidence was all in yesterday afternoon and this morning was taken up in arguments by the attorneys, who were not through when court adjourned at noon.

Professor Collins will reopen his dancing studio at Odd Fellows' hall on Monday evening next.

Special sale of fruits tonight at Rathbun's. Lowest prices of the season.

It's a wonder that France did not get Russia into the Dreyfus affair. When you get into Kelly's pantorium and hat hospital you get your clothes cleaned clean.

Detective Donovan arrested a young man named Chris Foress over in West Superior this morning. He is accused by Louis Christinson with having stolen a satchel valued at $20.

BASE BALL

Saturday and Sunday, Sept 9 and 10.

Duluth vs. Superior.

At Duluth Base Ball Grounds.

Saturday's game called 3:30 p. m.
Sunday's game called at 3 p. m.


## Doubling the Capacity.

The contract for the foundation of Fitger & Co.'s new stock house was let this morning to Olaf Olson. The plans for this building have been made by the brewery architect, Lehle, of Chicago. The dimensions of the structure will be 50 feet on Superior street by 100 feet deep, and three stories in height, adjoining the present stock house. All masonry and iron columns will rest on strong concrete footings, and all cement used will be Portland cement. The front of the building will be laid up of blue Duluth granite, in so-called "broken ashlar" style, with heavy brownstone trimming, similar to the front of the present stock house, which has always been considered very unique and ornamental.


Health for 10 cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.



The Travelers of Hartford

Writes both life and accident policies.
W. P. MOSHER,
102 Providence building.


# TAKES IT EASY.

### Grand Jury Sits Only In the Afternoons---Some Indictments.

The grand jury adjourned from yesterday afternoon to Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, when it will again convene. The grand jury is given by law the right to sit and adjourn whenever it sees fit. This grand jury has seen fit to sit in the afternoons only. Monday afternoon the case against Malcolm Macauley will be among those that will be taken up.

Yesterday afternoon Joseph Scheidecker and Dan Dillon, both of whom had been indicted for grand larceny in the second degree, were arraigned and entered pleas of not guilty.

The grand jury yesterday afternoon returned five more indictments against men bound over from the lower courts and held pending the jury's action. Among those indicted was William Scott, who caught it for both grand larceny in the second degree and burglary in the third degree. If the charge against him is true Scott must have been fixing up for a glorious time. He is accused of breaking into 102 West Superior street, at the place kept by A. W. Anderson and stealing therefrom $11.05 in currency, a quart bottle of absinthe and a half quart of peppermint. For the breaking he is accused of burglary and for the stealing he is accused of larceny.

There are a couple of cutting scrapes among the other indictments. Frank Kalstrom was indicted for assault in the second degree, the indictment against him being to the effect that he assaulted one Charley Dahl Aug. 4 at Foley Bros. camp with a knife. Andrew Hicks and Eli Hicks were also indicted for assault in the second degree, and it is alleged that they assaulted one Joe Michle with a knife in the township of Morse May 20.

Joseph Mitchell was indicted for selling liquor without a license, the indictment alleging that he sold a pint of beer of the value of 10 cents July 20 without having gone through the formality of procuring a license to do so and paying the customary fee therefor.

Kalstrom, Mitchell and Scott were arraigned yesterday afternoon and given to this afternoon to plead. Andrew Hicks waived his right to take his time about it and pleaded not guilty then and there. Eli Hicks is out on bail and was expected down this afternoon to plead.


EXCURSION

—TO—

TWO HARBORS

Sunday, Sept. 10, on Steamers

H. R. DIXON AND HUNTER

Leaving Booth's dock at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

FARE, 50c ROUND TRIP.


## PERSONAL.

Miss Newell, of St. Paul, has been visiting with Miss Moon during the past week.

Otto Poirier has gone down to St. Paul to attend the university.

George Leech, of St. Paul, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Victor Stearns.

Miss Newell, Miss Moon, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Williamson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leslie, Murray Peyton and Clarence Shepherd spent the early part of the week at Deerwood.

Mrs. J. R. Myers had recovered from her illness resulting from the operation for appendicitis, at the hospital. After visiting for a few weeks at Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Myers, 127 London road, she will resume her journey Southward, and spend the winter in Houston, Tex.

Frank W. Higgins and O. T. Higgins, Jr., of Olean, N. Y., arrived in the city this morning and are at the Spalding. Mr. Higgins is heavily interested in iron and pine lands in this section.

B. S. Heisterman, of Victoria, B. C., accompanied by his mother and sister, are at the Spalding.

John C. Hill, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding.

Mrs. Luchus P. Ordway of St. Paul is at the Spalding.

T. F. Cole, of Ironwood, Mich., assistant superintendent of the Oliver Mining company, arrived in the city last evening and was at the Spalding.

E. A. Silberstein left this afternoon on his return to Denver, Col.

William Nettleton, of Spokane, Wash., who was one of the early settlers of this region, arrived in the city last evening for a visit. It is the first time he has been here for several years.

Mrs. G. E. Morrison and two children, of Sarnia, Ont., are at the St. Louis.

W. A. Gould, of Herbster, is at the St. Louis.

W. L. Pleas, of Ashland, is at the St. Louis today.

Martin Nelson, of Lewiston, Idaho, is in the city at the St. Louis.

T. R. Foley, of Aitkin, is at the St. Louis.

John McCarthy, of Stillwater is at the St. Louis.

Pendennis White, a Buffalo lumber buyer, who comes to Duluth frequently, is at the Spalding.

A. W. Barbery, W. A. Richards and Wills Van Devanter, of Cheyenne, Wyo., are guests at the Spalding. They are prominent citizens and politicians of Wyoming. They came in on the North West last evening and left today for the West.

### To Lovers of Fine Art.

We have pleasure to announce to the art-loving public that we have just received from Munich a large shipment of carbons, gravures and aquarelle gravures. The form of reproducing works of fine art as a means of placing before the world the chef d'oeuvres of both old and modern masters is one which has of late years attained such a degree of perfection that publishers and producers have been enable to present to the art-loving public these works with all the exactness of the original, and convey to the minds of the beholders the ideas which in former times the paintings could alone have effected. Photography, with all its developments (particularly the carbon process, by which means photographs are rendered absolutely unalterable) may safely be said to be the premier method of all, because no detail, however small, can elude the searching power of the lense. Gravure, one of the chief outcomes of photography, contains all the beauty, softness and delicate tones of the etching and mezzo tine engraving, but without the fresh conceptions frequently given by the artists in the above mentioned processes. Thus gravure may truly be said to rank in beauty with the etching and in exactness with the photograph. Lastly, we beg to call your attention to the aquarell gravure. As is the case with photogravure, it contains all the exactness and detail, but is enriched by the wealth of color originally given by the painter. This form of reproduction is admitted to be the finest of all, as it gives the true conception of the artist in all its beauty.

ENGELS & CO.,
19 Third avenue west.

### North-West Supplies.

The steamship North West cleared today with a good supply of Fitger's Pale Bohemian.


# Floan, Leveroos & Co.

WISH TO ANNOUNCE

That the time for opening the most modern Clothing House in the Northwest is now approaching. It will pay you to wait. New Goods—styles the very latest—everything up-to-date. No man, woman or child in the city of Duluth can afford to miss being present at the Formal Opening, which takes place Thursday evening, September 14. The event will be the most notable of the year. Don't miss it.

Concert by Flaaten's Orchestra from 7:30 to 10:30 P. M.

5000 Roses Will be Distributed Among Lady Callers.

# Floan, Leveroos & Co.

225 and 227 West Superior St.


# MONDAY'S MEETING

### Council May Have to Settle Ferry Matter All Over Again.

## THE PAVING REPORT

### Board May Submit Its Opinion ---Resolution Regarding Assessments.

At the meeting of the council on Monday evening a blanket resolution will be introduced to cover all compromise assessments in which the city has requested the county board to make a settlement. The resolution authorizes the city to receive the money on compromise assessments and certify to the county auditor the amount of money received under the resolution. This resolution is introduced at the instance of the members of the county board, who do not wish to assume the burden of reducing assessments within the city limits.

There is a strong probability that the Park Point ferry matter may have to be settled again. It has now been nearly two weeks since it was settled the last time and another settlement is due. City Attorney Richards holds that the city has no right to operate a ferry without a special grant of the legislature, and this may give occasion for another struggle over the canal problem.

It is not probable that the board of public works will have its report on street paving in shape to present it Monday night. In making the report the members of the board say they have a big contract on hand and the pressure of other business during the past week has prevented their giving to the street paving problem the time that it requires.

A resolution may be introduced increasing the appropriations of the health department and assessor's department to carry them out to the end of the present appropriation year. Both departments have exceeded their appropriation and it is estimated that it will require $1500 more to run the health department from now until the last of October and about $400 for the assessor's office.

The board of fire commissioners have an ordinance to compel all vehicles to pass on the right side and to carry lights at night, which may come up for its first reading. In fire department matters the council will probably authorize the placing of eight new men on the pay rolls, when the No. 4 house is reopened.

St. Croix avenue people may come before the council to have a franchise for a spur track granted. The spur primarily would be to get into the Clyde Iron works from the Omaha and St. Paul & Duluth tracks, but eventually it is aimed to have St. Croix avenue become a commission market street, and the road it is thought will be the first and most important step in this direction.

There may be quite a fight over allowing the Finnish Evangelical Lutheran church to build a little frame chapel on St. Croix avenue. This was broached at the last council meeting and the impression of the aldermen seemed to be that St. Croix avenue was not just exactly the proper place for a little unprotected frame church.

Over 200 residents west of the Point of Rocks have protested against the granting of a saloon license at 2732 West Third street, and it is probable that the license application will be turned down. A. S. Schmidt has applications for liquor licenses at 312 West Superior street, 17 First avenue west and 707 West Superior street, which will probably be acted on.

The report of the condemnation commissioners in regard to the Swan Lake cut-off will be made and the awards will not amount to over $62 within the city limits.

The regular monthly bills will be presented to the council, but will not be acted on till one week later.

# A DISCOVERY.

### City Officials Learn That Columbus Bank Has Considerable More Time.

Up to 3 o'clock this afternoon the New First National bank of Columbus, Ohio, had not accepted or rejected the $500,000 city refunding bonds. The mayor's call of E. H. Gay's bluff still stands, but through a technicality in the city's contract with the bank, the Eastern financiers have discovered a means of prolonging negotiations till Oct. 22.

Messages from E. H. Gay have been received in this city this morning, but for secrecy they have the dossier of the Dreyfus trial faded. Nobody who has read them will say what they contain. It is generally understood about the city hall today that no effort will be made by Mr. Gay to force matters for a few days. In fact it seems that under the new lease of life granted through the wording of the city's contract, Mr. Gay and the New First National bank may continue their play for time for the next two months.

The enactment under which the bond issue was made provided that the city should take advantage of it within six months after the passage of the act. The Dillon & Hubbard opinion was that the bonds should be taken up and the cash paid over to the city by Sept. 10, but in the contract forwarded the New First National bank, the city agreed to give the bank sixty days from the date of the "favorable" opinion of Dillon & Hubbard, in which to pay for the bonds. The city will live up to the contract and under this agreement the sixty days will date from the condensed and unqualified report of Dillon & Hubbard, rendered on Aug. 2.

The city officials say that they do not believe that the city would be able to hold the $5000 guarantee of the New First National bank if they would throw the bank in the air at this time and negotiate elsewhere. It is said with great emphasis that E. H. Gay will not get the bonds for a cent under the premium of $15,250 offered by the New First National bank.

This afternoon a man closely connected with the negotiations for the taking up of the bonds, said that he was positive that the New First National bank would toe the mark sooner or later, but would take its own time about it as there would be no special hurry for nearly two months.


Will Go On Your Bond!



CONTRACTORS' BONDS
ASSIGNEES' BONDS
LODGE BONDS
COURT BONDS

American Bonding & Trust Co.,

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk


## Setting of Jury Cases.

The trial of jury cases will be taken up in district court Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock. The call for the first three days of the week, including all of the civil jury cases, is as follows:

Monday—12, 31, 36, 37, 39, 44, 48, 49, 51, 52.
Tuesday—57, 62, 65, 68, 69, 70, 71, 76, 78, 79.
Wednesday—80, 89, 104, 107, 20, 81, 42.

## Basil Burwell's Lecture.

A fashionable audience was present last night at the Pilgrim Congregational church to hear Mr. Burwell's lecture "Rambles About Paris." Most of the views exhibited were taken by the lecturer during his stay in Paris. The coloring of these views is the work of the artist, Miss Hills, of Chicago. This is Mr. Burwell's new lecture for this season and it promises to be a great success.

SONS OF VETERANS.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 9.—The Sons of Veterans today elected the following officers: Commander-in-chief, Asa W. Jones, Youngstown, Ohio; senior vice commander, A. L. Solter, Des Moines, Iowa; junior vice commander, W. S. Raines, Battle Creek, Mich.; council-in-chief, George B. Abbott, Chicago; George Addington, Albany, and Rev. W. G. Hatton, Marinette, Wis. Syracuse, N. Y., was unanimously selected as the next place of meeting.

### St. Paul's Kindergarten

will reopen Monday, Sept. 11, 1508 East Superior street. Miss Alice E. Butchart.


DANCING SCHOOL!

PROF. COLLINS will re-open his studio Monday, Sept. 11th, at ODD FELLOWS' HALL. Class for adults begins Tuesday, Sept. 19th, 8 p. m.; class for Children begins Saturday, Sept. 23rd.

OFFICE HOURS, 1 TO 5 P. M.



ALFRED LeRICHEUX,

ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR.

Accounts Kept and Books Posted Periodically.

Telepeone 657. Office: 31 W. Michigan St.
DULUTH, MINN.



GET IT AT BOYCE'S.

*Family Recipes* AND *Prescriptions* SHOULD BE FILLED AT *Boyce's Drug Store.*

GET IT AT BOYCE'S.



"LIKE PULLING TEETH."



You neglect your Teeth mainly for TWO REASONS:

You are "afraid" of being hurt.
And you are "afraid" of the expense.

Do not stay away from this office because of these reasons. We can and do surprise you in both. Come before "Mr. Tooth Ache" or "Mr. Swell Face" compels you to go. We use the latest improved methods and appliances which make the extraction of teeth and all operations in filling and crown and brigde-work absolutely painless.

The dentist who tortures you in this age by the old-fashioned antiquated methods is two years behind the times and unworthy of patronage. No matter how bad your teeth may be or how great a number, we extract them absolutely without pain.

We make no charge for extracting teeth when our best rubber or metal plate is ordered.

DR. SOHIFFMAN, Dentist,
Burrows Bldg., Cor. Third Ave. W. and Superior St.
Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m.



The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL


DEFECTIVE PAGE

SECTION TWO--

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1899.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

# THE FASHIONS OF PARIS

## Laces and Boleros as Popular as Ever---Lace Garnitures a New Departure For Winter Day Wear.

## AN EXQUISITE TOILETTE

Paris, Aug. 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—A summary of all the various new and rejuvenated ideas expressed in the latest models from the great emporiums of fashion makes a certainty of two observations—namely, that the bolero, as an actual jacket, or as a simulating garniture, is as much in vogue for the coming fall and winter as it has been in seasons past, and that lace in all its most effective forms will dominate in the fashionable world to an almost inconceivable extent. Whether fashioned in compliance with the strictest tailor lines, or combined with the airy stuffs or heavy gown, the bolero jacket and lace adornments will be everywhere in evidence.

The gown of our illustration emanates from the atelier of the famous Robert, and has several novelties to recommend beside the inevitable jacket and the lace garniture. The woolen material of the skirt and jacket is the newest conception of the manufacturer, and promises to figure in many of the season's models. It is soft, yet firm, and may be called a woolen poplin from its ribbed appearance, which imitates the silk poplins. The color is a soft pastel blue, taken from the latest color card, which proves that the decree has gone forth that light neutral shades will be most in vogue for the ensuing winter. The skirt is three gored and fits faultlessly over the hips and back, and closes in the left seam of the front gore. There is a heavy satin lining of the same blue as the woolen skirt, and is cut in the same shape and joined with it in the belt, seams and hem. A pleated dust-ruffle of the satin forms the dainty finish on the inside of the hem. Heavy dark gray piece guipure is cut into two fitted bands of different widths, forming insertons which simulate a double tunic. Following the effective style so prevalent during the summer, the woolen poplin is cut away from underneath these bands, thus permitting the satin lining to show through the meshes of the lace. A narrower band of lace trims the hem of the long flaring skirt, and, like the upper insertions, is finished with a tiny ruching of pastel blue liberty silk. This ruche garniture is further carried out in five irregular lines around the skirt and along the left side.

The short bolero of blue cloth, which covers the back and chest smoothly, is bordered with the same ruche trimming, and four straight rows of the ruching extend over the chest and at the back and along the whole length of the tight poplin sleeves, which finish at the wrists with pointed cuffs. The lower bodice portion is of lace, which stretches from one under-arm seam to the other over the tight foundation of pastel blue satin. The first forms a graceful peach, which is gathered into a pointed belt of folded blue satin.

The form of this gown is particularly adaptable to tall, slender figures, and has the advantage of being equally useful for street or indoor wear, while its cost can be considerably increased or diminished, according to the various combinations of materials and colors to which it easily lends itself.

Doucet is the originator of our second model of an elegant afternoon reception or tea toilet. Ivory tinted cloth, which survives the last season and enters into the composition of some of the most stylish articles of wear for fall and winter, composes the long, supple skirt, with its soft flare and train lined with ivory silk. Gray guipure lace, in a floral design, incrustrates the flare and train and extends in a trailing vine along the side. The bodice of ivory cloth closes in the shoulder and under-arm seams, and is intersected by a half bolero, half fichu drapery of rose-colored mousseline de soie, which encircles the bodice and finishes over the bust with a soft bow held by a jeweled pin. The lower part of the bodice overlaps the fichu portion and is lined with ivory silk and edged with a fine ruching of white mousseline de soie. The very high collar, which extends into a short point over the chest, is of gray guipure over white silk, and the tight sleeves of cloth have inserted points of guipure at the shoulders and wrists, where the cloth is cut away to disclose the ivory silk lining.

A marked departure will be the extended use of lace on millinery for day wear. The use of this material has hitherto confined itself only to winter headgear for the dressed occasions, but will now be converted into a number of fanciful draperies and trimmings to decorate the most stylish hats for all uses.

FELIX FOURNERY.



Designed by Doucet of Paris.



Modern Toilette, designed by Robert of Paris.

(ROBERT-PARIS.)

Copyright, 1899, by S. M. Baldwin.

## AUTUMN COATS HERE.

### Puzzling Variety, With No Style For General Use.

The chief aim of every woman just now is to select that very ably designed and perfectly appointed wrap that will do her credit through the autumn season, says the New York Sun. There is encouragement for well-directed efforts and zest in cloak or jacket choosing, since the only thing distinctly new under the sun of fashion is the fur or Melton outergarment. Gowns and hats have rather fallen into a rut, and, save for their colors and trimmings, they show so far not one unfamiliar feature, but the wraps are almost limitless in their varieties, though for this charm there is a counter-charm. No all-around appropriate-for-every-occasion sure-to-be-invariably-serviceable jacket has yet appeared, and the coat that is faultless for street wear is a painful anachronism in a drawing room, appears frivolous at church and won't really stand a snowy day. On the other hand, a pretty calling wrap is far too gay for walking and not at all the thing for driving, and thus, while a woman smiles one moment to see how various and attractive the coats are, she weeps the next at the reminder that it will take no less than five separate and showy "coatees," as they are named, fastened double-breasted in front, with four very choice medium-sized buttons, and the white, satin-faced, lace-encrusted revers, open to show in a deep front V all the splendors of the elaborate dress waist. It is regarded as no perversion of taste to ornament the calling coats' revers not only with facing of satin, but to lay over this silk net embroidered in colored silk and strewn with pearls. From abroad they are sending us scraps of very exquisite brocade to use in revers facing, and three-cornered pieces of Bruges and Brabant lace to lay on the satin lapels. As a rule, dressmakers are the authors of these purely costume coats, for they do not require a tailor finish, and extravagant women will even go so far as to have the richest old lace hand ruchings cut up to supply effective revers coverings.



Hat of black velvet, with garniture of white lilies and foliage. The turned-up brim is filled out with a black satin bow. A scarf of black silk gauze is fastened at the back and ties in a bow under the chin. Model by Marguerite Seligman.

Of short morning coats let commendation be most freely given to the gray, black and brown pilot cloth, diagonal and chinchilla jackets that have no darts in them, button with a fly front and have shadow hoods hung from their shoulders. It seems a trait of all the rough and ready wraps that they possess genuinely ample pockets, and that these are applied to the skirts outside, topped with flaps, and in some cases the flaps are buttoned down. A flock of coats and capes have come forth recently to exploit the charms of light applique on a dark surface, which is such a feature in dressmaking this year. The dressmakers on this side of the water, aspiring to imitate their sisters in Paris, are making up wonderful wraps in dark Vienna or Velentian cloth to which a bold pattern in saddle-yellow lady's cloth or satin is stitched, and in the bottom and midway of sleeve, else a bracelet effect in embroidery is done there, or a fanciful pattern in stitchery, and on some of the most sumptuous costumes a lace or embroidered encrustation clasps the arm at the elbow and sends out sprays along the outside of the arm to communicate with cuff and shoulder and hide the seam. In relation to sleeves it is necessary to report that women will begin again this fall to put frills of lace inside their knuckle-long cuffs, but that this will only be done on the gown that is meant to play a very ceremonious part.



Automobile gown, by Henri Petit. White cloth, with strappings of white cloth.

For two winter seasons the most stately costume procurable was a velvet of a dark shade embellished with sable. At the receptions to come damasked silk will be queen, and lace, very naturally, will serve as chief aid in the splendor of shaping of some of these capes and coats the designers are positively intrepid. A cape in three leaves of shamrock-green broadcloth has been sent to a well-dressed woman in her country house from a New York modiste. The three leaves clasp the body close and are lined with pale green satin, while round the borders of the cape runs an ornamental pattern cut from heavy green silk, stitched down. Dark green cords over flat green enamelled buttons fasten the showy and not wholly unlovely wrap.

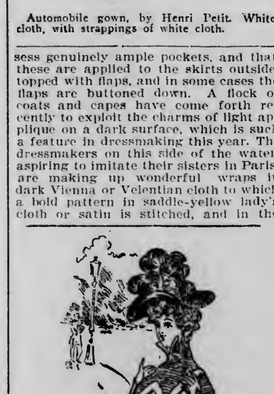
Far more classic in style are the long brown kersey ulsters that later, when November comes, will be so pre-eminently fashionable. The skillful tailor turns them out in some agreeable tone of brown, stitches them elaborately, gives them Raglan shoulders and linese them with lobster red satin. Brown pearl buttons, exactly six in number, is what this cloak receipt calls for, and if it is a cloak to be used for "moting,"



Gown of cream-colored guipure, over mauve mousseline de soie, with corsage and sleeves of purple satin. Ecru straw hat, trimmed with mauve tulle and purple pansies. Model by Doucet



Automobile gown, by Henri Petit. White cloth, with strappings of white cloth.



Street costume of pale-blue and white stripe cloth, with overdress of blue cloth bordered with bias white satin. Model by Fred.

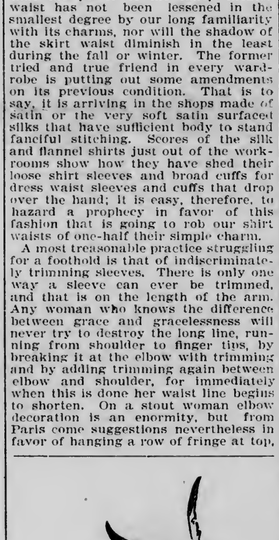


A renaissance toque, by Henri a la Pensee. Embroidered and spangled black velvet forms this characteristic toque, which is worn well to one side, and is decorated with two soft feathers held by a jeweled buckle.

or, in other words, worn when driving an open motor trap, it must have deep rolled cuffs and collar.

As time goes on it is made manifest that the power of the fancy theater waist has not been lessened in the smallest degree by our long familiarity with its charms, nor will the shadow of the skirt waist diminish in the least during the fall or winter. The former tried and true friend in every wardrobe is putting out some amendments on its previous condition. That is to say, it is arriving in the shops made of satin or the very soft satin surfaced silks that have sufficient body to stand fanciful stitching. Scores of the silk and flannel shirts just out of the workrooms show how they have shed their loose shirt sleeves and broad cuffs for dress waist sleeves and cuffs that drop over the hand; it is easy, therefore, to hazard a prophecy in favor of this fashion that is going to rob our shirt waists of one-half their simple charm.

A most treasonable practice struggling for a foothold is that of indiscriminately trimming sleeves. There is only one way a sleeve can ever be trimmed, and that is on the length of the arm. Any woman who knows the difference between grace and gracelessness will never try to destroy the long line, running from shoulder to finger tips, by breaking it at the elbow with trimming and by adding trimming again between elbow and shoulder, for immediately when this is done her waist line begins to shorten. On a stout woman elbow decoration is an enormity, but from Paris come suggestions nevertheless in favor of hanging a row of fringe at top,



Gown of cream-colored guipure, over mauve mousseline de soie, with corsage and sleeves of purple satin. Ecru straw hat, trimmed with mauve tulle and purple pansies. Model by Doucet



A renaissance toque, by Henri a la Pensee. Embroidered and spangled black velvet forms this characteristic toque, which is worn well to one side, and is decorated with two soft feathers held by a jeweled buckle.



The latest by Felix. Fall coat of black cloth, with incrustations of white guipure and trimming of white stitching. This coat was worn by Mme. Rejane at the fetes at Aix le Bains.

the compilation. It is a trifling detail, but worth mentioning, that with her fine damasked satin gown the modish woman will wear one jeweled or miniature set bracelet clasped on her left wrist ontside her sleeve. The jewel or miniature for such a bracelet turns on the gold circlet by a pivot, and its under side is a small watch, for this is supposed to be the politely inconspicuous method of keeping in touch with time.

Another aristocratic adjunct of the perfect autumn toilet that comes to us from over seas is the black or dark blue silk umbrella with an architectural handle. The shaft of the handle is ivory or an expensive wood, smooth or fluted and carved at the top in a most perfect miniature of an Ionic, Doric or Corinthian capital. This is very chaste and decorative, as it should be, but the possibilities of vulgarizing the design is clearly shown by some immensely costly column handles wrought of silved and gold or gunmetal, and thickly spangled with real jewels. These will only appear beautiful and desirable until they are copied in mock gems and plated metal.

Early as it is, women are busy selecting their fur collarettes and muffs or taking notes and getting expert advice from various sources on this point. When, with a smooth-surfaced coat, you propose to use a neck piece and hand warmer, only cinnamon or cub bear are the proper skins to select from. It is almost impossible to have the collar built too high, and some of the pretty shapes completed, merely as models for future copy, show the lofty collars cut in two acute points behind, or scalloped all around the upstanding edge. Below this protecting hedge about the neck flows out on the shoulders not a series of tails, but fur tassels. These are balls of the deep, soft hair, big as oranges, and tacked loosely but so close together upon a cape of some short haired cheaper fur or velvet that the basis is obscured and a comfortable ruff of fluffy balls seems to hang airily about the shoulders. There are women, it appears, with skins so delicate that the fur of the baby bear even irritates their sensitive cheeks and ears when used as lining for the high collars. In consequence we have tall collars lined with the softest and most expensive Persian cut fur, and it will by no means be unfashionable later to wear with your cloth coat a high detachable cloth collar lined with what is called blue Persian, and in front the collar extends over the chest in a couple of broad fur-faced revers known as chest protectors.

It is not of the smallest modish moment whether you select a large or small muff, a round barrel-shaped cylinder of fur or one of the convenient reticule forms, because they are all equally esteemed as adjuncts to dress and comfort, and will be worn on smart chains made of 2-inch lengths of dark velvet cord linked together with small hooks of gold or silver.

## RAAD CONCILIATORY.

### Passes Resolutions Evincing a Desire For Peaceable Settlement.

Pretoria, Sept. 9.—In the first raad debate was resumed on the interpellation of the government respecting the concentration of British troops on the border and the stoppage of ammunition consigned to the Transvaal. The house adjourned shortly before noon, after adopting unanimously the following resolution:

"The Volksraad, having considered that friendly correspondence is still passing between the two governments; that the concentration of troops in great numbers near the border has a detrimental and restless effect upon the inhabitants of the state, and that the Transvaal has lived in friendship and peace with all nations, and desires to continue to live in such friendship and peace, now declares its regard at the fact of concentration, and expresses the opinion that in the case of eventualities which might lead to enmity or war between the two governments the cause would not lie with the republic.

"As regards the stoppage of ammunition at Delaga bay, the Volksraad trusts the government will act according to circumstances.

"The raad decided further to drop the matter of concentration of troops on the border for the present, until the government shall furnish further information to the raad, although the information obtained is unsatisfactory. Nevertheless, and with a view to the results of the negotiations which are pending, the raad declares itself in the meantime to maintain the rights and importance of the republic."

### IDENTIFIED WRONG ONE.

Racine, Wis., Sept. 9.—A sensational suicide is the absorbing topic here. An unknown woman committed suicide in East Park Thursday night. Today a man by the name of Helling identified the body as that of his daughter Amelia. So sure was he as to the identity that he made preparations for the funeral of the girl. Just as the details were completed Mr. Helling's daughter made her appearance. As several of Helling's acquaintances agreed with him as to the suicide's identity a great sensation resulted. The police are now endeavoring to establish the true identity of the victim.

# REVIEW OF BUSINESS

## Summary of the Trade of the Week By Bradstreet and Dun.

## INTEREST IS ACTIVE

### Iron and Steel Situation Shows an Upward Direction to Prices.

New York, Sept. 9.—Bradstreet's today says: Strength of staple articles, activity in fall demand, large railroad earnings, reports of heavy lake traffic and of activity in leading industries are the features, none of them necessarily new, but still presenting themselves in the trade situation this week.

Expansion in fall demand is, perhaps, most notable at the leading Western and Northwestern markets, but advices from Eastern markets furnish evidence that active interest is also manifested at these centers. The price situation is one of notable strength, the events of the week, in fact, having been to accentuate in many cases the advances shown during August. Cereals are generally higher and trading has been within rather narrow limits, the advance in wheat having been mainly due to short covering induced by more bullish foreign cables and increased export demand. The hot weather in the West is responsible for a further shading in exuberant estimates of the corn crop and for the slight strengthening in prices shown therein.

The only changes in the iron and steel situation are in an upward direction as to prices. Complants of behind-hand supplies and scarcity of material are still made. Work has in many instances, notably in shipbuilding, been delayed by backward deliveries of steel. Some improvement in the position of anthracite coal is reported, and prices obtained at the East are reported to be nearer the scale, while recent advances at the West are maintained. The production for August was fully 12 per cent larger than in the same month a year ago. Good demand has evidently had the effect of strengthening raw wool prices, which are firm as a whole and slightly higher for the finer grades. Crop damage reports have been again the important feature in cotton this week and prices are higher as a result; in fact, very heavy receipts at most Southern ports, claimed to be due, however, to premature ripening in some cases. Further strength is to be noted in dairy productions this week. Early dry weather conditions still affect better prices, while good foreign and home demand has strengthened quotations of cheese.

A conspicuous exception to the strength displayed by most staples, however, is found in coffee, which this week reached the lowest price ever recorded, thus reflecting enormous stocks of Brazilian grades and a possible heavy crop the current season.

Business failures for the week number only 123, against 131 last week, 142 in this week a year ago, 173 in 1897, 398 in 1896 and 213 in 1895.

Business failures in the Dominion of Canada for the week number 21, against 25 last week, 17 in this week a year ago, 32 in 1897, 41 in 1896 and 22 in 1895.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says:

The sky is still cloudless and no disquieting change has come during the week. The marketing of domestic products, both farm and manufactured, continues surprisingly large for the season. Failures are few, strikes scarce and readily settled, and the passage of Sept. 1 without pressure means reasonable safety for months ahead. Cotton has risen 3-16 since the annual reports, regardless of these and owing to bad accounts from Texas. The crop of 1898, according to the Financial Chronicle, was 11,235,383 bales, against 11,180,969 in 1897. Southern consumption 1,400,025 bales and Northern spinners taking 2,247,072, and stocks on hand at the end of the crop year 392,280 bales, with 3,600,360 bales visible and invisible carried over in all countries. These figures fully support estimates that a smaller crop than is possible this year will suffice. The market for goods is remarkably strong this week and previous prices are fully sustained.

After a sharp decline, wheat has risen ¼ cent this week, with Atlantic exports 2,900,966 bushels, flour included, against 2,325,000 last year, and Pacific exports 364,255, against 163,192 last year. Corn has also taken a start upward, rising ¾ cent, with exports of 3,051,569 bushels, against 2,431,085 last year. So great a demand for both grains deserves notice, but Southwestern receipts, 5,945,967 bushels wheat, against 6,774,611 last year, and of corn 5,923,437, against 4,208,352 last year. There is no hesitancy in selling or shipping.

Constant addition to the number of furnaces producing does not check the advance which has made Bessemer pig sell for $23 at Pittsburg, gray forge for $19.75 there, anthracite No. 1 for $23.50 at Philadelphia, and local coke for $21.50 at Chicago. With the whole output of its furnaces sold ahead for the year, the valley association demands $23.65 at Pittsburg on future contracts, and Chicago is selling mainly for delivery next year. Finished products are advanced in some cases $5 per ton at a time without checking the demand, as for sheets at Pittsburg, with plates advanced $2 and wire nails $3 per ton.

Tin is strong at 32⅝ cents for spot, with 1255 tons decrease in all visible supply. Lake copper is steady at 18½ cents, with buying for electrical use and lead is quiet at $4.60.

Preparations for other woolen combinations affect the market for goods somewhat, which is nevertheless strong, although some irregularities have developed in worsteds. The wool market is much less active than of late. Quotations for the week are unchanged, but holders are confidently looking for a large advance to result from the London sales.

### NEWPORT SAILS FOR HOME.

Washington, Sept. 9.—A cable dispatch has been received from Gen. Otis which says: Newport sailed yesterday, nine officers, sixty-six enlisted men, 463 discharged men, ten civilians; part of enlisted men belonged to volunteer signal corps. Remainder sick.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# OVERLAND DOC'S NERVE

## The Exciting Career of a Gritty Man Who Is Reported to Be Missing on a Klondike Trail.

## STORIES OF HIS DARING

Washington, Sept. 9.—"I noticed the other day, in a Seattle newspaper, the name of Overland Doc Hughes as among the missing men who sarted over that vicious Edmonton trail for the Klondike last spring," said an inspector of Indian agencies who dropped into Washington last week. "If Hughes has succumbed to the frost and the scurvy, I'll bet a poncho he gave them both a run for their auburn chip. When I knew him, back in the early '80s, and later when the Creede excitement was putting the hectic flush into the cheeks of all the old timers, he was so dauntless that I used to think it would take nothing short of a bolt of lightning to get the breath out of him. Hughes wasn't afraid of anybody. He 'stuck up' some good men in his day, at the point of his old sawed-off irons—not in the way of depriving them of their dust, or anything like that, but just because he wanted to indicate that he was right on hand, right there, and in the game.

"Hughes must be along towards 50 years of age if he's alive now. He began nosing around in Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico and Arizona for pay rock when he was a young fellow, and he struck it right three times. But he always sold out before developing, just because he needed the money, and then he had to sit around, without a white chip on his person, and watch the fellows who had bought his claims for a few thousands take hundreds of thousands out of the ground. He never made any kick about the financial end of it, though.

"All the fun I get out of it is in finding it, anyhow," he used to say, with the true spirit of the quartz chaser.

"Hughes was a pretty bad man. He had a lot of notches on his gun stock before I ever met him, and lots of things happened to him after I knew him. His nickname, 'Overland Doc,' sounds as if he had been a sawbones. He wasn't. The name was fastened to him because one time when he was shot twice in the shoulder by a prospecting partner of his, down in New Mexico, he straddled his cayuse and rode eighty-five miles between sunset and sunrise to get medical attention at the nearest settlement. He was in a daze from loss of blood when the cayuse stumbled into the settlement, and then rolled over dead—incidentally rolling on Hughes some—and after that the boys dubbed him 'Overland Doc.'

"He did one of the nerviest jobs of his life in Durango, Colo., in '85. He had a brother living there, a young fellow in his 20s. Hughes looked upon his brother as a good deal of a dude, and didn't have much commerce with him. One day 'Overland Doc' got a letter from this young brother of his, saying he had been abused in Frank Bratton's brace faro bank in Durango. The young man stated in his letter that he'd gone up against Bratton's game, and that after the phony bank had got all of his gilt, some $700, Bratton and his bunch had dropped him out of a second story window and broken his leg.

"Hughes was in Leadville when he got this letter, but he made a bee line for Durango ten minutes after he got it. Now, this Frank Bratton man was a pretty evil gezebu for anybody to play tag with. He'd been running a brace game all over the Southwest and the Rocky country for years, and he'd never been known to blanch when the toughest and hottest of his victims had started in to puncture the fixtures after dropping their money. He'd always stayed right along until the shooting was over, and then, if any trouble over dead people loomed up in front of him, he'd just fold up his layout and move on to the next stand. He was a gun-fanner, a knife fighter, and a Hercules all in one, and up to the time of the incident I'm going to tell you about he'd never been called.

"Bratton ran four tables at his Durango outfit, and he'd picked everyone of the four lookouts for their quickness on the trigger and their shrewdness in sizing up in advance the fellows who looked like they were going to shoot. Hughes knew Bratton, and he knew all about those four sulen guys who sat in the lookouts' chairs, too. All the same, at 10 o'clock on the night after he'd gotten that letter from his younger brother, he turned up at the entrance to Bratton's layout. He hadn't been to see his broken-legged brother at all. He just wanted to see Bratton. There was a greaser on the door and this greaser tried to tell Hughes that he couldn't get in—for Bratton, fancying that Hughes, the elder, might be along, had so instructed his doorman. Hughes gave the greaser a slap in the face and then the foot, tripping him, and the next instant he was inside the layout, waving both of his chopped-off forty-fives from side to side, so as to not only cover Bratton, who sat at a desk, and the four lookouts, but the whole bunch of fellows who sat playing at the four tables.

"Now, it would have been the simplest thing in life for any one of these four lookouts to have poked his hand into the drawer of the dealer nearest him and to have got the ready-to-hand gun out for action. It would have been taking a chance, of course, for 'Overland Doc' was known to be the limited mail when it came to getting next to quick moves of this kind, but if it had been done Bratton and the rest of 'em would have been spared some humiliation. Not a man of 'em made a move, except that the players screwed their heads around to see what was going to happen.

"'Bratton,' said Hughes to the boss of the plant, who sat at his desk like a carved man, 'come over here to me—runnin'.'

"Bratton got up from the desk in a hurry and walked over close to Hughes at a pretty nifty pace.

"'That's near enough,' said Hughes, still fanning those two sawed-offs so as to keep the lookouts in order. 'What's this I hear about your puttin' it on that dude brother o' mine?'

"'He lost his coin and made a holler,' said Bratton, with a vicious look out of his eyes. 'Then he was dropped out of a window.'

"'Who done the droppin'?' inquired Hughes, not looking at Bratton, but watching every move of the lookouts with reputations for sudden plays.

"Bratton hesitated until Hughes' bloodshot, fire-spitting eyes pinned him for a second.

"'I did,' he replied then.

"'That's what I figured,' said Hughes, quietly. Then, in a voice that could be heard a block, he gave the command:

"'All hands shasy to the corner over there,' indicating with a nod of his head the corner of the room where there was the most space. The men in front of and behind these tables knew that 'Overland Doc's' guns weren't at half cock, and that it was a whole lot too much of a lottery as to who'd get it first if he wasn't obeyed instantly. They rose as one man, dealers, look-outs and players and glided to the corner of the room indicated by Hughes with the bloodshot, dead-angry eyes.

"'You can stay where you stand,' Hughes said to Bratton, who turned as if to join the crowd over in the corner.

"It would have been so perfectly easy for one of the group of look-outs and dealers over in that corner to have plugged Hughes where he stood, waving his guns, that it seems peculiar none of 'em tried it. I suppose it was because they all knew that in the shooting Hughes 'ud be bound to do, even as he went down, each had a chance to get some of the lead.

"'Bratton,' said Hughes, never taking his eye off the crowd in the corner, 'you'er more different kinds and colors of skunk, tin-horn and counterfeit than I've got hairs on the back of my hand, ain't you?'

"'Yes,' replied Bratton swallowing a gulp. A man who looks into a waving, flickering gun muzzle will agree to any old proposition.

"'And you don't want to do no more brace work in this camp, do you?' inquired Hughes, who was a madman just then, if he did talk quietly.

"'No,' answered Bratton.

"'Well,' said 'Oveland Doc,' 'that bein' the case, you can just pick up them four tables, one by one, and chuck 'em out o' that window that you dropped my kid brother from.'

"'Damn you, Hughes,' said Bratton, clenching his hands at his sides, 'are you bug-house, or what's the matter with you?'

"'On the lope, and no more chaw,' said Hughes. 'I'll give you five seconds to poke the first one out.'

"Bratton wheeled, with an imprecation, and picked up the faro table nearest the window. It landed on the plank sidewalk with a crash. Gold and silver and paper money, chips and cards and box went with it.

"'The next one,' said Hughes, who stood there, quietly waving his guns to and fro, as if he wasn't in instant danger of death at the hands of one of the men, or all of them, in the corner.

"Batten threw the next nearest table out, with all on top of it. Then he threw the third and fourth tables out, for Hughes had him impaled with his eye.

"'Now,' said Hughes, after Bratton had chucked the last table of his layout out of the window, and stood regarding Hughes for all the world like a grizzly with a whole fore-quarter in a trap, 'you follow your outfit.'

"Hughes was three inches shorter in stature, and weighed fully forty pounds less than Bratton, who was a giant. But he jabbed his guns into his belt, the bunch in the corner making never a move, and in two leaps he had Bratton around the waist. Bratton, before being grabbed that way, had made a dive for his desk to get a gun, but he wasn't sudden enough. Hughes lifted him clear of the ground, like a grocery boy lifts a ten-pounder paper bag of flour, and Bratton followed his outfit. He landed on his feet, but his left leg was broken just below the knee. That was the exact place where Hughes' kid brother's leg had been broken when Bratton threw him out of the same window.

"Hughes got his guns out the instant he threw Bratton out of the window, and covered the bunch in the corner again.

"'I ain't got nothin' agin the boys that's been stackin' up agin this game,' he remarked, resuming his gun- fanning move, 'except that they'd be a hell of a sight better off if they'd play bean-bag, or somethin' like that, instid o' tryin' t' whop a two-at-clip bank game. But I'm sorry t' have bin compelled to 'stick up' all hands in order t' make this little play, which is all on account of a dude brother o' mine that got the worst of it at this konkatonk lately. But if any o' you'——

"Bang! went the report of a gun. The report came from the door. Bratton, with his broken leg, had crawled up the stairs, and with a gun the greaser doorman had handed him had tried for 'Overland Doc's lid. He wen wide a couple of inches and the next time Bratton's trigger came down there was nothing but a snap. It was a defective cartridge. Hughes killed him where he lay, never a move being made by a man in the bunch rounded up in the corner, and then he backed out over Bratton's body. That was the close of that incident.

"A couple of years later 'Overland Doc' had some trouble with Lem Hawley, the proprietor of the 'Gilt Edge' honkatonk in La Junta. The two men had got into an argument in the saloon, and it had wound up by Hughes backing out of the door with his hands up, Hawley having the drop on him. Hawley didn't shoot because his gun wasn't loaded--he had been cleaning it, and had forgotten to replace the cartridges. He'd have killed Hughes otherwise.

"That same night Hughes sent word to Hawley that he was going to shoot him up some on the following day. Hawley wasn't a man to take to the cliffs or cactus, having a few notches himself, and he walked around the next afternoon heeled like a battery of light artillery. Hughes bulged him by truning a corner suddenly as Hawley paraded down the main street, and Hawley's hands went up, for a change. Hughes had two guns covering him, and Hawley wasn't any fool.

"'This,' said Hughes, 'is where I get a fair break for my money. Now, you like me so much that I want you t' show your appreciation o' me, as it were, by walkin' around town linked arms with me for awhile.'

"It was up to Hawley to comply. Hughes jabbed his guns back into his belt, and then he clutched Hawley's arm and passed it through his right. The disadvantages of this arangement accrued to Hughes. It left Hawley's right gun-arm free while, in case of argument, Hughes 'ud have had to use his left gun. But 'Oveland Doc' wasn't selfish.

"The population of La Junta was amazed to see 'Overland Doc' Hughes and Lem Hawley, who had had a quarrel that meant the death of one or both of them the night before, walking arm-in-arm up and down the main street of the town. It looked like a perambulating love-feast between the two of 'em. But they were watching each other like cats. At the end of the street Hughes, still with his right arm linked to Hawley's left, stopped suddenly and said:

"'Lem, I ain't much on th' blow about any suddenness that I may possess, but I want t' give you a chance. You thrung it into me las' night in a way that's eat up so much of the air around here that there's not enough f'r both of us t' breathe. I'm a-going to count three, and when I say three it's a break-away and a finish. You've got a loose right arm, but I ain't no hog. One—two—three!'

"The event proved Hughes the quicker man and the better marksman. He got Hawley through the heart, whereas Hawley's ball lodged in Hughes right wrist. Hughes had to suffer his right hand to be cut off that same night.

"The last time I saw Hughes was about seven years ago, in Creede. He was sitting on the edge of a bunk in his own cabin, close to a claim he was working. I hadn't seen him since he'd lost his hand.

"'Doc,' said I, 'it's too bad you should have lost that right hand. If the fellow that plugged you had only gotten the left hand, now, why'——

"'Oh, I don't know,' said Hughes, philosophically. 'If I'd ha' lost my left I wouldn't have been able to play the fiddle no more.'

"He reached under his bunk and brought forth an old violin. Then he rigged up an attachment that he had for holding the bow to his right stump, and he played the instrument for me for half an hour or so.

"'I couldn't ha' fingered if I'd lost my left, y' see,' he explained, simply, when he put the old fiddle away."


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## NO BEAUTIFUL FIGURES.

### None Are to Be Found Among European Queens.

Queen Victoria is the shortest adult sovereign in the world. Her majesty is only 4 feet 11 inches high, and tips the beam at 171 pounds. Her bust and hips measure 41 inches and 50 inches respectively, while her waist is 35 inches, says a writer in London M. A. P.

The tallest queen in Europe is the young Wilhelmina of Holland. She is only 19 years old, but her height is no less than 5 feet 5½ inches. She is lightly built, with a weight of only 130 pounds, but has the bust measurement of a Juno—42 inches. Her waist measurement only 21½ inches, and her hips 40 inches. Her majesty of Holland is, in other words, so ill advised as to lace herself most cruelly. The young sovereign's measurement, despite her youth, is surpassed by that of none of the queens, except Margherita of Italy and Queen Victoria.

The heaviest queen of Europe is Margherita of Italy, "the Pearl of Savoy." She turns the scales at 176 pounds, but her height, 5 feet 5 inches, enables her to "carry off" her stoutness and to preserve the carriage of a fine woman. Her waist measurement of 28 inches and her bust measurement of 40 inches show that, despite her advanced years, she still retains a queenly figure. Her hips measure 48 inches. Her noble profile still gives evidence of the beauty which she possessed as a girl.

A shade taller than Margherita is the more willowy queen regent of Spain. She is 5 feet 5 2-5 inches in height, with a weight of 147 pounds. Her bust and hips measure 36 inches and 40 inches respectively, and her waist is about 21 inches.

One of the most superb figures among European royalties is that of Nataile, the romantic queen of Servia. She is 5 feet 4¾ inches high, with a bust measure of 38 inches and a waist measure of 22 inches. Her hips are 40 inches round, and she weighs 130 pounds.

Queen Sophia of Sweden and Queen Marie Henrietta of Belgium are each five feet four inches in height, and their bust measure is 36 inches. Queen Sophia weighs 104 pounds and Queen Marie three pounds more. The Swedish queen possesses on the whole, however, the more stylish, if less natural figure, with a waist measure of 21 inches, and a hip measure of 38 inches, while the queen of the Belgians measures 27 inches around the waist and 40 inches round the hips.

The queen of Portugal and the czarina of Russia are closely paired in the matter of size. Queen Amelia is older and has a fuller and more matronly figure. She had a bust measure of 35 inches, and a waist measure of 23 inches but some time ago she gave up wearing corsets, and the increase of her waist measurement has not been recorded.

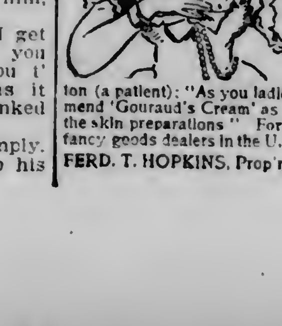
The czarina is only 32 inches around the bust and 22 inches around the waist. Their hip measures are, or were, the same—38 inches. The czarina is five feet 2½ inches tall and weighs 120 pounds while Queen Amelia weighs 123 pounds and is half an inch taller.

According to the ideals of the sculptors, which differ from those of the dressmakers, there is not in the entire group a beautiful figure.


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FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones st., N. Y.


# THE WOMAN'S COLUMN

(Contributions for this column must be sent in by Tuesday evening to the chairman of the board of editors, No. 5, Twelfth avenue east.)

* * *

In Berlin, in 1904, the gifted women of the world will again assemble to attend the international council which seeks to bring together the workers and leaders of thought and action of the gentler sex. It is all an American idea which has found favor, and which drew to London in the first half of summer an unprecedented congress. The meetings attracted large attention, there were constant hospitalities and London broke its own record in giving private entertainment to every foreigner who was officially connected with the council. There have been criticisms upon the efficacy of the meetings because there were frequent differences of statement and opinion, but if a little thing like that were to hold, where would any assembly land? As a matter of fact, the whole council was a success, culminating in a notable reception by Queen Victoria.

* * *

One of the most remarkable addresses on the liquor question which has been delivered before a metropolitan assemblage in recent years, was that of Mr. C. N. Howard, of Rochester, N. Y., who was one of the principal speakers at the great meeting at Cooper Union, New York, on April 24. This speech, which deserves to be read by all who believe in the suppression of the vile drink traffic, is given below. He said in part:

"If God ever gave a people a country that was worth fighting for, worth living for, worth dying for, he has given it to the United States. It holds the key to the future destiny of the race. In the sense that Paris is France, America is to be the world, king of commerce, king of science, king of civilization. I have faith in my country. I have faith in the people, but I stand here to say, that if America is to be king of anything, we must down the whisky king. If we are to fill our divinely- appointed mision as the civilizer of mankind, if we are to carry the blessings of liberty and self-government around the world, we have got to raise the standard of public life at home. We have got to reform our civil service from the bottom up and from the top down. To fathom the depths of political incapacity and debauchery in the great cities of this country would require a sounding line that would reach from Hoboken to Helena, Mont. Public scandal is the order of the day. Pick up your New York papers. What say those big types at the head of the column on the front page? 'Public scandal!' It used to be said that a man was rich in this town if he owned his own home. Today a man in New York who owns only his own home must sell it to some rich man who can afford to pay the taxes on it, and must move his family into a rear tenement or garret, where lack of sunlight, foul air and filth are making a pig sty out of the American home. Public scandal and political corruption are making it too expensive for the common people to live, and the coffin trust is making it a luxury to die. Unless we can fuse the patriotic, law-abiding, God-serving citizens of the country and meet organized iniquity with organized righteousness, the situation is without hope.

"The situation in this city, its depth of depravity, its open disregard for law and the indifference of its citizens are positively alarming. It does not concern New York only, it concerns the whole nation. Not only do bad men administer its affairs, but it would seem that the more incompetent and unscrupulous a man is the larger support he commands. Our civil service is becoming the favored roost for incapables, thieves and plunderers. It has become almost impossible to carry on any public work that does not result in a raid on the treasury. Once confined to our cities, today it lays its leprous hand on the state and the nation. 'Canal scandal' in New York, 'capital scandal' in Pennsylvania, 'Allen law scandal' in Illinois, 'city hall scandal,' 'gas plant scandal,' 'sewer scandal,' 'street paving scandal,' 'public franchise scandal,' 'grand jury scandal,' 'senatorial scandal,' 'war scandal.'

"There is danger ahead if we do not stop this wholesale public debauchery. It is high time for decent citizens to wake up and organize, with no less an aim to clean up house and to retire to private life some of the battle-scarred veterans who mis-rule our great municipalities, to demand for public office a brand of men who would rather fill a hole in the Potter's field than fill a public office by truckling to the rum-power.

"We have fought one holy war, to throw off the yoke of Spanish misrule in Cuba. I go in for another holy war to throw off the yoke of bar room misrule in America. For there is absolutely no hope of regenerating the politics of this country and rescuing our great cities from the political leprosy known as boss rule while the saloon lives. You can not sweep gin-mill politics into perdition and leave the gin-mill in New York at the same time. The saloon is the fortification of satan in American politics, and we have won our last victory for permanent good government until we turn our guns on those fortifications. Any plan for civic righteousness that does not provide for a closed rum-shop is monumental civic nonsense. We will win no victories for permanent civic righteousness in the state of New York with our left hands while we vote with our right to legalize 28,990 rum-shops to propagate civic rottenness.

"Do you say it is impracticable and impossible to clean out the whole iniquitous system? Nothing is impossible that is right; nothing that is right is impracticable. Oh, you say, I do not know New York, that a fight like that would result in wholesale butchery; that assassination would lurk in every dark hallway and alley. Well, the meanest coward who walks the earth can die a natural death; it takes a man to face death for a noble cause. I believe that New York would be better off if some of you gentlemen were in heaven tonight. It might be pretty hard on heaven, but if you died in the fight it would wake the rest of the country up to the fact that the question now facing it is whether we shall suppress this iniquity or be suppressed by it."

* * *

At the present session of the American Medical association, Dr. Daniel R. Brower, professor of mental diseases in Rush Medical college, Chicago, made the startling statement that "crime in the United States is increasing in a vastly more rapid ratio than is the population." He said present laws were defective against crime and not against the criminal. A judge should also be a physician, and in making up sentence should consider the biological condition of the criminal. The checking process should begin with the children of degenerates. These should be taken care of by the courts and placed in favorable environment at the age of 7 years. Criminals incapable of reformation should be placed in confinement for life that they may not become constant menaces to society. And as a high essential in this scheme of reform, the pardoning power, said Dr. Brower, should be transferred from the political officers of the state to a board "whose members should be skilled in criminal anthropology."

## THE HOUSEWIVES' QUESTION

### Why Can We Not Obtain Good Servants?

My attention has been called to the fact that something must be done to interest the general public on the working girl subject. Not only in Duluth and suburban towns but all over the state people are having the same trouble in obtaining good help and also in keeping it. While in Duluth many ladies have asked me: "Why can we not obtain good girls any more?" There are so many grades of help one can scarcely locate the good ones. But with traveling around and hearing from other employers as well as learning from good, sound experience myself, I think I have got at the bottom of all this trouble.

Of course the working girl is always in fault, so we will begin with that part of the subject as nearest to hand. The girls say "we cannot keep a place any more, and have to do two girls' work and half of the chore boy's in order to curtail expenses." The superior class of help will not work or remain with an employer who is inferior. The majority do not want experienced help for wear their practical knowledge will exceed their own. We are all apt to overlook our own faults in watching others. Yet while we listen to so many complaints and fault findings, we say there are reasons in abundance on both sides for complaint. In the first place people who employ help should be sympathetic, kind and gentle, but firm. No one can govern help with an iron rod. If people would only employ first class help and then let them alone with what they know.

Don't commence by teaching them what you know or your ways; remember there are more ways than one. That is why we have 1000 cook books. But if people are obliged and willing to take inferior help, let them go at them "with shovel and tongs" and the sooner they shovel them over the dump the better for those who have to take their place. That is where all the trouble lies, yet no one can obtain good treatment or work from any girl without her respect. But nowadays the employer expects too much, growls, finds fault, wears a hard times frown. Every time they send for a bill for provisions they feel as if an earthquake had come to see them, only waiting for the ground to swallow them up. The girl gets dissatisfied, unhappy and last, but not least, leaves; another follows suit. We say, we cannot keep help, it is so poor. The good ones meet the same fate.

We find a class of employers who never will be pleased, as though in the servant they see their own inferiority of management, sometimes principle. Oh, how we do hate a whining, fault-finding, grumbling, dissatisfied changeable person. Can anyone remain long in this atmosphere? The public is too selfish, too inconsiderate about the small things while trying to grasp the greater. But the servant's ignorance does not always lie in the eye. She sees all, hastens to tell and while her employer is summing up the servant's faults she, too, is putting down a good, big list.

Let me say, should your girl forget a part of the wind pipe in the fowl don't scold. You will not eat any more filth in that than you are eating every day in cheap food and other stale material which she is asked to use up with an idea of economy. Don't begrudge her an hour in her room or even an hour out, though it is not her Thursday off. That is why girls hate private places—they are not allowed out only on Thursdays and not evenings even. Better get girls you can trust and let them go when they have finished their work.

One girl told me she never got out only on Thursdays, then killed herself on Friday: what is more, worked all day Sunday—even had to soap and soak her clothes for Monday midnight's washing while her mistress was at church praying for sunshine on the morrow. Working girls should have their evenings to themselves without interruption. What a feeling a girl has, when her lady (for it is always she) comes and pops her head in her room after she has retired and asks what she has forgotten, which she is going to forget and what are her plans for tomorrow. Can any girl stand this good naturedly?

Human sympathy is necessary, if there is any to be found going, too. What would our public say if a lady called to the butcher, "send up a porterhouse and one pound round steak," laying great stress on the pound, for it is for the girl. The stove pipes need cleaning and on account of hard times the girl must perform this task.

Because a girl is neat and tidy, well appearing and blessed with self esteem, don't say she is too proud to work. Rather encourage this than try to crush it. Such treatment makes good girls hateful, stubborn and abusive and if they leave don't say they stole half the furniture. Many of the working girls, when not of the lower order, have been well reared and educated and ought not to be classed with every kind of help. Reverses in life have changed their opportunities, but not their well bred principles; so every mean act in an employer disgusts and annoys them; as also does the lower class of help they have to work with. One feels they must give the help of today more privileges though it does annoy and disturb one's plans. Let them know they are employed through necessity, not as a matter of taste or appearance. The practical girl is not long in learning this.

Enough of this groveling at the back door. Don't ask "what are we going to do 'for good girls.' Put your shoulder to the wheel and try to make them good. You have the power in your own hands. The help is simply machinery for you to turn; don't shirk your task. Every noble mother or housewife who is a Christian ought to hold up the homeless girls with a loving hand instead of finding food for their downfall by calumniation or wishing to get even with them.

Now let us see what the successful people do who are never annoyed with their help and when they have good help make it an object to keep them at any price, for their refined nature will not allow them to be constantly hunting for help. They get good help, well recommended—such as they are not ashamed to have in their family circle. She is treated as if they mean to keep her, with the understanding that when her work is finished her time is her own and will not be kept under constant surveillance every natural breath she draws. She is not asked to remain in every evening to take care of the baby. Should the girl forget anything and worry over it, her kind lady will not raise a complaint, but gently say, "never mind, we will make the best of it as we can do no better," and with a gentle tap on the arm and a smile it is all forgotten. The girl asks for groceries with a happy smile. The reply comes, "You shall have it." The lady will say: "Tomorrow is wash day; as you have too much to do for one day I have concluded to have a woman come in and help you. I will make up my own room while you are getting the work out of the way, so you can rest through the heat of the day." This girl loves her employer and this employer has no trouble in getting good help. No matter how worried you are over your work, go to your room and cry it off [illegible] the poor girl has to do and learn the result.

A CASUAL OBSERVER.

Duluth, Sept. 6.

## Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in my back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

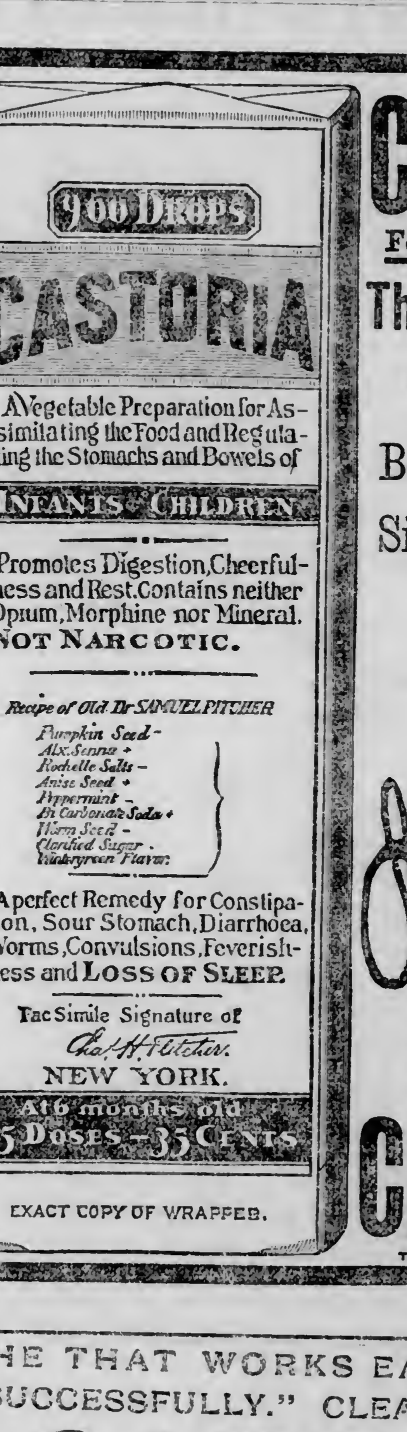

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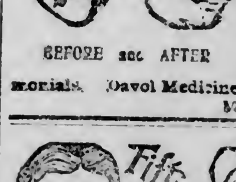
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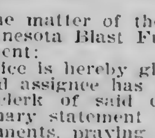
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STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of the Minnesota Blast Furnace Company, insolvent:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee has filed in the office of the clerk of said court a report and summary statement of receipts and disbursements, praying that the account therein stated be allowed, and that his compensation as assignee be fixed by the order of the court; that an order be made determining the amount that shall be allowed as the expenses of closing the trust and ordering distribution of the balance among the creditors entitled thereto as provided by law.

The application for hearing on said report and for the orders therein asked, as aforesaid, will be brought on to be heard before the said court, at the court house, in the city of Duluth, at a special term of said court on Saturday, the 30th day of September, 1899, at the opening of court or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

Dated Sept. 2d, 1899.

W. H. H. STOWELL, Assignee.

DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS, Attorneys for Assignee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-2-9-16-1899.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

The name of the mortgagor is Josephine Kennedy, the names of the mortgagees are Mary A. Van Brunt and E. Grace Graves; the mortgage is dated April 11th, 1893, and was recorded on May 13th, 1893, at one o'clock p. m. in the office of the register of deeds within and for the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, in Book 106 of mortgages, page 32.

The amount of principal and interest due and unpaid at the date of this notice is the sum of $856.00.

The amount of taxes and assessments which mortgagees were compelled to pay and paid upon the mortgaged premises is the sum of $318.76 and the interest thereon from dates of payment to date of this notice amounts to $95.91, making a total of $1270.67 which is now claimed to be due upon said mortgage debt.

The premises described in said mortgage are as follows: Lots numbered five (5) and six (6), in block thirty-three (33), in the London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat in the office of said register of deeds, and are situate in the County and State aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed under the power of sale therein contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, by the sale of the said premises at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said County and State on the 17th day of October, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon by the sheriff of said county, to pay the said indebtedness together with fifty dollars attorneys' fees and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

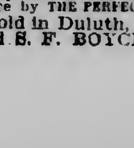
Duluth, Minn., September 1st, 1899.

E. GRACE GRAVES, MARY A. VAN BRUNT, Mortgagees.

STEIN & TELFORD, Attorneys for Mortgagees, 600 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-2-9-16-23-30-Oct-7-1899.


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DEFECTIVE PAGE

# POWER FOR THE MINES

## Survey of Seine River By Capt. Durage to Develop Water Power.

## AT STURGEON FALLS

### Good Reports From All the Properties---Talk of Mining Association.

Some weeks ago Capt. J. J. Durage made a survey of Seine river in the vicinity of Sturgeon falls for an English syndicate, headed by Col. J. S. Hillyer. The design is to secure power privileges there, improve them and transf rm the water power into electricity with which to operate the machinery at the Alice A mine and that of any mines in the Lower Seine River that may desire it.

Ever since has return Capt. Durage has been busily engaged in figuring on his quantities. He now is making plans and specifications to be submitted to the Ontario government. If they are approved, then under certain conditions and by subscription, the ownership of the water powers, leads and privileges applied for will pass from the government into the hands of the English syndicate.

The survey commenced at Sturgeon Falls, eighteen miles above Mine Centre, and continued to McManus Falls, eight miles farther up the river. In all eight different falls or rapids came under the survey.

Sturgeon Falls have a drop of ten feet. The Alice A falls, one mile farther up stream, drop thirteen feet. One half mile above the Seine falls drop nine feet. The Ontario & Rainy River railway crosses right over Twin falls, with their drop of thirteen feet one and a half miles above Seine falls. Two miles above that Skunk rapids have a drop of seven and a half feet. Sandhill rapids are a mile and a half above Skunk rapids and drop six feet. The Little Manitou rapids, three-quarters of a mile above, drop three feet, and McManus rapids, eight miles above Sturgeon falls and twenty-six miles above Mine Centre, drop twelve feet.

* * *

In these eight miles the river has a fall of 75 feet from the falls alone. In the smooth stretches in the stream between the falls the river has a fall of 2 7-10 feet per mile. That is not included in Capt. Durage's calculations.

The Seine river along the smooth stretches has an average width of about 250 feet and a depth of about 25 feet in the channel. There are no sand bars, and the water runs along as through a rocky sluice-way.

The computed discharge at the time of gauging, in July, with an average water stage, is 2200 cubic feet per second. The computed discharge in time of extreme low water is 2000 cubic feet per second.

Capt. Durage says that 24-foot dams would be a moderate improvement of McManus, Twin and Alice A falls, and a 16-foot dam a moderate improvement of Sturgeon falls. The government allowed one chain's width on each side of the stream at low water mark for flooding. What the captain calls a "moderate" improvement would develop 3000 horse power for the four falls combined, or an average of nearly 10,000 horse power for each.

Above the McManus falls, towards Obth Lake, there is a further fall of from sixty feet and 40,000 more horse power. But no surveys have been made for any plans made for utilization.

* * *

John R. Hill, president of the Island Falls Mines company, limited, returned last Tuesday morning from Port Arthur and a flying trip to the Lake Shebandowan district, where he went to examine some mammoth deposits of gold bearing ore.

Mr. Hill reports that the people of Port Arthur are jubilant over their improved prospects as the result of the advent of the Ontario & Rainy River railway. McKenzie & Mann, the promoters of the enterprise, are pushing things to the utmost. Stores will be established at Finmark, Keshabobiwe Lake and Barie Portage for the benefit and convenience of the contractors. Other supply depots will be at Island Falls, Lake Hiraldo, Bad Vermilion Lake, on the lower Seine, and Ft. Frances.

Contracts for grading have been let to a point fifteen miles west of Barie Portage. Two hundred carloads of supplies are to be unloaded at Savanne and taken in from there by steamers running on Lake Mille Lacs and Barie lake. A steamer is also to be put on Shebandowan lake.

Mr. Hill also reports that there is a great activity in the Island Falls and Sandhill Lake districts in mining matters and that properties under development are showing up exceedingly well.

* * *

Of course the chief interest in Duluth centers in the Lower Seine River district. Without exaggeration, it can be said that matters there, considering the age of the district, could not well be in better shape.

There are bright prospects that work will be resumed at the Foley at least with the opening of the new year and probably sooner. Langford & Moran, of Fort Portage, solicitors for the Canadian Mines Development company, limited, which now controls the Foley, are advertising for bids for doing an aggregate of 1400 feet of development work—sinking, drifting and cross-cutting. If I am not mistaken, the entire present development of the Foley mine does not equal 1400 feet, which fact gives some idea of the magnitude upon which future operations will be conducted. The proposed work, probably in itself, will cost not less than $20,000.

The idle condition of the Foley has been more or less of a black eye to the district the past eighteen months and the resumption of operations will be more or less of a boom.

J. C. Foley himself is at present in Ypsilanti, Mich., where his presence close to Toronto and Detroit is required in the adjustment of the affairs of the old Foley Mines company.

* * *

Splendid reports are coming from the Golden Star. In my last letter on that property I stated that splendid ore was being encountered in the north drifts and that the shaft bottomed in good ore. Recent reports say that the main shaft is now 405 feet deep and that the richest ore found in the vein has been struck. The mill is running steadily and good returns of bullion are reported. All news of bullion production now comes via Toronto and it takes a long time to get it in Duluth. The June product was $10,000 and I think the figure for July was about $12,000. I have not heard the figure for August, but a run or reaches me that the production was better than for July. If this mine is as good as most of those best posted think it is, I see no reason why a steady production of $12,000 to $18,000—or even better—a month may not be looked for as soon as Superintendent Flaherty corrects the unwise work of the Hall management in exhausting the ore reserves and making no effort to block out new bodies. He will need time to open up new ground and get everything in proper shape. He probably will need longer than Jan. 1 for that. The next quarterly dividend will be due Oct. 1.

It now seems to be a certainty that the "crime of '98"—the J.O.41 "deal"—has, in a measure, been "squared." The J.O.41 Mining company has increased its capitalization $500,000. This increase has been made in treasury stock and the first series offered at 10 cents a share, if I am rightly informed, and the old stockholders have the privilege of getting the stock at 5 cents a share. A new directorate, with four members from Toronto, has been elected, Walter A. Lampert, a bright and honest young lawyer of Toronto, is the secretary. If the other directors are the same manner of men as he, the stockholders can feel assured of a square deal, even if J.O.41 never should make a bullion producing mine. Let us drink a little Seagrain, old Scotch or even a glass of ginger beer to the success of the new management, which desires to make a bullion producer of J.O.41 and full reparation for the shady performances of the original promoters.

* * *

There is not a little evidence that J.O.41 should make a good mine. There are six different veins of gold-bearing quartz on the property. One of these is supposed to be a continuation of the Golden Star vein and the only one upon which any work was ever done. A 25-foot shaft was sunk and then work ceased. One reason given was trouble from surface water. Another one reported quietly was that the highest assay was under $2. I think the real reason was that there was no money with which to prosecute work and that the promoters, instead of setting aside a part of the $500,000 capitalization for development work saw better returns in making it all promoters' stock and then selling it to the public that was a rambling for it.

If development work had stopped on the Golden Star at a depth of twenty-five feet that mine never would have existed. There is no good reason to suppose that, with depth, that vein will not be as rich on J.O.41 as on the Golden Star. The fact is that as drifting progresses to the northward in the lower levels of the Golden Star, the vein widens and grows richer. Why should it not stand a reasonable show to do so on J.O.41, especially after you pass the broken and semi-barren stream which occurs with more or less frequency from the surface to 100 feet on many of the mines around Bad Vermilion lake?

* * *

The main shaft on the Golden Star is just 1000 feet from the point where the vein is supposed to cross the line into J.O.41. Already a drift 100 feet long has been driven on this vein towards J.O.41 and, as I have stated, with depth and in drifting northward, that vein grows larger and richer. The cross-cut on the Golden Star vein, it is asserted, also dips towards J.O.41.

Now it will not be very long, comparatively, under the present policy of vigorous development on the Golden Star, before the drift on some level from 200 to 300 feet, reaches the south line of J.O.41 and, I believe, it is more than even money that it will prove to be a profitable ore body on J.O.41.

Here is another fact that is not generally known. On the southwest corner of J.O.41 is a huge exposure of quartz, ten or twelve feet wide. It does not look particularly rich on the surface, and does not pan, but no sinking has ever been done.

The stripping lately done on AL13 shows quite positively that the large vein on AL13 runs onto J.O.41. If true it does so for a distance of 1000 feet, and this large outcrop near the west line is on the same vein. On AL13 that vein is from 10 to ten feet wide. Test pits show that it is well mineralized. It also shows free gold by panning tests, and gives good values by assay tests. Why then, will not that vein alone make a good mine, even if the Golden Star vein is worthless on the lower levels, that west a vein from four to ten feet wide and 1000 feet long is considered large enough an ore body to please the most exacting mine owner. Then there are the four minor ore bodies on the property of which I know nothing.

* * *

There is another and recent report that the Ferguson property will be opened up. The new drill plant at the Deca is working satisfactorily, and splendid progress is being made in development.

Two steam hoists are being installed on the Lucky Coon, and splendid results undoubtedly will come from their operation. Work is moving along smoothly at the Golden Crescent under the experienced management and skill of Superintendent W. G. La Rue.

Development continues at the Alice A. Col. Hillyer is expected back from London some time this month. When he arrives the word "Success" not only will be written on his banner, but he probably will be accompanied by an experienced mining man to take charge of the Alice A for the British-Ontario company.

A syndicate, headed by D. E. Waite, a Duluth attorney, has taken AL13 from the Randolphs. The reported consideration is $20,000, and 250,000 shares of stock for the sellers. The mine has been named the Isabella. Under Neil Burger's management the vein has been stripped several hundred feet, with astonishing results. In places it has a surface width of nine feet. Several pits have been sunk, and the ore secured is well mineralized and possesses good values.

The latest reports from the Arla mine T167—are that the shaft is down fifty feet and that, under the direction of Frank D. Fowler, drifting has been commenced with satisfactory results. Messrs. Paine & Clausen will soon incorporate a company to handle this property.

* * *

I have often pointed out the opportunity Duluth has to secure commercial returns from the Western Ontario gold fields, and as often urged that various steps be taken by county officials, merchants and mining men to give Duluth the same relation to these gold fields as Spokane has to those of Washington, Idaho and British Columbia, or Denver to those of Colorado. Something has been accomplished in that direction from time to time, but not enough. A movement is now under way that ought to bear some good fruit if properly handled.

Certain parties who have reaped good financial returns in the Seine River district, and who believe that the harvest can and should continue, have set out to form a mining association for Duluth. This association is planned to comprise the wholesale merchants, mine owners and stock brokers. Each member will pay an initiation and monthly dues. The money thus secured will be used to promote the interests of the Seine River gold fields, and incidentally help Duluth, or at least that portion of it which will get a direct return from such promotion. I see no reason why the organization could not develop into a full-fledged mining exchange, or even be organized to start with as a mining exchange.

* * *

There seems to be a feeling on the part of some who are the most directly interested in the Seine River district, and who are most enthusiastic over the proposed organization, that the very liberal amount of space now given to that district by the local papers should be increased, and publications made daily instead of semi-weekly and tri-weekly.

It is desired, therefore, to secure some reliable mining correspondent who is familiar with gold mining, and who can do complete justice to those districts and write them up in a proper manner, to engage himself with the organization. The plan proposed, after such a man is found, there is no correspondence to that end is in progress, is to have him spend three weeks among the many mines, so as to thoroughly familiarize himself with gold mining in Western Ontario and get all necessary information for present and future writing. He then will be stationed in Duluth, and receive his news daily from the superintendents of the mines of the respective companies operating in the district. A committee also will be appointed by the organization to supervise the correspondent's writings and, after they have been O. K'd, he will give them daily to the local papers and send them by wire to outside papers. That not only will keep the interests of the district constantly before the public, but, if possible, scatter much information that usually has to be given through the advertising columns, which are costly and not nearly so effective as the news columns. The idea is also to pay a good salary, and make the position permanent for any correspondent who can do that work, and who will work under those conditions.

JOHN L. MORRISON.

## FEELING AGAINST AMES.

### Some Bad Blood Among Returning Volunteer Officers.

San Francisco, Sept. 9.—Although the troops on board the transport Sheridan, which returned from Manilla Thursday night, have not yet been allowed to land, several officers of both the Minnesota and South Dakota regiments were given shore leave yesterday and gladly took advantage of it. From them it was learned there has been considerable trouble between the officers of the South Dakota volunteers lost in the Philippines and during the voyage home, as the result of which several are now said to be under arrest awaiting an official investigation into the charges preferred against them by Col. Frost of that regiment. None of the officers would discuss the affair, however, nor could any definite information be obtained on board the transport.

Considerable feeling was also evidenced by the Minnesotans against their former commanding officer, Col. Ames, who was invalided home some months ago and has awaited the return of his regiment in this city since his convalescence.

The St. Paul Commercial club's delegation to meet the returning volunteers telegraphed from Utah yesterday to the effect that they would arrive here tonight, their plans being altered to the fact that they did not expect the Sheridan until next Monday.

There has been considerable trouble among the men and officers of the South Dakota regiment, as the result of which Surgeon Maj. Warne, Lieut. Col. Stover and Lieut. Horace C. Bates are now said to be under arrest, awaiting an official investigation of charges preferred against them by Col. Frost, commanding the regiment. It is expected that a court-martial will be ordered but no action will be taken until the matter has been passed upon by Maj. Gen. Shafter. It may be stated, however, that Surgeon Maj. Warne is alleged to have written a letter to Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota, in which Col. Frost was referred to in uncomplimentary terms. This letter was given to the press, and when a copy of it was read by the colonel at Nagasaki, Surgeon Warne is said to have been placed under arrest.

The paper which contained this communication also contained a letter from a sergeant in the South Dakota regiment thought to have been inspired by Lieut. Col. Stover, stating that a regular army surgeon at Manilla had stated that men were sent to the firing line when in no condition for fighting. It is also alleged that Stover told the men not to fight if ordered to do so when they were not in proper condition. Lieut. Bates is in trouble presumably for agreeing with Lieut. Col. Stover. All the officers in trouble are highly spoken of by the men who say that their criticisms were well founded.

## ARRANGING FOR RECEPTION.

### Preparations For the Reception of Dewey Moving Apace.

New York, Sept. 9.—The National Sculptors' society yesterday submitted plans to the building commissioner for the erection at Broadway and Fifth avenue of the Dewey arch, the estimated cost being $26,500. Sections of the columns which form a part of the Dewey arch were put in place yesterday morning and one of the collonades is half up. The top of the arch will be in place in a few days. The figures for the adornment of the arch are now practically completed, and the first of them was taken to the arch today. They average about twelve feet in height. It has been decided that a united chorus of 250 voices in the Arion and Liederkranz societies shall accompany the admiral up the harbor on the float Peace and sing hymns and songs of welcome.

Col. Hein, of West Point, has announced his intention of marching in the parade at the head of 310 cadets.

The indications are that the visiting troops will exceed 10,000 in number.

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**Munyon's Improved Homeopathic Remedies are as Far in Advance of the Regular School of Homeopathy as Homeopathy is Above All Other Schools—They Combine All that is Best in All Systems.**

With Munyon's Remedies every one can become his own doctor—no experimenting—no guess work—no purging, no nauseous doses—the cure is certain, quick and permanent—Munyon's System is to build up, not to tear down; to strengthen, not to weaken.

If you are sick cast aside all other medicines, bury prejudice for a few days, step into the nearest drug store, ask for Munyon's "Guide to Health," purchase a 25-cent vial of one of Munyon's Remedies and cure yourself.

If you are puzzled about your case, write to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, state your condition plainly and describe any marked symptoms. A skilled specialist will advise you by mail absolutely free.

# CHURCH SERVICES

### Rev. Albert E. Fillmore Becomes Pastor of St. Luke's Episcopal Church.

## MEETINGS TO OPEN

### Evangelist Charles N. Crittenden Will Begin His Series Tomorrow.

Rev. Albert E. Fillmore has accepted the bishop's appointment to take charge of the St. Luke's congregation at the West End permanently and will be introduced to his new charge by Rev. A. A. Robertson, of Hibbing, tomorrow. Rev. Mr. Fillmore is a graduate of the Minnesota university and of Seabury Divinity school, and has successfully served at St. James' Episcopal church, St. Paul, and at Vermillion and Madison. S. D. St. Luke's church extends a cordial invitation to the community to attend the services. Sunday school at 10 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon 11 a. m. The church is located at Nineteenth avenue west and First street.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, the pastor, Rev. Alexander Milne, will preach in the morning on "New and Old Elements of the Christian Faith." In the evening Charles N. Crittenden will commence his general services at 7:30. In the afternoon he will address a meeting for men in the church at 3:30.

* * *

The men's meeting of the Young Men's Christian association will be held at the Pilgrim Congregational church and will be the first of the series of meetings addressed by Charles N. Crittenden, the millionaire merchant of New York city. Admission will be by tickets only, boys under 14 not being admitted. Tickets may be secured free at the association or at the morning church services. Service at 3:30 p. m. Solos by Mrs. Emma Moffatt, the noted singer.

* * *

The pastor, Rev. B. R. Patrick, will preach at the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 12 m.; C. E. prayer meeting at 6:30 p. m. On Friday evening the Lake Superior Baptist Young People's association will be in session and will be addressed by Rev. H. F. Stillwell, pastor of the First Baptist church, of St. Paul. His subject will be "The New Century." Mr. Stillwell will be remembered as the very popular speaker at the state C. E. convention held here several years ago. The musical program for tomorrow is as follows:

MORNING.

Doxology
Anthem—"Sing Alleluia Forth".....Buck
With bass, tenor and soprano solo.
Contralto solo—Selected.....
Miss Morea.
Organ postlude.....

EVENING.

Organ prelude.....
Anthem—"The Soft Sabbath Calm".....
.....Barnby
With soprano solo.
Offertory.....
Soprano solo—"I Will Lay Me Down in Peace".....Buck
Miss Laura Lee Patrick.
Organ postlude.....

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Rev. H. White will preach on "The Worth and Ethical Significance of Some Human Relations." The Sunday school will meet at 10 o'clock a. m.

* * *

At the First Methodist church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, Dr. Samuel P. Long will preach on "The Best Gifts," and in the evening at 8 p. m. on "A Young Man's Great Question." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league at 6:45 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude.....Saint Saens
Improvisation.....
Chorus—"Praise Ye".....Gounod
Offertory—"Songs Without Words"...
.....Mendelssohn
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Mixed quartet—"Come Holy Spirit"...
.....Baldwin
First M. E. Church quartet.
Postlude—"Marche des Gantomes"...Clark

EVENING.

Prelude—"Romance".....Schumann
Response—"Chant".....
First M. E. Church quartet.
Impromptu.....
Chorus—"Seek Ye the Lord".....Roberts
Offertory—"Chorus of Angels"....Cralk
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Male quartet—"Near to Thee"...Arranged
Apollo Male quartet.
Postlude—"Marche Triomphale".....
.....Strelezki

* * *

At the Morley Congregational church, corner of Nineteenth avenue east and First street, the pastor, the Rev. F. D. Bealey, will preach in the morning. Service at 10:45; subject, "Salvation from Sin." Sunday school at 12:10 p. m. Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. The evening service will be given up owing to the Crittenden meeting in the Pilgrim Congregational church.

* * *

The Pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland, will preach in the First Presbyterian church at the morning service. In view of the "Union Evangelical Crittenden meetings" held in the Pilgrim Congregational church, this church will unite in the evening service, omitting its own.

* * *

The First Christian church, Scientist, No. 822 East Superior street, will hold services at 11 o'clock a. m. Subject, "Matter."

* * *

S. A. Jamieson, will preach at Duluth Heights at 3:15 Sabbath afternoon.

* * *

Services at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church tomorrow will be as follows: Preaching by the pastor, 10:45 a. m., subject, "Touching Christ and Thronging Christ." Sabbath school 12 m. George F. Mackenzie, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E., 6:45 p. m. Preaching at 7:45 p. m. Rev. R. A. Montgomery, pastor.

* * *

At the First Christian church, corner of Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, there will be preaching by Robert Grieve, the minister, at 10:30 a. m., on "Timothy;" and at 8 p. m., on "The Demands of Christ." Bible school at 12 m., and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

At St. John's English Lutheran church, S. W. Kuhns, pastor, there will be morning service at 10:30, and evening service at 7:30.

* * *

Services will be held at Bethesda Lutheran church of Hauges synod, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, Sunday morning, at 10:30 and evening, 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school, 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12:10 p. m. I. G. Aschim, pastor.

* * *

At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, the services will be as follows: Morning, 10:30; evening, 7:45; Sunday school, 9 a. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Rev. Sether, from Arizona, will preach in the morning.

* * *

Franz Schultz will sing the fine bass recitative and aria "Arm, Arm, Ye Brave," (from Handel's oratorio "Judas Maccabaeus,") at St. Paul's Episcopal church tomorrow morning. Other music will be rendered by the full vested choir, under the direction of A. F. M. Custance.

A first use of Dent's Toothache Gum convinces you of its excellence. All Druggists 15c.

**$4.80 Round Trip Excursion**

Rates to St. Paul, Minneapolis and return, Sept. 2 to 9, via St. Paul & Duluth R. R. Three daily trains.

A 5 cent package of Uneeda Biscuit forms the basis of an ideal lunch. Ideal because they do good as well as taste good—muscle building as well as palate pleasing.

**Uneeda Biscuit**

are good anywhere and everywhere. Good for the child's lunch as the working man's; equally good as the basis of a dainty luncheon or a substantial meal. You can't understand the goodness of Uneeda Biscuit until you try them.

Your grocer has them in air tight, moisture proof 5 and 10 cent packages. Never sold in bulk. Take no imitations.

A 5 Cent Lunch.

# THE WORLD OF LABOR

### Duluth Assembly Received $500 From the Labor Day Celebration.

## TO MAKE A PROTEST

### Start of Campaign For the Total Abolition of Sunday Labor.

The celebration of Labor day was as great a success financially as it was in all other ways. Last night at the meeting of the Trades assembly the labor day committee turned over about $500 to the treasurer of the assembly as a result of the day's celebration.

Union men of the city will undoubtedly be greatly interested in a movement set on foot last evening to determine the most popular laboring man in Duluth. The contest will be conducted by the Order of Modern Samaritans and the assembly, and the winner will receive a $2000 insurance policy in the Modern Samaritans. The voting arrangements will be started in a few days, and a small fee will be charged for each entry, the money to be paid into the treasury of the assembly.

At the assembly it was also decided that on Sunday, Sept. 24, union labor should turn out in a body and attend service in the First Methodist church to protest against Sunday labor. The labor leaders of the city say that they will now take up a fight for the abolishing of Sunday labor, and they will take this monster Sunday service as a means for bringing their plan of campaign before the people.

Another matter that came before the assembly last evening was the matter of United States mail signs on street cars. In several cities of the East the labor organizations have successfully fought the street car companies in this matter in the courts, and the local labor unions are seriously thinking of taking steps to compel the company to take off mail signs except when the car is actually carrying mail.

The meeting of the assembly was not very well attended, but with the new features now presented to the labor unions, it is expected that new interest will be aroused, and the unions have been asked repeatedly to be better represented at the assembly.

LABOR NOTES.

Germany has an automobile club.

New York has one negro policeman.

There are 3000 union stogie workers.

The Federation of Labor claims 1,000,000 members.

Mississippi hasn't a bureau of statistics.

New York plasterers demand $4.50 a day.

Germany's army employs 10,000 musicians.

Shelby, county, Mo., oats yield 40 cents a bushel.

Americans use 250,000,000 poker chips annually.

Chicago woodworkers have been conceded the 8-hour day.

New York boss truckmen say their business was never so good as now.

Fort Dodge (Ia.) tile workers' wages have been increased 15 cents a day.

Minneapolis Taxpayers' association has taken up the subject of tax reduction.

The New York Furriers' union celebrated its twentieth anniversary with a reunion.

The Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railroad has abolished the position of traveling engineer.

A New York Carpenters' union has donated $25 to the striking furniture workers in Denmark.

Denver Trades' assembly protests against the making of army uniforms in Eastern sweat shops.

The Typographical union of 'Frisco was ordered to pay $1200 (damages) to a man it kept out of work.

Muscatine, Iowa, women will operate the street cars of that city Sept. 13 for the benefit of the park fund.

Cincinnati Central Labor union does not want to accept a delegate from one of the unions because he is a newspaper man.

Mayor Johnson, of Denver, says the street railway company cannot have a perpetual franchise. Twelve years or nothing.

The Canadian trades and labor congress will hold its fifteenth annual convention at Montreal commencing on Sept. 15.

A sticker used in Kansas City: If it were not against the order of the court, organized labor would boycott McClintock's restaurant.

Bedford, Ind., stone planers demand an increase of 5 cents, making their pay 30 cents an hour. For overtime work they demand 45 cents an hour.

At Appleton, Wis., the W. C. T. U. has begun a movement in favor of early closing of the stores the year round. The movement will take effect Sept. 1, if successful.

At Antwerp the masters have made concessions to the dock laborers in the matter of double pay for work done at night and Sunday and work on shipping on the Scheldt has been resumed.

Unionists possess what the world needs most—labor; and as soon as they can close up their ranks and control the labor market the mightiest trust in America will be brought to its knees, says Philadelphia Unity and Progress.

The municipality of Birmingham, Eng., erected 4000 dwellings for artisans. Occupants and the city are satisfied with the new scheme, rents being cheaper, houses better and the town's treasury has been fattened.

What seems to be a severe provision of the Wisconsin statutes was brought out in a suit brought by Mrs. Adelhaid Lehfeldt against Martin Howley for the recovery of $5 rent, as the result of which Howley was confined to jail.

The Jewelers' Protective union of Manhattan started with six members and now has a membership of over 650. In its brief existence it has already secured a reduction of the working time of half an hour a day and an increase in wages besides.

The Milwaukee grain trimmers have been given an advance of 25 cents on each 1000 bushels loaded into vessels. The advance was asked for by the trimmers and granted without a murmur of disapproval. "We can afford to pay the advance without a kick," said Frank L. Vance, "and we are going to do it. Railroad laborers and men working on the streets have had their wages advanced, and some of them are now getting $2, where they formerly earned but $1.25."

"It is only a question of a short time when the single tax question will be a national political issue," said Judge Crosby. "In the ranks of both the Democratic and Republican parties there are many supporters of reform. It is only a question which party will adopt the most popular national platform. The Republicanism of Abrahkam Lincoln would rally to the support of the reform, for the abolitionists of that day were in favor of economies liberty and equality, as well as the emancipation of the slave."

The Edward P. Allis company, of Milwaukee, has granted an advance of 5 per cent in the wages of all its employes not working under contract. This advance effects practically all of the 2000 men in the employ of the company, and will mean an addition to its payroll of about $15,000 a month. "With the present advance," said Mr. Allis, "of 5 per cent the men will earn more money than I have ever known to have been paid since I have been in the business, and I entered in 1847. The highest wages a journeyman machinist could hope to earn in those days was $1.75, or perhaps $2 a day in exceptional instances. The wages to be paid the Allis company machinists, with the advance granted, will be from $2 a day up, depending upon the nature of their work. Moulders will get from $2.50 to $3 a day, blacksmiths from $2 to $3 a day, blacksmith helpers $1.85, patternmakers from $2 up and laborers from $1.35 to $1.50. The average wages paid will be over $2 a day all through the plant."

Mayor Brown and Chief of Police Bargen have arranged for transportation to the South of the big gang of negroes who came here to work with a railroad ballasting crew, and has been on the city's hands for several days. The colored men will probably leave tomorrow. The coroner's jury Saturday will resume the investigation into the death of Miles Lee and George Woodward, the negroes who were killed. The above is an extract from a special telegram to the Chicago Inter-Ocean, and in the absence of date line and other indications of locality, coming from this source, it would naturally be presumed by the reader that it referred to some Southern outrage. But it doesn't. The telegram came from Rockford, Ill., and gives information of the climax of a Northern outrage against the colored man that can find no counterpart in the South. Southern mobs lynch brutal negroes, who assault their wives and daughters, and for murder and arson, but we have yet to learn that any colored man has been killed because he wanted to work. —Chattanooga Times.

A communication was received last week by the Montreal Iron Molders' union, from the international vice president, M. J. Kehoe, who is at present in Chicago, stating that he would be very happy to receive the names of any members who wished to change their place of residence, or who were dissatisfied with their present situation, and, if so, he asked them to obtain cards from their union to the following cities where a minimum scale of wages of $2.75 per day to $3.50, according to their skill, is now being offered by the union shops of these cities: Brooklyn, N. Y.; Anaconda, Montana; Chicago, Schenectady, N. Y., and Naugatuck, Conn. The international union offers to forward railroad tickets to any member who desires to go, and, besides, will transport the married members' families, if any, to the above named cities and pay the freight charges on all furniture they may wish to take with them. The letter also stated that there is a great demand for iron moulders and core makers in almost every principal city or town in the United States.

*If you are going to Manilla, or any other hot place, you will not require a North Star fur coat; they are entirely too warm and durable.

## NORMAL PUSHED ALONG.

### Plans For Duluth Normal Accepted and Bids Asked.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—Director Phelps gained another step yesterday for his darling project of a Duluth normal school, in the normal board meeting. Plans by Palmer, Hall & Hunt were accepted for a building estimated to cost $75,000, the limit of the appropriation, and the committee was authorized to call for bids to be opened at the March meeting. Director Morey objected that it wouldn't be a complete building because the architect said it was planned so it could be enlarged without waste, but President Ankeny gracefully shoved aside the objection and the plans were adopted.

The building will be trap rock basement, pressed brick walls, with sandstone trimmings, having accommodations for 100 normal scholars and 150 model pupils.

### North Pole Mysteries.

The return of an Arctic explorer clears up many mysteries, who says that much new land was discovered in Weddell sea, and open water was seen far to the south. This shows that the great wall of ice reported by early explorers was a myth. Arctic explorers are not the only ones who meet with deceptions. Many people with indigestion and dyspepsia have been deceived so many times that they believe there is no cure. They can be cured, though hundreds of medicines have failed. Take the only reliable medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also cures constipation, nervousness, sleeplessness and liver and kidney disorders. Do not accept a substitute. See that a private revenue stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

### Ten New and Original Songs Which Can Be Had Free.

What will the great metropolitan papers do next? This is the question someone asks nearly every day. But there is one which leads all others. It has gained the sobriquet of "America's Greatest Newspaper" by just such remarkable pieces of enterprise as the one who has just now attracted the attention of the press all over the country.

Last week the New York Sunday World announced that it would give away an album of new and original music, consisting of ten of the up-to-date class of songs that are now so popular, such as songs of sentiment, "coon" songs, "cakewalks," etc. These ten songs the Sunday World proposes to distribute, one each week with every copy of the Sunday World. When it is considered that the average price of new music, written and composed by popular authors, is from 30 to 35 cents, the unparalleled enterprise of the World in giving the song away with a big Sunday newspaper, for which only 5 cents is charged, is apparent. The World requests that we publish the following announcement:

A Music Album free. From Sept. 3 to Nov. 5 the Sunday World will issue weekly a song in sheet music form, with handsome colored cover. The entire set will be mailed, postage paid, for 50 cents. Remittances received after Sept. 3 will get the back numbers and each new number issued. Besides the song, the World will also send its colored Art Portfolio, which is a marvel of journalism; its Sunday Magazine, which equals the monthly periodicals, and its Comic Weekly, which excels every comic weekly in the United States except two, and in its comic scope equals these two 10-cent publications.

Write a postal card to the Sunday World Music Editor, Pulitzer building, N. Y., for a list of the songs.

### A New Burlington Book.

Railroad companies are great patrons not only of the liberal arts, but of that modern classical expression that printing, engraving and photography places within the reach of everyone.

The Burlington route has contributed its share to the sum total of railroad art and its latest addition will rank among the finest specimens of scenic souvenirs ever issued. It is the Burlington's book of St. Paul and Minneapolis, a rich oblong volume picturing first the magnificent train, then scenes along the route, then St. Paul and surroundings, followed by Fort Snelling and Minneapolis. In all respects, composition, letter press, illustrations and binding, it is a dainty volume.

Copies of this elegant book can be had by enclosing 25 cents (postage stamps not received) to George P. Lyman, general passenger agent, Burlington route, St. Paul, Minn.

Expenses of remittance can be saved by several persons combining their orders.

A VISIT TO THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Is a pleasure many Western people would like to experience when making a trip to the East. It doesn't cost any more to go through Washington to Philadelphia and New York over Pennsylvania Short lines than it does over direct route of that system. Tickets are good for ten days' stop-over at Washington. Ask H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for particulars.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# IN SPORTING CIRCLES

## Patterson Will Be Here For the Two Closing Games With Superior and Will Pitch Against Minneapolis.

### O'Dea Offers Advice to Would-Be Football Players.

### Duluth and Superior Play Ball Today and Tomorrow.

Barring cloudbursts, cyclones and earthquakes Duluth is due to take two more games from Superior today and tomorow. This afternoon's game will be called at 3 o'clock, and tomorrow's at 2:30, and both will be played out at the fair grounds. Next Saturday and Sunday's games will be played at Superior, and will end the series. If Duluth takes the game today and that of tomorow, the home team is likely to take the last two of the series, just to make it unanimous.

* * *

Either Mullaney or young Thiery is slated to pitch this afternoon's game for Superior, while Cox will mix benders for Duluth.

* * *

Superior, with the infie'd strengthened by Hart and Schwartz, will put up a much stiffer and more scientific game than last week.

* * *

The triple play that followed Hansell's remarkable catch of Thiery's drive in the ninth inning last Saturday will be the talk of the cranks in their old age. It was about as neat a play as has ever been seen on a Duluth diamond, and it probably saved the game, which at that stage was hanging in a balance.

* * *

The fans have not yet been able to draw up a set of resolutions in which to express their appreciation for Sheppard's home run Sunday. It came just at the right time, for it brought in four runs and shattered Superior's last hope of winning the game. There is one thing about Sheppard's playing, however, that the fans are frank to criticise. He is a fast short stop, and the way he fields a ball and gets it across the diamond is worthy of much faster company, but his anxiety to rush on a ball is frequently against his fielding record and costly to the team. Fred Ely, who is probably the most reliable short stop in the National league, used to say that it was impossible to field a ground hit with any degree of certainty, unless the fielder would select his place to meet the ball, and then stop long enough to recover from the run just before the ball reached him.

* * *

Some of the cranks are criticising Hansell for not playing "Loie" Kline behind the bat, and moving Featherstone or Page to first, and playing Edwards on second. A description of Matchett's catching and throwing to bases in Saturday's game would not look well in print, but Sunday he caught a good game and only allowed one man to purloin a base. Matchett is a handy man with the stick, and Hansell, who has played with him a number of years, says he is capable of much faster work, and predicts that he will soon strike his pace.

* * *

Page is a welcome addition to the team, but there is a strong impression that Edwards would be a better man at second. Page is not in the best of condition and his work would undoubtedly be faster if about twenty pounds of his avoirdupois would become lost, strayed or stolen. Page is a hard hitter, however, but he was up against the rankest kind of luck last week. He promises to make the Superior management sorry for past actions in the games today and tomorrow, and his diffidence in the first two games may be attributed to the strange uniform he was wearing.

* * *

Watchel's work last week should entitle him to a life job among the immortals. In the two games he scored six runs, made four clean hits, and accepted seven chances without an error, then to top off his performance he won four firsts in the Labor day races at Fond du Lac on Monday.

* * *

"Loie" Kline made a play in the ninth inning of Sunday's game, a description of which seems almost a paradox. Sheppard stopped a hot infield hit from Thiery and threw to Kline at first. On that one throw Kline put his man out at first, and then put another man out between second and third. He deliberately tucked the ball between his fingers, walked across the diamond and caught his man on the base line. The big first baseman also made a double play, unassisted in the seventh inning when there were three on bases. "Loie" seems to have developed a mania for long hits. On Saturday he helped himself to a two-bagger, and on Sunday he caused the hopes and aspirations of Jim Wiggs to drop far below their regular place of business by pushing out a three-bagger. If "Loie" could only have chartered Wachtel's feet for that occasion it would have been a home run.

* * *

The Superior team's poor showing seems to be a case of lax discipline and team work. Porter, who is supposed to pilot the destinies of the team when in the field, not only played a miserable game at second, but deliberately neglected to call infield plays, and as a result Wiggs, Thiery and Olson, on two different occasions gathered around in a circle and watched pop flies drop to the ground, unmolested. Then there was the collision between Keefe and Ritches while chasing a foul down along the first base line, in the sixth. Both players were badly hurt, and the misplay was entirely due to the failure of Porter to designate which man should take the ball. Then, too, Porter allowed O'Donnell, Ritches and Wiggs to unmercifully roast young Olson, who was having a hard enough time of it holding down third base, without having to stand this uncalled for abuse from other members of the team.

* * *

The promised return of Patterson for the two closing games of the series with Superior has created quite a flutter in the hearts of the fans who are set on making it six straight from the aggregation across the bay. Patterson has written that he will be here for these two games, and also to pitch against Minneapolis on Sept. 23 and 24, but there is a slight possibility that Comiskey may keep him with the Saints till they wind up the Eastern trip, which would mean that Patterson could not make connections here on the dates named. Since the great game he pitched against Indianapolis on Tuesday, the former Duluth twirler is being worked very hard. In his game against the hard-hitting Hoosiers Tuesday, Patterson struck seven men out and held the leaders of the Western league down to eight hits in sixteen innings. He did this, too, with the game against him for the first nine innings. The following score of the game by innings will give some idea of Patterson's great work:

R H E

Indianapolis—
6 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 8 4

St. Paul—
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—3 13 3

Comiskey evidently concluded that Patterson's work Tuesday morning was so good that he put him against the crippled Detroits the next afternoon after an all-night ride from Indianapolis, notwithstanding the fact that Denzer, Fisher and Katoll were due to pitch before Patterson's turn came round again. For five innings the Duluthian held the Detroits down to two hits, but in the sixth four singles and a glaring error by Lally let in three runs. The final score was 4 to 3 in favor of Detroit. Patterson struck out two men, gave two bases on balls, and the Detroits found him safely eight times. Patterson should have felt very much at home in this game, in view of the fact that only 435 people witnessed it.

* * *

The Herald has received an advance copy of Spalding's football guide for 1899. This publication is sure to be welcomed by all gridiron fans. It gives the layman an idea of how the game is played and what is necessary for the success of the sport, and describes the field and explains the general points. The book also contains an interesting review of Western football by Coach A. A. Stagg of the university of Chicago, and Pat O'Dea, of the university of Wisconsin, contributes a story on punting and kicking for the benefit of coming full-backs.

O'Dea is undoubtedly the best kicker football has ever produced, and his punts on record are even better than Herschberger's, although the latter's "spirals" are much more difficult to handle that O'Dea's straight kicks. In successful goals from the field the Wisconsin kangaroo player has never had an equal. Herschberger, who won the Michigan-Chicago game in '96 by his successful goal from the field, abandoned this style of play the following year and adopted the place kick. O'Dea, however, is still a firm believer in the policy of kicking goals from the field, and in last year's Wisconsin-Northwestern game he kicked a goal that is still the talk of experts. It was made from the 65-yard line, and the ball descended fully ten yards beyond the goal post.

In his advice to aspirants to the full back position, the great Badger captain has the following to say:

Two points to be carefully studied are the position of the hands and feet. In kicking a punt the ball is held just in front of the kicker as low as possible, with the lace portion on top. The ends should point to and from the kicker. The end nearest the kicker should be slightly higher than the end farthest away. The ball should be held with the hands on each side about center. The kicker should stand with the right foot about a foot in advance of the left foot if he is a right foot kicker; if he uses the left foot in kicking, the positions will be reversed. When ready to kick the kicker takes one step forward with the left foot, then allows the ball to drop naturally from the hands (do not throw it). The right foot is then brought forward with a swing from its position, so that the ball will be struck by the instep. This will effect a straight punt. The beginner should get this down well before trying to get a twist on his kicks. It is advisable when kicking to get some object to kick toward. This will aid considerably in obtaining control of the ball.

In trying for a curve the ball should be dropped slightly on the left of the instep if a curve to the right is desired, and vice versa for a curve to the left. (For a left-footed person the reverse will be the case.)

In kicking a punt from behind the line care must be taken not to out-kick the ends. To avoid this, distance must be sacrificed for height. The kicker must practice with the ends running down the field, so that his ends will be alongside their opponent when he is attempting to catch the ball.

It may be urged by many that the step forward brings the kicker one yard nearer the line; that is so, but he must allow for that by getting farther back to receive the ball. The object of the step forward is to get a full swing at the ball, thereby getting the full weight of the body into the kick.

In a drop kick the position of the feet is the same as for a punt. The ball, however, is held differently. It is held with one end pointing to the ground and the other to the kicker's head. The laced portion is on the side opposite the kicker. The ball is held on the upper portion between the center and top end, with a hand on each side, the top being inclined slightly toward the body.

The kicker takes a step forward with the left foot and allows the ball to drop from his hands, striking it with the toe of his kicking foot immediately it touches the ground; great care must be exercised to avoid throwing the ball to the ground; it must be let fall naturally, otherwise it will come away from the ground so quickly that it will be kicked with the instep instead of the toe, which will take considerable distance from the kick.

In receiving the ball from the center rush the kicker should stand from ten to twelve yards back of the line. This will give him ample time to turn the ball into its proper position, which can be done while the kicker is taking a step forward. The ball should be passed from the center about the height of the kicker's waist. Never let the pass be so low that the kicker has to stoop or step forward to reach it. A low pass is fatal. The kicker must stoop to receive it and has then to straighten up before he can kick successfully, and is therefore in danger of having his kick blocked. If, however, a low pass does occur, as it will, it is a wiser plan for the kicker to take a step to the side instead of forward and kick the ball sideways over the line instead of from facing the line. It is well to practice kicking from a position, receiving the ball in the correct position, even turn one's side to the line and kick across the line. This will save many kicks from being blocked. In practice never continue kicking after one's leg becomes tired.

* * *

The St. Louis club is higher in the race than it deserves to be. It is playing second-division ball of a pronounced kind, as its one victory in four games with the bogus Washington team shows. The responsibility rests with Manager Tebeau, who has exclusive control of the players, says a writer in the Omaha Bee. He is not hampered or interfered with in any way. The record of his team since his retirement from active duty is not creditable to him and is a disappointment to its patrons. Touted as prospective pennant-winners at the beginning of the season, they dropped steadily to the head of the second division. They climbed back to fifth place, only to lose it through their miserable work against the Washington club. Their only hope of finishing in sixth place is that the Chicago club's slump will continue. The record of the St. Louis team is a hard luck experience—for St. Louis.

* * *

There's no discounting the honesty of the players. The Cincinnatis to a man are pulling for Boston to win the pennant, yet beat them three out of four games last week without compunction.

* * *

Umpire Swartwood says: "Take them all the way through—in batting, fielding, base running and team work—the Baltimores are playing the best game of any team in the league."

* * *

Being "hit by pitcher" is a big factor in helping the Orioles to win this season says a writer who does not agree with Umpire Swartwood. They have gotten this down fine.

* * *

McGraw was the first and Keeler the second league player this season to score 100 runs.

* * *

Pittsburg has not won a game in Baltimore this season.

* * *

The Brooklyns were whitewashed in four of the five games lost to the Bostons.

* * *

Bert Jones, the southpaw, has left St. Louis for his home in New Mexico. He has adjusted his differences with the St. Louis club and will be with the Perfectos as soon as he recovers his health.

* * *

Boston has been shut out five times this season, twice in two days. Three of Boston's shut-outs have been scored on their own grounds. The pitchers who have applied the whitewash brush to the champions are: Nops, twice; Orth, Taylor (Cincinnati) and Phillippi.

* * *

Pitcher Frank Killen is filling Saturday engagements on the rubber for independent teams in Eastern Massachusetts.

* * *

Carrick and Seymour, of New York; Leever, Sparks and Chesbro, of Pittsburg; Katoll, of St. Paul, and Kitson and Nops, of Baltimore, are all graduates of the Atlantic league.

* * *

Record-smashing has been a notable feature of cycle racing so far this season. The achievements of the fast riders are all the more remarkable because previous records were thought to be as fast as possible. In this, as in horse racing, there is always room for a shave of the best record. The results to date are thus summarized by the New York Sun:

"Perhaps greater interest has been centered in the attempts to lower the 1-mile record than in any other single endeavor. During the last twenty years the honors for 'doing the best mile' have been forfeited and regained several times by English and American riders; but with all due credit to the former, it should be said that the record has been kept for the greater part of the time on Uncle Sam's territory, and that whenever fresh laurels were won by Englishmen they were quickly transferred to this country. For example, when Platt-Betts, in 1893, brought the time for a mile down to 1:35, it required less than three months for an American, Taylor, to make the time 1:32 3-5. And when the same English scorcher recovered the 1-mile honors on July 7 of this year by riding a mile in 1:31 2-5, he was obliged to relinquish them twelve days later to Elkes at Washington, D. C., who rode the distance in 1:31.

"Ten days after Elkes' feat McDuffee rode a mile in New Bedford in the surprising time of 1:28, which by many was regarded as unapproachable, at least so far as concerned this year's performances. In less than a week afterward, however, 'Maj.' Taylor, whose skill on the track last year won for him almost uninterrupted applause, startled the cycling world by making a fresh 1-mile paced record of 1:22 2-5 at Garfield park, Chicago.

"Among other feats of notable merit is the performance of Downey, a youth of 17 years, who on Aug. 13 reduced the time for five miles by 28 4-5 seconds. On Aug. 15 the national 1-hour record was excelled by Linton at Waltham, Mass., the new distance being 34 miles 1633 yards, or 410 yards better than the previous attempt. The world's 1-hour record, 35 miles 707 yards, is held by Taylore, a Frenchman. Linton also clipped four-fifths of a second off the best time previously made in a paced race for twenty-five miles, his record for that distance being 42:41 1-5.

"The present racing season is a long way from its close, and it would not be strange if other efforts equally gratifying as those of the last two months are heard of before December. Last year the cyclists' most spirited performances did not occur until November, when they took place in rapid succession. But whatever surprises the coming fall may have in store for the wheelmen and their friends, the competitions of the riders will be exciting and, we hope, instructive likewise."

* * *

The bicycle combine is going against the hardest proposition encountered by any of the trusts organized in New Jersey this year, says a writer in the Omaha Bee. The June frost, which nipped $40,000,000 of its proposed watered stock, had hardly melted before trouble arose about who should be president. It was supposed the honor would fall to A. G. Spalding as a proper reward for his services in organizing the combine, but the plum has not yet fallen into his lap. The trouble is that Spalding's promotion throws Col. Pope in the shade and friends of the latter do not take kindly to the plan. Evidence is abundant that the projected combine will not monopolize the bicycle market. New York papers report that several of the firms which gave options have issued statements to the trade declaring that they are not in the trust and are not going in, but are ready to compete in quality and price with all the world. There are several concerns which have steadfastly remained on the outside and have been standing like cats with arched backs ever since the "trust" began to form. These are by no means small concerns either, but at present it cannot be said whether they really intend to fight to the finish or to get their price. In some cases it looks as if only a finish fight can be expected, because the firms involved are ones that make their profits on other lines and manufacture bicycles as a side issue. Among the big Eastern concerns "on the outside" are the Waltham Manufacturing company, the Iver-Johnson Arms and Cycle company and the George N. Pierce company. The Iver-Johnson company has just come out with a preliminary cry of defiance. It was recently announced that a manufacturer in the combine had said that the price of high-grade wheels in 1900 will be $50. In response the Iver-Johnson company has announced that its highest grade chain wheels will sell at $35 and that they will market a chainless at $60. The product of this concern has always been recognized by top-notchers. Another firm is out with blazing ads in the trade papers to the effect that it was not connected with the trust and had bicycles to sell and would compete with all comers. This was supplemented by a signed statement, in letter form, that dwelt upon the proposition at length. The Waltham company has also declared its independence and defiance, the tone of all being the same. Each of these firms, under their different name plates, makes many cycles and each is reputed to be wealthy. Two of them have plants in which cycles are only a side issue. Whatever may be the ultimate outcome of the conflict among bicycle makers is apparently to be of passing benefit to the wheeling fraternity. The big drop announced by one of the manufacturing concerns is likely to be extensively availed of. But how much better it would have been from the rider's point of view, had this cut come at the opening instead of at the close of the season.

* * *

Perhaps the most curious use of the tricycle as a conveyance is that made by F. C. Warren, a Philadelphian, who has had constructed recently a machine for the use of his entire family. It is a peculiar construction, and will at once attract the attention of the passerby. While the wheel is a tricycle, it is built on a different principle from that on which most tricycles are constructed. It is in truth simply a tandem bicycle with an auxiliary wheel and the machine proper, there is a commodious crib, in which seats are provided for the four children that compose Mr. Warren's family. These are not yet large enough to ride for themselves and Mr. Warren takes this means of carrying them about. His wife rides the forward seat of the tandem and he himself occupies the rear seat. Another unique feature of the outfit is a locker under the carriage which supports the smaller Warrens, in which Mr. Warren carries a complete camping paraphernalia. Tents, blankets, stools and cooking utensils find a place there, so that overtaken at night on the road the family can conveniently pitch their tent without serious discomfort. Besides these things, there is hidden away in the locker a large awning, which can be spread on inconveniently hot days and will protect all hands from the sun.

* * *

The demand for lighter wheels is growing stronger in the East, and it seems certain that there will be developments in this direction in the near future. This will mean tubing reduced both in size and gauge. This will carry with it smaller hubs, balls, cups and sprockets.

There is also some talk of using a smaller front wheel, say, a 26-inch wheel. Many believe that broken forks are due to the shortened head, which was brought about through the demand for a dropped hanger. As a remedy for this trouble and a means for reducing the weight of a wheel the 26-inch steering wheel is entitled to some consideration.

* * *

One of the most recent inventions to guard against a collapse of the fork crown is a brace to fit over the fork. The brace is bolted to the head tube, the steel straps fitting on each side of the fork. Should a collision occur violent enough to break the crown the wheel will not be released. The weak point of a bicycle, if there is any, is at the fulcrum of the lever, the short end of which is composed of the front wheel and fork. All strains act on the lever at the fulcrum by the wheel striking obstructions and depressions in its path. A break at the fulcrum will throw the rider so that he falls on his face or head, and there are numerous cases where accidents of this kind have resulted fatally.

* * *

Cleaning the hubs of a bicycle is a thankless job that has exasperated many a rider. The arrangement of the spokes make them so hard to get at that much perspiration and patience is lost over the efforts to remove the seemingly undue amount of dirt that collects on them. A reporter saw a man at work on some hubs in a shop the other day, and his idea may be valuable to many. He had a bit of wood about as wide and as thick as a lath, but about a foot in length. Over the end of it, extending three inches down on each side, was fastened a piece of chamois skin. By using one side for removing the dirt and the other for polishing he did splendid work.

* * *

An English cycle trade paper prints the following in its serious column: "The chief enemies of cyclists in India are the mosquitoes, which not only puncture the rider's flesh, but actually bite through the tires."

* * *

Next year being presidential election year the League of American Wheelmen intends pushing various bills in the legislatures in the interests of wheelmen and thereby make the legislators of different parties place themselves on record for or against wheelmen just previous to the great political struggle. These bills will include laws intended to improve the highways, force railroads to carry bicycles as baggage in such states as are not already compelled to do so, requiring uniform ordinances in each state and many other items of importance to the cycling fraternity.

* * *

The announcement of the completion of an alliance between the League of American Wheelmen and the Cyclists' Touring club of England, marks the end of a series of negotiations which are paramount importance to American wheelmen who make tours of Europe in the future. The alliance is to be directly credited to President Keenan of the L. A. W., who made a trip to Europe this summer especially to conclude the arrangements. He accomplished his object in a two-fold way. First he completed the affiliation of the L. A. W. with the International Touring association, and, second, so far arranged the C. T. C. alliance that a cablegram only was necessary to make it a fact.

* * *

Three times "Kid" McCoy has been knocked out in the prize ring. Twice it has happened in the first round of a fight, once by his own carelessness, and the second time presumably from the same reason, discourses a sporting authority. A third time he was knocked out after several rounds of fighting against "Tom" Sharkey. Of the three knockouts the first is the most interesting, showing something of the nature of a fighter, who often exercises none too much caution in the ring, and his complete confidence in his ability to whip an antagonist who may have acquired some temporary advantage over him.

It happened in Cleveland in the gymnasium of the Cleveland Athletic club. "Billy" Steffers, now dead, was McCoy's opponent. He was a Toledo boy, very strong with his right hand, quite plucky and possessed a little knowledge of boxing.

McCoy was then a stripling. He was the picture of health, fast on his feet, quick in his hand work and with much the same style that time has perfected to its present degree of proficiency. He was as confident that he could whip Steffers as he was that the sun was coming up the next morning.

The men shook hands and the fight began. McCoy danced around Steffers, fiddling and working his long arms just as he has done many a time since then. He grinned and chatted and tried to convey, as well as he could, the impression that he knew how easy the fight would be, and would let it run for awhile.

Suddenly Steffers lunged forward, shot his fist into McCoy's jaw, and the facetious fighter tumbled to the floor like a bag of oats from a 10-story elevator. He was flat on his back, arms wide outstretched, and never moved.

The crowd did not know what to make of it. Some thought McCoy dead, so still did he lie. The referee counted ten and declared Stiffers the winner. Still McCoy did not move. He was picked up, limp and half lifeless, and carried to his corner, where he was revived. When he had fully recovered consciousness he slunk away the most crestfallen and sheepfaced young man who had been in the boxing ring for a long time.

Then came another challenge to Steffers, another fight, and McCoy easily showed his superiority over the other man. His first knockout had come before he had fought two minutes with Steffers.

From all indications the knockout he received in Chicago was on the same order. When McCoy is in the ring with a boxer whom he believes he can whip he is too likely to assume the part of the cat playing with the mouse, and it takes a good, hard blow sometimes to teach him a little prudence.

There are a great many persons who believe that he might have whipped "Tom" Sharkey had he kept at the sailor-citizen when he had him reeling like a drunken man, then on the floor, in the early part of the fight at the Lennox Athletic club. Overconfidence has been a failing rather than a blessing to the ambitious Hoosier. If he thinks an opponent a little slower than himself he is likely to take all kinds of chances.

* * *

Jim Jeffries' failure to get on with Charley Mitchell and Jem Smith proved a big disappointment to the patrons of boxing in London, who cannot draw a line on the boilermaker's talents unless he "tires out" one of the English heavyweights, such as "Chawley" or the fatheaded Smith. Articles of agreement were drawn by George Atkinson for the contest with Mitchell, but Brady and Foxy Chawley failed to agree on the division of the receipts, and 'tis whispered that Chawley would not consent to the contest unless Jim Jeffries agreed to do the gentleman, the gallant; to allow Mitchell to make a draw. Smith also stipulated that a peace statute be inserted in the articles that Jeffries must not be overrude. Both of these foxy Britishers demanded not only a draw, but 50 per cent of the gross receipts, and Brady wisely declined to meet the demands of this precious pair of worn-out has-beens. Mitchell and Smith are the only pair of heavyweights in England who can make even a mild bluff at putting up the stuffed gauntlets of war. Ted Pritchard never recovered from the setback given him by Jim Hall. Acting on the advice of his physician, Pritchard retired from the ring after the Hall affair. He was afflicted with heart disease, and was in danger of death if he continued in the ring.

England has failed to produce a heavyweight of the champion mettle since the days of Jem Mace, and it is a question whether Mace could have worsted his arch-enemy, Joe Coburn.

The featherweights reared by England within the last ten years have included such luminaries of the stuffed mitt guild as Billy Plimmer, Pedlar Palmer and Fred Johnson. Plimmer was the 116-pound champion of England, and the title was snatched from him by the clever little coster Pedlar Palmer, who is now training for his battle with Terry McGovern for the international 116-pound honors.

* * *

Tommy White, who beat Harry Lyons at the Dubuque carnival for the 126-pound championship of the West, has been signed by Tom O'Rourke to meet Oscar Gardner for twenty rounds at the Lenox Athletic club on Sept. 19. They are to box at 124 pounds for 50 per cent of the gross receipts. Gardner should beat White, as the latter's performance at Dubuque was a disappointment to his best friends.

Ben Jordan, the English boxer, has a tough job on his hands. He will be the opponent of Oscar Gardner. They will meet at the Coney Island club in a 25-round bout in October. This fight should be about the most interesting of those in which the Englishmen will take part, as Jordan has a decision over Dixon to his credit and the latter has one over Gardner. If the Omaha Kid beats Jordan he will certainly be in line for the featherweight championship.

* * *

Joe Kennedy, the Californian who arrived in New York the other day from San Francisco, is busy preparing for his coming battle with Peter Maher, which will take place at the Lennox club on Sept. 18.

Kennedy has secured training quarters on Jerome avenue, a few blocks above the place where Terry McGovern is putting on his finishing touches for Palmer, and he can be seen taking long runs along the road every day.

The Californian is in build somewhat like Jefferies. He is 6 feet in height and weighs about 185 pounds in condition. He recently defeated Gus Ruhlin in a twenty-round bout in San Francisco. He expects to put Peter Maher to sleep.

Maher was introduced to Kennedy last night for the first time since his arrival. Kennedy looked his opponent over carefully, and after Peter had left remarked to his friends that "it was easy." He was not greatly impressed with Maher as a fighter.

* * *

George Dixon is to have a chance at one of the English visitors who will seek glory and greenbacks in the roped arena in this country this fall and winter. The wonderful little boxer has been matched to meet Will Curley at the Coney Island Sporting club in October. Billy Brady, acting for the club by the sea, clinched the match this week. Dixon will doubtless be a worthy opponent for Curley, and if the later beats him he will be entitled to much praise. According to Brady, Curley is a wonder. It is needless to say he will have to be to defeat Dixon.

* * *

It is about settled that "Kid" McCoy and Tommy Ryan will clash at the Westchester club the last week in September for the middle-weight championship. They will go to twenty-five rounds at 158 pounds, weigh in at ringside, for a purse of $10,000 and 40 per cent of the picture privileges.

* * *

Billy Rotchford and Harry Forbes, the Chicago featherweights, have been matched to meet in a 25-round bout at the Coney Island Sporting club on Sept. 11. They will fight at 122 pounds for 50 per cent of the gross receipts.

* * *

Joe Choynski and Joe Walcott are matched to meet twenty rounds before the Broadway club, New York, on Oct. 17. If Joe does not put up a better fight than he did with Australian Jimmie Ryan at Dubuque, Walcott will very likely trim the Californian.

* * *

A cushion-carom match between Slosson and Schaefer is now regarded as a certainty, yet no word has yet been received from the "Wizard." Dick Roche, who is Schaefer's backer in the East, forwarded Slosson's offer, and, of course, cannot make any definite move until he hears from the West. But now Roche is pretty sure that Schaefer will be only too glad to accept the offer of a match.

* * *

Arthur De Coleard, of Philadelphia, has offered $15,000 for Star Pointer, the king of pacers. C. F. Klein, who represents Congressman White, of Cleveland, the great pacer's owner, may close negotiations for the sale of Star Pointer at that figure. At a sale in Madison Square garden in New York two years ago Star Pointer was sold for $11,000.

* * *

The old Nebraska gelding, Newsboy, 2:13¾, is doing service as a woman's road horse in Brooklyn, N. Y.

* * *

John R. Gentry, 2:00½, will probably never be seen on the track after this year.

* * *

All eyes in the yachting world are now turned toward the great international race for the America's cup, the first of which will probably take place on October 3. Since the arrival of the Shamrock and Erin a week ago Friday thousands of persons have looked them over, either from row boats or other water craft, or at Erie basin. The verdict has been almost universally against it. Naturally, in its ketch rig and after a hard fifteen days on the ocean, it would not look the trim racer which it will appear later, nor is this to be expected. Its lines above water are harsh, but at the same time denote power, and if the stories as to its depth are to be believed, great sail-carrying capacity as well. On the whole, there is no good reason why 3 to 1 should be laid on Columbia, at least so early in the season, nor is it believed that any yachtsman has made such a bet. Carried away by enthusiasm or patriotism, some such wager may have been recorded, but that is all. Upon a gambler's chance the long end of the bet is certainly the best.

Of course, it is known that Columbia is fast and its model is known to be good. It is also known that Shamrock is fast, although it has had but few trials, but not the first thing is known about its underbody, as this is what it sails on, nor its freeboard to any extent. It may be modeled under water even better for speed than Columbia, for all that any one knows.

A great many silly stories have appeared with reference to Shamrock since its arrival here, but probably the silliest of them all is the one which states positively that it will be docked at night, says an authority on yachts yesterday. It is difficult enough to properly dock a vessel of this character in broad daylight. With so short a keel—or, more properly speaking, fin—it is extremely difficult to place it properly and the variation of an inch or two might rack it badly enough to ruin its chances in the race. Neither Sir Thomas Lipton nor the docking authorities would take any such chances.




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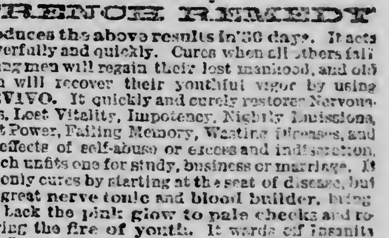
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You want, take a ride over the Park Point Electric line to O-at-ka beach. Steam Ferry connections at Canal. Half-hour service to 1:45 p. m. 15-minute service to 8 p. m. Half-hour service to 10:30 p. m. Special cars for picnic and other parties.

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# OF DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

## TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Winnie Oppel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Oppel, and W. A. Kingston were joined in the bonds of matrimony last Saturday in Duluth. The young couple are well known here.

Frank Connor left Tuesday morning for Two Harbors, where he has secured a position with the Duluth & Iron Range road.

Henry Leigh left yesterday morning for his claim at the head of the lake and will be absent for a couple of weeks.

Miss Nettie Everitts left this morning for Duluth where she will enter the Duluth Business university.

Misses Hattie and Nellie Harris, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. D. Ball for the past two weeks, left Thursday morning for Hibbing.

D. L. Wiseman has returned from North Dakota.

Albert Jochem, bookkeeper of the Tower Logging Railroad company of Bear Head lake was in the city over Sunday.

John E. Blake is on the sick list this week.

J. G. Ketcham, general manager of the Howe Lumber company, returned from his business trip to the Twin Cities Monday morning.

John Hickey Sr., came down from Ely Thursday and returned today.

Mr. Denis and daughter came up from Virginia Tuesday evening.

Forest Somers arrived Monday evening from Duluth and left Wednesday morning for the head of the lake.

John and D. Cameron left Monday for Mine Center.

Albert Dachsme came in from Robinson lake Monday and left Tuesday for Ely.

William Camfield came in from his homestead on Pine island Tuesday and left the following morning for Oshkosh, Wis.

William Welch left Tuesday morning for Virginia for a few days visit with his brother Jack.

D. Wittenburg, Jr., treasurer of the Tower Logging Railroad company, was a south bound passenger on Wednesday morning's train.

Merr H. Peck came in from the Vermilion dam Tuesday and left Wednesday for Duluth.

John Paple and August Ross left Monday evening to attend the firemen's ball at Ely.

Mrs. G. L. Ryan returned to Duluth Friday morning after a couple of weeks' visit with friends in the city.

Charles Oppel came up from Duluth yesterday evening after a few days' visit with friends.

P. H. Marlen left Tuesday morning to attend the state fair.

Mrs. P. Pastoret came up from Virginia Saturday evening for a few days' visit with her mother, Mrs. A. Cameron.

Mrs. P. Pengilly came down from Ely last Friday for a few weeks' visit with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Akerson left Tuesday morning for a few weeks' visit with friends at Minneapolis.

H. H. McNamara returned to Duluth Monday after spending a few days' visit with his many friends of this city.

C. R. Barrett and family left Tuesday morning for Eveleth, where they will reside in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Pickard and son returned home Saturday from Ripon, Wis.

Max Shapiro made a business trip to Duluth Monday.

Stephen Nichols, Jr., came up from Duluth Saturday morning for a few days' visit with his parents.

Mrs. B. Horwitz, who has been visiting Mrs. L. Bentson for the past week, left Tuesday evening for her home at Ely.

Misses Inga Grubin, Clara Sanberg and Emma Hystrom left Monday evening for a few days' visit among Ely friends.

Mrs. George Randolph returned home Friday evening after an extended visit with relatives at Mine Center.

George Kitto left Friday morning for Eveleth, where he has accepted the position of time keeper at the Fayal mine.

R. Brenton returned Thursday evening from his claim at 63-19 and left yesterday morning for his home at Duluth.

Walter Brown, who has been visiting Eddie Barnidge for the past six weeks, returned Wednesday morning to his home at Chicago.

Miss Nellie Newhall, of St. Paul, left yesterday morning for Mine Center where she will join her brother.

John J. Stone came up from Duluth Tuesday and left Wednesday evening for Bear Head lake, where he is building a boarding house.

Mrs. E. E. Baraldge returned home Monday evening after several weeks' visit among friends at Boston, Mass.

M. J. Baker and daughter arrived in the city Tuesday evening after a week's visit at Grand Rapids.

Sherman Maine, of Willow River, Wis., arrived Monday evening on his way to the gold fields.

Richard Williams left Tuesday morning for Biwabik for a few days' visit among friends.

Mrs. C. J. Lowman and two children left Friday morning for a two weeks' visit at Dakota.

George Tourist and Charles Anderson, of Duluth, left Wednesday morning for their homesteads at Crane lake.

Mrs. W. E. Freel left Thursday morning for Duluth to see her husband, who is under treatment at St. Luke's hospital.

Samuel Noden, postmaster at Harding, was in the city a few days of this week.

Oscar Kolb came in Thursday from his homestead at the head of the lake.

Charles Sexton, of Harding, passed through the city Monday on his way to Ely.

William Gallap left Tuesday morning for the head of the lake, where he will run the stopping place during Mrs. H. Walling's absence in Duluth.

Henry Dietrich came down from Mine Center Monday.

Mrs. S. Niles left Thursday morning for Nett lake where her mother is very ill.

Capt. E. Moreom returned Wednesday evening from his Duluth trip.

James Bigelow returned from Duluth Tuesday evening.

Mrs. William Doyle and children left Wednesday morning for a few days' visit among friends in Duluth.

A. Hystrom left Monday for a few days' visit at Duluth, whence he will proceed to Nebraska for several weeks' visit with his brother.

Miss F. Lowman, of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived this week for an extended visit at the home of her brother C. J. Lowman, of Soudan.

George Kitto will leave Monday morning for several weeks' business.

John Johnson returned Wednesday evening from three weeks' visit at Superior and Duluth.

Miss Julia Mahady, of Tower Junction, left Thursday morning for an extended visit with relatives at Virginia, Minn.

Rush Roberts left Thursday morning for the state fair.

Misses Hattie and Minnie Larrabee came down from the Vermilion dam Saturday and returned Monday evening.

Arthur E. Peck came in from Robinson lake Monday.

William Cameron arrived Saturday evening for a few days' visit with his cousin John Graham, clerk at the Pioneer hotel.

John Swallind came in from his claim at Harding Tuesday and left Wednesday morning for West Superior.

William McCarthy returned from his visit at Duluth Tuesday evening.

John Horkey returned home Monday evening after a week's visit with his brother at Lincoln, Neb.

Ed Purdy left this week for the Red Lake reservation to assist in a government survey. He will be absent about a year.

Albert Kitto returned Tuesday evening from Mine Center after an absence of several weeks looking over some properties which he owns at that place.

Mrs. George Williams returned Monday evening from several days' sojourn in Duluth.

Mrs. C. Ahbe, of Soudan, returned Monday evening from a visit with friends at Duluth.

Miss Gertrude Owen arrived this week from Dodgeville, Wis., and will spend the winter at the home of her uncle, D. W. Owen at Soudan.

Miss J. Major, of Winona, arrived Saturday evening for an extended visit at Soudan.

Mrs. E. E. Jeffery, of Soudan, returned from her three weeks' visit with her daughter at Duluth Tuesday evening.

The engagement of Dr. W. Delabarre, of Soudan, and Mrs. Elsie M. Congdon, of this city, has been announced.

Miss Anna Jeffrey, of Soudan, left yesterday morning for Duluth to enter the Business college.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ely left yesterday for Chicago, after spending about three weeks hunting in this vicinity. They will return in the fall.

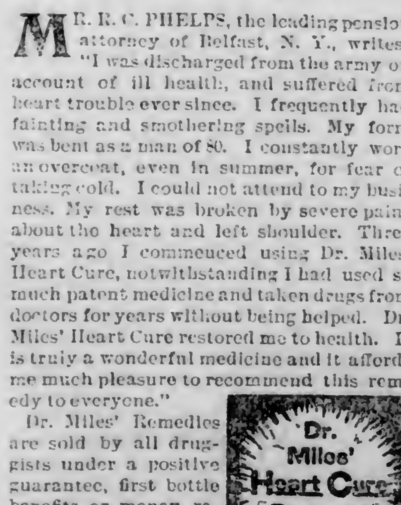
Miss May Congdon left Friday morning for Duluth for a few days' visit.

Mrs. Amos Shepherd and family, who have been visiting in the city for the past month, returned to Iron Mountain, Mich., yesterday morning.

William McCarthy left Friday morning for Duluth and will be absent about a week.

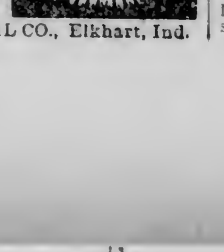

## Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Cures a Prominent Attorney.



MR. R. C. PHELPS, the leading pension attorney of Belfast, N. Y., writes: "I was discharged from the army on account of ill health, and suffered from heart trouble ever since. I frequently had fainting and smothering spells. My form was bent as a man of 80. I constantly wore an overcoat, even in summer, for fear of taking cold. I could not attend to my business. My rest was broken by severe pains about the heart and left shoulder. Three years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, notwithstanding I had used so much patent medicine and taken drugs from doctors for years without being helped. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure restored me to health. It is truly a wonderful medicine and it affords me much pleasure to recommend this remedy to everyone."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,




DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.


## NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Robert Millen, an old resident of this place, passed away Monday morning after an illness of about two weeks. Rev. Mr. Knudsen conducted the funeral services, which were held Wednesday from the house. The deceased leaves a wife, who has the sympathy of the community.

Miss Ica Mitchell, of Minneapolis, was the guest of Mrs. McGill Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Alice Jordan and A. J. Munroe spent Labor day with friends on Minnesota Point.

Miss Ida Parker visited Mrs. Burrell, of West Duluth, a few days this week.

C. H. Southworth was in Minneapolis on business Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Twannette Dash, of Duluth, spent Sunday and Monday with Miss Hermann.

The Clark & Jackson sawmill, which had stopped work a couple of days last week on account of the strike of the lumber pilers, started up Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Tupper were the guests of Miss Keyes Labor day.

H. C. Brown, of West Duluth, was in town Sunday.

H. C. Bowser is on the grand jury.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Hermann, Mr. McNaly and Miss Murphy were Duluth visitors Tuesday.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Simpson is very ill.

Mrs. William Allee, of Washburn, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Alex Allee.

Work has been commenced on O'Leary & Lower's new store building, and will be pushed as it is to be completed by Nov. 1.

George E. Tupper is doing jury duty this week.

Lightning struck the house next to Phil. Jordan's Wednesday night, wrecking it quite badly. The house was vacant fortunately, so no one was hurt, although the Jordans received quite a shock.

Mrs. Boyd and son, Julian, were the guests of Mrs. Hotchkiss Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Wallace and little son, formerly of this place, but now of Marshalltown, Iowa, are visiting old friends here.

Mrs. McKay is visiting in Minneapolis and attending the fair this week.

The new telephone to this place is nearly completed.

Rev. Mr. Knudsen found a fine plaid shawl on the road from here to Smithville, Monday.

The regular meeting of the Riverdale camp of Modern Woodmen was held Tuesday night.

The Lady Maccabees held a special meeting Thursday afternoon. They will give an entertainment on the evening of Sept. 16, and a New England supper will be served the same evening.

The Knights of the Maccabees gave a dance in the fire hall Monday evening.

## SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Harry Randall and son, Freeman, of Oneota, visited Mrs. Louis Overton Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Flynn visited in New Duluth Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillison and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Moline.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Ringdall and son, Louie, were in Duluth Saturday.

Walter L. Dash, of Duluth, visited here Sunday, the guest of A. Overton.

A. G. Renstrom was in Duluth Thursday on business.

Edward L. Dash, of New Duluth, spent a few days here this week, the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. G. Brink.

Oscar Nelson, the little son of August Nelson, had the misfortune to fall in a hole that the telephone people left and cut a hole in his head.

Mrs. Mary Hettenger spent a few days this week in Duluth.

Dr. Burnside and wife and daughter were in Smithville Monday.

Mrs. Edward Swenson and family spent Monday at Fond du Lac.

Mrs. M. S. Brink returned home after spending a week in West Duluth, the guest of Mrs. W. H. Sweet.

George Edwards and family, of Minneapolis, who visited his brother, J. H. Edwards last week, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Burg and daughter, of Lakeside, Mr. and Mrs. Peterson, Miss Randy Grader and Miss Rood, of Duluth, were the guests of Mrs. Andrew Olson.

Louis Overton and granddaughter Ethel, were in Duluth Thursday.

Miss Irene Olson is visiting Mrs. Peterson in Duluth this week.

Mr. Murphy, detective for the St. Paul & Duluth road, was in Smithville Thursday.

Mrs. W. C. Stearns spent Thursday in Duluth.

Ed Johnson, of Duluth, spent Monday here, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Peterson.

Irving Lenroot, of West Superior, who spent part of the summer at Spirit Lake hotel has returned home.

Rev. J. Raymond, of Tower, is spending the week with A. Overton.

Mrs. W. H. Sweet and daughter, Louis, spent Thursday in Smithville.

Henry Chamberlain was in Smithville Saturday.

The children of this vicinity are all getting vaccinated as it will be impossible to go to school without a doctor's certificate.

Miss Mary Campbell, who was staying with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Edwards, is visiting in Canada.

Miss Annie Segl spent Thursday in Duluth.

The family of Lawyer McHugh, of West Superior, who spent the summer here, returned to their home Monday.

Walter Lundquist, of New Duluth, spent a few days here this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Lundquist.

Mrs. W. C. Edwards was visiting in Duluth Tuesday.

Miss Julie Moline spent Monday here, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Moline.

## HIBBING.

Hibbing, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Peter McHardy has purchased the Van Horn property on Pine street for $900.

Township Assessor Thomas H. Irvin has returned from a tour along the Fosston branch of the Great Northern.

Daniel Rogers, of Grand Rapids, made a business trip here this week.

Attorney Frank D. Adams of the Missabe & Northern Railway company attended to business here this week.

Among those from this town enjoying the sights at the state fair, are Dr. M. H. Manson, Messrs. Campbell, Twitchell, Clendenning, G. Hostetler, Mrs. A. A. French.

The electric lights have been out since last Thursday owing to the moving of the machinery from the old to the new building. It will probably be fifteen days before they will be running again.

Mrs. Frank Hibbing is here attending to business.

A harvest dance was given at the Opera house last night.

Robert Maxwell has returned from a fortnight's visit in New York.

Joseph J. Stuart has purchased the lease interest of M. C. Meady in the Hibbing hotel. Mr. Sicard still continues in the business and the style of the new firm is Sicard & Stuart.

Messrs. Brady, Norden, Courtney, Cox, Gleason, Harkins, Kliffman, Ankenbrand, McHardy and Wieng represented our fire department at the Ely tournament Monday and Tuesday, and while not enough to comprise a regular team came back with flying colors, winning nine prizes and averaging well throughout. Eveleth with a full team secured first honors. The next tournament will be held in Eveleth next August.

## McKINLEY.

McKinley, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Fayal Iron company has reduced its ore shipments in consequence of the sinking of the steamer Houghton at the Sault and the blocking of commerce. It is expected that the other mines will also reduce shipments shortly.

Capt. Harry Roberts was up from Duluth a few days this week.

R. W. Boston, of Two Harbors, is now conductor on the Biwabik-Fayal short run.

E. W. Glass, of Duluth, was in town Tuesday.

Recorder Salmon transacted business at Virginia and Biwabik this week.

John Runquist, the contractor, has removed his steam shovel from the Sparta to a new contract he has secured at Two Harbors.

It is reported that work will soon be commenced sinking another shaft at the Roberts mine.

Conductor McDermott of the local freight is laying off this week.

William Weese has returned from Ontario where he has been visiting the past few weeks.

Three or four persons from here attended the firemen's tournament at Ely this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Holter departed Thursday for an extended visit with relatives in Sweden.

## SPARTA.

Sparta, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Clyde Bender is visiting relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Haley departed yesterday for an extended visit in Wisconsin and Michigan.

Theodore and Mrs. Driscoll returned Tuesday from a visit with Ely friends.

The Genoa Iron company has its No. 2 shaft nearly completed and will commence hoisting ore as soon as finished.

G. W. Wallace made a trip to Duluth Tuesday.

Clyde Bender came up from Two Harbors today for a short visit with his parents.

G. E. Gettleson & Co. have opened a clothing store in the Babich building.

Miss Birdie Butler departed for her home in Two Harbors Friday. She has been visiting Mrs. C. E. Mewheter.

Misses Aggie and Marie Penrod visited Sparta friends this week.

Mr. Parker, of Duluth, was in town Thursday. If a satisfactory franchise can be procured he will put in an electric light plant here.

A crew of Italian laborers employed by John Runquist on his stripping contract at the Sparta mine, struck Wednesday on account of their dislike for their foreman. They were immediately paid off, and their places filled with other Italians, who are receiving $2 per day.

M. McCarthy made a business trip to Duluth Tuesday.

## TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, Minn., Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Conductor Weese was called to St. Catherine, Ont., by the death of his mother, which occurred there a week ago.

W. A. Adams, who has been switching at Tower Junction for the past two weeks, returned to Two Harbors Tuesday.

Mrs. J. M. Latta visited in Duluth for a few days this week.

Dan O'Leary returned last week from Canada, where he has been visiting his mother who is quite ill. He says she is much better.

Conductor Boston left for Biwabik the first of the week to take a short run, making three short runs out of that place.

Ernest Cavillin was in Duluth Wednesday looking up a route for his trip East in a week or so.

A. H. Geisdorf, of Spring Valley, Wis., returned to Two Harbors Tuesday and will accept a position in the round house.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Kramer, Wednesday.

The Knife River bridge is being raised four feet. The gravel being used is hauled from Cloquet.

The roadmasters hold their convention at Detroit, Mich., from Sept. 12 to 16, and Mr. Shea will try and attend as a representative from the Duluth & Iron Range.

Mrs. V. C. Koneczny left Saturday for Minto, N. D., where she will visit her parents for a month or six weeks.

Edward Thierren left Saturday for a three weeks' visit in Montreal, Canada, where his aged mother resides, and is very feeble in health.

B. Pratt, the air expert, left Saturday for Montreal, Canada, where he will visit for a short time, afterwards visiting the fair at Toronto.

Paul Houle is holding down the pattern-maker's bench in the shops for a few days.

John McDonald is moving into his new house on Second avenue this week.

Miss F. M. Fowler, a trained nurse from Boston, and a sister of Harry Fowler, is in the city and is stopping at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Snyder.

Miss Katie School left here Saturday for Stillwater, where she will visit with her sister for a couple of weeks, and from there she will go to Emerald, Wis., where her parents reside and where she will remain. Miss School had many friends in Two Harbors who regret to see her leave.

John Peterson, of the blacksmith shop, left for St. Paul Saturday to attend the state fair.

Alex Carlson, the night watchman in the shops, has been attending the State fair since Saturday.

Miss Annie Olson, of Duluth, is visiting in the city with Mrs. Alton A. Radley.

A. W. James and family, who have been visiting relatives here for the past two months, returned to Oxford, Ohio, Monday.

Sam Howe and James J. Musolf were in Duluth last Saturday, making the trip on bicycles.

Miss Helena Brown and Miss Handgartner returned Tuesday on the Dixon from their two weeks' visit at Beaver Bay, and report a very pleasant trip.

Switch engine No. 45 bumped into some ore cars Tuesday night and smashed her pilot beam and tearing off the cab, injuring her to the extent of about $400. Four ore cars were put out of service on account of the bump.

B. C. King was in Sparta Wednesday inspecting boilers.

John B. Boyer left Tuesday for a short trip to Montreal, Canada.

Peter Pastoret took in the sights at the State fair the first of the week.

Martin J. Musolf, of Duluth, spent Sunday with his son, Joseph Musolf.

F. M. Spears, of Duluth, is transacting business at the court house this week.

F. F. James and wife are taking in the sights at the State fair this week.

William Burgess, of the Burgess Electric company of Duluth, was in the city Tuesday on business.

The engineers here will give a dance Friday evening, Sept. 22, for the benefit of A. C. Cooper, who is paralyzed in his left leg and is in the St. Mary's hospital in Duluth.

The Odd Men of Two Harbors gave a dog feast and ball last Wednesday evening, and entertained their guests in a royal manner. A musical program was rendered and a talk delivered by Dr. R. L. Pierce of Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. George Watts have started housekeeping in their new home on Third avenue.

M. O. Aubolee, who has been ill in a Duluth hospital for the past ten days returned yesterday.

Mr. Dunn, a man of a wonderful experience, will speak at the Y. M. C. A. at 3:30 Sunday.

George Spurbeck was confined to his home the first of the week on account of sickness.

John Sheehan visited in Duluth Labor day.

Pumper Johnson, of Cloquet, was in the city Tuesday.

Rev. August Nordla left Monday for Red Wing, Minn., to attend the annual conference and will be absent over Sunday. John Turnquist and A. G. Johnson will conduct the services in the Swedish M. E. church during Mr. Nordla's absence.

A. Seasted moved his furniture store to West Superior, Wis., last Friday, and will in the future be located on Tower avenue in that city.

Labor day was generally observed in Two Harbors, most of the places of business were closed and the shopmen took a day off.

A. C. Cooper was removed Monday from his home here to St. Mary's hospital at Duluth, where he will receive the best attention from the nurses of that institution.

P. J. Malley, of Ely, was a Two Harbors visitor Sunday.

Miss Edith Fulton returned from Ely Wednesday, where she has been visiting her brother Frank.

## EVELETH.

Eveleth, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Eveleth firemen went to Ely last Sunday on a special train to take part in the tournament held in that city on Monday and Tuesday. A very large crowd went from here. The fire department returned home Tuesday night with their pockets full of prizes won from the other range departments. Eveleth has the best department on the two ranges.

Clyde Campbell, of Hudson, Wis., came here Monday and is now in partnership with Lawyer M. D. L. Fuller.

Fred Boorman, of the Star force, returned Saturday after a month's vacation with parents and relatives in the southern part of this state.

A. J. Goss, cashier of the bank here, accompanied by his son, A. P., left for their home in Hudson, Wis., for a few days' visit.

O. D. Kinney returned Monday.

T. C. Grierson and family moved to Iron Junction on Thursday.

P. W. Healy and Ed Williams, of Sparta, were in town Thursday.

Miss Jeanie Fraser, of the Fayal, left Monday for Winona, Minn., to resume her school duties at the state normal school.

Charles Johnson left Monday for a few days' vacation with relatives in New Richmond, Wis.

John Mitchell went to St. Paul this week to take in the State fair.

Paul Kuehn is at the State fair this week.

Talboys & Campbell's store is on the way up the hill to its new location.

The baseball game between Ely and Eveleth at Ely last Sunday, resulted in a victory for our boys with a score of 11 to 10.

Rabbi Gittleson, of Minneapolis officiated here during the Jewish New Year.

## GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Wednesday morning all of the society-going people of Grand Rapids assembled at 10 o'clock at St. Joseph's Catholic church, to witness the marriage of Miss Adelina Paul to William Edward Martin. Both young people have resided here for several years and are well and favorably known. The bride is a niece of the Rev. Father Gamache, and the ceremony was performed by him, assisted by Rev. Father Valentine. The bride's attendant was Miss Loretta Doran, while S. J. Moran acted as best man. The ushers were J. S. Metzger, W. J. O'Donnell and James Doran. Immediately after the wedding ceremony was concluded, the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride, where a reception was held from noon till 2 p. m. The happy couple left on the afternoon eastbound train for a months' honeymoon in the Twin Cities and Chicago. Upon their return Mr. and Mrs. Martin will take up their residence among us.

The schools of Grand Rapids opened on Tuesday morning with a very large attendance. In the Central high school 2[illegible] pupils have been enrolled. Professor J. J. Carroll is again in charge and the following corps of teachers will assist him: Misses Cleveland, of Kansas; Gibson, of Brainerd; Miss Irish, of Little Falls; Miss O'Conner, of Princeton; Miss Little, of Winona; Maggie Doran and Mrs. A. F. Greve, of Grand Rapids.

Clerk of the Court I. D. Rasmussen, who has purchased the handsome cottage of F. F. Price on Hoffman avenue, will move his family in a few days.

J. P. Sims, of the Itasca Lumber company, can now point with pride to the handsome little depot and storehouse recently built by the lumber company at Deer River. This is the finest depot in this part of the country, owned by a logging firm.

The boarding school for girls, Villa Scholastica, opened Tuesday morning with a large attendance. A number of pupils from Duluth and neighboring towns entered. The school is in charge of the Sisters of St. Benedict.

Dr. Calely has returned from a visit of several weeks with relatives and friends in Philadelphia.

Rev. D. A. MacKenzie left on Thursday for a two weeks' vacation. During his absence Mr. MacKenzie will visit in Stillwell and Larimore, N. D.

The Woman's Literary club of Grand Rapids will hold their first meeting for this year on next Tuesday. The club this year will devote its attention to Roman history and the literature of ancient times.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Williams left on Monday for the Twin Cities, where they will visit for the next few weeks.

The Odd Fellows lodge of Grand Rapids has decided to build a hall of their own. The plans have already been made and in the near future the building will be erected. It will be a frame building, two stories high and the ground floor will be devoted to stores.

Rev. Father Valentine left on Wednesday for Park Rapids on a short business trip.

William A. Gates, of St. Paul, and Guy Eaton, of Minneapolis, transacted business in Grand Rapids on Wednesday and Thursday.

Attorney C. L. Pratt, wife and two sons are in Minneapolis this week, visiting relatives and taking in the sights at the State fair.

John Hofer is entertaining his father, J. J. Hofer, of Fountain City, Wis.

E. R. Lewis has returned from his claim in Rainy Lake, and will spend several weeks with his family here.

Miss Hattie Gibson, of Brainerd, returned to Grand Rapids Tuesday to resume her duties in the schools here.

Mr. and Mrs. John Costello were in the Twin Cities this week attending the State fair.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Kremer left this week for a month's visit with relatives in Saginaw, Mich.

Herman H. Chapman, superintendent of the state experimental farm, has returned from a short vacation in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. E. J. Henry, of West Superior, who has been here for several weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. F. A. McVicker, returned home Monday.

Rev. Dr. Forbes, of Duluth, addressed a large audience at the Methodist church last Saturday evening, on which occasion he gave his famous lecture "The Value of a Man." Dr. Forbes has many warm supporters in Grand Rapids and is always sure of an audience here.

County Register of Deeds A. B. Claire, has returned from a short trip to Duluth.

F. P. Sheldon, of the Lumbermen's Bank, is absent on a short business trip to the Twin Cities this week.

Mr. M. J. Baker and two children, of Tower, were in town several days this week, visiting at the home of Mrs. Frank Surprise.

Miss Jennie Foss, of Little Falls, who has been visiting here for several weeks with Mrs. Fred McVicker, returned home on Sunday.

J. J. Howe, of the lumber firm of Stitt & Howe, has been in town this week making extensive preparations for the winter's work.

Mrs. K. C. Lent is in Minneapolis this week, laying in her fall stock of millinery.

Judge Brady transacted business in Deer River on Thursday.

William C. Gilbert has been in the Twin Cities this week, attending the State fair.

James Doran, who recently returned from the Duluth Business university, has accepted a posotion as assistant clerk in County Auditor Farrell's office.

Mr. and Mrs. John Chisholm left on Tuesday for a few days' visit in Minneapolis and Duluth.

William F. Grenell, of Minneapolis, has taken the position of bookkeeper in the Lumbermen's bank, recently vacated by F. W. Farrington.

Miss Chink Cleveland, one of the teachers in the Central school, returned on Monday from her home in Kansas, to resume her school duties.

George Loranger, of Ashland, Wis., called on his old Grand Rapids friends on Thursday.

County Attorney J. R. Donohue and wife left on Tuesday afternoon for a short visit with friends and relatives in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

## BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Sept. 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Berkson, of Virginia, visited friends here Tuesday.

Mrs. Hamburg went to Virginia Friday, where she visited friends until Thursday.

Little Eddie Murphy met with a very painful, though not very serious accident. While Clarence Graham was chopping wood the ax slipped and struck the child in the forehead.

Miss McNellis, of Eveleth, spent Saturday and Sunday in Biwabik, the guest of Mrs. Graham and Mrs. Murphy.

Miss Brant, of Anoka arrived in town Friday and is now teaching in the Biwabik school.

Mrs. Schur, of Mesaba, was in town for a few days visiting with her son and daughter.

John Pierce, formerly of Biwabik, but now of Virginia, spent Sunday in Biwabik with friends.

A blaze in an outhouse in the rear of William Bennett's saloon, on Cincinnati avenue, called out the fire department Monday, but before the water was turned on the blaze had been extinguished. This was the first time the fire department had been called out in two years.

Mrs. Howard left Monday for Eveleth, where she will reside in the future.

F. S. Colvin was in Duluth on business the first of the week.

Mrs. Lamont, of Eveleth, spent Sunday and Monday in Biwabik, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dane.

The Biwabik schools opened Tuesday with an attendance of 150 pupils, while 20 or more will commence in a few days. The corps of teachers is composed as follows: Miss Adeline Tipple, of Minneapolis, principal and teacher of the higher grammar grades; Miss Brant, of Anoka, teacher of the lower grammar grades; Miss Featherly, teacher of the intermediate grades, and Miss McHolland, of Shelton, Wis., teacher of the primary grades.

Mrs. Graham visited with Eveleth friends Tuesday.

M. Rabinowitz went to Virginia, where he held the New Year exercises of the Hebrew congregation there.

Mrs. P. Foss is seriously ill at her home on Chicago avenue.

Frank Faber was in Virginia on business matters Tuesday.

Jeannette Glassner was in Virginia visiting friends Wednesday.

P. L. Kimberly, formerly of Biwabik, but now of Iron Mountain, Mich., called on friends here Wednesday.

Mr. Williams, of Tower, who for a short while taught in the Biwabik schools, was in Biwabik Wednesday.

Steven Prince has resigned his job as brakeman at the Drake & Stratton Co., and has enlisted in the army as drummer boy. His command will leave for the Philippines within a few weeks for active service.

The United States army will have a recruiting station here Friday and Saturday.

Jed Schilling left Wednesday for Duluth, where he will attend the business college. He was accompanied by Mrs. Schilling.

Mrs. Sellwood returned from Duluth Wednesday, and Mr. and Mrs. Sellwood will immediately commence housekeeping in the new Harlow cottage.

William Tikander went to Duluth on business Wednesday, returning the same evening.

Gus Johnson, who went to Sweden on a visit six months ago, has returned. He says that Sweden is a good country, but that the United States is better.

While the 6:45 passenger train was pulling out from the depot Wednesday, a man fell off the steps and turned head over heels into a ditch. The train stopped and took him aboard.

Miss Minnie O'Hara left Thursday for Duluth, where she will resume her studies at the Sacred Heart institute.

On account of the blockade at the Sault, the Biwabik mine has closed down operations for a week or ten days, as they have no cars.

Gulbranson Bros. are now employing about twenty men at their stripping contract at the Duluth mine.

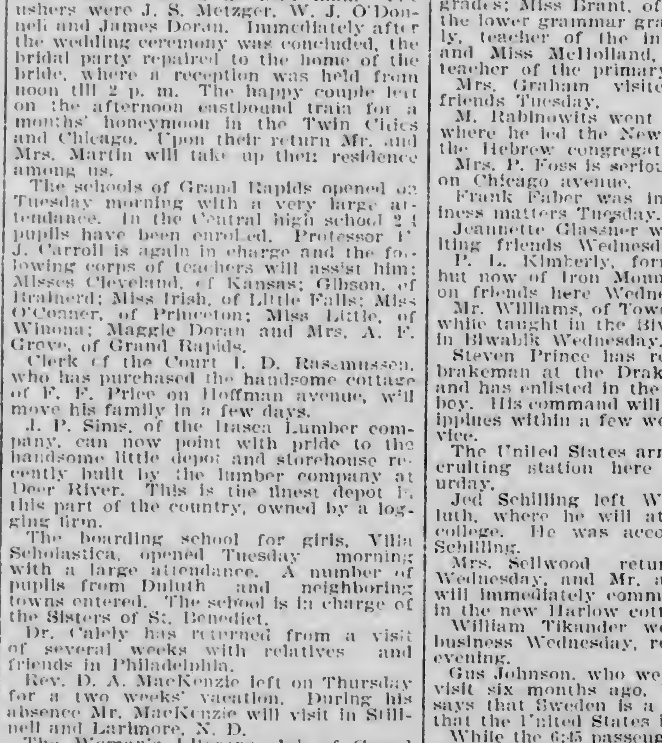
A man employed at the Biwabik mine had his shoulder blade broken, and was sent to the Duluth hospital on the noon train. While trying to raise a heavy rail, it slipped and broke the shoulder blade. His name is unknown.

Postmaster Browne went to Duluth on official business Thursday.

Davis & Davis have stopped shipping from the Kanawha mine, and are now only doing the stripping.

Miss Jo Ryan was in McKinley visiting friends Monday.

Marshal O'Hara was in Duluth on official business Monday.


**By big and little old and young The praises of this hats are sung.**

**Williamson & Mendenhall,**
Sole Agents.


## PACING RECORDS SMASHED.

### Giles Noyes Sets a New Mark at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Sept. 9.—All Minnesota pacing records were smashed yesterday at the state fair races by Giles Noyes, who won the 2:07 pace for a purse of $1000. He established a track record of 2:05½, which at the same time becomes the state record, and he went further and paced the three fastest consecutive heats ever paced over a state track.

The running race was a mile dash in which six horses were entered. Melody won the race by three lengths, Sunburst second and Frisco Ban third. Time, 1:47¾.

The 2:07 pace, best three in five, purse $1000 of which $500 went to the winner. Won by Giles Noyes. Time, 2:06¼, 2:05½, 2:07¼.

The 2:16 trot, best three in five, $1000. Won by Josephine Dixon. Time, 2:11¼, 2:13¼, 2:12½.

## ROOT SUPPORTS MILES.

### Sustains His Judgment on a Rapid Fire Gun.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Some months ago Gen. Miles recommended the purchase of a number of rapid fire guns for use in the Philippines. His recommendation was as president of the board of ordnance and fortifications. Gen. Buffington, chief of ordnance, disapproved the recommendation. One reason for the visit of Secretary Root to Sandy Hook was to see this gun tested and decide upon its merits.

Secretary Root, it is said, has decided that the gun should be used. It is not known how many will be sent to the Philippines.

## FOUND SOME OF THE MONEY.

### Missing Omaha Cashier Had Money In His Effects.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 9.—Half of the $10,000 stolen from the Nebraska National bank by Railroad Teller Ned H. Copeland, was found today among Copeland's effects. The shortage will be made good by the American Surety company, who is on Copeland's bond. Aug. 2 the railroad made deposits of $77,000, but there was one cash item of $37,000. Two slips taken to the paying teller recorded deposits of $68,000. There was a cash item of $21,000 made on the slip sent by Copeland to the railroad, the $21,000 item was raised to $31,000, and the total, $76,000, was raised to $77,000, making the slip tally with the auditor's account.

## McLEAN'S AIDS.

### Members of the Campaign Executive Committee Chosen.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 9.—John R. McLean, the Democratic nominee for governor, met with the state central committee yesterday afternoon to select an executive committee to conduct the campaign. The following were chosen: Herman Groeszeck, Cincinnati; William Shine, Sidney; D. D. Donavin, Desper; Frank Harper, Mount Vernon; F. H. Southard, Zanesville; O. S. Rockwell, Kent; C. N. Haskell, Ottawa.

It is understood Hon. James P. Seward, of Mansfield, will be chairman.

### SAYS WILL BE NO WAR.

London, Sept. 9.—Montague White, the consul general of the Transvaal republic in London, said to a representative of the Associated Press last evening: "I assure you on the authority of a cabinet minister that there will be no war with the Transvaal. In fact the queen will not permit war. I received a telegram from Pretoria today assuring me that the Transvaal government quite understands the situation regarding the peace party in England and is in no wise misled by speeches or demonstrations."

### SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

Washington, Sept. 9.—One hundred and twenty-five delegates were in attendance at the first meeting of the Spanish-American war held in this city yesterday. Gen. Joseph Kiefer presided. A resolution was adopted providing for a permanent organization and to accomplish this end committees on credentials and plan of organization were appointed.

Gen. J. Warren Kiefer, of Ohio, was elected commander-in-chief.

### JIMINEZ AT MOCA.

Moca, Santo Domingo, Sept. 9.—Gen. Jiminez arrived yesterday afternoon at Moca with an escort of 500 cavalry, largely augmented by armed horsemen from the villages along his route. Everywhere the utmost enthusiasm is displayed.

### ANTIGO MILL ATTACHED.

Milwaukee, Sept. 9.—A Journal special from Antigo, Wis., says: The Antigo screen door sawmill and furniture factory has been closed by attachment of creditors. The liabilities are placed at $50,000 and the assets at $65,000.

### CARNEGIE'S AMBITION.

Chicago, Sept. 9.—A special to the Times-Herald from Pittsburg says: Friends of Andrew Carnegie believe the report from London that he will be a candidate for parliament. He will not have to renounce his American citizenship because he has never been naturalized. It is not Mr. Carnegie's intention to give up his residence in America although Skibo will be his permanent home, his friends say. Mr. Carnegie wants to see an alliance between the Uniter States and England. This is why he wants to go to parliament.


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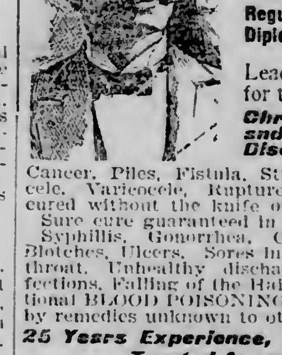
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PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE, feed and fuel.—U. S. Indian School Service, Tower, Minn., August 15, 1899. Sealed proposals, endorsed "Proposals for beef, coal, etc.," as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minn., will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m. of Sept. 15, 1899, for furnishing and delivering at the school, during the year ending June 30, 1900, about 35,000 pounds beef, net, 20,000 pounds flour, 20,000 pounds bran, 100 tons coal, etc., etc., a full list with specifications and instructions to bidders being obtainable from the undersigned.

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Duluth Evening Herald, Aug. 15, 21 t.


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DEFECTIVE PAGE

# GOSSIP OF THE STAGE

## Oliver Scott's Minstrel Carnival to Be at the Lyceum Tonight.

## YON YONSON COMING

## Swedish Dialect Comedy Will Be Here Next Week--- Footlight Flashes.

The bill offered at the Lyceum this evening will be Oliver Scott's Big Minstrel Carnival. Their entertainment appeals to all classes and is entirely free from all objectionable features. It is of a refined nature and is an entertainment that all classes can visit with propriety. Every performer connected with the entertainment is colored, gathered up from all sections of the world. Many of the features and specialties introduced will outrival those of their white brothers. This company was originally known as the Al G. Field Real Negro Minstrels, but was purchased last season by Mr. Field's partner, Oliver Scott, who will conduct it in the future under his own name. The first part, or overture, is said to be the most elaborate and expensive first part ever presented by a minstrel company. Then comes the olio, in which the high class specialties are introduced. Arthur Maxwell, colored trick bicyclist, said to be the most wonderful of the age; Clarence Powell, James White and Billy Miller, minstrel comedians; Henderson brothers, colored acrobats; the great Tie Kitchie, Ver Valin and Goodman, refined exponents of musical comedy, and a dozen others of equal merit.

"YON YONSON" COMING.

The announcement that "Yon Yonson" is coming to the Lyceum theater next Saturday for , matinee and evening performances cannot fail to please a very large number of theatergoers, for this is one of the favorite plays whose coming is looked forward to from season to season. This year the performance is said to be brighter and better than ever, for not only has the management put the play into the hands of the strongest company that has ever played it, but they have introduced a number of new and interesting specialties. The company is headed by Arthur Donaldson and includes Annie Mack Berlein, Beatrice Norman, Grace Hazard, Edith Hall, E. J. Mack, E. Guy Spangler, Clinton Maynard, Sidney Craven, George Lund and William Kouns.

The generosity of theatrical folk was displayed in a most substantial manner in Minneapolis recently when the California volunteers returned from the Philippines. The theatrical managers of the city arranged a big benefit performance to take place at the Orpheum theater and all of the prominent actors and actresses who happened to be in the city took part. The boxes were sold at auction as well as the choice seats, many of the former bringing as high as $100 each. David Belasco and Daniel Frohman paid $25 each for the choice of parquet seats, while others paid as high as $20 and $15. The benefit netted over $10,000, all of which went to help certain of returned heroes. Among the performers who participated were Edna Wallace Hopper, Henry Miller, Clay Clement, Blanch Bates, Daniel Frawley and Margaret Anglin.

"The Girl From Maxim's," this season's "The Turtle," was disclosed in New York recently. Josephine Hall did the title role. Said William Winter in the Tribune: "And a wonderful thing it is to consider that an audience can be found in such a city as New York, with all its pretentions to intellectual taste, long will admire and applaud a woman for antics that are a disgrace to that womanhood which ought always to be reverenced and that dignity of life and refinement of manner which it is the chief mission of the stage to exemplify and enforce." Another imported play, "A Little Ray of Sunshine," for which the English cast was brought over, was voted dull by the New York critics.

Just at present preparations are being made to launch Jessie Bartlett Davis as an operatic star, and the company surrounding the stately contralto will, it is said, include William Broderick, basso; William Phelp, tenor; William Pruette, baritone, and Harry Brown, comedian. Mrs. Davis' niece, Belle Bartlett, who has recently finished her musical education, will be the leading soprano. The operas to be presented by this company will probably be "Carmen," "The Bohemian Girl," "Fra Diavolo" and a new one if it can be secured. It is said that the singer's real reason for leaving the Bostonians was that her privileges were to be curtailed and she was not to be so prominently featured as the soprano, Miss Bertram.

Edwin Stevens is a comedian who, because he was as long as De Wolf Hopper, was selected to follow that oratorical funny man in "Wang," but he made a success in the part because he was clever and not on account of his height. Before "Wang" he had followed all of the gods which dwell in the vicinity of Thespis and immediately thereafter Augustus Daly engaged him and made him play various members of Shakespeare's family of clowns. Then he fell back into comic opera as it is exploited in San Francisco, which is sometimes very weird, and later on he devised some slight of hand tricks and a bit of monologue, the same with designs upon variety, but he has now returned to the legitimate fold amid much rejoicing. Henry Miller was playing in San Francisco and the departure of E. J. Morgan left him in dire need of a leading man. Stevens was engaged and played the king in "Hamlet" and several other parts so well and seriously that some of the San Franciscans had to look up their old programs to convince themselves that they had ever seen him in comic opera.

Among the lesser known performers, Irene Vangrugh and Martin Harvey stand unconsciously forth as having made noticeable progress; but there is no denying that the most striking acting success of the season has been produced by an American—"Dapper" Nat Goodwin, to-wit, with his admirably managed voice, his easy deftness, his cleanness of gesture and his unfailing sureness of touch, says a writer in the London Leader. And here let me incidentally remark, that the Americans brought us another good thing (which they brought us the American girl. It is notorious that the briskness of "The Belle of New York" girls did more for that piece than any other cause, and "El Capitan" has not only an equally mercurial company of chorus ladies, but has brought us also the brightest and most artistic soubrette seen in London for many years in little Jessie Mackaye. I never saw any girl convey so much dash and "go" with an audacity so delicately free of "fastness" and immodesty. When I think of her glance and gesture, swift and clean as the flash of a blade in the sun, and then turn back in remembrance to the suggestive "windiness" of the customary bedrouged blonde, with the sticky, black-gummed eyelashes and improbable aureole of golden jute, I unanimously bless the American alliance, and could even wish it were a little closer.

The title role of "Miss Hobbs," the play by Jerome K. Jerome, in which Annie Russell is to open her second season as a star, is that of a young person of the new woman variety, who is a man-hater and generously dispenses advice to the married and single members of her sex about the weakness and shortcomings of men. Mr. Frohman does not seem very happy in his selection of parts for this actress, whom a great many theater-goers have set upon a pedestal as the greatest of ingenues. Miss Russell scored her greatest successes as Elaine, Esmeralda, Hazel Kirke and Sue, and it will be hard to picture her playing a part that would seem written to fit Johnstone Bennett or Blanche Walsh as she was five years ago.

The regular season has already opened in New York, but the two so-called comedies which served the opening purpose: do not give rise to any cheerful comment by those observers who put their observations in print. The earlier venture was an importation by the managers who put forth "My Friend From India" of an English comedy and English players to interpret it. The piece is called "A Little Ray of Sunshine" and is evidently bread and butter comedy of the brand most to be stocked from our English cousins. The little isle. The next was a farce from the French, and naturally, considering its source, a bit rarer than the English product. "The Girl From Maxim's" exhibited a most improper person, but she arouses some amusement and a hearty laugh, like charity, covers a vast lot of misbehavior.

A new play, called "The White Queen," by Mr. J. W. Boubling, was lately produced at the Grand Theatre, Islington, London. The plot is the love story of Charles Brandon and Mary Tudor, so effectively treated last year in Mr. Edwin Caskoden's interesting and spirited novel, entitled "When Knighthood Was in Flower." The play indeed, seems to be founded on that book. It is, however, described as a "dledge of verbiage," and it was a failure. Mr. Caskoden's novel contains at least one good dramatic situation, and it tells a whining story, so that an effective play might perhaps be made out of it by a competent dramatist.

Edwin Milton Royle evidently likes the variety business and finds the invention of lines a more delicate and exact sketch easier than the construction of a four-act drama. Royle intends to remain in the varieties and to that end has written a new one-act play which he calls "Tim's Troubles." He now has four of these, "Captain Impudence," "The Highball Family," "Miss Wallet of Wall Street" and "Tim's Troubles," and is prepared to accept long engagements with weekly changes of bill.

Montgomery Phister's new play, written for Fanny Rice, is called "The King's Player; or a Page from the Life of Nell Gwynne." It is described as a romantic comedy in four acts. The author is one of the best known dramatic critics in the United States, and has already contributed some exceptionally clever comedy writing to stage literature.

Ada Gray, the actress, who has played in "East Lynne" throughout the West for nearly a quarter of a century, has recovered from an operation performed recently at the Cancer hospital and will soon reorganize her company and reappear in the melodrama with which her name has been so intimately associated.

M. Emile Moreau, who collaborated with M. Sardou in writing "Mme. Sans Gene," has written a new play founded upon the career of Jeffreys, the famous justice of England under James II, whose brutality is historical. Mr. Mansfield has secured the American rights to the play, which will be produced in England by Sir Henry Irving and in France by Coquelin.

A. C. Calmour's new play, called "The Lord of the Manor," will be presented at the Lyceum theater, in New York, in the course of the present season. An English version of the French comedy "Ma Bru," by Messrs. Hilhaud and Curre, is also promised. This is a dramatic skit at the husband's mother, who can, if so disposed, create quite as much domestic disturbance as the mother of the wife.

Henry Irving and Ellen Terry, as already announced, will arrive in New York toward the end of October, and will make their re-entrance at the Knickerbocker theater, presenting "Robespierre." Later Miss Terry will act in Mr. Calmour's romantic, fanciful and beautiful play of "The Amber Heart."

Henry Miller, Edward J. Morgan and Daniel Haridin are to be associated in a presentation of the drama—one the story of Sidney Carton, in "A Tale of Two Cities"—entitled "The Only Way," which will be made at the Herald Square theater on Sept. 18.

The massacre of St. Bartholomew will form the basis for the plot of the new play for Henry Irving.

Helene Modjeska has accepted a new translation of the powerful German tragedy "Deborah," which is better known here as "Leah the Forsaken." This latter version is the work of Elizabeth Campbell Wincer, who has also sold a play to Charles Coghlan.

The Herrmanns are making trouble for each other nowadays in a style most vigorous and it is all because Leon Herrmann is being advertised as Herrmann, the great. Mme. Herrmann cannot use the title herself, but she does not propose to allow Leon to use it and there are prospective lawyer's fees in the controversy as it now stands.

The Bostonians have begun rehearsals for their new opera, "The Robbers of Badayez," and will present it for the first time early in October. The English libretto, entirely new and distinct from the original Italian version, is by Frederick Ranken and the music is by J. Minskowsky.

The announcement is made that in "Sister Mary," May Irwin will have more music than dialogue allotted to her and instead of unravelling a plot and setting up the business many of the other characters, she will unburden her soul of songs of various styles whenever the plot threatens to thicken too much.

Amy Lee is to marry A. G. Delamater, whose enterprises include "Greater New York." Miss Lee will star in "Miss Harum Scarum" and next season will be seen in "What Shall We Do," the author of which is Thomas A. Addison, editor of the Jacksonville Times-Union.

Sarah Bernhardt, after a provincial tour of France, which she has just begun, will return to Paris in November and will then produce a new play called "Aiglon," written by Mr. Rostund, the popular author of "Cyrano de Bergerac."

William A. Brady, who seemed to have abandoned the management of pugilists and returned to the management of plays and players, brought back from London last week a star that Richard Mansfield and Ada Rehan were to act together over there in "The Merchant of Venice."

Peter F. Daly, the comedian, had his Scotch collie dog Ben stolen the other day. The dog was presented to Daly five years ago by Andrew Carnegie. He has captured seven first prizes at dog shows.

Montgomery Phister, author of "The Soap Bubble," has written a play for Fanny Rice, entitled "The King's Player; or a Page from the Life of Nell Gwynne." Felix Morris will probably take the leading male character.

Harry Connors seems to be having a prosperous time of it in Australia with the Hoyt plays he took there with him early in the summer. He has "A Stranger in New York," "A Trip to Chinatown" and "A Day and a Night."

Edwin Milton Boyle has written a new sketch called "Tim's Troubles," which he and his wife, Selena Fetter, will use in the continuous shows.

In the company that plays "Shore Acres" this season, Charles Craig will enact the character so long associated with James A. Herne.

Tom Ricketts, who used to be an operatic comedian, is going to play the part of the German in "Who is Who," this season, and Eva Tanguey, the most gurgling of soubrettes, has the soubrette role.

John Hare is coming to America to present "The Gay Lord Quex" but not until next year.

Ada Rehan, it is expected, will sail for America early next month to arrange for her starring tour in Shakespearean plays.

Maurice Grau now sports the grand cross of the Legion of Honor and he got it for a song.

Tom Karl, the once favorite opera tenor, is teaching young singers in New York.

Adelina Patti has been offered $5000 for two concerts in Berlin next winter.

"Secret Service" is being acted in Australia.

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# THE HABITS OF THE TEAL

A Honey Creek, Wis., letter to the New York Sun says: The first flight of the teal is on. A week ago a detachment of them rose from the Horicon marsh, where they were bred, circled three to get their bearings, then led by a duck of three seasons of experience, darted away to the southward. There were two smaller flights on that day. The next day there were half a dozen. From that time the southward trend has been steady. By the middle of September the number of the birds in this state will be diminished perceptibly. Six weeks hence there will not be one north of the mouth of the Illinois river.

The teal vary widely in their ability to withstand chill and in their desire to roam. Each year their migration extends over nearly two months. The fact that during part of this period the stream of them pouring down to the gulf is practically unbroken is some evidence of their enormous number. Hunters hereabouts are unable to perceive any of the game are unable to perceive any of the game extinction threatened by many writers upon field topics. Autumn after autumn the same millions rise and wing their way to warmer lands. Possibly the preservation of the wild ducks in their inestimable numbers is due to rigorous game laws rigorously enforced in all the states in which they breed.

The shooting season in Wisconsin is very brief. In other Western states it is not much longer, and in all of them the number of birds a man may kill in a day is much restricted. A man who goes into South Dakota, for instance, to shoot mallards or wild geese, must first take out a ten days' license, for which he pays $25; he is not permitted to slay more than twenty-five head in one day and he may not ship any of it outside of the state. Just why a man who is not permitted to kill more than twenty-five ducks in a day for which he pays $25 is not allowed to send some of them to hungry friends not fortunate enough to live in South Dakota has never been explained, but the law is there to stay. The same safeguards are thrown about the wanderers of the air in Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota and other commonwealths in this part of the country.

Men who have used the shotgun in an amateur way since boyhood complain, with some show of reason, that all of the public kindness is reserved for the ducks and not any is left over for humanity. Whether or not the laws are responsible for the maintenance of the game supply, and in many regions its positive increase, it is a fact that the supply of flying targets did not seem to lessen any before there were such laws. It is contended by old hunters and other observers that in matters of this kind nature has an unfailing balance by which she keeps things as they should be. If less ducks are killed less are produced. If more are killed, more are produced. If man is restricted in his slaughter of the innocents, the restriction is almost certain to be followed by a marked increase in the number of the natural enemies of the birds, or by an unfavorable season, or by both. The supply of ducks and quail and geese and grouse is kept at its proper status just as the proper supply of fish is kept in the sea.

Probably the Horicon marshes of this state are the greatest breeding grounds for teal in the world. They make a desolate stretch of country of bogs, little dark winding streams, many lakes of shallow depth, small islands of quivering land only a little higher than the morass, weed-fringed ponds and thousands upon thousands of acres of wild rice. No man knows all of the intricacies of this desolation and no man will ever know. The gamekeepers of the various clubs which own the shooting surface get about in light broad-bottomed punts and look after the ducklings as if they were privately reared poultry. These men wage an unceasing warfare on foxes, minks and all other predatory fauna, and it is their duty to note carefully and report the condition of the duck crop to the sportsmen who pay them. They are down on the dozens of poachers also and, first and last, a good many of them have been filled from head to heel with shot. Sometimes the encounters result fatally.

The Horicon marshes contain hundreds of square miles, and it is likely to be a century or two before the increase of population forces their redemption into arable land. They mark the extreme southern breeding point for wild ducks in any number. Occasionally it happens that a hen in the spring on her northward flight will find herself heavy with ova and will stop to build her nest far below the swarms of her kindred. These, however, are merely segregated instances. In general the wild ducks of different varieties find their breeding places from the Horicons to the shores of Baffin's bay. Those breeding in Wisconsin are almost wholly teal, though occasionally there is a spoon bill or a sprig tail among them.

In the fall there are ducks of all varieties on the marshes until the surface is frozen over solidly, but they come from farther north, and generally not until the home-bred teal have taken their departure. The birds leave for the South in the order of latitude in which the live and their succession of departure never varies. First go the teal, then the spoon bills, then the sprig tails, then the gadwells and other forms akin to the widgeon, then the lordly mallard, then the canvasback and then the wild geese. The teal are much less able to stand cold. They get into the milder climates of the gulf countries long before there is any need that they go and they stay as long as possible. Teal have been killed in Texas as early as the middle of August, the most torrid part of the year down there, and they are always frequently visible along the gulf as late as the first of April.

Of this bird there are two varieties, one much less hardy than the other. They are the blue winged and green winged varieties, so called. There is absolutely no difference in them, except that one has two or three slaty blue feathers in the wing and the other has green feathers of a like number. They are of the same size, the same general character of plumage and the same speed. They are distinct, however, and never interbreed. The blue-wing kind especially objects to cold, and the time of its migration southward is always from three weeks to five weeks in advance of the green tinted cousin.

Many epicures assert that the blue-winged teal is a better table bird than the greenwinged, but this contention is due probably to the fact that the blue-winged is the first duck obtained when the season opens. It hatches earlier, attains maturity earlier and gets itself into a position where it may be shot earlier. After a fast of seven or eight months, that duck which the gourmand gets first is apt to be the best duck. Probably he would say the same thing of the spoonbill, though the bird is a dirty feeder and its flesh tastes of mud. Be that as it may, there is nothing better than a bluewing teal except a greenwing, and nothing better than a greenwing except a bluewing.

One may tire of canvasbacks, redheads or mallards. They are all big ducks, and in a little while their flavor cloys on the palate. They get to be what markethunters call "ducky." There is no other word to describe it. But no man ever yet got tired of fat, sizzling teals, split down the back and broiled in the open air on glowing coals of the hickory or oak. Two of them are just the proper size for a hunter's breakfast. If he expects to get back to camp for a noon luncheon. If not, he should chamber four. A half-dozen shooters, their appetites sharpened by wind, work and powder smoke, will account for twenty-four broiled teal at any hour, and not think themselves especially expert frenchermen.

It is the testimony of all gunners of experience that the teal is the swiftest thing that cleaves American air. At various times there have been contentions in favor of the wild pigeon, the carrier pigeon, the common field dove, the true falcon, the butterball duck and the hooded merganza. They are all extremely fast, but upon many contests each of these flyers have been seen in contest with the teal and they have been almost always beaten. It is true that the wild pigeon when plentiful in this country never flew singly, but in enormous flocks, and the speed of the flock was the speed of the slowest member. It is true also that teal differ in speed, some being much swifter than others. Just the same, it is believed that the fastest pigeon would have stood no chance against the fastest teal. As far as the falcon, it sometimes attempts to catch the teal, but it never succeeds, unless it has made its stoop from a distance upon an unwary bird and has its natural velocity much increased by momentum.

While the teal is very active and requires little time to get under way, it is at a serious disadvantage under such circumstances. To be seen at its best as a specie devourer, the teal must be alone and conscious of the fact that hurry is necessary. This often happens when one finds itself separated from its flock at sunset twenty miles from its roosting place. The other birds having gone home, it suddenly awakens to the fact that it is belated, bounds thirty yards into the air, draws in its small brain a line as straight as a ruler and gets down to business. Seen at such times between the crouching marksman and the dull evening sky, it seems a black streak six feet long, and the habitual shrill tremor of its wings is a keen metallic whir or buzz. With neck stretched forward to fullest tension, its elbows arched in an angular curve, its tail just enough depressed to give steerage and its legs drawn hard against its rump, it is putting 150 miles an hour behind it and if the flight is down a strong wind it will go even faster.

There is nothing animated which can approach the tremendous velocity of this feathered projectile, which hurls itself through space reckless of the consequences. Then going at its best the teal cannot see any small object at all. It trusts to its height to clear an ordinary obstacle, and wholly to its speed to baffle foes. A man using three full drams of quick powder in a 16-gauge gun crossed by such a bird at a distance of forty yards, will need to hold at least ten yards in front. He will make more kills if he leads his mark by fifty feet. This seems an exaggeration to every shooter who has never tried it, yet the truth of the statement is capable not only of mathematical demonstration, but of practical demonstration whenever a belated teal is encountered.

The trouble with shooting high-flying ducks is that there is nothing to serve for the duck for the shot to strike, and the tyro cannot tell that he is shooting behind. He will make the same mistake with sitting birds, such as holding up the head, as if in the act of drinking, burying the bill in the water, as if feeding, sticking the bill back of the wing, as if feather-pruning, and so on.

As fast as a teal is killed it is set out and in a little while the hunter has a block of decoys numbering possibly fifteen or twenty and much more lifelike than any painted thing of canvas to be bought in a store. To attract his victims the gunner depends almost entirely upon the skill of the passing flocks, and for this reason the decoys are always set in open spaces where they may be seen readily. The teal has no scent at all and its sense of hearing is not particularly good. Consequently it is one of the most difficult of ducks to "call," its note being a broken-off, querulous feeble quack, especially hard to imitate. Many men expert at "calling down" the sonorous mallard from a height of a thousand feet in the air are unable to do anything with the teal.

A curious feature in the life of this bird is its habit of going to sleep at unexpected times and in unexpected places. It needs only sunlight and warmth to send it into a doze. A teal will sleep on a sand bank, or in a tuft of grass, or in perfectly open water, or on a floating log, or chip, large enough to support its weight. This sleep is of the nature of a cat-nap. It does not last more than a quarter of an hour. The bird will then wake suddenly and go busily to feeding. In a half hour it will stick its head under its wing and once more woo dreams. This trait is especially marked in the young. The duckling begin going to sleep while floating aimlessly about the water almost as soon as they are out of the shell and until they are 2 years old are likely to yield to slumber at any time. Many of the birds now on the Horicon marshes are profound sleepers, a sight good for a man who is affected with insomnia. When killed these little fellows often show unfeathers under their winter suit of plumage, proving that they are of this season's hatch. They are full grown but do not lose the pin-feathers wholly for another month. At this stage they are just a thought better as food than at other times.

Of late years sportsmen able to afford more than one gun have come to regard the teal more as a field bird than a water fowl, and in its pursuit to use the same weapon same size of shot. Where formerly every ducker had to have a 10-gauge double-barrel, weighing nine pounds or over and making a roar like a young cannon, now 16-guages are the rule, not the exception, and, as nitro powders find their way into almost all shells, there is only a faint pop instead of the old-time bellow. This is certainly better for the duck's nerves and evidences more scientific marksmanship on the part of the man doing the killing, but it may be questioned if it brings so much game to the pot.

Somehow the genius of man has never been able to devise a more deadly weapon against wild fowl than the old 10-gauge, with its slow burning black powder. It took this powder longer to get going, which necessitated an even longer lead of crossing birds than is now the custom, but it carried a long way and gave the pellets a penetration not to be derived from the modern explosives. The market hunters of this part of the world were the last as a class to surrender the weapons of their daddies. Even they, however, have been forced to keep step with the march of progress and many of them now shoot small-bored, choked, hammerless guns that are marvels of beauty and delicacy.


**A Frightful Blunder**

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile Cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.


James Paulson, of Milwaukee, shooting on the Horicon marshes two years ago flushed a flock of teal in this manner. There were possibly 2000 in the flock. With two barrels of a 10-gauge gun, loaded with 3½ drams of black powder and 1¼ ounces of No. 8 shot in each barrel, he killed and bagged 132 teal. There were many winged birds which got away in the tall grass. It has happened that teal, frightened from the water in this manner and falling in scores from the shot poured into them, have become bewildered by the noise and death, have flown perhaps a mile, circled and have come back to the place whence they were startled, giving the waiting shooters a chance to renew the slaughter. More than 250 teal have been taken from one flock in a case like this.

On the marshes here in September there is no limit to the number of birds a man may kill in a day, appetite than the limit set by law, by the club rules and by his own sense of decency. When the season has been a good one, as the past season has been, the birds plentiful and not too wild from frequent alarms, it would be entirely possible for a sportsman to exceed a thousand shells in a day, supposing that his shoulder could stand the recoil, which it could not. The duck-hunter, however, who lays claim to being a gentleman sportsman, will consider twenty-five birds in the boat as a result of a morning shoot a sufficiency, and he will always refuse to shoot into a flock, preferring to obtain his bag one at a time.

Taken by ones or twos, the teal is one of the most difficult of flying targets, both on account of his swiftness and his small size. In body the little flyer is not larger than a quail, though his wing spread is much greater. As it is not often that it will pass a blind inside of forty yards, the gun which brings it down with frequency must be bored to throw its shot together and hard. In other words, it must be closely choked. The feathers of the duck at this stage of the year offer no appreciable resistance to shoot, but later the teal, diminutive as it is, will stand a lot of shooting, particularly if it be hit when coming head on. The covering of its breast will not entirely stop the pellets, but they will check them so that they are buried harmlessly in the heavy flesh of the breast. For all the sportsman knows to the contrary the flyer buzzes on untouched.

There can be no better shooting than teal when they are flying often and in not larger numbers than threes or fours. This happens always in the middle of the day. In the morning they move about in huge bands. This they do also in the evening when seeking their roost. After the sun gets high, however, they become scattered about in the grass and wild rice and decide to change their places of feeding at odd moments and with no concert among them. Indeed, after 10 o'clock in the morning the teal is rather averse to moving at all, particularly if the day be warm. In chilly and windy weather, like all other ducks, it goes about with much more frequency.

On the marshes a little later in the season all of the teal shooting is done over decoys. It is not regarded as particularly fine form to slay the birds in one of the "passes" which they establish in flying from and to their roosts morning and evening. Besides, in a little while they grow so wary that they make their passage of the pass at such a height that stopping one of them is largely a matter of chance. By the use of a set of competent decoys, however, the gunner can make a respectable bag in comfort and all of his birds will have been shot one or two at a time, which is much more satisfactory.

Various decoys are used, but there is nothing better than a dead teal. When the gunner has killed one he sets it on the water, inserting under its throat a two-foot stick whose other end has been buried in the mud. The bird floats thus motionless, its head to the wind, as all ducks swim, and a man expert at "planting" them in this way can cause them to assume many natural and life-like positions, such as holding up the head, as if in the act of drinking, burying the bill in the water, as if feeding, sticking the bill back of the wing, as if feather-pruning, and so on.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY


# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.



## Ten Thousand Boys

**Will buy their School Suits at the old store. What a sight to see what we're doing.**



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HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults

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SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

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### ACTIVITY IN LONDON.

**Prepare to Embark Troops---Bridge Material Ordered From America.**

London, Sept. 11.—The activity in the war and admiralty offices continues today, though there is nothing new regarding the Transvaal situation. It is said orders have been sent to America for light iron girders and bridging sections for probable use in South Africa. Transports are moving to the docks, preparatory to embarking troops.

EXCITEMENT AT PRETORIA.

Pretoria, Sept. 11.—Excitement prevails here pending the decision of the cabinet. Secretary of State Reitz has left this city for Johannesburg and Capetown. The likelihood of war is much discussed. The coming of British troops is not regarded as meaning certain war, but merely as making up for the paucity of troops in South Africa, much commented upon during the past month.

SHAFTER'S AIDES GO UP.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—Orders have been received from Washington by which two of the aides of Gen. Shafter, Capt. Robert H. Noble and Capt. Arthur C. Ducat, have been promoted, the first to rank as major and assistant adjutant general of volunteers, and the second to rank as lieutenant colonel, and assigned to duty with the Forty-ninth volunteer infantry, now in St. Louis. Both men have seen hard service. Capt. Ducat led the attack on San Juan hill in the Cuban campaign. He received a wound at the time supposed to be fatal. Maj. Noble is an old Indian fighter and also did good work in Cuba.

### TO TRY WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

**A Test to Be Made In This Country.**

New York, Sept. 11.—A special to The Herald from Washington says: Rear Admiral Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment, has been informed that Signor Marconi came to Washington to discuss the proposed experiments with wireless telegraphy. The purpose of Signor Marconi is the result of a conference held with him by Lieut. Commander J. C. Colwell, stationed in London as naval attache of this government. According to Rear Admiral Bradford's understanding, Signor Marconi will bring with him a complete wireless telegraph equipment. The inventor is expected in the course of a few weeks. Admiral Bradford will recommend that one of the vessels of the navy be set aside for the experimental work. It is proposed to place the receiver on shore, and the war ship will communicate with it from varying distances. By this means it is believed the system can be developed and the value of it can be definitely determined.

COMPTROLLER WANTS STATEMENTS.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for statements of the condition of all national banks at the close of business Sept. 7.

# QUIET IN RENNES

**The Town Is Deserted and the Troops Have Been Withdrawn.**

## DREYFUS COMPOSED

**The Populace Seems to Have Lost All Interest In Him.**

Rennes, Sept. 11.—A state of calm prevails here. All troops and gendarmes gathered in the town and its environs have left and the journalists and others interested in the trial have departed since Saturday. The cafes, which for the last few weeks have been thronged with excited crowds, are deserted. This afternoon, a solitary gendarme paced up and down before the military prison, and there was not a policeman or a soldier near the Lycee, which last week resembled a barracks. Workmen were busily dismantling the court room and packing the chairs, tables and benches on a trolley car outside.

Madame Dreyfus visited her husband in the prison this evening, but not the slightest interest was shown in their meeting by the population. She found him as calm as was possible. He smoked a pipe today for the first time in many days, which indicated that he was in better spirits than could be expected.

### RUSSIAN COMMENT.

**St. Petersburg Papers Speak In Strong Terms of Dreyfus Verdict.**

New York, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to The Herald from St. Petersburg says: The Viedonlosti comments as follows on the Dreyfus verdict: The policy of this journal in regard to the Dreyfus case has been absolutely impartial, if not indifferent. We regard this struggle of hate, this nightmare, as a great calamity for France. By-details of the Rennes trial have evoked doubts here as to the liberty of the verdict, the exalted stations of certain witnesses influencing the judges. The unloosening of brutal anarchistic passions against the Jews under the pretext of defending the ideas of justice, true patriotism and the honor of the army causes a profound loathing among the peole who aspire to see the dawn of the triumph of humanitarian ideas and a high order of things and to transform the social and political world of old Europe."

The Novosti says: "Dreyfus has been condemned at Rennes on the question of the bordereau, which the court of cassation attributed to Esterhazy. This conflict of judgments will be appreciated on its merits by the whole universe. Against Dreyfus there was adduced no fact, no compromising collusion. The proceedings have been conducted by Gens. Mercier and Roget, the court having admitted the foreign adventurer Cernuschi, refused the testimony of Cols. Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi, who have irrefutable proofs as to the real traitor. Germany's official explanation, taken in connection with the vaporings of Gen. Mercier and Gen. Roget, effectually disposes of them to the impartial minded who are seeking only light, truth and justice in the name of humanity. The Rennes verdict is not the closing scene of the tragedy. Dreyfus' innocence is demonstrated by the proceedings. No verdict will alter this fact. We are persuaded that Dreyfus' innocence will be proclaimed in France one day officially."

### OPINION IN GERMANY.

**Dreyfus Verdict Condemned---Government Organ Is Silent.**

New York, Sept. 11.—A dispatch to the Herald from Berlin says: It has attracted considerable remark that the governmental organ, the Nord Deutsche Allegemeine Zeitung, has not uttered a word of comment on the judgment of the Dreyfus court-martial. The same observation holds good with regard to the conservative Kreuz Zeitung and the Tagliche Rundschau.

Of the conservative journals, the only one that had expressed an opinion is the Berlin Neueste Nachrichten, which says: "Judgment has been given, and the world is face to face with a fresh enigma. Court-martials in France are not forced to give the grounds for their judgments. How bad a thing it is in certain cases that they should be thus freed from giving public account of their acts is clearly shown by the result of this trial—a result which must deeply wound many without prejudice against the prisoner. Dreyfus, who is represented even by journalists who believe in his innocence, as a most unsympathtic figure, is personally to us, as to every other German, perfectly indifferent, but justice must fulfill its high mission without respect to persons. Whenever it abandons the ground of absolute impartiality and descends to the level of party passion, it loses the right to demand that everybody should bow to its decision. Whoever does not take up the absolutely barbarous standpoint that Dreyfus is guilty because he is a Jew, cannot escape from the force of conscience which makes him examine the question whether there is any material evidence brought forward against Dreyfus which suffices to condemn him to a disgraceful and scandalous punishment."

The clerical Germania takes a Jesuitical attitude and writes: "We believe it our duty to refrain from criticising the judgment. A French court-martial has given its verdict and is responsible for it before God and men.

The liberal press, without a single exception, condemns the judgment.

### ESTERHAZY APPROVES.

**Says the Verdict Is All Right---Sentence Prearranged.**

London, Sept. 11.—Maj. Esterhazy comments today on the verdict in the Dreyfus case, in the Evening News, saying Dreyfus was justly condemned, as the inevitable result of the evidence collected by Gen. Mercier. This, according to Esterhazy, bore conviction to the minds of judges and, he added, "the court-martial, following the previous finding, declared Dreyfus guilty and me innocent." Continuing, Esterhazy said: "I believe the sentence was in accordance with an understanding with the government. Dreyfus is in a position to claim a reduction of his sentence by one half. The whole business was a farce, arranged in advance, and doubtless he will soon be liberated."

### A STORY OF JOBBERY.

**Agent For Smokeless Powder Says De Clam Demanded Tribute.**

New York, Sept. 11.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Count Sergy Smollanioff, an American citizen for a number of years, but Russian by nativity, possessed of a large entailed estate in Russia at this time, civil engineer by occupation, as well as an inventor of explosives, asserts that a few years ago, when he passed some time in Paris for the purpose of selling smokeless powder to the French government, he was put into communication with Col. Du Paty De Clam. He says that virtuous man demanded 4,000,000 francs for his share in promoting the sale, and an additional 2,000,000 francs for the nephew of the then minister of war, the price to be secured from the government being 12,000,000 francs.

### MAY AFFECT TREATY.

**Verdict May Influence the Senate Against French Treaty.**

Washington, Sept. 11.—The Dreyfus verdict is attracting much attention throughout official quarters, but naturally those in responsible position, whose opinion would be valuable are reluctant to express adverse comment because of the national aspect of the case. The feeling is general however, in favor of Dreyfus and a strong sentiment has developed against the injustice which, according to the prevailing belief, he has been subjected to. Some of the officials express fear that this sentiment will have a serious effect on the France-American treaty, when it comes before the senate, as that instrument has not proved very popular and the present feeling may turn the tide against it.

### BOYCOTT BY GERMANS.

**Movement to Prevent German Participation In Paris Exposition.**

Berlin, Sept. 11.—It is rumored that a committee composed of leading manufacturers here is being formed for the purpose of preventing German participation in the Prais exposition of 1900.

ALL DENOUNCE VERDICT.

London, Sept. 11.—The afternoon newspapers of this city today are unanimous in their denunciation of the verdict in the court-martial of Capt. Alfred Dreyfus and they term with abuse of the system "Producing such a decision."

DEMONSTRATION IN BUDA PEST.

Buda Pest, Sept. 11.—A crowd of several hundred people made a demonstration last evening in front of the French consulate. They were dispersed by the police and the approaches to the consulate were occupied by policemen, in order to prevent further demonstrations.

### DEWEY NAMES DATE.

**He Expects to Reach New York on Sept. 28.**

Washington, Sept. 11.—A cablegram was received at the navy department this morning from Admiral Dewey, announcing his departure on the Olympia from Gibraltar yesterday. The dispatch is confined to a few words, merely: "New York 28th," indicating that Admiral Dewey expects to arrive in this country on the date named.

The naval officers say that running at her economical speed the Olympia can scarcely consume more than fourteen days in making the passage from Gibraltar to New York, and they are speculating where the admiral intends to spend the other three days. It is believed to be possible that he will touch at the Azores, or perhaps at Bermuda, coming across.

### CABINET RESIGNS.

**New South Wales Cabinet Ministers Throw Up Their Jobs.**

Sydney, N. S. W., Sept. 11.—Rt. Hon. George Houston Reid, the premier, treasurer and minister of railways, and the other members of the cabinet, resigned today in consequence of the action of the assembly which, Sept. 7, passed a resolution declaring a lack of confidence in the ministry. The resignation of the ministers was accepted, and Mr. Lyne, the leader of the opposition, was summoned to form a new cabinet.

SENATOR AT MANILLA.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The following cablegram was received at the war department this morning:

"Manilla, Sept. 11.—Adjutant General, Washington: Transport Senator arrived this morning. Casualty. William B. Godthwaite, died at sea, body embalmed, brought here. OTIS."

The Senator carried ten officers and 660 recruits.

### ALTGELD IS SKEPTICAL.

**No Confidence In Trust Conference ---Will Not Serve.**

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Ex-Governor John P. Altgeld has returned to Governor Tanner the commission appointing Mr. Altgeld to the trust conference to be held in Chicago Sept. 13. As to his reasons for this step, Mr. Altgeld said: "The fact is I have not much confidence in the proposed trust conference. It looks to me as if it were going to be more of a trust love feast than anything else."

### REFUGE TO ANVIL CITY.

**St. Bernard's Relief Station to Be Established There.**

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—The people of Anvil City, at Cape Nome are to have a well equipped refuge which will be formally opened on Thanksgiving day. It will be called the St. Bernard Relief station, and it will be the largest and finest structure north of Sitka.

There will be three departments of this station, a hospital, a free library and a church. The project is under the supervision of Rev. Loyal L. Wirt, the superintendent of the Congregational Home missionary work in Alaska. The building will be located on the town square, one half of which has been donated by the city as a site.

# RECEPTION TO DEWEY

**His Old Cronies at Washington Eagerly Awaiting the Admiral's Return.**

## ABLAZE WITH LIGHT

**Every Window In the City Will Be Illuminated--- Warm Welcome.**

**From The Herald Washington Bureau.**

Washington, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The approaching reception to Admiral Dewey at Washington, Oct. 2, will be, of course, distinctly national in its character in comparison to the other ovations he will receive, but the significance of the home-coming to Dewey himself will be scarcely less impressive. He always made his home here when off duty and it is here that his old cronies live and await his return with pleasure. When he gets together with them again at the Metropolitan club, or the still more exclusive Alibi club, there will be a triumphant tone to the interchange of denunciation that characterized the coterie when Dewey received the orders about two years ago that sent him to what was regarded as the Botany bay of the naval service in far off Asia. It is well known that Dewey and his friends were indignant when he was given the assignment that was so unexpectedly to lead to an admiral's stars. He desired, of course, to fly the flag of a commanding officer at the peak of a squadron flagship, but he thought the European station was his due. The so-called bureaucratic influences which always control such things in the departments, and which Dewey detests as much as he hates hypocrisy, decreed otherwise. The bureaucrats, to follow up the appellation, knew his sentiment towards them and despite the efforts of influential friends, which were exercised, however, without his knowledge, he was sent to China. No naval officer who ever left Washington got such a send-off as George Dewey received and it culminated in a dinner at the Metropolitan club on the night of Nov. 15, 1897. Every guest was a host, except Dewey himself, and during the evening the toastmaster, Maj. Archibald Hopkins, clerk of the court of claims, read some original verses which contained a prophecy that has surpassed any of Elijah's in the way of coming true. It is well worth reproducing and here it is:

Fill your glasses full tonight,
The wind is off the shore,
And be it feast or be it fight,
We pledge the commodore.

Through days of storm, through days of calm,
On broad Pacific seas,
At anchor off the Isles of Palm,
Or with the Japanese.

Ashore, afloat, on decks below,
Or where our bulldogs roar,
To back a friend or breast a foe
We'll pledge the commodore!

We know our honor'll be sustained
Where'er his pennant flies;
Our rights respected and maintained
Whatever power defies.

And when he takes the homeward tack
Beneath the admiral jag
We'll hail that day that brings him back
And have another jag!

Shortly after reaching his far off command, the situation in China began to look more serious and the bureaucrats, it is declared, were alarmed at the possibility of Dewey being confronted with some really active duty instead of spending his term of service steering his ship around through a lot of old junks, entertaining consuls and missionaries and slowly succumbing to the heart disease resulting from such abnormal ecitement. The possible outbreak over in China was suddenly overwhelmed in importance by the certain trouble with Spain. When hostilities did begin Dewey was sent the briefest, and at the same time most comprehensive orders ever forwarded to any naval officer afloat. They were:

"Capture or destroy the Spanish fleet."

It is easy to realize the supreme satisfaction he must have felt when he began his report of the memorable battle of May 1, with the significant words:

"I have executed my orders."

When his departure from Washington was under the circumstances as accurately given above, it may be imagined how delightful his return will be under the present ones. And there is no question about there being another "jag" at the Metropolitan club, thus clinching the prophecy tighter, and several more at the Alibi.

The preparations for his reception on the part of the citizens of Washington are being conducted with most applaudable judgment and with a full regard for Admiral Dewey's well-known disinclination for anything like the ostentatious or garish. Around the great central event of the occasion, which will be the presentation to him at the east front of the capitol by President McKinley of the sword voted to him by the congress of the United States, there will be nothing to detract from the historical importance of it. The ceremony will take place upon a small stand erected for the purpose that will accommodate not more than 200 people, but on the immense plaza, stretching eastward, will be standing room for 250,000 people, whence all can see the chief actors in the impressive scene. The presentation will take place on the afternoon of Tuesday, Oct. 3, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock.

Admiral Dewey will arrive in Washington the evening before and will find a real home-coming welcome awaiting him. Every window in the city will be ablaze with light; the capitol, the public buildings and the Washington monument will be illuminated, and upon leaving the cars at the Pennsylvania railroad depot, which corporation has tendered a triumphal train to bring the great sea captain to the national capital, he will be escorted by an immense parade up Pennsylvania avenue to the treasury where in company with President McKinley he will review the procession. That an immense crowd will visit Washington to participate in the real national reception to the man who has rendered the nation such masterful service is asured, and with its well-known hospitable ability Washington will take excellent care of it.

* * *

The decision against Capt. Dreyfus at Rennes does not meet with the approbation of the government officials in this city. Great excitement was created by the announcement in extras of the evening papers that the decision was against the defendant. While President McKinley or no other official of this administration will discuss the matter for publication, the impression strongly prevails that there will be a revolution in France growing out of what is considered here an unjustifiable verdict. This government, of course, will take no action in the matter.

* * *

A. C. Killmer has been appointed postmaster at Malmo, Aitkin county, vice E. A. Bushay, resigned.

* * *

An original pension of $8 per month has been granted Ephraim Harrington, of Fort Ripley.

* * *

Army orders today state that Second Lieut. William McKinley of the Forty-fifth infantry will proceed to Fort Snelling for duty. Recruits Harry Bradley, Oscar Walker and Louis Rencelet of the Forty-fifth infantry, Fort Snelling, will be discharged.

* * *

J. A. Gray and J. O. Milne, of Duluth, were among the Minnesota delegation of G. A. R. men that were received by President McKinley today.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

### INDIGNATION IN NEW YORK.

**Feeling Over Dreyfus Verdict---Protest Meeting In Cooper Union.**

New York, Sept. 11.—The indignation at the reconviction of Dreyfus manifested itself in many ways yesterday. There was a big protest meeting of the Jews in the Thalia theater. Many preachers referred to the trial in their sermons and preparations were made for an appeal to Washington.

In the burning of effigy there was no organized attempt to arouse public opinion. Several young men made the effigy of straw soaked with kerosene. A tailor fashioned a suit of blue paper, the facings being of red. A mask with a big moustache and a cap completed the figure. The effigy was fastened to two upright poles with wire. On the breast were placards "Gen. Mercier," "French Justice" and "Honest Witness."

The meeting in the Thalia theater was impressive in its earnestness. The house was crowded to the doors, although an admission fee was charged. Several times the police had to clear the lobby after the sale of tickets was stopped.

Invitations were sent today to leading citizens and clergymen, irrespective of race and religion, to take part in a great Dreyfus protest meeting which will be held this week in Cooper Union. Every leading Hebrew citizen on the committee will take part.

Last night's meeting appointed a committee of men of standing in the financial, political and religious world, who will go to Washington and ask the president to make a personal appeal to President Loubet of France for justice for Capt. Dreyfus. When the committee is fully organized it is proposed to organize Dreyfus clubs in every state in the Union and hold meetings of protest. A mammoth petition will be obtained and forwarded to President Loubet.

### WILL ENTERTAIN MINNESOTANS.

**California Volunteers Will Give Minnesota Boys a Lunch.**

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—Col. Gardner, Surgeon Maj. Gen. McDill and Companies A and D of the Thirtieth volunteer infantry have arrived here from Fort Sheridan, Chicago. The other companies are coming in fives. This is one of the new regiments composing the present army and numbers 1200 officers and men. It has been recruited principally from Illinois, although a number of the troops are from Ohio, Michigan and Indiana.

Lieutenant Governor Stone from South Dakota has arrived here and visited his home company.

Governor Lind of Minnesota, accompanied by Adjt. Gen. Lambert and a large party will arrive here tomorrow morning.

On Wednesday the First California volunteers will give an elaborate luncheon in camp to the First Minnesota.

### AMES IN COMMAND.

**Enlisted Men of Thirteenth Cheer the Colonel.**

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—The Thirteenth Minnesota and the First South Dakota regiments, after a triumphal march through the streets of San Francisco, which from dock to court house was one continuous ovation, are settled at the Presidio, and Col. Ames is in command of the Minnesota men. The anti-Ames feeling which existed in the regiment has given way

ment on its arrival has given place to a strong current in favor of the colonel, and the indications are that the regiment will go home with Ames in command.

Col. Ames received information Saturday from Gen. Shafter to assume command of the regiment, and shortly before noon he called on Lieut. Col. Frederichs and simply said: "I am in command of the regiment and will take charge." Frederichs said nothing, and the news of Ames being in command quickly spread through the regiment. At once hundreds of the enlisted men called at Col. Ames' tent and shook him by the hand, cheering for him, and some of the officers also called on him. The large crowds of visitors realized that the sentiment was in favor of Col. Ames, and congratulated him on the change in the aspect of affairs. Maj. Bean left camp Saturday afternoon and went down town to a hotel with his wife, having leave for twenty-four hours. The enlisted men seem pleased at the turn affairs have taken, and all say that Col. Ames is all right. No one accuses Ames of cowardice. The most that can be alleged against him is he made mistakes. From what one can hear and see, Frederichs is not popular with the men, and all laugh at the idea of Frederichs charging Ames with cowardice, when Frederichs was never at any time on the firing line.

CONFER ON PHILIPPINES.

New York, Sept. 11.—The World, under a Washington date, prints the following today: "Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, left here yesterday after having had four long conferences with the president on the Philippine situation. Secretary Root took part in the last conference and after it was over he and Senator Beveridge went away to New York together. It is said that the president and Senator Beveridge were not in agreement upon several of the fundamental points considered."

# DEWEY ENDORSES

**Admiral Agrees With Commissioner Schurman Regarding the Philippines.**

## CAN GOVERN SELVES

**Believes That the Filipinos Are More Capable Than the Cubans.**

New York, Sept. 11.—The World publishes a dispatch from Gibraltar giving an interview with Admiral Dewey, just before the Olympia sailed for New York. The World's correspondent asked the admiral for a statement of his views as to the Philippine policy.

"I've little to say," he said, "until the recommendations of the commission, of which I am a member, are laid before President McKinley.

"Did you read what Mr. Schurman, one of the commissioners, had to say upon his return from the Philippines?"

"As he is quoted in the newspapers, he definitely explains my position. I quite agree with what Mr. Schurman says. Indeed, I attach great importance to his opinions. He is an able and high minded man, whose intelligence and conscientious devotion to the task assigned him won my admiration. We were invariably in accord."

Admiral Dewey has never expressed regret that he asked to be made one of the Philippine commissioners. On the other hand, he has said that he is glad that he was a member of the committee, and his greatest desire now is to put its report in the hands of the president as soon as possible.

"You may add this," the admiral said, with great earnestness, "I have not changed my opinion, which I stated in the early days at Manilla, then speaking of knowledge of both peoples, that I consider the Filipinos more capable of self government than the Cubans. I took the keenest interest in those Filipinos who were employed at the arsenal at Cavite, and often I was surprised by their intelligence. With fair and properly directed opportunities there are great possibilities in the Filipinos."

### A DESPERATE FIGHT.

**Ex-Convict and Officers Have Gun Combat In Columbus.**

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 11.—A desperate fight took place yesterday afternoon between Charles Dumont, an ex-convict, and Detective Abe Kleeman and Patrolman George Gaston, with the result that all three were wounded, Dumont fatally. Dumont was wanted for burglarly, and the officers were lying in wait for him on Harrison avenue when he came along on a bicycle. The officers called upon Dumont, but he pedalled on, at the same time drawing a revolver and shooting over his shoulder at his pursuers. Patrolman Gaston was the first to go down with a bullet in his head and another in the arm. Dumont lost his balance and fell from his wheel, but quickly sought refuge behind a telegraph pole and continued the fusillade with Detective Kleeman. Dumont received three wounds in the body, one of which, near the heart, will prove fatal. Detective Kleeman has a serious flesh wound in the right side.

Dumont is 25 years of age. He was only recently released from the penitentiary, and was known as a desperate man. He was cornered two weeks ago, but got the drop on the officers and escaped. He had frequently threatened to kill any officer who attempted to arrest him.

Dumont died of his injuries a short time later.

### BANTAMS BRISTLING.

**McGovern and Palmer Prepare For Fray---McGovern the Favorite.**

New York, Sept. 11.—Terry McGovern and Pedlar Palmer, who are to fight for the bantam championship of the world, at the Westchester Athletic club this afternoon, are ready for the fray.

Both lads left their training quarters last evening and spent the night in an up-town Turkish bath house. At 5 o'clock this morning, both boxers weighed in, in presence of each other and managers and trainers. Palmer weighed 115½ pounds ten hours before entering the ring, and as the bout is scheduled to begin at 3 o'clock this afternoon, it was necessary to have the lads on the scales at such an early hour.

Both lads are very confident and have trained much more earnestly than ever before. McGovern is the favorite in the betting, 5 to 4 being freely laid on the American. Palmer's friends are looking for better odds, but before the battle begins, they may have to accept even money. The weather is the only factor which may interfere with the contest. If it should rain, the bout will be postponed until tomorrow or the first clear day, so that photographs of the fight may be taken. The boys are to have a percentage of the "picture privileges." In addition, $10,000, of which $7000 goes to the winner and $2500 to the loser.

BOUT POSTPONED.

New York, Sept. 11.—The McGovern-Palmer bout, scheduled for 3 p. m. today at Tuckahoe, has been postponed until 3 p. m. tomorrow, on account of the threatening weather. If weather conditions are not favorable tomorrow it will again be postponed until a clear day.

### EARTHQUAKE AT SKAGUAY.

**Alaskan City Slightly Shaken--- Moving Dyea to Skaguay.**

Chicago, Sept. 11.—A special to the Tribune from Victoria, B. C., says: While a public meeting was in progress in Skaguay, Alaska, a few days ago for discussing the annexation or absorption of Dyea, an earthquake startled the community. The earthquake was so severe that considerable damage was done to buildings. No person was seriously hurt.

The moving of Skaguay's rival gateway city is a project both novel and extensive. The promoters of the enterprise have been working quietly on the project for some time. They are San Francisco men, P. Romo and E. Foreman. Mr. Foreman has closed a deal for 320 buildings, large and small, in Dyea. An ramy of men will be required for the work of removal but nearly all of them have already been engaged. The plan is to bring the houses across the bay on scows. It is estimated that all the buildings which are worth anything can be moved in the course of two months.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# PLANNING A TOUR

## Democratic Leaders Figuring on a Great Campaign For Next Year.

## THROUGH THE EAST

### Bryan to Make House-to-House Canvass In Several States.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Democratic leaders who are to assist Col. Bryan in his campaign in Nebraska next year are planning to conduct a tour of the country, in which Bryan will figure as the chief feature, which will excel anything of the kind ever attempted in a national politicel campaign.

For more than a year Col. Bryan's itinerary has been under consideration by Chairman Jones of the national Democratic campaign committee, ex-Governor Stone of Missouri, L. O. Johnson, national committeeman from Kansas; George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts; John Brisben Walker, of New York, and many others of Bryan's political and personal friends and associates. Of course all this with the expectation that Col. Bryan will head the Democratic ticket in 1900. As has already been pointed out in my dispatches to The Herald, there seems little if any doubt now that Col. Bryan will be the Democratic nominee for the presidency next year, and therefore all the plans that have been made for him in the way of a campaign tour in 1900 will be carried out if the necessary money is donated to conduct the campaign on the elaborate basis that has been planned by both the Nebraskan statesman and every man in the Democratic party favoring him as President McKinley's successor.

This trip will not only include the Eastern states, and Col. Bryan will go over them with a fine-tooth comb, so to speak, but the Western states, and it can be stated that he will make a house-to-house canvass in such states as North and South Dakota, Montana, Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Wyoming and other states that are either conceded by him to be against him, some largely doubtful and others which are certain to go Republican. In North Dakota, for instance, it is planned that the Nebraskan shall traverse every line of railroad in that state and attempt to do the same thing in South Dakota. Washington and other states west of the Mississippi river. There is a possibility, of course, that he will not be able to make such a thorough canvass in the East, and it may be also possible that both he and his friends have discovered that his election hinges upon the result in the great West and the Middle East, and therefore the greatest amount of work will be done in these sections of the country. The Bryan men, it appears, do not consider that North Dakota will go for him a year from next November, but they seem to have a slight hope that the sentiment in that state may change. It is probably a visionary matter with them respecting the "Flickertail" state, but they will make a fight, thinking, perhaps, that something may intervene between now and the next national election to change the opinion of voters in that state. Then, so far as South Dakota is concerned, they consider that state debatable, and with the prospects that it can be carried by the Populistic combination likely to prevail in that commonwealth next year. At any rate the Democratic managers, no matter what the outcome may be, are going to endeavor through the oratory of the brilliant speaker from Nebraska to overcome any prestige the McKinley administration has gained since the inauguration of its chief March 4, 1897.

* * *

The present president of the United States cannot, of course, take the stump in his own behalf next year, so the Nebraskan will have an advantage over him in this respect. The so-called business interests of the country, however, may contribute a larger amount of money to the McKinley campaign fund than all the people together will to the proceeds that will go toward making the Bryan canvass. In connection with the national presidential election next year the same course will be followed in the several congressional districts throughout the United States, so far as the election to the lower house of the national congress is concerned. The plan, according to well-posted politicians here, is to have men nominated in the various districts throughout the country who are in sympathy with Mr. Bryan's presidential candidacy. This plan is also likely to be followed by the friends of President McKinley, though his political managers may have more trouble in bringing about an agreement than the Bryan men on account of the disagreement in the Republican party over the president's war policy. The Democrats, of course, propose to make this a great issue in next year's canvass, and it is my opinion that in certain sections of the country the silver issue will be sidetracked as much as possible and anti-expansion sentiment worked up in order to bring about the defeat of the administration forces in sections where the anti-expansion sentiment prevails.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

## NEWS FROM PEARY.

### Is Achieving Valuable Results---Finds Original Greely Records.

Erigus, N. F., Sept. 11.—The Peary-Harmsworth steamer Windward, Capt. John Bartlett, from Etah, North rGeenland, Aug. 26, arrived here yesterday, reporting all well on board. She will be followed in a week by the Peary Arctic club's steamer Diana, Capt. Samuel W. Bartlett, also from Etah. The Windward reports all well on board and all on board the Diana were well at the time the vessels separated. The two steamers met at Etah on Aug. 12 and remained in camp, under the direction of Lieut. Peary, collecting supplies for the winter and next spring's campaign. The Windward was ice bound at Abey about fifty miles north of Cape Sabine from Aug. 18, 1898, to Aug. 2, 1899, being in a sort of an eddy undisturbed by wind or current. The season was one of continuous calm and very little snow, the minimum temperature at the ship being 70 degrees below zero. All the Windward's company, including ten Esquimaux, were exempt from illness, accident or casualty of any kind.

Lieut. Peary and the sledge parties were in the field almost continuously from October, 1898 to August of this year and have effected an extraordinary amount of coast work, not only bearing on the future of his own expedition, but adding much to the geographical knowledge of the coast and interior of Elsmereland, the southern portion of Grinnelland. His sledging journeys aggregated more than 10,000 miles, not including several trips repeated over portions of the tracks.

Lieut. Peary found Fort Conger exactly as Greely left it. The table was standing from the last meal and all the other appointments had remained undisturbed for sixteen years. The buildings were in fair condition, though some of them would not be serviceable much longer. He took possession of all the property, real and personal in the name of the United States government and posted notices to that effect. He brought away and is sending home the original Greely records, the sextant of Lieut Beaumont, R. N., of the Markham expedition of 1886-88, recovered by Lieut. Lockwood and many private letters and papers of members of Greely's party, all of which are to be forwarded to the Peary Arctic club of New York.

His winter headquarters Lieut. Peary has established at Etah, one of the eligible points on the west side of Smith sound. The winter will be spent in rest and working up the results of last year.

The Peary Arctic club expedition in command of Herbert L. Bridgeman, secretary of the club, was at Etan on Aug. 21. All were well and expected to leave for home on Aug. 24.

The Stein party was successfully landed on Aug. 5 at a point of its own selection, Payer Harbor, one mile south of Cape Sabine, where the members expect to winter.

## REVISIONIST PRESS BITTER.

### Paris Paper Scathingly Comments on the Dreyfus Verdict.

Paris, Sept. 11.—The revisionist press comments upon the verdict with deepest indignation, declaring that the battle between the civil and military courts will continue until victory rests with the court of cassation.

The Siecle has opened a subscription to erect an expiatory monument in front of the palace of justice at Rennes to remind future generations of this outrage on justice.

The Temps referring to the rumor that the court-martial signed a recommendation to mercy, but only as regard degradation from military rank, says the mere mention of extenuating circumstances proves that the judges had doubt, of which the accused should have received the benefit, and it advises the revisionists to remember that in order to demand justice from the country it is necessary first of all to act with calmness.

The Gaulois says: "A great movement of renaissance will spring from the Dreyfus case."

## A FATAL BLUNDER.

### The Engineer Pays For Oversight With His Life.

Erie, Pa., Sept. 11.—A head-on collroad, seventy miles east of this city, at Tiona, yesterday resulted in the death of one man and the injury of three. The dead:

H. J. Gerlach, engineer of Erie.

The injured:

W. G. Schaef, fireman, of Erie, both legs crushed, will die: John Fahri, brakeman, Erie, bruised; J. K. Noll, brakeman, badly bruised.

Engineer Gerlach failed to see a set target and crashed into another freight that was about to take a siding to allow him to pass. The crew of the westbound train escaped by jumping.

## NORTH STAR IS THREE.

### Discovered That the Pole Star Is a Triple System.

Lick Observatory, Cal., Sept. 11.—Professor Campbell, through the great telescope, has definitely ascertained that Polaris, popularly known as the North Star, is really a triple system. Two of the bodies in this system revolve around each other in a period of four days, and at the same time move in a much wider sweep around the third body in much the same way as do the stars and the moon around the sun.

## CHOPPED IN A BINDER.

### Awful Death of a Boy Near Morgan, Minn.

Redwood Falls, Minn., Sept. 11.—Eugene Ziegenhagen, an 8-year-old boy, residing with his parents three miles from Morgan, was instantly killed Saturday by four horses attached to a corn binder and driven by the elder Ziegenhagen, running away. The boy was riding a forward horse and was thrown into the binder. His right arm was cut off and his right side cut to the heart.

FUNERAL OF EUSTIS.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 11.—The funeral of James B. Eustis, former United States ambassador to France, will take place this evening at 7:30 o'clock from the home of the deceased, and then the body will be taken to Louisville, Ky., where it will be buried beside the body of Mrs. Eustis.




The bud is more easily blighted than the full-blown rose. A young girl is more susceptible to weakness and disease that will wreck her in a womanly way than she is after she has attained to healthy womanhood. Thousands of women have their lives wrecked by troubles of this delicate description because of their own ignorance and the prudery of their mothers.

Whenever the wandering demon of ill-health finds a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance, he steps on board, takes the helm, and steers straight for the maelstrom of death. The young woman who has not been taught the necessity of taking care of her health in a womanly way is a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance. Diseases that will wreck her future happiness will soon assume command. Young women who suffer from weakness and disease peculiar to their sex live under a terrible nervous tension, and if they escape death are always threatened with insanity. The whole nervous system is affected by the constant drag and drain upon the delicate and feminine organs. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the one perfect and unfailing specific for every derangement and disorder of this description. It fits a woman for wifehood and motherhood. It is the best of all known nerve tonics. It is the discovery of one of the most eminent and skillful specialists in disease of women.

"I was troubled three years with female weakness," writes Miss Ellen Otey, of Bedford City, Bedford Co., Va. "I had two physicians, but neither did me any good. I was troubled with pains in my left side all the time. When it was time for my monthly periods I thought I would die with pains in my back and stomach. I also had chills. I could not get up without fainting. Finally I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and two of his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I do not have any pains at all and am in better health now than I ever was in my life."

How to preserve health and beauty are told in Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. It is free. For a paper-covered copy send 21 one-cent stamps, *to cover mailing only;* cloth binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.


# WASHBURN ON TRUSTS

## Ex-Senator Says They Are a Curse and Must Be Throttled.

## A CRISIS IS AT HAND

### Tremendous Collapse Coming ---Republican Party Must Loosen From Combines.

New York, Sept. 11.—The Tribune today publishes the following interview with ex-United States Senator William D. Washburn of Minnesota, head of the extensive flouring interests in Minneapolis:

"The present situation, to the good citizen, the good Republican and the man who loves his country is really alarming, and it is largely owing to the rapid formation of what is called the trust than to any other agency. First, this trust craze has changed the whole nature of doing things. When I was a young man—I am now 68—I had the world before me and there was an absolutely fair field for me. Take all of our most successful business men of today, and their experiences were like mine. They entered the race without a handicap, and their grit and capacity won. Now this building up of trusts puts a stop to fair and equal opportunities for the young man of today. The young man just out of college has no opening as a rule. He cannot begin business on his own account against organized capital. He must join the procession. He must content himself with being a mere clerk, and the chances are that he will never get any further, because there are so many in his class. This makes the situation a serious one, and I am sorry for the young man of today. I have studied the situation and I am sure of what I am saying.

"The present industrial tendency amounts almost to a craze for trusts. There is hardly anything in the industrial line that has not been tackled by the promoters of the trusts. All the promoters care for is to get up their combinations, palm them off on an unlimited public, and then get out of them after making all the money they can. The worst feature of the industrial trust of today is that nearly every one of them is vastly over-capitalized.

"Just at present there is a demand for every conceivable thing, and times are elastic and money is plenty. Everything is floating along prosperously. When the collapse comes, as it will surely will, it will sweep all these naturally non-paying concerns to financial ruin. Take steel rails, for instance. One and a half years ago rails of fair quality were being sold at $17 a ton at a profit of perhaps $1.50 a ton. What was the consequence? We sent rails all over the world, invading Great Britain, Japan and other countries. With the enormous deposits of high-grade ore in Minnesota and Wisconsin, there is no reason why we should not be able to produce rails and other steel products cheaper than any other nation. As a result of trust manipulation steel rails now sell at $30 a ton or thereabouts. Of course the profit is exorbitant. It is an outrage on the public, and it is short-sighted on the part of the manufacturers, because they cannot sell their rails long outside of the country at such an enormous profit. The result of it all will be a tremendous collapse, and it will come a good deal quicker than most people think.

"The natural conditions today are better than ever before. With a large balance of trade in our favor, prosperity should continue for a long time. This prosperity has resulted in inflation and the issuing of millions of shares on wind.

"There is one thing that greatly disturbs me. The Republican party, whether justly or unjustly, is associated with trusts in the minds of the masses. As a party we have reached a crisis where we have got to call a halt. The Republican party has got to disconnect itself from trusts. It has got to do something more than adopt platform planks against trusts. It has got to put forth its full strength and legislate against them. The feeling against the trust idea is intense in the West. It is so intense in the Republican party that the party will break ranks unless something is done. The undertow of sentiment in the Western Republican states against industrial trusts is not understood in the East. The revolt may strike us as early as next year. It seems to me, after giving the thing a great deal of thought, that the Republicans in congress will have to examine the subject thoroughly, and whenever they find a trust is depending for its exorbitant profits largely on protective duties, it will be the duty of Republican congressmen and senators to remove the duties at once. We cannot stop short of that. The duties must be repealed when it is shown the trusts are benefiting by them. This should be done with the duty on steel rails and on tin plate. We can make steel rails at a fair profit cheaper than anywhere else in the world, and the present price is outrageous. The Republican party may win at the polls in 1900 because of the remarkable achievements of our army and navy in the last two years, but legislation against trusts should not be delayed on that account.

"The turning of this country's affairs over to such a man as Bryan would be the worst thing that could happen. No one could measure the consequence if Bryan and his friends once got a chance to try out their hair-brained experiments. If we do not set ourselves in order the people will take the control of the nation away from the Republicans.

"The Republican party has the brains and courage to tackle this trust problem, if the gravity of the situation is brought home to the party leaders. Something must be done, and done quickly."





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## MONUMENT TO INGERSOLL.

### Residents of Peoria Make an Appeal For Contributions.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 11.—The Ingersoll Monument association has issued the following appeal:

To All Lovers of Liberty Throughout the World: The late Col. Robert G. Ingersoll was a conspicuous figure in the history of the present century. Of heroic character, indomitable perseverance and fearlessness, born of what he believed to be the right, he was at once the gentlest, most affectionate, lovable and strongest character of his day.

His admirers, old friends and neighbors residing at Peoria have formed an association for the purpose of erecting a monument which shall properly illustrate the greatness of the man, be of national character and commensurate with his fame. It seems most fitting that at Peoria this monument should be erected, for here he laid the foundation of his reputation as a lawyer and orator; here the first of his great lectures was written; here he espoused the cause of liberty as represented in the person of the slave; here he met and won his wife; here his children were born, and here he drew his sword for the defense of his country.

To carry out the purpose, the organization has become incorporated under the name of the Ingersoll Monument association, and its fifteen trustees have been selected from among the prominent and reputable citizens of Peoria. These trustees request and invite the friends of Col. Ingersoll, and all throughout the world who love liberty, to form auxiliary organizations for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions to aid in the erection of this monument. It is the wish of the committee that the subscriptions shall be many in number, so as to fairly represent the numerous friends and admirers of Col. Ingersoll. No contribution will be too small. It is believed that those who admire the life and character of Col. Ingersoll will be glad to contribute, if even a small sum, that each may feel a helping interest. All contributions from individuals and organizations should be sent to the Ingersoll Monument association, Peoria, Ill., and a receipt therefor will be returned by Rudolf Pfeiffer, cashier of the Dime Savings bank of Peoria, the treasurer of the association.

## TO BOYCOTT EXPOSITION.

### Foreign Papers Talk of Boycotting the French Exposition.

London, Sept. 11.—With the exception of the Jesuit organs in Rome and the anti-Semite papers, the press of the whole world prints nothing but execration. Even the Russian press joins in the corus, although, perhaps, the Jews are nowhere more hated than in Russia.

The judges are everywhere characterized as brutes and gloomy predictions are indulged in as to what future is in store for France. The German press is especially indignant, the National Zeitung remarking that even the worst enemy of France could not have wished what has happened. Papers of all nationalities fall in with the idea of boycotting the exposition.

## ARIZONA TRAIN ROBBERY.

### Southern Pacific Train Held Up and Safe Dynamited.

Cochise, Ariz., Sept. 11.—Express train No. 10, on the Southern Pacific, was robbed here Saturday night by four masked men, who blew the safe open and took everything in sight. The amount of their booty is said to be small.

The train was stopped, the engine, mail and express cars were cut off from the rest of the train and run a mile farther up the road, where the bandits stopped to complete their work. The express mesenger was forced to open his car and the robbers attacked the safe with dynamite. The strong box was soon blown open and the contents taken by the thieves, who hastily departed. They were last seen going north on foot and a posse soon started on their trail.

The dynamite used on the safe blew out the side of the express car and tore up the floor. There is no clue to the identity of the robbers.

AGAINST THE VERDICT.

Rome, Sept. 11.—Proposals have been made to both Austria and Italy to boycott the Paris exposition as a protest against the verdict at Rennes. Demonstrations in denunciation of the verdict occurred today at several Italian cities. At Naples the demonstrators tried to attack the French consulate and the police were compelled to interfere.


## Mrs. Barnard Thanks MRS. PINKHAM FOR HEALTH.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 18,992]

"DEAR FRIEND—I feel it my duty to express my gratitude and thanks to you for what your medicine has done for me. I was very miserable and losing flesh very fast, had bladder trouble, fluttering pains about the heart and would get so dizzy and suffered with painful menstruation. I was reading in a paper about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, so I wrote to you and after taking two bottles I felt like a new person. Your Vegetable Compound has entirely cured me and I cannot praise it enough."—MRS. J. O. BARNARD, MILLTOWN, WASHINGTON CO., ME.

**An Iowa Woman's Convincing Statement.**

"I tried three doctors, and the last one said nothing but an operation would help me. My trouble was profuse flowing; sometimes I would think I would flow to death. I was so weak that the least work would tire me. Reading of so many being cured by your medicine, I made up my mind to write to you for advice, and I am so glad that I did. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and followed your directions, and am now well and strong. I shall recommend your medicine to all, for it saved my life."—MISS A. P., BOX 21 ABBOTT, IOWA.


## TRADE WITH DEPENDENCIES.

### Volume For the First Seven Months of Year.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The war department has made public a statement of the trade between the United States and all of her colonies under military control, and with Cuba as well, for the seven months of 1899 ending July 31, making comparison with the year 1898.

The exports from the United States to Cuba for the seven months were $14,116,993 in 1899, against $4,485,937 in 1898. The imports into the United States from Cuba for the same period were $19,976,956 in 1899, against $12,474,770 in 1898.

The exports from the United States to Porto Rico for the seven months were $2,299,221 in 1899, against $569,110 in 1898. Imports into the United States from Porto Rico during the same time were $3,379,944 in 1899, against $3,253,800 in 1898.

The exports from the United States to the Philippine islands from Jan. 1 to July 31 were $386,109 in 1899, against $65,736 in 1898. The imports into the United States from the Philippines for the same period were $3,274,134 in 1899, against $2,283,775 in 1898. The trade of the United States with the various islands, when stated by months, shows a marvelous growth of our commerce.

The only fiscal years since 1877 showing for the entire twelve months a larger value of merchandise exported from the United States to Cuba than is shown by the first seven months of 1899 were the years 1892, 1893 and 1894.

## QUIET IN PARIS.

### No Demonstration There Yesterday ---Cabinet Ministers Confer.

Paris, Sept. 11.—Sunday was a day of absolute quiet, with no public excitement, not even in the Rue de Chabrol. There was a rainfall in the afternoon and the streets were practically deserted.

Slight disturbances occurred Saturday at Marseilles and Belfort after the verdict of the Dreyfus court-martial was published. The demonstrators stoned the residence of Jacques Dreyfus, brother of the condemned, at Belfort, breaking the windows and otherwise damaging the structure. Many persons were arrested in both places.

The premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, was visited this morning by most of his colleagues. The date of the next cabinet council has not yet been fixed. President Loubet will probably not return to Rambouillet for several days.

A semi-official note has been issued denying the assertion of the morning papers that the minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, transmitted to Col. Jouaust, the president of the court-martial, through M. Paleologue, Friday, a statement by the reichsanzeiger repeating the disavowals of Count Von Munster and Count Von Buelow of Germany of relations with Dreyfus. The note also denies that M. Delcasse asked Germany to issue the statement.

## BRIDGE COLLAPSES.

### Train Goes Into River and Four Are Killed.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 11.—Saturday night 200 feet of trestle on the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens road over Broad river, near this city, gave way under a trainload of granite. Several cars and an engine fell fifty feet into the water.

The following were killed:

Engineer Dick Weatherby, of Columbia.

Fireman Silas Rennick, Greenville, S. C.

Stewart Martin, a negro, of Alston, S. C.

Unidentified man, head severed from body.

The bridge had just been completed and was pronounced in first-class condition.


# Scrofula, a Vile Inheritance.

Scrofula is the most obstinate of blood troubles, and is often the result of an inherited taint in the blood. S. S. S is the only remedy which goes deep enough to reach Scrofula; it forces out every trace of the disease, and cures the worst cases.

My son, Charlie, was afflicted from infancy with Scrofula, and he suffered so that it was impossible to dress him for three years. His head and body were a mass of sores, and his eyesight also became affected. No treatment was spared that we thought would relieve him, but he grew worse until his condition was indeed pitiable. I had almost despaired of his ever being cured, when by the advice of a friend we gave him S. S. S. (Swift's Specific). A decided improvement was the result, and after he had taken a dozen bottles, no one who knew of his former dreadful condition would have recognized him. All the sores on his body have healed, his skin is perfectly clear and smooth, and he has been restored to perfect health.



MRS. S. S. MANRY,
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For real blood troubles it is a waste of time to expect a cure from the doctors. Blood diseases are beyond their skill. Swift's Specific,

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Sold by all Local Druggists.

PROPOSALS FOR SUBSISTENCE, feed and fuel.—U. S. Indian School Service, Tower, Minn., August 15, 1899. Sealed proposals, endorsed "Proposals for beef, coal, etc.," as the case may be, and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minn., will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m. of Sept. 15, 1899, for furnishing and delivering at the school, during the year ending June 30, 1900, about 25,000 pounds beef, net, 20,000 pounds flour, 20,000 pounds bran, 100 tons coal, etc., etc., a full list with specifications and instructions to bidders being obtainable from the undersigned.

For further information apply to
OLIVER H. GATES,
Superintendent.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug. 18, 21 t.




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to-night, don't forget to take with you a package of the new delicacy — **Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer.** It will please the little folks, and provide a dainty nibble for the older ones.

**Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer**

makes delightful eating for everybody—something entirely new and tempting. A crispness and delicacy that you can only find in the celebrated **Uneeda** products. The bakers make them crisp: the air tight, moisture proof box keeps them so.

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Try Mormon Bishop's Pills for all diseases arising from dissipation, self-abuse, excesses or cigarette smoking. In use over 50 years. Brings back your manhood, cures depleted, worn out men, makes rich, red blood and tissue, cures wastings of the sexual organs, cures impotency, lost power, emissions, varicocele and constipation, adds luster to the eyes, stops nervous twitching of the eyelids. Makes life worth living. A boon to old or young. Effects at once. Cure permanent. Price, 50c a box; 6 for $2.50. Send for free circular. Address BISHOP REMEDY CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

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STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Joseph O. Portier, Urgel Pilon, Joseph Pilon and Elzear Lizotte, copartners doing business as J. O. Portier and Company,
Plaintiffs,
vs.
William A. Foote,
Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, William A. Foote, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh Judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in No. 400 Lonsdale building, in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state aforesaid, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of $130.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the 18th day of November, 1898, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated August 14th, 1899.

JOHN E. DAVIES,
Attorney for the Plaintiffs,
400 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-14-21-28-Sept-4-11-18-1899.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# A SLIGHT DECLINE

## Wheat Started Out Weak Owing to Heavy Liquidation at Chicago.

## THE CABLES LOWER

## World's Shipments Heavy and Favorable Reports on the European Crops.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 11.—The wheat market started out considerably weaker this morning. There was heavy liquidation at the opening at Chicago by prominent longs, but the decline was arrested by covering by shorts. The cables were bearish, the Liverpool market closing ½@⅝d lower, this being the result, it was claimed, of the prospect that peace will continue in South Africa, while world's shipments were heavy and European crop reports were favorable. The Northwest receipts were again heavy. The bulls drew some comfort out of the report from New York that the prospects were good for a large export business today. The market firmed up a little as the session advanced and the close was ⅛c lower than Saturday both here and at Chicago for the December option. May closed ¼c lower here and ⅛c lower at Chicago.

There was a fair amount of trading in futures on the Duluth board. December wheat opened ½c lower at 67⅜c, advanced to 67⅝c at 11:30, sold at 67⅝c at 11:50 and closed at 67⅝c, being ⅛c under Saturday. May closed at 71⅜c, a net decline of ¼c. Cash business was active, about 400,000 bus being sold at the September price. Flax was very active and prices were lower. Cash flax sold at $1.01@$1.05¼ and closed 3½c off. September flax sold at $1.00½@$1.05 and declined 3c. Oats and barley were unchanged. Rye advanced ⅛c and corn declined ¼c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69⅞c; September, 69⅞c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67⅝c; September, 67⅝c; December, 67⅝c; May, 71⅜c. No. 2 northern, 64⅝c. No. 3 spring, 61⅝c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 69⅞c; No. 1 northern, 67⅝c. Oats, 21@21¼c. Rye, 54c. Barley, 35-40c. Flax to arrive, $1.02; October, $1.00. Corn, 28c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 630; corn, 7; oats, 2; rye, 8; barley, 10; flax, 19. Receipts—Wheat, 504,781 bus; corn, 20,216 bus; oats, 1244 bus; rye, 5575 bus; barley, 6931 bus; flax, 5286 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 514,428 bus; oats, 1191 bus.

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Showing the stock of grain in store at Duluth on Saturday, Sept. 9, 1899:

| Wheat. | Bus. |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard | 427,737 |
| No. 1 northern | 2,305,440 |
| No. 2 northern | 550,192 |
| No. 3 spring | 44,711 |
| No grade | 216,470 |
| Rejected | 31,053 |
| Special bin | 321,020 |
| Total | 3,896,623 |
| Increase during week | 1,008,906 |
| Stocks last year | 1,536,837 |
| Corn in store | 116,221 |
| Oats in store | 72,021 |
| Rye in store | 67,751 |
| Barley in store | 132,610 |
| Flax in store | 77,445 |

CASH SALES MONDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard wheat, 3 cars | $0.69⅞ |
| No. 1 hard, 6 cars | 69¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 40,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 25 cars | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 45,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 30,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 4 cars, mills | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 4 cars | 67¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 75,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 1350 bus, to arrive | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 3 cars, to arrive | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars, sample | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 30 cars | 67¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus | 67¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 3 cars | 65 |
| No. 2 northern, 4 cars | 65¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 3700 bus | 64⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 20 cars | 64⅝ |
| No. 2 northern, 4 cars | 65 |
| No. 2 northern, 3 cars | 64¾ |
| No. 2 northern, 12 cars | 64⅝ |
| No. 2 northern, 12 cars | 65½ |
| No. 3 spring, 4 cars | 62 |
| No. 3 spring, 1 car | 62¼ |
| No. 3 spring, 1 car, mills | 62⅜ |
| No. 3 spring, 2 cars, sample | 62½ |
| No. 3 spring, 1 car | 61⅝ |
| No. 3 spring, 7 cars | 61⅝ |
| Rejected, 3 cars | 55⅛ |
| Rejected, 1 car | 58 |
| Rejected, 1 car | 61½ |
| Rye, 1 car | 53½ |
| Rye, 3 cars | 53½ |
| Flax, 20,000 bus, September | 1 05 |
| Flax, 1000 bus, September | 1 04⅛ |
| Flax, 5000 bus, September | 1.03½ |
| Flax, 5000 bus, September | 1.03¼ |
| Flax, 15,000 bus, September | 1.03 |
| Flax, 5000 bus, September | 1.02¾ |
| Flax, 2000 bus, September | 1.02½ |
| Flax, 2000 bus, September | 1.02 |
| Flax, 3000 bus, September | 1.01¾ |
| Flax, 5000 bus, September | 1.01 |
| Flax, 8000 bus, September | 1.00½ |
| Flax, 10,000 bus, October | 1.13 |
| Flax, 5000 bus, October | 1.02½ |
| Flax, 15,000 bus, October | 1.02 |
| Flax, 10,000 bus, October | 1.01¾ |
| Flax, 5000 bus, October | 1.01¼ |
| Flax, 5000 bus, October | 1 01 |
| Flax, 19,000 bus, October | 1.00½ |
| Flax, 500 bus, October | 1.00¼ |
| Flax, 100,000 bus, October | 99½ |
| Flax, 6000 bus, October | 99¼ |
| Flax, 3500, to arrive | 1.05¼ |
| Flax, 1000 bus, to arrive | 1.05¼ |
| Flax, 5000 bus, to arrive | 1 04 |
| Flax, 6000 bus, to arrive | 1 04¼ |
| Flax, 1150 bus, to arrive | 1.04¼ |
| Flax, 4000 bus, to arrive | 1.03 |
| Flax, 3500 bus, to arrive | 1.03 |
| Flax, 22,000 bus, to arrive | 1.02 |
| Flax, 3000 bus, to arrive | 1.01 |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Considerable weakness was shown by wheat today. Heavy liquidation by prominent longs started at the opening, and continued for some time, a material decline taking place. The decline started covering by shorts. This was about all the support the market received, but it was sufficient to arrest the decline for the time being and cause some recovery. Later the market again turned weak. Liverpool was weak and ⅝d lower, the decline being due, it was said, to the more pacific aspect of Transvaal affairs, the heavy worlds shipments and favorable European crop reports. The weather in the Northwest was seasonable, and receipts continued large, Minneapolis and Duluth reporting 1236 cars, against 1145 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 145 cars, 9 of contract grade. New York reported prospects good fo a large export business today. December opened ½c lower at 70⅝c. It sold at 70⅜@⅝c, advanced to 71c, and reacted to 70⅞c.

Corn was easier all around. Cables were lower, and local receipts large, 866 cars. The weakness of wheat was a factor. There was a fair demand for September at the decline. December opened ⅛@¼c lower at 28⅛@28¼c, and advanced to 28¼@28⅜c. September sold at 31⅛@31¼c, and declined to 31¼@31⅜c under Saturday.

Oats were weak early with other grain, but became steady later on a good general demand. The cash business continued excellent. Receipts were 426 cars. December opened ⅛c lower at 20¼@20⅜c, and advanced to 20⅜@20½c.

Provisions were dull and heavy. Yellow fever news still depressed the market and there was scattered liquidation by longs, with a poor demand. October pork opened 5c lower at $8.00, sold at $7.97½ and reacted to $8.02½. October lard opened 2½@5c lower at $5.22½@25c, and advanced to $5.25@27½c. October ribs opened 2½@5c lower at $5.20@5.22½ and held at that price.

Close: Wheat, September, 70⅝c; December, 71⅛c; May, 74¾c. Corn, September, 31⅛c; October, 30¾c; December, 28⅜c; May, 29¼c. Oats, September, 21¼c; December, 20⅝c; May, 22¼c. Pork, September, $8.05; October, $8.10; December, $8.20@8.22; January, $9.55. Lard, September, $5.25; December, $4.92; January, $4.97. Cash wheat, No. 2, 72c; No. 3 red, 68@71c; No. 2 hard winter, 68½c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@67½c; No. 1 northern spring, 72c; No. 2 spring, 70@71c; No. 3 spring, 64@70c. Corn, No. 2, 31¼c. No. 3, 31c. Oats, No. 2, 21⅝c; No. 3, 21½@21⅝c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.07; Southwestern, $1.01½; September, $1.05; October, $1.01½; December, $1.02¼. Barley, cash, 36½@44c. Rye, September, 55¼c; December, 55½s. Timothy, September, $2.45; October, $2.42. Clover, October, $7.75.


**Weare Commission Company, Chicago.** Established 1862.

*Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.*

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***STOCK AND BOND BROKER,***

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***WANTED TO BUY:***

**Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines Certificates.**

All issues of U. S. Government Bonds Bought and Sold.

Official Agent for the sale of all Treasury Stock. SWEDE BOY GOLD MINE.

***BUY WHEAT.***

$25.00 will margin 1000 bus 2½ pts.

***ON BREAKS***

If you don't buy more than you can carry and take profits when opportunity offers, which means sell on bulges. You can make money.

***GIBBONS & CO.,***

St. Louis Hotel Lobby — Grain and Stock Brokers


GOVERNMENT REPORT.

Washington, Sept. 11.—The condition of wheat is 79.9 as compared with 86.7 on Sept. 1. Corn, 85.2.

## CONDITION OF COTTON.

Washington, Sept 11.—The monthly report of the statistician of the department of agriculture shows the average condition of cotton on Sept. 1 to have been 68.5 as compared with 84.0 last month, 79.8 on Sept 1, 1898, 78.3 at the corresponding date in 1897 and 78.4, the mean of the September averages for the last ten years. The condition on the first of the present month was, with the exception of the year 1896, the lowest September condition in 25 years.

There was a general impairment of condition during August, amounting to six points in Alabama, eight in Mississippi and Tennessee, ten in North Carolina and Georgia, twelve in South Carolina and Louisiana, sixteen in Florida, twenty in Oklahoma, twenty-four in Arkansas, twenty-six in Texas and forty in Indian Territory. The serious decline in condition is the result, in the main, of long continued drought. Where local rains have fallen, they have generally been so heavy as to further aggravate the situation.

The averages of the different states on Sept. 1 were as follows: Virginia, 87; North Carolina, 73; South Carolina, 66; Georgia, 69; Florida, 77; Alabama, 76; Mississippi, 78; Louisiana, 74; Texas, 61; Arkansas, 62; Tennessee, 76; Missouri, 85; Oklahoma, 60; Indian Territory, 53.

New York, Sept. 11.—The opening of the cotton market was steady, with prices 1 to 5 points higher on a momentary scare of shorts and fair general buying of firmer Liverpool cables. The announcement that beneficial rains had fallen during the Sunday interval precipitated active liquidation under which prices rapidly melted away. As against $6.04 on the call, October tumbled to $5.97, January broke 6 points to $6.14 and March went off 7 points to $6.19. The subsequent course of the forenoon market was governed almost entirely by orders as they came.

Spot cotton firm; middling uplands, 6⅞-16; middling gulf, 6 31-16. Cotton spot closed quiet unchanged; sales, 500 bales.

Cotton futures closed steady: September, $5.87; October, $6.04; November, $6.06; December, $6.15; January, $6.20; February, $6.23; March, $6.26; April, $6.28; May, $6.13; June, $6.35; July, $6.38.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The great revival in trade which is evident in all quarters of the market caused the aggregate sales to exceed all previous weeks this season. The large consignments of heavy drafters placed on the market were bought by lumbermen as quick as they arrived on the market. This brisk trade in heavy horses has its cause from the steady advancing prices and the fear that such horses will be impossible to procure, as they are completely depleted in the country. Light horses had no strong demand, but sold evenly. North Dakota dealers were buying in wholesale lots of farm horses.

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice to extra | $135@150 |
| Drafters, common to good | 95@125 |
| Farm horses, choice to extra | 110@120 |
| Farm horses common to good | 55@75 |
| Drivers | 75@150 |
| Delivery horses | 40@65 |

RECEIPTS AT LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Sept. 11.—Imports of wheat into Liverpool for the week from Atlantic ports, 83,300 quarters; Pacific ports, none; other points, 27,000 quarters. Imports of corn into Liverpool from Atlantic ports during the week were 82,200 quarters.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 11.—Close: Wheat dull, ½@¾d lower. September, 5s 8½d; December, 5s 10⅝d; March, 6s ¾d. Corn, dull, @⅛d lower. September, 3s 4⅝d; October, 3s 5¼d; November, 3s 5⅝d; December, 3s 5⅞d; January, 3s ⅞d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 11.—Money on call, firm, at 5@5½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¼@5 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¾@4.86½ for demand, and at $4.83@4.83¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84 and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82@4.82½; silver certificates, 59@59¾; bar silver, 59@59¼c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds, steady; 2s, registered, $1.00½; 3s, registered, $1.08½; coupon, $1.08½; new 4s, registered, $1.30; coupon, $1.30½; old 4s, registered, $1.11¼; coupon, $1.13¾; 5s, registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.11½.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Dec. | Corn. Dec. | Pork. Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 20¾ | 28¼@28⅛-¼ | $8.12 |
| High | 20¾ | 28⅜B | 8.20-8.22 |
| Low | 20⅜ | 28⅛-¼ | 8.12 |
| Close | 20¾ | 28⅜B | 8.20-8.22 |

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 67⅜N | 67 | 70¾-⅝ | 75¾-⅞ |
| High | 67⅝ | 67½ | 71⅛ | 76⅛ |
| Low | 67⅜ | 67⅛ | 70⅝-¾ | 75⅞ |
| Close | 67⅝B | 67½ | 71⅛B | 76 |
| May— | | | | |
| Open | 71⅛N | 70¼ | 73¾-⅞ | 79 |
| High | 71⅜B | 70⅜ | 74¼ | 79¼ |
| Low | 71⅛ | 70¼ | 73¾ | 78⅞ |
| Close | 71⅜B | 70⅜ | 74¼ | 79⅛ |

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Wheat—Liverpool closed ⅝d lower; London ¼d lower; Paris wheat 5 centimes lower, flour 20 centimes lower; Antwerp unchanged. Bombay cable says there is an improved crop outlook. Reliable French reports say French crop will be 336,000,000 bus against 340,000,000 bus last year. Wheat on passage increased 320,000 bus. The world's shipments, 6,610,000 bus, including 936,000 bus from Russia and 16,000 bus from Australia. The world's visible increased 2,389,000 bus. European visible increased 1,040,000 bus. English visible increased 278,000 bus. American visible increased 1,349,000 bus. The weather conditions are perfect. Primary receipts 1,434,000 bus, shipments, 777,000 bus. Clearances 692,000 bus. Talking thirty loads of wheat for export, we confirm twenty-two. A reliable authority here makes the world's wheat visible Sept. 1 at 152,577,000 against 66,511,000 bus last year. The market today has been a tame affair and while the news was of a bearish character the market held up well. It is expected that the government report will indicate about 500,000,000 bus. This is construed as bullish, should the figures be verified. There is a little picking up in the cash inquiry here and at a few other points it has been very light, but may work up at any moment. It is a scalping market altogether.

Corn—Talking sixty loads for export. There is a good demand for September and there were charters of 300,000 bus. It is well worth noting that the demand keeps pace with the current receipts and there is a big short intrest still outstanding for this month.

Oats are the strongest thing on the floor. There is a good cash demand which absorbs all the offerings and we would not be surprised to see higher prices prevail for the nearby and deferred futures. There has been a good class of buying noticeable in this cereal for some days.

Provisions—Hogs were weaker and Liverpool was lower on hams and bacon. There was renewed selling on yellow fever in the South but packers report a good cash demand from that section of the country and they were on the buying side today.

Puts December wheat, 70¼-⅝c bid.
Calls, December wheat, 71⅝c asked.
Puts, December corn, 28⅜-½c.
Calls, December corn, 28⅜-½c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Stock. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar Trust | 152¾ | 153¾ | 151⅝ | 152 |
| Am. Tobacco | 127¼ | 127¼ | 125 | 125⅝ |
| Atchison, pfd | 64⅞ | 64⅞ | 63¾ | 63⅝ |
| B. R. T. | 104⅛ | 104⅛ | 102⅛ | 103½ |
| C. B. & Q. | 134⅛ | 134⅝ | 132⅝ | 133⅛ |
| C. & N. W. | 168½ | 168½ | 166½ | 16[illegible] |
| Chicago Gas | 118¾ | 118⅞ | 116⅛ | 115⅞ |
| C. G. W. | 16 | 16⅛ | 15 | 15 |
| L. & N. | 80¼ | 80¼ | 79¼ | 79⅜ |
| Leather | 75¼ | 75¼ | 71½ | 74⅛ |
| Manhattan | 117⅛ | 117⅛ | 114¾ | 115 |
| Missouri Pacific | 48 | 48 | 46¾ | 47 |
| Northern Pacific | 54¼ | 54⅜ | 53⅛ | 53⅞ |
| Nor. Pacific, pfd | 76⅛ | 76⅛ | 75½ | 75⅞ |
| Southern Pacific | 36⅞ | 36⅞ | 36⅛ | 36⅞ |
| Rock Island | 118⅛ | 118¼ | 117¼ | 117½ |
| St. Paul | 131⅛ | 134⅛ | 132¾ | .... |
| T. C. I. | 123 | 126 | 121¼ | 121½ |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 77¾ | 77⅞ | 76¾ | 77 |
| Western Union | 88½ | 88⅝ | 88½ | 88⅝ |

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 11.—Close: Wheat in store No. 1 northern, September, 66¾; December, 67⅛; May 70⅝. On track, No 1 hard, new, 69¾; No 1 northern, 67¼; No. 2, new 64.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 11.—Close: Wheat, 73¼; December, 76; May, 79⅛. Corn, September, 37¾; December, 35¼; May, 34¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Clearances $1,024,786; balances, $1,377,159. New York exchange, 40 cents discount; sterling exchange, $484@487½.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following were the closing prices of copper stocks, reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Sept. 11.—Close: Atlantic, 30; Adventure, 6¾@7; Arcadian, 58; Arnold, 12½@13; Allouez, 6¾ asked; Butte and Boston, 68@72; Bingham, 15½; Baltic, 25½@⅞; Bonanza, 1⅞; Boston Consolidated, 71⅛; Calumet and Hecla, 800; Copper Range, 40; Centennial, 31¾; Dominion Coal, 53@54; Franklin, 20 asked; Humboldt, 2⅝@¾; Isabella, 14; Osceola, 86@87; Old Colony, 9@¼; Old Dominion, 31; Boston and Montana, 340; Mohawk, 23½; Michigan, 10@11; Mass, 11½; Parrott, 48; Pioneer, 2¾@3; Quincy, 156@160; Rhode Island, 7¼; Isle Royale, 42; Santa Fe, 13½; Tamarack, 220@221; Tecumseh, 5½@6; Utah, 39; Wolverine, 45½@36; Winona, 10½@11; Washington, 2½ bid; United States, 34½; Zinc, 65½; Cochita, 19.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Wheat:—Wheat market today has been featureless and very dull. What little trade there was, was purely of a local nature and mainly all against privileges. Liverpool down. N. W. receipts under the influence of good weather were large 1236 cars at 2 points compared with 1445 last year. Visible increase, 1,349,000 bushels, there was increase in European visible of 1,040,000 The estimate of the world's visible is for an increase of 2,000,000 bushels, there was 30 loads reported taken for export at the seaboard, estimated for tomorrow 210 crs. Wheat acted exceedingly stubbornly in the face of numerous bear influences. The continued absence of speculation, the advancing receipts increase in visible and bearish feeling which is so apparent in the wheat pit, should have produced a greater influence towards the depression of values than has been the case and it is apparent that there is considerable hesitancy on the part of operators to take the selling side at these figures. The government report which is expected this afternoon has as usual restricted trade. Outsiders are watching until that is removed before taking action. Would repeat our advice to watch this market carefully, take advantage of profits when rallies create same and look for further declines for taking hold of wheat for the up-turn which we are inclined to believe is more than probable.

Corn: Dullness in wheat is reflected in corn, market has been with in ¼ range with an easy tone exhibited. Receipts were large 866 cars with 1000 estimated for Tuesday. Liverpool was ⅛ down, clearances, 685,000 bus; visible increased, 879,000 bus; local stock was 1,751,000 bus; increased 150,000 bus. There is a good cash demand, but lake rates are 3½c and prevents some business. The government report has kept trade slow. Although not much expected, we look for corn prices to be maintained. We think the short side is advisable.

Oats have been dull and range only ¼c; trade very slow; visible increased 576,000 bus. Local stock, 1,161,000 bus, increased 150,000 bus. Private stocks are supposed to be increasing. Receipts are 426 cars, with 535 estimated for Tuesday. Clearances, 162, bus.

Provisions—Yellow fever talk depressed markets early on the provision market, but breaks brought out considerable business on October buying. Cash demand, good. There is some talk of shortages in young hogs, resulting from last winter's low temperature. Market stands liquidation, must result in higher prices. We advise buying on breaks.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### General Decline, Followed By Gradual and Feeble Recovery.

New York, Sept. 11—Advancing prices in foreign markets relieved the local market from pressure on that account, but prices nevertheless were indisposed to advance, except in a few cases. Federal Steel was up 1½ on the dissolution of the injunction against the payment of its dividend and Colorado Fuel and Tennessee Coal rose about 2 points, the latter after a small preliminary decline. The majority of stocks showed losses which reached fractions. Republic Steel, Smelting, Southern Railway preferred, Burlington and the Northwestern. Saturday's unfavorable bank statement induced heavy liquidation in the stock market, losses ranging from 1 to 3¼ per cent. The chief sufferers were Metropolitan, Brooklyn Transit, People's Gas, American Tobacco and Manhattan. Standard railway stocks dropped from 1½, with New York Central, Northern Pacific and grangers conspicuous. After 10:30 there was a gradual recovery on diminished trading. Improvements in some instances reached a point, but the railways responded very feebly. Tennessee Coal and Colorado Fuel were very feverish over a range of 2¾ to 3½ points.

Some of the specialties showed good recoveries from the lowest, but scarcely any recoveries of importance were shown in the railways, which were barely steady. The high-priced industrials showed the effect of profit-taking on advances and moving widely. Sales of stocks to noon, 271,412 shares. General weakness prevailed in the bond department, but there were only moderate offerings.

Low prices for the day were made after 2 o'clock under very large offerings all through the list. The selling movement once more came to a pause and prices hardened in a desultory way, the rally extending to a point or over in Brooklyn Transit, Metropolitan and Pullman. In the railroad list, rallies did not exceed a half, except in Northwestern, which recovered 1½. The closing was feverish and unsettled under the influence of a raid on Brooklyn Transit. No losses ranged between 1 and 5 points in the prices of the active stocks.

## Looking Over the Country.

William McKenzie, of the firm of McKenzie, Mann & Co., who are building the Ontario & Rainy River railroad, arrived in this city yesterday on the steamer Collingwood, accompanied by Mayor George T. Marks of Port Arthur; Col. S. Hughes, of Lindsay, a member of the Canadian house of commons, and Superintendent Thompson of the railroad. They will go from here to Mine Center, and then to Winnipeg. They looked over the docks and terminals here, and this morning left for Two Harbors, and from there will go to Tower and on up. Mr. McKenzie and his associates also own the Port Arthur, Duluth & Western railroad.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

*REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.*

**Money to Loan—Short time loans made. Commercial paper and time checks bought. Mortgage loans 5 to 7 per cent. Bring in your Applications.**

***Chas. P. Craig & Co.***
*Herald Building.*

## FOR RENT.

Upper easterly corner of Lake Avenue and First street, 50x140 feet, for rent, long or short term.

***SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,***
304 Lonsdale Building.

## Real Estate for Sale.

1721 WEST NEW STREET; ALSO WEST Third street; price, $700. This house is not in good repair, but at the price asked it is cheap. Go and look at it.

1927 SIXTIETH AVENUE EAST IS AN 8-room house with large lot; house cost to build, $1800. You can buy this for $1300.

***GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,***
**REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE,**
106 Providence Bldg. — DULUTH, MINN.

*FINANCIAL.*

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. The only reliable licensed pawnbrokers in the city. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC. THE ONLY REPUTABLE LICENSED PAWNBROKER IN CITY. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE, 324 West Superior street

*MIDWIFE.*

MIDWIFE — MRS. BANKS, 328 ST Croix avenue. private hospital.

*CITY SCAVENGER.*

GUST ANDERSON, CITY NIGHT scavenger. All orders promptly attended to. Office No. 14. First avenue east.

*PERSONAL.*

DR. MANSFIELD'S MONTHLY REGULATOR has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in two to five days without fail; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or office, $2; all letters truthfully answered. The Mansfield Remedy Co., 167 Dearborn street, room 614, Chicago, Ill.

*LOST.*

LOST—NO. 15 WATERMAN FOUNTAIN pen. Finder please return to Herald office and receive liberal reward.

*DRESSMAKING.*

MADAME VALNEY, OF NEW YORK, in charge of Nineteenth Century Dress-Cutting school, will enroll a class for Sept. 18, 1899. To show merits of system, this introductory class will be taught for two-thirds regular price. Ladies interested in artistic dressmaking should not neglect to investigate and be convinced. No. 2 East Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

FIRST CLASS WORK AT MODERATE prices. Fit guaranteed. Mrs. Fenier, 123 West Superior street, room 9, over Wieland's shoe store.

*CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.*

READINGS 15 CENTS. QUESTIONS ANswered, spiritual science taught. "Knowing," 119 First avenue east.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of forty-three and 75-100 dollars interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Mary A. Dacey and James F. Dacey, her husband, mortgagors, to Clark S. Fulton, mortgagee, bearing date the 22nd day of April, 1897, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, 1897, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., in Book 161 of mortgages, on page 19.

And whereas, the said Clark S. Fulton, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 22nd day of October, 1898, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The west one-half of lot No. seven (7), West Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the plat of said division now on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for S . Louis County and State of Minnesota, said lot being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 25th day of October, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twelve hundred fifty dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Sept. 9th, A. D. 1899.

CLARK S. FULTON,
Mortgagee.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
411 and 413 Lonsdale building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-11-18-25-Oct-2-9-16—1899.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

*TO RENT—HOUSES.*

## FOR RENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| 206 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 212 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 803 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 805 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 409 East Superior street—(down stairs) no water | $8.00 |
| 22 East Second street—store and dwelling | $25.00 |

***A. R. MACFARLANE, Agent,***
Room 12, Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with modern conveniences. Apply to Eckstein & Bennett, real estate, insurance and loans. 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE with modern improvements. 410 Sixth avenue west.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

FOR RENT—A VERY NICE LARGE furnished front room, reasonable; down stairs. 628 West Third street.

TWO PLEASANT ROOMS FOR RENT with private family. Call 28 Fourth avenue east.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping for rent. 727 East Third street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping and two rooms for gentlemen. 230 West Second.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURnished rooms centrally located, with private family. J 20, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room. 518 West Second street.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT FRONT room; modern conveniences. Board across the street if desired. 601 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentleman, at 513 West First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 14 East Second street. Inquire after 6 p. m.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 320 West Third street.

*TO RENT—FLATS.*

FOR RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES from $10 to $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS, UNFURNISHED $5 up; furnished $8 up. Four rooms each. 718 West Fifth street.

*WANTED—TO RENT.*

WANTED—TO RENT, OR BUY, CHEAP, comfortable cottage on Park Point, near schoolhouse. Address "Cottage," Herald.

WANTED—BY BUSINESS WOMAN, large nicely furnished room. Must be first class with modern conveniences and pleasantly located. Address J 27, Herald.

WANTED—SMALL FLAT WITH CONveniences. State rent and location. Nast, care of Herald.

*BOARD WANTED.*

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY EMployed during the day, room and board for the winter; private family preferred. State location and terms. Miss A. K., care Herald.

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

WANTED—WASHING, AT 322 SECOND avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION AS JANITOR OR the charge of furnaces by a married man. Address 1321 West Michigan street.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME. 316½ East Ninth street.

A WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK TO go out washing and scrubbing. Call or address 14 East First street.

EXPERIENCED LADY WISHES POSItion as cashier. Can furnish best of references. Address J 2, Herald.

YOUNG LADY, WELL EXPERIENCED in shorthand, would like to teach in the evenings. Will go to your home. Very reasonable. Address J 46, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO TAKE dictation in office on Saturdays after 4 p. m., for practice. Will transcribe letters. J 3, Herald.

EGPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT, AGED 30, desires work after 6 p. m. Address J 29, Herald.

TWELVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN lumber and logs. Practical judge and scaler of logs, also graduate of commercial college, strictly sober. Who wants that kind of a man? X 66, Herald.

WANTED—BY STEADY YOUNG MAN, work as timekeeper, work in warehouse or any other kind of work will be accepted. Address X 99, Herald.

EXPERIENCED BAND OR CIRCULAR sawyer would like a situation. No objection to leaving the city. Room 212, Lowell block.

WANTED—A JOB AS TEAMSTER OR the care of horses; eight years' experience with horses. B 19, Herald.

WANTED — PLACES TO GO OUT washing and cleaning by the day. Address J 16, Herald.

SUMMONS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Uncas National Bank,
Plaintiff,
vs.

Robert S. Sutliffe, Duluth Transfer Railway Company, John Eliot Bowles, as receiver of the Duluth Transfer Railway Company, Metropolitan Trust Company of the city of New York, Metropolitan Trust Company of the city of New York, as trustee, Fidelity Loan and Trust Company, Joseph Sampson, as receiver of the Fidelity Loan and Trust Company, U. G. Whitney, as receiver of the Fidelity Loan and Trust Company, Western Land Association of Minnesota, John Peterson, Charles S. Pierce, Fred Bean, Mrs. Mary Smith, Paul C. Liden, and George A. Fernald, Arthur C. Raymond and Oliver E. Williams, co-partners as George A. Fernald & Company,
Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court, Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the Torrey building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated September 1, 1899.

DIBELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
802 to 808 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-11-18-25-Oct-2-9-16—1899.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

***LAND SCRIP—***

***Valentine, Porterfield, Re-certified Additionals, Forest Reserve, Personal Rights.***

## H. W. COFFIN

Chamber of Commerce.

**TITLE TO GOVERNMENT LANDS.**

Surveyed or unsurveyed; can be acquired quickly and cheaply by "FOREST RESERVE LIEU SELECTIONS." You can buy these at lowest market prices from

**J. H. SHARP, 515 Torrey Bldg., Duluth.**

I also deal in soldiers' additional rights. Pine lands bought and sold.

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIenced saleslady for hosiery and underwear department. Panton & White.

WANTED—WASHWOMAN AT 1105 LONdon road; every week.

WANTED—A GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children. Call at 117 West Third street.

WANTED—COOK AND DISHWASHER. The Gem restaurant, 216 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—COOK AT THE CHILDren's home, 1722 East Superior street.

## STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK. No laundry work. Apply in the forenoon at 1818 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED—SMALL FAMILY. 727 East Third street.

SALESLADY WANTED—ONE WHO has had experience in hardware and tinware; can procure a good position. All applications treated in strict confidence. State experience and give references. Address Hardware, care Herald.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, TWO first-class housemaids at Craggencroft. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2110 East Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO do general housework. Apply at once. 1306 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2608 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1016 East First.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER TO take charge of a widower's home. Apply 2011 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must have one. 918 East Fifth.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1221 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY IN china department can secure good permanent position. Must understand business thoroughly; no others need apply. State experience. All applications treated in strict confidence. Address China, care Herald.

WANTED — COOKS, WAITRESSES, laundry and kitchen girls for hotels and boarding houses, also second girls and cooks in first class private houses. Call at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY 325 East Second.

*WANTED—MALE HELP.*

WANTED—A MAN, OR BOY 15 YEARS old to work in grocery. Wilky's, 213 East Superior street.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, TO WORK. Enquire 226 West Second street.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS IN every town in the United States where we are not represented, to take orders for our high class tailoring. Lowest prices ever quoted. All garments fully guaranteed and shipped anywhere, without deposit, subject to approval. We take all the risk. Our salesmen are making from $75 to $250 a month. We equip you fully for business. Handsome sample book, stationery, advertising matter, fashion plates. Our instruction book teaches everything perfectly. Measuring learned in a few minutes by photographic illustrations. Large territory to good men. Full particulars on application. Address, American Woolen Mills Co. (Inc.), Chicago.

BOY TO LEARN PRINTING BUSIness. Apply Christie & Collier, Providence building.

FIRST CLASS BOOKKEEPER AND collector. Apply, stating references and salary expected. J 47, Herald.

WANTED—100 STATION MEN FOR Balch & Peppard, near Houghton, Mich. Big prices, free fare, work all winter. Work let direct from head contractors. Apply to Alexander & Co., Employment office, 433 West Michigan street, Duluth.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Only eight weeks required. Half rate transportation furnished now. Positions guaranteed. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—ONE SAWMILL ENGINEER —must be of temperate habits, also one setter. Apply by mail to J. F. Smith, care Oshkosh Log and Lumber company, Choate, Mich.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

*WANTED—AGENTS.*

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street. Duluth, Minn.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

ART GARLAND HEATER FOR SALE— Enquire at Union depot ticket office.

A BARGAIN—FOR SALE—SEVERAL complete hardwood bedroom suites, as good as new. 511 East Third street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, $50. Call 2118 West First street.

CALL FOR YOUNG, STRONG, CLEAN and healthy canary birds of fine breed at the employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

FOR SALE—GOOD DELIVERY AND driving horses and fresh milk cows. Address Harry Hill, 325 St. Croix avenue, city.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND household goods. Owner leaving city. Cheap for cash. "Widower," Herald office.

## Lumbermen, Take Notice!

From 300 to 500 head of heavy logging and draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1800 pounds are always kept in stock, with fresh consignments received daily at Barrett & Zimmerman's horse market, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Minn.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

## SECRET SOCITIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 18, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lyonel Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1899. Work, ———. Robert Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 13th, 1899. Alex. P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE No. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. I. W. Smith, W. M.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA— Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; W. C. Weld, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

I. O. F.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTers—Court Commerce No. 3283, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock, in Kalamazoo block, second floor. H. W. Krause, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—DUluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, second and fourth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Harrington, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE NO. 35, K. P.— Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in the Third rank, Sept. 5. W. M. Hillis, C. C.; G. H. Nichols, K. R. S.

*STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.*

## Excursion to Fond du Lac

Str. Josie Davidson will make daily trips —leaving Duluth, Fifth avenue, 10 a. m., Superior, Tower Bay slip, 10:30 a. m. Fare, 50c round trip. Special rates given to parties and societies. Address John H. Hanson, 470 West Fifth street, Superior; or Buffalo Oil company, West Superior. 'Phone 4022.

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS

## STEAMER SIDNEY

**Will Leave St. Paul for St. Louis and Intermediate landings, Tuesday, Sept 12th, at 10 a. m.**

For full information regarding passenger and freight rates address C. R BROCKWAY, General Agent, office foot of Sibley street, opposite Union depot, St Paul. Telephone call, Main 93.

NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.

EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS

NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2:10 p. m. for Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 6:30 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, Sept. 19. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

*RAILROAD TIME TABLES.*

## St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

| Leave Duluth | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **9 00 am | ST. PAUL | *6 30 am |
| *1 55 pm | MINNEAPOLIS | *1 35 pm |
| *11 15 pm | | **7 45 pm |

Sleepers for 11:15 p.m. train ready at 9 p.m. Passengers may remain in sleeper at Minneapolis until 8 a.m.
Train for Fond du Lac and New Duluth **9:00 a.m.
FROM UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 332 West Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

**EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.**

**City Ticket Office—432 West Superior Street.**

| Leave. | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 10 p.m | ST. PAUL | †2 10 p.m |
| *11 15 p.m | AND MINNEAPOLIS. | †7 00 a.m |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 8 15 a.m | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points. | *6 45 p.m |
| †3 00 p.m | Swan River, Hibbing and Int. Points | †12 m |

Sleeper for 11:15 p.m. train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.

J. G. MOONEY,
Northern Passenger Agent.

## Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth | Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor | Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar.. Iron Junction | Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar..... Wolf | Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar..... Virginia | Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... Eveleth | Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... Sparta | Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar..... Biwabik | Lv | 12:17 p.m |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar..... Mt. Iron | Lv | 12:35 p.m |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar..... Hibbing | Lv | 12:35 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. P. HANSON,
General Passenger Agent.

## North-Western Line.

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8 35 a m / *4 45 p m | St. Paul, Mpls. / Twilight Limited. | **3 05 pm / *9 45 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Fast Mail. | *10 45 am |

Wagner Sleepers. Free Chair Cars.

## Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Telephone 44.

**426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.**

| Leave. | *Except Saturday. †Except Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *7 00 pm | BOSTON LIMITED | †8 30 am |
| †8 40 am | Copper Country Daylight Express | †7 55 pm |

## Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth | Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... Virginia | Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar..... Eveleth | Lv | 7:35 a.m |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar........ Ely | Lv | 7:30 a.m. |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

**DAILY SERVICE.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth | Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv.. W. Superior | Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv..... Ashland | Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar..... Milwaukee | Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar..... Chicago | Lv | 6:25 p.m. |

Pullman palace sleepers and finest dining car service. Meals a la carte.

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent Duluth.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

**Only Evening Paper in Duluth**

THE EVENING HERALD.

**An Independent Newspaper.**

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**TEN CENTS A WEEK.**

EVERY EVENING
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|---|---|
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| One year (in advance) | 5.00 |

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

**OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.**

HERALD'S CIRCULATION
HIGH-WATER MARK,

**17,148.**

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Sept. 11.—The barometer is high in Rocky Mountain districts and low in the region immediately north of Minnesota. Warmer weather prevails in North Dakota and Manitoba and it is cooler in Southern Wisconsin. Light rains fell during yesterday or last night over the greater portion of the lake region and Mississippi valley. The winds in the lake region this morning are generally fresh westerly.

Minimum temperatures last night:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Battleford | 45 | Miles City | 48 |
| Bismarck | 52 | Milwaukee | 58 |
| Calgary | 40 | Minnedosa | 44 |
| Chicago | 56 | Memphis | 66 |
| Davenport | 56 | Moorhead | 56 |
| Denver | 58 | North Platte | 52 |
| Detroit | 54 | Omaha | 54 |
| Dodge City | 54 | Port Arthur | 64 |
| Duluth | 56 | Prince Albert | 48 |
| Edmonton | 44 | Qu'Appelle | 52 |
| Havre | 52 | Rapid City | 56 |
| Helena | 56 | St. Louis | 62 |
| Huron | 46 | St. Paul | 52 |
| Kansas City | 58 | Sault Ste. Marie | 56 |
| La Crosse | 50 | Swift Current | 46 |
| Lander | 42 | Willston | 50 |
| Marquette | 54 | Winnipeg | 50 |
| Medicine Hat | 48 | | |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight and Tuesday; fresh westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; slightly warmer tonight. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Tuesday; probably cooler Tuesday.

## NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

On and after June 22 The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for the three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

### THE WORLD ACQUITS HIM.

The verdict of the judges comprising the French court-martial that tried Capt. Dreyfus for treason has shocked the whole world. While the court has pronounced Dreyfus guilty and sentenced him to ten years' imprisonment, the whole world has pronounced him innocent and believes that he should be freed and restored to the rank in the French army from which he was degraded. The trial of 1894 was conducted in secret and the public was ignorant of all the proceedings, but the trial just closed was public and the world followed the testimony. The "evidence" against Dreyfus was simply a mass of hearsay, opinion and forgery. The trial was a farce from beginning to end. The court made no attempt to confine the witnesses to points at issue in the trial and they were permitted to drag in matters that were not in any way connected with the charge against Dreyfus and had absolutely no bearing on the case. Gen. Jouaust, the president of the court, was so strongly prejudiced against Dreyfus that he could not conceal his feelings and from the very beginning of the trial he exhibited marked hostility towards the defendant and his counsel. He would have voted for the conviction of Dreyfus, even if the evidence in his favor had been twice as strong.

The trial has established these facts in the minds of the people of the whole world who have followed it closely:

1. That Dreyfus did not write the bordereau; did not communicate military secrets to foreign powers or their representatives in Paris.

2. That in some way the shameful traffic became known and exposure was threatened.

3. That the real criminal, or the conspiracy of which he was the head, had to be shielded at all costs, and that.

Finally: Dreyfus was chosen as the scapegoat because he was a Hebrew and because it was only necessary to charge one of his race with a heinous crime in order to render public sentiment in France frantic, irrational and inhuman.

As the Cincinnati Enquirer says, Dreyfus was selected without reference to probability. The conspirators did not even stop to think of the future and of the consequences of a possible revision. They took it for granted that Dreyfus would die in exile, and, as circumstances have shown, they conceived the plan of hounding down any and every one who might suggest inquiry. This was seen in the cases of Col. Picquart and Emile Zola, the first of whom was deported to Africa with orders that would have sent him to his death, while the latter was compelled to flee to England from a persecution which, at that time, would have been conducted without restraint or pity. It was a scheme so vile, so reckless, and yet so deliberate, that we are left no alternative save that of supposing that the highest officials under the government were involved and the downfall of the army establishment threatened.

But they overlooked one point—the faithful, loving wife of Dreyfus. But for her constancy and determination their game would probably have succeeded. Their failure is due to her fidelity to the husband she believed guiltless of the crime laid at his door and to her unceasing efforts to secure justice for the innocent man. The second trial has not resulted in his acquittal, but Mme. Dreyfus has the satisfaction of knowing that the movement she inaugurated has resulted in convincing the civilized world that her husband is the victim of a bold and cruel conspiracy and has ever been loyal to his country.

### CRITICISING OTIS.

The volunteer regiments arriving at San Francisco on their return from the Philippines are joining in the adverse criticism of the policy pursued by Gen. Otis. It is a fact worthy of note that hardly a single voice is raised in favor of Otis, which increases the belief that the complaints are well founded. Where there is so much smoke there must be a little fire. There is always more or less criticism of commanding officers, but the opinion as to the incompetence of Otis is so general that it can hardly be contended that it is wise to leave him much longer in command at Manila.

Rev. Mr. McQueen, of Boston, who is an author of some reputation and who has been in the Philippines, says: "The weakness of the whole affair in the Philippines is in having Gen. Otis act as military and civil governor. He never saw the firing lines, and has no personal knowledge of the exigencies of the situation. In my six months' stay I found not one man who would say that Gen. Otis is a competent officer. There are a few who desire his retention as civil governor, but for financial reasons only. I have the most positive and convincing evidence that if Gen. Lawton had been permitted to carry out his desires on March 25 the war would have been practically ended." In a letter quoted by the Minneapolis Tribune, an American woman in Japan, who met some of the returning soldiers, says: "The soldiers are very bitter against Otis. I wish the people at Washington could hear the boys talk. They simply hate him, and officers and men do not hesitate to say the most bitter things against him."

Gen. Otis may be a pretty fair civil governor, although the arbitrary manner in which he has exercised the censorship of news at Manilla does not even lead to confidence in his ability in that line, but he is certainly not the man to direct campaigns. The man to bring the war to an end in the shortest possible time is Gen. Nelson A. Miles.

### THE COUNTY FAIR.

The people of St. Louis county look forward with interest each year to the county fair. There are few institutions that do more good in an educational way than the annual exhibit of the natural resources and products of the county. Until recent years the impression prevailed quite generally throughout the state, and was even shared by some people in Duluth, that St. Louis county consisted of rocks, iron ore and lakes, and that there was hardly enough agricultural land within the county's limits to raise a bushel of potatoes. The county fairs, as well as the exhibits at the state fair, have done much to remove this false impression and have demonstrated that the agricultural resources of St. Louis county rank with those of many other counties in the state that are accounted purely agricultural counties.

The Herald is assured by those in charge of the fair that the display by the farmers of the county this year will exceed that of any former years. Practically every farmer in the county has been solicited to send exhibits, and so many have promised to do so that a very fine display of grain, vegetables and other products of the farm is assured. The people of Duluth, as well as the residents of other portions of the county, should encourage the interest thus displayed by the farmers and encourage the fair management by attending the fair in large numbers. Many attractions have been provided for the amusement of the crowds who are expected to lend their aid in making the fair a success, and everyone will find it a good place to pass a pleasant and enjoyable afternoon.

One of the state courts of Arkansas recently granted an injunction restraining certain coal companies from importing men from another state to take the places of strikers. Judge Rogers of the United States district court has set this injunction aside on the ground that under the fourteenth amendment to the federal constitution persons have a right to go from one state to another in search of employment, and no state had a power to stop them. This is most assuredly right. When Governor Tanner of Illinois undertook to keep peaceful negro laborers from entering Illinois by setting the state militia against them, he was not only trying to make law for Illinois, but to shoot down the federal constitution.

A Kansas soldier puts it this way: "Next time I fight for my country I'm thinking that I'll do it by sea. 'Twixt the navy and the army there's just the difference of walkin' and ridin'; twixt sleepin' in bed and on the ground; 'twixt havin' a squar meal and only something to eat. You've got to keep scrappin' ev'ry day on land, at less'n day's wages, while you're always guessing when the hospital 'll get you. On the sea there's just one big scrap; and you go down or you stay up. If it's up, you have your dinner same as usual, and you can swing in your hammock while the army sweats."

The Bessemer association has fixed the price of pig iron for next year at $22 a ton in the valleys of Western Pennsylvania, and $22.25 a ton at Pittsburg. When it is remembered that the price of Bessemer pig was less than $11 a ton at Pittsburg no longer ago than last January, and only about $10 a ton in November, 1898, the extraordinary position of this industry will readily appear. Even now it is predicted that the Bessemer association's minimum price will not stand in the fact of the amazing scramble for iron, and $25 a ton is talked of as a probable ruling price.

Rev. Henry Jenkins, colored, does not agree with Bishop Turner in his views of the race troubles. The former recently preached a sermon at Windsor, Md., in which he said: "I am tired of hearing Bishop Turner telling the negroes to get guns. I say get money, get education and confidence in one another. Stop desecrating the Sabbath day. Stop drinking whisky. Let dynamite and rum alone, and strive to acquire land and homes. Salvation is coming, not by the stony road of politics, but by the highway of Christianity."

The August fire loss in the United States and Canada amounted to $9,703,700, which was nearly $2,000,000 less than the loss in July, but $2,000,000 more than the August loss in 1898 and $3,000,000 more than the August loss in 1897. The fire loss for the year up to date, therefore, makes an even worse comparative showing than a month ago. The total for the first eight months of 1899 is $86,829,950; for 1898, $74,960,350. These figures uset the notion that fire losses are greater in years of depression than in seasons of prosperity.

At first glance it calls for a feeling of resentful jealousy to read that Chicago has 2-cent fares on one of her street railway lines. But though the rate is as low as the much-vaunted Glasgow rate—1 cent the mile—it appears that the line covered by this concession is only two miles long, and that no transfers are given to the main line.

The probability is that Governor Tanner will be renominated by the Republicans in Illinois. The anti-Tanner forces have failed to induce W. J. Calhoun to become a candidate. Young Richard Yates, son of the war governor, is a candidate but he is not a strong man.

Emma Goldman, the star-eyed goddess of destruction, baptized some of the children of anarchists at Spring Valley, Ill., the other day in beer. The element was an appropriate one. When the children are grown up they will apply it internally.

The tin plate trust has pushed prices up another notch. Perhaps Mr. McKinley will recommend that congress increase the tariff protection for his pet industry, because owing to the high prices foreign tin plate is being imported.

Remember that the St. Louis county fair will open tomorrow and that, in addition to a good exhibit of the county's agricultural and mineral resources, there will be first-class horse races and other attractions.

Apropos of the Dreyfus case here is what Dumas once said of French justice: "If I were accused of stealing the tower of Notre Dame I should not undertake to defend myself. I should bolt."

Although the Dreyfus trial has resulted in a verdict contrary to all ideas of justice, the president should not hesitate to promulgate the sentence in Capt. Carter's case.

Listen to the talk of the people on the street cars and elsewhere, and you will soon discover that the issue this year is the Philippine war.

The Des Moines News says that with choice cut steaks looking like 30 cents, the butchers ought to be able to make both ends meat.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee thinks the Cubans are now ready for self-government, and no one knows the situation in Cuba better than he does.

Prosperity appears to have made "Mr. Dooley" lazy. He missed a splendid opportunity for an article on the Dreyfus trial.

But "the honor" of the French army has been preserved!

### The Foundations.

The long ripe fields are yellow with their weight of golden grain,
And hands deep browned with summer's patient toil
Are gathering the fruits that underlie all other wealth—
The teeming, hardy riches of the soil.
The sun's fierce light has softened in the mellow evening air;
The crickets chirp their quaint, and steady croon;
The air is filled with sweetness stolen from the drowsy flowers,
And slow up comes the stately Harvest Moon.

Then the sound of happy laughter and the patter of gay feet
Wake the echoes sleeping down by dell and tarn—
Come up the light night breezes, while loud music urges on
The lads and lasses dancing in the barn.
The work is done, and pleasure takes its turn in dance and glee,
While love tones mingle with the lively tune,
And bright eyes flash sweet messages to eager, answering hearts,
Beneath the merry, merry Harvest Moon.

Outside the great world lieth, with its roar and rush of life
Far flowing from the laden, quiet fields,
With its wealth of gold and power, with works of wondrous art,
Its results that science in its magic yields.
Yet all the pomp and riches, all the wonders and the fame,
All the brain and brawn and muscle—ah! how soon
Would they fall, and break and perish, without those quiet fields
Lying far away beneath the Harvest Moon!

—Baltimore American.

### They Don't Like It.

Martin County Sentinel: Governor Lind called the rotten old Pioneer Press to time on its slanders upon Minnesota wheat grades. It was run into such close quarters that all it attempted to do was to yelp out a spiteful "y'lie." The trust and monopoly organs don't enjoy Governor Lind's smokeless powder a little bit.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., N.Y. YORK.

## THOUGHTS THAT TICKLE.

Chicago Record: "Did you ask the doctor if you had malaria?"

"Not on your life; he's treating me for five other expensive maladies now."

Indianapolis Journal: First Detective—Ah, think of the sensation there would be if we should tell all we know.

Second Detective—I hope you ain't thinking of confessing, are you?

Chicago Post: "I tell you that fellow is doing a driving business."

"Who is he?"

"A hackman."

Philadelphia Bulletin: "Did you notice? She has a white silk suit, which she wears to the base ball game?"

"Yes; she told me she though it appropriate. It was made over from an old ball dress."

Washington Star: "Does the climate agree with you?" inquired the mild but conversational person.

"No," answered the weather prophet fiercely. "Nearly every time I announce what it ought to do it assumes an attitude of rigid and uncompromising opposition."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Those Luzon mayors must be idiots."

"How so?"

"They turned their offices into Filipino recruiting stations when they might have opened street railway franchise shops."

Chicago Tribune: "That's an interesting story about the way in which Beecher once silenced Gladstone in a 5-minute conversation they had in England. There never was a word of it printed at the time, was there?"

"Of course not. They were alive then to contradict it."

Indianapolis Journal: Yabsley—The amount of time you have put in dodging that fellow you owe the five is worth more than the money.

Mudge—I know it is, but I have a hope that some day I will owe an amount worth dodging for.

Washington Star: "Now, what on earth did she mean by telling him she dearly loved rainy days? Surely, she didn't want him to think her sentimental."

Oh, no. She knows well enough that sentiment is out of date. She wanted him to get the idea her hair curled naturally."

Indianapolis Journal: "Did Mr. Filkins press his suit when he called last evening?" asked the sister of the tailor-made girl.

"Most energetically," answered the tailor-made girl.

"Aw, g'wan!" broke in the incorrigible brother. "When I looked into the parlor he was pressing yours."

### They Need Peace.

Remidji Pioneer: Billy Windom is a bully good fellow, but he has lots of friends in St. Louis county who are more in need of peace than war.

### Globe Sights.

Atchison Globe: A girl when she is between 16 and 20, overdoes the startled look.

After a woman has cleared her husband's desk, he begins to look around for things to miss.

In order to make a sickness cost as much as possible, physicians are now recommending champagne in cases of fever.

The woman who can't secure a husband should go to work and earn good wages, in order to assist her sister, who did.

It makes no difference how little a man knows; every one wonders when trouble overtakes him that he didn't know better.

In estimating how much it will cost to renovate and refurnish a house, a man should include the money it will cost his wife to give a party when it is done.

This is the time of the year when the mother and daughters carefully throw catalogues of costly boarding schools where the father is likely to pick them up.

Although it is generally said that men are "not appreciative," we have noticed that when men have reason to be proud of their wives, they never neglect it.

### A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Nothing affects a man's conversation more than the clothes he wears.

To his wife a man must be all men; to her husband a woman must be all things.

The best proof of a man's liking for another is that he shows him his wife's poetry.

The idea of a Judgement day would never have got to be popular if it weren't for the women.

When her husband acts ugly, a woman takes it out of the children. When his wife acts the same way, a man has to take it out of the cat.

### Pointed Paragraphs.

Chicago News: The tight-rope walker has a steady job.

A man's actions should correspond with his words.

The man who can really afford to burn money never does it.

Rowing is a great sport—when the other fellow handles the oars.

A man whose wife is afraid to ask him for money watching.

Love isn't stone blind when it comes to selecting the engagement ring.

The average man never knows when he's got enough until he gets too much.

One great trouble with the self-made man is that he is continually talking shop.

A slow man is always making preparations to do things that have already been done.

A buttonless shirt is a new invention. It was probably invented by a wifeless man.

Woman is a creature of moods and after she gets married it is usually the imperative mood.

The amateur photographer takes people as they are while the professional takes them as they would like to be.

It's useless to worry. Even if a girl does accept your proposal of marriage she is apt to change her mind later on.

A man usually likes to stand high in the community in which he resides, but as a taxpayer he isn't anxious to be so highly rated.

### Mr. Bailey's New Honors.

Solway Press: A company of Duluth hunters spent the greater portion of this week hunting prairie chickens. The party was composed of Congressman Page Morris, A. S. Chase, Capt. Torrey and W. T. Bailey, president of the Minnesota Iron company. They traveled in Mr. Bailey's private car.

### A Ticket Proposed.

Buffalo, Minn., Gazette: Bryan and Towne for president and vice-president in 1900 would make a splendid ticket.



**A Good Prescription Druggist**

That fills your physician's prescription with skill and care, and from nothing but high grade drugs, fresh and pure, is the one you want to go to when you are under treatment and want precisely what your doctor meant you should be relieved with. You will always find that we cannot be equalled in this respect, and our prices are low and service prompt.

**MAX WIRTH,**
Prescription Druggist,
13 West Superior Street.

## UNDEVELOPED WEALTH.

### Ex-Governor Fishback of Arkansas Makes an Interesting Revelation.

Leslie's Weekly of recent date contains the following:

Fort Smith, Ark., July 26, 1899.—Editor Leslie's Weekly: In your issue recently, under the caption "The Tempting South," you very opportunely call attention to the inducements offered by the South to both investment and immigration. In addition to what you so justly say, permit me to call your attention to a region richer in natural resources than any other equal area on the American continent and which is not only wholly undeveloped, but almost wholly unknown.

From Seligman, on the 'Frisco railroad, to Hoxie, on the Iron Mountain railroad across North Arkansas, the distance is about 175 miles and yet in all of this region there is not a railroad. True it is a solid mass of mountains, but it is also true that it is a solid mass of most valuable resources, such as zinc, lead, marble, manganese, phosphates, onyx, tripoli, and timber, both hardwood and pine. I see it stated that some Eastern capitalists have given $750,000 for a lease upon less than forty acres of zinc lands near Joplin, Mo. I will undertake to find 10,000 acres in North Arkansas having nearly double as much zinc per acre and of a quality that sells for from $2 to $6 per ton more than the Joplin ores, and which can be mined nearly 25 per cent more cheaply. It took the premium for quality over the world at the Chicago fair.

In 1877, when our legislature authorized Governor Hughes to appoint a state geologist, he sent three telegrams, all at the same hour, one to the president of Ann Arbor university, Michigan; one to the president of Cornell university, New York, and one to the chief engineer of the United States army, requesting that they recommend the best geologist in the world. All three without preconcert recommended Professor J. C. Branner, now of Leland Stanford university, California. The legislature has so far failed to have his zinc report published, for some reason. But when I was governor I wrote him to give me the extent and quality of our zinc and marble fields. In reply, officially, he said: "You have in Arkansas 216 square miles of zinc in the northern part of the state, much of which is within 1 per cent of theoretically pure ore and having the minimum of deleterious substances. Being above drainage, it can be mined much more cheaply than the Missouri ores. Of marble, you have 200 square miles in this same region. They are about like the Tennessee marbles." Since then these marbles have been subject to every known test and proved of superior quality, whether for building or ornamental purposes.

The question naturally arises, "If so rich, why undeveloped?" The answer is ready. Many years ago, in the '50s, congress gave an enormous land grant of ten sections to the mile to the old Cairo & Fulton railroad, with branches to Fort Smith and Memphis from Little Rock. This road ran through the low lands of Eastern Arkansas and up the Arkansas valley. The old Iron Mountain railroad bought the charter of the Cairo & Fulton railroad to get these lands. This carried them seventy-five miles east of these resources, of which nothing was at that time known. Then congress in 1865 gave to the old Atlantic & Pacific railroad a large land grant to the Pacific. The 'Frisco bought this charter to get these lands and built to Vinita, in the Indian Territory, when they discovered they were traversing an uninhabited country. They turned to Pierce City and came to Fort Smith. This carried them so far to the southwest of these resources, of which they at that time knew nothing. Since then both roads have antagonized the building of any other road through this country, although an air line from Fort Smith to St. Louis, through this region, would save nearly 100 miles in distance and connect this zinc and lead field with the coal field, of which Fort Smith is in the very heart.

These coals are reported by the quartermaster general of the United States army, in his report of three years ago (I have not seen his last two), as being from 25 per cent to upwards of 100 per cent superior in heating capacity to any other yet tested in the world. Respectfully,

WILLIAM M. FISHBACK.

## CABLE FLASHES.

Dr. George Churchill, principal of Knox academy at Galesburg, Ill., died there yesterday, aged 70 years. He had been a resident of Galesburg sixty years.

A move is on foot at Buda Pest against sending exhibits to the Paris exposition in 1900. Many intending exhibitors have withdrawn their notices of participation on the ground that the present state of things in France renders it unsafe to send there. The ecclesiastical chapter of Gran, capital of the county of the same name on the Danube, and the residence of the Catholic primate of Hungary, has cancelled its decision to send exhibits, giving as a reason its unwillingness to endanger works of art worth millions of florins.

Mrs. Mary Gallagher, aged 35, wife of Felix Gallagher, a mill man of Port Perry, Pa., Saturday night poisoned herself and her three children with laudanum. Mrs. Gallagher and her 4-months-old baby died Sunday, but the two daughters, aged 5 and 7 years, will probably recover.

Health Officer Doty, of New York, reports that all of the four patients from Key West removed to Swinburne Island from the steamer Lampassas have developed yellow fever.

Midway between the two great towers of the Brooklyn bridge yesterday morning, a man whose name nobody knows, climbed over the railing and jumped to his death in the East river. The body sank, but reappeared and was visible for a short time as the entering tide carried it up the river. The bridge police have the man's hats, coat and shoes, all telling of extreme poverty, none of which tell anything of his identity.

A freight and a passenger train on the Indianapolis division of the Pennsylvania railroad collided a few miles west of Richmond, Ind., last night and freight Brakeman Clarkson was killed and six others injured.

A KILLING IN CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 11.—A young man named William Morrison, whose parents live at 89 Cumberland street, was shot and killed yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Mary Schwarz, who lives just outside the city limits. Morrison, with several companions, picked flowers in Mrs. Schwarz's yard. When she protested, Morrison assaulted her, pulling her hair and hitting her with a fence picket. The woman ran into the house, got a revolver and shot Morrison through the head. She gave herself up to the police and was charged with manslaughter.

PROMINENT HORSEMAN KILLED.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Warren L. Aborn, well known in local racing circles and at one time owner of a fast string of horses, was suffocated in a fire here today that destroyed a livery stable over which he lived.

APPEAL IN DREYFUS' BEHALF.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—James A. Garfield lodge, No. 37, Independent Order of the Western Star, has directed Secretary Herzfield to send a call to all grand lodges of the order for a united appeal to President McKinley, requesting him to use his influence in securing a pardon for Capt. Dreyfus. The order has 6000 members, and Secretary Herzfeld expects a unanimous vote in favor of the appeal.

GIFT TO A GUNNER.

Gibraltar, Sept. 11.—Before sailing from here yesterday afternoon for New York, Admiral Dewey and the officers of the United State's cruiser Olympia presented £30 to Peppiatt, the gunner of the British battleship Devastation who, while the warship was firing the salute in honor of the arrival of the American admiral, Sept. 4, had his hand shattered by the exploding of a charge while he was ramming. Peppiatt's arm has been amputated.

DEATH ROLL IN CUBA.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Gen. Brooke cabled the following death report:

Havana—Battalion Sergt. Maj. William F. Daniels, Eighth Infantry, died 8th, dysentery; at Las Animas hospital, Albert J. Adams, Young Men's Christian association, died 8th, yellow fever.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

**The Vail Hotel....**

P. R. VAIL, Prop.

ELY, MINNESOTA.

New and first class in every respect. Modern in all appointments. Steam heated. Electric lighted. Hot and cold water, baths, etc. A new sixty-room house now open to the traveling public. Reasonable rates. Free bus to and from all trains.

Special attention and conveniences for Fishing and Hunting Parties.

**OPENS TOMORROW.**

**St. Louis County Fair,**

At Fair Grounds, at Oneota Park.

RACES BEGIN AT 2 P. M.

TUESDAY'S PROGRAM:

NOVELTY RACE—Horses must be harnessed in front of judges' stand when word "go" is given and go once around the track, each driver allowed one asistant to hitch. Open to all horses. Purse, $50.

BICYCLE RACES—Open to Duluth and Superior riders. Two-mile race, purse $25; one-mile race, $21; half-mile race, purse $15. Entrance fee, $1. All prizes paid in orders for merchandise.

LADIES' BICYCLE RACE—Half mile, purse $28, divided in seven prizes. Entrance fee, $1. Cash paid for prizes.

Fine Program of Music Every Day by the City Band.
Great Running Races, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

**Admission, 25c; Children, 10c**

## THE DAKOTAS.

### Cause Celebra In North Dakota---Rich Gold Find In Hills.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The movement to have States Attorney L. A. Simpson of Stark county disbarred from practice by the supreme court is attracting wide attention. The complaint was filed by States Attorney Denniston of Billings county. The principal complaint made is that Simpson received money from persons engaged in the liquor traffic at Dickinson in return for immunity from prosecution. This charge has been denied by the attorney who states that the trouble is due to the efforts of political enemies to get the best of him. Denniston attended to the business in Simpson's office for some time and it is claimed that it was through knowledge gained in this way that he secured information regarding the transactions of his employer. Whether the information secured in such a manner is sufficient to secure the disbarment of Simpson or not, there is much unfavorable comment over the taking advantage of his confidence in such a treacherous manner by the complainant. The people of Medora evidenced their disapproval of the proceedings by hanging Attorney Denniston in effigy.

Logan county has a county seat removal controversy which will be aired at a special term of the district court. It seems that the Russian settlers of the county were of the opinion that Napoleon was not a suitable location for a county seat and at an election held last fall decided that the location should be at a point many miles from a railroad where there is nothing but farm houses and a postoffice. The location is very inconvenient to business men and others and as the election is claimed to have been illegal an effort is being made to have the county seat left at Napoleon.

Mayville—The special city election to vote on the question of issuing $25,000 bonds for the construction of a waterworks and electric light plant was held last Wednesday, resulting in the carrying of the bonds by a three-fourths majority. This is the second election, the former having been declared illegal on account of defective ballots. W. I. Gray & Co., of Minneapolis, will put in the plant.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—A very rich strike of free milling ore has been made in the I. X. L. mine, in the North Lead district, owned by Otto P. Grantz. There are several claims in the group which lie a short distance north of the Harrison. The I. X. L. claim has several veins of ore exposed, and both free milling and refractory ore have been mined for years past. The strike made this week is very rich. About 1000 pounds have been sacked by the owners, and it is stated that the ore runs from $1000 to $20,000 per ton gold. Some of the richest specimens of free gold ever found in the Black Hills have been taken out of the vein. It has the appearance of being vertical, and a shaft will be sunk down on it right away.

Custer—Custer county is soon to have several rich mica mines placed on the market ready for producers. Mica has been known to exist in the county for a number of years, but owing to the trust which has been formed on the mineral, it has not paid to mine it and ship it so far east for dressing. A new company has been organized very recently in Chicago, known as the Chicago Mica Mining and Milling company, and a large plant is in course of construction to be used especially for dressing the Custer county mica.

## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

One new case of the Bubonic plague was officially reported at Oporto yesterday. Saturday Dr. Irving, an American physician, arrived there to study the epidemic.

The socialist and revolutionary groups demonstrated at Havre last evening against the verdict. The police dispersed large crowds and made fifteen arrests.

A New Yorker, Duke Joseph Florimond de Loubat, a resident of Paris, has founded a professorship in the University of Berlin for Americans at a cost of 300,000 marks. The emperor must confirm the foundation before it is valid.

## SPORTING NOTES.

Jimmy Barry, who for a number of years held the bantamweight championship of the world, has again retired from the ring, and announced that he will never again don the gloves. He was training in Chicago for his match with Sig Hart at Sioux City next Wednesday and became convinced that his strength was lacking and called the fight off.

H. Y. Bawes, of Johnstown, Pa., has sold the famous pacer, Joe Patchen, to Senator McCrathy, of Goshen, N. Y. Mr. McCarthy will put Patchen on his stock farm near Goshen. This may mean Patchen's retirement from the race track.

### Gone to Get Married.

The Virginia Enterprise says that Judge Vivian Prince departed Tuesday for New Iberia, Louisiana, where he looks over the big Avery salt mines for a syndicate of Washington capitalists. During his absence he will also be married at Abbeyville, La., to Mrs. O. G. Jones, widow of ex-Auditor Thomas Jones of Missouri, and for years past principal of the Vermilion parish schools.

DEWEY SAILS FOR HOME.

Gibraltar, Sept. 11.—The U. S. cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey, sailed yesterday afternoon for New York.

## BASEBALL.

### YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Grand Rapids—Grand Rapids, 3; St. Paul, 2. Second game—Grand Rapids, 4; St. Paul, 2.

At Detroit—Minneapolis, 8; Detroit, 7.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 10; Cleveland, 2. Second game—Cincinnati, 8; Louisville, 7.

### STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Indianapolis | 129 | 82 | .625 |
| Minneapolis | 125 | 78 | .606 |
| Detroit | 123 | 63 | .512 |
| Grand Rapids | 125 | 64 | .512 |
| Milwaukee | 121 | 53 | .438 |
| St. Paul | 126 | 67 | .542 |
| Kansas City | 123 | 53 | .431 |
| Buffalo | 123 | 53 | .431 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 121 | 84 | .694 |
| Philadelphia | 125 | 77 | .616 |
| Boston | 122 | 74 | .607 |
| Baltimore | 120 | 71 | .592 |
| Cincinnati | 126 | 71 | .563 |
| St. Louis | 126 | 71 | .563 |
| Chicago | 126 | 65 | .516 |
| Pittsburg | 124 | 62 | .500 |
| Louisville | 123 | 56 | .455 |
| New York | 123 | 51 | .415 |
| Washington | 124 | 42 | .347 |
| Cleveland | 121 | 16 | .145 |

**TOURISTS'**

**DIRECTORY**

AND

**Pleasure-Seekers' Bulletin**

Of Attractions and Places of Amusement in and Around Duluth

**Hotels.**

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
A. Michaud, Mgr.
Strictly First Class. Rates Moderate. Fire proof.
ST. JAMES HOTEL—215 W. Superior St.

**Parks and Picnic Grounds.**

ZENITH PARK—
West Duluth and Lake avenue line.
LINCOLN PARK—
Woodland and West Third street line.
NEMADJI RIVER—
Interstate line.
WOODLAND—
Woodland and West Third street line.
PAVILION—
Seventh avenue incline.
DULUTH-SUPERIOR BRIDGE—
Interstate line.

**If it's Scenery....**

You want, take a ride over the Park Point Electric line to O-at-ka beach. Steam Ferry connections at Canal. Half-hour service to 1:45 p. m. 15-minute service to 8 p. m. Half-hour service to 10:30 p. m. Special cars for picnic and other parties.

**Bath House and Dancing Pavilion.**

LONG ISLAND BATH HOUSE—
Park Point. Dancing Pavilion for rent for parties. Refreshments, etc.

**Souvenirs and Watch Repairing.**

M. HENRIOKSEN.
...JEWELER AND WATCH REPAIRER...
A full line of Duluth Souvenirs in AGATE WARE.
SILVER SPOONS,
AND NOVELTIES
In Sweet Grass Indian Baskets.
Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.
334 W. Sup. St. One block east of Spalding.

AMUSEMENTS.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!
Lot Opposite Post Office. Under canvas.
ONE WEEK. **McPHEE'S BIG COMPANY**
COMMENCING SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9.
Admission, 10 cents.

**PARLOR THEATER.**
10 Second Avenue West.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
Only New Show in Town.
BIG VAUDEVILLE BILL.
Matinee Every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# HORRIBLE DRUBBING

## Duluth Takes Two Games From Superior and Cinches the Championship.

## AWFUL SLAUGHTER

### Twenty Runs Scored Yesterday to Superior's Three---Some of the Features.

The Duluth team won two more games, making it four straight and closed its option on the championship. Out at Oneota Park yesterday afternoon 1200 people saw an aggregation of championship aspirants and alleged ball players, wearing dark blue uniforms, labeled "Superior," put up about the cheapest bargain-counter baseball farce on record.

Cox, the clever young slab artist of the home team, pitched the game of a lifetime, allowing but four scratch hits and striking out three men in the ninth inning. In the fifth and sixth innings Matchett and Page were prostrated by an attack of philanthropy and it was through their graciousness that Superior scored. Wiggs was the unfortunate, who drew the assignment to twirl for the visitors, and after the game was over he wore no laurel crown of glory. From the first inning the champions handed on Wigg's delivery and pounded singles to all corners of the lot till the white sphere lost all its geometrical exactness, then to add to the disaster twelve champions were recipients of free transportation at the hands of Wiggs and ten of them made the circuit. However the game was not devoid of occasional bright flashes.

The home team, except in two innings, backed up Cox' splendid twirling with clean fast fielding, and for six innings it was really a good game. Featherstone was put on third and Lambert celebrated his return to middle field by pulling two long, high drives from the clouds. Featherstone made two errors at third owing to the fact that he played his position in a small swamp. These errors were not costly and he had the great satisfaction of putting both men out when they reached his corner of the diamond. Shepgard played his usual fast fielding game at short, accepting nine chances without an error. In the seventh "Shep" pulled down a hot drive from Porter after dashing back into left field for it. In the two games he accepted twenty chances without an error. Other features of yesterday's game were: Gerard's catches of Kline's foul in the third and Matchett's foul in the fifth; Page's stop of Matchett's bad throw in the fifth; the double steals of Lambert and Page in the third, and Matchett and Sheppard in the seventh; Thiery's slide for second in the fouth, and the wholesale purloining of bases at the expense of both catchers. Yesterday's score in detail is as follows:

| DULUTH. | R | H | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sheppard, ss | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Hansell, cf | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lambert, 3b | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Page, 2b | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Featherstone, rf | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kline, 1b | 1 | 3 | 12 | 0 | 1 |
| Wachtel, lf | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Matchett, c | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Cox, p | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Totals | 11 | 18 | 27 | 16 | 5 |

| SUPERIOR. | R | H | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| O'Donnell, ss | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Porter, 2b | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Keefe, c | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Millard, cf | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ritches, 1b | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Mullaney, 3b | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
| Wiggs, p | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Fields, rf | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Thiery, p | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Totals | 10 | 9 | 27 | 9 | 6 |

The score by innings:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Duluth | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | —11 |
| Superior | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —10 |

Summary: Earned runs, Duluth 9; Superior, 5. Two-base hits, Kline, O'Donnell, Porter, Millard, Wiggs, Thiery. Three-base hits, Lambert, 2; Featherstone, Matchett. Stolen bases: Sheppard, 2; Featherstone, 2; Thiery, O'Donnell, Fields. Bases on balls, off Cox, 4; off Thiery, 4. Struck out, by Cox, 4; by Thiery, 1. Wild pitches, Cox. Time of game, 2:05. Umpire, Goldie.

## PETER PHALON DROWNED.

### Was Indian Farmer on Fond du Lac Reservation.

Peter Anamosa, an Indian, came to Carlton from Cromwell Saturday morning with the sad and startling news that Peter Phalon, Indian farmer on the Fond du Lac reservation, was drowned in Perch lake, near Cromwell, about dusk Friday evening, says the Vidette. Anamosa stated that Peter Dempsey and himself were cooking supper on the bank of the lake when Phalon and an Indian named Jacob Sky got into a canoe near by and started out to fish awhile. They had got only a few rods from shore when the canoe upset, and Phalon, who was a large man and could not swim a stroke soon sank to the bottom of the lake. Anamosa and Dempsey saw the boat turn over and Dempsey jumped into a boat that was moored near there, but having only a stick for an oar was unable to reach his drowning friend, who sank for the last time within a few feet from him. Sky swam ashore.

The Vidette says it seems strange that Phalon, being unable to swim, would go out in a canoe when there was a good boat handy by, although he was a venturesome man, and no doubt had all the confidence in the world in the Indian handling the canoe with safety. Another peculiar action seems strange. Just before stepping into the canoe, Phalon turned to his friend Dempsey and handing to him his gold watch, said: "You had better keep this until I get back."

## Vaccination and Revaccination.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In what I have to say in reference to this threadbare subject I shall make no attempt to answer the arguments which the verbose individuals have fired off at a public, ever too willing to shirk a duty or find an excuse for escaping a responsibility. I shall merely say they have manufactured a man of straw for the pleasure of knocking him down. Their so-called arguments are merely the blatant mouthings of an ignorant bugaboo. They are unsupported by satisfactory evidence of their reliability. Even though they possessed evidence of reliability, their arguments are not arguments against vaccination but against the character of the virus used, which I am free to admit is not above suspicion, and yet it rarely is contaminated by anything of a permanently deleterious character.

It is no compliment to the penetration of any individual who has free access to the statistics on the question who still remains a Doubting Thomas. For the benefit of those who might be induced to believe some of the specious arguments advanced against vaccination allow me to recite the statistics of the German and French army in the late Franco-Prussian war. In the German army vaccination and revaccination is compulsory while in the French army vaccination and of course revaccination is not required. Smallpox in this war was epidemic in both armies. The German loss by smallpox was 263 men while the French army was depleted by the loss of 23,468 men. Again among 14,284 revaccinated soldiers in Wurtemburg only one case of smallpox has occurred in five years, and only three cases among 26,864 revaccinated citizens.

Again, during three severe epidemics of smallpox in Copenhagen between the years 1828 and 1835 not even a single case of smallpox was observed among those who had been revaccinated. And finally, between the years 1876 and 1879 11,442 cases of smallpox were treated in the several London smallpox hospitals. Not one case was known to occur in any person who had been successfully revaccinated. I might add in conclusion that the attendants in these hospitals were revaccinated subjects. Comment on these statistics, Mr. Editor, would be superfluous. Yours, etc.,

H. E. WEBSTER, M. D.

Duluth, Sept. 9.

## AMUSEMENTS.

OLIVER SCOTT'S MINSTRELS.

The performance given Saturday evening at the Lyceum by Oliver Scott's minstrels was a very fair one. The company is rather weak on singers, and the jokes are somewhat aged, but there are very few minstrel shows that do not bring an aged lot of jokes. The specialties were good for the most part. Arthur Maxwell, the trick bicyclist, was excellent, and Ver Valin and Godman, the musical artists, were very good. Kitchie, the hand balancer and equilibrist, was also very good. The dancing and chorus singing were very fair.

McPHEE'S BIG SHOW.

Andrew McPhee's Dramatic and Vaudeville company opened in a tent in the rear of the Lyceum building Saturday evening, and the tent was packed. "The Midnight Call" was the play, and it seemed to please the audience immensely. Between the acts a number of specialties were presented. The company will remain here a week presenting a new play every night.


## A Contented Woman

Is not to be found every day. The woman, however, who travels in the private compartment cars on the Milwaukee's Pioneer Limited—the only perfect train in the world—should certainly enjoy contentment. The surroundings and appointments in these beautiful cars delight the feminine fancy.



## "Think of Ease But Work On."

*If your blood is impure you cannot even "think of ease." The blood is the greatest sustainer of the body and when you make it pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla you have the perfect health in which even hard work becomes easy.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints



Calumet Baking Powder

CONTAINS NOTHING INJURIOUS

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST.

MODERATE IN PRICE


# DAY FOR CYCLISTS

## Fine Program of Bicycle Races Arranged For Tomorrow's Fair Opening.

## THE RUNNING RACES

### String of Ten Horses From St. Paul---All Races Well Filled.

The management of the county fair has decided to give the cyclists at the head of the lakes a great day at the county fair tomorrow, and has arranged a series of races that will attract all the fast riders. The association has offered a large amount in prizes. As the amateurs cannot accept money prizes the winners in the events will be given orders for merchandise to the amount of the prizes. Each man who is entitled to a prize can select what he wants in the way of merchandise. The races which will be given are as follows:

Two mile race—First prize, $10; second prize, $7.50; third prize, $5; fourth prize, $2.50.

One mile race—First prize, $7.50; second, $5; third prize, $2.50; fourth prize, $1.

Half mile race—First prize, $5; second prize, $4; third prize, $3; fourth prize, $2; fifth prize, $1.

The management has also decided that the ladies shall have a chance. There are any number of good riders among them, and a race has been provided especially for them. This will be a half mile race, and the total prizes will amount to $28, divided in seven prizes, as follows: First, $7; second, $6; third, $5; fourth, $4; fifth, $3; sixth, $2; seventh, $1. As the ladies will not be afraid of coming under the ban of the L. A. W. their prizes will be paid in cash.

This program will undoubtedly bring out all the best riders at the head of the lakes. There are at least eight or ten, any one of whom will stand a good chance of carrying off the prizes.

Some time ago it was doubtful if the horse races would fill in good shape, but that doubt has been removed, and the best races the fair has ever had are assured. When the state fair at St. Paul closed a large number of horses there entered for the races at Duluth, and they are already arriving here. A couple of carloads have arrived, and more are coming. There will be at least thirty flyers here for the harness races, that is, the trotting and pacing races.

The running races will be a great drawing card, for they will be the finest ever seen in this vicinity. A string of ten horses has already arrived here from St. Paul and will enter in these races. Besides these there will be several runners from Superior, and two or three from Duluth and other places. These running races will begin Wednesday afternoon with a half mile race, and on Thursday and Friday afternoons there will be half mile races. On Friday afternoon there will also be a great mile race. The purses offered are $100 in each of the half mile races, and $150 in the mile race. In the half mile races five horses must enter and three must start. In the mile race there must be six entries. These races will undoubtedly bring some of the finest running races ever seen in the Northwest. All the races will be best two out of three heats.

The track is in fine shape, and if the weather will only continue as it has for the past few days it will be very fast, and the track record will undoubtedly be broken. The buildings and grounds have all been fixed up, and are in first-class condition for the opening of the fair tomorrow. Secretary Boyce says that there will be 150 farmers in attendance with exhibits of vegetables, dairy products, etc. The fair will surely eclipse any that have been giver thus far.

The novelty, or farmers' race, which will come off tomorrow afternoon, will be the greatest thing for fun that will be seen at the fair. Any horse which has not started in a race withing a year can be entered. Every horse must be hitched to a four-wheeled vehicle of some sort. No sulkies can be used. Each driver must have his horse unharnessed before the judges' stand before the race begins. He will be allowed one assistant, and when the word "go" is given, will harness his horse and ride once around the track. The first horse under the wire will receive $25, the second $15, the third $6 and the fourth $4. These prizes will induce a large number to enter, and the more there are in the race the more fun there will be.

## PETER PHALON DROWNED.


### Was Indian Farmer on Fond du Lac Reservation.

fore he could recover from the effects of Thiery's throw. Goldie undoubtedly made a mistake in calling Kline safe as both men were clearly out, but even his decision did not warrant such an ungraceful performance on the part of Ritches. The score in detail for Saturday's game is:

| DULUTH. | R | H | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sheppard, ss | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Hansell, cf | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Lambert, 3b | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Page, 2b | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Featherstone, rf | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kline, 1b | 1 | 3 | 12 | 0 | 1 |
| Wachtel, lf | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Matchett, c | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Cox, p | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Totals | 11 | 18 | 27 | 16 | 5 |

| SUPERIOR. | R | H | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| O'Donnell, ss | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Porter, 2b | 1 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Keefe, c | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Millard, cf | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ritches, 1b | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Mullaney, 3b | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 |
| Wiggs, lf | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Fields, rf | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Thiery, p | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Totals | 10 | 9 | 27 | 9 | 6 |

The score by innings:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Duluth | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | —11 |
| Superior | 1 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —10 |

Summary: Earned runs, Duluth 9; Superior, 5. Two-base hits, Kline, O'Donnell, Porter, Millard, Wiggs, Thiery. Three-base hits, Lambert, 2; Featherstone, Matchett. Stolen bases: Sheppard, 2; Featherstone, 2; Thiery, O'Donnell, Fields. Bases on balls, off Cox, 4; off Thiery, 4. Struck out, by Cox, 4; by Thiery, 1. Wild pitches, Cox. Time of game, 2:05. Umpire, Goldie.



## A Shattered Nervous System.

FINALLY HEART TROUBLE.

Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Nervine.



MR. EDWARD HARDY, the jolly manager of Sheppard Co's. great store at Braceville, Ill., writes: "I had never been sick a day in my life until in 1890. I got so bad with nervous prostration that I had to give up and commence to doctor. I tried our local physicians and one in Joliet, but none gave me any relief and I thought I was going to die. I became despondent and suffered untold agony. I could not eat, sleep nor rest, and it seemed as if I could not exist. At the end of six months I was reduced to but a shadow of myself, and at last my heart became affected and I was truly miserable. I took six or eight bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine. It gave me relief from the start, and at last a cure, the greatest blessing of my life."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health


## ADVISED HIM TO GET.

### Judge Cant Intimates That E. F. Gross Is a Meddler.

The divorce case of Mary A. Grass against Fred A. Gross was ended in district court Saturday afternoon, and as is almost invariably the case where a contest is made and the court has a chance to hear both sides of the story, the court refused to grant either party a divorce. The plaintiff began suit for divorce on the grounds of cruelty and drunkenness, and the defendant asked for one on the ground of adultery with his brother, Edwin Gross. In refusing the application Judge Cant said that he did not believe a decree should be granted. It should not be granted on Mrs. Gross' application, because the evidence did not establish her charges, and besides the defendant did not look like a drinking man. On the other hand, Judge Cant said, it had not been established that the plaintiff had committed adultery, though the court believed that the plaintiff had not conducted herself in such a manner as to leave her reputation unsullied. A considerable part of the quarreling could have been avoided.

"As to Edwin Gross, the court has this to say to him: The world is 25,000 miles in circumference, and it would be well for him to go to the other side of it and leave his brother and his wife to themselves. His connection with this case would indicate that he had been the cause of much of the trouble, and it would be well for him to drop out of their lives entirely."

## Ball Broke His Nose.

Two small boys learned practical lessons of what happens to people who attend Sunday ball games yesterday. Walter Wollcoviack, whose home is on West Sixth street, near Twenty-second avenue west, was watching the game between Duluth and Superior, from a point too near the sidelines. A wild throw hit him in the face, breaking his nose and otherwise disfiguring him. Gilbert Keiver, an 8-year-old deaf and dumb boy came over from Superior to see the game and root for the visiting team, but after the wierd exhibition of the Superiorites he was unable to find his way home, and only succeeded in getting on the right car at 10 o'clock last night with the aid of the police.

Don't delay a minute. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.


# Two Facts About Arbuckles' Coffee

**It has set the standard of quality for all competitors for the last thirty years. The strongest claim any competitor can make is that his coffee is "just as good as Arbuckles'."**

## THREE CONCLUSIONS

**The best Coffee is Arbuckles'. The only Coffee to buy is Arbuckles'. The right thing is to insist on having Arbuckles'.**



**No. 72 A School Bag.**

14 inches wide, 10 inches deep, made of handsome colored netting. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 74. Noiseless Spring Tape Measure.**



Sixty inches long, nickel-plated metal case, well-finished. It can be carried in the vest pocket. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2c. postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 76 Lady's Belt Buckle.**

Silver plated artistic design. **Sent postpaid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 8 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 78 An Album of Illustrated Natural History.**

Fifty colored pictures of Animals selected for their beauty and rarity. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

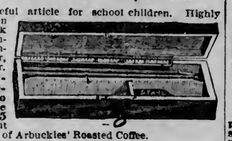
**No. 80 A Spring Balance Scale.**



Will weigh from one ounce to 20 pounds. **Sent by express, charges prepaid by us, on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 200 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee. When ordering name your nearest Express Office as well as your Post Office.

**No. 73. Scholars' Companion.**

A most useful article for school children. Highly polished wooden box with lock and key, containing lead pencil, pen holder, rule and rubber. **Sent post-paid on receipt of two cent postage stamp and 15 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.



**No. 75. A Fifty Foot Measuring Tape.**



A very useful article in the household or on the farm. Brass case, nickel-plated linen tape fifty feet long. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 18 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 77. Telescope Drinking Cup.**



This article is prevented from falling apart by its unique construction. Nickel-plated and highly finished. Enclosed in embossed nickel cover no larger than an ordinary watch when telescoped, when extended holds as much as a coffee cup. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 13 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 79. Pepper and Salt Holders.**



Made of German Silver without seam or joins except where tops screw on and off. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 12 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 81 Men's Suspenders.**



Elastic Web Suspenders, durable, neat, well mounted. **Sent postpaid on receipt of two cent postage stamp and 16 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 82 Barber Swing Strop.**



A double strop, one of leather and one of canvas, bound together. Length, 22 inches, width, two inches, trimmings nickel plated. **Sent postpaid on receipt of two cent postage stamp and 12 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 83 A Table Cover.**



Handsome cloth, variegated figured pattern with fringe, 32 inches square. **Sent post-paid on receipt of two cent postage stamp and 25 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**Any one Book of the following List will be sent post-paid on receipt of a 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from the wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.**

No. 64 A ONE NIGHT MYSTERY, and two other great Detective Stories, by "OLD SLEUTH."

No. 65 ADVENTURES OF A BASHFUL BACHELOR, by CLARA AUGUSTA. A mirth provoking story.

No. 66 TEMPEST AND SUNSHINE. A Novel, by MRS. MARY J. HOLMES. The most popular female writer of fiction of the age.

No. 67 THE SUNNYSIDE COOK BOOK, by MRS. JENNIE HARLAN. This is one of the most comprehensive, common sense Cook Books ever published.

No. 68 OLD SECRETS AND NEW DISCOVERIES. This book takes the place of the beaten tracks of knowledge, and will be found both entertaining and useful.

No. 69 THREE THOUSAND THINGS WORTH KNOWING, by R. MOORE, author of "Moore's Universal Assistant." This book is an encyclopedia of things useful, information in condensed form.

No. 90 THE CITY OF DREADFUL NIGHT, and other stories—by RUDYARD KIPLING.

**No. 91 The First Prayer.**



A beautiful Imported Picture 15x20 inches in size. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 92 The First Kiss**



A beautiful Imported picture 15x20 inches in size. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 93 Two Is Company.**



The original was painted by Percy Moran. This reproduction in 14 printings is a genuine work of art, size 16½x25½ inches. **Sent post-paid on receipt of two cent postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 94. A Basket of Beauties.**

A magnificent picture of Roses by Paul de Longpre, the great painter of flowers. We believe this to be one of the handsomest



flower pictures ever offered to the public. It is 16½x25½ inches in size. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 95 Three Beautiful Flower Pictures.**

Each measuring 9½x17 inches. The titles are "Summer Fragrance," "A Vase of Lilies," and "Fresh and Sweet." These three pictures all go together, and will be **sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 5 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 96. Noah's Ark.**

A menagerie, consisting of 12 pairs of Animals—Elephants, Camels, Deer, Horses, Cattle, Donkeys, Goats, Lions, Bears, Tigers, Dogs and Cats. Each pair is coupled and stands alone. They are lithographed in many colors on heavy cardboard, cut out and embossed. Every feature of the Animals is distinctly shown. The elephants are 7 inches high and 16 inches long, and the other Animals are proportionately large. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 15 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 97. Eighty-one Gold Eyed Needles.**



Put up in a pretty morocco case, assorted sizes, and made by the best English manufacturers. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 7 cent postage stamp and 20 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 98 Hair Pin Cabinet**



A metal box lithographed in colors, containing One Hundred Hair Pins, assorted sizes and styles; straight, crimped and invisible. The different styles are in separate compartments. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 99 A Pocket Mirror and Comb.**



Set in neat leather combination case, with white metal frame. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 7 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

**No. 100 Safety Pin Book**



Contains twenty-four nickel-plated Safety Pins three sizes which enter the shields from either side, requiring no guiding when being secured or released. **Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 8 signatures** cut from wrappers of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee.

This is a picture of the Signature on Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee Wrapper, which you are to cut out and send to us as a voucher.

No other part of the Coffee Wrapper will be accepted as a voucher, nor will this Picture be accepted as such.

Arbuckle Bros.

SOME OF OUR SIGNATURES ARE PRINTED ON RED BACKGROUND.

This represents one page of a List which is found in each pound package of Arbuckles' Roasted Coffee, and with each package in which the List is found the purchaser has bought a definite part of some article to be selected by him or her from the List, subject only to the condition that the signature on the package is to be cut out and returned to Arbuckle Bros. as a voucher, in accordance with the directions printed in connection with each item illustrated and described in the List. This List will be kept good only till May 31, 1900. Another page of this List will appear in this paper shortly.

**Address all communications to ARBUCKLE BROS., NOTION DEPT., NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.**


# GREAT OPENING

## Charles N. Crittenton, the Evangelist, Packs Pilgrim Church to the Doors.

The two services held yesterday in Pilgrim church by Charles N. Crittenton, the millionaire evangelist, were attended, particularly the evening service, when the church was packed to the doors. The afternoon meeting took the place of the usual Sunday afternoon meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, and the church was well filled with men, both young and old. An attractive song service preceded the meeting. Mrs. Emma Moffett, one of a corps of singers that accompany the evangelist in his car, led the singing with a beautifully strong, rich and clear voice. She was well assisted by the choir.

The speaker took for his text Revelations iii, 20: "Behold I stand at the door and knock." He said that Christ is listening at the door of our hearts waiting for the invitation to enter. We sometimes think we are living a good life, but it is not the bad we do not do that saves us, but the good we do. The sins of omission are the greatest of all sins. We all believe in mercy, because we have learned from His word that God is merciful as well as just. But we cannot blot out the records. Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he reap. When one surrenders to Christ the war is over, and no man who makes that surrender will ever regret it.

C. S. Morton, secretary of the Florence Crittenton mission of New York, addressed the audience after Mrs. Moffet had sung. He was formerly a stock and grain broker in New York and Chicago, and he told of his terrible struggle with liquor and the morphine habit. He was only saved from self-destruction by divine intervention, when his reform was accomplished.

At last night's meeting standing room was at a premium almost as soon as the doors were opened. The audience listened to the able and convincing talk given by Mr. Crittenton with deep earnestness and attention. Rev. Milne led the services, reading a scripture lesson. Dr. Cleland offered a prayer and Mrs. Moffet and the chorus sang. After a silent prayer, and an appeal for a blessing on the work he is about to undertake in this city, the evangelist spoke on a text from Matthew xxi, 28: "Go work today in my vineyard." The word "come" appeared in the Bible thousands of times, and everyone should heed the appeal. Everyone should go to God, and every household should be consecrated to Him. There were many who did not believe in sudden conversion, but he did for he had seen it many times. He related some instances of such conversions. All the people had to do was to believe in the word of God, and the light of heaven would come into their lives and shine out through their faces.

Meetings will be held at Pilgrim church every night this week. At 7 o'clock there will be an open air meeting at the corner of Second avenue west and Superior street, and at 7:30 o'clock there will be another one at the corner of Lake avenue and First street. At 7:40 each night the church meeting will begin. Beginning tomorrow there will be a Bible class, led by Mr. Crittenton every afternoon at 3 o'clock at the church.

## ALEXANDER BAKER DEAD.

### Familiar Character In Duluth Found Dead In His Cabin.

Word has been received in Duluth of the death of Alexander Baker, the aged pioneer of this section, whose bent form and long white patriarchial beard made him a familiar figure on the streets of Duluth, where he visited at frequent intervals. He was found dead in his cabin on a small island in the river, near Koochiching. Little definite information is known of his past history, except that he was once a resident of Detroit, and is said to have been wealthy at one time. He was very liberal in his expenditures, and is said to have hired a theater at one time for a night's entertainment and invited all of his friends. He settled at Koochiching a quarter of a century ago, and was the first white settler there. He sold all but his own little island several years ago for $6000. He had been a mineral explorer, and had been all over the mining regions of Michigan, Ontario and Minnesota. He is supposed to have been more than 75 years of age, though he was apparently hearty and rugged when he was last in Duluth.


## Free! Free! Free!

A correct and up-to-date atlas can be procured free, also 160 acres of land, by applying in person or writing to the Canadian government office, 316 Palladio building, Duluth.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Agent.



## Professional Men.

The Milwaukee's Pioneer Limited—the only perfect train in the world—is patronized by people in all walks of life, but no one element, perhaps, is always so well represented on that train as the professional men of the country. The Milwaukee is the professional man's first choice.



ROUND TRIP—STATE FAIR—VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Milwaukee, Wis., and return, $11.30. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15; good returning Sept. 16. Three trains daily. Choice routes. Tickets and information at Union depot and St. Paul & Duluth ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

## Wisconsin State Fair.

Round trip tickets to Milwaukee, $11.30, via "The Northwestern Line," "Omaha railway," Sept. 9 to 15. Choice of three routes.

## The Two Finest.

The 4:45 Twilight Limited for St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The 5:10 Chicago fast mail for Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac. "The Northwestern line" (Omaha railway).



# ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

## Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER,
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# GREATEST OF MINES

## Record of the Minnesota Mine at Tower Is Most Remarkable.

## ITS OUTPUT LARGEST

## Iron Range Road to Tunnel the Mesaba Hill at Hinsdale.

In the history of mining in the United States there is nothing more remarkable than the record of the Minnesota mine at Tower. Discovered in 1867, but not shipping until 1884, it is the oldest mine in the state, and was for three years the only producer. Its total production of iron ore up to the beginning of the present year, amounting to 6,189,031 gross tons, exceeds that of any other single mine in the country. There are groups of mines under one name and one management whose output has exceeded this, but no one property has equalled the Minnesota.

Not less remarkable than the amount has been the uniform high quality of the ore. The average percentage of metallic iron in the entire 6,000,000 tons was 67, largely within the Bessemer limit as to phosphorus. Two other mines of the Minnesota Iron company, the Chandler and the Fayal, besides several Wisconsin and Michigan properties, now have a greater annual production, but in none is the rapid progress of mining methods in the past few years better exemplified. The discoverer of the Minnesota found the ore bodies outcropping on the top of a high hill on the shore of Lake Vermilion and the first mining was by open-cuts and simple quarrying. This answered for a time, and the hill was honeycombed with immense trenches, but after going down several hundred feet the danger of caving in the high vertical walls, unsupported by timbering, and the expense of hoisting waste matter to the surface, compelled a change. Shafts were sunk in the country rock alongside these cuts and, then drifts run beneath into the ore bodies.

At first mined, the ore comes out in huge chunks of nearly the hardness of steel, expensive to handle, both at the mine and during transit to the furnaces, and requires more fuel to smelt than ore in moderate sized pieces. Huge crushers were erected near the shaft houses and the ore trammed directly to them. Ponderous iron jaws, weighing ten tons each, crush it to pieces that will pass through a 4-inch aperture, after which it is dumped on the stockpiles.

Previous to this, during the shipping season, it took several hundred men, using shovel and barrow, to load the ore into cars. One immense steam shovel, with six or eight men, now does the same work, making a record in keeping with the improvements elsewhere about the mine. Its dipper holds three and one-half tons, and when working steadily fills a 25-ton car in two minutes. Recently it loaded from last winter's stockpile 192 cars in a day of fourteen hours, approximately 4800 gross tons, a feat never before accomplished. Another improvement which greatly reduced the cost of mining was the substitution of machine drills, driven by compressed air, for the hammer and drill in the hands of the old timer.

In 1889, 1500 men were employed in the mine, and the average amount of ore per man produced daily was one and a tenth tons, at a cost varying from $1.40 to $1.50 per ton. At the present time 600 men are employed and get out nearly the same amount of ore as ten years ago, with a daily average of more than two tons per man, and at a cost of less than $1 a ton.

The transportation branch of the Minnesota Iron company, the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, is figuring on making extensive changes in its roadbed, the effect of which will be to reduce greatly the present cost of hauling ore from the mines on the Vermilion range to Two Harbors. Almost $500,000 have been spent in such improvements in the past two years, the chief of which has been the building of the new line east of Cloquet river to get around the heavy grade above Two Harbors. The increased amount of ore hauled at a time by each engine has already nearly paid for this last improvement. Previous to the construction of this branch nineteen to twenty cars constituted a trainload, but since that time and with the addition of helping engines stationed on the hills at Tower Junction and Hinsdale, the size of the trainload has been doubled. Trains are now made up on a tonnage basis, each locomotive being required to pull approximately 1500 tons, or forty-two cars. This amount will be increased after next year, when it is proposed to tunnel at Hinsdale the Mesaba hill, the granite range traversing Minnesota in a northeasterly direction from the Mississippi river to the Canadian boundary. The estimated length of the tunnel is 700 feet, and owing to the hard rock to penetrate, will be very expensive.

At Tower Junction 500 cars of ore, approximately 12,500 tons, are being handled daily, 150 cars from the Minnesota and the balance from Ely, principally from the Chandler. At the Minnesota, 1400 tons of ore are being hoisted daily from three shafts, Alaska, No. 7 and No. 8. These three are situated near each other and are connected underground by a number of drifts and levels. The most ore is sent up from No. 8 shaft, which is nearly vertical and has attained a depth of 1000 feet far below the level of Vermilion lake at the foot of the hill. Alaska shaft is 850 feet deep and is being sunk another level, from which a cross-cut will be run to reach a large body of ore recently discovered by the aid of a diamond drill at work in the mine. Five of these drills are constantly at work underground, exploring for ore shoots to which the mine workings can be extended. Two drills are at work on land adjoining the townsite of Tower, but great secrecy is maintained as to the results secured. The operators are forbidden to answer questions and the drill cores are locked up as soon as pulled. Despite these precautions it has leaked out that one hole put down last winter within the city limits encountered forty-five feet of ore, partially mixed with quartz. Another hole is being sunk at a greater angle to strike the vein deeper, where it is hoped to find clean ore.

With its characteristic enterprise, the Minnesota will make a display of ores and models of the mine at the Paris exposition next year, and some fine samples have already been collected for this purpose.

Fatal accidents are not so common as in former years, though an awful catastrophe was narrowly averted in underground workings of the Montana shaft recently. While a dozen men were at work a break occurred in the walls, which the men heard, and throwing down their tools, ran for their lives. They had no sooner reached a place of safety than a mass of rock, weighing several thousand tons, fell form the break, which extended from the third to the seventh levels, a height of over 200 feet. The rush of air caused by the falling mass was so violent that a miner, standing in a drift near by, was blown for a distance of seventy-five feet, striking against the walls and roof during his course, but miraculously escaping serious injury.

As in most other industries, the mine worker of today is a specialist. Compared with former years, the more extensive operations, together with the steadily increasing use of machinery, requiring special familiarity, necessitates this. The Cornishman, descended from generations of miners, was fitted for any branch of mining. He knew from experience where to start a shaft, how to timber, to what depth and at what angle to run his drill hole to bring down the most ore and to separate the various grades, each of which details now devolves upon a man accustomed to nothing else. Men less versatile, working for lower wages, have replaced the all-around miner of former days, but the latter is fully appreciated in the rich ore mines of the West, and receives better wages than he ever did in our iron mines.


**For Sale—House and Lot.**

At No. 5815 London Road. Seven room house, beautiful lot.

Price $1600. Only $400 cash.

GEO. H. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk


# WEST DULUTH

The Gitchie Gammee baseball team tackled the Indian ball team of West Duluth yesterday morning at the Duluth fair grounds, and they experienced the feelings of the Indians who in an early day on the plains tried to stop a Union Pacific passenger train with a lariat. They weren't in it. The game, like the contest with the train, was a short one, but the action was lively—so far as the Duluth club was concerned. They ran around the bases until they got tired, while the Superior boys might as well have been on the bleachers, for their part was confined to looking on. The Duluth boys piled up 11 runs to Superior's nothing. There were no elements of a contest in it, and it practically amounted to a practice game for the Duluth boys.

Manager Lynch of the Superiors still thinks that his club can beat Duluth, and perhaps it can, if he can get in a few more men from outside. Another game has been arranged for Friday afternoon at the fair grounds.

CROSSING IS WANTED.

It is hoped that the matter of a crossing over the Belt line tracks to give an outlet to the people living in the vicinity of the line and Sixty-fourth avenue west will be settled by the council tonight. The question has been pending for some time, and there is a good deal of criticism over the dilatoriness of the council in settling it and affording relief.

**A. F. of L. and I. O. F. DANCE.**

A number of members of the Independent Order of Foresters and the Freight Handlers' union, No. 61, have formed a pleasure club, and the new club will give its first dance at the Armory, Monday, Sept. 11. James Dunne has been appointed manager of the ball, and with the assistance of a strong committee, a successful and pleasant affair is promised. Cake walk has been arranged for tonight's dance. Contest for prize of $40. Dick Harris and several others will contest. Spectators 25 cents. Tickets will be sold at 50 cents per couple.

MAKE A SMALL HAUL.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 11.—The westbound Southern Pacific express, which was held up near Cochise, Ariz., arrived here on time. The express car is a wreck and shows the effect of the dynamite used by the robbers. How much they secured is not known, but the amount is not believed to be in excess of $10,000.

BRINGS ALASKA GOLD.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—The steamer Homer arrived from Cape Nome, via St. Michael, yesterday, bringing about $200,000 in gold dust. Capt. Mahealey of the United States revenue service, former commander of the cutter Bear, came down on the Homer. He has been inspecting mining camps.

DIED OF YELLOW FEVER.

New York, Sept. 11.—J. H. Burley, who was removed from the steamer Campasas at quarantine to the Swinburne island hospital last Thursday, died today. The body will be cremated. Burley's relatives at New Albany, Ind., have been notified of his death. The other patients at the Swinburne island hospital are improving.


**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



**DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.**

WE GUARANTEE EVERY PACKAGE OF TO BE ABSOLUTELY PURE.



## Shoe Dept.

### School Shoes.

Misses' Box Calf heavy sole, lace and button, an extra good wearer; price.. **$1.50**

Misses' kangaroo calf double sole; lace and button, a heavy winter shoe, wears like iron; price..... **$1.50**

Children's box calf shoes, sizes 8½ to 11—lace and button—price..... **$1.25**

Children's Box Calf Shoes, sizes 5 to 8, heavy soles, will wear as long as two pairs of turn Shoes; price..... **$1.00**

Youth's grain Shoes, heavy soles—sizes 11 to 2, all solid; price..... **$1.25**

Boys' grain and satin calf Shoes, sizes 3 to 5; all solid; price ..... **$1.50**

### Turkish Slippers—

500 pairs Ladies' Turkish Slippers, Red, Yellow, Pink, Wine, Tan and Black, beautifully embroidered in all sizes; the price is right..... **59c**

## Wall Paper Dept.

Our stock is replete with the best offerings from all the factories, and newest productions from the art centers.

Besides carrying the LARGEST ASSORTMENT in the NORTHWEST, we have the VARIETY ranging in prices up from 3 cents per roll.

Note the followins:

10,000 rolls White backed Paper—per roll..... 3c

9-inch border to match same—per yard..... 2c

20,000 rolls nicely printed paper,—per roll..... 5c

30,000 rolls nicely printed papers,—per roll..... 6c

25,000 rolls (good assortment) paper—per roll..... 7c

10,000 rolls Florals, choice—per roll..... 10c

Thousands of better grades, all worth half again as much as we ask for them.

### Room Picture Mouldings from 2c per foot up.

### Solid Oak Art Grilles—

Cut any length you desire—sizes 12-18 inches in width and ranging in price from 40c per foot upwards.

## Umbrellas.

The entire lot of our Ladies' and Gents' all-silk Umbrellas, from $4.25 to $7.50 each; tomorrow—each..... **$3.25**

All colored and black silk Umbrellas—from $3.75 to $4.25 each; tomorrow each..... **$2.75**

All our Ladies' and Gents' silk serge Umbrellas up to $3.75 each; tomorrow, each..... **$2.49**

## Gloves.

100 dozen of Ladies' 2-clasp Gloves, the Marlborough, in all new colorings for fall; Blues, Grays, Reds, Tans, Brown and Black; every pair fitted and warranted; tomorrow—per pair..... **$1.00**

Misses' Scotch Gloves in all colors; tomorrow—per pair..... **25c**

## Druggists' Sundries.

### Beef, Iron and Wine—

Burnham's extract of Beef, Iron and Wine—the great restorative tonic; 25c size..... **19c**

### Witch Hazel—

Pure double distilled extract of Witch Hazel, a pint bottle sold by druggists at 25c—at..... **15c**

### Spruce Syrup—

Dr. Winter's Spruce Syrup, for colds and coughs; warranted to cure the worst cough; 25c size..... **19c**

### Coke Dandruff Cure—

75c bottle for..... **59c**

### Quinine Pills—

1 doz of 2-grain Quinine Pills, worth 15c, for..... **10c**

### Household Ammonia—

Double-strength, 10c bottle, at..... **5c**

### Silk Sponges—

Small sizes, worth 20c at..... **10c**

### Lavender Salts—

25c bottle..... **19c**

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

DULUTH, MINN.

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

# THE LADIES

of Duluth and Superior are already alert to the advantages The Big Store is offering on advance Fall Merchandise. For the past two weeks we have been receiving at the rate of 25 cases per day and for the past three weeks we have just been doubling our sales of a year ago. There is a reason for this wonderful activity at The Big Store and if you don't know the reason, it's time that you did. You can find it out by doing a little shopping. WE LIKE SHOPPERS BECAUSE THEY ARE POSTED ON PRICE AND FASHION.

## CLOAK DEPARTMENT. The Power of Price is the Daylight of Truth.

### Jackets

Have you seen our Fur-trimmed Jackets—they are swell. Jacket made of fine Kersey Cloth, collar made of stone marten and edged down the front with fur, lined with pretty colored Taffeta Silk—price from..... **$35.00 up**

Imported Kersey Cloth Jackets, two rows of buttons down the front; scalloped bottom, coat collar, finished with several rows of silk stitching—price—**$15.00, $18.00 to $25.00**

Plush Jackets, embroidered with braid and jet—prices—**$11.00, $11.75 and $14.50**

### Capes

GOLF CAPES—New style and new effects, trimmed with fringe and stripes of plain broadcloth to match Cape—price—**$6.75, $7.50, $9.98, $12.50, $14.98, $18.00 and $24.00**

ASTRAKHAN CLOTH CAPES—Edged with fur—30 inches long—large storm collar—good lining—price—**$5.98, $7.50, $8.98, $9.75 up**

IMPORTED KERSEY CLOTH CAPES—Handsomely braided, lined with pretty colored silk; price—**$14.00, $17.50 and $18.75**

PLUSH CAPES and fine imported Velvet Capes, in all the newest styles—**$4.98 to $35.00**

### Skirts

ENGLISH CHEVIOT SERGE SKIRTS—Just the thing for fall. Braided and fancy trimmed—price—**$2.50, $3.25, $3.98, $4.75, $5.75, $7.50, $8.00**

NEW VENETIAN CLOTH SKIRTS—Made with the new style Tunic overskirt; habit back—price from..... **$8.00 up**

CREPON SKIRTS—You will find the largest assortment of Crepon Skirts here. We start them at—**$4.98, $5.75, $7.50, $9, $10.50, $14.50 up**

PLAID SKIRTS—We are showing all the new effects in Plaid Dress Skirts; 193 different styles to select from—Price—**$4.98, $5.69, $6.98, $6.50 to $12.00**

## OUR MILLINERY DEPT. BRIM FULL OF THE SWELLEST CREATIONS IN ADVANCE STYLES IN HEADGEAR.

### Fedora Hats.

We have all the new shades and shapes.

SPECIAL—23 cases Fine Soft Fur Felt Fedoras, the quality small dealers would ask you $1.75 for; our price only..... **$1.25**

(Four shapes to select from.)

AGAIN—We also show four new shapes in Black and Colored Fedoras at—**$2.25, $.50 and $2.75**

ALSO—A grand assortment of untrimmed Fedoras, so that you can have them trimmed to suit yourselves.

### Boys' and Misses' Headgear.

25c each for your choice of 25 dozen Cloth Tams.

A splendid assortment at—**35c, 45c and 50c**

Misses' Cloth Walking hats, all ready to wear, at—**75c, 95c and $1.25**

We are also showing a beautiful assortment of fine Imported Hats, Caps and Tams in Fedora and English manufacture; prices from—**$2.75 up to $3.95**

You can find goods of this quality at the Big Store.

### Ladies' Walking and Army Hats.

Here you will find ten times the assortment any other one house shows, the prices range from..... **$1.25 up**

### $5,000 in Ostrich Feathers

We are safe in saying we sell them at half the price little millinery stores or rented out departments will ask you for them.

### Newness and Refinement

Are the most essential elements in selecting Millinery Trimmings. Ornaments, Birds' Quills, etc. We have embodied all these elements, besides giving our patrons the benefit of our close buying.

## DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT. LUXURIOUS EFFECTS CHARACTERIZE THIS DEPARTMENT.....

### Imported Novelties in Colored Dress Fabrics

DRESS PATTERNS—Our stock of exclusive Dress Patterns, the largest of its kind, and for beauty in color and design cannot be equalled, at, per pattern, $27.50, down to..... **$12.50**

### Fabrics for Tailored Gowns

In smooth, rough and plain fabrics—in Mixtures, Plaids and Plain colors—Homespuns—English Tweeds—Coverts—Irish Frieze—French Venetians—Zibolines—Cheviots—Camel's Hair, at—**$2.75, $2.00, $1.75, $1.50, $1.25, $1.00 Yard.**

### Domestic Dress Fabrics

The following American mills confine to us for Duluth and the Northwest their entire lines of plain and novelty dress fabrics—

The Botany Worsted Mills, Passaic, N. J.

William Broadford & Sons, Jamestown, N. Y.

The Goodall Worsted company, Sanford, Me.

Olbermann, Dommerick & Co., New York.

Every yard they make they guarantee and include Venetians, Coverts, Granites, Broadcloth, Serges, Cheviots, and hundreds of Novelties, all of which we show at—**$1.00, 85c, 75c, 50c 39c, 25c Yard.**

### Black Dress Goods

BLACK CREPONS—English Mohair Crepons—Rich Black Dress fabrics—for dresses and skirts, at—***$2.75, $2.25, $1.98, $1.50 and $1.00 yard***

AMERICAN CREPONS—46-inch black Crepons, 50 styles to select from, at—***$1.00 and 75c yard***

ZIBOLINES—The richest Dress Fabric, in plain weave, at—***$1.25, $1.00 and 89c yard***

VENETIAN CLOTH—For tailored gowns, at—***$1.25, $1.75, $1.35 and $1.00 yard***

SPONGED CHEVIOTS—50 inches, with warranted Steam Sponged and shrunk, at—***$1.00 and 79c yard***

NOVELTY WEAVES—And Fabrics, including every new weave and all the staple weaves, ranging in price from ***$1.00 down to 25c yard***

### GENTS' FURNISHINGS—

MEN'S UNDERWEAR—Fall Weight Balbriggan, Fleeced, Jersey Ribbed, natural and ecru, 50c quality, special tomorrow—price..... **35c**

MEN'S COTTON HALF HOSE—Absolutely Fast Black, high-spliced heels and toes 15c is the price, special tomorrow—per pair..... **5c**

MEN'S FINE CAMBRIC SHIRTS—Soft bodies, 2 collars and pair separate cuffs—cut full, and well made—$1.00 quality—special tomorrow—each..... **75c**

### LADIES' FURNISHINGS—

Just think—A Ladies' Heavy Fleeced Union Suit, gussetted arms, wide flops, worth double, at—per pair..... **25c**

Ladies' Vests and Pants, in a very heavy Angora Fleecing—Natural and ecru—beautifully trimmed Drawers, French bands—worth 75c, at..... **50c**

CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR—We have the Hose this season—the largest and best line ever brought to Duluth.

Fleeced-lined Cotton Jersey Ribbed Vests, Pants and Drawers, at..... **10c, 20c, 25c**

Natural wool Vests and Pants—FOR GIRLS ONLY..... **25c up**

## ANOTHER GREAT PURCHASE OF LACE CURTAINS.

Nottingham Lace Curtains, good patterns, white or ecru—regular value $1.25—per pair..... **$1.00**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 50 pairs, White or Ecru, Crochet edge, cheap at $1.75; per pair..... **$1.25**

SCOTCH NETS—112 pairs handsome patterns, 3½ yards long, white or ecru, a bargain at $2.00; per pair..... **$1.65**

Irish Point Lace Curtains, 40 pairs, regular width and length; real value $5.50—per pair..... **$3.98**

Irish Point, 51 in wide, 3½ yds long, handsome patterns, usually sold at $6.50—pair.. **$5.00**

Irish Point, a regular $8.50 curtain—per set..... **$6.50**

Brussels Net, 15 pairs; a ready seller at $6.00—per pair..... **$4.98**

Brussels Net—25 pairs, beautiful patterns, regular value $8.50; a pair.. **$6.50**

Brussels Net—Dainty patterns, will cost you anywhere else $12; —per pair..... **$8.75**

## PERSIAN, TURKISH AND RUSSIAN ANTIQUE RUGS.

**Everyone of these are Gems of Art. We are perfectly justified in saying it is the rarest collection ever shown in this city.**

25 Karadag Rugs, rich coloring, each..... **$6.50**

15 Anatolian Rugs, beautiful designs, fine lustre—each..... **$8.25**

30 Lahore Rugs, very heavy, exquisite colorings, each..... **$13.50**

10 Antiques, a very choice lot, only..... **$12.75**

Kis Kilims, a very nice collection suitable for Table Covers or Rugs **$7.50, $10.00** **$12.50**

### Bokharas

We shave without exception the largest and best line of Bokharas in the city.

5 2-11x3-8 fine and silky..... ***$13.95***

12 2-11x3-6 very choice..... ***$15.00***

3 2-2x3-7, extra good value..... ***$16.50***

12 2-3x5-2, extra fine sheen, rare coloring.. ***$19.50***

6 3x5-3, as fine as silk, very close weave, a gem.... ***$27.00***

RUSSIA KAZAKS, very desirable for halls, rare rich colors, heavy and silky ***$21, $22, $25, $27.50, $32.50***

Sizes 3-10x7-8, 3-6x7-10, 4-3x7, 4-2x8-6, 4-5x8-4.

## Our Bargain Counters will set our Patrons to Thinking this Week.

***BARGAIN COUNTER No. 1—***

Fall Fabrics, 12½c, in Plaids, Fancy and Plain Chevron's, all the season's goods; worth up to 39c, pick..... **12½c**

***BARGAIN COUNTER No. 2—***

***EMBROIDERIES***—Hamburgs, Nainsooks, Swisses in edges and insertions, every piece worth double the money we ask for them. Prices..... **5c, 8c, 10c, 12½c 15c, 20c, 25c**

***BARGAIN COUNTER No. 4—***

1000 dozen of Ladies' and Misses' Handkerchiefs; worth 10c each, pick, ***5c*** or **55c per doz.**

LACE TIES—Only a few dozen left; worth up to $1.25, pick..... **50c**

***BARGAIN COUNTER No. 5—***

UMBRELLAS—Our stock to be entirely out previous to placing our holiday order. See the bargains.

We have a few Ladies' and Misses' HATS on the counter—we almost give them away.

## Head Rests.

Silkoline covered Head Rests, neatly finished with cord edge, large line of colors, a 25c article for..... **15c**

### Pin Cushions—

Muslin covered Pin Cushions, square and oblong, all sizes, at from—**6c to 45c**

### New Pillow Cords—

Silk and Cotton Cords in all the newest combinations of colors, per yard..... **12½c**

## BOOKS.

The complete edition of the works of

### Rudyard Kipling

which is copyrighted, revised and endorsed by the author. Each volume contains the autograph and Kipling "Swastika." This edition will also contain a biographical sketch, written by Professor Charles Eliot Norton, (the only sketch ever authorized). A photogravure portrait of Rudyard Kipling and embellishments by J. Lockwood Kipling.

Edition is limited to 20,000 copies. Therefore have your order booked without delay.

Fifteen volumes handsomely bound in cloth, publisher's price $15, our price—

**$10.75**

## Linen Dept.

50 pieces linen glass toweling, soft and fine, would be cheap at 8c, Tuesday, yard..... **5c**

25 dozen Napkins, full bleached, satin Damask, ⅝ size, a bargain at $2.50; Tuesday, dozen..... **$2.00**

10 pieces Bleached Damasks, all pure linen, cheap at 90c; Tuesday, yard..... **75c**

12 pieces 72-inch Damasks, fine double Satin Damask, full bleached, cheap at $1.50; Tuesday, yard..... **$1.19**

50 dozen Damask Towels, hemstitched, open work ends, 24x45 inches, full bleached, cheap at 35c; Tuesday, each..... **25c**

1 case real Marseille Bed Spreads, full size, pearl hemmed, worth $2 always; Tuesday, each..... **$1.50**

## Flannel Dept.

36-inch Embroidered Flannels, pure white and all wool, new designs, cheap at 75c; Tuesday, yard..... **59c**

27-inch Elderdowns, plain colors, all wool, cheap at 35c; Tuesday, yard..... **29c**

1 case Domet Flannels, mill remnants, regular 7c quality; Tuesday, yard..... **4½c**

## Crockery Dept.

GAS GLOBES—4-inch Crystal glass Gas Globes; special for Tuesday, each..... **15c**

SAUCE PLATES—4-inch Crystal Glass Berry Saucers, worth 40c per dozen; Tuesday, per dozen..... **18c**

At 10c—8-inch Crystal Glass Berry Bowls, Cake Stands, Jelly Dishes and Celery Stands, worth up to 25c each; Tuesday, at each..... **10c**

CUT GLASS SALTS—New patterns of cut glass Salts and Peppers; Tuesday, at each..... **19c**

JARDINIERES—6-inch decorated Jardinieres, worth 50c, at each..... **29c**

7-inch Jardinieres, worth 65c, at each..... **43c**

8-inch Jardinieres, worth $1.00, at each..... **69c**

CUSTARD CUPS—German earthenware Custard Cups or Individual Bean Jars, white lined and fire proof, per dozen..... **$1.75**

## Hardware Dept.

LANTERNS—Automatic Lift Globe Kerosene Lanterns, worth 60c, at each..... **39c**

BREAD KNIVES—5 gross Bread Knives on sale Tuesday, the 25c kind, at each..... **15c**

POCKET KNIVES—New line of Pocket Knives, worth up to 50c; Tuesday, at each..... **25c**

Iold handle Corn Razors, Frederick Reynolds' cellu- at each..... **69c**

SOAP—7 bars White Floater Bath Soap for..... **25c**

JELLY MOULDS—On sale Tuesday, a new line of fancy tin Jelly Pudding and Rice Moulds. Prices right.

## Closing out Baby Carriages and Go-Carts at Cost.

$22.50 Carriages, at each..... **$13.50**

$12.50 Carriages, at each..... **$8.85**

$11.50 Carriages, at each..... **$7.75**

$8.75 Carriages, at each..... **$5.25**

$7.50 Carriages, at each..... **$4.50**


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# ANOTHER GAY TRICK

## Suit Begun to Knock Out the Issue of Refunding Bonds.

## GAY AT THE BOTTOM

## Agreed to Take the Bonds on Friday and Sued on Saturday.

E. H. Gay is making the fight of his life to force the city to take his offer for the issue of $500,000 refunding bonds. Friday afternoon Mr. Gay offered to take the issue at his premium of $2690 without reservations as to the legality of the issue. His offer was refused and Saturday afternoon a suit was begun which apparently is for the sole purpose of determining the validity of the bonds, but is said on excellent authority to be for the purpose of depreciating the value of the bonds and force the city to sell to Mr. Gay. Two city officials say they have positive evidence that Mr. Gay is the power behind this suit to determine the validity of the bond issue. Today E. H. Gay has not been able to land the bonds and it is not probable that he will unless he will pay a premium of $15,250.

The action was begun in district court by H. R. Tinkham Saturday afternoon to test the validity of the recent issue of $500,000 refunding bonds by the city of Duluth. All of the city officers are included as defendants. The complaint states that the assessed valuation of the city of Duluth is from $29,000,000 to $30,000,000, and that the bonded indebtedness of the city is in excess of 5 per cent of the assessed valuation, though the law provides that the indebtedness shall not exceed 5 per cent of the valuation. It is alleged that the issue of $500,000 in refunding bonds recently made by the city is about to go out, and will unless the court does something. It is claimed that the issue is invalid because the bonded debt of the city is already over 10 per cent of the indebtedness.

The most important part of the complaint is the allegation that the act of the legislature providing for the bonds is void because it is class or special legislation, and that therefore the city council has no right to issue the bonds. The plaintiff asks for an injunction restraining further proceedings on the bonds, and a judgment from the court that the council has no right to issue the bonds. O. W. Baldwin is the attorney.

The object of Mr. Gay—for the city officials are certain he is the real plaintiff—is not quite clear to them, but there is a strong opinion among lawyers and others that the New First National bank and E. H. Gay have obtained an opinion to the effect that the issue is not valid, on the grounds that the act under which it is made is special legislation, and consequently unconstitutional. This was the point raised by Dillon & Hubbard when the matter was first placed in their hands, and Judge Dillon admitted that an exceedingly delicate point of law was involved. However, Dillon & Hubbard finally opined that the issue was under a general act, and now it is thought that the smooth Mr. Gay has determined to make his last stand on this question, and of course if the decision is against the city Mr. Gay can have the pleasure of knocking out the issue, or depreciating the value of the issue to such an extent that Mr. Gay's offer of $2600 would seem magnanimous. The suit is against Mayor Truelsen, Treasurer Voss, Comptroller McCormick, City Clerk Cheadle and the members of the council. O. W. Baldwin appears for Mr. Tinkham, who in turn appears for Mr. Gay. Mr. Baldwin says that it is a friendly suit. It undoubtedly is, for the officials say that any efforts of E. H. Gay to get the best of the city have always been inspired by the most friendly considerations on the part of Mr. Gay and have been persistently fought in the most friendly manner by the city.

The city will take the bull by the horns, and although defendant, will push the suit through the district court at the present term and then to the supreme court. City Attorney Richards will take up the case at once and make the fight.

In connection with the suit Mayor Truelsen this morning received a letter from C. R. Meyers, cashier of the New First National bank, in which a vast amount of information may be gathered by reading between the lines. The letter was dated Columbus, Sept. 9. It is as follows:

"Referring to the $500,000 4½ per cent refunding bonds of the city of Duluth, we beg to notify you that until we receive Dillon & Hubbard's unqualified succinct opinion on these bonds we must decline to accept and pay for them.

"So far we have not received such an opinion, and we trust you will use every effort to get it here before the expiration of the sixty days provided for in your contract."

The mayor says that the bank has Dillon & Hubbard's explicit opinion, and is only playing for time to help Mr. Gay.

O. W. Baldwin, in speaking of the suit today, said: "When the purchasers of the bonds claimed the right to take the time provided in their contract with the city, namely, to Oct. 22 for payment, it became apparent that the opinion of Dillon & Hubbard did not cover the validity of the bonds under such condition.

"Since under the contract the bank is not required to take the bonds before Oct. 22, and as the opinion of Dillon & Hubbard was that the bonds were valid only on condition of payment by Sept. 10, it seemed to many that the city could not hold the New First National bank, of Columbus, to its contract and the forfeiture of the $5000 deposit except upon affirmative proof that the bonds are valid.

"If the bonds are not valid no one should want them issued, and if they are valid all want the city to realize her best possible price.

"A decision of the supreme court can doubtless be had before Oct. 22, and all doubt and quibble will be put at rest. As nothing can be done before that date, the pending suit will cause no delay, and it is intended to be in the interest of the city and all her citizens."


**DRINK GRAIN-O**

After you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it, because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is genuine food drink containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25 cents.





Mme. Yale's

**HAIR TONIC.**

Ladies and Gentlemen: It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to the Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to its original color without dye. It has gone on record that

**MME. YALE,**

wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally endorses its action and gives the public her solmen guarantee that it has been tested in every conceivable way, and has proved itself to be the only Hair Specific. It stops hair falling immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not sticky or greasy—on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful, fluffy, and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies with hair a little gray, streaked gray, entirely gray and with BALD HEADS, it is especially recommended. Price, $1.00. Our special price—

**89 CENTS.**

For sale by

**Panton & White.**


## A LONG TIME SOBER.

### Mrs. Mary Stevens Rounded Up After Eighteen Months' Quiet.

The usual Monday morning reception given in honor of those who find it impossible to keep sober over Sunday, was well attended this morning in the municipal court room. Among those present were Mrs. Mary Stevens, Burt Walton, George McClune and Chris Anderson. These came early to avoid the rush—others came later. It seemed like bringing memories from the dim and distant past to see Mrs. Stevens attending this function again after an absence of nearly a year and a half, according to her own statistics. She has for many years been prominent in the affairs of her set down on Lake avenue and her temperament and most marked talents seem to be in the direction of trouble, especially when under the influence of whisky. Her last appearance in the municipal court was the result of an illustrated lecture on vivisection, on which occasion her husband was used for illustrating purposes. This time she explained her appearance by complaining of the vigilance of the police, which she had evaded for eighteen months. Judge Edson, it was very evident, did not desire to sentence her to the county jail and he offered her the minimum fine of $20 or a sentence of thirty days. She could not find the money and will now spend a month's vacation at Sheriff Sargent's popular boarding house on the hill.

The three men who attended the reception with Mrs. Stevens were each given ten-day sentences.

## GOOD WEATHER EXPECTED.

### Chicago Weather Office Predicts Nice Weather For Fair Week.

This morning Forecaster H. W. Richardson, of the weather office at Duluth, wired to Chicago asking for a forecast of the weather which will fall to this section during the next four days. These are the days of the county fair. The answer was as follows:

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Observer, Duluth: Fair weather is indicated for Tuesday and Wednesday with moderately cool temperatures. Good chance for generally fair weather on Thursday and Friday, I think. COX.

It is to be hoped that the forecast will prove correct for the fair has always heretofore had a bad time, so far as the weather is concerned. Professor Cox is the forecast official at Chicago and his district covers most of the states between the Eighty-fifth meridian and the Rocky mountains.

## FEVER AT TAMPA.

### One Death and the People Are Getting Panicky.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Dr. Altree, of the marine hospital service, reports a death from yellow fever at Port Tampa city, Florida, this morning, and says the autopsy renders it certain that the original diagnosis of fever was correct. The source of infection was a tug boat, and it has been quarantined. Five other persons from tugs are under observation. A small quarantine station has been established. He adds that a public inspection has been ordered, but that no quarantine has been ordered. He also says that there is no necessity for alarm, but that seventy-five people left there on the train last night. Dr. Trotter, who is also at Port Tampa, says there is a panicky feeling there.

Dr. Murray wires from Jackson City as follows: "This city has a rigid quarantine for the present against New Orleans. Disinfection of mails is unnecessary. No one can be permitted to leave unless immune, and with disinfected baggage, except persons bound for non-infectible territory, there to remain."

Reports to the surgeon general are to the effect that new cases are still reported today from Key West. There were two deaths there yesterday from fever.

NEWS CONFIRMED.

Havana, Sept. 11.—The captains of British ships arriving here from Venezuela confirm the news that there has been a revolution there during the last three weeks. They say there are two parties against the government, and that the latter is extremely suspicious. Any one wishing to land must satisfy the officials that he is not connected with either of the revolutionary parties. The government, it is also said, is very unpopular.


Take no chance on that aching tooth. Dent's Toothache Gum. Druggists 15c.


# NEWS OF THE LAKES

## Steamer Houghton Raised and Navigation at the Sault Is Open.

## BOATS ARE MOVING

## Hay Lake Free of Vessels---The Houghton Ready to Leave.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—All precautions for avoiding accidents to the delayed fleet which is crowding through St. Mary's river are being taken. Capt. Davis, of the revenue cutter Morrill, has good control of the situation. Hay Lake, which is fourteen miles long, was dotted today with bunches of steamers and tows for nearly the entire length of its channel. The tows are gotten under way at safe distances from each other and the long procession is necessarily a slow one until deep water is reached. By tonight nearly the entire fleet will be in the race for the lower lake ports, and evidences of a blockade will have vanished.

Hay Lake will be free of boats at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the fleet having followed down the river in one grand procession, with the boats about a quarter of a mile apart. The following boats were held here this morning to allow the channel to be cleared: Bangor, North Wind, Maruba, Manda, Ralph and consort, Marshall and consort, Nicol, Manistique and consort, Holand and consort, Craig, Yuma, Ford, Kaliyuga and Fontana. They were to get away about 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Wrecker R. R. Thompson, who returned at noon, reports the Houghton will be ready to leave this afternoon. Her ore cargo has been shifted so as to lighter her up. One water compartment under the boilers cannot be pumped out, but all the others are kept free by pumping. The Houghton will go to Lake Erie under her own power. The Fritz will be towed to Lake Erie by the Globe.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 11.—The steamer Douglas Houghton blocking the channel in St. Mary's river, was floated at 3:30 p. m. yesterday, and the largest fleet ever accumulated on the lakes, if not in America, began to move soon after and one vast procession headed down the lakes while another started on its way to Lake Superior. In the two were over 299 of the largest craft under the American flag, save the few ocean liners. Yesterday at noon 1800 tons of iron ore had been lightered and the bow of the Houghton had risen out of the water about five feet. It was found that the steamer had driven her way into the limestone ledge about 12 feet and the ledge had to be blasted away. The first blast of dynamite only cracked the rock and four tugs were hitched against the Houghton's stern on one side and two on the other side, while one was placed at her bow. The tugs started at full speed and the first blast was fired. It was expected that the next instant would see the Houghton floating down stream, carrying the tugs and lighters, but the Houghton did nothing of the kind. The great boat raised slightly and then settled back nine inches deeper in the pocket than she was before. Again the rocks were charged with dynamite and again the tugs puffed and snorted when the charge was fired. Again the Houghton did not move an inch. This was repeated again and again until finally after an unusually heavy charge which shattered the rocks which held the bow of the Houghton in a vice, the big boat moved in the current and drifted and was pulled out of the channel.

The blockaded vessels then began to move, the procession being over forty miles long. They passed down the river a third of a mile apart in order to avoid danger of collision. The steamer Northern Wave grounded, but was easily floated. The Crete lay on the boulders just astern of the Houghton for two hours until she was pulled afloat by a tug. When released there was five feet of water in the bottom on the starboard side of the bow of the Houghton and one foot on the port side. It has not yet been ascertained how seriously the big boat was damaged by lying across the channel, but it is considered that her bow was not badly cut up by plowing into the limestone ledge.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Oades, 10 last night; Tempest No. 1 and barges, Outhwaite, Barr, 11:30; Louisiana, midnight; Spokane, 1:30 a. m.; Northern Queen, 5:20. Down: Linden, 12:50 a. m.; Ogemaw and barges, 1; Portage, 3:15; Lagonda, 5:20.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Mitchell and whalebacks, Pentland, Schuylkill, 9:40 last night; Ed Smith, Connelly Bros., Ogarita, Gardner, Delaware, 11; Kalkaska, Fryer, 5:40 a. m.; Nicholas, 7; Presque Isle, 8; Manhattan, Alva, 8:30; Nyanza, Elphicke, 10; Mather and whalebacks, India, Cormorant, Norris, Calvin, Ceylon, 11:30. Down: Manistique, Onoko, Maxwell, Ralph Harold, 12:30 a. m.; Craig, 5:20; North Wind, 6:30; Harper, Tyrone, Yuma, 7:30; Holland, White and Friant, 8:30; Kaliyuga, Fontana, Maruba, Manda, Ford, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Cumberland, 2; Senator, 7; Serena, 8; Hanna, 9; Kirby, Hartnell, Siemens, Corliss, 9:20; Forest City, McGregor, 9:40; Northern Wave, Merida, Kellogg, Kalkaska, 10:40; Queen City, 11; Cherokee, Chippewa, 11:40; Bielman, 12:20 p. m.; Frontenac, Prentice, Middlesex, Halstead, 1; Curtis, Reed, Holland, Preston, 1:40; Ericcson, Nasmyth, Carpenter, Tyson, Dashing Wave, 3:50; Sehuck, 4:30; McWilliams, 6:30; Oronoco, Crete, Mariposa, Magna, George Gould, Algonquin, 7:20; North West, 9:10. Down: John Eddy, 1:29 a. m.; Yale, V. H. Ketcham, 3; Hesper, Rhodes, Quayle, Onoko, 4:30; Japan, 5; Gilbert, Centurion, Peck, 5:30; Auburn, 6:30; Bradley, Woolson, Peshtigo, Brightie, 7:30; Lansing, Mesaba, Malta, 8; Wyoming, 9; Corn, Russell, 10; Boscobel, Jackson, Ketcham, Perew, 10:30; Appomattox, Santiago, Matoa, Mala, Majestic, 12:20 p. m.; Wootan, Celtic, Stewart, 1; Rappahannock, Grampian, Law, 1:40; North West, 2:20; Macy, Wilson, 4; Pease, Planet, 5; Austin, 7; Samuel Mitchell, Tilden, Kingfisher, Bangor, 9.

PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: John Rugee, unknown steamer, 2:20 a. m.; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 4; Trevor and whaleback, 4:30; Eureka, 5; Williams, 5:20; La Salle, 6; Caledonia and consort, 7; Crescent City, 7:40; City of Genoa, 9:20; St. Louis and consort, 9:30; Sawyer and consorts, 9:40; Chisholm, Dundee, 10. Down: Eugene Hart, 9 last night, Stevens, 9:30; Wotan and consorts, 12:20 a. m.; tug Anoping, 5:20; Rosedale, V. H. Ketchum, Oliver, 7:40; Avon, 8:10; Athabasca, Alberta, 8:30; George Orr, Carrington, 9:30; Maritana, 9:40; Joliet, 10:20; Griffin, Iosco, Jeannette, 10:30; Arthur Orr, Samuel Mitchell, Chickamauga, 10:40.

Down yesterday: Boscobel and consorts, North Star, 6:20 p. m.; Langell Boys, Comstock, Japan, 6:30; Bradley and consorts, Roby, Runnells, 7; Holden, 7:20; North Land, 7:40; Thomson and whalebacks, Green and consorts, 8:10; Globe, 8:30.

THE PEERLESS RAISED.

The steamer Peerless was raised yesterday afternoon and towed to the dry dock. She will not get in before Thursday or Friday, until which time the Penobscot will be in the dock. The hole in the Peerless' port bow has been patched up.

THE BARKER IN COMMISSION.

The steamer S. B. Barker of the A. Booth line is going into commission and will be sent to Bayfield. She will take the run around the Apostle islands which has heretofore been taken by another boat. Up to this time the Barker has not been in commission this year.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

Nothing has been done for several days in grain freights, but ore freights are reported strong today. Private telegrams from Cleveland announced that several charters had been made at $2, and that the rate was quite likely to go to $2.10 before the day was over. The grain rate is somewhere under 6 cents, but will probably resume that figure as soon as conditions adjust themselves once more to their former state.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rates on grain advanced this afternoon to 3½ cents to Lake Erie.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived: Hudson, Northern King, Troy, Buffalo, mdse; China, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Palmer, Brazil, Lake Erie, light for ore; John Owen, Lake Erie, coal; Zenith City, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed: Monarch, Sarnia, pass and flour; North Wind, Buffalo, flour; Pasadena, Sandusky, 126; Buffalo, grain; Colgate, Arizona, Two Harbors, light; S. O. 86, South Chicago, light; Republic, Brazil, Northern, Light, Iron King, Iron Queen, Palmer, Holden, Lake Erie, ore.

Later—Arrived: City of Collingwood, Collingwood, pass and mdse; Rhodes, 137, Gilchrist, Buffalo, light for grain; McDougall, Morse, Smeaton, Fairbairn, Senator, Lake Erie, light for ore; Columbia, Lake Erie, coal; Kelly, Negaunee, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed: America, Carnegie, Buffalo, grain; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; McDougall, Two Harbors, light; Schoolcraft, Nestor, Bourke, Keweenaw, Lake Erie, lumber.


**CATARRH**

**DON'T PAY $100 TO $150**

To get cured of this disease. It is too much to pay. Because you have this trouble there is no reason why you should go to the large cities to be overcharged and pay your expenses besides

**When you can be cured at home for less money.**

Go to Dr. Doran, in the New Jersey building, and get cured at a reasonable price. He is a noted specialist and has the finest treatment in the Northwest. He can cure you at home and you don't need to lose any time from your work. Consult him before winter comes on. Everybody has heard and read of his many cures in Duluth.

**Doctor Doran, Specialist.**

New Jersey Building, Duluth.
Corner First Avenue West and Superior St.
Office hours: 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays: 10 to 12 m.


## CITY BRIEFS.


Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.
Tibbets, undertaker. 31 East Sup. St.
The Kelly dye works. 415 W. Sup. St.


N. J. Coulter, of Dawson, is registered at the St. Louis.

William O'Brien, of St. Paul, a well-known pine land man, is at the St. Louis.

Robert Turnbull, of Minneapolis, and Otis Staples, of Stillwater, were at the St. Louis yesterday.

Frank W. Walker, of Two Harbors, was at the St. Louis yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McDermott, of St. Paul, were at the St. Louis yesterday.

T. S. Powers came down from Grand Rapids yesterday.

G. L. Van Duyn, of Milwaukee, is at the Spalding.

State Grain Inspector E. S. Reishus came up from St. Paul today on his regular weekly trip.

L. S. Tuttle, of Oshkosh, Wis., is at the Spalding today.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Gordon, of Chicago, are at the Spalding.

D. Crawford, of Hancock, Mich., is at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. McKay, of Saginaw, Mich., are at the Spalding today.

John W. Robinson, of Buffalo, is in the city.

John V. McMurray, of New Richmond, Wis., was at the Spalding yesterday.

John Millen, of Detroit, manager of the Alger-Smith company, was at the Spalding yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Palmer, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., were at the Spalding yesterday.

An excellent new specialty show is booked at the Parlor theater this week, opening tonight. The program is arranged so that plenty of fun, music, song and grace will be strong features.

Duluth lodge, No. 110, D. of H. A. O. U. W., will have a meeting of special interest to its members Tuesday evening.

Modern Woodmen, camp 2341 at the West End, will initiate twenty-two new members into the society Wednesday evening.

Miss Bertha Faller and Mrs. Lucas Faber have returned to Lake Linden, Mich., this week, after an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Ruf.

The organization committee of the proposed Duluth Improvement association will meet at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce and request all interested in improving Duluth to meet with them.

Late Saturday afternoon it cost E. Willis $37.24 and the respect of many friends to hit a bootblack. The little fellow's face was badly battered up as a result of the assault and Judge Edson gave Willis a sentence of $25 and costs or one month's hard labor on county improvements for his trouble. The fine was paid.

The final discharge from bankruptcy of Joseph Burns was filed in the United States court today.

M. Jacoby, of West Duluth, has been appointed by George F. Chester as one of his deputies as clerk of the district court. Mr. Jacoby will be one of the court room clerks. W. A. Kennedy, who has been the clerk in court room No. 1 for several years, and who has made many friends by his faithful performance of the duties of that office, will retire after the present term of court.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Anton Lundin and Annie Anderson and to Frank Johnson and Lizzie Carroll.

Entrance examinations for admission to the high school and examinations for those wishing to make up back work will be held in the Central High school assembly hall on Thursday morning beginning at 9 o'clock.

## PERSONAL.

J. J. O'Brien, captain of the Hale mine at Biwabik, was in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Mills returned to Duluth last Saturday.

Mrs. A. Levy and children, from Detroit, Mich., who have been visiting with Mrs. Robert Marcuse for the summer, returned home last Saturday.

Miss Georgia Alexander, cashier of the Great Eastern, has gone to Brainerd for a two weeks' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. John Irvine and daughter, Sue, were called home on Saturday last from Outer Island, Wis., on account of the serious illness of their daughter, Miss Mattie Irvine.

Charles G. Irvine arrived home from Hamilton, Ont., on Thursday, having been sent for on account of the illness of his sister, Miss Mattie Irvine.

Elmer Ford, of McKinley, Minn.; Miss Anna Hiaro, of Ely, Minn.; Miss Edna Anderson, of Biwabik, Minn.; Miss Clara Dahl, of Virginia, Minn., arrived in the city today and each arranged to take a full course at the Business University.

Mrs. N. B. McNulty, Mrs. G. F. Stevens and Mrs. S. C. Jackson have returned from a trip down the lakes.

John Jollymore, of Proctorknott, has returned home from Fall Creek, Wis., after a two months' absence.

Harry B. Earhart, formerly a Duluth vessel agent but now of Chicago with C. W. Elphicke, a well known vessel man of that city is in the city and will be here for a few days.

H. J. Atwood of the grain firm of Atwood & Larson has returned from a trip to North Dakota.

# CALLS OUT THE COUNT

## Kansas City Man Challenges Esterhazy to Combat to Avenge Dreyfus.

## HE MEANS BUSINESS

## Is an Old Fire Eater---Prominent Jews Guarantee His Passage.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 11.—Capt. Thomas Phelan, a broad swordsman and a pistol shot, has issued a challenge to Count Esterhazy to fight him a duel in defense of Capt. Alfred Dreyfus. Capt. Phelan has engaged in several personal encounters, and is said to be backed by several prominent local Jews, who have guaranteed his passage to England to meet Esterhazy. He is a veteran of the civil war.

Capt. Phelan's letter follows: "Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 11. To Count Esterhazy, Upper Gloucester place, Dorset square, London, England: Sir—Believing you to be the instigator and arch conspirator responsible for all the miseries and tribulations of Capt. Dreyfus, again convicted as a traitor to his country, and because he (Dreyfus) is now unable to follow you and demand satisfaction for the miseries you have heaped upon him, I, as an Irish-American, who does not belong to his race or creed, and believing that a man should not be punished on account of his religion, do volunteer to take his place on the field of honor, at any time or place you may designate, the place of meeting to be on neutral grounds.

"I am respectfully,

"THOMAS PHELAN, ex-Captain United States Volunteers."

## WISCONSIN'S BIG FAIR.

### Greatest Ever---A Good Roads Convention a Feature.

Milwaukee, Sept. 11.—Everything is in readiness for the opening of the state fair under the auspices of the State Agricultural society. While the gates of the state fair were opened to the public today, the formal opening does not take place until tomorrow.

Secretary John M. True is enthusiastic over the bright prospects ahead for a successful outcome of the annual event. Mr. True says the number of entries in the lines of exhibit are fully up to those of last year, which was a record breaker, and that the quality of exhibits will surpass anything heretofore offered. Nearly every county in the state is represented in the exhibits. The stock department is remarkably well filled. The display of horses will be the best in five years. The main feature of the fair will be a fine program of trotting races, and in addition thereto King Allar will go against an automobile on the last three days. This, it is said, will be the first performance of the kind ever tried in the United States. A dog show, at which will appear many fine specimens, is another attraction.

The big day of the show will be Wednesday (state day), and Thursday, (Milwaukee day). Governor Scofield will be present on state day to congratulate the farmers on the representation made.

As a side issue, and one which will attract a large gathering, is a "good roads" convention. Over 1000 delegates are expected to attend, and will listen to intresting talks on road building, and also examine a sample piece of road making at the fair grounds.

## A BIG PARADE.

### A Great Turnout Promised at the Dewey Celebration.

New York, Sept. 11.—Gen. Roe, who has charge of the land parade of the Dewey celebration ceremonies, said today that at least 30,000 uniformed men will take part in the parade. Gen. Roe has received word from Col. James E. Barnett, that the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment, which has just returned from the Philippines, will take part in the parade. The division of the G. A. R., will include twenty representatives from each of the fifty-six G. A. R., posts in this city. Gen. O. O. Howard is expected to command the veterans of Greater New York. Maj. R. P. Davidson, of the Northwestern military academy, Chicago, has written to say that he will join the parade with his motor gun battery and the Association of Congressional League of Honor Veterans, of New York, have also asked for a place in the line.

OTIS' DEATH ROLL.

Washington, Sept. 11.—A cablegram from Gen. Otis to the war department announces the death of Capt. Charles L. Collins, Company I, Twenty-third infantry. He died at Cebu on Sept. 7 of appendicitis. Gen. Otis also cables the following deaths: "Chronic dysentery, Sept. 2, Henry Bueson, H, Ninth infantry; William Creelman, B, First Tennessee, acute dysentery; First Sergt. Joseph Hegan, M, Fourth infantry, gunshot wound, accidental; Aug. 24, Daniel Edwards, E, Eighteenth infantry; Sept. 6, Thomas Guinan, K, Twelfth infantry, Sergt. Edward H. Remano, Fourth cavalry, typhoid fever; July 10, Henry Uppendahl, K, First South Dakota; Sept. 6, John Healy, K, Third artillery; drowned in Manila bay, Aug. 29, Raymond D. Louth, M, Sixth artillery, chronic diarrhoea; Sept. 3, Owen Dunn, E, Fourth infantry; Sept. 6, James Hegan, F, Twenty-first infantry, peritonitis; John M. McCall, B, Twenty-second infantry, pulminory phthisis; Michael McGrath, M, Twelfth infantry, pneumonia; Richard Jobin, F, Twenty-first infantry, gastritis; Henry L. Noble, G, Fifty-first Iowa, acute alcoholism; Sept. 8, William H. Kennedy, G, Ninth infantry, fever, remittent malaria; Sept. 9, Joshua W. Johnson, hospital corps."


CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.


CUBAN PRISONERS OUT.

Washington, Sept. 11.—Senor Queseda has been informed that nine Cuban prisoners have been released from the Spanish military prison at Cadiz.

## THE SCHOOL OF MINES.

### A New Condition of Things at the University.

Minneapolis, Sept. 11.—Almost a complete revolution is being wrought in the school of mines at the university. The portion of the building vacated by the recent demise of the state geological survey is being rearranged and fitted up for the use of the school of mines, under the direction of Professors Appleby and Barneveld. The mining school has heretofore worked at a disadvantage on account of lack of room, and this will enable the school to do much more efficient work. The basement is being overhauled and arranged for the placing of the vast collection of metalurgical specimens which the school has had stowed away in boxes and out-of-the-way places. This splendid collection of metalurgical specimens which to this summer, will soon be on exhibition, and gives a complete resume of the mineral industry of Minnesota, besides showing very extensive collections from other parts of the world.

The professors in charge state that now the school of mines earnestly solicits the aid of the people of the state interested in any way in mining or in building up the mineral exhibit of the university, as they are now as never before in a position to give proper space for the display in their new museums of all specimens that are sent to them from the state. It is the aim of the directors of the school to secure, with the aid of the mineral industry of the state as valuable and complete a collection from Minnesota mines as is possessed by any state of its mining industry.

The second story of the old geological survey is now being fitted up for additional museum space. A comfortable library and a reading room is being put in on this floor. A class room and drafting room for the mining students is also being added.

Down at the stamp mill and ore-testing works some additions are also being made. A new Koenig furnace for the treatment of gold and silver ores has just been put in, and the machinery has generally been reset and in a manner more suited to ore dressing and testing.

The course in mining surveying has been greatly strengthened and new instruments and apparatus purchased.

The assay rooms are being added to in the way of furnaces. The delicate balances for weighing gold and silver beads are being placed on solid piers to prevent all jar from the building. The rooms previously occupied by Professor Nachtrieb's rats, turtles and snakes, are also being turned over for the use of the mining school. Professor Appleby thinks the chances are excellent for a greatly increased attendance, and the general boom over the country in mining, he thinks, will attract large numbers of men into mining engineering. He states that it is highly gratifying to note that all the men graduated last year by this school have secured lucrative positions, and the school of mines is today having three calls for mining engineers to one man they can supply.

## GUATEMALA GETS LOAN.

### Guatemalan Banks Will Advance Enough For Present Crisis.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—A letter from Guatemala city, dated Aug. 16, says: Four of the banks of this city have entered into arrangements whereby they will loan the government $2,500,000, deliveries to be made in monthly installments of $200,000 each. The government, it is said, has offered tangible guarantees. This will at least temporarily ease the exchequer. The banks are authorized to issue an addition to their paper currency equivalent to the sum in question.

Exchange reached the extraordinary figure of $7.60 per cent premium, and remained in that neighborhood for about ten days, but now it has fallen about 80 per cent. Silver is offered at 160 per cent premium over paper.

## IMUS' MAYOR GONE.

### Thought to Have Been Induced to Join Filipinos.

Manilla, Sept. 11, 5:30 p. m.—The mayor of Imus has disappeared and it is supposed he has joined the rebels on the promise of receiving a generalship. He was a colonel in the insurrection of 1887.

The transport Senator, which sailed from San Francisco Aug. 5, has arrived here.

## THE COUNTY AWARDS.

### St. Louis County Got a Prize at the State Fair.

St. Paul, Sept. 11.—There was great interest in the county exhibits at the state fair. The society had offered $1200 in prizes to be given to such local or county horticultural or agricultural societies making exhibits averaging over 70 per cent, the money to be prorated according to the points scored. Added to this was a premium of $200 for the county scoring the highest number of points and one of $100 to the second highest. There was some dissatisfaction with the first award and a rejudging was ordered. LeSueur county secured the highest score. The money was divided as follows:

| County— | Points. | Prize. |
|---|---|---|
| LeSueur | 1480 | $156.32 |
| Anoka | 1405 | 148.42 |
| Polk | 1380 | 145.26 |
| Stevens | 1370 | 143.68 |
| Olmstead | 1258 | 132.63 |
| Houston | 1220 | 127.89 |
| Rice | 1140 | 120.00 |
| St. Louis | 1080 | 113 68 |
| Otter Tail | 1065 | 112.10 |

ARRIVES FROM KEY WEST.

New York, Sept. 11.—The Mallory line steamer San Marcos, from Key West, Sept. 6, arrived at quarantine today, all well. The San Marcos brought from Key West four officers and 193 soldiers, belonging to Companies B and H, First United States artillery. No other passengers were taken on board at Key West. These troops were ordered North owing to the prevalence of yellow fever at Key West. All are in excellent health. The steamer will be detained until tomorrow morning, when the full period of five days will have elapsed from the time of leaving Key West.

WHACKS STANDARD OIL.

Washington, Sept. 11.—State Senator Lewis Emery, of Pennsylvania, was before the industrial commission today. He spoke in opposition to the Standard Oil company. He claimed that the railroads were responsible for the great growth of the Standard Oil company, and said that the contract made between the South Improvement company and the railroads in 1872 was practically in effect today. Under this arrangement there had been discriminations on the part of the roads in favor of the Standard Oil company up to the present day.

CAN SAVE MORGAN CITY.

Kobe, Japan, Sept. 11.—The captain of the United States transport Morgan City, which was wrecked Sept. 1 by striking a reef eight miles from Onenuchi, says there are good prospects of saving the vessel, and that divers have been engaged for the purpose of trying to float her.

# IN MICHIGAN.

## Wages Go Up at the Marquette Mines---General Mining News.

Marquette—The iron mining companies of the Marquette range have announced a voluntary raise in wages of 10 cents a day, taking effect Sept. 1. The raise is in anticipation of the advance which will probably be demanded for next season based on much higher prices for ore which will prevail. The raise effects both underground and surface men numbering several thousand.

Ishpeming—Capt. Plato has been working hard at the East New York to get the water out of the mine, and has at last succeeded, the bottom level having been reached and the big pump will soon be connected and take care of the future inflow. The pump was disconnected and left in the mine when operations were suspended several years ago. The mine is making a good deal of water which it will continue to do until the surrounding territory is drained. They can now give place to a few miners.

All work of prospecting to the north and northeast of the mine has been stopped for the present. Several pits were put down, but water forced them to stop. The last pit was sunk forty feet and a drill hole put down from the bottom of this twenty feet. A seam of hematite fourteen inches thick was cut by the drill. This pit was at the west end of the property. Further east they found two feet of hard ore which they could not follow as far as they wished as the water was too plentiful.

Thomas McCusker has a find on the n½ of the nw¼ of section 24-43-33 that bids fair to show up a big mine. About a month ago he secured an option upon this property from the owner, J. M. Longyear, of Marquette, and started testpitting. After penetrating five feet of surface with his first pit he met with hard jasper. He continued the pit down several feet in this material when he came upon as nice and clean ore as can be found anywhere in the district. He continued sinking in the ore until he reached a depth of nine feet. An analysis of the ore found shows 64.00 iron and .080 phos. a very fine ore indeed. The relative location of this exploration is directly east of the Hollister mine and about half way to the Mansfield.

The Oliver Iron Mining company is examining the Aurora mine, Gogebic range, with the usual view—that of purchase. The company will take it if the leases can be extended. The Aurora is the property of the Aurora Mining company, of which W. J. Olcott, of Duluth, is manager. It lies next to East Norrie and is one of the best mines of the range, with an excellent Bessemer ore. The Pabst mine, of the Oliver company, lies adjoining the Aurora, to the east. Another mine of the Wakefield group, Comet, has been taken under option by the Corrigan interests and will be opened at once.

The Ashland mine, now under control of the Hayes Brothers, well known to the Gogebic, is getting water from its lower levels and will be mining to the bottom of the eighth level. It is hoisting about 300 tons and has 140 men at work. Shaft No. 2 of the Norrie is to be re-entered on account of this unwatering of the Ashland.

The heavy rain Wednesday night was the means of causing much trouble at the Cleveland Lake mine and the Lake Superior Hematite mine. The water gathered in the lake bottom rapidly and Thursday morning began to appear in the workings of the lake mines. The Cleveland Lake mine suffered particularly and the water rose so fast that the men were compelled to leave their parts of the workings with some speed. Work was stopped in some parts of the Lake Superior Hematite. The surface pumps were busy Thursday pumping the water from the lake bottom.

At the Menominee, they are still pumping water. They have met with a series of set backs which have greatly delayed the completion of the task, but they are steadily gaining and expect to be mining here in the near future.

Preparations are being made at the Dexter mine to start the work of unwatering it. The machinery is being overhauled. The work will be commenced shortly, as all delay in connection with the resumption is at an end.

Bessemer—The prospects for an active all rail ore shipping winter are very good, as all the big mines will be unable to fill their orders before the close of navigation. Preparations are already being made. Every mine has from one to two steam shovels working full blast.

W. C. Laffer, representing an Eastern syndicate, has purchased section 32, knows as the Peak, from E. B. Wood, of Detroit. The consideration is $40,000. Some very rich copper specimens were taken out of this property as far back as forty-five years ago.

E. L. Paddock, of Duluth, is in charge of a large force of men exploring for copper east of the Peak.

Negaunee—The effects of the blockade of the Soo river by the ore carrier Houghton was felt here. A shortage of cars compelled the Jackson Iron company to transfer the men working at the South Jackson to the North Jackson.

Houghton—The Baltic produced seventy tons of copper in August—a pretty good record for the one small head of stamps employed.

Ontonagon—At the Hamilton property, which adjoins the old Norwich, A party of miners under Capt. Lobb have put down a pit forty feet deep, near the old workings and have uncovered an amygdaloid vein four feet thick, rich in copper. Specimens show it to be a splendid stamp vein.

BRAZIL IS TROUBLED.

Rio de Janiero, Sept. 11.—The Brazilian government has protested against the sale of the lands of the duke of Saxe to the German government.

The government of Brazil has been informed that Belivia has sent a division of troops to occupy Acre. The supreme tribunal has granted a petition of habeas corpus in favor of the prisoners at Matto-Grosso.

SUICIDE IDENTIFIED.

New York, Sept. 11.—The clothing left on the Brooklyn bridge by a man who jumped from that structure last night was identified today by Hugh McLaughlin, of Brooklyn, as the property of his brother, Edward McLaughlin. Edward McLaughlin had lived for some time in a lodging house in Brooklyn.


A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.





**Autumn Leaves**

Nothing that is desirable lacking in our exquisite stock of new and handsome suitings, that are waiting for your order to put the shears into. Autumn leaves will be falling before you realize that summer is over, so be ready for changes in the weather; anyhow look in and see the handsome fancy Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings that are awaiting your inspection.

**Duluth Art Tailoring Co.,**

French & Bassett Bldg., 306 W. First Street.
Opposite Board of Trade.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

# September Blanket and Comfort Selling and Linen and Domestic Household Needs

Takes first place in the store news of today. **Heaps of Blankets and Comfortables** are here for careful housewives' choosing. **Twenty-two different grades of Blankets, sixteen different grades of Comforters.** Where in the Northwest can you find a better assortment? How many stores show as good? But Blanket-Comforter selling is a feature here, and especially now. Important savings on every piece that you buy. **Now the list is repeated today for those that perchance did not see it yesterday.**

## Wool Blankets.

The Manistee Gray Blanket, border of pretty color combinations, full 5 lbs in weight; are extremely popular and serviceable, regularly sold at $2.50; Autumn Blanket Sale Price..... $1.59

The "Kingston" Silver Gray Blanket—handsome borders in modified colors, regularly sold for $3.00; eleven-quarter size—Autumn Sale price..... $2.49

No. "1.5" White Blanket, North Star make, full eleven-quarter size, body of nice fine wool with warp of fine cotton; Borders of Blue, Pink and Scarlet; a Blanket such as sold last season for $4.50—Autumn Sale Price..... $3.25

No. "1516" Silver Gray Blankets, with fancy border, eleven-quarter size, strictly all-wool, North Star make, worth $5.00—Autumn Sale Price..... $4.39

F. D. White Blankets, beautiful colored borders, eleven-quarter size; North Star make; of very finest wool; never sold less than $7.00; Autumn Sale Price..... $6.00

No. "157" White Blankets, North Star make, full eleven-quarter size, very fine finish, beautiful colored borders; last season's price $4.75; Autumn Sale Price..... $4.00

No. "1500" Silver Gray Blankets, large warm winter weight, pure wool filling on light cotton warp, worth $3.75; Autumn Sale Price..... $3.19

WHITNEY—White Crib Blankets, with colored borders—in pink and blue; guaranteed all pure wool; these always retail at $2.50—Autumn Sale Price..... $2.00

## Cotton Blankets.

11-4 Silver Gray Blankets, colored borders, in scarlet and blue, worth 85c—Autumn Sale Price—per pair..... 69c

11-4 White Blankets, pretty borders, in Scarlet and Blue, worth 85c—Autumn Sale Price—per pair..... 69c

11-4 Gray Mottled Blankets, very handsome borders, worth $1.25—Autumn Sale Price—per pair..... 78c

11-4 Tan Blankets, colored borders, in red and white, worth 85c—Autumn Sale Price—per pair..... 69c

11-4 Brown Blankets, a very new color of Brown, extra soft finish, worth $1.25—Autumn Sale Price—per pair..... 98c

11-4 heavy Mottled Gray and Brown Blankets, extra soft finish, worth $1.98—Autumn Sale Price—per pair..... $1.45

11-4 Winter-weight White Blankets, with pretty colored borders—in Pink, Blue, Red and Green—well worth the $2.00—Autumn Sale Price—per pair..... $1.50

## Comforters.

LOT 1—A very good Comforter, Sateen covering, worth $1.25—Autumn Sale Price..... 89c

LOT 2—A fine Comforter, in assorted patterns and colorings, worth $1.75—Autumn Sale Price..... $1.19

LOT 3—A reversible Comforter, all new patterns, worth $2.00—Autumn Sale Price..... $1.49

LOT 4—Fine cotton down Comforters, very fine finish, excellent patterns, worth $2.50—Autumn Sale Price..... $1.95

LOT 5—A beautiful French Sateen Comforter, exquisite patterns, worth $2.75—Autumn Sale Price..... $2.19

LOT 6—One of the prettiest tied Comforters; everyone handsome and new; worth $3.00—Autumn Sale Price..... $2.49

LOT 7—Very handsome tied Comforters, very choice patterns, worth $2.65—Autumn Sale Price..... $2.15

LOT 8—The reversible French Sateen Comforter, assorted patterns and colorings worth $3.25—Autumn Sale Price..... $2.50

## New Importations of Dress Fabrics

Have arrived within the past few days.

**Choice styles in Zibolines at $1.25, $1.75, $2 and $2.75 a yard.**
**New styles in Black Crepons at $2.00, $2.50, $3.50, $3.75 a yard.**
**Black Crispi Cloth at $1.50 and $2.25.**
**New English Covert Cloths at $2.00.**
**New Golf Cloths (reversible) in rich colorings at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $4.00.** Styles that are not found elsewhere in this city or at the head of the lakes, and we guarantee every price to be in keeping with those asked by the best establishments in this country for same quality.

## Choice Silks—We might say Very choice Silks

and not overdraw the matter one bit; because a silk stock like this one deserves all the good words we, or you, could say about it. Quality counts first of all, and considering that you get the best here. (We sell no inferior grades to make a cheap price, because cheap silks are dear at any price). Our prices are below those of any other store in the Northwest. And our styles are unquestionably superior to any shown at the head of the lakes—the list includes:

**Plain and Fancy Taffetas at** ..... 85c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50
**Satin de Chine in fancy stripes at** ..... $1.25 and $1.50
**Corded Taffetas at** ..... $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50
**Satin Duchess at** ..... $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75
**Peau de Soies and Gros Grains at** .. $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.75

We also show a beautiful assortment of Waist lengths in styles that are quite exclusive at from **$5.00 to $8.00**

**New Crepon Skirts.** In handsome Mohair Blister effects $8.50 --New back and flare, nearsilk lining and bound with corduroy binding: excellently made, perfect shape, full $12.50; as a Special Autumn Price

**Silk Matlesse Skirts.** These on sale tomorrow: An extremely new pattern, made with new habit back, full and graceful flare, lined with nearsilk and corduroy edged; would be good value at $13, at a Special Autumn Price ..... $9.50

**New Novelty Crepon Skirts**--Neat stripes of Blue, Green and Helio, new back and flare; Percaline lining, coduroy edged: this skirt is being sold as great value at other stores for $6.75; our early price is ..... $4.75

We also show many new Skirts in Cheviots and Homespuns in blacks and colors at from ..... $4.75

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

# SAYS IT IS LEGAL

## County Attorney's Opinion on Charging State With Losses In Banks.

## ACCORDING TO LAW

## Says Board's Action Is Right ---Quotes Law to Prove It.

County Attorney Phelps has submitted to County Auditor Halden and County Treasurer Whipple, who asked for it, his opinion on the question of whether the county should and could make the state bear its share of the losses of unapportioned funds through insolvent banks. His opinion is to the effect that the county's action in withholding from the state's apportionment its share of the moneys lost in insolvent banks was justifiable, and that the state's draft for the full amount should not be paid. The state has threatened a suit on the matter, and if it comes the county will defend it, probably with the counterclaims mentioned a few days ago. The county attorney's opinion is as follows, addressed to the auditor and treasurer:

"You have asked my opinion as to the right of the state auditor to draw in favor of the state treasurer a draft on the county treasurer for the sum of $17,300.24, the amount of state funds lost in defunct banks of this county and recently charged back to the state under resolution of the board of county commissioners.

"It is not apparent from the letter of the state auditor notifying you of such draft whether he and the attorney general regard this claim as one against the county or as against the treasurer in his official capacity. If it is a liability of the county the draft should be paid from the county general fund and the county will have to suffer the loss of the amount unless it is subsequently collected from the insolvent banks, or their sureties. I know of no statute authorizing a county to incur a liability of this kind to the state. The county is but a mere political organization of a certain portion of the territory of the state for the more convenient administration of the laws and for the convenience of the inhabitants. Williams vs. Lash, 8 Minn. 441. Washer vs. Bullitt county, 110, U. S. 564.

"It has such powers as are specifically granted by statute or as are necessary to carry into effect the powers expressly granted, and it has no others. Ib. Rasmusson vs. board of county commissioners, 41 Minn. 283. Breen vs. Kelly, 45 Minn. 283.

"Our statutes do not contemplate that funds collected by the county treasurer as taxes shall belong to the county prior to apportionment by the county auditor and thereafter the county has title only to the funds apportioned to it.

"It is provided by section 12, article 9, of the state constitution, that suitable laws shall be passed by the legislature for the safe keeping, transfer and disbursement of the state and school funds and all officers and other persons charged with the same or any part of the same or the safe keeping thereof, shall be required to give ample security.

"In First National bank of Stillwater vs. Shepard, 22 Minn. 196, it was held that this provision was applicable to state funds in the county treasuries and a law requiring their deposit in banks was constitutional.

"The terms 'officers' and 'persons,' as found in the constitutional provision above mentioned, can not be held to 'intend the county.

"In the case last above cited it is said, 'The moneys in the county treasuries are mainly made so by taxes levied by, and collected for, and which belong to various municipalities—the state, county, cities, towns, school districts, etc.

"In section 742, general statutes 1894, we find the following:: 'The state auditor is hereby authorized to draw upon any county treasurer in favor of the treasurer of state, for any moneys in the county treasury belonging to the state.'

"While no provision has been made for security from the county to the state the county treasurer gives bond directly to the state in accordance with a statutory provision.

"I therefore conclude that state funds in the county treasuries belong to the state, are not in the possession of the county, but are in the hands of an officer 'charged with the same * * * or the safe keeping thereof,' towit, the county treasurer, and the county cannot be held liable therefor. The matter is then between the state and the county treasurer as such. We have seen that that officer is bound to pay over on draft by the state auditor moneys in the county treasury 'belonging to the state.' Section 727 requires the county treasurer to pay upon draft by the state auditor 'all moneys due the state' and in the county treasury. After the banks designated as depositories of public funds had suspended the funds which had been deposited with them could not be said to be in the county treasury. Manifestly, these funds were lost by the failure of the banks and the county treasurer was exempted from liability therefor under section 739, which reads:

"Whenever any portion of the funds of any county shall be deposited by any county treasurer in the manner as provided in this act, such treasurer and the sureties on his bond shall be exempt from all liability thereon by reason of the loss of any such bank or banker, to the extent and amount of such funds in the hands of such bank or banker at the time of such failure or bankruptcy.'

"The words, 'funds of any county,' are equivalent to 'public funds' referred to in section 734 and are used in the statute to include all funds coming into the county treasury and which are required to be deposited 'as soon as received' by the county treasurer, 'in the name of the proper county.' Section 729. See also section 733.

"After the suspension of the several banks which had been designated depositaries of 'public funds' there were not in the county treasury any moneys 'belonging to the state,' nor were there in the county treasury any moneys 'due the state.' It was therefore the duty of the county treasurer to refuse payment of the draft or drafts drawn by the state auditor for these lost funds. Payment out of the county general fund was not authorized, for the county was not responsible for state funds.

"But these payments, improvidently made to the state, may be treated as advances and are properly charged to the state in the account of the county treasurer, as directed by the resolution of the county board. The state's account has been overdrawn, but is now balanced.

"Assuming that the amount of the state auditor's draft, $17,300.24, is the amount of such advance or overdraft, less payments made by the sureties of the insolvent banks and applicable to the state's account, I am of the opinion that it is the duty of the county auditor to decline to order, and the county treasurer should, refuse payment of the said draft.

"Duluth, Minn., Sept. 9, 1899.

"WILLIAM B. PHELPS,
"County Attorney."

Special family rates at The Spalding for the winter in effect Oct. 1st.

### DULUTH TAKES THE HONORS.

**Defeats Superior In the Tennis Tournament Saturday.**

The Endion Tennis club easily defeated Superior in the tournament on Saturday afternoon, winning four out of six events. In the doubles Graff and Davis, of the Endions, defeated Ferguson and Roberts, 6-2, 6-2; Ingalls and Davis (Endion) defeated Kennedy and Kelley, 6-2, 6-2; St. Clair and Geggie (Endion) defeated Gates and Crowe, 11-9, 7-5.

In the singles St. Clair defeated Roberts, 6-0, 7-5, and Crowe, of Superior, won from Graff, 5-7, 6-4, 6-1; Gillett, of Superior, won from Grady, of the Endions, 8-6 and 12-11.

Duluth won 92 games to 67 for Superior.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Died—Mrs. Mary Olson, 1014 London road, died Sunday morning, aged 62. She has resided in Duluth for twenty-four years. She leaves four daughters to mourn her loss—Mrs. C. F. Caughill, Mrs. J. Gelineau, Jr., Mrs. Halvor Lykstad and one unmarried daughter. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock Tuesday.

### Card of Thanks.

The undersigned relatives of Willie Levsseur, who died last Monday, desire to extend their heartfelt thanks to all the friends and neighbors who so kindly extended their sympathy and assisted them in their bereavement.

MRS. AND MRS. F. LEVSSEUR.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

## Demonstration of Redfern Corsets Commencing Tomorrow.

**You Are Cordially Invited** to attend the demonstration of the "Redfern Corset," which commences tomorrow and continues for one week. This Corset is endorsed and recommended by the celebrated house of "Redfern" Ladies' Tailors and Habit Makers of London, Paris and New York—also possessing qualities that appeal to the very best people in the land. Boned throughout with genuine whalebone—made only from the highest grades of materials—short, medium and long waists—thus fitting all figures. In addition to the regular styles, we will, with pleasure, make any of the styles shown in batiste, silk broche, and from silk brocade in the latest and most fashionable tints and colors.



**An Expert Lady Fitter**

Sent direct from the house of the REDFERN CORSET CO. will be here to fully demonstrate, fit and explain the many good points of this celebrated Corset.

**The lowest priced Redfern Corset is $3.00, and from that to $15.00.**

Redfern

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

KNOX FALL STYLE HATS.

Quality and Style the Best.

The only all hand-made, high-class Stiff Hats on the market today; all hand-finished, retaining beauty; all hand-made, retaining color; all hand-made, the reason they hold shape and wear better and look well longer than other hats. Knox World-Renowned Hats have held first place in the minds of dressy men for over sixty years.

M. S. BURROWS

Duluth's Leading Hatter.

### TO GET THEIR MONEY.

**Duluth Battalion Signing the Pay Roll For Extra Pay.**

The men of the Fourteenth regiment, Minnesota volunteers, who were deprived of part of their furlough last October by reason of their service in the Indian campaign, are now engaged in the pleasant occupation of signing, at Sergt. Maj. Watson's office, the pay roll for extra pay. Their claims were filed by the sergeant major several months ago and, although they have not yet been conclusively acted upon, the action of the department in requiring the signing of the pay roll, and the temporary filing of the discharges, indicates that they will be allowed. It is believed that only those men whose claims have been filed in advance will receive pay. Since the Duluth battalion formed the greater part of the expedition to the Indian country, most of the money for that service will be spent in the Zenith City.

Will Go On Your Bond!

CONTRACTORS' BONDS
ASSIGNEES' BONDS
LODGE BONDS
COURT BONDS

American Bonding & Trust Co.,
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk

### PUNISHMENT ENOUGH.

**J. E. Clarke Stole Keg of Bowery Whisky and Police Let Him Go.**

The police had an interesting case this morning in the arrest of J. E. Clarke on suspicion that he stole a keg of Bowery whisky. No complaint was made against the man, however, and after learning that Clarke had transferred part of the contents of the keg to his interior, the police deemed the punishment sufficient and allowed him to go, on the promise that he would hereafter consider himself an exile from Duluth.

Chris Foress, who was arrested on Saturday for stealing a satchel, was convicted and given an option on twenty days in jail or fines amounting to $26. His friends will pay the fine this afternoon. The case of petty larceny against Frank Musolf was dismissed, and Edward Connors, a vag, who was also charged with the serious criminal offense of stealing a second-hand hat from a second-hand dealer, got relief from the worry and cares of the world for ten days. The sentence was on the grounds of vagrancy.

### ANXIOUS TO GET OFF.

**Jurors Objecting to Serving and Try to Be Excused.**

Today was the beginning of the trial of jury cases in district court, and those citizens who had been called to serve as judges of fact in various and sundry actions that may come before them gathered at the time specified in the subpoena at the court-house. A majority of these citizens kept an anxious eye on Judge Cant, and at the earliest opportunity made a dive for his desk to put in a plea to get off. Like the people the man asked to his feast, they with one accord began to make excuse. Their principal trouble was that business was so lively that they could not stay away from it and work for the county for $2 per day with great personal sacrifice. The court did not follow the example of the man that issued invitations to a feast, however, and let his invited guests go and then go out into the highways and byways and rake up the halt and the blind. The court told the protesting citizens very courteously to take their seats, and gave them to understand that that excluse was not a sufficient one to get a man out of jury duty. Some of the applicants had better excuses. One brought a doctor's certificate that he was sick, another pleaded sickness as an excuse, and another was deaf. In all ten were excused, some of them beceause they had not their second papers and were therefore not eligible to jury duty.

There was at least as much difficulty when it came to getting a case started in one of the rooms. None who had cases on the day's call seemed to be ready, and several of the cases were stricken or continued. The case of Ole Nickelson against the Northern Pacific road was called, and Judge Cant was about to send it before Judge Moer when John Jenswold, who is the plaintiff's attorney, said he did not want the case to go there. Judge Cant asked him if he had an affidavit of prejudice ready and he said he had not. Thereupon Judge Cant told him he would have to make one or the case would go before Judge Moer, as Judge Ensign was not in court at that time. Mr. Jenswold then made an affidavit to the effect that he did not want to try the case before Judge Moer because it was a personal injury case, and Judge Moer did not like personal injury cases. The affidavit was accepted, and the case went before Judge Ensign, who had arrived in the meantime.

The case is to recover $1999 damages because of an accident last fall to the plaintiff's son, a boy who was then 5 years of age. He was playing near the tracks on Garfield avenue when he was run over, and one leg was cut off below the knee and the other injured so badly that it had to be amputated. The suit is to recover the expenses so far and the additional cost of keeping a child so afflicted up to his majority. The plaintiff claims that the road is at fault because it maintained a sand bank on its grade, one that was very attractive to children, without fencing it in to keep them out. Washburn & Bailey appear for the road.

In Judge Moer's room a verdict for $76.80 was returned in favor of Peter Rockford against a couple of insurance companies under direction of the court, the companies making no appearance. The amount sued for was a balance on a policy of $1000, the companies having paid all but that much on a total loss.

The case of the Western Land association against J. E. Thompson was stricken from the calendar. The case of B. Torvund against C. J. Frederickson was continued. The following cases were dismissed: S. J. Menzie against J. H. Gray et al., and the cases of the Pillsbury-Washburn and Consolidated Milling companies against P. G. Kraemer et al.

### 'LONGSHOREMEN'S COUNCIL.

**One Is Organized Covering Lake Superior Cities.**

A 'longshoremen's council covering the cities of Duluth, Superior, Ashland, Bayfield and Washburn was formed in Duluth at a meeting held yesterday afternoon at Brown's hall in this city. It will be a central body for all the 'longshoremen at this end of Lake Superior and may in time extend from Marquette, Mich., to Port Arthur. There were twenty-two delegates present at the meeting. M. Carroll was elected temporary chairman, James Dunne declining to serve, and S. Madden, of Superior, was chosen secretary. Permanent officers will be elected at a later meeting. After some discusion it was decided to admit the tug firemen and engineers to membership in the council. The council is designed to bind more firmly together all men engaged in work on the water front.

### To Meet Tonight.

The committee on arrangements for the proposed meeting in the interest of anti-Sunday labor will have its first meeting this evening at 8 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. hall. Deep interest is being shown in this movement. The members of the committee represent the churches, young people's temperance societies and labor unions.

P. Beneteau Cognac Brandy.
Quality, age, purity, ten years in wood. For sale at first-class saloons and drug stores.

Craggencroft.
Craggencroft reopens Wednesday, Sept. 13.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

St. Paul's Kindergarten
will reopen Monday, Sept. 11, 1508 East Superior street. Miss Alice E. Butchart.

MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.

It's a long time—

Since we have talked about Bottled Beer to The Herald readers—Not because we wanted to slight them, not in the least; but during the summer months we've been so busy delivering that delectable beverage to the many private families in the city that we kept our advertising man busy helping to fill orders. Now we are in better shape, so we are going to talk. Watch our space!

ROHL BROS., City Agts.
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.,
3 West Superior Street. 'Phone 484.

"LIKE PULLING TEETH."



You neglect your Teeth mainly for TWO REASONS:

You are "afraid" of being hurt.
And you are "afraid" of the expense.

Do not stay away from this office because of these reasons. We can and do surprise you in both. Come before "Mr. Tooth Ache" or "Mr. Swell Face" compels you to go. We use the latest improved methods and appliances which make the extraction of teeth and all operations in filling and crown and brigde-work absolutely painless.

The dentist who tortures you in this age by the old-fashioned antiquated methods is two years behind the times and unworthy of patronage. No matter how bad your teeth may be or how great a number, we extract them absolutely without pain.

We make no charge for extracting teeth when our best rubber or metal plate is ordered.

DR. SOHIFFMAN, Dentist,
Burrows Bldg., Cor. Third Ave. W. and Superior St.
Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY


# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.



**Bicycles HALF PRICE!**

Six Wheels Only Are Left,

As follows—

One High-grade 1899 Wheel—Slightly used and reduced to $20.00..... Now $15.00

One High-grade 1899 Wheel—Sample wheel, slightly soiled tires, but never used; priced at $35..... Now $17.50

One New 1899 Wheel—Just out of the crate, with best G. & J. Clincher Tires; price $30..... Now $15.00

Two New 1899 Wheels—The best $25 machines ever sold..... Now $12.50

One High-grade 30-inch Wheel—regular $60 machine, slightly used and reduced to $5..... Now $17.50

This is the Bicycle opportunity of a lifetime.
Act quick if you want one.

**FRENCH & BASSETT.**

**DULUTH TELEPHONE CO.**
AND CONNECTING LINES.

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**Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.**
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block.


## IN WINTER QUARTERS.

### Peary Houses For Winter---Starts In February For Pole.

Sydney, C. B., Sept. 12.—The Peary Arctic club's chartered steamer Diana arrived here today from Etah, North Greenland, Aug. 28, with all well on board. Lieut. Peary and his two companions, with native allies, were left in excellent health and spirits, comfortably housed for the winter, with provisions for two years and an ample supply of dog food, 111 walrus having been killed since Aug. 2 for that purpose. Peary will remain at Etah until February, when, with a sporting party of natives, he will go to Fort Conger and thence begin his journey to the Pole, either by the Greenland coast or from Cape Hella, as conditions may determine. Secretary Herbert L. Bridgman, of the Peary club, in command of the Diana expedition, leaves for New York tomorrow morning, taking Peary's full reports of his last year's work and maps of his discoveries. In his nomenclature Peary has bestowed names of Peary Arctic club members. The farthest north land beyond Greely Fjord is named Jesupland, in honor of President Morris K. Jesup of the club. Anezia, fifty miles in extent, with an opening south of the fjord, was named Cannon bay, and has a mountain 700 feet high near its head, Mount Bridgman, for the treasurer and secretary of the club respectively, while on the east side of the divide of Grinnell land are Benedict sands and Parrites glacier, Hazmsworth hill and Flagler bays.

Mr. Bridgman also brings scientific records and private papers of members of that party, and a sextet left at Repulse harbor in 1876 by Lieut Beaumont, of the English expedition, brought by Lieut. Lockwood in 1883 to Fort Conger, and all recovered by Peary at the latter place in May last. Records of English cairns on Norman Lockyer and Washington Irving Islands are also sent by Peary to the club. The Diana covered fifty-two days and over 5000 miles steaming, of which twenty-eight days and 1700 miles were north of Capt York, without detention of any kind by ice. She carried the stars and stripes to 79.0 Degree farther north than any American ship since Hall's Polaris in 1871. She will return immediately to St. John's, N. F., her home port, and go out of commission. The Fram was last seen Aug. 18 ten miles off Etah, fast in the ice and heading north.

### AMMUNITION FOR BOERS.

Lourenzo, Marque Delagoa Bay, Sept. 12.—A consignment of fifty-four cases of ammunition, presumably bound for the Transvaal, has been landed here.

### HAS NOT BOUGHT PATCHEN.

New York, Sept. 12.—Former Senator John D. McCarty of Brooklyn says that there was no basis for the report that he had purchased the famous racing stallion Joe Patchen from Henry Haws, of Johnstown, Pa.

## FROM THE CAPITAL

### Trade Prospects In Philippines as Seen By a British Consul.

### WELCOME TO DEWEY

### Splendid Sword, Gift of Congress, Is Ready For the Admiral.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The trade of the Philippines in 1898 is discussed by a report of the British consul at Manilla, just received by the treasury bureau of statistics. He opens his report by saying: "Notwithstanding that for the moment all commercial enterprise is paralyzed, there is abundant evidence that when peace and a settled form of government are well established, the future prosperity of the Filipinos will far exceed the past. The climate of Manilla, as far as I have yet experienced it, is similar to all tropical climates, and the health of Europeans depends principally upon themselves. The town of Manilla, which is of great extent, has the disadvantage of being only eight or ten feet above the sea-level, and as the natives have hitherto been taught to regard all sanitary projects as useless, there is heavy work in the task of draining, etc., and heavier still in persuading the Filipino that such measures are necessary."

Discussing the commerce of the Philippines, the report shows something of a falling off in the year 1898, due to the disturbed conditions, but shows the exports of sugar in 1898 to be 177,695 tons, against 202,092 in 1897, of which four-fifths were from the island of Iloilo though in 1897 only about two-thirds of the sugar exports were from Iloilo. The exportation of hemp in 1898 falls but little below that of 1897, two-thirds of the amount being from the island of Iloilo and the remainder from Cebu. The figures showing the exportation of sugar from Iloilo for a long term of years are interesting and suggestive. They show that the exportation of sugar from Iloilo in 1859 were 36,822 piculs (picul—133 1-3 pounds); in 1869, 117,508; in 1878, 752,004; in 1889, 1,792,119; in 1896 1,994,578; in 1897, 2,088,672, and in 1898, 2,470,432 piculs.

Regarding trade prospects in the Philippines, the British vice consul at Iloilo, Mr. Fyfe, says: "The preferential tariff hitherto enjoyed by Spanish goods, and which was rapidly diverting this trade to Barcelona, being now abolished, competition from that quarter should scarcely be possible any longer. Notwithstanding the disturbed state of the country business has been well up to the average, several of the neighboring islands and provinces which have hitherto drawn their supplies from Manilla having had to buy in this market during the blockade of the former port. Owing to the uncertainty of the future, fresh arrivals of goods have been on a much reduced scale, so that stocks today in the importer's hands are exceptionally light. The import of petroleum this year has been very small, only 30,000 cases; 74,000 cases being the petroleum this year has been very small only 30,000 cases; 74,000 cases being the import in 1897. This is accounted for by the falling off in consumption among the principal classes on account of the high price, and also on account of large stocks held over from the previous year. On account of the unsettled state of affairs in the whole group of the Philippine islands, the sale of new milling plant has been almost nothing."

That the Philippines are likely to become of much greater value with a diversification and development of industries along the lines suggested by the requirements of the markets of the temperate zones is indicated by Vice Consul Fyfe, who says: "The final decision of the present crisis is now anxiously awaited, and time will show if these rich islands do not in the future produce many other products which have never been developed or cultivated." This suggestion is especially interesting taken in connection with a single item in the table of the principal exports of the Philippines, given below. This item is indigo, and while it shows a comparatively small exportation of this article, 66,584 pounds in 1897, it suggests the possibilities as to an increase in the production of an article whose export value from India has for years ranged from $6,000,000 upwards.

The following tables from the report of the British consul show the principal exports of 1897 and 1898, and their destination:

Exports of principal articles from Manilla, Cebu and Iloilo, in the years 1897 and 1898:

| | 1897. | 1898. |
|---|---|---|
| Sugar (piculs) | 3,223,483 | 2,843,116 |
| Hemp (piculs) | 1,891,576 | 1,585,212 |
| Copra (piculs) | 898,416 | ..... |
| Leaf tobacco (quarters) | 399,585 | 145,455 |
| Cigars (thousands) | 169,465 | 129,840 |
| Sapan-wood (piculs) | 65,485 | 19,666 |
| Hide cuttings (piculs) | 4,332 | 5,742 |
| Cordage (piculs) | 4,029 | 1,761 |
| Gum Almaciga (piculs) | 5,271 | 1,557 |
| Indigo (quarters) | 2,378 | 526 |

Piculs—133 1-3 pounds.

Exports of hemp and sugar from the Philippines, by principal countries, during the year 1898:

| Countries to which exported— | Hemp. 1898 Bales. | Sugar 1898 Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| Atlantic ports—United States and Canada | 338,121 | 27,997 |
| California and Oregon | 18,525 | ..... |
| Great Britain | 392,127 | 46,783 |
| Spain | ..... | 181 |
| China and Japan | ..... | 102,738 |
| Other countries | 44,030 | ..... |
| Total | 792,696 | 177,695 |

* * *

The central feature of the welcome which is to be given to Admiral Dewey in this city on Oct. 2 and 3 next will be the presentation of the magnificent sword voted to him by congress as a gift from the American nation. This ceremony will take place at the east front of the capitol on the afternoon of the second day of the celebration, and will probably be witnessed by a crowd greater in numbers than ever assembled at that point before, even at the most largely attended presidential inauguration.

A stand will be erected extending out from the east steps of the building. It will purposely be small, accommodating only about 200 people. Those who will have places there will be limited to Admiral Dewey and the officers with him and a few distinguished guests. On the immense plaza extending from this the multitude will gather to see the sword presented to the hero of Manilla. A view of the stand can be obtained from every point of the vast space at the east of the capitol. It will unquestionably be one of the most memorable sights that the national capital has ever witnessed.

John D. Long, secretary of the navy, has been invited to present the sword to Admiral Dewey, and has expressed his willingness to carry out this pleasant task. President McKinley will sit beside the hero of Manilla on the stand, while the cabinet officials and other distinguished persons will occupy places about him. Just at the present time a great deal of interest is shown in the sword which Admiral Dewey is to have.

The sword cost $10,000, appropriated by congress last summer in token of the appreciation of the entire nation for the splendid victory which had been achieved at Manilla bay May 1. It was designed by Paulding Farnham, and was made by Tiffany & Co., of New York city. It was completed about the first of last January, and was sent on to the secretary of the navy about the middle of that month, in whose custody it has been ever since. At first there was considerable discussion as to how and when it should be presented, but the formation of plans for a national reception in this city this fall made that clear, and it was seen that this occasion was undoubtedly the one at which to make the gift of the sword.

Although the sword was exhibited by Tiffany & Co. in New York city just after it had been finished, and was seen by a number of persons in this city immediately after its arrival at the navy department, it was subsequently placed in one of the vaults at that building, and has not been open to inspection by the public since. The reason for this, in the opinion of Secretary Long, was that Admiral Dewey should have the pleasure of showing it personally to his friends before it was otherwise exhibited, and it will not be seen by anyone again until it is given to the admiral at the east front of the capitol on the afternoon of Oct. 3.

The sword is undoubtedly one of the most beautiful gifts that has ever been given to one of its heroes by a grateful nation. With the exception of the steel blade and the body of the scabbard, the weapon is made entirely of 22-carat gold. On the pommel is carved the word "Olympia," the flagship of Admiral Dewey, and just beneath is the sign of the Zodiac for December, the lucky month in which he was born. Around these is a wreath of oak leaves. Just below the pommel is embraced by a gold collar. On the front of this is the coat of arms of the United States, while still lower is the coat of arms of his native state, Vermont. It bears the state motto, "Freedom and Unity." The grip of the sword is covered with shark skin, and wound with fine gold wire, while the surface is dotted with dazzling gold stars. The guard is carved in the shape of an eagle with outspread wings. On the front of the scabbard are the initials, "G. D.," and under them "U. S. N." The blade of the sword bears the inscription: "The Gift of the Nation to Rear Admiral George Dewey, U. S. N., in Memory of the Victory at Manilla Bay, May 1, 1898."

One of the things which gives national prominence to the reception here will be the presence of the governors of a large number of the states in the Union. Invitations have been sent to all these officers to be in Washington at that time, together with their staffs, and if possible a detachment of the state troops. Hardly half of them have been heard from so far, but up to the present time Governor Wolcott of Massachusetts, Governor Rollins of New Hampshire, Governor Dyer of Rhode Island, Governor Tyler of Virginia and Governor Atkinson of West Virginia have given definite assurance that they will be here. Governor Pingree of Michigan, Governor Bushnell of Ohio, Governor Ellerbe of South Carolina, Governor McMillin of Tennessee and Governor Sayers of Texas have written that they will come if they can possibly arrange it.

Committees are also being organized to take part from the senate and house of representatives. The house committee has not been formed so far, but Senator Proctor of Vermont will be at the head of the senate committee, while Senator Morgan of Alabama will be its vice chairman, the committee consisting of about thirty members. Those who have accepted positions on it thus far are Senator Butler of North Carolina, Senator Davis of Minnesota, Senator Elkins of West Virginia, Senator Foraker of Ohio, Senator McEnery of Louisiana, Senator McMillan of Michigan and Senator Mallory of Florida.

A committee of about fifty persons will shortly be organized whose duty it will be to go over to New York city [illegible] and act as an escort to Admiral Dewey on his triumphal journey for this city the next day. A special train has been put at the service of this committee by the Pennsylvania railroad. It will start from New York Monday morning, make a few stops on the way and reach here just about dusk. That evening the city will be illuminated and there will be a magnificent night parade. The committee which will act as an escort to Admiral Dewey on his way to Washington has only been partially made up. The list of the government officials who have been invited includes the president, the vice president and the members of the cabinet.

* * *

The secretary of the interior has affirmed the decision in the case of Albert Koing vs. Andrew J. Kjera, involving the right to make homestead entry for certain lands in the St. Cloud land district.

* * *

Albert J. Koing, of Duluth, has been appointed a clerk in the railway mail service.

* * *

The following patents were issued today: Thomas M. Crepar, Swan River, signal lantern; Mary L. Spenard, Duluth, garment stretcher.

* * *

Pensions granted: Restoration and reissue, Edwin Balcome, dead, Buffalo, $10. Reissue and increase, Alvin F. Keene, Monticello, $14 to $72.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

### GLASS WORKS START.

Anderson, Ind., Sept. 12.—Fires have been started in all the window glass factories and the first glass of the season will be blown on Friday.

### PLAGUE AT OPORTO.

Oporto, Sept. 12.—There has been one more death from the plague. The situation is unchanged. Dr. Irving, an American, pronounces the plague to be a mild form.

### BUYS A PACER.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Sept. 12.—C. H. Burch, of Copake, N. Y., has bought from Frank Boggsh, Miss Irma, a fast young pacer by Atlantic City, for $5000. The mare has no record but has gone a mile in 2:07 and will be entered in the fast classes next year.

## WHEELER IS SORE

### Will Ask to Be Relieved Unless Management Is Changed.

### FILIPINOS TO DESERT

### Several Colonels and Brigadiers Said to Contemplate Coming Over.

New York, Sept. 12.—A dispatch to the World from Hong Kong says: "Advices which were sent here to avoid Otis censorship at Manilla, bearing date of Sept. 7, says: "General Joseph Wheeler declared he will apply for permission to return to the United States soon unless there is some change in the management of affairs in the Philippines. An association of natives styling itself the Filipino Liberation Society has applied for permission to organize in Manilla, with Gen Otis, as the president. The general has declined to allow himself to be mentioned in the matter, but it might be possible to forward the operations of the association.

"According to private letters received within the American lines, several of the rebel colonels and two of Aguinaldo's brigadiers intend to allow themselves to be captured when the United States troops attack the Tarlac because they are tired of retreating. The World correspondent has the names of these discontented Filipino officers, but to publish them would betray them to the vengeance of Aguinaldo.

### CARNEGIE A CITIZEN.

### Says He Is Naturalized---Has No Parliamentary Ambition.

New York, Sept. 12.—A dispatch to the World from London says: An English newspaper having declared that Andrew Carnegie would be a member of parliament for Southerlandshire, thus casting some doubt upon his American citizenship, the World correspondent telegraphed him for an explanation. This is his reply: "My father was naturalized in 1855 or 1856. This made me an American citizen, I being a minor. My naturalization is unnecessary, but as a matter of precaution, I took out naturalization papers in New York city years ago. I cannot give the exact dates. The papers are in my private safe in New York.

ANDREW CARNEGIE."

Mr. Carnegie also denied that he had any intention of entering parliament.

### BRITISH STEAMER ASHORE.

### Grounds at Cape Town---Probably a Total Loss.

Cape Town, Sept. 12.—The British steamer Thermohlaris, Capt. Philip, from Sydney, N. S. W., via other Australian ports for London, has gone ashore at the entrance of this port and is in a bad position. The sea is breaking over her, she is filled with water and will probably be a total wreck. The passengers and crew and a quantity of specie which she had on board were landed with difficulty.

The gravest fears are entertained for the safety of the British steamer Waikato, which sailed from London, May 4, for Lyttelton, and for which the British cruiser Melpomene recently made an unsuccessful search.

The Thermohlaris is of 711 tons, is of steel, and was built in Glasgow in 1877.

### WILL ATTEND TO PENSIONS.

### G. A. R. Commander Will Look After Pension Legislation.

New York, Sept. 12.—Albert D. Shaw, the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, said last night: "A great deal of my time will be given to pension legislation. The old soldier is entitled to lasting consideration. The Union soldiers saved this nation. Their reward should be commensurate with their services. If the burden should prove too heavy, I am in favor of a patriotic pension bond issue, so that only the interest would have to be met from year to year. Let posterity meet the bonds when they mature, why not? The country was saved to posterity; it is only proper that a part of the burden should fall on posterity."

### NO ACTION BY CABINET.

### French Cabinet Has Taken No Action on Verdict.

Paris, Sept. 12.—At today's cabinet council the premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, informed his colleagues that he had received reports from the prefects of the various departments, which showed that the verdict of the Rennes court-martial had been everywhere received quietly.

Up to this hour (4:15 p. m.) it is presumed the council took no action in the Dreyfus or other matters of great importance. It was one of the frequent meetings held by the cabinet and was not hurriedly called, being announced several days ago. No special importance is attached to it.

### RAIN IN INDIA.

Simla, British India, Sept. 12.—There has been a good rainfall over Madras, Bombay and the Decan. The situation elsewhere is unchanged.

### MONUMENT UNVEILED.

Copenhagen, Sept. 12.—A monument commemorating the Schleswig war was unveiled here today. Great crowds were present and great enthusiasm was displayed. Among the royalties present were the czar and szarina, the prince of Wales and a number of other royal dignitaries.

### THE BOYCOTT MOVEMENT.

London, Sept. 12.—The movement to boycott the Paris exposition continues. Several additional firms announced this afternoon their intention to suspend preparation of their exhibits until "the Dreyfus blot is wiped out."


**Veracity In Advertising**

Means honesty in Merchandising. This firm claims no business was ever successful that did not lay their foundations on those lines. **The People have demonstrated** by the patronage they have bestowed upon us that our methods of merchandising, which is not only liberal and honest, but progressive and thoroughly up-to-date, is what they want.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

**New Stylish Silks.**
Cords and Stripes are the two leading designs in new Fall Silks. The largest assortment of these popular Silks only to be found at the Big Store.

**New Cords.**
4-inch Plain Corded Silks, in the new Fall Colors. 24 inch Corded Stripes in Blue and White, and Red and Black. Choice—
$1.25 and $1.15 yard

**New Stripes.**
The variety and assortment is unprecedented and we can assure you, no one will be disappointed in these selections either for Waist, Dress or Trimmings at—
$1.00, 85c, 75c and 69c yard

**New Black Crepons.**
Without a doubt the largest and best selected stock of Mohair Crepons in the Northwest at lowest prices, at—
$2.25, $1.98, $1.50, $1.00 and 75c yard

**New Golf Plaids.**
New Tailor Suitings or reversible Skirts or Capes and Tailor Suitings for entire Dresses. Best assortment at—
$3.98, $2.98, $1.75, $1.50 and $1.00

**New Wash Goods.**
In all the magnificence of their newness. Every line of Wash Fabrics made represented in our grand stock, including New Venetian and Vigoreaux Plaids, New Fleeced Wrapper Cloths, New Percales, Comfort Sateens, Comfort Cretones, Comfort Calicoes, New Prints, New Ginghams, New Shirtings, at—
19c, 15c, 12½c, 10c, 8c, 6c

**Boys' Clothing Dept.**
Boys' Heavy School Suits, made of Dark Tweed, worth up to $4. Sale price—
$1.98

Boys' School Suits, double breasted, sizes 4 to 12 years old. All new fall styles. Price—
$2.98, $3.50 to $7.50

Vestee Suits, sizes 3 to 9 years. We display 300 Suits which will meet any fancy, shown in 25 different patterns, handsomely trimmed and perfectly made. Price—
$3.39, $3.98, $4.50, $6.50, $7.50 to $10.50

Boys' Knee Pants, double seat and knee stitched with cable seams. The knee that will not rip. Price—
49c, 75c and 98c

Boys' Rough Riders' Suits, never sold before less than 75c. Closing out price—
49c

Boys' Heavy Reefer Coats, double breasted, storm collar, fancy trimmed. Price—
$2.98

**Linen Department.**
50 pieces of 18-inch Damask Toweling, heavy and soft, cheap at 8c. Special—
5c yard

2 bales of 36-inch Sheeting, unbleached, heavy and fine, worth 6½c. Special—
5c yard

50 dozen Turkish Towels, 18 by 36-inch, cheap at 12½c. Special—
10c each

10 pieces of all linen Damask, 66-inch wide, full bleached, soft and fine, cheap at 75c. Special—
50c yard

50 Bed Spreads, large size, ready hemmed, worth 90c. Special—
75c each

**Flannel Department.**
2 cases of Outing Flannels, light and dark colors, worth 7c. Special—
5c yard

50 pairs Cotton Blankets, pure white, large size, cheap at 75c. Special—
55c pair

50 pairs Blankets, extra large, gray, heavy and soft, cheap at $1.25. Special—
98c pair

50 Comforts, large size, soft and well made, good value at $1.25. Special—
$1.00 each

25 all wool Underskirts, all colors, 98c quality. Special—
75c each

**Embroideries.**
A word regarding Embroideries. These goods have advanced from 25 per cent to 50 per cent since our purchases were made, so we are still in a position to sell goods at old prices. So buy now and save money.

Hamburg Embroideries in beautiful designs for, per yard—
5c, 7c and 8c

Nainsook Embroideries, neat Embroideries, at, per yard—
5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c and 15c

Swiss Embroideries, a new delivery, goods that should sell for one-half more, for, per yard—
5c, 8c, 10c, 12½c and 15c

Hamburg Embroideries, newly imported, all worth one-half more, only, per yard—
10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c and 25c

Insertions to match these for, per yard—
5c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c and 20c

1000 dozen Men's Cambric Handkerchiefs, hemstitched, full size,
5c each

Men's Colored Border Hemstitched handkerchiefs, for
5c each

Men's Cambric Handkerchiefs, with handsome silk initial for,
15c each, 2 for 25c

Ladies' Scallop Embroidered Handkerchiefs for,
15c each, $1.65 per doz.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# ZOLA'S WARNING

## France Must Declare For Justice Ere the Nemesis Overtakes Her.

## IT IS A MORAL SEDAN

## Thus Characterizes Dreyfus Verdict---Crushed to Save Chiefs.

Paris, Sept. 12.—The Aurore publishes this morning a long letter from Emile Zola, the novelist, which is a pendant to his famous "Je Accuse" letter in the early stages of the revision movement. It concludes as follows:

"The ministry, which its agents have betrayed; the ministry, which had the weakness to leave big children with muddled brains to play with matches and knives—the ministry, which has forgott n that to govern is to foresee, has only to act if it does not wish to abandon to the good pleasure of Germany the fifth act of the drama, the denouement, before which every Frenchman should tremble.

"It is for the government to play this fifth act as soon as possible in order to prevent its coming to us from abroad. The government can procure the documents. Diplomacy has settled greater difficulties than this. Whenever it ventures to ask for the documents enumerated in the bordereau, they will be given and that will be the new fact which will necessitate a second revision before the court of cassation, which would be the time, I hope, fully informed and would quash the verdict sans renovoi, in the plenitude of its sovereign majesty.

"Before the Seine assize court, I swore to the innocence of Dreyfus. I swear to it before the entire world, which now proclaims it with me, and I repeat truth is on the march. Nothing will stop it. At Rennes, it has just made a giant's stride.

"I no longer have any fear, except that I may see it arrive in a thunderclap of the avenging Nemesis, devastating the cancerous, unless we hasten ourselves to make it shine forth under our clear sun of science.

M. Zola entitles his article "The Fifth Act." After describing his horror on hearing the verdict, which he regards as a moral Sedan, he accuses the army chiefs of having crushed Dreyfus in order to save themselves from prison, and makes an appeal to the government which, he says, will return to France the honor she has lost by the Rennes verdict, a verdict that he describes as a "Most extraordinary attempt against truth and justice."

He asserts that he knew positively in January of last year that Esterhazy was the real traitor, the latter having furnished Col. Schwartzkoppen with numerous documents—many in his own handwriting—a complete collection of which is now in Berlin.

"Since then," he says, "I have lived in terror lest Germany should strike us with the proofs in her possession, thus dishonoring our army in the face of Europe, in order to vanquish it easily afterwards.

"This intolerable thought gave me no rest and I determined with M. Labori to call the military attaches as witnesses in order to make the government understand that we knew the truth."

M. Zola then proceeds to express his indignation that his efforts have been useless and insists that the government bestir itself to procure these documents.

## TROUBLE ON THE LINE.

### Arizona Cowboys and Mexicans Clash at the Boundary.

Denver, Col., Sept. 12.—A special to the News from Bisbee, Ariz., says:

Late Saturday afternoon there occurred at Naco, a small town on the international line, nine miles from here, a shooting affray which has already caused the death of one American cowboy and a Mexican guard and the wounding of several others, and ultimately in delivering over to the Mexican authorities of four American citizens, who will be tried for murder.

Several weeks ago, James Herron was arrested by Mexican line riders charged with smuggling horses, and being taken by guards to Nogales for a hearing. While at Naco, Bob Clayton, a friend of Herron's, asked permission to accompany him to Nogales. The Mexican officers consented, but at the same time notified Clayton that he would have to disarm himself, giving him thirty minutes to do so. When the time was up, the guards started toward Clayton, who pulled his gun and commenced firing, at the same time backing towards this side of the line. The guards, seven in number, returned the fire, while two other cowboys, one of whom was named Franco, came to Clayton's rescue, who escaped to this side, but receiving a bullet through his body, from the effects of which he died here Sunday night. Capt. Molina of the Mexican guards was shot twice, but not seriously. Franco was arrested by the guards and placed in jail, while the other cowboys escaped. An hour and a half later two guards, who started with Herron to Nogales, were overtaken by a party of American cowboys, friends of Herron, who were bent upon rescuing him. A lively fight took place, resulting in the death of a guard named Padrogan and the wounding of Manuel Rivera so severely that death is expected hourly. The third guard escaped to the custom house and, securing help, returned and drove the cowboys across to this side of the line. Herron refused to come back with his rescuers, but continued on to Nogales, where he gave himself up. He rather chose to face the charge of smuggling than risk being taken by officers here, who would hold a warrant for him, he having escaped from the penitentiary in Oklahoma after being sentenced for twenty-five years for murder. Late Saturday night a cowboy named Lee Ramsey, who conducts a saloon on the Mexican side, was arrested by the authorities charged with being implicated in the affair, and is now in jail at Naco with Franco. The cowboys since the fight have been gathering horses, and their friends are heavily arming themselves preparatory, it is said, to an attempt to rescue Ramsey and Franco. There are now in this city, and at points near here and Naco, over fifty of them armed with Winchesters and six-shooters. The Mexican guards at Naco have been reinforced by the addition of a body of twenty-five Cordados, under Lieut. Col. Kosterlitzky, and they now have an armed force of nearly 100 men guarding the line and jail in which the Americans are confined. Should the attempt to rescue be made, a most serious battle will result, as both parties are worked up to fever heat over the killings. The four cowboys who attacked the guards in Sonora are well known in this city, and are here tonight, not having been placed under arrest. Their movements are being watched, and they will not be allowed to leave the country.

Mexican Consul Gavito is arranging to have the authorities here arrest and hold them until the proper papers can be arranged for.

## ROOT FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says:




The bud is more easily blighted than the full-blown rose. A young girl is more susceptible to weakness and disease that will wreck her in a womanly way than she is after she has attained to healthy womanhood. Thousands of women have their lives wrecked by troubles of this delicate description because of their own ignorance and the prudery of their mothers.

Whenever the wandering demon of ill-health finds a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance, he steps on board, takes the helm, and steers straight for the maelstrom of death. The young woman who has not been taught the necessity of taking care of her health in a womanly way is a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance. Diseases that will wreck her future happiness will soon assume command. Young women who suffer from weakness and disease peculiar to their sex live under a terrible nervous tension, and if they escape death are always threatened with insanity. The whole nervous system is affected by the constant drag and drain upon the delicate and feminine organs. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the one perfect and unfailing specific for every derangement and disorder of this description. It fits a woman for wifehood and motherhood It is the best of all known nerve tonics. It is the discovery of one of the most eminent and skillful specialists in disease of women.

"I was troubled three years with female weakness," writes Miss Ellen Otey, of Bedford City, Bedford Co., Va. "I had two physicians, but neither did me any good. I was troubled with pains in my left side all the time. When it was time for my monthly periods I thought I would die with pains in my back and stomach. I also had chills. I could not get up without fainting. Finally I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and two of his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I do not have any pains at all and am in better health now than I ever was in my life."

How to preserve health and beauty are told in Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. It is free. For a paper-covered copy send 21 one-cent stamps, *to cover mailing only;* cloth binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.


There are whisperings in political circles that Elihu Root, secretary of war, is likely to be the administration candidate for the Republican nomination for vice president. President McKinley has favored the renomination of his running mate, but Mr. Hobart's health will probably prevent him from again accepting office.

## RUMORS AT CASS LAKE.

### Deals Reported For the Approaching Sale of Lands.

Cass Lake, Minn., Sept. 12.—As the day set for the sale of the north half of section 15 (Nov. 1) approaches, there are rumors of deals being made for the purchase of portions of the land that will be offered for sale. The latest is that T. B. Walker, the Minneapolis lumberman, who has several fine sawmills throughout the Northwest, has an eye on a choice quarter and will put in a mill. The land on section 15, which forms the west shore of Cass Lake, is well adapted for the location of sawmills and there are several fine mill sites. Mr. Walker owns a considerable amount of pine hereabouts, and it is very probable that he will put in the mill.

George Lydick and wife and Miss Nellie Lydick have returned from their trip to Washington. Mr. Lydick expresses confidence that the application of Mrs. Lydick for allotment on portions of sections 15 and 16 will be allowed, and that a decision to that effect will be rendered within thirty days.

## CLEAN OUT CONSULATE.

### Changes Being Made In the Consulate at Bremen.

New York, Sept. 12.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: The state department has accepted the resignation of Theodore M. Stephan, vice and deputy consul at Bremen. This action is preliminary to the removal of Louis Lang, the consul. The department continues to be reticent about the charges made against the consulate at Bremen, and nothing further could be learned today. Henry W. Diederich, consul at Magdeburg, will be transferred to Bremen as consul, and an official recommended by him will be designated as vice and deputy consul to succeed Mr. Stephan.

## TARVIN SUPPORTS GOEBEL.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 12.—Judge James P. Tarvin, Kentucky's probable entry for the Democratic nomination for vice president, made his first speech in the kentucky campaign yesterday. It had been rumored that he would not support the regular Democratic ticket headed by Goebel and not until his speech was half finished did he apprise his audience on this point, devoting his remarks up to that time to national issues. He declared that he supported Goebel for the nomination because he considered him the best man for the place, and supported him now for not only that reason, but because he has the regular nomination on a solid Democratic platform.

## GRIFFIN VS. PHILPOTS.

London, Ky., Sept. 12.—The opening of war between the Griffin and Philpot factions in Clay county began Sunday night. The house of Widow Chadwell, wife of Evan Chadwell, brother of Deputy Sheriff Dave Chadwell, the leader of the Griffin faction, was fired into from all sides. She escaped by throwing herself on the floor. All the cattle, hogs and dogs were killed, and a notice was posted on her door, giving her twenty-four hours to leave or be killed. It was done by a body of horsemen whom the Griffins say were Philpots, who fled here, which has two Griffins in it, is heavily guarded by men with Winchesters.

## CALL ON McKINLEY.

Washington, Sept. 12.—A delegation of Minnesota G. A. R. men yesterday saw President McKinley. The delegation was headed by Judges Searles, Torrence, L. M. Collins and Capt. H. A. Castle. The president was asked by Judge Searle if he would be able to visit St. Paul in October. The president answered that he could not promise to make the trip, but would do so if possible.

## FOND DU LAC IN IT.

Milwaukee, Sept. 12.—A Sentinel special from Oconto, Wis., says: From a well known railway official it is learned today that the Illinois Central Railway company has practically decided to extend its lines from Madison to Fond Du Lac, thus extending the plan to make Fond Du Lac a big railroad center.


**A Great Tonic.**

**Vitality, strength and vigor are regained by use of**

**Horsford's Acid Phosphate**

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.


# A GRAND SCHEME

## Fast Through Service From London Via Canada to the Orient.

## VAN HORNE'S DREAM

## Would Lease Inter-Colonial and Establish a Fast Steamship Line.

New York, Sept. 12.—A special to the Times from Montreal says:

Sir William Van Horne, chairman of the board of directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway company, has admitted what has long been an open secret, that the Canadian Pacific is anxious to establish a fast Atlantic steamship service between Canada and Liverpool, and only awaits the promise of an adequate subsidy from the Dominion government before putting its plans into execution. Sir William also said that his company would like to lease the Intercolonial railway from the Canadian government, and after establishing its fast steamship line would run a special Canadian Pacific train in England between London and Liverpool.

"I could die in peace," were Sir William's words, "if I could see a Canadian fast Atlantic line in connection with the Canadian Pacific railway. My plan would be to have the fast passenger steamships run to Quebec and Halifax, while great cargo ships would carry freight to Montreal and St. John. The Canadian Pacific train would run out of Euston station in London to Liverpool. No expense would be spared to make it the finest train in the world. The name of the Canadian Pacific would appear on all the coaches. Everything would be done to impress travelers with the idea that they were on a Canadian train." On every ticket sold, we would guarantee connections. Whether the traveler was bound for points in Canada or the United States, or for Yokohama, Hong Kong or Australia, we would guarantee that there would be no delays. On the Atlantic, would be ships of greater speed than those that run to New York and superior to them in every way. The result would be much the same on the Atlantic as it has been on the Pacific, where, since the Canadian Pacific began its line from Vancouver to Japan, we have taken practically the entire passenger business away from the American lines to San Francisco. Before this can be accomplished, an arrangement must be made by which the Canadian Pacific trains can meet the ships at Halifax, and the Canadian Pacific must have such control over the railway between St. John and Halifax that we can absolutely guarantee that no delays will take place. If the Canadian Pacific owned the Intercolonial, there would be no delay whatever. The whole line from London to Yokohama, Hong Kong and Australia, would be under one management."

Continuing, Sir William said he believed the people of Canada would approve of the purchase of the Intercolonial by the Canadian Pacific. "If the Canadian Pacific," said Sir William, "had the Intercolonial, it would undertake to establish a fast Atlantic service for a subsidy of $750,000 that would be superior to anything yet seen. The loss now sustained by the government in equipping and operating the Intercolonial is about as great as the subsidy required for the fast Atlantic service, and as this loss would be avoided by a lease to the Canadian Pacific, the subsidy would not add to the burdens of the Canadian people.

## HORSES RAISED.

### The State Equalization Board Raises Value of Horses.

St. Paul, Sept. 12.—The state board of equalization averaged values of horses yesterday for the state, raising them from last year, and in more cases than not, from the valuation returned by the county boards.

The basis of valuation for 1-year-old horses last year was $7 to $8, this year $9 to $11; of 2-year-olds, last year $14 to $16, this year $15 to 17; of 3-year-olds, last year $26 to $28, this year $20 to $30. On that basis, nineteen counties were raised on yearlings and four lowered from the county board's figures; twenty counties raised and twelve lowered on 2-year-olds, and thirty-eight counties raised and eight lowered on grown up horses. Several members objected to the increase in valuation.

The cattle schedule was taken up, but not worked out. It was voted to make the base value for 1-year-olds $6 to $7, the same as last year.

## STATE BANKS CALLED.

### Examiner Pope Calls For a Showdown Sept. 7.

St. Paul, Sept. 12.—Public Examiner Pope has called a statement from the state banks of the condition of business Sept. 7, to conform to the national bank call. Gen. Pope, however, relies less on the periodical calls than on the regular monthly balances. He is required to make four calls a year, and has authority to make as many more as he thinks best. So he has adopted the practice of taking a monthly trial balance report from all the banks. Rather than the first of the month, when there may be monthly bills outstanding, he has taken the 10th. As the banks balance daily, they have merely to write a copy of the footings.

## LIND IN 'FRISCO.

### Governor and Party Reaches the Coast---Visits Soldiers.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—Governor Lind and his staff, of Minnesota, arrived here with many prominent citizens of that state to welcome the returned Minnesota volunteers. The party was met at Oakland by representatives of Governor Gage's staff and escorted to this city where headquarters had been engaged for them. The visitors were driven to the camping grounds at the Presidio later in the day and were gladly welcomed by the soldiers.

The Minnesotians will make arrangements while they are here to have the soldiers returned to their homes in two divisions, one over the Northern Pacific, and the other over the Great Northern. At Minneapolis, the soldiers will be banqueted.

Governor Lind will review the Minnesota volunteers some day this week in Golden Gate park.

## Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.


**KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES PROMPTLY CURED.**

**A Sample Bottle Sent Free By Mail.**

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the wonderful new discovery in medical science, fulfills every wish in promptly curing kidney, bladder and uric acid troubles, rheumatism and pain in the back. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50-cent and $1 sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it and its great cures, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald.


## ROOT ASKS AID.

### Requests Co-Operation With the Porto Rican Relief Committee.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Secretary Root yesterday addressed the following to all governors of all the states:

"Dear Sir: On the request of Gen. Davis, who is in charge of the relief work in Porto Rico, a central Porto Rican relief committee has been constituted for the purpose of securing method and a common understanding among the various committees engaged in the collection of money and supplies for the work of relief and preventing confusion and waste of effort.

"The committee is composed as follows: Hon. Cornelius N. Bliss, formerly secretary of the interior; Brig. Gen. Guy V. Henry, formerly governor of Porto Rico; the Rt. Rev. James H. Blenk, S. M. D. D., bishop of Porto Rico, now sojourning in the United States; Hon. Warner V. Norden, president of the National Bank of North America; William R. Corwine, secretary of the merchants' association of New York city; the mayors of Boston, New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia.

"William R. Corwine is secretary of the committee and its address is the New York Life building, New York city. I have the honor to request that you will cause the name and address of the chairman or secretary of any committee in your state engaged in this work to be given to the secretary of the central committee in order that they may communicate upon the subject.

"The urgent necessity of feeding the great numbers of destitute in Porto Rico still continues and I hope the efforts of the people of your state to that end will not be relaxed."

## MEETING TO PROTEST.

### Chicagoans Will Protest Against the Sentencing of Dreyfus.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—A monster mass meeting to protest against the sentencing of Capt. Dreyfus in accord with the decree of the court of cassation is being planned in Chicago.

Prominent Chicagoans are said to be concerned in the movement, which was started at a mass meeting held in the Jewish section of the city. The proposed meeting is to be held next Saturday and among those who are expected to take part are Judges Dunne, Gibbons and Stein, States Attorney Deneen, Harry Olson, an assistant states attorney, Rabbi Emil G. Hirsch, John J. Finnerty and Nober Gottlieb. It is the intention of the organizers of the movement to send a letter representing the voice of Chicago to the president of France, requesting that the famous military prisoner be given his freedom.

## PANIZZARDI SHOCKED.

### Horrified at the Dreyfus Verdict---Demonstration In Italy.

Rome, Sept. 12.—Col. Panizardi, referring to the verdict at Rennes, said: "I felt horror but not surprise."

Spontaneous demonstrations in favor of Dreyfus have occurred in many parts of Italy. In Florence a crowd shouted "Down with the Jesuits!" and threatened the French consulate. The police interfered and a fight ensued in which many persons were hurt. Twenty arrests were made.

## CABLE FLASHES.

W. D. Stevens, a shipowner of New Castle-on-Tyne, and royal commissioner to the Paris exhibition, has declared that as a result of the Dreyfus verdict, he will not put his foot on French soil. He adds that thousands of his countrymen will take the same attitude. Several important firms have already declined to exhibit at Paris.

It is reported at Lima, Peru, that President Romain, of Peru, has declined on grounds of state, not to ratify the appointment of Senhor Reyes as government representative at the Philadelphia museum.

A demonstration of sympathy for Dreyfus is projected for next Sunday afternoon in Hyde Park, London.

The British diplomatic agent, Conyngham Greene, has made a representation to the Transvaal government regarding the recent arrest of Mr. Pakeman, editor of the Transvaal Leader.

The dossier of the Rennes court-martial proceedings, arrived at Paris last night for submission to the military court of revision, consisting of Gen. Marcillo, Col. Courbobousse, Lieut. Col. Lagrene, Maj. Comp and Maj. Alard. It is said that Mathieu Dreyfus intends to supplicate Emperor William to order the publication of the documents enumerated in the bordereau.

## SPORTING NOTES.

Harry Forbes, of Chicago, and Eddie Lenney, of Philadelphia, featherweights, sparred a 25-round draw at the Coney Island Athletic club last night. Lenney had the advantage of reach and height, but these advantages were offset by the dexterous work with both hands displayed by Forbes. No one found fault with the decision. Loudon Campbell, of Pittsburg, knocked out Larry Harns, of Cohoes, N. Y., in the twentieth round of the opening bout.

Kid Parker, of Denver, champion lightweight of the West, went out of his class knocked out Frank Bartley, of Binghamton, N. Y., in the third round of a bout scheduled for twenty rounds before the Colorado Athletic association at Denver, last night. The men fought at 110 pounds, but Parker conceded about seven pounds. Bartley had much the advantage in height and reach.

THE MENOMINEE & ST. PAUL.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 12.—Active work will be begun this week on the Menominee & St. Paul railroad and the contractors have agreed to push the work as rapidly as possible. The road up to the Michigan state line is to be completed by the close of the building season. All of the materials for this part of the line have been contracted and no delays are anticipated. Next year the line will be pushed to St. Paul. The new road will virtually amount to an extension of the Ann Arbor railroad.

TENNESSEEANS RELIEVED.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Gen. Otis yesterday informed the war department that two companies of the Nineteenth infantry left Sunday night for Iloilo to be followed tomorrow by headquarters and the balance of the two battalions to relieve the Tennessee regiment at Iloilo and Cebu.

The following was received from Gen. Otis: "Following minor affairs reported: Capt. Butler, Third infantry, with portion Bailung troops, drove insurgents at San Rafael, capturing seven with arms. Insurgent forces made demonstration against Santa Rita on Porac road; loss two officers, six privates with arms captured by Col. Bell, no casualties among our troops."

## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At the meeting of the Methodist Preachers' association of New York yesterday a resolution was unanimously passed deploring "The shameful miscarriage of justice in the recent condemnation of Capt. Dreyfus."

Cramps' shipbuilding yards resumed operations yesterday after having been closed from Sept. 1, when work was stopped at the plant.

Announcement was made in Chicago yesterday that the American Switch company is preparing to break ground for the erection of two large plants, one in Chicago and one in Jersey City at a cost of $1,000,000 each.

The navy department reached a final determination to assign Rear Admiral Norman H. Farquhar to command of the North Atlantic squadron, to succeed Admiral Sampson, and to place the latter in command of the Boston navy yard, to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of Admiral Picking. The transfer will take place on Oct. 10.

Word has come that Commander Taussig, of the navy, will arrive in the United States from Manilla about the first of next month and it is believed from what is said by his friends that he will promptly demand a court of inquiry. The officer was relieved from command of the Bennington by Admiral Watson because of some free criticism on his part of the capability of the admiral.

Mrs. Paul Gilmore, wife of a well known actor, died suddenly at Dubuque, Iowa, yesterday of heart failure. She is survived by her husband and twin babies 2 days old.

The Cleveland Belt & Terminal railway was purchased today by the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway. This completes the acquirement of all the Cleveland, Canton & Southern property by the Wheeling & Lake Erie.

Resolutions of condolence and sympathy with Mme. Dreyfus were adopted yesterday and cabled to her by the Evangelical alliance at Boston, Mass.

Officers of the roads west of Chicago decided yesterday not to make a lower rate than a fare and a third from points east of the Missouri river to this city for the fall festival. Several of the roads in the territory named, however, are not members of the Western Passenger association and these may conclude to act independently and put in a one fare rate for the round trip.

Chief Justice Charles B. Roberts, of the Sixth judicial district of Maryland, is dead at his home in Westminster, aged 57 years. He was a Democratic member of the Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth congress.

Peter Bateman, a prospector, has been found dead on the Harquahala desert in Arizona, only three miles from water at Cullen's Wells. Death plainly had been of thirst. He had started from Wickenburg on foot. He was 55 years of age, a veteran of the civil war. A brother lives at Detroit, Mich.

Alexander Shepard, of Washington, D. C., has sold his mining properties in Batopilas, Mexico, to an English syndicate for $3,000,000. Mr. Shepard has six months in which to make the delivery.

## BASEBALL.

### YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Milwaukee, 5; Indianapolis, 2. Second game—Milwaukee, 6; Indianapolis, 3.

At Detroit—Detroit, 11; Minneapolis, 10.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 5; St. Louis, 2.

At Baltimore—Louisville, 5; Baltimore, 3.

At Washington—Washington, 3; Cincinnati, 3.

### STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Indianapolis | 122 | 75 | .615 |
| Minneapolis | 126 | 66 | .603 |
| Detroit | 125 | 64 | .512 |
| Grand Rapids | 125 | 63 | .504 |
| St. Paul | 126 | 57 | .452 |
| Milwaukee | 124 | 56 | .452 |
| Buffalo | 122 | 55 | .451 |
| Kansas City | 123 | 53 | .431 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 131 | 84 | .694 |
| Philadelphia | 125 | 78 | .624 |
| Boston | 122 | 75 | .610 |
| Baltimore | 124 | 71 | .587 |
| Cincinnati | 127 | 71 | .559 |
| St. Louis | 127 | 71 | .559 |
| Chicago | 126 | 65 | .516 |
| Pittsburg | 124 | 62 | .500 |
| Louisville | 134 | 57 | .460 |
| New York | 122 | 51 | .415 |
| Washington | 122 | 45 | .352 |
| Cleveland | 131 | 19 | .146 |

A GOOD SEASON.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Yesterday's games closed the Western league season for 1899, Indianapolis securing the pennant. Minneapolis the honors.

President B. B. Johnson said that taken on the whole it had been a successful season. It was infinitely better than last year, although it did not come up to the seasons of 1896 and 1897 financially. He also added that the next year of the Western league was a matter for grave consideration.

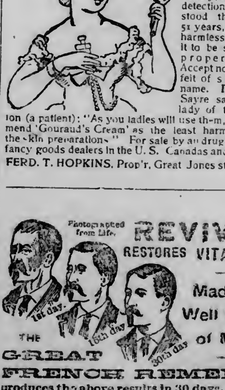
CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

### Wisconsin State Fair.

Round trip tickets to Milwaukee, $11.30, via "The Northwestern Line," "Omaha railway," Sept. 9 to 15. Choice of three routes.

**Never mind, You can't hurt The GORDON HAT!**

**Williamson & Mendenhall,**

Sole Agents.

**MAKE PERFECT MEN**



**DO NOT DESPAIR!** Do not suffer longer! The joys and ambitions of life can be restored to you. The very worst cases of **Nervous Debility** are absolutely cured by **PERFECTO TABLETS.** Give prompt relief to insomnia, failing memory and the waste and drain of vital powers, incurred by indiscretions or excesses of early years. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Brace up the system. Give cheeks and lustre to the eyes of youth. One 50 cent box renews vital energy. 6 boxes $2.50 a complete guaranteed cure. Can be carried in vest pocket. Sold everywhere, or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price by **THE PERFECTO CO., Caxton Bldg., Chicago, Ill.**

Sold in Duluth, Minn., by **MAX WIRTH and S. F. BOYCE, druggists.**

**Wash the Dishes Quickly!**

You can if you use Gold Dust. It does most of the work. It saves time, money and labor.




Send for free booklet—"Golden Rules for Housework."

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY

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**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

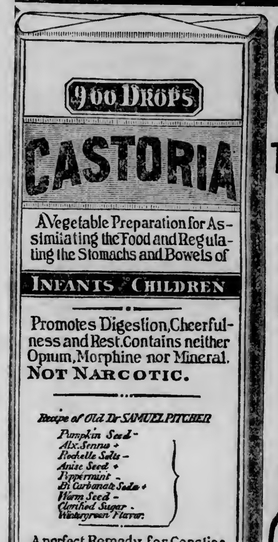
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.




EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

**SAPOLIO**



BEFORE and AFTER

**MANHOOD RESTORED** "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer will quickly cure all nervous, or diseases of the generative organs brought on by youthful errors or excesses, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Spermatorrhœa, Pain in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. Stops losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which leads to Spermatorrhœa and Impotency. Cleanses the liver, kidneys and urinary organs of all impurities. Strengthens and restores small weak organs. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00. Guaranteed to cure. Send for free circular and 1000 testimonials. Davol Medicine Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.




TRADE MARK **Palmo Tablets** **HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.**

stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Impotency, Lost Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, $5.00 sold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH Druggist

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

**DR T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER**

Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.



Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 51 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S. Canadas and Europe

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones st, N. Y.




**REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY**

Made a Well Man of Me

**REVIVO** produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using **REVIVO.** It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having **REVIVO,** no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, **$1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money.** Circular free. Address

**Royal Medicine Co., 360 Dearborn St, CHICAGO, ILL.**

**For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. BOYCE, druggist.**

**CURES** 10 to 15 days Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.


SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the first day of September, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein The National Bank of Commerce of Duluth, Minn., was plaintiff and John McKinley and James Billings defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of one thousand five hundred ninety-nine and 95-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 21st day of October, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 22nd day of November, 1882, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: Lots three (3), four (4) and seven (7), and southwest quarter of northeast quarter (sw¼ of ne¼), section three (3), and lot seven (7), section four (4), all in township sixty-three (63) north, range twelve (12) west 4 P. M. All the above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., September first, 1899.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-5-12-19-26-Oct-3-10—1899.


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DEFECTIVE PAGE

# A SLIGHT ADVANCE

## Wheat Started Out Weak and Lower But Soon Turned Strong.

## THE RECEIPTS BIG

## Large Buying Orders at Chicago and a Good Export Demand.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 12.—The wheat market opened weak and lower this morning owing to the heavy Northwest receipts which induced considerable selling, but later the market became quite strong and prices made a good advance on liberal buying. The government crop report figures yesterday afternoon were bullish and this was expected to produce a firm opening, but there were claims that a revision of the area was probable and this nullified their effect. There were large buying orders at Chicago and a good export demand was reported at the seaboard, and these influences removed the early weakness and caused considerable strength. The market continued firm until after noon, when it weakened and prices declined. The close was ⅜c higher than yesterday here and ⅛c higher at Chicago for the December option. May closed ⅜c higher and ⅛@¼c lower at Chicago.

Trading in futures was active on the Duluth board. December wheat opened unchanged at 67¾c, advanced to 68⅝c at 9:15, reacted to 68¼c at 10:08, bulged to 68¾c at 11:16, eased off to 68⅝c at 11:50 and sold down to 68¼c at 1:07. It closed at 68¼c, being ⅜c above yesterday. May closed at 71¾c, a net gain of ⅜c for the day. Cash business was active, 400,000 bus being sold at the September price. Rye advanced 1c. Oats, Barley and corn were unchanged. Flax was stronger, cash flax advancing 2c and October flax gaining 2¾c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 70⅛c; September, 70⅛c; December, 70⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67⅝c; September, 67⅝c; December, 68¼c; May, 71¾c. No. 2 northern, 65⅛c. No. 3 spring, 61⅞c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 70⅛c; No. 1 northern, 67⅝c. Oats, 21@21¾c. Rye, 55c. Barley, 35@40c. Flax, $1.04; October, $1.02¾. Corn, 28c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 1543; corn, 27; oats, 8; rye, 19; barley, 33; flax, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 823,688 bus; corn, 10,432 bus; rye, 8909 bus; barley, 13,242 bus; flax, 15,234 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 656,670 bus.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard wheat, 3 cars | $0.70 |
| No. 1 hard, 2 cars | 70½ |
| No. 1 hard, 2 cars | 70¼ |
| No. 1 hard, 1 car | 70⅜ |
| No. 1 northern, 55,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 25 cars | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 11 cars mills | 68⅜ |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car old | 68¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 29 cars | 68 |
| No. 1 northern, 25 cars | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 18,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 8,000 bus | 67⅞ |
| No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus | 68 |
| No. 1 northern, 3 cars | 67¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 50,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 50,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 75,000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus | 68 |
| No. 2 northern, 2 cars | 65 |
| No. 2 northern, 3 cars mills | 66 |
| N. 2 northern, 3 cars | 65⅛ |
| No. 2 northern, 3 cars | 65¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 1,000 bus | 65¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 10 cars | 64⅞ |
| No. 2 northern, 2 cars | 65½ |
| No. 3 spring, 1 car | 62½ |
| No. 3 spring, 1 car | 61¾ |
| No. 3 spring, 6 cars | 61⅜ |
| Rejected, 10 cars | 61¾ |
| Rejected, 1 car | 60 |
| Rejected, 1 car | 61 |
| Rye, 800 bus | 55 |
| Flax, 4,000 bus September | 1.04 |
| Flax, 19,500 bus September | 1.03 |
| Flax, 6,000 bus September | 1.02½ |
| Flax, 23,000 bus September | 1.02 |
| Flax, 3,000 bus October | 1.02 |
| Flax, 2,500 bus October | 1.00¾ |
| Flax, 9,000 bus October | 1.00½ |
| Flax, 11,000 bus October | 1.00 |
| Flax, 2,000 bus to arrive | 1.04 |
| Flax, 3,000 bus to arrive | 1.03¼ |
| Flax, 10,000 bus to arrive | 1.02 |

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended Sept. 9, 1899:

| | Bbls. |
|---|---|
| Production by local mills | 40,435 |
| Receipts by rail | 162,065 |
| Exports | 2,300 |
| Total shipments | 152,825 |
| Stocks in store | 269,575 |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Wheat Opens Off, But Advances Sharply---Provisions Weak.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The bullish government crop figures on the condition of wheat had but little effect on wheat today, statements that a revision of the area was probable, nullifying their influence. Nevertheless the market after a short period of easiness around the opening, became quite strong and good advances were scored. The opening was at lower figures all around, December starting a shade off at 71@⅛c, while September, at 71⅛@¼c, showed an opening decline of ⅛@¼c. There was considerable selling on the heavy Northwest receipts at first, but big buying orders from the outside coupled with the strength displayed by outside markets, notably St. Louis, and reports of a good export demand at the seaboard, effected a radical change of sentiment in local traders, and resulted in a strong buying movement later, which carried prices steadily upward, December touching 71⅝c and September, 71¼c. Realizing then caused a reaction in December to 71⅜c and in September to 70⅞c. Shortly after 11 o'clock, a fresh buying wave swept the wheat pit bare of offerings, September was rushed up to 71⅜c and December to 71⅞@72c. Trading showed more animation than for some time. Northwest receipts were 1862 cars, including two days' receipts at Duluth, against 1426 last week, and 1433 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 238 cars, 14 of contract grade.

Corn was irregular, easier for September on the heavy receipts and firm for later deliveries. Shorts bought on the government report. Later September also became firm and advanced. Receipts were 1086 cars. Dcember opened unchanged at 28⅜c, sold at 28¼c and advanced to 28⅝c, reacting to 28½c. September sold ⅛@¼c lower at 30⅞@31c and advanced to 31¼@⅜c.

Oats were firm and a little higher on a small trade. The bullish report was responsible for some covering by shorts. Receipts were heavy, 522 cars. December opened unchanged at 20⅝c and advanced to 21c.

Provisions were dull and easier. The hog market was weak and the yellow fever situation was reported still serious. Packers sold ribs. Shorts were the best buyers. October pork opened 5c lower at $8.05 and held at that figure. October lard 2½c lower at $5.25 and declined to $5.22½. October ribs opened 2½c lower at $5.22½ and declined to $5.20.

Close: Wheat, September, 70⅞c; December, 71@71⅛c; May, 74@74⅛c. Corn, September, 31@31⅛c; October, 30¼c; December, 28⅜@28½c; May, 29⅜c. Oats, September, 21¼@21⅜c; December, 20⅞@21c; May, 22⅝c. Pork, September, $7.95; October, $8.00; December, $8.10; January, $9.47½. Lard, September, $5.20; October, $5.22½; December, $5.30; January, $5.45. Ribs, September, $5.17½; October, $5.17½@5.20; December, $4.87½; January, $4.92½@4.95. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 72¾c; No. 3 red, 68@71¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 63c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 72¼@72¾c; No. 2 northern spring, 71@72c; No. 3 spring, 65@71c. Corn, No. 2, 31⅜@31½c; No. 3, 31@31¼c. Oats, No. 2, 22c; No. 3, 21¾c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.07; Southwestern, $1.01½; September, $1.05; October, $1.03; December, $1.03. Barley, cash, 36½@44c. Rye, September, 56c; December, 55⅜c. Timothy, September, $2.40. Clover, October, $7.75.

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MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The market opened with a strong demand on heavy horses. All other classes of horses attracted less attention by the buyers and had a moderate disposal. A number of logging men bought liberally. Prices were about the same as Saturday's quotations. The orders placed on the market for loggers are in excess of the present supply on hand. Receipts of heavy drafters were moderate today. The representative sales were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice to extra | $135@180 |
| Drafters, common to good | 90@125 |
| Farm horses, choice to extra | 100@120 |
| Farm horses, common to good | 55@70 |

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 67¾B | 67¼-⅜ | 71-⅛ | 76¼ |
| High | 68⅜ | 68⅜ | 71⅞-72 | 76⅞ |
| Low | 67¾B | 67¼-⅜ | 71 | 76⅛ |
| Close | 68¼B | 67⅞ | 71@⅛ | 76⅛ |
| May— | | | | |
| Open | 71⅝B | 70¼ | 74⅛-¼ | 79⅝ |
| High | 72⅜ | 71⅛ | 75 | 79⅞ |
| Low | 71⅝B | 70¼ | 74-⅛ | 79¼ |
| Close | 71⅝B | 70¼-⅜ | 74@⅛ | 79⅞ |

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Dec. | Corn. Dec. | Pork. Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 20⅞ | 28¾-½ | $8.20 |
| High | 21 | 28⅞ | 8.20 |
| Low | 20¾-⅞ | 28⅞ | 8.10 |
| Close | 20⅞ | 28⅞-½B | 8.10 |

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Clearings, $21,117,265; balances, $1,569,071. New York exchange, 40c discount; sterling exchange, $4.84½@4.87½.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Sept. 12.—Consols for money, 104 13-16; consols for the account, 105.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 12.—Close: Wheat, September, 73¼c; December, 76⅛c; May, 79⅜c. Corn, September, 37⅜c; December, 35⅜c; May, 34⅞c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 12.—Close: Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, September, 67⅛c; December, 68⅝c; May, 70¼@70⅜c. On track, No. 1 hard, old, 70c; No. 2, 70c; No. 1 northern, 67@67½c.

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Wheat—Liverpool closed ⅛d higher; Paris 10 centimes lower, flour 5 centimes lower; Antwerp wheat unchanged. Fine weather conditions prevail over the West and Northwest. The government report of 70.9 as regards total crop indicates about 490,000,000 bus. The report is considered quite bullish and was a surprise to the trade. Primary receipts 1,296,000 bus; shipments, 576,000 bus. The movement in the Northwest is on a large scale and a large proportion of the receipts are from the old crop. Clearances were about 500,000 bus wheat and flour. Forty-five loads reported for export, we can confirm only 10. Bradstreet's world's visible shows an increase of 4,935,000 bus which was unexpected. There was some buying by foreigners and the Southwest. On the way up local shorts covered freely. The strength was due to the bullish government report, but at the close the advance was practically all lost, the market closing weak. It would seem that as long as farmers will part with their holdings, which are adding to the large stocks already accumulated, the trade will continue to show apathy. If any good first-class investment buying should appear, it would change the tatu of the market condition materially.

Corn—The government crop report, howing a condition of 85.2 indicate a crop of about 2,025,000,000 bu. The world' visible shows an increase of 1,436,000 bus; we can confirm 65 loads for export. Lake charters 250,000 bus. Values have moved within a narrow range, closing easy.

Oats—The government report of 87.2 makes the total crop of about 700,000,000 bus. Trading has been light and there was no special feature observable.

Provisions—Hogs were weaker. Liverpool 6 pence lower on bacon. Shipments of lard 2,100,000 lbs, meats 3,960,000 lbs. The market was very dull and packers were moderate sellers of product. Traders were inclined to hold off from the bull side due to yellow fever conditions in the South. We feel friendly to the January product.

Puts, December wheat, 70⅝c.
Calls, December wheat, 71⅜-½c bid.
Curb, December wheat, 71c bid.
Puts, December corn, 28⅜-½c.
Calls, December corn, 28⅞c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Stock. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sugar | 151 | 151⅞ | 148⅝ | 150¼ |
| Tobacco | 125 | 125½ | 124 | 125¼ |
| Atchison preferred | 63¼ | 63⅜ | 62¾ | 63¼ |
| B. R. T. | 100¼ | 100¼ | 95 | 97⅞ |
| C., B. & Q. | 132¾ | 133⅛ | 131½ | 132½ |
| C. & N. W. | 166¼ | 167 | 166¼ | 166½ |
| Chicago Gas | 116 | 116⅞ | 114 | 115⅞ |
| C. G. W. | 15 | 15⅛ | 14¼ | 14½ |
| L. & N. | 79¼ | 80 | 78½ | 80 |
| Leather | 74½ | 75¼ | 74½ | 75 |
| Manhattan | 114⅝ | 115¼ | 113½ | 115⅛ |
| Missouri Pacific | 46⅜ | 46⅞ | 45½ | 45⅞ |
| Northern Pacific | 53⅛ | 53⅝ | 52¾ | 53½ |
| N. P. preferred | 75½ | 75⅜ | 75½ | 75¼ |
| Omaha | 117 | 117½ | 117 | 117 |
| Rock Island | 117¼ | 117¼ | 115⅞ | 116⅜ |
| St. Paul | 131¼ | 131⅞ | 131 | 131¾ |
| T. C. I. | 112 | 118¼ | 112 | 116 |
| Union Pacific pfd. | 76¾ | 76⅞ | 75⅞ | 76¾ |
| Western Union | 89 | 89 | 88⅛ | 89 |

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 12.—Money on call strong at 6@7 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange weak, with actual business in benkers' bills at $4.86@4.86¼ for demand and at $4.82¾@4.83 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.82. Silver certificates, 59@¾c; bar silver, 59@⅛c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds easier; 2s registered, $1.00½; 3s registered, $1.08½; coupon, $1.07½; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.30; old 4s registered, $1.11¼; coupon, $1.13; 5s registered and coupon, $1.11½.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Estimated receipts of hogs today, 25,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 2051. Market weak at decline 5@10c. Butchers, $4.15@4.65; good heavy, $4.35@4.60, rough heavy, $4.00@4.20; light, $4.30@4.65. Cattle, receipts, 85,000. Steady to weak. Beeves, $4.50@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.35; Texas steers, $3.50@4.25; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00. Sheep, receipts, 14,000. Steady. Sheep, $3.00@4.50; lambs, $4.15@6.25. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 27,966; shipments, 8266. Cattle, receipts, 18,453; shipments, 4683. Sheep, receipts, 28,162; shipments, 4002.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 12.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 4 to 9 points, following weakness in the English market, by rumors that Neill was about to issue a bearish circular and estimates for receipts at the ports and interior towns of the South. Liquidation was easily the feature of the forenoon operations though selling was largely engaged in. Liverpool was unresponsive to yesterday's advance here and the English cotton trade apparently took no stock in the government report. Futures sold off a point and became dull at the decline.

Cotton spot closed quiet at 1-16c decline; middling uplands, 6⅜c; middling gulf, 6⅝c; sales, none. Cotton futures closed barely steady; September, $5.78; October, $5.90; November, $5.97; December, $6.04; January, $6.09; February, $6.12; March, $6.15; April, $6.19; May, $6.23; June, $6.26; July, $6.29.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 12.—Close, wheat, quiet, ⅛d higher. September, 5s 8⅝d; December, 5s 10⅞d; March, 6s ⅝d. Corn, quiet, ⅛@¼d higher. September, 3s 4⅝d; October, 3s 5¼d; December, 3s 5½d.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Wheat—There seemed to be an inclination, a very general one, on wheat pit this morning for shorts to get in their lines, which after the opening resulted in a very steady advance to 71⅞@72c. The market remained strong most of the morning until within about half an hour before the close, when very persistent influence was brought to bear by bear interests to depress prices and the load which had been taken up by pit operators was let go, causing the market to decline to about yesterday's close. The government report which came out yesterday afternoon which was termed bullish, caused a good deal of buying. The department of agriculture gives the condition on September 1 of wheat, 70.9. World's visible increase 4,939,000 bus. Liverpool ⅛d up; clearances were 442,000 bus; receipts were large, 1862 cars in the Northwest against 1425 last year. Seabourd reports 47 loads wheat taken for export, and Duluth claims improvement there in the demand. Probably the chief influence in favor of the market this morning, was the removal of uncertainty incident to a government report which brought outsiders into the market on the buying side. There is a very evident concentrated effort on the part of certain interests to hold this market from advancing on its merits, and whether the outside trade which is usually on the long side, will be equal in nerve to stand the hammering which the market gets on every tendency to turn is a question. We think that on its merits wheat should be higher, but believe that it is possible the above mentioned influences may retard that advance and cause further decline, if so, believe the market may be bought for fair profit, and if there are anything like the swing to the market from now forward that there has been today, would advise our clients to take it on scalping basis, buying on breaks and selling on bulges.

Corn—The corn market reflected the government report and a good deal more buying was in evidence. Receipts were 1086 with 1500 estimated for Wednesday. Clearances 369,000 bus; trade was moderate, offerings small, lake rate 3½@4c. We have considerable faith in this corn market, think that short interest is of such a character to offset the natural bear influences of the promised heavy yield, and in addition to that we will have a demand this year which has been unequalled and which will take a good share of the estimated enormous crop to meet.

Oats—The oat market has been sympathetic with corn and wheat; receipts were 522 cars, with 260 estimated for tomorrow. Clearances were 211,000 bus. The government figures which place the crop at 691,000,000 bus is considerable bullish, and in the way of present prices and promised heavy demand, due to failure of pasturage and hay crop, the market should do better, and think a purchase for some advance.

Provisions—In the provision market things were dull. Prices held remarkably well, feature against prices was hogs, 5@10c lower at the yards; receipts 26,000 instead of 16,000 estimated and a good line of selling by good operators. Liverpool 6d lower on bacon; there is considerable feeling of uncertainty regarding the supply of hogs to meet the remarkably heavy demand which is constantly increasing. This uncertainty being based throughout the severity of last winter. We think that the cash price for product combined with the good demand and doubtful supply should be favorable to higher values for provisions, and believe that the October products may be bought on breaks. It looks to us also as though there was a very noticeable short interest developing in the January product, which may make that option a good purchase on much further breaks as shorts will have to cover and the cash situation does not promise such remarkable low prices for January product.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following were the closing prices of copper stocks, reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Sept. 12.—Close: Atlantic, 30; Adventure, 7; Arcadian, 59; Arnold, 12½; Allouez, 6¾ asked, Butte and Boston, 68@72; Bingham, 14¾; Baltic, 25½@27⅞; Bonanza, 1¾; Boston Consolidated, 71⅛; Calumet and Hecla, 790; Copper Range, 40; Centennial, 34¾; Dominion Coal, 53@54; Franklin, 18; Humboldt, 2⅝@2¾; Isabella, 14; Osceola, 83; Old Colony, 9@½; Old Dominion, 31; Boston and Montana, 334; Mohawk, 22½; Michigan, 10 sales; Mass, 18; Parrott, 48; Pioneer, 2¾@3; Quincy, 155; Rhode Island, 7¼; Isle Royale, 41½; Santa Fe, 13¾; Tamarack, 210; Tecumseh, 5½@6; Utah, 39; Wolverine, 41; Winona, 10½@11; Washington, 2½ bid; United States, 33¾; Zinc, 65½; Cochita, 18.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Tendency to Break Overcome By Determined Support.

New York, Sept. 12.—The sudden death of Cornelius Vanderbilt, coming before trading hours gave opportunity for some preparation to support prices. As a consequence, the inroads made upon values were mostly restricted to fractions. New York Central, after opening down only ⅝, rallied ¾. A few of the specialties suffered severely. Tennessee Coal showing a decline of 9½ points on the opening transactions, but the price was quickly lifted a point to 117½, a rally of 5½ points. Brooklyn Transit, under the pressure of 6200 shares unloaded in a lump, broke par and dropped to 99½. Very determined support was forthcoming for this stock and it was lifted again to par, though there was a flurry of offerings of 14,000 share lots and the price quickly fell again to near 99. Kansas & Texas preferred and Southern Pacific were the only railroads which fell over a point. Sugar was down. Continued support was evident in the market after the opening, but offerings were large.

Losses of importance occurred in some instances, Chicago & Eastern Illinois breaking 3½, Omaha 3 and Northwestern and Steel Hoop ¾ per cent each. Attempts to raid the general list were frustrated owing to the aggressive support evident in sensitive spots. Recoveries approximated a point in the leading shares and the estimated stocks improved largely on covering. Central Pacific was advanced 3 points and Southern Pacific ¾. Immense blocks of stock appeared in Brooklyn Transit on the rise to par and the weight of offerings eventually started it downward, 96⅜ being reached at 11 o'clock. Values fell again all around below the previous low point. Tennessee Coal came back to 113 after touching 118¼.

Liquidation became very heavy in various quarters and the bears redoubled their efforts. Stop loss orders were reached in all the principal properties. The Flower issues were most affected. Sugar went down to 149½ and a point or two, was nipped off most of the industrial specialties. The drive culminated owing to the eagerness of the shorts to cover at the lower plane.

Brooklyn Transit recovered about ½ and rallies of equal importance were made in the other industrials. Railways sympathized less strongly and showed a disposition to yield readily on light offerings. The market was hesitating and unsettled at noon. Sales of stocks to noon, 386,424 shares. Prices of the speculative bonds gave way in sympathy with stocks.

Prices continued to move upward in the final hour and the demand from the shorts became rather urgent for some stocks. Brooklyn Transit worked back to 97⅞, a recovery of 2⅜, and the specialties generally rallied from 1 to 2 points. Manhattan rose to 115. Some of the railroad stocks were brought back to near last night's level, the recovery in some of these reaching a point or over. The iron and steel stocks made some notable advances. The closing was active and firm at the rally, and with net losses except in a few cases.

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GUST ANDERSON, CITY NIGHT scavenger. All orders promptly attended to. Office No. 14. First avenue east.

*CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.*

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. LA Varde with clairvoyancy and divine power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood and deceit. He gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs, or any other subject of importance. Letters with stamp answered. Parlors, Wentworth hotel, 201 West Second street.

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Butter, firm; creameries, 16@22c; dairies, 13@18c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 14½@14¾c. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 9@10c; chickens, 9½@11½c; ducks, 7½@8c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 12.—Butter, receipts, 11,108 packages. Firm. Western creamery, 18@23c; June creamery, 18½@22c; factory, 13@16c. Cheese, receipts, 6892 packages. Quiet and steady. Large white, 11¼c; large colored, 11½c; small colored, 11⅝@¾c. Eggs, receipts, 14,156 packages. Firm. Western regular packing at mark, 13@16½c.

## THE TRUST CONFERENCE.

### Will Open at Chicago Tomorrow With Large Attendance.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Tomorrow morning, at ten o'clock, the conference called by the Civic Federation of Chicago to discuss the question of trusts and combination, their cause and effect, and all their various phrases will be called to order in Central Music hall by Franklin H. Head, president of the Civic Federation. It is expected that when the meeting is called, nearly 400 delegates will be in attendance from all parts of the country. The Texas delegates, headed by Attorney Gen. Smith; the Mississippi delegates and the Tennessee delegates, the latter headed by Congressman C. E. Snodgrass, were among the arrivals during the day. Edward Southworth, the Omaha delegates and ex-Governor Crounze, of Colorado; Francis B. Thurber and Henry White, of New York also arrived. Col. W. J. Bryan is expected in Chicago, Thursday.

Beyond the formalities attendant upon the opening of the conference, no attempt at a program has been made and none will be attempted, the work in that respect being left to the conference itself. President Head, of the Civic Federation will deliver a welcoming address. Gov. Tanner, of Illinois, will extend greeting to the delegates in behalf of the state. Acting Mayor Walker, of Chicago, will wecome the delegates in behalf of the city. Special subjects for the various sessions of the congress, the appointing of the various committees and the election of the chairman will follow. Prof. Jeremiah Jenks, of Cornell university, will probably read the first paper, and will be followed by Prof. Henry C. Adams, of the University of Wisconsin.

From the opinions already expressed by delegates who have arrived, it is believed that nearly all of the delegates of the South and West will come opposed to the principles of trusts and combinations, while the views of Western delegates are expected to modify the conclusions of the conference, if any recommendations are decided upon.

CANDY WILL GO UP.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—With the object of uniformly raising the price of candy, manufacturers supplying Missouri river valley points met here today. The following cities were represented: Minneapolis, Dubuque, Cedar Rapids, Omaha and Bloomington and other cities. Members of the National Biscuit company were also present.

### To Enjoy the Comforts of Home You Must First Get Home.

The "New Lake Superior Limited" of the Saint Paul & Duluth railroad is the only train that "gets you home," leaving Minneapolis at 2 p. m., St. Paul at 2:25 p. m., on and after Sept. 17. It arrives at Duluth at 7 p. m. every day in the year, Sundays included. Our morning and night trains are still running.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

*TO RENT--HOUSES.*

***FOR RENT.***

| | |
|---|---|
| 208 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 212 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 803 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 805 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 409 East Superior street—(down stairs) no water | $8.00 |
| 22 East Second street—store and dwelling | $25.00 |

***A. R. MACFARLANE, Agent,***
Room 12, Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with modern conveniences. Apply to Eckstein & Bennett, real estate, insurance and loans. 200 Chamber of Commerce.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES, By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

TO RENT—CHEAP—TWO UNFURnished rooms in the basement. 28 West Second street.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF ROOMS, suitable for two or three gentlemen. 214 Fifth avenue east.

FOR RENT—A VERY NICE LARGE furnished front room, reasonable; down stairs. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping and two rooms for gentlemen. 230 West Second.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURnished rooms centrally located, with private family. J 20, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room. 518 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 14 East Second street. Inquire after 6 p. m.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 320 West Third street.

*TO RENT—FLATS.*

MODERN FOUR ROOM FLAT FOR rent. Centrally located. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES from $10 to $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS, UNFURNISHED $5 up; furnished $8 up. Four rooms each. 718 West Fifth street.

*WANTED—TO RENT.*

WANTED—SMALL FLAT WITH CONveniences. State rent and location. Nast, care of Herald.

*BOARD WANTED.*

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY EMployed during the day, room and board for the winter; private family preferred. State location and terms. Miss A. K., care Herald.

*DRESSMAKING.*

MADAME VALNEY, OF NEW YORK, in charge of Nineteenth Century Dress-Cutting school, will enroll a class for Sept. 18, 1899. To show merits of system, this introductory class will be taught for two-thirds regular price. Ladies interested in artistic dressmaking should not neglect to investigate and be convinced. No. 2 East Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. 421 Ninth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR FIVE rooms, only used two months. Will be sold cheap. Apply G. D. Louden, McPhee show, opposite postoffice.

FOR SALE—TWO COUNTERS AND nickel plated umbrella stand. S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—TWO GOOD steamers, suitable for passengers or towing, also one scow. May take in trade lots or lands. Owner wants to devote time to other business. L. H. Jones, 315 West Michigan street.

A BARGAIN—FOR SALE—SEVERAL complete hardwood bedroom suites, as good as new. 511 East Third street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, 7 YEARS OLD, $50. Call 2418 West First street.

CALL FOR YOUNG, STRONG, CLEAN and healthy canary birds of fine breed at the employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND household goods. Owner leaving city. Cheap for cash. "Widower," Herald office.

## Lumbermen, Take Notice !

From 300 to 500 head of heavy logging and draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1800 pounds are always kept in stock, with fresh consignments received daily at Barrett & Zimmerman's horse market, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Minn.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| C. S. McKune to H. W. Clark, lot 368, block 13, Duluth Proper, Second division | $ 2,000 |
| H. Malchow to T. Bardon, 5-66-15 | 700 |
| R. O. Town to T. Bardon, 5 and 6-66-14 | 700 |
| D. E. Bailey to C. H. Godard, lot 8, block 31, Eveleth | 325 |
| D. E. Bailey to A. Horosczak, lot 7, block 30, Eveleth. First | 75 |
| G. O'Callaghan to E. N. Fowler, et al, lot 2, block 8, Eveleth | 300 |
| F. Leskinen to S. E. A. Robinson, trustee, lot 12, block 18, Eveleth | 600 |
| E. Fantsl to E. R. Hendrickson, lot 6, block 19, Eveleth | 150 |
| C. G. Fulton to C. H. Bagley, lot 13, block 68, Endion | 1,350 |
| J. J. Holmes to Franklin Lumber company, pine, 10-51-17 | 175 |
| C. L. Robertson to M. J. Wright, half lot 8, block 10, New Endion | 400 |
| Total, 11 transfers | $ 6,775 |

### Fine More of Them.

The man who leaves his horse untied after the repeated warnings from the municipal court is entitled to a place alongside the fellow who rocks the boat or looks into the muzzle of the unloaded gun, according to the police. This morning another offender was fined $5 for not tying his horse. James Cajo got five days for being disorderly, and John Johnson ten days for getting drunk. There were two William Barrys on the docket this morning, but only one turned up at the appointed time, and William Barry, charged with drunkenness, forfeited $12 bail, while William Barry, charged with petit larceny, went over the road for twenty days.

### Congressmen Visit Here.

Congressman Charles E. Pearce, of St. Louis, congressman from the Twelfth district of Missouri, and Congressman DeA. S. Alexander, of Buffalo, N. Y., congressman from the Thirty-third district of New York, were in the city today. The latter was accompanied by his wife, and they are on their way home from the Yellowstone park. Congressman Pearce is on his way from the coast to Mackinac. Both of the visitors were members of the last congress with Congressman Morris, and he is intimately associated with both. Congressman Alexander was on the rivers and harbor committee with Judge Morris.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

***Consignment of Additionals***

***For quick sale. Until returned can make close figures.***

**H. W. COFFIN**
Chamber of Commerce.

**TITLE TO GOVERNMENT LANDS.**

Surveyed or unsurveyed; can be acquired quickly and cheaply by "FOREST RESERVE LIEU SELECTIONS." You can buy these at lowest market prices from

**J. H. SHARP, 515 Torrey Bldg., Duluth.**

I also deal in soldiers' additional rights. Pine lands bought and sold.

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be a good cook; $20. 1116 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1520 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No. 10 Chester terrace.

WANTED—A YOUNG NURSE GIRL who can live at home. Apply 122 East First street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS WAIST MAKers, at 129 East First street. Eugene Lambert.

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIenced saleslady for hosiery and underwear department. Panton & White.

WANTED—WASHWOMAN AT 1105 LONdon road; every week.

WANTED—A GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children. Call at 117 West Third street.

WANTED—COOK AND DISHWASHER. The Gem restaurant, 216 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—COOK AT THE CHILDren's home, 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Apply 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED—SMALL FAMILY. 727 East Superior street.

SALESLADY WANTED—ONE WHO has had experience in hardware and tinware; can procure a good position. All applications treated in strict confidence. State experience and give references. Address Hardware, care Herald.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, TWO first-class housemaids at Craggencroft. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2110 East Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO do general housework. Apply at once 1306 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2608 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must have one. 918 East Fifth.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1221 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY IN china department can secure good permanent position. Must understand business thoroughly; no others need apply. State experience. All applications treat ed in strict confidence. Address China, care Herald.

WANTED — COOKS, WAITRESSES, laundry and kitchen girls for hotels and boarding houses, also second girls and cooks in first class private houses. Call at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY 325 East Second.

*WANTED—MALE HELP.*

WANTED—BOY GOOD AT FIGURES and penmanship to learn railroad business. No salary at start. H 29, Herald.

BOY WANTED—APPLY AT THE ONE Cent store.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, TO WORK. Inquire 226 West First street.

BOY TO LEARN PRINTING BUSIness. Apply Christie & Collier, Providence building.

FIRST CLASS BOOKKEEPER AND collector. Apply, stating references and salary expected. J 47, Herald.

WANTED—100 STATION MEN FOR Balch & Peppard, near Houghton, Mich. Big prices, free fare, work all winter. Work let direct from head contractors. Apply to Alexander & Co., Employment office, 433 West Michigan street, Duluth.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Only eight weeks required. Half rate transportation furnished now. Positions guaranteed. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—ONE SAWMILL ENGINEER —must be of temperate habits, also one setter. Apply by mail to J. F. Smith, care Oshkosh Log and Lumber company, Choate, Mich.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

*WANTED—AGENTS.*

AGENTS WANTED—MEN AND WOmen—We want one good agent, either man or woman, in every town in the United States to take orders for men's, women's and children's Waterproof Mackintoshes and Raincoats, also Ladies' Waterproof Skirts and Capes. Men and women make $10 to $50 a week in their own town taking orders for our waterproof garments. We furnish large samples, beautifully illustrated sample book and complete outfit, instruct you how to do the work and pay you once a week in cash. For full particulars, mail this notice to the Dundee Rubber Corporation, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street. Duluth, Minn.

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

WANTED—WASHING, AT 322 SECOND avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION AS JANITOR OR the charge of furnaces by a married man. Address 1321 West Michigan street.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME. 316½ East Ninth street.

A WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK TO go out washing and scrubbing. Call or address 14 East First street.

EXPERIENCED LADY WISHES POSItion as cashier. Can furnish best of references. Address J 2, Herald.

YOUNG LADY, WELL EXPERIENCED in shorthand, would like to teach in the evenings. Will go to your home. Very reasonable. Address J 46, Herald.

*LOST.*

LOST—RED CALF WITH WHITE RIBbon around its neck. Finder return to A. Krause, 1116 East Sixth street.

LOST—NO. 15 WATERMAN FOUNTAIN pen. Finder please return to Herald office and receive liberal reward.

*FOUND.*

FOUND—A LADIES' FUR BOA. INquire at this office, or room 403, Palladio.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

**SECRET SOCITIES.**

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 18, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lyonel Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1899. Work, ——. Robert Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 13th, 1899. Alex. P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE No. 105, Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. I. W. Smith, W. M.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; W. C. Weld, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

I. O. F.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTers—Court Commerce No. 3283, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock, in Kalamazoo block, second floor. H. W. Krause, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, second and fourth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Harrington Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in the Third rank, Sept. 5. W. M. Hillis, C. C.; G. H. Nichols, K. R. S.

*STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.*

**Excursion to Fond du Lac**

Str. Josie Davidson will make daily trips —leaving Duluth, Fifth avenue, 10 a. m. Superior, Tower Bay slip, 10:30 a. m. Fare, 50c round trip. Special rates given to parties and societies. Address John H. Hanson, 470 West Fifth street, Superior; or Buffalo Oil company. West Superior 'Phone 4022.

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS — **STEAMER Dubuque**

**Will Leave St Paul for St Louis and Intermediate landings, Monday, Sept 18th, at 10 a. m.**

For full information regarding passenger and freight rates address C. R. BROCKWAY, General Agent, office foot of Sibley street, opposite Union depot. St Paul. Telephone call, Main 93.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**

EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS

NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2:10 p. m. for Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 6:30 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, Sept. 19. J. G. MOONEY Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101

*RAILROAD TIME TABLES.*

**St. Paul & Duluth R. R.**

| Leave Duluth | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **9 00 am | ST. PAUL | *6 30 am |
| *1 55 pm | MINNEAPOLIS | *1 35 pm |
| *11 15 pm | | **7 45 pm |

Sleepers for 11:15 p.m. train ready at 9 p. m. Passengers may remain in sleeper at Minneapolis until 8 a m

Train for Fond du Lac and New Duluth **9:00 a.m.

FROM UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 4 West Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

**THE GREAT NORTHERN**

**EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.**

**City Ticket Office—432 West Superior Street.**

| Leave. | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 10 p.m | ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS. | †2 10 p.m |
| *11 15 p.m | | †7 00 a.m |
| *Daily. | †Daily except Sunday. | |
| 8 15 a.m | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points. | *6 45 p.m |
| †3 00 p.m | Swan River, Hibbing and Int. Points | †12 m |

Sleeper for 11:15 p.m. train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Northern Passenger Agent.

**Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv. | Duluth | Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar. | Proctor | Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar. | Iron Junction | Lv | 1:18 p.m |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar. | Wolf | Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar. | Virginia | Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar. | Eveleth | Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar. | Sparta | Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar. | Biwabik | Lv | 12:17 p.m |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar. | Mt. Iron | Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar. | Hibbing | Lv | 12:35 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. P. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

**North-Western Line.**

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8 35 a m | St. Paul, Mpls. | **3 05 pm |
| *4 45 p m | Twilight Limited. | *9 45 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Fast Mail. | *10 45 am |

Wagner Sleepers. Free Chair Cars.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.**

Telephone 44.

**426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.**

| Leave. | *Except Saturday. †Except Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *7 00 pm | BOSTON LIMITED | †8 30 am |
| | Copper Country | |
| †8 40 am | Daylight Express | *7 55 pm |

**Duluth & Iron Range R. R.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv. | Duluth | Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar. | Virginia | Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar. | Eveleth | Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar. | Ely | Lv | 7:30 a.m. |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

**DAILY SERVICE.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv. | Duluth | Ar | 11:15 a.m |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv. | W. Superior | Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv. | Ashland | Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar. | Milwaukee | Lv | 8:45 p.m |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar. | Chicago | Lv | 6:25 p.m |

Pullman palace sleepers and finest dining car service. Meals a la carte.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent Duluth.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

**Only Evening Paper in Duluth**

THE EVENING HERALD.

**An Independent Newspaper.**

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

**TEN CENTS A WEEK.**

EVERY EVENING
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Single copy, daily | .02 |
| One month | .45 |
| Three months | 1.30 |
| Six months | 2.60 |
| One year (In advance) | 5.00 |

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION
HIGH-WATER MARK,

**17,148.**

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Sept. 12.—The barometer is highest over the Dakotas, Eastern Montana and Assiniboia, and lowest near the Soo; another low pressure area is developing in the region northwest of Battleford. Cool weather prevails in the Dakotas and Northwest Canada; in the last mentioned district temperatures averaging slightly below 40 degrees occurred this morning. No rain has fallen in the various districts covered by reports received. Fresh northwest winds continue to be the rule in the lake region.

Minimum temperatures last night:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Battleford | 46 | Miles City | 50 |
| Bismarck | 41 | Milwaukee | 60 |
| Calgary | 38 | Minnedosa | 40 |
| Chicago | 62 | Memphis | 66 |
| Davenport | 58 | Moorhead | 41 |
| Denver | 50 | North Platte | 54 |
| Detroit | 56 | Omaha | 52 |
| Dodge City | 56 | Port Arthur | 46 |
| Duluth | 42 | Prince Albert | 34 |
| Havre | 46 | Qu'Appelle | 34 |
| Helena | 54 | Rapid City | 48 |
| Huron | 46 | St. Louis | 60 |
| Kansas City | 64 | St. Paul | 57 |
| LaCrosse | 50 | Sault Ste. Marie | 54 |
| Lander | 48 | Swift Current | 36 |
| Marquette | 52 | Williston | 36 |
| | | Winnipeg | 42 |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight and Wednesday. Fresh and occasionally brisk winds, northwest, probably becoming northeast Wednesday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Fair tonight and Wednesday; continued cool variable winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Wednesday; cooler in southeast portion tonight; northeast winds.

## NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

Hereafter The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $5 for the three publications, this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

### *FIGHTING THE TRUSTS.*

The conference that will open in Chicago tomorrow for the purpose of considering the subject of trusts promises to be largely attended and to become an event of national importance. Opinions differ as to whether the conference will accomplish anything towards eliminating the evils of trusts. Ex-Governor Altgeld has refused to attend the conference because he believes that it will be conducted with a view of producing sentiment in favor of the trusts. It would seem that Mr. Altgeld is foolish to stay away on that account. Would he not accomplish more in furthering the campaign against the trusts by attending the conference and presenting facts and arguments to combat those offered by representatives of the trusts? In this way any attempt to secure an endorsement or semi-endorsement of the trusts by the conference would certainly be defeated. If all the opponents of trusts should stay away, then the conference certainly would be run in the interests of the trusts, and the latter would use it to make capital in their favor.

In this connection the interview with ex-Senator Washburn of this state on the subject of trusts, published in yesterday's papers, is worthy of consideration, both by the business men and by the politicians. Mr. Washburn speaks from both business and political standpoints, and he sounds a note of warning that the Republican party would do well to heed. Mr. Washburn asserts that unless something is done at once to stop the formation and exploitation of trusts, financial ruin will overtake the country and the Republican party will be overthrown. He holds that the Republican administration must do more than adopt resolutions against trusts, and he advocates the abolition of all protective duties when it is evident that a trust is securing exorbitant profits on account of the duties. He cites the steel-rail industry, in which he is interested, and the tin plate industry as illustrating the immediate need of withdrawing tariff duties which now tend to give to those industries what he believes to be exorbitant profits.

Speaking as a business man who clearly perceives the great evil that is being done by trusts, Mr. Washburn says:

"The worst feature of the industrial trust of today is that nearly every one of them is vastly overcapitalized. When the collapse comes—as come it will—it will sweep all these naturally non-paying concerns to financial ruin. Of course the theory on which the trust is built is its ability to raise prices, but that is sure to result in trouble. When the tumble comes it will be general. The crash will carry pretty much everything with it, and the innocent will suffer with the guilty."

Mr. Washburn is not the only man prominent in the business world who foresees the disastrous effect that will be produced, if the formation of trusts issuing millions of shares on wind be permitted to continue.

Speaking as a Republican politician, Mr. Washburn warns his party that it must take action. He says:

"There is one thing that greatly disturbs me. The Republican party, whether justly or unjustly, is associated with trusts in the minds of the masses. As a party we have reached a crisis where we must call a halt. The Republican party must disconnect itself from the trusts. It must do something more than adopt platform planks against trusts. The feeling against the trust idea is intense in the West. It is so intense in the Republican party that the party will break ranks unless something is done. The revolt may strike us as early as next year."

As The Herald has repeatedly pointed out, the people will look to the next congress, Republican in both branches, to enact laws that will prove effectual in throttling the trusts, and if congress fails to remove the tariff duties from articles controlled by trusts, or adopt other legislation that will cure the gigantic evil, the people will hold the Republican party responsible at the polls next year. The people, as Senator Washburn says, will not be satisfied with platform planks against trusts. There must be action—not talk. The Republicans, being in control of congress, are in a position to take action. If they fail, the people will place the Democratic party in power and give it a chance to show its ability to handle the trust evil.

### *BETTER STAY AT HOME.*

The Portland, Ore., Telegram has issued a warning to credulous people, cautioning them against believing much of the booming reports coming in about Cape Nome. Such stories are almost always exaggerated, and in this instance there is reason to believe that most of them are pure inventions, or at the best gross exaggerations.

Much shameful and morally criminal work has been done along this line in the past two years by interested parties, chiefly transportation companies doing business in Alaska, or between there and Seattle. Merely for the sake of securing the price charged for transportation, thousands of men have been lured into inhospitable, uninhabitable regions, where there is little if any gold, by unscrupulous agents of and hired rustlers for these companies.

It asserted that the Seattle people "stand in," and at least tacitly indorse these infamous reports, because much of the coin of the deluded victims drops into their coffers. There was much gold in the Klondike region, but where one man obtained any worth making the trip there far, ten or more, probably 100, found little or none. Then far awhile whole square miles of gold was lying loose in the Atlin district, till the transportation companies and the outfitters and entertainers "worked" as many people possibly on that "lay." Now it is Cape Nome, where anybody with the price of transportation from Seattle or Victoria up, or from Dawson down, can soon acquire wealth "beyond the dreams of avarice."

The Telegram says that very likely some gold has been found at Cape Nome, but very few men who have gone, or who do go there, will get much gold. Most of them will be out what it costs them to outfit, go and return, and a good many will never come back. It is well enough for a young, strong, single man to go to Alaska, for in that vast upper Arctic region there are streaks and patches of gold; but he should go fully prepared and expecting to stay about three years, which requires the price of a nice little farm. And the man who has that much money would do far better to stay in Minnesota and go farming, or engage in some other business than to go to Alaska, endure the hardships certain to be experienced in that country and take the slim chances of finding gold.

### *AN ABSURD IDEA.*

The suggestion that the Paris exposition of 1900 should be boycotted, because of the infamous verdict given in the Dreyfus case by the court-martial at Rennes, is too absurd for serious consideration. The French army is not the French people, and the latter cannot be held responsible for the outrageous perversion of justice that has taken place. There are many Frenchmen who denounce the Rennes verdict as vehemently as do the people of other countries, and there is strong evidence that the civil authorities of France are in favor of such action as will relieve Capt. Dreyfus from serving the sentence pronounced. It is not improbable that he will be pardoned by the president.

But, even if the sentence of the court be carried into execution, and Dreyfus be sent to a military prison, that would not be a sufficient reason for boycotting the Paris exposition. It would not be creditable to any American, who enjoys the blessings of American institutions, to do anything that would retard the success of the great international exposition.

### *CORNELIUS VANDERBILT.*

The death is announced of Cornelius Vanderbilt, the head of the great Vanderbilt interests, which occurred rather suddenly in New York this morning. Mr. Vanderbilt's health has been rather poor for several years past, and on that account he retired from the chairmanship of the boards of the numerous railroad companies of which the Vanderbilt interest is in control, Chauncey Depew taking his place. Mr. Vanderbilt, however, did not retire altogether from active business, and has up to his death participated in all the plans of the great railroad system which he did so much to build up, as his father did before him.

Mr. Vanderbilt found time during his busy life to devote considerable attention to the charitable, religious and educational institutions of New York city, and it will probably be found that they have been handsomely provided for in his will. Among Mr. Vanderbilt's benefactions during his life were the gift of a building in New York city for the use of railroad employes, a contribution of $100,000 for the Protestant Episcopal cathedral, and a collection of drawings by the old masters and the painting of the "Horse Fair" by Rosa Bonheur, to the Metropolitan museum of art.

There is no member of the Vanderbilt family who at present appears to possess the necessary ability to manage the great interests which were so well handled by "Commodore" Vanderbilt, next by William H. Vanderbilt and, since the latter's death, by Cornelius Vanderbilt. It is altogether likely that Chauncey Depew will continue to look after these interests as he has been doing since the health of Cornelius Vanderbilt failed him a few years ago.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

The Kansas City Star says it was not until the McKinley tariff act became operative that Germany began to legislate against imports from America, and believing the United States would not materially modify its tariff schedule German merchants started in to make commercial conquests in South America, Mexico and Africa. The venture has been wonderfully successful, so much so, indeed, that the sentiment is growing all over Germany that trade interchange with the United States is not as essential as it was thought to be. Germany should be our best customer next to Great Britain, and we should be heavy buyers in German markets, and such trade conditions will undoubtedly obtain when we grant to Germany the same commercial rights in our markets that we are demanding in her markets.

Booker T. Washington has recently incorporated Hobson City, a town of 402 souls, a short distance from Tuskeegee, where his well-known school is located. Hobson City is composed entirely of negro population and will ostracise any white man who attempts residence there. This is not the first experiment of the kind. Princeton, N. C., and Lincolnville, S. C., each with colored inhabitants of about 1000, have been trying their hands at local government unaided by the white man. The experiment in these cases has been successful.

A man found a check for $20,000 in front of 50 Broadway, New York, on Monday. The check was drawn in favor of W. D. Barbour & Co., Broadway brokers. The finder of the check took the valuable piece of paper to Mr. Barbour, who merely said: "Thanks, I'll do as much for you some day." This dose not seem to be an excellent way of promoting honesty.

The number of Spanish immigrants to Cuba has been increasing during the past two months and the health authorities of Havana are exceptionally vigilant, owing to the presence of the bubonic plague in Portugal. Every ship from a Spanish port is thoroughly inspected. After taking the declaration of the captain, each immigrant is examined separately.

One of Pension Commissioner Evans' critics recently accused that official of having a "literary bureau." Mr. Evans replied emphatically: "Yes, I have, and it consists of every reputable newspaper in the United States."

Sir William Van Horne has had a dream of a fast through Canadian Pacific passenger and freight service from London, via Canada to the Orient. And Sir William's dreams frequently become realities.

The Buffalo News says: The rise in the price of diamonds is accounted for by the fact that such a great number have been stolen from actresses recently that there is a shortage in the market.

An Eastern paper having said that "Col. Watterson has taken both horns of the dilemma," the Detroit News suggests that perhaps one of them was only the chaser.

Says the Detroit News: "They have become Mr. Rockefeller's lakes, and if he wishes to block navigation, that's his business."

It can hardly be claimed that Mr. Bryan dictated the platform of the American Bankers' association.

Majuba hill still obstructs the British view of the situation in the Transvaal.

### *Not For the Poor Man.*

Hibbing News: That Minnesota park grab has got down to 800,000 acres. A committee composed of all the sweets of Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis will visit the proposed park in October. After reading the list of those invited for the jaunt the poor man will wonder where he is to come in on this grand proposition to create a hunting reserve for the monied men of the great cities. The people interested in the park scheme are undoubtedly of that class who hold that a man has no business to be poor and a sportsman too. Let's give each of the park makers a timber and stone or a homestead claim to work out and let it go at that.

### *Time to Get Rid of Otis.*

New York Journal: The intolerable situation in the Philippines will continue so long as Gen. Otis remains in command of the troops. There is no hope in that quarter. Criticism will only add to his obstinacy. He is above accepting advice.

### *Look Not Upon the Loaf.*

Indianapolis Journal: Mrs. Helen L. Bullock, of the Woman's Christian Temperance union, has begun a crusade against root beer because it contains, as she alleges, a trace of alcohol. So does yeast, and there is vastly more alcohol consumed in yeast than in root beer. Consistency would require such people to demand the eating of unleavened bread.

### *Enemies of Civil Service.*

New Orleans Times-Democrat: It is obvious that the administration, for all McKinley's fine talk, is determined, at the instance of the politicians, to make the civil service law so odious that there will be a general cry all over the country for its repeal.

### *No Comfort to Aguinaldo.*

New York Journal: Gen. "Joe" Wheeler will command Gen. Funston's brigade. The intrepid young Kansan will return home for a well-earned rest. The Filipinos have a surprise in store for them. If they thought young Funston was a cyclone in uniform, wait until old "Fighting Joe" gets on their trail.

### *Free Delivery Endorsed.*

Minneapolis Tribune: If there is no stronger argument against the extension of rural free delivery than that it will throw a lot of fourth-class postmsters out of a job, the system is pretty sure of becoming general. The interests of one or two men in a community of several hundred ought not to have any great weight in so important a matter as this.

## IN A LIGHTER VEIN.

Chicago Record: "How did you get a start as an artist?"

"Well, when I was a bootblack I used seven different shades of polish on tan shoes."

-:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "The dispatches say that Gen. Joe Wheeler is to succeed Gen. Funston."

"But Wheeler can't swim."

"Can Funston climb a tree?"

-:—:-

Indianapolis Journal: "There comes a time in the life of every man," said the cornfed philosopher, "when he has to admit either he is getting older or that he has no more sense than he used to have."

-:—:-

Philadelphia North American: "Blickersniff's doctor has ordered him to cease riding in his horseless carriage for a while."

"What's the trouble?"

"He's used it so constantly that he has become automobilious."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "Do you intend to take any interest in the campaign?"

"Interest!" echoed Senator Sorghum. "I mean to do better than that. I expect to draw a dividend."

-:—:-

Brooklyn Life: Father—So you have decided to become an artist?

Son—Yes.

Father—Well, I have no objections, if you don't draw on me.

-:—:-

Chicago Record: "I can't see why the people of Nineveh ever believed Jonah, anyway."

"Well, you know a whale isn't strictly a fish."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "You make me think of a comic opera performer," said the person to whom the Sulu sultan owes money, and who therefore takes great liberties.

"Why?" was the reproachful inquiry. "Simply because I have been married so many times?"

### *When the Corn Is on the Cob.*

Some people fancy lobster
When it's served in Newburg style;
Some for a bite of bluefish
Would be glad to walk a mile;
There are people who love oysters,
And I've often vaguely heard
That there's something like contentment
In a bottle and a bird.
But the greatest satisfaction
That my palate gives to me
Is in eating corn upon the cob—
When no one's there to see.

There are people who go crazy
Over duck that's strong and tough,
And I've heard wise men declaring
That bear steak was good enough;
There are those who cling to turkey,
Others say a mess of trout
Is a thing to make a monarch
Sit up nights and talk about,
But of all the joys of eating
The most joyful thing for me
Is to chew the corn upon the cob—
When no one's there to see!

There's a royal satisfaction,
When the butter's on the ear,
In the chewing of the kernels,
Being sure there's no one near;
There's a sweetness in the smearing
That you get upon your chin
And the joy of it increases
From the moment you begin.
But, alas, what compensation
Is contained for you and me
In nibbling the corn upon the cob
When other folks may see
—S. E. Kiser in Chicago Times-Herald

### *In the Right.*

Cloquet Pine Knot: Henry Trueisen is getting a good deal of abuse for not assisting to pass the hat for the benefit of Minneapolis and St. Paul in the matter of bringing the Thirteenth home. Henry appears to us to be in the right in the matter. He says Duluth brought her troops home without either asking or receiving help from Minneapolis and does not see why Minneapolis cannot do the same.

### *Revising an "Old Saw."*

Brooklyn Eagle: A man is not known by the company he keeps. It may be forced on him. But he is known by the company which keeps him. Of a certain unwise person, Mr. Tilden said: "I am not intimate with him. He is intimate with me." A heap of difference there!

### *Effect of Trust "Economies."*

Springfield Republican: The tin plate combination has made another advance in prices. Altogether it has marked quotations up about 80 per cent since the understanding began of improving the profits of capital in the business solely through "economies" in production and distribution.

### *Rural Free Delivery.*

Minneapolis Tribune: If there is no stronger argument against the extension of rural free delivery than that it will throw a lot of fourth-class postmasters out of a job, the system is pretty sure of becoming general. The interests of one or two men in a community of several hundred ought not to have any great weight in so important a matter as this.

### *A Carlton Opinion.*

Cloquet Pine Knot: It is somewhat curious that so far, the chief, if not the only opposition to Congressman Morris has come from Duluth. It is Duluth that is never weary of belittling his work in congress, nor of sneering at and abusing him personally. It is difficult to guess just what advantage the Zenith City proposes to herself from this systematic crying down of one of her ablest citizens. It is probably the result of an exaggerated idea of her own importance in the district, and is likely to have anything but pleasant consequences for her. Duluth may be able to inflict a good deal of damage upon Morris; may even be able to defeat him for the Republican nomination, but there is no other St. Louis county man who can get it.

### *McCarthy's Finish.*

Hibbing News: We can see C. C. McCarthy's finish as a congressional possibility. He has taken to writin' poetry and the first eruption was after reading "The Man With the Hoe." Too bad.

### *Was Much Needed.*

St. Cloud Journal-Press: Duluth wants an improvement association. And it is a long felt want.

### *Globe Sights.*

Atchison Globe: After a bank has failed, how long do the people remember the lesson?

Help your friends while they are alive; don't wait to give them a big funeral.

A man who can't borrow $10 of a man, can borrow $1000 of his widow.

A woman attaches so much importance to the enjoyment of clear conscience in time of trouble, that she can become almost hilarious over it.

Let a girl enjoy having everything light blue in her bedroom as long as she can; after she is married, she willl say less about things matching.

Did you ever in all your life spend one whole day in doing just as you choose? Think it over; isn't one day to do entirely as you please yours by right, but did you have it?

Not long ago a certain Atchison man shot at his wife, but fortunately missed her. Nothing was said about it. Another Atchison man didn't do a thing, but people were so anxious to talk about him that they invented a lot of stories.

Our idea of a good singer is one who refuses to sing any of the so-called "popular" colored melodies. The title of the latest song is "The Rats Are After Me." It is enough to drive a man out of society to hear a pretty girl, who looks as if she were always thinking of angels and flowers, get up and sing "The Rats Are After Me."

In some towns you hear of Miss Girl is pulled out of bed at day-break, propped in front of a piano, and compelled to practice until school time, and she is propped there again at 4 o'clock, and puts in from three to four hours more. Mothers are becoming more humane in their ambitions, and a girl now doesn't practice longer than a few minutes a day. At least this is the situation in Atchison, where there are many homes where the girls are not taught music at all, and the piano is opened only for company. Mothers are beginning to realize that the world hates a girl who can play a piano, and can't do anything else. The reform should not stop here; the time left unoccupied by keeping the piano closed might profitably be devoted to a practice in cooking and sewing. This is a busy world, and the loafer, though she may be a pretty girl, will find herself crowded to the wall.

### *Zola's Dog.*

Paris Messenger: M. Emile Zola is very fond of animals, and a touching story is told in this connection. When the novelist left hurriedly for England at the time of his threatened arrest, he had no opportunity of taking his little dog with him. The affectionate creature became very dejected. Later the poor dog met his death from a stroke of lightning. Writing of the circumstances to Mlle. Adrienne Neyrat, the directress of the Amides Betes, M. Zola says: "It seems to me as if my departure had killed him, and I wept like a child. Even now it is impossible for me to think of it without being moved to tears. When I returned a corner of the house seemed empty. Of all my sacrifices, the death of my dog in my absence has been one of the hardest. This sort of thing is ridiculous, I know, and if I tell it to you, Mademoiselle, it is because I am sure to find in you a tender heart for animals, and one who will not laugh too much."

### *Best Workmen In the World.*

San Francisco Call: English newspapers have repeatedly asked why the farmers in the colonies prefer implements of American manufacture to those of British manufacture. The answer from the antipodes is because the United States makes the best. Now, will the insular press be quiet?

## IN MICHIGAN.

### Rushing Railroad Work---Copper Range Road Imports Southern Negroes.

Houghton—In order to complete its line this season the Copper Range Railroad company will double its present force of 1000 men, importing Southern negroes for the purpose, as it is impossible to secure white labor in adequate quantity. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic contractors have begun work on a 50-mile extension through the copper belt from Newtonville, below Houghton, to Mass City, Ontonagon county.

Fourteen miles of steel will be laid on the new line before snow flies—six miles from the St. Paul junction east to the Fire Steel river, which will be bridged with a structure 104 feet high, and eight miles westward from the junction with the Houghton division near Newtonville. The grading will be pushed until stopped by frost, although, as stated, no attempt will be made to get in more than fourteen miles of steel. The surveys show no rock work at all on the line, hence it is expected that work on the roadbed will cease during the winter months, to be resumed as soon after the spring break-up as possible.

The South Shore's line from the Mineral Range to Grosse Pointe, eleven miles of main line and fully half that number in switches and sidings, is now rapidly approaching completion. At the Franklin and Arcadian mills the work is being finished by the laying of the steel to the Arcadian's big coal dock, now nearing completion, while the only work remaining is the putting in of about three miles of siding at the Arcadian mine, where some delay has been experienced because of the contractor having the grading in charge. This line, though short, presented many engineering difficulties and has a grade of fully 3 per cent with the traffic going down to Dollar Bay and of 1 per cent against it from there up to the mills at Grosse Pointe. The crossing of the Quincy road is overhead on a trestle fully 1200 feet long, while the crossing of the Hancock & Calumet, also overhead, is on a trestle 1000 feet long. Like the Mineral Range, the new road is standard gauge.

Following is an abstract of the statement of Capt Chynoweth of the Mayflower mine:

"A shaft on what is called the west lode has been sunk to a depth of sixty-seven feet. Another shaft on what we call the east lode is now down 122 feet. Shaft No. 2 on this same (east) lode is down thirty-two feet, making a total of 221 feet in shafts sunk during the last three months.

"Test pits to the depth of seventy-four feet have been sunk on several of the ten lodes which are known to cross our property. We have also trenched 1500 feet on different portions of our property. The average depth of these trenches is nine feet.

"The east lode, so-called, has been sunk in a fine copper-bearing amygdaloid lode and at the depth above mentioned (112) feet we have no foot or hanging wall. A cross-cut has been started this week toward both the foot and hanging.

"In sinking this shaft, we have not only encountered excellent stamp rock, but also small barrel copper.

"The shaft above mentioned as being sixty-seven feet deep on the west lode is in a copper bearing, amygdaloid belt, and has shown some excellent ground in sinking to its present depth. The lode is twelve feet wide, and is carrying considerable stamp and barrel copper.

"On the surface there have been erected the necessary buildings. The boilers, hoisting engines and compressors are on the ground ready to be installed.

"The eastern lode has lately been uncovered on the Old Colony property, and it possesses the same strength and good character as shown on the Mayflower."

The product of the Quincy mine for August, shows a great increase over the preceding month, the figures as given out by the officials late Saturday afternoon being 79 tons, or nearly eighty tons more than the July product of the mine. This is an exceedingly gratifying showing, coming, as it does, in advance of the completion of the new mill and the commissioning of the new No. 7, or "uprise" shaft, the causes which are naturally expected to so greatly increase the monthly production of "Old Reliable."

Negaunee—During the past few days some of the local mines have been shipping ore over the Northwestern road to Escanaba, where ore carriers are waiting for cargoes. The Cambria and Lillie ore is being handled over this route, as well as that of the Jackson mine. The Negaunee and Regent Iron companies would be pleased to ship their product to the Lake Michigan port, but the washout in the Buffalo yards has interfered with placing the required cars at the mines. The washout was quite extensive. The inconvenience already experienced is quite material and has put back shipments greatly. It will necessitate the use of wild carriers at a time when the shipments would ordinarily have stopped. The expense of carrying the ore will thus be materially increased.

**Volcanic Eruptions**

Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, cures them, also Old Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

**To encourage the appetite**

**Uneeda Biscuit**

Everybody needs **Uneeda Biscuit.** The invalid who requires nourishment; the child of delicate digestion; the worker of sturdy appetite, find in **Uneeda Biscuit** both substance and sustenance. Sold everywhere in 5 cent, dust proof, air tight packages. Always fresh.

**COUNTY FAIR.**

BIG DAY TOMORROW.

*RACES BEGIN AT 2 P. M.*

The great flyers of the Northwest are entered. 2:50 trot or pace for a purse of $200. 2:24 trot or pace for a purse of $200. Running race, half mile, best two in three heats. Great string of runners direct from the State Fair.

*Promenade Concert by the City Band.*

*The Fair of 1899 Breaks all Records.*

COME EARLY AND SEE IT YOURSELF.

*Admission, 25c; Children, 10c*

STREET CARS DIRECT TO ONEOTA PARK.

## NORTH DAKOTA.

### Crookston Man Dies of Blowing Out the Gas---Foxey Burglars.

Grand Forks—The name of Thomas Tobaas, who registered at the Ingles house late Saturday evening, is another added to the long list of those who will persist in blowing out the gas and suffering the consequences. He was shown to his room at about 11 o'clock and remained there until he was carried out in an unconscious state at 11 o'clock Sunday forenoon. An employe of the local gas plant was the first to detect the odor of escaping gas and immediately investigated and located the escape in the room occupied by Tobaas. He then notified the clerk, and with his assistance kicked in the door. The tap was found to be turned on three-quarters, and had it not been for the fact that the transom above the door was open during the night, nothing but Tobaas' lifeless body would have been found. Drs. Taylor and McDonald after an hour's work succeeded in bringing him to, but he is still in a bad condition. He gave his residence as Crookston.

Fargo—Herbst's department store was robbed Saturday night. An entrance was effected through a rear basement window, and the burglars took only silks. They selected only plain silks, that would be difficult to identify. The amount taken was valued at $400, and there is no clue to the guilty parties.

The reception to Company B will be of the nature of a picnic as well as a barbecue. The picnic feature was decided upon today, and it is estimated there will be 15,000 people participating in the event. The affair will be held in the park, and it is expected to be the biggest thing of the kind that ever occurred in this part of the Northwest.

Mandan—Dean Collins of the Catholic church here has just celebrated the thirty-first anniversary of his entry into the priesthood. The dean when pastor of the church at Fargo in the early days of that city, bought and paid for the site on which the cathedral now stands. His mother, who is 81 years old, still lives with him. On Friday night a number of citizens met at the parsonage and presented the dean with a substantial purse as a token of their regard for him.

## CLERGYS PETITION PRESIDENT.

### Ask His Influence to Secure Reversal of Dreyfus Verdict.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—The following has been sent to President McKinley: "The clericus of the Protestant Episcopal church of San Francisco, profoundly moved by the verdict in the Dreyfus case, most earnestly request your excellency to take such action looking toward a reversal of the sentence as is possible and compatible with the diplomatic relations existing between the two nations."

The Philomath club, representing all the Jewish women of San Francisco, sent a cablegram of sympathy to Mme. Dreyfus.

**Special Excursion.**

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS AND PUEBLO, VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R., Sept. 5, 6 and 7. Round trip, $32.15. Tickets good returning until Oct. 2.

AMUSEMENTS.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

Lot Opposite Post Office. Under canvas. ONE WEEK. **McPHEE'S BIG COMPANY**

COMMENCING SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9.

Admission, 10 cents.

**PARLOR THEATER.**

10 Second Avenue West.

OPEN EVERY NIGHT.

**Only New Show in Town.**

BIG VAUDEVILLE BILL.

Matinee Every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

SCHOOLS.

**The Maynard School**

Duluth, Minn., 26th Ave. East. Lakeside Car.

A College Preparatory School for Girls

Certificate admits to Eastern colleges.

Equivalent courses for those not going to college

Boarding and Day Department.

Prices Reduced. Numbers Limited.

Address Laura A. Jones, Principal

**TOURISTS'**

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**Pleasure-Seekers' Bulletin**

Of Attractions and Places of Amusement in and Around Duluth

**Hotels.**

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,
A. Michaud, Mgr.
Strictly First Class. Rates Moderate. Fire proof.
ST. JAMES HOTEL—215 W. Superior St.

**Parks and Picnic Grounds.**

ZENITH PARK—
West Duluth and Lake avenue line.
LINCOLN PARK—
Woodland and West Third street line.
NEMADJI RIVER—
Interstate line.
WOODLAND—
Woodland and West Third street line.
PAVILION—
Seventh avenue incline.
DULUTH-SUPERIOR BRIDGE—
Interstate line.

**If it's Scenery....**

You want, take a ride over the Park Point Electric line to O-at-ka beach. Steam Ferry connections at Canal. Half-hour service to 1:45 p. m. 15-minute service to 8 p. m. Half-hour service to 10:30 p. m. Special cars for picnic and other parties.

**Bath House and Dancing Pavilion.**

LONG ISLAND BATH HOUSE—
Park Point, Dancing Pavilion for rent for parties. Refreshments, etc.

**Souvenirs and Watch Repairing.**

*M. HENRIOKSEN.*

*...JEWELER AND WATCH REPAIRER...*

A full line of Duluth Souvenirs in AGATE WARE, SILVER SPOONS, AND NOVELTIES In Sweet Grass Indian Baskets.

*Fine Watch Repairing a Speciality.*

334 W. Sup. St. One block east of Spalding.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# IT BOBS UP AGAIN

## The Canal Ferry Question Is Again In an Unsettled State.

## MORE CARS WANTED

### Street Railway Company Notified to Furnish Better Service on Two Lines.

The unsettling of the much-settled canal ferry question arrived on schedule time at the council meeting last evening. A resolution was adopted in which it was declared that as the city had no legal right to operate a ferry without a special grant of the legislature, the contract with the present owner of the ferry should be terminated on Nov. 1. This will insure a felicitious realization of certain hopes cherished by some that the aldermen will not discontinue settling the ferry question after the bay has frozen over. This action will not only keep the ferry question alive during cold weather, but it will undoubtedly bring the matter into court, as Alderman Neff said last night that a test case would be forced by the city by holding up one week's salary of the owner of the ferry toward the close of the contract. The object seems to be to have the court pass on City Attorney Richards' opinion that the city has no legal right to own or operate a ferry free or otherwise. In the meantime the aldermen do not intend to allow the ferry question to become rusty. A committee was appointed, consisting of Aldermen Carey, Neff and Watterworth, which will endeavor to have some kind of a report on the canal ferry at the next meeting of the council.

Alderman Krumsieg's resolution adopted last night, notifying the street railway company that a better service would have to be provided, may result in interesting developments and a test of the franchise rights of the company. The resolution demands a 5-minute service on Superior street between Twenty-second avenue east and Fifth avenue west between 7 in the morning and 9 at night, and a 10-minute service on the West Duluth line between 6 o'clock in the morning and 7 at night. The resolution also demands that no car shall leave a transfer point while there is another car within 500 feet of it.

About 220 members of the "Longshoremen's union petitioned for the sidewalk viaduct over Tenth avenue west from Michigan street to Railroad street. The men said it was dangerous to cross the tracks to and from their work on the docks and already two men had been injured. The council turned the viaduct over to the board of public works with instructions to ascertain the cost of a steel viaduct and the proportionate expense which each railroad company would be willing to share in building it.

The matter of allowing the fire department eight more men for the reopening of No. 4 hall on Oct. 1 was laid over for one week pending an investigation as to the matter of pay.

The Western Land association offered to settle its outstanding assessments on the Pine avenue improvements at the customary compromise scale of 35 per cent, providing the assessment was split into two assessments. This was done and the attorney for the Western Land association promised to settle today.

A blanket resolution was adopted covering all compromise assessments which the city had asked the county to receipt in full for. This resolution provides that the city shall receive the money and certify the amounts so received to the county auditor. It relives the county board from all responsibility regarding the compromise of assessments within the city limits.

## BRINGS IN INDICTMENTS.

### Grand Jury Returns Six Against Three Men.

The grand jury brought in six indictments against three men yesterday afternoon. Malcolm Macauley, formerly bookkeeper for the American Exchange bank, was indicted for forgery in the third degree on two counts. The first is a charge that he made a false entry in the account of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, of which he was treasurer, by which it was made to appear that there was a credit in the bank to the church when, as a matter of fact its account was overdrawn. The other count is for making a false entry on the debit side of the miscellaneous account of the bank in order to strike a balance with the other false entry. The prisoner said he had no money with which to employ an attorney, and no friends to whom he cared to apply, and Victor Stearns was appointed to defend him.

John Johnson was indicted twice for uttering forged instruments, one a check for $8, passed on Charles Polinsky. Johnson said his true name was John C. Cameron. W. W. Williams, who is accused of robbing Oppel's safe at Tower, was indicted for burglary in the third degree and grand larceny in the first degree, the first for breaking into the place and the second for stealing $800. C. O. Baldwin appeared for him, and bail was fixed at $1000 for each indictment.

## P. R. VAIL AS HOST.

### Former Representative Opens New Modern Hotel at Ely.

P. R. Vail, whose pleasant countenance is well known in Duluth, has just opened the Vail hotel at Ely, and has made his bow as Boniface under most favorable circumstances. The hotel is new and up-to-date in every respect. There is steam heat, electric light, hot and cold water baths, and everything that could be imagined to add to the comfort and pleasure of the guests of the hostelry. There are sixty rooms in the house, and rates will be found reasonable. The hotel is as complete and pleasant in all its appointments as any that will be found in this section, and the many friends of Representative Vail knew that he will make an ideal host. Special attention will be given to hunting and fishing parties and there will be all imaginable conveniences for them.


**Headache**

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

**Hood's Pills**

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.



# A Ship Load

of argument weighs little compared with a live fact, and it is a striking fact that

**$150** buys a good Upright Piano, if taken now. Used a little, but a great bargain.

**$168** secures a New Piano of well-known name, and which is well worth your attention.

Cash or Monthly Payments.

Plenty of capital to secure all the advantages that cash will do; add to this many years' experience, enables us to make the above offer.

Pianos for Rent. Expert Tuning.

**DULUTH MUSIC CO.**

Largest Piano House at Head of Lakes.
Sole Agents for Steinway and Knabe Pianos.
Corner Lake Avenue and Superior Street.


## AMUSEMENTS.

McPHEE'S BIG SHOW.

McPhee's Dramatic and Vaudeville company presented "Barney the Meddler" last evening in the tent in the rear of the Lyceum and there was a large audience present. The play seemed to give first-class satisfaction to the crowd. Tonight "The Temptation of Money" will be presented.

## North West's List.

The accident at the Sault affected travel on the Northern line boat seriously, and the North West brought in a small list of passengers last evening. Among those who arrived were:

J. H. Craig and wife, Forest Grove, Ore.; C. D. Gadsdren and wife, Miss Phoebe Gadsdren, Miss Florence Gadsdren, Charleston, S. C.; W. H. Sullivan, Rochester, N. Y.; T. H. Morris and wife, J. D. Steele, Philadelphia; H. W. Bishnap and daughter, Jersey City; Mr. and Mrs. E. L. King, George L. and A. O. Briggs, C. E. Whitehall, New York; J. V. E. Titus, Keokuk; H. P. Wall and wife; W. C. Wood, Chicago; K. Woodwell, Pittsburg; Mrs. R. Stewart and daughter, Des Moines; Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Warner, Lafayette, Ind.; E. V. Caldwell, Baltimore; F. C. Mueller, Lansing; H. C. Schloss, Minneapolis; C. H. Miller and wife, Columbus; L. B. Littlefield and wife, Detroit; Mrs. C. H. Brooks, Miss Brooks, Miss Hall, New York; B. W. Wellington and wife, Corning, N. Y.; C. M. Peebles, New York.

*Clothiers who sell the North Star fur coat know you will not kick after the coat has been worn a season.

## Large Financier Comes.

H. W. Cannon, of New York, one of the big financial men of the East, arrived on the North West last evening and left for St. Paul. Mr. Cannon is the president of the Chase National bank, of that city, and is a director of the Great Northern railroad and chairman of the Pacific Coast company. First Vice President Louis W. Hill of the Eastern Railway of Minnesota met him at the dock and a special car attached to the night train of that road took him to St. Paul. From there he will proceed with James J. Hill to the Pacific coast.

## Seeing With Our Feelings.

A physician makes the statement that we see with our feelings. There is more truth in this than the thoughtless will perceive. For instance, take a man or woman with a weak stomach, which has not the power of giving to the blood the nourishment it requires. The system is filled with poisonous bile. Poor blood coursing through the brain poisons and weakens it, and the sufferer is utterly incapable of enjoying beauty of any sort or even a hearty meal. The reason the bilious and the dyspeptic who takes Hostetter's Stomach Bitters finds life brighter and pleasanter is because it cleanses the system and strengthens the stomach. See that a private revenue stamp covers the top of the bottle.

## Two Small Fires.

The fire department had two runs down Lake avenue last evening. Early in the evening a small fire was discovered in the Gogebic machine shops. The damage was about $200, uninsured. The other fire was scarcely worthy of the name; it was a small blaze in a box of refuse on the government pier.

If you want clothing, but of the merchant who sells the Lanpher hat and you will be up-to-date.

WILL OUST SETTLERS.

Ashland, Wis., Sept. 12.—The county clerk was notified yesterday by men supposed to represent the Carnegie interests that persons who had settled on the deserted Messembria range mining properties in Ashland and Iron counties on tax deeds sold last October, would be ousted. The syndicate had not paid taxes on these lands for seven years. It is understood the boom in iron has stimulated the opening of this range, partially explored and deserted ten years ago. The range is an extension southwesterly of the Gogebic range.

PAPER MILL FOR JAPAN.

Hamilton, Ohio, Sept. 12.—A local manufacturing firm yesterday shipped to Yokohama, for the Japanese government, equipment for one of the finest paper mills in the world. Japan has decided to make her own paper, as many of her state papers have disintegrated with age. The machinery is loaded on twenty-five cars and the transportation alone will cost $11,000. It will turn out a 109-inch strip of the finest imperishable book paper, 400 feet long each minute.

WHIPPING REVIVED.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The first legal whipping that has occurred in this vicinity since the civil war, has been administered to John Bushard, a young colored man, at Roslyn, Va., just across the Potomac from Washington. Bushard was charged with attempting criminal assault on a colored girl. He was tried at once. The case, as such, was not made out; but Justice Louis F. Smith ordered the accused to receive fifteen lashes on his bare back. The sentence was executed in the courtroom by Constable Gaines, who laid on the stripes with the leather handle of a black jack. It was at first decided to administer ten lashes to the girl, but she was afterward let off with a lecture and was ordered to keep away from that part of the county.

DID NOT FIND ANDREE.

Gothenberg, Sweden, Sept. 12.—The steamer Antarctic, which left Helsingborg, Sweden, on May 25 last with an expedition under Professor A. G. Nathorst, was spoken off the Skaw, the northern extremity of Jutland, Denmark, yesterday, on her return from her search along the northeast coast of Greenland for Professor Andree. She reported that she had found no trace of the missing aeronaut.

# IS WELL UNDER WAY

## Organization of Duluth Improvement Association Completed Yesterday.

## OFFICERS ELECTED

### All Agree the Association Can Do Good Work For the City.

The organization of the Duluth Improvement association was completed yesterday afternoon, and there was a feeling among those who were present at the meeting in the chamber of commerce rooms that an institution had risen on the ashes of the old and obsolete chamber of commerce that will be of great avail in bettering and advancing the city of Duluth. At the meeting yesterday an important step was made ahead in electing an excellent list of officers and appointing a strong list of committees. There was also some talk in regard to the aims and ends of the association, in which Congressman Morris and others took part. It was at first the idea to have separate organizations in the suburbs, but it was decided to do away with this, and save but one central organization, and have it strong.

J. M. Gidding, of Silberstein & Bondy, opposed the idea of having branch organizations, on the ground that it would be impossible to keep out a slight feeling of jealousy between the various portions of the city. C. E. Lovett suggested also that it would be necessary to have one man, the secretary, do all of the work, and if there were several organizations there would not be enough money to pay a good man for the place. Concentration would bring about the best results, he thought. Mr. Gidding said that in Scranton, his old home, there had been failures of organizations like this through an attempt to maintain branches, and on his strong showing the association decided to have but one organization.

The report of the committee on organization, when presented, contained five names on each committee. On motion of C. E. Lovett the committees were authorized to fill any vacancies that may occur and to add two names to each committee. The officers of the association as adopted were as follows:

President, Luther Mendenhall; first vice president, John Panton; second vice president, M. Bunnell; secretary, Thomas C. Hill; treasurer, F. J. Pulford.

Executive committee—Chairman, J. A. Ferguson; E. A. Patrick, G. G. Hartley, A. M. Marshall, W. M. Hubbard.

Reception and entertainment committee—Chairman, C. H. Graves; Ray T. Lewis, H. Truelsen, J. L. Greatsinger, T. W. Hoopes.

Committee on new manufactures—Chairman, Michael Kelly; John H. Thomas, O. H. Simonds, H. E. Smith, C. A. Duncan.

Committee on streets and alleys—Chairman, Michael Norris; B. Silberstein, C. P. Frank, R. A. Webster, L. W. Nichols.

Committee on parks and public grounds—Chairman, J. D. Ensign; A. B. Chapin, C. F. Leland, A. C. Weiss, J. J. Moe.

Committee on advertising—A. T. Thoits, chairman; J. M. Gidding.

Among those present was Congressman Morris, and he was called upon for an expression of opinion. He said that he had read in the paper about the association, and he had come up just as an ordinary citizen would to be informed on the matter. He gathered that it was something about cleaning the city up, and if it was, it was a good thing. He had to travel some now, and with the exception of Chicago he saw no cities more untidy than Duluth. He would be glad to do anything that lay in his power in the way of helping the association. He did not know what he could do, but if there was anything he would be delighted to do it.

Hanson E. Smith said that all of the citizens were working along for the general good, and he would be glad to do his share in the movement. He thought all such societies were good things. They might not accomplish all that they set out to do, but their efforts are never fruitless.

J. M. Gidding suggested that some effort be made to get lower rates by rail and lake for Duluth visitors. He knew of many in the East who would visit this section and would be glad to do so were it not so expensive. He thought that something could be done along the line of interesting manufacturers in this section. There were many in the East who had been bought out by the trusts and who were looking for investments. He thought he could give the names of some who might be induced to consider a proposition from Duluth.

Thomas E. Hill explained the objects of the association and the report of the committee on organization, telling what each committee will be expected to do to advance the objects of the association.

The association adjourned to meet at the call of the president.

# EARNED, NOT BOUGHT.

## Such is the Reputation of "The Little Conqueror" in Duluth.

How hard it often is to earn and maintain a good reputation, and how easy it is to lose one. As with a man's reputation, so it is with other things in life. Some things achieve a reputation which stays with them. They are founded on intrinsic value. They face the public backed up by honesty, and work their way quietly but thoroughly. Duluth people want no better proof of the merit than is contained in the following experience of a citizen:

Homer B. Thompson, of 2217 Third street west, employed as filer at the Scott & Holston Lumber company's mills, says: "We have used Doan's Kidney Pills in our family for years, sending to the Eastern states for them as they were not at first on sale here. They never failed to give prompt relief whenever the kidneys became inactive or backache threatened. Both myself and Mrs. Thompson had been for years subject to kidney complaint, and nothing we were able to get was successful to remove the trouble. I cannot speak too highly of Doan's Kidney Pills and never fail to advise others suffering from their kidneys to go to the Duluth Drug company and get a box. They have invariably given satisfaction in every case where we have recommended their use."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

## DAY OF ATONEMENT.

### Yom Kipur, Great Jewish Fast Day, Begins Tomorrow Evening.

With the setting of tomorrow's sun will close the last of the preparatory penitential days of the Jewish church. With the twinkling of the stars will be ushered in the "great day" of Israel, "Yom Kipur," the solemn feast of the Jewish faith. Services will be held by Congregation Emanuel tomorrow evening at 7:30 sharp at the Unitarian church, corner Eighth avenue east and First street, a feature of which will be the elaborate program, which has been prepared by Miss Susanne McKay. Besides Miss McKay, Miss Calverly, Cyril Tyler and C. O. Applehagen will take part in the music and Mrs. George Tyler will preside at the organ. A cordial invitation is extended to anyone wishing to attend. Thursday morning services will begin at 9:30 sharp and will continue until sunset, with an interruption of only two hours from 12 to 2 o'clock. The program for tomorrow night and Thursday is in part as follows:

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

Prelude—Organ ..... Mrs. Tyler.
Anthem—"Gently Lord, O Gently Lead Us" ..... Choir.
Solo—"Koi-Nidre" ..... Miss McKay and chorus.
"Day of God" ..... Quartet.
"I Will Pardon" ..... Quartet.
Solo—"We-nis-lach" (Hebrew) ..... Miss Calverly.
"Bo-re-chu" (Hebrew) ..... Choir.
"Shema" ("Har O Israel") ..... Choir.
"Micho-Mocho" ("Who Is Like Unto Thee") ..... Choir.
"Mourner's Benediction" ..... Organ accompaniment, Mrs. Tyler.
Anthem—"Who Shall Dwell" ..... Choir.
Sermon—"The Earnestness of the Hour" .....
Rev. E. N. Calish, of Richmond, Va., read by Mrs. L. Roos.
Anthem—Selected ..... Choir.
"Yigdal" ..... Choir.
Benediction—Organ finale .....

THURSDAY MORNING.

Organ prelude ..... Mrs. Tyler.
Anthem—Selected ..... Choir.
Odon—"Olom" (Hebrew) ..... Choir.
Hodu—"Ladonoj" "Give Thanks to the "Lord" ..... Solo by Miss McKay and chorus.
Solo—"Shema" ..... Mr. Tyler.
"Sochrenu" (Hebrew) ..... Choir.
"Micho-Mocho" ("Who Is Like Unto Thee" ..... Choir.
"Kedusho" ("Holy, Holy is the Lord") ..... Solo and chorus.
Solo—"Adonoy" (Hebrew) ..... Mr. Tyler.
Solo—"Hayom" (Hebrew) ..... Miss McKay.
Anthem—Selected ..... Choir.
Sermon—"A Divine Controversy" .....
Rev. Dr. Voorsanger, of San Francisco, read by L. Roos.
"Etz Chayim" (Hebrew) ..... Choir.
"Mourner's Benediction" ..... With organ accompaniment.
Organ—Finale .....

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Anthem—"Soar Up My Soul" ..... Choir.
"Wa-nach-nu" ..... Solo and chorus.
Silent devotion and memorial service.
Anthem—"What is Man" ..... Choir.
Anthem—Selected ..... Choir.
"Soch-re-nu" (Hebrew) ..... Choir.
Anthem—Selected ..... Choir.
Address—"The Blessing of Grief" .....
By Rev. Stephen S. Wise, of New York, read by L. Roos.
Anthem—Selected ..... Choir.
Benediction .....
Organ—Finale .....

The program for Thursday forenoon includes besides the musical part the reading of the holy scriptures or "Sefer Torah." This is a parchment roll containing the laws which were originally handed down by Moses. These are entirely written by hand. The "Sefer Torah" has been donated to the congregation by S. S. Altschul, of this city.

## SCHURMAN SAYS SO, TOO.

### He Shares Dewey's Opinion as to Intelligence of Filipinos.

New York, Sept. 12.—The World prints an interview with Jacob G. Schurman, president of the Philippine commission. Mr. Schurman said Admiral Dewey's statement that there were no differences of opinion between himself and the admiral was correct.

"No question," said Mr. Schurman, "ever came up at a meeting of the commission on which the admiral and himself were not in thorough accord."

Concerning the relative capabilities of the Filipinos and Cubans to govern themselves, Mr. Schurman said:

"That is a personal opinion of Admiral Dewey. As to the proper method of governing the Filipinos, that is a matter upon which I reported to the president, and I cannot discuss. I quite agree with Admiral Dewey, however, that the intelligence exhibited by the Filipinos is often surprising. The great mass of the people are, of course, ignorant, but you cannot go into any city in the islands without finding a sprinkling of able, intelligent and well-educated men, and in Manilla this number is considerable. Many of these men have been educated in European universities.

"I can recall at the moment doctors, lawyers and business men among the Filipinos as highly educated as any I have met anywhere in the world. I share Admiral Dewey's sympathy for the Filipinos, but I consider it a great pity that they do not recognize that the best thing in the world for them would be to acknowledge American sovereignty. That would be the best thing for them in every way, for if we were to leave the Philippines, England, France, Russia, Germany and Italy would all want to share in the government of the islands. There are not many among those nations that would pay much attention to democratic ideas."

NEW CARNEGIE PLANT.

Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 12.—Agents of the Carnegie company spent the greater part of last week here, and developments show that a great steel plant is planned for this city. The Carnegie people are inquiring with former manager Heston, of the Maumee rolling mills, who has been actively engaged in organizing a new enterprise since the trust absorbed the plant. Options are already in Mr. Heston's hands for large tracts of lands and Mr. Heston has announced that he has abundant capital to push the enterprise to completion. The Carnegie interests are undoubtedly back of the deal.

AN IOWA FEUD.

Centerville, Iowa, Sept. 12.—The famous Wales-Wakefield feud of Johns township, this county, which has caused many quarrels and fights, burning of property and shooting between these families the last two years, has at last resulted in a shooting which may prove to be murder. Today, one of the Wales boys and Wakefield met in the public highway and engaged in a pitched battle, Wales using a revolver and Wakefield a shotgun. Wales received a full charge of shot in his face and may die. Wakefield gave himself up and is now in the county jail.

## JUDGES ASK MERCY.

### Dreyfus' Judges Ask That He Not Be Degraded.

Rennes, Sept. 12.—The courtmartial signed a formal recommendation for mercy yesterday afternoon. Its object is to eliminate the degradation feature of the punishment. The recommendation will be handed to Gen. Lucas for President Loubet.

When M. Labori's secretary informed Dreyfus of this action he was greatly affected and said:

"I still have hope."

CODFISH SCARCE.

Halifax, Sept. 12.—Fishermen who have returned from the cod fishing grounds on the Labrador coast report a serious condition of affairs. The cod fishery has been almost an absolute failure and all vessels are returning with small fares. As the fisheries are the chief support of the people, it is feared their failure will be followed by starvation in many parts of Labrador unless assistance is forthcoming.

## Take Time By the Forelock.

Eight out of every ten mature men and women have lost or are losing more or less of their hair. The people have sought in vain for a hair restorer that is not a fake. We say without fear of successful contradiction that Globe Hair Restorative and Dandruff Cure is the only remedy in the world that will grow hair on bald heads, that will permanently prevent the hair from coming out, and positively remove and cure dandruff. Will be sent to any address, prepaid for $2.00 Globe Mfg. Co., Grinnell, Iowa. Sold and guaranteed by A. Qually, Max Wirth, S. F. Boyce, S. O. Sterrett, Duluth, Minn.

Drowsiness is dispelled by Beecham's pills


# Jap Rose

*A Transparent Glycerin Soap*

*For the toilet and bath its effect is pleasing.*



# "NATURE'S THERMOMETER—THE BACK."



It tells the health-story well—
Heed its warning! It never tells an untruth—a bit goes wrong with the kidneys and the back immediately tells the story—
The degree of kidney sickness is sure to be told by the degree of backache.
Watch your back!
Tend to your kidneys.
Take

# KID-NE-OIDS

the modern, scientific, practical, up-to-date medicine that banishes kidney backache, kidney ailments, sleeplessness and urinary disturbances in either adults or children.

The first dose of Kid-Ne-Oids works wonders—a week's trial will ofttimes cure mild cases—take a box or two and your kidney trouble will disappear.

Disordered kidneys are indicated by pains in the back, distress or fullness after eating, scanty or scalding urine, weakness and chills, pains in the loins, nervousness, sleeplessness, loss of vitality, swelling in limbs or body, or both, and sediment in the urine.

Kid-Ne-Oids are in yellow tablet form—put up in boxes—sell for 50c a box at all drug stores—your druggist will tell you of cures they effected here at home—he will vouch for the truth of our every assertion.

Morrow's Liverlax cures constipation, biliousness, costiveness—they sell for 25c a box—at all drug stores.

Kid-Ne-Oids and Liverlax, manufactured by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

**FOR SALE BY S. F. BOYCE.**


## MAY HEAL BY PRAYER.

### Opinion Given By the Attorney General of Illinois.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 12.—The attorney general of Illinois, replying to a request from the prosecuting attorney of Tuscola, Ill., for an opinion, holds that the laws of Illinois do not prohibit the treatment of disease by mental and spiritual methods employed by Christian Scientists or others, where no medicine is used, and that where a person dies under such treatment it is not an offense under the criminal code of the state.

John H. Chadwick, state's attorney at Tuscola, wrote to Attorney General Akin announcing the death of a child in Tuscola 6 years of age of typhoid fever. Its parents are Christian Scientists, and, while declining to call a physician during the illness of the child, summoned three or four members of their society, who prayed over the child for several days. Finding no relief being afforded, the father of the child secured a physician, who, as soon as he had examined the patient, told the parents the child was beyond human assistance. It died within an hour.

The fact came out that the persons who read the scriptures and prayed during the illness of the child had charged for their services, or were paid a certain sum by the parents. Prosecuting Attorney Chadwick was informed of the affair, and was asked to proceed against the parents and others connected with the child. He wrote to the attorney general for advice, asking if any section of the criminal code had been violated, intending to proceed against the Christian Scientists if an opportunity presented. Replying to this question, the attorney general says:

"I am of the opinion that the criminal code has not been violated. Section 42 of an act to amend an act entitled 'An act to prevent and punish wrongs to children,' approved May 17, 1877, in force July 1, 1877, approved June 21, 1895; in force July 1, 1895), is the only provision of the criminal code that can by any possibility be held applicable to such case. It reads:

"'It shall be unlawful for any person having the care and custody of any such child willfully to cause or permit the life of such child to be endangered or the health of such child to be injured, or to willfully cause or permit such child to be placed in such a situation that its life or health may be endangered.'

"I am of the opinion that the word 'willfully' as used excludes it from application to the case in hand. As there used it means intentionally or designedly, and does not cover cases of mistaken judgment, where the parents or persons in charge of the child honestly believe in the efficacy of the treatment adopted.

"I am also of the opinion that under the act of 1899 concerning medicine and surgery persons may minister to or treat the sick or suffering by mental or spiritual means without the use of any drug or material remedy, without a license from the

## NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

Hereafter The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.


## The Wise Traveler

Selects the line offering the maximum of comforts and best facilities. He will always be found on the C. M. & St. P. Ry. The celebrated Pioneer Limited, running daily between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago, via that line, is the only perfect train in the world.


PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO PENNSYLVANIA.

The Pennsylvania Route gets its name from the great state of Pennsylvania, its home. When Western folks wish to visit "the old home," or friends in the Keystone state, they should travel over the home route—the Pennsylvania. H. R. Dering, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, will answer inquiries about through trains and fares.


**$11.30 Milwaukee, Wis., $11.30**

ROUND TRIP—STATE FAIR—VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Milwaukee, Wis., and return, $11.30. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15; good returning Sept. 16. Three trains daily. Choice routes. Tickets and information at Union depot and St. Paul & Duluth ticket office, 332 West Superior street.


Any clothier that recommends the Lanpher hat is honest. Do not be afraid to buy your clothing of him.

## Go to Wisconsin State Fair

VIA WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15 inclusive; final return limit Sept. 16. Ticket office, No. 430 West Superior street.

W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent.

## Free! Free! Free!

A correct and up-to-date atlas can be procured free, also 160 acres of land, by applying in person or writing to the Canadian government office, 316 Palladio building, Duluth.

J. H. M. PARKER, Agent.

ROUND TRIP—STATE FAIR—VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R. Milwaukee, Wis., and return, $11.30. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15; good returning Sept. 16. Three trains daily. Choice routes. Tickets and information at Union depot and St. Paul & Duluth ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

## Wisconsin State Fair.

Round trip tickets to Milwaukee, $11.30, via "The Northwestern Line" (Omaha railway), Sept. 9 to 15. Choice of three routes.

## The Two Finest.

The 4:45 Twilight Limited for St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The 5:10 Chicago fast mail for Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac. "The Northwestern line" (Omaha railway).


## What do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee.

The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems.

Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

**Try Grain-O!**

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O Accept no imitation.



# Baker's Premium Coffee

stands for all the requisites of good coffee—purity, quality, deliciousness, economy. The blend is good, to start with; it's blended by having to pass the high Baker standard. Rich, smooth, fragrant. 25c lb.

**Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.,**

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTERS.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# CITY CAN PLAY ALSO

### Will Show Mr. Gay Something About the Game of Freeze Out.

### M'FARLANE IS READY

### Will Take Bonds at His Bid---Sixty Days Expire Tomorrow.

The game of freeze out for the $500,000 refunding bonds, in which the city is playing lone handed against E. H. Gay and the New First National bank of Columbus is drawing to a close, and incidentally the city is drawing to a flush. With all due respect for Angus R. Macfarlane, the city officials say he is a trump.

Tomorrow the New First National bank will be tendered the bonds for the last time. If they insist on playing for more time, the city will immediately take steps to annul the contract, and the $5000 check put up as a guarantee by the bank will be forfeited to the city. With the contract annulled, there will be no object for E. H. Gay to push his suit to test the validity of the issue, and there will be scant excuse for his name to again appear in connection with issuing of these bonds.

This morning Angus R. Macfarlane, Mayor Truelsen and City Attorney Richards met in the city attorney's office, and after a short conference Mr. Macfarlane renewed his offer to take the bonds at his premium of $13,750, in case the New First National bank does not take advantage of the last offer, which will be made tomorrow, there is little question that the issue will be placed with Mr. Macfarlane, and while his premium is some $1500 under the premium offered by the New First National bank, when it agreed to take the bonds, the city will make more money out of the deal if the contract with the Columbus bank is annulled. The $5000 guarantee check which will be forfeited by the bank will, when added to the Macfarlane premium, net the city $18,750, or $3500 more than the city would have received if the New First National bank would take the issue on the premium agreed on in the present contract.

About the city hall the atmosphere is saturated with confidence. Unless Mr. Gay has a new deck of cards up his sleeve from which to reinforce his present hand, this celebrated juggler of financial affairs is liable to get squeezed pretty hard before the debris is cleared away. Today it looks as if the suit which was begun on Saturday with E. H. Gay back of it was simply a bluff to try and force the city to grant more time.

Yesterday afternoon Mayor Truelsen and City Attorney Richards got their heads together over the contract and concluded that the bank only had till Sept. 13 instead of Oct. 22 to pay for the bonds. The decision was reached by analyzing the contract where it reads, "and the first party (the New First National bank) shall have at its option a period of sixty days from and after the date of the receiving by the city of Duluth of the favorable written opinion of Dillon & Hubbard."

This placed the deal in an entirely new light. The city on July 15 received an opinion from Dillon & Hubbard which was considered entirely favorable, and the 60-day period allowed the bank will be up tomorrow.

If the bank fails to toe the line, there will be a special meeting of the council at which the contract will be annulled and the issue reawarded.

### IN A PRIVATE CAR.

### Passenger Officials to Attend Their Annual Convention.

Passenger officials of the Twin City railroads are arranging to attend the annual convention which opens at Denver Sept. 19, and continues throughout the coming week. George P. Lovell, Northwestern passenger agent of the Wabash, has the work for this territory in hand. Up to yesterday he had the names of twenty-four or more from the Twin Cities, including their wives, who expressed their intention of attending. Among those who are to go are: E. A. Whittaker, general agent of the St. Paul & Duluth at Duluth; Assistant General Passenger Agent Lynch of the Great Northern, St. Paul; General Agent Elmer of the Great Western, St. Paul; City Ticket Agent F. H. Thorne of the Milwaukee, St. Paul; J. G. Mooney, Northwestern agent of the Great Northern, Duluth; W. L. Lind, Northwestern agent of the Michigan Central, St. Paul; Assistant General Passenger Agent MacRae of the Omaha, St. Paul; C. W. Humphrey, Northwestern passenger agent of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, St. Paul; F. D. Sullivan agent of the Omaha, Eau Claire; Chief Clerk Gardiner of the Duluth, St. Paul; H. F. Carter, traveling passenger agent of the Union Pacific, St. Paul; George P. Lovell, Northwestern agent of the Wabash, St. Paul, and A. L. Idemiller, traveling passenger agent for the Burlington, St. Paul. The party will leave St. Paul Saturday in a private car tendered by the Duluth road for the trip. They will be taken to Denver by way of the Omaha and Union Pacific.

Health for 10 cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

### North-West Supplies.

The steamship North West cleared today with a good supply of Fitger's Pale Bohemian.

### Removal Notice.

Our patrons and the public will find us now at No. 2 East Superior street, Room 3. BLAIR & LA BARR.

### Craggencroft.

Craggencroft reopens Wednesday, Sept. 13.

### St. Paul's Kindergarten

will reopen Monday, Sept. 11, 1503 East Superior street. Miss Alice E. Butchart.

### $5.75 Excursion Rates $5.75

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN, VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

Tickets on sale Sept. 16, 17, 18 and 19. Good returning Sept. 23. Round trip, St. Paul and Minneapolis, $5.75. Only line with three daily trains, leaving Duluth, day express, 9 a. m., the limited 1:35 p. m., night express 11:15 p. m. Tickets at West End, West Duluth and Twentieth avenue depots, Union station and city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.


MUNYON'S



I will guarantee that my Rheumatism Cure will relieve lumbago, sciatica and all rheumatic pains in two or three hours, and cure in a few days. MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

RHEUMATISM


### CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbets, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The Kelly Hat Hospital, 415 W. Sup. St.

Tonight the Zenda club will give another of its dancing parties at Harmonie hall, Lester Park.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Angus E. Stevenson and Mabel J. Gillon, of St. Louis county; Oscar Carlson and Lena Johnson, both of Douglas county, and to Adolph G. Wahlrabe, of Douglas county, and Flora McCallum, of St. Louis county.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Erick O. Ohrid and Francis O'Rourke.

Judge Cant yesterday afternoon granted George W. Knapp a divorce from Harriet A. Knapp, on the ground of desertion. The case was tried last Thursday, but was taken under advisement by the court, who has just rendered a favorable decision on the plaintiff's petition for divorce.

People on the ranges who do not pay their livery bills had better look out. There is now in St. Louis county jail a woman who is in on a sentence of fifteen days for no greater crime than having hired a livery rig last March and failed to pay for it. She was arrested on complaint of the livery stable man, and fined $10 and costs. Being unable to pay the costs, she was sentenced to fifteen days in jail, and she is now serving it.

Dr. Routh has removed his residence from 112 East First street to 1208 East First street, No. 6, Chester terrace.

John F. Fredin has filed a petition in bankruptcy, giving his liabilities at $17,726.2 and no assets that are not exempt.

The fund for the building of a church for the Congregation Emanuel was started at a meeting held Sunday evening and it has already assumed good proportions. It is hoped to get the foundation in before the winter sets in.

A local lodge of the Knights of the Guard will be organized this evening in Kalamazoo hall by Dr. Bela Cogshall, of Flint, Mich., deputy supreme commander-in-chief of the order. About forty or fifty will join the order. It is a fraternal and insurance society.

Dredge No. 2 belonging to E. T. Williams & Sons has been enrolled at the Duluth customs house. It has been recently rebuilt.

The first lot of bonded wheat arrived here a day or two ago from Canada. There were twenty-five carloads in the shipment.

Yesterday evening Judge Gearhart performed a very pretty wedding ceremony in the blue room of the municipal court. The contracting parties were Miss Lizzie Cornell and Frank Johnson, both of Duluth.

### PERSONAL.

Gen. J. H. Baker, of Mankato, is at the Spalding.

H. W. Hodgson, of St. Paul, came up from St. Paul today.

T. R. Foley, of Aitkin, is at the St. Louis.

Waldo Sweet, of Fond du Lac, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

Louis Freimuth has gone to Minneapolis to enter the state university.

Harry George, of the Virginia Hardware company, has returned after a week's visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. George, of Lester Park.

Mrs. Kriz and son, Emil, returned Friday on the steamer Majestic from a six weeks' visit to Port Arthur, Ont.

Mrs. A. McKell, of Minneapolis, formerly of this city, is at the St. Louis hotel for a few days.

Mrs. Frank Thomas and son left yesterday over the Great Northern for a visit to Denver, Col., and Prescott, Arizona.

Anton Gronseth left today for the ranges for a little rest.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dixon, of Sixteenth avenue east, have returned home after a week's visit to the state fair.

M. L. Robbins has returned home from Mine Center for the winter.

G. W. Wallace, of Eveleth, was at the St. Louis yesterday.

W. W. Potter, the lumberman of Chippewa Falls, Wis., was in the city yesterday.

A. C. Sloan, of St. Paul, of the firm of Sloan, Leveroos & Co., which is about to open a new clothing store on West Superior street, arrived in the city yesterday for a few days.

Mrs. C. G. Shipman and daughter came down from Ely yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Vail, of Ely, were at the St. Louis yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Nelson, of Pierre, S. D., are visiting their son, O. Lee Nelson.

Franc Thompson was in the city today arranging for the return visit of Hoyt's "Bluebeard" company, which has done a phenomenal business in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. Francis Owens and daughter, of Washington, D. C., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Eva, of 1318 East Second street.

Miss Nettie Swenson returned Sunday from her trip to Chicago.

William McKenzie, of Toronto, returned from Tower today and left for St. Paul. Mayor George T. Marks of Port Arthur also returned.

Mrs. Emma Seery has returned from New York.


A hat to wear well must be well trimmed. The Lanpher has a silk band and goatskin leather.



### FOR SALE.

Houses and lots, which have been secured by foreclosure. Mortgagees will sell for less than cost to them, which is about one-half of real value. Easy terms. Money to loan—lowest rates.

**Stryker, Manley & Buck,** Torrey Bldg., first floor.


### FIGHT OVER HEALTH BOARD.

### Selection of a New Member Is an Interesting Matter.

There is a beautiful fight on for the political control of the board of health, in which free silver, expansion and other party questions cut very little figure. It is a fight presumably for the control of the political patronage, and it is headed by two opposing aldermen from West Duluth. At last night's council meeting the names of William E. McEwen and R. D. Haven were proposed for Capt. Stevens' successor. Mr. Haven is Capt. Stevens' bookkeeper, and it is said that Alderman Barnes of the Seventh ward believes that the job should be kept in the Stevens family, while Alderman Sang of the Eighth ward would like to see W. E. McEwen in the office. Three ballots were taken last evening, each time resulting in a tie with eight votes for each candidate. The fight promises to have many attractions.

# RADICAL CHANGE

### Decision of Interior Department Directly Contrary to Former Practice.

### GET NO PREFERENCE

### Successful Contestants of Indian Allotments Must Take Their Chances.

Among the printed decisions issued by the interior department at Washington there arrived one yesterday that was a stunner for a great many persons and, of course, must have given equal satisfaction to a large number, for there are always people on both sides of the fence. It was rendered by Secretary Hitchcock on July 27 of this year, but it was not in a Duluth case, and hence had not been received here before now. It is in the case of Bryant et al vs. Gill et al. The portion of the decision which is of such vast interest is very short and to the point. It reads:

"The statute giving a preference right of entry to the successful contestant of a pre-emption, homestead or other entry has never been extended, directly or by implication, to Indian allotments for which conditional or trust patents have been issued."

This is directly contrary to what has heretofore been the practice. Commissioner Herman of the general land office has always taken the position that the successful contestant of an Indian allotment should have the first right to enter the land, whether he was the prior applicant or not. A large number of Indian allotments are now being contested in this district by persons who expect to get the pereference right of entry, and who will undoubtedly abandon their cases when they find that they will not have, for the reason that some one else has already applied for the land. This is the condition of affairs in which Le Grand Powers and his wife are interested, and which were on trial before the local land office for a week or more last spring. The Powers are relying on the preference right which they think they have under the ruling of Commissioner Herman. Their claims are estimated to be worth from about $500 each.

The decision of the secretary is in accordance with those of more than one land attorney, in fact there are many who believe that it is right and according to law. The law giving a preference right to contestants was passed on May 14, 1880, and the Indian allotment act was not passed until Feb. 8, 1887, and those who believe the secretary is right say that the former law does not affect the latter in any way.

Under the new ruling the rule will be "first come, first served."

# THE FAIR OPEN.

### Is Now on at Oneota Park ---Tomorrow's Fine Program.

The county fair opened this afternoon at the fair grounds at Oneota park, and the attendance was good for the opening day. The outlook for the fair is very bright. The exhibits were coming in today at a lively rate, and there will be the largest display of vegetables and products of the farm, field and dairy that have ever been displayed at any county fair. The entries in all lines are also large. The women have come in in good numbers with fancy work and kitchenware and household products. The display by business houses is not large, and is a disappointment to the management, but the stores could not be induced to take the time to make exhibits.

This afternoon the program included the novelty horse race, and this was expected to be the funniest thing that has ever been witnessed at the grounds. A large number of the drivers of the city have been preparing for several days for this contest. They have been harnessing and unharnessing their horses until it is a question if, in their efforts to attain the acme of speed in that respect, they have not worn their nags out before the race.

The bicycle races as arranged proved to be very satisfactory to the wheelmen, the distances being about right. The prizes are better than those usually offered in such races. There were to be three races, a two-mile race, a mile race and a half mile race.

The ladies' race was expected to be a very interesting contest, and a large number were booked for to enter. The distance is one half mile.

The string of horses for the races, which open tomorrow, is a very satisfactory one to the management of the fair, for good races are assured. Tomorrow's races are as follows:

2:50 trot or pace, purse $200.

2:23 trot or pace, purse $200.

In addition to these the first of the series of running races will be given. It will be a half mile race, best two in three heats, and there will be at least three starters, and five must enter. The St. Paul runners are all here, and they are a fine and fast lot of flyers.

### ARE ALL KICKING.

### City Officers Complain That Their Appropriations Are Too Small.

City officials are complaining of the apparent lack of system employed by the council in making yearly appropriations. The assessor's department, the board of health and the board of public works have found it impossible to keep within the appropriations. The board of public works will be compelled to ask for at least $2000 more to carry the maintenance department through to the next appropriation, and now there is an overdraft of $3000 against this department. In March, 1898, the council appropriated $60,000 for this department for one year, but in November, the same year, knocked off part of this appropriation and fixed it at $25,000 for the year of 1899. The health department is in the hole about $1500 on the year's appropriation, notwithstanding the fact that the department has been run on a more economical basis than at any previous year on record. The assessor's office is behind about $400 on their appropriation.

### Meeting of Dairymen

Wednesday evening, Sept. 20, to be held in the Chamber of Commerce building.


## Choice

Of our entire line of Bicycles at 25 per cent Discount.

1898 Double Tube Tires at—

**$2.00 each**

All the New Things in

## Furniture.

Golden Oak, English Oak and Flemish Oak.

## You Know

That Steel and Iron have nearly doubled in cost—

**We**

anticipated this and bought all our fall stock of Ranges and Heaters last spring and have not advanced our prices one cent.

**You**

get the advantage. Buy before the stock is exhausted. A little money down and we will hold the stove until you want to use it.

## New Carpets New Rugs

Now is the time to select them.

**Leaders**

this week are a line of best body Brussels at—

**$1.00**

and a lot of Rugs and Misfit Carpets, made up from short lengths, at about one-third less than they would cost cut from the roll. Bring measures of your room.

## Draperies and Lace Curtains.



Ruffled Curtains, like cut, are the latest. We show them from $2.00 to $7.50 per pair.

We are Complete House Furnishers and sell on easy payments.

## SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.

226 and 228 West Superior Street, DULUTH.


# MARINE NEWS.

### Boats Held Up In the Detroit River By Another Obstruction.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The big lake steamers which were on Sunday released from their long blockage in St. Mary's river are today held up in Detroit river by another obstruction. A brisk westerly wind has so lowered the water in the west end of Lake Erie that at noon there was but seventeen and one-half feet depth over the Lime Kiln crossing near the mouth of Detroit river. All arriving boats drawing that much or more water are tied up before reaching the crossing. The bulk of the big fleet, which was blockaded at the Sault, did not arrive down until this afternoon.

At 2:30 this afternoon the water at the crossing was rising owing to a change in the wind. It is now believed the entire fleet can get through by tonight.

WILL INVESTIGATE.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—James A. Dumont, supervising inspector general of steamboats, has started an inquiry to see if the laws concerning lifeboats and fire appliance on passenger steamers plying out of lake ports are being observed. He will visit Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit and other lake ports on a tour of investigation.

THE RELEASED FLEET.

The vessels released by the floating of the Houghton began to arrive this morning, the first boats in being the Schuylkill, Ericsson and Nasmyth. It is not expected that there will be much of a rush in. The greater number of boats held up were bound down. Some that were upbound got through and others were diverted to other ports. The fleet will string during the night.

The North West left this afternoon and this time she expects to get through to Buffalo. The last two trips were only to the Sault and back on account of the Houghton blockade.

THE BUELL'S WRECK.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Advices from the wrecked steamer Buell say that the deck load of shingles and package freight was lightered last night. The wheat is a total loss.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

Cleveland, Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal and ore tonnage yesterday was in good demand all around, but offerings were light and very little business was done. From the head of the lakes $2 is freely offered on ore and Escanaba shippers must come up to a figure equal to the grain rate as there is not a single boat offered from Escanaba today. Duluth grain shippers are well filled up for this week and they want few boats. Coal carriers are scarce, but rates are no higher. Charters: Coal: Naples, Buffalo to Duluth, 60 cents.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: La Salle, 11:30 last night; City of Genoa, Norwalk, Sawyer, Redfern, Tuxbury, Williams, Crescent City, Eureka, Stone, 2 a. m.; St. Louis, Champion, 4:40; Caledonia, Polynesia, 5:30; Fulton, Bell, Spokane, 7; Pratt, Athens, 8; Lyon, 9; Rugee, Neilson, Thomas, Chisholm, Dundee, 10; Veronica, Fassett, 11; Oades, Wilson and whalebacks, Street, Lozen, Godfrey, Sachem, Owen, 11:30. Down: Fay, Cobb, Bannockburn, Minnedosa, Dunmore, 12:40 a. m.; Pasadena, Sandusky, oil barge, Holden, Garden City, Corry, King, Palmer, 3:40; Meriden, Emerald, 4:20; Iron King, Iron Queen, 8; Selwyn Eddy, 8:30; Carnegie, 9:40; America, Cumberland, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Argo, Brunette, Bloom, 12:30 p. m.; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 1; Nicholsa, 2. Down: Desmond, noon; Emory, Owen, Michigan, Republic, Northern Light, Manitoba, Monarch, 2:30 p. m.; Queen of the West, Tasmania, 6; Osceola, Corning, King, 7:20; Marina, Martha, Brazil, 7:40; Oregon, Foster, Waldo, 8:20.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Trevor and consorts, 3:20 a. m.; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 4:15; Yakima, 7:40. Down: Stevens, 11:50 last night; Japan, 1 a. m.; Runnells, 2; Globe, Fritz, 4:15; Langell Boys, Comstock, 6:50; Oliver, 7:40; Thomson and whalebacks, Victory, Constitution, 9:15; Maritana, 10.

Down yesterday: Curry, Fedora, 11:20 a. m.; Oglesbay, Gladstone, 11:40; Amazonas and consort, Empire City, Wallula, Richards and consort, noon; Linn, Penee, Planet, 12:20 p. m.; Presley and consort, 12:50; Fayette Brown, Pennsylvania, Malda, 1:20; Rockefeller and whalebacks, 1:30; Houghton, Cadorus, Italia, Australia, 1:40; Bartlett and whalebacks, 2; Lockwood, Bulgaria, Amazon, 2:30; Chili, 3; Whitley and consort, Bessemer, Krupp, 3:10; Black, 3:30; Superior City, Iron Age, Iron Duke and consort, 3:50; Briton, Watt, Jenney, 5:30; Maricopa, Manilla, Bermuda, 4:30; Continental, Grace Holland, 5:30; Eddy, Specular, Magnetic, 5:20; Nicaragua and consort, Lansing, Roumania, Barlum, Madagascar and consorts, Mesaba and consort, Yale, Stephenson and whaleback, 6; Gilbert, 6:30; Centurion, Madden, Onoko, 6:40; Peck, 7; Auburn, 7:40; Wyoming, Cort and whaleback, 7:50; Manitoba, 8:10.

PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Fulton and consort, 9:30 last night; Shenandoah and consort, Ranney and consort, Oades, 5:40 a. m.; Northern Queen, 6; Fisk, 7:30; Lackawanna, 10:40. Down: Desmond, Bangor, Rappahannock and consorts, North Wind, 9 last night; Matou and consort, Craig, Yuma, 9:10; Northern Light, Republic, 9:20; Appomattox and consort, Harper, Antrim, Macy, Wilson, Hesper, 10; Holland and consort, 10:40; Maruba and consort, 11:40; Ford, 2:30 a. m.; Waldo, 8:30; Brazil, 9; Monarch, Kaliyuga, Fontana, 9:40; Manistique and consorts, Palmer, 10.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Sevona, Merida, Ericsson, Nasmyth, Lake Erie, light for ore; North West, Buffalo, pass; Northern Wave, Bielman, Meeosta, George Gould, Lake Erie, coal; Shores, Lake Michigan, salt; Osceola, Chicago, mdse; Mahoning, Schuylkill, Buffalo, mdse; Schuck, Buffalo, light for grain; Kelton, Pentland, South Chicago, railroad iron; City of Traverse, Chicago, passengers and mdse.

Departed—Scranton, Moythum, Rhodes, Adams, 137, Buffalo, grain; City of Collingwood, Collingwood, passengers and fourth Senator, Morse, Smeaton, Merida, Columbia, McDougall, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kensington.

Hamburg—Arrived: Assyria, from Baltimore.

Bremen—Arrived: Barlsarossa, from New York, via Southampton.

### THE RAMAPO JOB.

### Testimony Before the Investigating Committee About the Deal.

New York, Sept. 12.—The investigating committee resumed its settings here today. Assemblyman Hoffman said that as a representative of the Democratic party he would ask and insist that full truth of the Ramapo water deal be made plain without regard to the politics of the witnesses, and that to that end he thought it necessary that Senator Thomas C. Platt be called.

The Ramapo Water company proposed to lease to the city certain water rights for $5,000,000 for forty years. The contract came up unexpectedly in the board of public improvement and was only defeated by a tie vote.

Frank Moss, counsel, said he had received information nearly three months ago that some move was to be made in the Ramapo water case. An investigation was made and showed the city's water supply to be abundant, that millions of gallons were going to waste every year, but that the system of distribution was faulty.

"We got plenty of evidence to sustain this and two propositions," said Mr. Moss, "and then just as we were about to adjourn, at our last session, the news came that the expected was about to happen. "It did happen, but owing to the good citizenship of many of our people and the vigilance of the newspapers the Ramapo deal is now declared to be dead. It was a stock jobbing concern with no ability to do aught toward carrying out its contract, but able perhaps to make money by disposing of its stock and securities.

"When the attention of officials was called to these facts, they still persisted in jamming this contract through us. If they could not see the condition of the company for themselves, they were guilty of gross incompetence and negligence.

"If the corporation counsel and the commissioner of public improvements thus proved themselves incompetent and ignorant it was incumbent on the mayor to remove them. Failing to do it the responsibility is on him, and after him on an officer higher than him.


CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

REGULATE THE LIVER






## The Burrows $3.50 Hat

Made in Dunlap, Youmans and Miller blocks; unsurpassed in style, material and finish by Hats sold in exclusive Hat Stores for $5.00.

By every test the cheapest and best—That's the whole story.

If it is Price, it is Looks, it is Comfort, The Burrows Hats will hit 'em all.

**Splendid values at $1.00. $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 in all the proper styles and colors.**

## M. S. BURROWS

Duluth's Leading Hatter.



SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

CHEAPNESS is not the essential feature of corset buying. The woman of to-day looks for a corset which will *fit* her figure or *make* a figure. For such a corset she must expect to pay more than for one that is just a corset and nothing more.




Corsets to completely fulfill their intention should be fitted to the wearer by one who is thoroughly schooled in the art—we have such an expert—keep her for the express purpose of pleasing our clients with a Redfern Model. You may be fitted during any hour of the day, though the morning hours are preferable—you avoid the rush.

## An Expert Lady Fitter,

**Sent by the "Redfern" Corset Co. is here—**

Demonstrating the many good points of this celebrated Corset, which is endorsed by the most celebrated Dressmakers of this country and by that famous house, "Redfern," of New York, London and Paris.

Corsets can be tried on to fit any form, and special orders will be taken for kinds and sizes not usually carried in stock.

*Silberstein & Bondy Company.*


### McGOVERN IS CHAMPION.

### Knocked Out Palmer In the First Round.

Tuckahoe, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Glorious sunshine greeted the thousands of visitors who thronged the stockade enclosure in which the Palmer-McGovern fight took place for the bantam championship this afternoon. Each fighter weighed in at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, both scaling under 116 pounds.

McGovern was a decided favorite in the betting. George Siler was the referee.

McGovern won in the first round in 2 minutes, 32 seconds.

### A DREYFUS SOCIETY.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—The Dreyfus society was organized here yesterday, 100 prominent Jews becoming members. Dr. A. Zuhn was elected president and has power to secure contributions and appoint speakers.

### Sunday, Sept. 17, the First Lake Superior Limited Will Run

To Duluth in four and a half hours, via Saint Paul & Duluth railroad, the only line that does it, leaving Minneapolis 2 p. m., St. Paul 2:25 p. m., and arriving in Duluth in ample time for dinner, the theater or social engagements. Runs every week day and Sundays over the smoothest track in the West.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# HOPPER A CANADIAN

## The Agricultural Department Grasshopper Man Says Pest Is From Canada.

## IS FROM ASSINIBOINE

### That River the Breeding Place, He Avers---Researches Next Year.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Every year since the invasion of certain Western states, particularly Kansas and Colorado, by the Rocky mountain locust, or Western grasshopper, in the years 1874 and 1876, the division of entomology of the United States department of agriculture has sent an agent into the field in the Western states each summer to study grasshopper conditions for the purpose of enabling the department to predict, if possible, a future invasion, and to warn farmers well in advance. This annual trip for the present year has just been completed, and the special agent, W. D. Hunter, has just reported to Dr. Howard, the entomologist of the department. This year's investigations have been of special interest on account of an unusual abundance of local non-migratory species in different Western states. Moreover, a large swarm was seen in flight in early August, the exact settling point of which is now difficult to approximate. Earlier in the summer, a statement was published in certain Western newspapers to the effect that it was considered by entomologists that the Turtle mountain region in North Dakota and Montana was a permanent breeding ground for the destructive migratory grasshopper, a statement which occasioned much alarm and indignation on the part of railroads and other land owners in that part of the state. This region, therefore, was carefully traversed and scrutinized by Mr. Hunter, who reports that the migratory grasshopper does not breed permanently in the Turtle mountains, nor in the immediate vicinity. The ground is perfectly unsuited to breeding and, moreover, swarms descending farther East have been traced from far to the northeast of that place. The probable breeding ground, he thinks, is upon the Assiniboine river, north and east of Regina, a region which will be investigated next season.

# WEST DULUTH

The body that was found in the bay, near Wisconsin Point last week and buried on the point by Coroner Downs of Superior is now believed to be that of Nicholas Fimi, of West Duluth, who disappeared Feb. 2. The body was exhumed yesterday afternoon and viewed by Mrs. Fimi. It was in such a condition that identification was very difficult. A tooth was found to be gone from the lower jaw, however, in the place where Mrs. Fimi says that her husband had a tooth missing, and the place was healed over, showing that it had been out some time, as was the case with Mr. Fimi. The hands were gone, and it was impossible to tell whether there had been any marks on the chest, so that comparison could not be made on the other points relied on by Mrs. Fimi for identification.

Mr. Fimi left his home in West Duluth on the date mentioned to collect some money of a man on Minnesota Point, intending to go to Wisconsin Point before returning home. He told his wife that he would return at 6 o'clock that evening. Nothing had been heard of him since, and Mrs. Fimi felt sure that the body is that of her husband. She says her husband was either murdered, and his body thrown in the lake in a nude condition and mutilated to make identification impossible, or that he went through the ice in crossing the channel between Minnesota and Wisconsin Points, and that the action of the water and the body coming in contact with drifting timbers and drift wood, stripped it of clothing. Both feet are missing, and the head is badly crushed.

Mr. Fimi owned considerably property and Fred Christopher is administrator. If it can be proven that the body is that of Fimi, the property will be turned over to Mrs. Fimi and her children.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The commission firm of M. Sherman & Co. has dissolved, Mr. Sherman retiring. William Chesney will continue the business as Chesney & Co. Mr. Sherman will open a general store at Villard, Minn.

H. Patterson has bought out P. Haley's livery stable.

Louis and Custer Silger returned from St. Paul last night.

Mrs. J. A. Scott has returned from St. Paul.

RED MEN COUNCIL.

Washington, Sept. 12.—The great council of the United Order of Redmen met at the Ebitt house in this city today. There are about 150 delegates in attendance and probably 500 members of the order are in the city as visitors. A formal address of welcome was delivered by F. C. Barnkessell, great sachem of Washington, and the response was made by Great Incohonee George of New York. The great inchonee also delivered his annual address. The report made by him showed the receipts for the past year to be $1,427,405. The disbursements were $358,695, of which $54,601 was relief and the remainder for funeral.

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 12.—There is no change in the yellow fever situation here today. No new cases have developed and the situation is considered encouraging.

OTIS' CASUALTIES.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Gen. Otis cables the following casualties: Killed: At Cebua: Twenty-third infantry, Aug. 25, Sergt. Samuel Darcy Lance, Corp. Geo. Burger, Joseph Cummings.

Wounded at Tabuan, Negros, Sixth infantry, Seventeenth infantry, M. Cor. B. A. Morton, forhead, severe; Hobart Plain, shoulder, severe; Nineteenth infantry, Corp. George Timmerman, arm, slight.

FOUR KILLED AT CROSSING.

Logansport, Ind., Sept. 12.—A westbound Pan Handle passenger today ran down and instantly killed Mrs. Sarah McVety, two daughters, aged 14 and 18, and a son aged 12.


**Fruits and Produce.**
FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG CO.
Wholesale Fruits.
DULUTH, MINN. AND WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

THOS. THOMPSON,
Wholesale Fruits and Produce,
Duluth, Minn.

**Brewers.**
DULUTH'S OLDEST BREWERY.
A. FITGER & CO.,
LAKE SUPERIOR BREWERY
Brewers and Bottlers of—
Pale Bohemian Export Beer.

TO POINTS WEST AND SOUTH
—TAKE THE—
Great Northern Railway,
(Eastern Railway of Minnesota.)
Best and quickest service to Montana and Pacific Coast, and between
Duluth and the Twin Cities.

TO POINTS EAST TAKE THE
Northern Steamships,
North West or North Land
Finest Ships on the Great Lakes.

For Further Information Apply to
J. G. MOONEY, N. P. A.,
West Superior Street, (Spalding House Corner) Duluth, or address
F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. and T. A.,
St. Paul, Minn.

**Machinery.**
NEW AND SECOND HAND
MINING AND MILL MACHINERY.
BAR IRON.
ATLAS ENGINES AND BOILERS.
Large stock always on hand. Cash paid for second hand machinery.
DULUTH MACHINERY CO.,
3rd Ave. E. and Ry. Tracks.

**Wholesale Grocers.**
Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE GROCERS.

**Wholesale Hardware.**
Marshall-Wells Hardware Co
HARDWARE.
IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

**Manufacturing Confectioners.**
WAHL & JULIN—Manufacturing Confectioners and Jobbers of Crackers and Cakes. 7-9 Nineteenth avenue west.

**Saddlery.**
SCHULZE BROS.,
Harness and Wholesale Saddlery, Leather and Findings.
Manufacturers of Harness Strap Work and Shoe Uppers.
8 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

**Cigar Manufacturer.**
"Tom Reed" 10c Cigar.
"Alaska Nugget" 5c Cigar.
W. SIMON, Manufacturer, 12 Sixth Avenue West.

**Wholesale Paper.**
Zenith Paper Co.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Building Papers, Wrapping Papers, Printer's Stock,
Blank Books and Stationery.
Write for Prices. DULUTH, MINN.

**Wines and Liquors.**
Wines and Liquors, Imported and Domestic
For Family Trade. Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.
MANHATTAN WINE HOUSE,
Tel. 661. 15 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

**Lumber.**
BURG LUMBER CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Lumber,
128 E. Michigan St., Duluth.
SCOTT & HOLSTON LUMBER CO
SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS,
FINE INTERIOR FINISH.
DULUTH, MINN.

**Plumbing, Heating and Gas Fitting.**
THOMPSON-WAUGH CO., 220 W. First.

**Sign Painting and Decorating.**
SIGNS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Maker of Brass Signs
P. JOHNSON,
211 W. Superior St.




**Picture Frames and Mouldings.**
THE DECKER MANUFACTURING CO. 16 Second ave. W. Picture frames to order. Send for catalogue and price list.

**Builder and Cabinet Maker.**
JOSEPH ROY—Jobbing of all kinds. Piano and organ refinishing. 16 1st Av. E.

**Laundry.**
THE EUREKA LAUNDRY
Gives prompt and careful attention to laundry work from outside towns. Address Eureka Laundry, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 557.

**Inventions.**
PATENTS WANTED.
IF YOU HAVE A GOOD IDEA, GET IT patented; if you need any assistance come in and see us. Wieland Electric company, 315 West Michigan street.

**Blank Books and Binding.**
MAGAZINE, law binding, blank books, ruling, etc. Julius Melander, 117 W. 1st st.

**Merchant Tailoring.**
Suits, $10.00 up, Double Value.....
BLAIR & LA BARR,
No. 2 East Superior St., Room 3. DULUTH.

**Wholesale Liquors.**
The Beneteau Cognac
Quality. Age. Purity.
Ten Years in Wood. Bottles Sealed.
For sale at Drug Stores and Best Hotels.
SAGAR DRUG COMPANY,
B. HELLER LIQUOR COMPANY.

**Grain.**
PIERCE BROTHERS,
720 Board of Trade.
Grain Commission Merchants.

**Rug Manufacturers.**
HANDSOME RUGS MADE FROM OLD CARPETS.
Send card to SUPERIOR RUG MFG. CO. for particulars; 1516 Fifth st., West Superior, Wis. Tel. 4448.

**Contracting Carpenters.**
A. ROBERTSON, 25 East First street.

**Hats.**
C. VOLLAND—Manufacturer of all kinds of Hats. Single Hats sold at factory prices. 109 East Superior street.

**Wholesale Commission.**
O. J. OLSON & CO.,
Flour, Feed, Butter and Eggs
210 W. Michigan St. Telephone 213.


## PEARY DISCOURAGED.

### Broken In Spirit Because His Feet Are Disabled.

New York, Sept. 12.—A special to the Herald from St. John's, N. F., says: The Windwards people say that Lieut. Peary feels keenly the accident to his feet and is much broken in spirit owing thereto. Though he plans a northern advance for next season, on a somewhat changed basis, they do not believe that he will ever be able to carry it out, because of the frosting and the amputation of his toes. His withdrawal to Etath they attribute to an increasing dependency on the Esquimaux, whom he will endeavor to have replace him in much of the work. His increasing years will also tell upon him for Arctic work.

The ice was of exceptional thickness during the last season. Kane oasn never opened and no ship could make latitude 81. The winter's inaction proved very trying on the crew, none of whom save Robert Bartlett, the mate, will venture north again.

The Norwegians in the Fram, who foregathered with Peary's hunting party in May, are very depressed over their ill fortune, especially the death of their surgeon, Svensen. Thought the Fram did so well in her last cruise, she has failed to realize expectations in this. The ice in the Greenland seas is much more difficult to navigate than the Pacific ocean in the Frances Josef Land. The Norwegians are disappointed most over their failure to see Peary, added to which is the very meagre result of their scientific work. They had not even the satisfaction of working north to the confines of hitherto explored regions, as Peary had, and their time and stores have been expended on work which is really but the subject for a summer cruise. Owing to her inability to get far north this season, it is believed the Fram will abandon her proposed expedition next spring.

OFFERED NO LOAN.

Paris Sept. 12.—It is authoritively denied that the Credit Lyonnaise has offered to loan Jiminez, the aspirant to the presidency of Santo Domingo, lite sum of 2,000,000 francs.

CHILLY FOR ORLEANS.

Paris Sept. 12.—The Journal says the duke of Orleans has cause to regret the part he has taken in the Dreyfus case, adding that the English royal family declined to attend the marriage of the son of the duke of Chartres, that the king of Belgium has requested the duke of Orleans not to stay in Belgium and that the king of Italy has forbidden his nephew, the duke of Aosta, whose wife is the sister of the duke of Orleans, to receive the duke of Orleans if he comes to Italy.


When a man first hears of it he asks the dealer if he sells
Sweet Lotus?
After he has tried it he always orders
Sweet Lotus.
If the dealer offers him something else instead he yells
Sweet Lotus!
And if he doesn't get it he goes across the street and is heard through the other store's doorway ordering
Sweet Lotus
And he gets it because it is the Best, Bright, Sweet Long Cut
TOBACCO
for Smoking and Chewing on Earth


# MAGNATE IS DEAD

## Cornelius Vanderbilt Expires at His New York Home of Paralysis.

## THE SECOND ATTACK

### Stroke Occurred About Midnight and He Died Five Hours Later.

New York, Sept. 12.—Cornelius Vanderbilt is dead. Death occurred at 5:15 o'clock a. m. at his home at Fifty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, this city. There were with Mr. Vanderbilt at the time of his death his wife, his daughters and his youngest son.

Mr. Vanderbilt's death was caused by a stroke of paralysis, the second which he suffered. The first attack was in July, 1896. The stroke which caused death occurred about midnight. The patient was semi-conscious until death.

Mr. Vanderbilt arrived at his Fifth avenue home from Newport with Mrs. Vanderbilt at 9 o'clock last night. He appeared in excellent health and spirits and retired soon afterward. About midnight he was seized with a serious attack and the household was roused. Dr. F. D. Tilden Brown was in attendance when Mr. Vanderbilt died. Everything possible was done for the patient, but he grew rapidly worse and died at 5:15.

Mrs. Vanderbilt and her daughter, Miss Gladys, are prostrated by the shock, and physicians are attending them.

Nothing more can be learned at the house at present, but a detailed statement will be prepared later.

Chauncey M. Depew reached the Vanderbilt house at 7:30 o'clock. He remained but ten minutes. When he came out he was greatly affected, and with tears in his eyes said he was too deeply grieved to give any information at that time. William K. Vanderbilt, brother of the dead man, arrived soon after Mr. Depew. He was much agitated. He said, when asked for information: "My brother died suddenly at 5:15 o'clock from heart failure, brought about by an attack of acute paralysis which occurred at midnight. When he died his wife, his daughter Gladys and son Reginald were with him."

At 11 o'clock the coroner's office was asked to send a coroner to the Vanderbilt residence, and Coroner Hart responded. The reason for this is because of the fact that Mr. Vanderbilt's regular physician was not with him at his death, and a strange doctor was in attendance who had been called into the case less than twenty-four hours before death ensued.

The disposition of Mr. Vanderbilt's estate is a matter of some doubt. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., was alienated from his family by his marriage two years ago with Miss Grace Wilson, daughter of R. T. Wilson, the banker of this city, and it is most probable that this son will not be the principal heir. The opposition to young Vanderbilt's marriage was based upon his youth and the fact that Miss Wilson was eight or ten years his senior.

At the time of his death Mr. Vanderbilt was president of the Canada Southern railway, vice president and director of the Beach Creek railroad, president of the Detroit & Bay City railroad, director of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis road, director of the Detroit & Chicago railroad, director of the Dunkirk, Allegheny Valley & Pittsburg railroad, director of the Hudson River Bridge company, president of the Joliet & Northern Indiana railroad, president of the Leamington & St. Clair railroad, president of the New York & Harlem railroad, vice president of the Niagara River Bridge company, president of the Spuyten Duyvil & Ft. Morris railroad, director of the Wagner Palace Car company, director of the West Shore railroad, director of the West Shore & Ontario Terminal company, director of the Toledo, Canada Southern & Detroit Railway company, director of the New York Central & Hudson river, and a dozen other affiliated railroads.

SKETCH OF HIS LIFE.

Cornelius Vanderbilt was the eldest son of the late William H. Vanderbilt and was born on Staten Island Nov. 27, 1843. William H. Vanderbilt, his father, was at that time a farmer, and Cornelius, at the age of 16, left school and secured a place as messenger in the Shoe and Leather bank. His grandfather, the commodore, learning of this, sent for him and asked why he had not applied to him for a place.

"Because I did not want to ask you for anything," was the reply. This pleased the commodore, and it was said that he made his will a few days later, leaving $1,000,000 to his grandson.

Cornelius left the Leather bank to go into the employ of Kissam Bros., bankers, but later his grandfather put him into the railroad service. He started in at $65 per month. He was then about 21 years old, and acted as assistant treasurer of the New York & Harlem railroad. His rise was rapid and he succeeded his father as president of the Vanderbilt system. He suffered a paralytic stroke in 1896. He found much time for church and Sunday school work, and he donated freely to the railroad branch of the Y. M. C. A. and St. Bartholomew's Protestant Episcopal church in this city.

Mr. Vanderbilt's great business cares made his life necessarily methodical, and he was noted for his punctuality.

Mr. Vanderbilt went to Europe last spring and came home on June 24, accompanied by Mrs. Vanderbilt and his daughter Gladys. They went to Newport the same day, and Mr. Vanderbilt improved constantly in health. On Aug. 5 he gave a house party at his home, The Breakers. The last social affairs in The Breakers were upon the departure of Alfred Vanderbilt for a round-the-world trip. He left for Seattle on July 25, accompanied by William Proudfit Burden, Ernest Iselin and Douglas H. Cochran.

When Mr. Vanderbilt was 23 years old he married Alice G. Wynne, the daughter of a Cincinnati lawyer. His first born son, William H., died in 1892 while he was a student in Yale university.

## SORROW IN NEWPORT.

### Mr. Vanderbilt's Death a Shock to the Community.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 12.—The announcement of the sudden death of Cornelius Vanderbilt in New York this morning was a heavy blow to the residents of Newport, among whom he had been a familiar figure for fifteen years. Mr. Vanderbilt's immediate friends were deeply affected by the news.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt left Newport yesterday for New York. On his departure, Mr. Vanderbilt appeared in excellent health. He had taken a prominent place in social life at Newport and his entertainments have been of the most elaborate character. Since his first illness in 1896, he had lived quietly at his villa during the summer, entertaining but little, but during the past season he had taken a greater interest in the social affairs of the city, being especially interested in the Newport Casino, of which he was for many years president. He was a regular attendant at the services of Trinity church and contributed largely to its support. He was a generous contributor to local charities and gave annually a goodly sum in aid of the local Young Men's Christian association. His purse was ever open to aid the sick and distressed in Newport and on his departure in the autumn of last year he left a considerable fund for distribution among the poor during the winter.

Two of the children, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, occupy cottages here. Mr. Vanderbilt purchased "The Breakers" from Pierre Lorillard in 1884 and occupied the villa until the fall of 1893, when it was destroyed by fire. The following year he began the construction of the new "The Breakers," which is one of the most palatial and extensive estates in Newport, its cost alone being estimated at $1,000,000.

Mr. Vanderbilt left five children, Cornelius, Gertrude, Alfred, Reginald and Gladys. Cornelius married a daughter of R. T. Wilson, the banker, about two years ago, and later, Gertrude became the wife of Harry Payne Whitney, son of former Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney.

## BALTIMORE HONORS DYER.

### Captain of Baltimore Feted and Given a Sword.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 12.—Capt. N. Mayo Dyer, one of the heroes of Manilla and commander of the cruiser Baltimore in the memorable conflict of May 1, 1898, was honored by his city today. Residences and business houses were gay with bunting, the streets were jammed by people wearing "Dyer buttons" and "Dyer badges" during the entire day, and all the ships in the harbor, regardless of nationality, were decked in his honor. Soon after breakfast Capt. Dyer was taken in charge by a special committee and entertained in various ways until 1:30 p. m., when he was escorted to the city hall to be welcomed by a reception committee consisting of about 200 of Baltimore's most prominent people, headed by Mayor Malster. Meanwhile a procession, composed of the Fourth and Fifth regiments of the Maryland National Guard, the Naval Reserve corps, the Fifth Regiment Veteran corps, two companies of United States artillery regulars from Fort McHenry, the Maryland division of the Grand Army of the Republic and many uniformed civic and semi-military organizations paraded through the principal streets of the city, passing the city hall, where Capt. Dyer reviewed the procession, and where, upon an immense platform, 3000 school children were so arranged as to form an immense imitation of the American flag.

When the parade had passed Mayor Malster, on behalf of the city council of Baltimore and of the citizens generally, presented to Capt. Dyer a set of resolutions, commending his conduct at Manilla and his record as an officer, after which he handed him a magnificent sword, also the gift of the city council and of the people of Baltimore. Capt. Dyer accepted both in a speech full of gratitude and expressions of the kindliest feeling toward his hosts and entertainers.

The sword is said to be one of the finest weapons of its kind in this country. The scabbard is finished in gold and the blade is of Damascus steel. On the scabbard are representations of the coats of arms of the United States and Maryland, the battle and Washington monuments and the cruiser Baltimore, and on the sword hilt are symbolic representations of the arms of the naval service. The scabbard has a service and a fatigue belt.

After the presentation ceremonies the guest of the day, accompanied by a large number of the members of the reception committee, repaired to River View park, where a public reception was held. A banquet in the evening at the Hotel Rennet will round out the day's celebration.

DISCONTENT IN SPAIN.

Barcelona, Sept. 12.—The discontent over the new tax continues. Carlist plots have been discovered in the neighboring villages and the surrounding heights have been invested by the civil guards.


BEECHAM'S PILLS
Cure Indigestion, Constipation, Sick Headache.
10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.


## CRAPS MAKES TROUBLE.

### White and Black Soldiers on Pueblo Quarrel.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—The steamer Australia arrived here today from Honolulu and brings advices under date of Sept. 5, as follows: "The transport City of Pueblo arrived here today and reports that during the voyage from San Francisco trouble arose between the white and colored soldiers over "craps." The negroes were accused of cheating, and trouble with the white soldiers seemed imminent. The arrival of a provost guard prevented trouble, and during the remainder of the voyage the whites and blacks were kept separated, and, as punishment, some of the ringleaders were not permitted to land here.

The Narno, of the Atlantic Yacht club, arrived here last week. She is on a voyage around the world, and left New York four years ago.

ANSWER TO TRANSVAAL.

Cape Town, Sept. 12.—It is understood that the reply of the British secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, to the last Transvaal note has been received by the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner, and forwarded to Pretoria, it will probably be delivered to the president of the Transvaal today.

Pretoria, Sept. 12, 11:30 a. m.—The British cabinet's dispatch of Friday has just been handed to the Transvaal government.

BRITISH TRANSPORT SAILS.

Simla, Sept. 12.—The first transport for South Africa has sailed with field hospitals from Bombay, and the entire force from India will be embarked by Sept. 15. Gen. Hunter, the captain of the staff, will leave Simla tomorrow for South Africa.

RAY TALKS ON HONOLULU.

San Francisco, Sept. 12.—Among the passengers on the steamer Australia, from Honolulu today, was Daniel A. Ray, secretary of the interstate commerce commission of the United States, who has spent two months in Hawaii investigating the labor situation and other matters for the Hawaiian congressional commission. Mr. Ray has visited all of the islands and seen many owners of sugar plantations. He is of the opinion that the solution of the labor problem there is the temperament of white labor, and predicts that congress will order another form of government of the island, in accordance with the plan outlined by the commission.

## TRYING TO CORNER ORE.

### Job of That Kind Reported to Be Hatching.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—A special to the Tribune from Indianapolis says: Twenty iron manufacturers met here last night behind closed doors. Among them were Robert Veerling, of Chicago, and W. S. Simpson, of St. Louis. One of the manufacturers said it was to secure better ore shipments. It is reported the meeting is attempting to corner the lake ore before navigation closes.

## DREYFUS BEARING UP.

### Is Receiving Great Number of Letters of Sympathy.

Rennes, Sept. 12.—Matthieu Dreyfus has returned here and visited his brother in the prison. He found him still bearing up well. The prisoner has received an enormous number of letters of sympathy since Saturday and he spent the greater part of the day in reading them.


**The Most Convenient Train From the Twin Cities to Duluth Is the New Lake Superior Limited of St. Paul & Duluth Railroad**
Leaving Minneapolis 2 p. m., St. Paul at 2:25 p. m., after the midday meal, and arriving in Duluth at 7 p. m. Runs every day, including Sundays, on and after Sept. 17. Palatial reclining chair cars. No change in Limited southbound.


SUPPLIES CUT OFF.

Paris, Sept. 12.—Three men who have been engaged in supplying food to M. Guerin, the president of the Anti-Semite league, which has been entrenched at the headquarters of the league, in the Rue de Chadrol, since Aug. 12, were arrested today after a struggle with the police, during which one gend'arme was badly kicked in the stomach. The prisoners had secured rooms opposite the house, known as Fort Chambrot, from which by night they passed food to him by means of a rope.

MANHATTAN DIVIDEND.

New York, Sept. 12.—The directors of the Manhattan Railway company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent.


**Prevented a Tragedy.**
Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy, for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

**$5.75 Excursion Rates $5.75**
ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN, VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.
Tickets on sale Sept. 16, 17, 18 and 19. Good returning Sept. 23. Round trip, St. Paul and Minneapolis, $5.75. Only line with three daily trains, leaving Duluth, day express, 9 a. m., the limited 1:55 p. m., night express 11:15 p. m. Tickets at West End, West Duluth and Twentieth avenue depots, Union station and city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

GET IT AT BOYCE'S.
Family Recipes
AND
Prescriptions
SHOULD BE FILLED
AT
Boyce's Drug Store.
GET IT AT BOYCE'S.

"LIKE PULLING TEETH."

You neglect your Teeth mainly for TWO REASONS:
You are "afraid" of being hurt.
And you are "afraid" of the expense.
Do not stay away from this office because of these reasons. We can and do surprise you in both. Come before "Mr. Tooth Ache" or "Mr. Swell Face" compels you to go. We use the latest improved methods and appliances which make the extraction of teeth and all operations in filling and crown and bridge-work absolutely painless.
The dentist who tortures you in this age by the old-fashioned antiquated methods is two years behind the times and unworthy of patronage. No matter how bad your teeth may be or how great a number, we extract them absolutely without pain.
We make no charge for extracting teeth when our best rubber or metal plate is ordered.
DR. SCHIFFMAN, Dentist,
Burrows Bldg., Cor. Third Ave. W. and Superior St.
Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL


DEFECTIVE PAGE

Dry Goods **SUFFEL & CO.** SHOES.
129 W. Superior St.

**SILK WAIST CELEBRATION.**



Our stock of Silk Waists is large and complete. THESE STYLISH WAISTS are made of extra quality Taffeta Silk and satins, in all the new and popular shades, including Hyacinth, Military, Yale, Cardinal, Automobile, Etc. Some having entire front covered with clusters of tucks, others with corded inserts in vertical effects; tucked cuff colors, the new bell cuff sleeves with box pleat or French backs, without doubt the biggest silk waist values ever offered in Duluth at the very low prices of—

**$3.98, $4.38 $4.98, $5.48 and $6.00**

**LADIES' HOSIERY.**

We have gone through our stock and selected over 200 pairs of ladies' fancy cotton and French Lisle thread Stockings, tan, black sizes, fancy tops, 35c, 40c and up to 75c, a pair—all go at the low price of—per pair ..... **25c**

SEE THEM.

**LACE CURTAINS HALF PRICE.**

Every pair of Lace Curtains, very choicest styles, must be closed out—You can buy them at half value.

75c Lace Curtains ..... **39c**
$1.50 Lace Curtains ..... **75c**
$2.00 Lace Curtains ..... **$1.00**
$3.00 Lace Curtains ..... **$1.50**
$4.00 Lace Curtains ..... **$2.00**

**DRESS LININGS.**

We show all the newest Dress Linings, the new "SPUN GLASS" Linings—See them. For this week we offer:

12½c English Silesia at ..... **9c**
15c Twilled Silesia at ..... **12½c**
15c English Silesia ..... **10c**
20c English Silesias ..... **15c**
All 25c Silesias ..... **19c**
Spun Glass Linings ..... **25c**

**A Special Discount of 10 per cent will be given to all REGULAR DRESS-MAKERS this week in order to introduce our New Linings. See them.**

**"Queen Quality"**

**The Famous Shoes for Women**




The Shoes that other dealers are striving to imitate—the Shoes that are delighting 250,000 women wearers; fashionable elegance; absolute ease; superb service; all styles

Our price ..... **$3**



**The Vail Hotel....**

P. R. VAIL, Prop.
ELY, MINNESOTA.

New and first class in every respect. Modern in all appointments. Steam heated. Electric lighted. Hot and cold water, baths, etc. A new sixty-room house now open to the traveling public. Reasonable rates. Free bus to and from all trains.

*Special attention and conveniences for Fishing and Hunting Parties.*



**Postponed.....**

On account of Blockade at the Soo, some of our goods were delayed and we are compelled to postpone our formal opening

**until Friday evening, Sept. 15.**

FLOAN, LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 West Superior Street.


## VEILED IN MYSTERY.

### Otto Wylie, a Street Railway Employe, Is Stabbed.

The stabbing affair which occurred on First avenue east between Michigan street and Superior street at midnight last night is still veiled with pale yellow beams of mystery. Oliver Wylie, a street car man, with three other companions, were coming up town from St. Croix avenue, and on First avenue, where the cutting is said to have occurred, Wylie, who is said to have been in the rear of his companions, met three men standing on the sidewalk, and, it is said, commenced to josh them. One of the men struck him, and Wylie pitched in to clean out the crowd. His three companions hurried back and separated the combatants, and the three unknown men passed on down St. Croix avenue. Later Wylie felt a pain in his back and discovered he had been stabbed. The wound might have been more serious had the knife not struck the shoulder blade. The police made a thorough canvass of the St. Croix avenue district, but were unable to locate the men who are supposed to have done the cutting.

### Not Going Outside.

The grand jury is nearing the end of its work, and it was expected when it adjourned yesterday afternoon from its regular half day's work that it would be through by tomorrow afternoon. There will be no investigation whatever, it is said, of any public matters, the jury having decided to confine its attention to the regular criminal matters that are brought before it.


**P. Beneteau Cognac Brandy.**

Quality, age, purity, ten years in wood. For sale at first-class saloons and drug stores.



**BATTENBERG, DUCHESS, POINT LACE.** FINISHED WORK, MATERIALS AND PATTERNS.

FALL SUPPLY NOW ARRIVING.

**MRS. FRANKLIN PAINE,**

106 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.



**PHILLIPS & CO.,**

218 West Superior Street.



**School Shoes**

We sell the kind of school shoes that wear. Our knowledge of the shoe trade enables us to buy the best the market affords for less money than stores that only carry shoes as a side issue. Only such goods as will give satisfaction have a place in our store. Our prices you will find as low as good, reliable goods can be had anywhere.

Boys' Iron Clad School Shoes, thick, strong soles, made on the best fitting lasts, price, per pair only—

**$1.50, $2.00**

Boys' Satin Calf, strong solid shoes for school wear, our price only—

**$1.25.**

Boys' A Calf, solid leather soles, price only—

**98c.**

Little Gents' School Shoes, strong and durable, the best that money can buy, per pair

**98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75**

Girl's School Shoes, made of fine dongola box calf and kangaroo calf, per pair—

**$1.50.**

Girl's dongola kid lace and button school shoes, made to stand hard wear, per pair—

**$1.25.**

Girl's dongola kid lace shoes for school wear, per pair—

**98c.**

60 pairs Misses' $2 tan shoes, all sizes, price, per pair

**$1.25.**

60 pairs Boys $1.50 tan shoes, sizes 11 to 4, price—

**98c.**

**A School Tablet Given With Every Pair.**



SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

"THE FIRST STORE OF THE NORTHWEST."

**Golf Capes.** HANDSOME AND HANDSOMER THEY COME.

Some of the new ones have somewhat larger plaid; some a trifle longer—the short and medium lengths, of course, are also here. Plain colors outside with fancy plain backs and hood, or fancy plaid outside and hood and plain back, with or without fringe, just as you like. Prices have been carefully made, in quite a few instances we've made extraordinary low prices on them.

**$5.75 instead of $7.50 | $7.50 instead of $9.50 $10.00 instead of $13.50. Imported ones $12.50 and $14 instead of $18 and $20.**

**Rainy Day Skirts.**

"Reversible" Golf Cloth—Swell effects in Navy, Brown and Oxford at ..... **$8.75** and higher.

**Tailor-Made... Suits and Jackets.**

Several new styles came today that you should see, handsome black Broadcloths, Venetian Homespuns, plain or elaborately tailored—

**$12.50, $16.50, $20 and up**

*Silberstein & Bondy Company.*


## WHO IS TO PAY.

### Where Are Blanks For Hunters' Licenses to Come From?

When the legislature last winter provided that licenses must be secured for hunting moose, deer and caribou it provided that they should be secured from the county auditors, and it provided a number of other things, but it failed to provide where the blanks are to come from, so there is a decided hitch that must be got out of the way before anyone can get licenses to kill big game.

The law provides that the licenses shall be issued by the county auditor. County Auditor Halden is ready to issue them, and he has had several applications for them already, but he has no blanks. As the county gets none of the fees that come from the licenses, he has determined that the county shall not pay for the blanks. The fish and game commission, on the other hand, claims that the law does not provide for it to pay for the blanks, and it has therefore refused to do so.

This stand on the part of the commission seems somewhat small, as it gets the fees received from the licenses, and it is probable that sooner or later, and before the opening of the hunting season, it will be compelled to have blanks printed for the licenses, as it gets the fees. Another reason is that all of the licenses ought to be uniform, and if every auditor printed his own they would probably be all different.

County Auditor Halden has already had several applications for licenses, though they cannot be used until November. There have been applications from men who are going up in the Rainy Lake country, and who expect to stay there until the hunting season opens.

If the commission does not unloosen there may be no hunting this fall, as the county will not stand the expense of these blanks and get nothing out of it.


**BEYOND RECOGNITION.**

**No. 225-227 West Superior Street**

Will take on a new lease of life, dating from next Friday. Scarcely a citizen of Duluth but has observed the changes that have taken place in the exterior of the old building, but few people have any conception of what has been going on in the interior.

The fitting of the store has already been accomplished. Floan, Leveroos & Co. announce that they will give their formal opening next Friday evening, Sept. 15.

Since Saturday last week the draymen have been engaged in moving in packing cases containing the stock of Messrs. Floan, Leveroos & Co., and the counters are now being filled.

Mr. Floan announces that on Friday everything will be ready for the people, and that day will be given over to a reception of the friends of the new firm.

The opening will be an affair of importance.

In the evening the doors will be thrown open and the reception will continue until a late hour. Flaaten's orchestra will furnish music for the occasion. Palms will be scattered about the room. Lady callers will be presented with flowers, and for this purpose alone 5000 roses have been ordered.

There will be no personal invitations issued for the opening, but the public generally will be expected to drop in, and all will be welcomed by members of the firm and their assistants.


## An Evening With "Carmen."

An evening of song and story with "Carmen" has been arranged by Circle No. 8 of St. Paul's Episcopal church and will be given at the Spalding Thursday evening. The program is as follows:

Group of songs by MacDowell.....
Miss Grace Collins.
Reading—"Carmen" .....
Hon. Page Morris.
"Habenera—Love will Like a Wild Bird" .....Carmen
Miss Howe.
Duet—"Tell Me what of My Mother".
Micaela—Miss Spicer.
Don Jose—G. L. Tyler.
Gypsy song—"Hark the Zithers".Carmen
Mrs. George Herbert Jones.
Flower song—"This Flower Thou Gavest" .....Don Jose
George L. Tyler.
Air—"Here Must the Smugglers Dwell"
.....Micaela
Miss Spicer.

Accompanists, Mrs. James N. McGindley, Mrs. David H. Day and Miss Smallwood.


Dent's Toothache Gum cures to stay cured. Beware of substitutes. Druggists 15c.



**FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH FREIMUTH'S**

**KEEP IN TOUCH WITH THE FASHIONS.**

THE NEW AUTUMN WARES now on sale here are a representation of what the Fashion Leaders of the world have decreed proper for Fall and Winter wear. Just glance over the columns—you can't spend your time to any better advantage—certainly not more profitably. It's this remarkable chain of three links:

**STYLE, INDUSTRY AND PRICF—that makes this the most popular shopping place at the Head of the Lakes.**

***Autumn Dress Fabrics***
Were selected here with the utmost care, and naturally enough we show the correct and most stylish Dress Fabrics for fall and winter wear—The knowing how what and where to buy is forcible demonstrated in this department—The healthy increase of our sales are well merited.

***Black all-wool Cheviots***
Are stylish and much in demand for Skirts and Tailor Gowns. We have three special lots for tomorrow:

***48-inch at....68c a yard***
***50-inch at... $1.00 a yard***
***52-inch at... $1.25 a yard***

***Black Venetian Cloths.***
Good weights, superbly finished tailor materials, have a rich luster, exceptional values at—per yard—

***$1.25, $1.50, $1.75 up to $3.00***

***Reversible Golf Plaids.***
There is no question of the decided popularity of these fabrics—they are the subject of much talk at this time of planning costumes for autumn wear—and the most beautiful Golf Plaids are shown here at—a yd

***$1.50, $1.75, $2.00 up to $3.75.***

***French Gray is the Popular Shade.***
In the East—Seems to be the leading shade here, too—we show Venetians, Homespuns, Broadcloths, Whipcords, Camels' Hair and other popular materials in the new French Gray shade.

***38-Inch Granite Plaids At 50c a Yard.***
8 pieces 38-inch Granite Plaid Dress materials in combinations of Green, Red and Black, Gray, Blue and Black and Brown, Green and Black—are equal in style and quality to many at 75c a yard.

***40-Inch Herringbone Suitings at 65c a yard.***
These popular fabrics come in Brown and Black, Blue and Black, Red and Black and Gray and Black—will give entire satisfaction to the wearers—are exact copies of the $1.50 kind at only ..... 65c

***46-Inch Camel's Hair Plaids at $1.25 a yard.***
5 pieces of 46-in all-wool Camels' Hair Plaid Suitings, very handsome color combinations, worth fully $1.50 a yard; our price—only ..... $1.25

***50-Inch Imported Venetians.***
In popular shades of Green, Brown, Blue and Gray, no better cloths; adapted especially for street costumes; sold everywhere at $1.50 and $1.75; our price only ..... $1.25

***Extra Special! Priestley's Black All-Wool Figured $1.50 Material at 89c a yard.***
10 pieces of Priestley's Black all-wool figured Dress Materials, 44 and 46 inches wide; very choicest of designs; none in the lot worth less than $1.50 a yard; take them tomorrow at—per yard ..... 89c

***Black Crepons.***
Are more popular than ever—we show new styles at—per yard—

***98c, $1.38, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00 up to $3.75.***

***Black Clay Worsted Serges.***
The thoroughly reliable kind—are extra heavy, 60-in wide, sell at—

***$1.75, $2.00, $2.50 a yard.***

***The New Autumn Silks.***
Are worthy of your attention—each and every piece has a striking individuality—a sort of Parisian style attached—most of the designs are confined exclusively to us and cannot be seen elsewhere in the city. The prices are moderate—per yard—

***$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.***

***Cotton Flannel.***
2 cases 30-inch unbleached Cotton Flannel, 7c quality; on sale this week—per yard ..... 4c

***IN THE CLOAK ROOM.***
***Interesting news of Ladies' Man-Tailored Suits.***
There is as much difference in tailors as there is in cloths, and as much difference in finish and shape as there is in styles—The vast progress made in the manufacture of ready-to-wear garments during the last year has been great—Of course, there are manufacturers who are



more enterprising and better situated than others, and who only cater to the best trade—They have succeeded in getting the most skillful tailors and the most resourceful and artistic designers—From these houses we select the best lines, and our selections are sold to no others in Duluth—The Suits shown here are the nearest possible approach to the best costume work, and the prices are moderate—They range

***from $12.50 up to $50***

***Ladies' New Fall and Winter Coats.***
About 500 of them have arrived within the past four or five days; that they are correct in style, workmanship and right in quality and fit is not needful for us to reiterate—the garments we sell can't be but right—We do not allow them to be otherwise—What we want to impress upon you is the great variety of selections which you can find



here now, and the special low and reasonable prices at which we have marked every garment in the house. It is almost impossible to describe the many styles we are showing—A personal inspection will give you a much better idea of prevailing fashions. Prices range from—

***$5.00 to $35.00.***

***Towels.***
75 dozen all-linen Huck Towels, ready hemmed, pretty borders, regular price 20c; price tomorrow, only ..... 15c

30 pieces Twilled Crash Toweling—Irish manufacture—good value at 8c; special tomorrow, at—per yard ..... 5c

***Bed Spreads.***
2 cases large size Crochet Bed Spreads, ready hemmed, a bargain at $1.25; on sale tomorrow—each ..... 98c

50 extra size fine Satin Bed Spreads, elegant Marseilles patterns, heavy knotted fringe; cheap at $4.00; price tomorrow—each ..... $2.75

***Rainy Day Skirts.***
They are entirely new and dressy—adapted especially for street wear—about 50 different cloths to select from—all sell at popular prices.

***Fur Collarettes and Scarfs.***
In Electric Seal, Marten, Krimmer, Beaver, Mink, etc., at—

***$6.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00 up to $68.00.***

***Wash Goods—***
20 pieces choice styles Dress Ginghams, worth 5c; sell tomorrow, a yard ..... 3½c

36-inch figured Silkolines very pretty patterns, used for comforter coverings, always sold at 12½c; tomorrow, a yard ..... 9c

20 pieces good, heavy quality White Domet Flannel, worth 7c a yard; tomorrow, a yard ..... 4½c

19 pieces fast black Dress Sateen, worth 14c; tomorrow at, a yard ..... 10c

1 case 32-inch Dress Percales, standard make; good desirable patterns, worth 12½c a yard; tomorrow at, a yard ..... 7½c

***We continue our sale of Table Damask and Napkins.***
64-inch Loom Damask, satin finish, warranted all linen, perfect weave, cheap at 70c; tomorrow—per yard— only ..... 53c

68-inch full bleach superior quality Satin Damask, warranted all pure linen, a bargain at 75c, cut price—per yard ..... 57c

68-inch bleached Irish Table Damasks, all linen, new designs, 95c quality; on sale tomorrow—per yard ..... 79c

⅝ Napkins to match—per dozen ..... $1.75

¾ Napkins to match—per dozen ..... $2.50

72-inch full bleach double Satin Damask, newest designs, good value at $1.25; special tomorrow—per yard ..... 98c

⅝ Napkins to match—per dozen ..... $2.48

¾ Napkins to match—per dozen ..... $2.98

72-inch Satin Table Damask, made from finest selected flax yarn, perfect weave, and finish, cheap at $1.75; sells tomorrow at—per yard.... $1.25

⅝ Napkins to match—per dozen ..... $2.75

¾ Napkins to match—per dozen ..... $4.00

1 lot about 35 dozen ¾ double Satin Damask Napkins, assorted patterns (no Damask to match) none worth less than $4.50; special cut to close—per dozen ..... $2.90

**We are agents for Jenness Miller Shoes.**

***Children's School Shoes***
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

500 pairs Misses' heavy Dongola and Box Calf School Shoes, in button and lace; new, fresh goods, all sizes, 11 to 2, full extension soles, special for tomorrow, at—per pair ..... $1.39

200 pairs Little Gents' heavy vici kid and box calf School Shoes; new shapes, very stylish, serviceable goods; every pair worth $1.50; sell tomorrow, per pair, only..... $1.25

200 pairs Little Gents' all-solid Satin Calf and Dongola School Shoes, the kind that wear—every pair worth $1.35; our price tomorrow ..... 98c

300 pairs Baby Shoes, 2½ to 5, worth 50c; sell tomorrow, at—per pair ..... 29c

200 pairs Infant's Kid Moccasins, fancy colors—regular value 35c; tomorrow ..... 10c

**FREIMUTH'S**


## A PECULIAR OUTCOME.

### Alex Steele Withdraws His Answer and Gets Judgment Against Him.

A jury in district court this noon gave Clarence B. Stanley, manager of the Duluth branch of the Polk directory concern, a verdict for $1000 damages for assault against Alexander C. Steele. The case was somewhat unusual in that the jury heard only one side. The defendant put in an answer, but when the case was called this morning L. H. Corcoran, who appeared for Steele, said he guessed he would withdraw the answer. Then he left the court room, and the case went on with only one side to hear. The evidence went in just the same, and C. O. Baldwin, who was Stanley's attorney, made a plea to the jury. The jury had been out only a few minutes when it returned a verdict for $1000, the full amount asked by Mr. Stanley.

The story as related by the witnesses this morning was that last May Mr. Steele ordered a range directory from the plaintiff, who when it was out delivered the book to him and collected its price, $3. That same evening Mr. Steele called upon Mr. Stanley and demanded his money back, claiming that he had ordered a city directory instead of a range directory. He was asked to call during business hours and put in a complaint in the regular way, and the money was refused him. He is said to have knocked the plaintiff down and beaten him.

Judge Moer this noon was hearing the case of Hans P. Jensen against the Scandia Building and Loan association, to clear title to lot 6, block 42, Portland division, and the plaintiff claims that his wife never signed the mortgage, and furthermore that it was paid before the foreclosure.

The case of Ole Nicholson against the Northern Pacific road was still on trial in Judge Ensign's court this noon, and it was believed to be good for a day or two more.


*MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.*

**A Big Improvement!**

In the last few months the "New Brewery" has built a bran new, large and commodious Bottling Works, size 50 by 70 feet. In this they have placed the most modern machinery for cleansing and filling bottles with those health-giving products known as "WIENER" and "PURE MALT EXTRACT." Next time you're down that way drop in and see the plant. We know you will leave your order for a case.

**ROHL BROS., City Agts.**
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.,
3 West Superior Street. 'Phone 484.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.


# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.





CULTIVATION

GOOD seed without cultivation cannot result in good fruit. In bringing up the boy there is something to be cultivated beside his talent in Rhetoric and Mathematics. It is his dignity and self respect.



Nothing will accomplish this more effectively than to dress the youth in neat, tidy and stylish clothing. We believe the best is none too good for them. Our ready-to-wear suits are especially commendable because of their style, worth and popular prices. Bring your boy to us and let us treat him right in accordance with the old American principle of trade that is based on economy and full values.

We sell Boys' All-wool School Suits as low as $2.45, the next is $2.95, the next $3.50, the next $3.95, the next $4.95. Can we show them to you?

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.




Bring your smallest pocketbook when you come here to buy furniture, because our prices are adjusted on a low basis. The goods, however, have good quality stamped all over and through them. Each article is the product of a manufacturer skilled in the making of that article. The designs are all new.

SPECIAL--
Birch or Mahogany Rocker, our regular price $3.50—special price ..... $2.95

STEEL RANGES!
We invite you to see our line of Royal and Gold Coin Ranges. Prices—
$24 to $48.
We Guarantee to Save You Money.

R. R. Forward & Co
2021-2023 W. Superior St.
'PHONE 680.

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block.

HOW DO YOU expect people to know what you have to sell if you don't
See what your competitors are doing in The Herald. ADVERTISE?

If you want something new and tasty in Pocketbooks, Card Cases and Coin Purses look at our new styles.
OUR CARD ENGRAVING IS OF THE BEST. ALBERTSON


## CUBA FOR CUBANS.

### Prominent Cuban Says Cubans Have the First Right.

Havana, Sept. 13.—Senor Tjera, president of the General League of Cuban Workers, in an open letter to the league, says that in Cuba they have forgotten that "Cubans are those to whom belongs the first right to have work." Immigration, he adds, is an excellent thing, while there is an abundance of work, but "while one Cuban remains unemployed immigration is a robbery."

The Dairo de Lamarina says a majority of the enterprises and labor-giving undertakings in Cuba are in the hands of foreigners, "who must be allowed a certain amount of choice in the matter of whom they employ in Cuba," adding: "Soon there will be all sorts of opportunity for work if a man wants to, but the majority won't work."

### HARNESSMAKERS ELECT.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 13.—The national session of harnessmakers decided today to meet next September in Chicago. The following officers were elected: President, John Banholzer; vice president, C. F. G. Stender; secretary, Edward Hamsch; treasurer, James Cister. All the officers reside in Chicago, as it is the custom to select the officers from the place where the next annual convention is to be held.

### A PHILADELPHIA FIRE.

Philadelphia, Sept. 13.—The Richardson & Ross asphalt block and tile works at Thirtieth and Race streets, were destroyed by fire today, entailing a loss of $100,000. The blaze was caused by the boiling over of crude oil and asphalt. Albert E. Lewis, a fireman, was severely injured by a fall from a ladder.

## COURT TO DECIDE SOON.

### Decision In Venezuelan Boundary Dispute at Early Date.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Information reaching officials here is that the British Venezuelan court of arbitration, now sitting at Paris, will conclude its work and render a final decision about the first of the coming month. This is due to the desire of Chief Justice Fuller, one of the arbitrators, to return to Washington in time for the opening of the supreme court on Oct. 10. Mr. Harrison has announced to his colleagues that he will only make a brief speech, and this has permitted an understanding to close the work about the first of the month and to render a verdict on this important international question before the arbitration separate.

### WANTS ANOTHER TRY.

New York, Sept. 13.—Pedlar Palmer, the defeated bantam weight pugilist, sailed for England today. Palmer says that after the approaching fight with Curley, which he is confident of winning, he will be prepared to make a match with Terry McGovern for any sum the latter can raise.

### THE POPE INDISPOSED.

London, Sept. 13.—A special dispatch from Rome says the pope is suffering from only a cold, unaccompanied by fever, but as a precautionary measure his audiences have been temporarily suspended.

# CONFAB ON TRUSTS

## Trust Conference at Chicago Opens This Morning With Many Present.

## DISCUSSION OPENED

### Public Supervision Necessary as the First Step In Solving Problem.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—The Civic Federation conference on the uses and abuses of trusts and combinations with representative men from nearly every state in attendance, opened here today. Central Music hall was packed with 00 delegates and hundreds of spectators.

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Franklin H. Head. Dr. Hckart S. Taylor, as the representative of Mayor Harrison, welcomed the delegates to Chicago. Attorney General E. C. Akin, acting for Governor Tanner, who was too ill to attend, delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the people of Illinois.

The roll call disclosed the fact that the most part of the delegates are yet to arrive. The responses, as name after name was read, were few and far between. Governor Pingree, it was announced, would arrive tonight. Secretary Easly said many of the delegates would arrive tonight and tomorrow, having found it impossible to attend the opening session. The New York delegation, headed by W. Bourke Cockran, was well represented.

Chairman Head's speech was as follows:

"The Civic Federation of Chicago is a non-partisan organization, embracing in its membership a goodly proportion of the active business and professional men of our city. Some months since it realized that no topic seemed so widely discussed as what was designated by the general title of 'Trusts' and that, too, upon no current topic was there so widespread and general a difference and confusion of ideas. There seemed to us a crying need for education upon the subject; of an education which would show the broad distinction between the various trade combinations and trust, and to promote such education this conference is now in session.

"It is not a trust or an anti-trust conference, but a conference in search of truth and light. With this end in view the attendance has been solicited of men of every shade of opinion upon the general subject; from the men who regard trusts and trade combinations as the standing menace to our national prosperity, and even to the perpetuity of our system of government, to those who feel that trade combinations and large aggregations of active capital are simply an active evolution in the development of our industrial and commercial life, and that such aggregations are absolutely necessary to compete with the vast accumulations and experience of the older nations, and their almost total control outside of food products of the markets of the world. We are also to hear from those holding views between either extreme; those who believe in the value of combinations properly organized, but who recognize in the reckless and excessive capitalization of many of such combinations a peril leading to widespread panic and distress from such inflated stocks being absorbed by the small investors whose savings may be thus in great measure lost.

"We hope to hear the general subject discussed from all possible standpoints from the view not only of the organizers of the combinations, but also from the workmen and customers of the industrial corporations. We hope that light will be thrown upon the difference between the class of trusts which tend to monopoly and the industrial combinations which in many cases secure to us the advantage of all.

"We are now in a period of a large advance in the prices of most classes of manufactured goods, especially in iron and steel product, and we hope that some of our speakers will illustrate how much of this advance is due to combinations and how much to the vastly increased demand, which in all lines has always in the past resulted in advanced prices under the immutable law of supply and demand. There has been no trust or combination, for instance, among our farmers, but we all recollect how two years ago the short wheat crop abroad caused such an increased demand as to legitimately advance the price of the staple over 50 per cent within a period of four months, and that later an enormous demand for wheat from one of our citizens, Joseph Leiter, whose hunger for wheat gave him a world-wide reputation, caused an advance of another 50 per cent.

"The very general response to our invitations to this conference from the governors of nearly all the states, who have appointed as delegates their most eminent citizens—from the great commercial bodies, the universities, and the laborer, agriculturer, and other organizations which have sent their ablest men and most profound students of economic problems—this response has been gratifying beyond measure and illustrates the abiding interest everywhere felt in the general subject and its impartial discussion. This response also fills us with hope as to the great advantages which will result from the full discussion of all phases of the most vital topic of the day.

"We trust that this discussion may be able, scholarly and dignified, as becomes the subject and the occasion, and that when these discussions reach their proper audience—the millions of people in every town and hamlet who from the newspapers receive the reports of your deliberations, it may lead to such action as may tend to preserve in our trade combinations all of which is of value, as well as to point out methods by which the evils of such combinations may be avoided or done away."

The first taste of the real business confronting the delegates came in the papers by Professor W. J. Jenks and Professor Henry Carter Adams, both under the question, "Problems Before the Conference."

Professor Adams of the university of Michigan, said in part: "Industrial combinations, whatever their form, whatever their purpose, whatever their construction, are matters of public concern, as we do not know enough of this new form of industrial organization to judge properly respecting it. If it be true, and if on this account trusts are to be allowed a probationary existence, it is the plain duty of government to hold them meantime to strict account. If trusts are what they claim, that is to say, the vanguards of a new industrial organization which holds within itself great industrial benefits, the sooner this fact is recognized by the public the better for all concerned. If, on the other hand, there is danger in the extreme application of this form of organization, the government certainly has a right to possess itself of all facts necessary for a judicial opinion and for effective legislation. Where competition controls, the government may safely refrain from interference, but where competition is excluded, or where the conditions of its exercise are such as to give one competitor an advantage over another, nothing remains but public supervision; and the most important, indeed, the essential agency for legislation or administration supervision, is a thoroughly organized bureau of statistics and accounts clothed with authority over the auditing departments of these industrial associations.

"The question before this convention is indeed a great question. It moves in many directions and embraces many considerations. It is at the bottom of the question of social theories and social ideas. Its vastness will be appreciated when it is observed that its judicious treatment will result in securing for the people the advantages of the industrial development of the past century, while to ignore or to fail in its solution, of prostituting the wealth created by a hundred years of phenomenal development to the service of a class.

John Graham Brooks, of Cambridge, Mass., lecturer on social economics at the university of Harvard read a paper under the head "Are the New Combinations Socially Dangerous?"

He spoke in part as follows:

"We do not say a corporation is good or bad until we know what the corporation is or does. If the business is properly safeguarded the corporation renders a social service as essential as the college, the library, or the church. If the larger combinations now under discussion, can be so far controlled as the Boston street railway and indeed most Massachusetts corporations are controlled, I should say the trust is not to be feared but to be welcomed. The supreme question that confronts us is that of possible regulation.

"I submit that the time is at hand for some kind of wise, thorough and effective organization. Nor do I believe it open to doubt that the immense pressure of this necessity is producing the so-called trust. It makes itself far more than it is made. Men will fight it as they fought McKinley, and with precisely the same results. I believe it to be the beginning of practical sense to understand that the new combinations can in no sense be permanently smashed. The party which proposes to do this, in the sense of absolutely blocking them, will have plenty of leisure to regret it. The real problem, immediate and imperious, is how to regulate and guide the new force that stands merely for the latest stages of industrial growth. If the combinations are to work for the public as well as for private good three things, two of them now largely under the voters' control, must be brought about First, as absolute a publicity of methods and account as the largest Massachusetts corporation has to submit to, second, every artificial advantage given by the tariff must be removed; third, railroad discrimination shall not be allowed to these combinations.

"Whatever the future may have in store we are not yet ready for state control of railways. For the immediate future, a decade or so) the best intelligence must go to this special evil of railroad discrimination. The trust plus special railroad favors can never by other than a danger because it makes directly for that wider economic inequality that is already peril enough.

"Given an absolute publicity of fact and the one dominating danger—over capitalization—is already half met. If the trust movement spreads, as now seems likely, by far the larger part will go to the wall from sheer speculative bravado. The people meanwhile will be rapidly educated, and above all, the banks will be swift to learn the lesson, and refuse to underwrite if the venture is too impudent in its risks. Only those trusts will survive that are prudently organized and deal with a product which lends itself to the conditions imposed by the new combination.

"The essence of the new combination is that it is a more cunning, and more powerful machine applied to industries. That means that it carries in it the very heart of the social question. The pithiest formula I could give of the social question (on its material side) is this: it is the struggle for the advantages of applied science and invention in all industry. At bottom this is the fight in our great strikes. The coming contest in our municipalities is accurately this: Who is to control the vast machinery such as lighting and transportation? This has come to be the deepest struggle in trade unionism. Socialism itself cannot be better defined than by its attitude towards machinery.

"Industrial organization on a great scale did not begin until after the Civil War, say 1865. Then, beginning with railroads, we had an outburst of vast organizations of business machinery. At this point, trade unions begin an entirely new epoch in their history. They too strike for organization on a far wider plane. More significant still; here too are the beginnings of large farmer's alliances. Now another period of necessary organization is upon us. The mechanism for this is the yet more stupendous combination we are considering. It will do precisely what the great machinery has always done; create profound temporary disturbances, it will shut hundreds of offices, and drop thousands who were working on the displaced machine. But meantime the new work has to be done under new form, and when the re-adjustment comes, more men and not fewer will be required to do it.

"Very few trusts will make 200 or 300 per cent profits. But nothing under heaven will prevent the daring and successful from reaping unusual rewards from the new ventures. If competition plus legal regulation work now as they have worked, however bunglingly, in the past, nothing will long prevent the consuming public from sharing the advantages of the coming organizations.

"When competition has reached such terrible limits as it now has in many phrases in making and distributing wealth it is, according to our mood, the climax of humor pathos to talk too loudly of universal economic independence. As all may observe, it is for a large per centage of small business men a most hap-hazard and tottering independence. It is this helter skelter condition that we have to compare with what the new combination will eventually bring about.

"It is said of the trusts that they will raise havoc with our politics. That this is a far graver peril than any economic one is to clear. Recognizing the magnitude of this danger and with no desire to minimize it, I express this hope. The trust that stay will bring the ablest men to the front. They will very soon have to carry on business in an atmosphere of public opinion thoroughly alert and aroused upon these issues. It appears to me very unlikely that men of first ability will so far fail in tact as to disregard and affront an alarmed suspicious and powerful public opinion.

"Nor have I the slightest question that if it becomes plain to the people that the combinations manipulate politics to their own private end, and persist in this, they will have themselves to thank for driving the country further and faster into socialism than any and all forces that have ever shown themselves in our public life."

A resolution was adopted that a committee to conduct the business of the conference after today be made up of one representative of each state delegation and ach delegation representing national organization.

Delegates representing local organizations from various cities, it was decided, should have a hand in the selection of the committee man of the delegation from their state.

Trouble started immediately after the motion to appoint a committee on program by Professor W. J. Jenks and Professor Henry Carter Adams, both under the question, "Problems Before the Conference."

Professor Adams of the university of Michigan, said in part: "Industrial combinations, whatever their form, whatever their purpose, whatever their construction, are matters of public concern, as we do not know enough of this new form of industrial organization to judge properly respecting it. If it be true, and if on this

# TARTAR IS HELD UP

## Transport With Troops Detained at Hong Kong Because Overcrowded.

## SOLDIERS COMPLAIN

### Regular Troops Made Complaint to Authorities---Kansans on Board.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A cable message was received today at the war department concerning the transport Tartar, which has been held at Hong Kong. Secretary Root thought it was of sufficient importance to take to the president for consideration. The dispatch has not been made public.

A private cablegram from Hong Kong says that complaint was made by the 400 discharged regulars on board the Tartar of overcrowding, whereupon clearance was refused. The Twentieth Kansas volunteer infantry with Gen. Funston, is aboard the Tartar, but it is understood that the volunteers make no complaint and are anxious to have clearance granted the ship in order that they may proceed homeward.

After Secretary Root's return from the White House, he had a conference with the commissioner of navigation, Mr. Chamberlain, and also decided to take up the matter of the Tartar with the state department, with a view to having the ship cleared at Hong Kong. A dispatch was sent to Col. Metcalf of the Twentieth Kansas, who is in command of the troops on the transport, asking if, in his opinion, the ship was overcrowded, and if there was just ground for complaint of the subsistence furnished the men. A dispatch was also sent to Gen. Otis asking for further information concerning the Tartar, and the supplies with which she was furnished. No definite decision can be reached until the state department has communicated with our embassy at London, as it is a question which must be settled by the British government.

The war department made public the following dispatches:

"Hong Kong, Sept. 13.—Corbin, Washington: The British authorities refuse to clear the Tartar because overcrowded, authorize $24.

"METCALF."

"Manilla, Sept. 13.—Adjutant General, Washington: Tartar sent to Hong Kong to dock, as requested by Maj. Long; no dock large enough at Nagasaki. She has capacity for 1145 men and 111 cabin passengers. She took back 1142 men and 61 cabin passengers. On her trip from San Francisco she carried comfortably 1145 men and 55 cabin passengers.

"OTIS."

### TARTAR UNDER BRITISH FLAG.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The army transport Tartar, which is reported detained at Hong Kong by the British authorities, was chartered by the United States, and is owned by the Canadian Pacific Steamship company. She sails under the British flag. It is said that under these conditions she is subject to the British navigation laws, as being chartered by the United States does not entitle her to an American registry, nor can the British consul in determine whether she complies with the British navigation laws and if she does not he has authority to unload her.

## SHAMROCK HAS MISHAP.

### Her Gaff Breaks While on a Practice Spin.

New York, Sept. 13.—The America's cup challenger Shamrock was started for a run over the measured course of Sandy Hook. Four minutes later, while the yacht was going dead before the wind at a 12-knot pace, the jaw of her aluminum gaff was carried away. The end of the spar stuck out beyond the mast on the after side, jamming the throat halyards. Capt. Hogarth kept the yacht on her course, slackening away the halyards as much as possible, and after ten minutes he was able to bring her about.

There was danger on account of the gaff going through the mainsail. By the constant strain and swinging of the gaff it broke about ten feet out from the jaws. As the sail would not come down men were sent aloft to cut it clear of the hoops on the mast. The spinaker and head sails were taken in smartly when the accident occurred. A launch from the Erin towed the yacht's head around to the wind and the great mainsail began to come slowly down.

## CLARK ON THE VERDICT.

### Montana Senator Says Dreyfus Verdict Is an Infamy.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Senator Clark of Montana arrived here today and left this afternoon to take part in the demonstration which Montana will give to the returning Montana regiment.

With reference to the Dreyfus case he said: "Everyone deprecates a verdict based on suspicion without a scrap of tangible evidence, and the whole world is shocked at the infamy. But attention will be speedily diverted to other things, and the proposed boycotting of the exposition will not go beyond the action of individuals. There will be no governmental action and certainly congress will not withdraw American participation in the exposition."

## DEATH PENALTY COMMUTED.

### Private McVeigh Gets Off With Three Years' Sentence.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Private Thomas McVeigh, Company G, First Wyoming volunteer infantry, was tried by a general court-martial convened at Imus, P. I., in June last, on the charge of striking his superior officer. He was found guilty and senteneed "to be shot to death with musketry at such time and place as the proper authority may direct," two-thirds of the court concurring in the sentence. President McKinley has directed that the sentence be commuted to dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of all pay and allowances and confinement at hard labor for the period of three years. Alcatriz island, Cal., has been designated as the place of confinement.

## FROM THE CAPITAL.

### New Indian School at Pipestone to Be Accepted.

Washington, Sept. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Indian Commissioner Jones has recommended to the secretary of the interior that the new Indian school at Pipestone, Minn., recently completed, be accepted by the interior department.

* * *

A civil service examination will be held at Mankato on Oct. 2 for the position of fireman in the custom service.

* * *

C. O. Rode, Manawa, Wis., has been appointed a nurse at the Morris Indian school. C. A. Johnson has been appointed a clerk in the postoffice at Red Wing, Minn.

* * *

An original pension of $8 per month has been granted to Oscar A. Miner, of Brainerd, Minn.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

## LARGEST AND STRONGEST.

### More Than Half a Billion Dollars Paid Out.

New York, Sept. 13.—Up to July 1 of the current year, the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York has returned to its members $500,870,737, or over half a billion of dollars, and its accumulated assets on that date were $288,556,471. This shows that the company has practically paid out as much money to the insurance public as any other two companies of like character, and that by holding a larger amount in assets than any other company, it is beyond question the largest and strongest institution of its kind in the world.

## TALK AGAINST BOYCOTT.

### German Government Organs Oppose Scheme to Boycott Exposition.

Berlin, Sept. 13.—The German government organs have been quick to issue a warning against the proposal to boycott the Paris exhibition.

"Germany has no occasion to take the lead in this matter," says the Cologne Gazette. "She ought to leave this to other states which, perhaps, would not consider it undesirable that Germany, of all powers, should adopt a hostile attitude towards France in this matter."

Oheimrath Lewald, a member of the German exhibition commission, says: "What has the exposition to do with politics? Its sole object is commercial. To withdraw is no such easy matter. Every industrial branch will be represented, as a group, to which the individual member contributes. The industrial branches could, therefore, only withdraw as a whole. There is not the slightest symptom of any inclination to adopt that course. We have met with the friendliest reception from the French management of the exhibition. I am convinced the whole movement is only a tempest in a teapot."

## WILL NOT BOYCOTT.

### British Government Will Not Withdraw From Paris Exposition.

London, Sept. 13.—While the newspapers are full of letters from individuals and several firms announcing their withdrawal from the Paris exhibition and urging the government to do likewise, there is no intention upon the part of the British government of taking any such step. It is said also that it is unlikely that the present agitation will result in any general withdrawal of British exhibits.

Max O'Rell (Paul Blouet) has written a letter to the Daily Chronicle saying that a public expression of sympathy will go against Dreyfus, adding: "For God's sake use your influence to stop it. But for the universal sympathy shown for Dreyfus, whom I personally believe to be innocent, in England and Germany, he would have been acquitted. It is a terrible thing to say, but I say it and am not afraid of contradiction."

The Evening News is urging the formation of a British Legion of Honor, consisting of persons and members who will have nothing to do with the Paris exhibition, and publishes a list of over forty firms and others, headed by Sir William Blake Richmond, R. A., who will not exhibit.

## TO UNITE BIMETALLISTS.

### Move on Foot to Amalgamate the Bimetallic Clubs.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—The Record today says: James P. Tarvin, of Covington, Ky., president of the Ohio Valley League of Bimetallic clubs, would like to see all the silver organizations of the country amalgamated and he is credited with starting a movement to attain that end. Chicago is to be the center from which will radiate the efforts toward placing the direction of the bimetallic associations under one head. It is believed that John P. Altgeld is to be the controlling personality in the united bimetallic organization if the scheme meets the approval of other leaders.

## ARE SORRY FOR DREYFUS.

### New York Aldermen Pass Resolutions of Sympathy.

New York, Sept. 13.—The board of aldermen unanimously and without discussion last night adopted these resolutions on the Dreyfus case:

"Whereas, since the last regular meeting of the municipal assembly civilized people have been startled by the re-conviction of Capt. Dreyfus, and

"Whereas, we consider that his conviction was unjust and not supported by the facts and testimony, now, therefore

"Resolved, that the municipal assembly tenders to Capt. Dreyfus its sincere sympathy, and further

"Resolved, that in the interests of justice and humanity we hope that the great wrong be corrected and that justice will prevail."

### THE YARMOUTH MEET.

London, Sept. 13.—At the great Yarmouth meeting today R. Sherwood's 3-year-old bay colt Karnack, ridden by L. Reiff, an American jockey, finished first in the race for the South Denes selling plate. Good was second and Newmarket, with "Skeets" Martin in the saddle, finished third. Nine horses ran five furlongs straight.

Silks, ridden by Reiff, won the Norfolk and Suffolk handicap. Succoth was second and Nipper, W. Martin, finished third in a field of nine horses.

### ASK KRUGER TO YIELD.

London, Sept. 13.—A special dispatch from Pretoria says the leaders of the Afrikander bund have telegraphed to President Kruger urging him to yield to Mr. Chamberlain's last demands.

# FOR GOOD ROADS

## A Great Convention In Milwaukee---First of the Kind Attended By Farmers.

## STATE AID FOR ROADS

### Resolutions Recommending State Aid and Support of National Government.

Milwaukee, Sept. 13.—The first state good roads convention, said to be the first gathering of the kind in this country to be attended by farmers, opened in this city today in the council chamber at the city hall. Nearly 1000 delegates were present in answer to the call, for which 4000 invitations were issued. H. B. Wilkins, secretary of the Milwaukee Merchants' and Manufacturers' association and a member of the executive committee on arrangements for the convention, called the convention to order. Mayor D. S. Rose of Milwaukee and Governor Edward Scofield made addresses of welcome.

The principal address of the forenoon session was delivered by ex-Governor William D. Hoard, of Fort Atkinson, who spoke on "State Aid to Road Building." Mr. Hoard is vice president of the Wisconsin league for good roads, and in his remarks advocated the support by the people of the constitutional amendment passed by the last legislature authorizing state aid.

Resolutions were offered and referred to a committee that the good roads movement deserves increased attention and support of the United States department of agriculture; endorsing the discussion of good roads and road building methods at the Wisconsin Farmers' institutes as both practical and important; that every town should own and employ road graders, road rollers and a stone crusher for macadamizing purposes, to be purchased by collection of road taxes in cash and the employment of competent labor; calling for the improvement of country roads leading to county seats and market towns, that these can best be procured by state aid, which system is enjoyed by New Jersey, Massachusetts, New York, Rhode Island and Connecticut, and favoring the constitutional amendment now pending for such aid. The work for good roads of the League of American Wheelmen, Farmers' National congress, Wisconsin League for Good Roads and Wisconsin Farmers' Institutes is also commended in a resolution, and a resolution providing that at least six miles of road in each township be absolutely under control of state was offered.

## TO SMOOTH IT OVER.

### Generals Offer to Ask Dreyfus' Pardon to Quiet Matters.

Boston, Sept. 13.—The Post today announces that it has received the following special dispatch from Paris: "Gens. Roget and Mercier have offered, on the part of the army, to demand from President Loubet the pardon of Capt. Dreyfus, if the Jewish committee will drop the matter, and on the condition that Dreyfus shall live away from the large cities of France for three years."

## TO RELIEVE STRINGENCY.

### October Interest on Bonds to Be Anticipated.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The secretary of the treasury has decided, in view of the money stringency in New York, to anticipate the October interest. This will amount to $5,596,526, and is due on the 4 per cents of 1907. The secretary's action was taken without solicitation.

## BISHOP McGOLRICK ARRIVES.

### He Reaches New York Today on the Oceanic.

New York, Sept. 13.—Among the passengers who arrived today on the White Star liner Oceanic was the Rt. Rev. James McGolrick, R. C., bishop of Duluth.

### INSANE MOTHER'S DEED.

Sedalia, Mo., Sept. 13.—Mrs. J. M. Williams, wife of a railroad brakeman, saturated the clothing of herself and 2-months-old babe with kerosene today and then ignited the garments. She was burned to death, and the babe was badly burned. Mrs. Williams had been considered of unsound mind.

### EUSTIS INTERRED.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 13.—The remains of Hon. James B. Eustis, former ambassador to France, were laid to rest in Cavalry hill today beside his wife. Brief funeral services were held at the grave.

### PLAGUES AT DELAGOA BAY.

Lourenzo, Marquez, Delagoa Bay, Sept. 13.—A health officer has returned after examining a suspicious outbreak of sickness at Magude, a small place near here. He says it is the plague, but that no fresh cases have occurred there in the last twelve days.

### TO REMODEL DEPARTMENT.

Paris, Sept. 13.—The minister of war Gen. DeGalfette, has decided to remodel the intelligence department. It will be exclusively military hereafter, taking no part in the police or espoinage services.

### LECTURE AT HARVARD.

Paris, Sept. 13.—M. Henri Degriner, the distinguished French poet, will give a third series of lectures before the Harvard university, at Cambridge, under the auspicies of the Cercle Francais d'L Universite Harvard, begining March 1st, next, on French modern poetry.

### STEEL CAR DIVIDEND.

New York, Sept. 13.—The directors of the Pressed Steel Car company have declared a dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Oct. 16.

### CRUISER AT DELAGOA BAY.

Lourenzo Marquese, Delagoa Bay, Sept. 13.—The German cruiser Condor has arrived here.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# THE BOERS' REPLY

## They Are Digesting British Dispatch and Will Prepare Reply Tomorrow.

## FREE STATE DIVIDED

### Orange Burghers Reported at Loggerheads as to the Course to Pursue.

Pretoria, Sept. 13.—(Delayed in transmission).—The latest understanding here in regard to the British reply is that it asks for an answer from the Transvaal within forty-eight hours. It is added that the executive has already deliberated upon the matter and has been in telegraphic communication all the forenoon, with the Orange Free State government, which President Kruger consulted in regard to the reply, which will be drafted tomorrow morning after the views of the Orange Free state have been ascertained. The reply will then be submitted to the volksraad.

The situation is regarded as grave, but Secretary of State Reitz, in an interview, has declared that he did not consider it altogether hopeless.

### THE BRITISH DISPATCH.

#### Will Not Discuss Sovereignty Question---War Thought Inevitable.

London, Sept. 13.—A representative of the Associated Press learned today that the British message sent to the Transvaal does not demand a reply in forty-eight hours, the exact wording being a request for "an immediate reply." The message is not an ultimatum in the generally accepted sense of the word. It expresses the hope that President Kruger will accept the propositions to "relieve the present tension." The only part which is at all aggressive is the reiterated declination of the British government to discuss the matter of sovereignty in any shape or form.

The British officials refuse to deny or affirm the correctness of the latest Pretoria dispatches, saying the British terms are as outlined in the special dispatches from Pretoria, cabled to the Associated Press last night, namely, a five years' franchise, a quarter representation for the gold fields in the Volksraad, equality for the British and Dutch in the Volksraad, and equality for the old and new burghers in regard to presidential and other elections.

A special to the Pall Mall Gazette from Cape Town says the British reply is regarded as equivalent to an ultimatum, and the correspondents' advices from Pretoria indicate that war is inevitable.

A Pretoria special to the Cape Times says the Transvaal has notified the miners of Italy that it will give them a safe conduct and protection in case they wish to remain in the Transvaal. The report that the rand Irishmen have formed a corps to help President Kruger is confirmed; and it is said at Cape Town that a cablegram has been received there from New York, saying 10,000 Irishmen there are ready to help the Transvaal.

The Orange Free State burghers are reported to be bitterly divided over the merits of the controversy and their probable course in case of war.

The message of the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, says he understands the concessions made in President Kruger's note of Aug. 18 have been withdrawn on account of the British attitude regarding suzerainty, and adds: "Her majesty's government has absolutely repudiated the view of the political status of the Transvaal taken by the Transvaal government, claiming the status of a sovereign state, and therefore are unable to consider any proposal made conditionally on their acceptance of this view."

Continuing, the note says that the British government is satisfied that the law embodying the proposed alleviating measures for outlanders is inefficient to secure immediate and substantial representation, which the Transvaal admits to be reasonable. It then says: "Moreover, the presentation of the proposals in the note of Aug. 9 indicates that the government of the South Africa republic themselves recognized that their previous offers might with advantage be enlarged and the independence of the republic thereby in no way be impaired."

The dispatch then goes on to say Great Britain is still prepared to accept the franchise proposals of Aug. 9, provided a court of inquiry, either joint or unilateral, shows the new scheme to be unencumbered by nullifying conditions. In this connection the British government assumes that the new members of the raad will be allowed to speak their own language, and adds that "the acceptance of these terms would at once remove the tension and would, in all probability, render unnecessary any further intervention of her majesty's government to secure redress for grievances which the inlanders themselves would be able to bring to the notice of the executive council and volksraad." Her majesty's government is increasingly impressed with the danger of further delay in relieving the strain which has already caused so much injury to residents of South Africa, and they earnestly press for an immediate reply to the present proposal. If acceded to this government will be ready to make immediate arrangements for a further conference between the present high commissionr to settle all details of the proposed tribunal of arbitration and the questions referred to in my note of Aug. 30, which are neither grievances nor questions of interpretation of the convention, but which might be readily settled by friendly communication between representatives of the two governments. If, however, as they most anxiously hope, the reply of the Transvaal should be negative of conclusive, I am to state that her majesty's government reserve to themselves the right to consider the situation de novo and formulate their own proposals for a final settlement."

The exact franchise proposals which Mr. Chamberlain says Great Britain is still prepared to accept with the court of inquiry proviso are five years' franchise, a share for Uitlanders in the election of the president, and equal rights and increased representation for the gold fields to the extent of eight new seats. These were presented by President Kruger Aug. 19, and later were withdrawn.

### LAURIER ACCEPTS.

#### Will Attend Chicago Festivities---Minto Is Considering Invitation.

Quebec, Sept. 13.—Lord Minto, the governor general, in reply to the Chicago delegation who waited upon him this afternoon at the citadel to invite him to attend the Chicago festival in October, asked for a few days in which to consider whether his other engagements would permit him to accept.

The premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, accepted the invitation for himself and wife. The premier was also handed invitations for the members of his cabinet, which he promised to have delivered at once.




The bud is more easily blighted than the full-blown rose. A young girl is more susceptible to weakness and disease that will wreck her in a womanly way than she is after she has attained to healthy womanhood. Thousands of women have their lives wrecked by troubles of this delicate description because of their own ignorance and the prudery of their mothers.

Whenever the wandering demon of ill-health finds a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance, he steps on board, takes the helm, and steers straight for the maelstrom of death. The young woman who has not been taught the necessity of taking care of her health in a womanly way is a ship adrift upon the sea of ignorance. Diseases that will wreck her future happiness will soon assume command. Young women who suffer from weakness and disease peculiar to their sex live under a terrible nervous tension, and if they escape death are always threatened with insanity. The whole nervous system is affected by the constant drag and drain upon the delicate and feminine organs. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the one perfect and unfailing specific for every derangement and disorder of this description. It fits a woman for wifehood and motherhood It is the best of all known nerve tonics. It is the discovery of one of the most eminent and skillful specialists in disease of women.

"I was troubled three years with female weakness," writes Miss Ellen Otey, of Bedford City, Bedford Co., Va. "I had two physicians, but neither did me any good. I was troubled with pains in my left side all the time. When it was time for my monthly periods I thought I would die with pains in my back and stomach. I also had chills. I could not get up without fainting. Finally I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and two of his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I do not have any pains at all and am in better health now than I ever was in my life."

How to preserve health and beauty are told in Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser. It is free. For a paper-covered copy send 21 one-cent stamps, *to cover mailing only;* cloth binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.


### THE REMEDY FOR TRUSTS.

#### Emery Discourses Before Industrial Commission on the Subject.

Washington, Sept. 13.—The entire session of the industrial commission yesterday was occupied in hearing the conclusion of the testimony of Former State Senator Lewis Emery, of Bradford, Pa. Mr. Emery is an independent refiner, and was on the stand yesterday. He took as his text the general charge that discrimination in railroad rates was the basis of monopoly, and charged that it was through this agency that the Standard Oil trust had been created. Although the old contracts for rebates had been nullified by the interstate commerce act, he charged that the same system was substantially in effect today. If the books of the company could be produced in court, all, he said, could be proved.

Mr. Emery found the remedy for the existing state of affairs in the government ownership of all transportation facilities, water as well as railroad. Discrimination in transportation rates to favored shippers against the general public was, he said, the foundation of many of the most burdensome trusts.

The commission has named, besides Professor J. W. Jenks, Senator James H. Kyle, Maj. J. Farquhar, Representative Theobold Otjen, C. J. Harris and Col. L. F. Livingston, to represent at the trust conference of the Civic Federation to begin in Chicago today.

Senator Emery is the last of the trust witnesses who will be heard this month. There will be only two more witnesses in connection with the Standard Oil company. They are to be heard next month. John D. Rockefeller, president of the Standard Oil company, is one of them, and George Rice, whose complaint was made the basis of the action for Ohio courts against the Standard Oil company will be the other. Seven or eight other days of next month will be given up to taking testimony in connection with other industrial combinations, for instance, the whisky and steel trusts.

Samuel Gompers, the president of the American Federation of Labor, and Hon. T. V. Powderly, the commissioner of immigration, are among those who will be heard this week. They will testify on general labor topics and on immigration.

Hon. John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, has been invited to appear this month on the subject of the relation of department stores to industry and labor.

### COULD NOT PASS.

#### Four Men Killed In a Collision In Iowa.

Oxford Iowa, Sept. 13.—Four men were killed and two injured in a head-on collision which took place two and one-half miles east of here yesterday. The dead:

Webb Smith, Iowa City, Iowa.

Tom Quinn, engineer, Rock Island, Ill.
A. H. Poison, fireman, Rock Island, Ill.
Will Floyd, (colored), Des Moines, Iowa.

Injured—

P. C. Erlen, conductor, Kellogg, Iowa.
John G. Mulligan, brakeman, Carnforth, Iowa.
Tom Dunn, engineer, Rock Island, Ill.
Charles Cox, Magnetic City, N. C.
William Clinton, Coridon, Kan.
George Woodson, (colored), Des Moines, Iowa.

The trains were extra freights belonging to the Rock Island system and it is said the accident was due to a misunderstanding of orders. Traffic was blocked for twelve hours.

### MESABA.

Mesaba, Minn., Sept. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The school here has been reopened, with Miss May E. Hammell as teacher.

Colvin & Robb have a man here looking over some pine in section 13-59-14.

Mrs. May Schur was home for a few days' visit with her parents this week.

Cloquet parties are starting a logging camp near this town.

HORSE BREEDER INJURED.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—A special to the Record from Muncie, Ind., says: John S. Lackey, the race horse breeder and owner of the big sale stables at Cambridge City, was probably fatally injured in a fall from a bike sulky while driving at a 2:12 clip on his track. His horse stumbled and fell, throwing Lackey a distance of thirty feet forward.

OVERDUE STEAMER SPOKEN.

Lyttleton, N. Z., Sept. 13.—The Spanish bark Aallorg, Capt. Klausf, from Hamburg, May 29, which has arrived at this port, reports that she spoke the overdue British steamer Walkato, from London May 4, for Lyttleton, Aug. 2, in latitude 39 south, longitude 39 east, with her shaft broken. Otherwise all was well with the vessel. The letters of the Walkato were transferred.

TYPHOID IN BERLIN.

Berlin, Sept. 13.—An epidemic of typhoid fever has broken out in the Moabite quarter.

# REJECT PROPOSAL

## The Filipino Congress Rejects the Offer of an Autonomist Government.

## HAVE NO FAITH IN US

### Say Americans Are Hostile to Them Because of Race Prejudice.

Manilla, Sept. 13, noon.—The correspondent here of the Associated Press has obtained a copy of the reply adopted by the Filipino congress to the American offer of an autonomist government. The author of the reply was Ambrosio Rianzares, who was offered a position in the supreme court, but who failed to appear and was supposed to be detained by the insurrectionists.

The document repeats the arguments contained in the recent appeal to the powers for recognition and the Filipino claims that the Americans were the aggressors in the war, and concludes:

"Notwithstanding the foregoing we could have accepted your sovereignty if we had not seen by the behavior of the Americans at the beginning that they were strongly opposed to us through race prejudice and the high-handed methods of dealing with us made us fear for the future in your hands. Finally, we thank you for your offers of autonomy under sovereignty."

### COCHRAN FOR PEACE.

#### Asks President to Offer Mediation In Transvaal Dispute.

New York, Sept. 13.—Ex-Congressman W. Bourke Cochran has written an open letter to President McKinley about the Transvaal. The letter in part is as follows:

"It can hardly be questioned that a proffer of friendly mediation by you would suffice to delay, if not to prevent, the threatened invasion of the Transvaal. A recourse to arms which might result in kindling a fearfully destructive conflagration throughout Christendom on such questions as those at issue between Great Britain and the Boer republic would be an injury to civilized society which all the forces of civilization should combine to resist.

"A friendly but urgent tender of your good offices would undoubtedly evoke a full and complete statement of the grounds on which the peace and integrity of the Transvaal are threatened. Such a statement would be a powerful obstacle to hostilities, for it would enable the civilized world to form a judgment on the merits of the controversy, and in all probability that judgment would impose itself on both disputants. Public opinion is a force which in these days no nation can disregard."

### LOUBET WILL PARDON.

#### Said to Be His Intention to Pardon Dreyfus.

New York, Sept. 13.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Paris says: Emile Zola's impassioned protest against the Rennes verdict which appears in the Aurore causes an impression second only to that of his memorable letter, "I accuse."

Mme. Dreyfus fears that her husband's health may soon break down completely. Dreyfus nerved himself up during the Rennes trial, but the reaction is such that the physicians consider his case hopeless, and say that any day a fatal collapse may ensue.

Meanwhile the intervention of President Loubet, by according Dreyfus a full pardon, is regarded by those nearest to him as almost certain, and this would be followed by executing the policy of the sponge and wiping out all scores which originated in the Dreyfus affair, to mere empty formalities, and liquidating the whole system by a general amnesty preparatory to the World's fair of 1900.

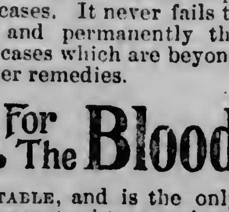
PROTEST IN WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 13.—About 1000 persons attended a mass meeting at the Masonic temple last night to protest against the verdict of the Rennes court-martial in the Dreyfus case. The speakers included all creeds, Hebrew, Protestants and Catholics. After a number of addresses the meeting adopted a set of resolutions affirming belief in the innocence of Dreyfus, condemning the proceedings of the court-martial, and pledging those present to use every lawful means to prevent the co-operation of this country in the Paris exposition.


# Sacrificed to Blood Poison.

Those who have never had Blood Poison can not know what a desperate condition it can produce. This terrible disease which the doctors are totally unable to cure, is communicated from one generation to another, inflicting its taint upon countless innocent ones.

Some years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. The little one was unequal to the struggle, and its life was yielded up to the fearful poison. For six long years I suffered untold misery. I was covered with sores and ulcers from head to foot, and no language can express my feelings of woe during those long years. I had the best medical treatment. Several physicians successively treated me, but all to no purpose. The mercury and potash seemed to add fuel to the awful flame which was devouring me. I was advised by friends who had seen wonderful cures made by it, to try Swift's Specific. We got two bottles, and I felt hope again revive in my breast—hope for health and happiness again. I improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy which reaches desperate cases.



MRS. T. W. LEE, Montgomery, Ala.

Of the many blood remedies, S. S. S. is the only one which can reach deep-seated, violent cases. It never fails to cure perfectly and permanently the most desperate cases which are beyond the reach of other remedies.

## S.S.S. For The Blood

is PURELY VEGETABLE, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no mercury, potash, or other mineral.

Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.



MME. YALE'S

# FRUITCURA!

A SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY BY A WOMAN TO CURE WOMEN.



WOMEN OF ALL AGES, ATTENTION!

MME YALE, Queen of Beauty, who has lectured in all of the prominent cities of the world before vast audiences, and has been pronounced by all newspapers to be the most perfect woman in form and feature now living, speaks to the women of the world and confesses to them that the secret of her beauty lies in perfect health, and the secret of her health lies in the use of her own remedies—among them, Fruitcura—her great and wonderful tonic for curing all female ailments and building up the system. Fruitcura restores all weak organs to perfect health. It cures the many complaints of women that only women know of. It restores the vitality, makes the eyes bright, the step elastic and brings the bloom of health to the faded cheek. It renews the nerve tone and makes the flesh firm, hard and velvety. In fact, its use is the royal road to perfect health and beautiful womanhood. It cures their complaints and nervous troubles of any nature, and revives the vitality which is lacking in all such cases. For women of all ages. A discovery by a woman to cure women. Price $1.00 per bottle.

For Sale By PANTON & WHITE

Write for Mme. Yale's new scientific treatise called "Woman's Wisdom." Contains 96 pages. Mailed free.


### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

A. B. Grubb, a prominent grocer of Wise county, Va., killed Walter Morrow at the former's store yesterday, charging criminal intimacy between Mrs. Grubb and Morrow. Grubb escaped.

Gen. Otis has cabled the department for 5,000,000 rounds of ammunition for the army rifles. This consignment will be sent from San Francisco.

Union lathers in Chicago were locked out yesterday by the bosses. As a result, the work on many buildings is at a standstill, and before the warfare is over other building trades may be involved. All the great structures now going up in Chicago will be affected unless some kind of compromise is arrived at.

Peter Pearson, an Oklahoma man, has invented a system of wireless telegraphy which he claims is perfectly successful. Some time last week Mr. Pearson claims he sent a message to his agent in a little town sixty miles away. He later received a copy of the message by letter through the postoffice exactly as he sent it, including a mistake in the sending.

By an unanimous vote of the Kansas City board of trade yesterday adopted resolutions denouncing the proceedure which resulted in the conviction of Capt. Dreyfus.

The Arion club of Milwakuee will not go to the Paris exposition, having decided to decline the invitation from the Apollo club of Chicago to share its steamer.

The commissary department of the army will ship 10,000 tons of provisions to Porto Rico. If private subscriptions do not make up this amount the government will authorize the purchase of enoguh stores to make up the deficiency.

A crowd of whites, full of whisky, went to a negro camp meeting in Lancaster, S. C., yesterday and fired into the crowded church. The negroes returned the fire and the whites scattered. Two whites, brothers named Hough, were seriously wounded and a number of negroes were shot. None are reported dead. No arrests have been made.

John R. Rust, a distinguished civil engineer, who was concerned in the building of many important American railways, died yesterday at his home in Brooklyn, aged 73 years. He assisted in laying out the Lake Shore and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railways.

The fifty-third annual session of the national council, U. O. A. M., began in Rome, N. Y., yesterday, and will continue throughout Wednesday night. About 100 delegates are present. The sessions are secret.

Another severe storm along the Labrador coast has driven huge ice floes on the land and crushed several vessels with their cargoes, aggregating nearly 300,000 quintals of codfish. The crews escaped with their lives by making their way over the ice, but the vessels were completely destroyed.

PRESIDENT CANNOT ATTEND.

New York, Sept. 13.—The executive committee of the Dewey reception committee gave out a letter yesterday from President McKinley setting forth that he would be unable to accept the invitation to participate in the reception to Admiral Dewey at New York on Sept. 29 and 30. The president is to receive Admiral Dewey on the Monday following.

HANNA IS NOT WELL.

Cleveland, Sept. 13.—It is feared by Cleveland friends of Senator Hanna that the condition of his health may prevent him from continuing the hard work which he mapped out for himself. Letters from members of his family to friends and relatives give the impression that his health has not been at all improved by his sojourn in France; in fact, the opinion is expressed that he would have been better if he had remained home in quiet. Senator Hanna is expected home soon. He is now on the Atlantic.

TIMES EDITOR DEAD.

Minneapolis, Sept. 13.—John Blanchard, for nine years editor-in-chief of the Minneapolis Times, died yesterday morning after an illness of seven months, aged 57.

WANT BOUNDARIES CHANGED.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—The commissioners of Clallam county have appealed to the secretary of the interior to modify the boundaries of the Olympic reserve. They claim that over three-fourth of the agricultural land in the county is included in the reserve, and if the government gives no relief, the county will, in a few years, become bankrupt. Four hundred and fifty thousand acres of agricultural land is included in the reserve.

QUIET AT THE BOUNDARY.

Bisbee, Ariz., Sept. 13.—The latest reports received from Naco indicate that everything is quiet. The Mexican guards, over 100 in number, are patrolling the line. Cowboys are still arriving here. No arrests have yet been made of cowboys who killed the Mexican guards on the San Pedro. It is reported that some of them have left the country in order to avoid being turned over to the Mexican authorities.


Don't delay a minute. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.



Go to Wisconsin State Fair

VIA WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15 inclusive; final return limit Sept. 16. Ticket office, No. 430 West Superior street.

W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent.


### VANDERBILT'S WILL.

#### Carefully Drawn---Cornelius, Jr., Is Probably Remembered Generously.

New York, Sept. 13.—Cornelius Vanderbilt, who had been under the shadow of death for several years, and who was one of the most methodical of men, left a carefully drawn will, but its terms are not known. His friends think it will make provisions for the charity in which he was interested. No estimate of the estate's value is less than $100,000,000. There had been a reconciliation between Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., and his parents, who opposed his marriage with Miss Grace Wilson, and it is doubtful if discrimination will be made against him. On the death of Cornelius Vanderbilt, his brother, William K., becomes the head of the family, and made arrangements for the funeral, and will see to the probating of the will.

Mr. Vanderbilt's death will force the retirement of the large Vanderbilt family connection from any participation in the social doings of the fashionable world for some time to come, and will also close to the members of the gay world several of the largest mansions in New York.

### THE HOO HOOS.

#### Elect Officers and Select Dallas For Next Meeting.

Denver, Col., Sept. 13.—The Hoo Hoo's yesterday afternoon elected Capt. George W. W. Lock of Lake Charles, Iowa, Snark of the universe. Other officers were elected as follows: Senior Hoo Hoo, Charles F. Keith, Kansas City, Mo.; junior Hoo Hoo, F. W. Lawrence, Boston; Bojum, A. D. McLeod, Cincinnati; scrivenoter, J. H. Baird, Nashville, Tenn.; jabberwock, A. H. Weir, Lincoln, Neb.; custocatian, John Mason, Vigue Chateau, Miss.; arcnoper, Eugene Shaw, Eau Claire, Wis.; guirdon, F. H. Falk, Eureka, Cal.

Changes were made in the laws allowing newspaper proprietors and editors to be eligible to membership.

The crowning event of the convention, the installation of the new snark and the embalment of the old, took place at the Broadway theater last evening. A feature of the exercises was a lecture by B. Arthur Johnson, founder of the order.

Dallas, Tex., was selected for the next annual convention.

## BASEBALL.

### YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 13; Cleveland, 0. Second game—Philadelphia, 8, Cleveland, 4.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 11; Pittsburg, 8.

At Baltimore—Louisville, 5; Baltimore, 3.

At Washington—Washington, 7; Cincinnati, 3. Second game—Washington, 5; Cincinnati 4.

At New York—Chicago, 12; New York, 5. Second game—New York, 6; Chicago, 5.

### STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 122 | 85 | .697 |
| Philadelphia | 127 | 80 | .630 |
| Boston | 123 | 75 | .610 |
| Baltimore | 122 | 71 | .582 |
| St. Louis | 127 | 71 | .559 |
| Cincinnati | 128 | 71 | .555 |
| Chicago | 128 | 66 | .516 |
| Pittsburg | 125 | 62 | .496 |
| Louisville | 125 | 58 | .464 |
| New York | 125 | 52 | .416 |
| Washington | 123 | 44 | .358 |
| Cleveland | 133 | 19 | .143 |

### CABLE FLASHES.

The home office has granted permission for the proposed demonstration in Hyde Park, London, next Sunday, to express sympathy with Dreyfus and to appeal to France to do him justice. Twenty-one platforms will be erected and special requests are being made to the various churches and religious societies to assist in promoting the demonstration.

The Uitlanders of Boxburg applied to the burghers for permission to remain nutral in the event of war, but were refused on the ground that as Britons remaining in the Transvaal are refusing to fight, they must be regarded as enemies.

The Daily Friend of Bloemfontein says it has excellent authority for predicting that the government of the South African republic will accept the suggested conference at Cape Town.

The queen regent of Spain has signed a decree proclaiming martial law in the province of Vizcaya.

The German third-class cruiser Wacht, while participating in the autumn maneuvers at Kiel, exploded her boiler yesterday, four persons being killed and four others injured.

A new cabinet has been formed in Venezuela, with Senor Catacano as premier. President Andrade has left Caracas to take command of the troops operating against Gen. Castro, the revolutionary leader.

Senor Juan Isidro Jiminez, the aspirant to the presidency of Santo Domingo, arrived at Santo Domingo yesterday on board the Dominican warship Presidente. His arrival was the cause of great festivities and expressions of satisfaction. It is not known as yet when the election will take place. At present the country is quiet.

The Paris correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle claims to have good authority for the statement that Dreyfus will be pardoned, although President Lobuet will not exercise his prerogative until after the meeting of the council de revision.

The London solicitors of the French consulate have resigned as a protest against the verdict of the Dreyfus court-martial.

Telegrams to London from European capitols report agitation in favor of a boycott of the exhibition, but there is no concerted movement.

SILER TO LEAVE CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—George Siler, widely known as the referee of the greatest fistic encounters of recent years, has decided to leave Chicago and locate permanently in New York. He has been chosen official referee of the Coney Island Athletic club.

THE JEWISH POPULATION.

New York, Sept. 13.—The American Jewish year book, just issued, estimated the Jewish population of the United States at 1,043,800. New York has 400,000; Illinois, 95,000; Pennsylvania, 95,000; Ohio, 50,000; California 35,000; Maryland, 35,000; Missouri, 35,000.


CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.



DOES COFFEE AGREE WITH YOU?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15 and 25 cents.



# Free Help

Weak Men, do not despond, CALTHOS will restore you.

100,000 Special Trial FREE Treatments of the Great French Remedy Have Been Imported.

## The Von Mohl Company's Wonderful Offer.

NO C. O. D. OR DEPOSIT SCHEME.



The Von Mohl Co., of Cincinnati, O., known the country over as the largest importers of standard remedies in the United States, have achieved the most remarkable success ever known in the history of medicine with "Calthos," their marvelous French remedy for lost manhood. They were the first American concern to hear of the wonderful discovery soon as it was given the public in France, and at once sent a trusted representative to Paris, who secured the exclusive rights for the preparation in North America.

The past year "Calthos" has become as famous in America as it is throughout Europe. Over one hundred thousand sufferers of lost manhood in all its most terrible forms have been cured, and have written the Von Mohl Co., telling of the joy they experience in having the functions of perfect manhood restored. Not one of these letters have been, or will be made public, because the Von Mohl Company has made it an imperative rule to treat all correspondence of the Calthos department of their business sacredly and confidentially. Every year letters from patients are destroyed, and among their patrons are many men with national reputations in public and private affairs.

The Von Mohl Company has just imported 100,000 treatments of "Calthos" fresh from Prof. Jules Laborde, the greatest physician in all France and the great discoverer of this remedy, and now invites all men suffering from Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhoea, Varicocele, Small Parts or Weakness of any nature in the Nerves or Sexual Organs, to send their names and receive a five days' treatment of "CALTHOS." After using it five days the sufferers will find new vigor in their organs, new force in their muscles, new blood in their veins, new ambition, and rapid progress toward the buoyant feelings and sensations of younger days.

THIS LIBERAL OFFER IS GENUINE. There is no swindling C. O. D. or Deposit Scheme connected with it. The five days' treatment is sent by sealed mail, wrapped in a plain package, and full printed instructions accompany the preparation, so that each patient becomes his own doctor and cures himself at home. Cures are effected at all ages from twenty to eighty years. There is no case (except where the stage of epilepsy or insanity has been reached) which it will not radically, quickly and permanently cure. Sexual weakness does not cure itself. It grows worse from day to day until the victim is beyond all hope. Each day aggravates the mental and physical anguish.

Don't delay, but send to-day for the FREE five days' trial treatment. You can send your name in the full knowledge that the "CALTHOS" department of our business is strictly confidential.

THE VON MOHL COMPANY, 731 B, Cincinnati, O. | Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States.



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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861

Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it

301 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.



# Look Here!

Why send your wheels away to have Rubber Tires put on, when you can get them here. I am prepared to repair and put on new Rubber Tires. All work guaranteed.

F. M. Richardson

213 West First St., Duluth.

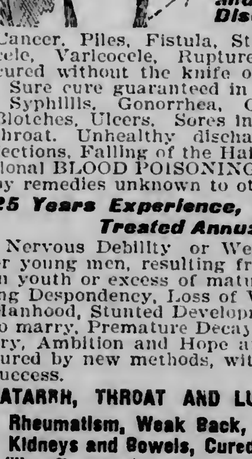





Williamson & Mendenhall, Sole Agents.



# Dr. PIERCE



Room I, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat. Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

*25 Years Experience, 5000 Cases Treated Annually.*

Nervous Debility or Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES

Rheumatism, Weak Back, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES!—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday 9 to 12 p. m.



BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1049 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cure. Capital $500,000. Worst cases cured 15 to 35 days; 100-page book free.


NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain purchase money mortgage, made by Albert R. Ridgely, mortgagor, to James D. Ray, mortgagee, dated August 25th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on March 24th, 1892, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in Book ninety-one (91) of mortgages, on page twenty-four (24), which said mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by Robert C. Ray, executor of James D. Ray, deceased, to Robert C. Ray and Caroline E. Ray, by an instrument in writing dated May 1st, 1895, and recorded in said register of deeds' office, on May 6th, 1895, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred and seven (107) of mortgages, on page two hundred forty-eight (248), which said mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said Robert C. Ray and said Caroline E. Ray to John L. Dodge, by an instrument in writing, dated April 8th, 1898, and recorded in said register of deeds' office, on April 28th, 1898, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred and seven (107) of mortgages, on page five hundred ninety-seven (597).

Such default consists in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured and the non-payment of interest thereon from August 25th, 1892. There is claimed to be due, and is due, at the date of this notice upon the debt secured by said mortgage, the sum of two thousand six hundred seventy-eight and 85-100 dollars ($2678.85), principal and interest, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the aforesaid defaults, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described, situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block ninety-eight (98), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 29th day of September, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorneys' fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 15th, 1899.

JOHN L. DODGE, Assignee of Mortgagee.

TOWNE & MERCHANT, Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee, No. 103-106 Duluth Trust Co. Bldg., Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-16-23-30-Sept 6-13-20—1899.


BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.


SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 25th day of August, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Diamond Prospecting Company was plaintiff and James Bale and Edward W. Mee were defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, James Bale, and upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action in renewal of said last named judgment wherein Alfred E. McCordic was plaintiff and James Bale and Edward W. Mee were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant James Bale for the sum of twenty-six hundred seventeen and 21-100 dollars and interest from August 25, 1899, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 14th day of October, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor James Bale had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 29th day of August, 1889, or within ten years thereafter, that being the date of the rendition of said original judgment and on the 25th day of August, 1899, or within ten years thereafter, that being the date of the rendition of said renewal judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-sixth (1-6) interest in the south half of southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) northeast quarter of southwest quarter (ne¼ of sw¼), northwest quarter of southeast quarter (nw¼ of se¼), section twenty-five (25), township sixty-three (63), range thirteen (13) west 4 P. M.; and an undivided one-half (½) interest in lot four (4), section thirty (30), township sixty-three (63), range eleven (11) west 4 P. M.. All the above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., August 28th, 1899.

WM. C. SARGENT, Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

PEALER & FESLER, Attorneys for Judgment Creditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-30-Sept-6-13-20-27-Oct-4-1899.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# ACTIVE MARKETS

## Wheat Started Out Weak and Declining But Had a Spurt.

## THE CABLES LOWER

## Report of an Elevator Deal at Chicago In September Confirmed.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 13.—The wheat market started out weak this morning, owing to the news being of a bearish character. The cables were weak, Liverpool being reported ⅜@⅞d lower. The Northwest receipts were heavy and causing liquidation. Soon after the opening at Chicago, the price of September wheat took a sudden rise, owing, it was claimed, to an elevator deal in September, in which Weare and Peavey had the long end and were taking the wheat from Armour's elevators. September went to fully 1c before December, and the latter option rose during the sudden activity caused by the spurt in September. The close was unchanged here and ¼@⅜c higher at Chicago for the December option. May closed ⅛c lower here and ⅛@¼c higher at Chicago.

Trading in futures was active on the Duluth board. December wheat opened ⅝c off, at 67½c, sold up to 68¼c at 10:30, declined to 68c at 10:50, recovered to 68¼c at 11:07, fell off again to 68c at 12:10, and closed at 68⅛c, the same as yesterday. May closed at 71½c, a net loss of ⅛c for the day. Cash business was active, 480,000 bus being sold at the September price. Oats, rye, barley and corn were unchanged. Cash flax rose 1c and October flax advanced ¾c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 70c; September, 70c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67½c; September, 67½c; December, 68⅛c; May, 71½c. No. 2 northern, 64½c; No. 3 spring, 61½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 70c; No. 1 northern, 67½c. Oats, 21@21¼c. Rye, 55c. Barley, 35-40c. Flax, $1.05; October, $1.03½. Corn, 28c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 577; corn, 3; oats, 1; rye, 4; barley, 13; flax, 39. Receipts—Wheat, 662,106 bus; corn, 18,260 bus; oats, 921 bus; rye, 9132 bus; barley, 14,173 bus; flax, 14,142 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 647,130 bus.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard wheat, 3 cars | $0.70 |
| No. 1 hard, 1 car | 70¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus | 67 |
| No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus | 67¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus | 67⅜ |
| No. 1 northern, 15 cars | 67⅛ |
| No. 1 northern, 16,500 bus | 67 |
| No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus | 67 |
| No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 5 cars | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 16,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 11 cars | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 30,000 bus | 67 |
| No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus | 64¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 5000 bus | 67¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 45,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 2 northern, 4 cars | 64¾ |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | 64¾ |
| No. 2 northern, 4 cars | 64½ |
| No. 1 northern, 12 cars | 65⅛ |
| No. 2 northern, 4 cars | 61½ |
| No. 3 spring, 6 cars | 61 |
| No. 3 spring, 1 car | 32½ |
| Rejected, 6 cars | 58 |
| Rye, 3 cars | 55 |
| Flax, 500 bus, September | 1.06 |
| Flax, 5000 bus, September | 1.05 |
| Flax, 9000 bus, September | 1.04½ |
| Flax, 1000 bus, October | 1.05 |
| Flax, 1000 bus, October | 1.03½ |
| Flax, 8000 bus, October | 1.03 |
| Flax, 11,000 bus, October | 1.02½ |
| Flax, 2 cars, to arrive | 1.05 |
| Flax, 3000 bus, October | 1.04¼ |
| Flax, 8000 bus, October | 1.04½ |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Opening Is Weak, Steadiness Following Under Improved Demand.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—The gradually decreasing premium on December wheat over September entirely disappeared today shortly after the opening on change, and September went to a point fully a cent above December. The opening was weak all around, weakness at Liverpool and heavy Northwest receipts causing liquidation and short selling. For some days there has been talk of an elevator deal in September, in which Weare, Peavey and Armour were involved, and this belief was strengthened today when shortly after the opening heavy buying of September started. The bidding was so active that shorts were driven to cover, and inside of half an hour September had risen from 70⅝c, the opening price, to 72¼c. The advance stopped there, but that price was well maintained. December opened ½c lower at 70½@70⅝c, and during the sudden activity which was caused by the spurt in September, it advanced to 71¼c. It was the general belief among traders that Weare and Peavey had the long end of the September deals, and were taking the wheat from Armour's elevators. Minneapolis and Duluth received 917 cars, against 710 last week and 918 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 197 cars, 21 of contract grade.

Corn was steady, but dull. There was some outside buying of deferred futures. Receipts were moderate, 598 cars, high freight rates being against the shipper. December opened unchanged at 28⅜@28½c and held at 28½c.

Oats were quiet and steady, with a good deal of covering by shorts in December and May. Receipts were light, 250 cars. December opened a shade lower at 20⅞c and advanced to 21@21⅛c.

Provisions were dull and weak early. The demand was light and there was some selling pressure from packers. Later, the market became steadier under an improved general demand. October pork opened 5@7½c lower at $7.92½@7.95, advanced to $8.05 and reacted to $8.00. October lard opened unchanged at $5.22½ and advanced to $5.25@5.27½. October ribs opened a shade lower at $5.17½, advanced to $5.22½ and reacted to $5.17½.

Close, wheat, September, 71¾c; December, 71⅜c; May, 74¼c. Corn, September, 31⅝c; October, 30¼c; December, 28⅝c; May, 29½@⅝c. Oats, September, 21¼c; December, 20⅞c; May, 23⅝c. Pork, September, $8.00; October, $8.05; December, $8.07; January, $9.55. Lard, September, $5.32½; October, $5.32; December, $5.37; January, $5.47. Ribs, September, $5.22; October, $5.22; December, $4.90; January, $4.95@4.97. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 72@73c; No. 3 red, 69@71½c; No. 2 hard winter, 69c; No. 3 hard winter, 66@69c; No. 1 northern spring, 72@73c; No. 2 northern sproing, 71@72c; No. 3 spring, 64@71c. Corn, No. 2, 31¾@⅞c; No. 3, 31½c. Oats, No. 2, 22@¼c; No. 3, 21¾@22c. Flax, Northwest, $1.09; Southwest, $1.06½; September, $1.05½; October, $1.04¾; December, $1.05. Barley, 37½@48c. Rye, September, 56@¼c; December, 55¾@56c. Timothy, September, $2.45; October, $2.40. Clover, October, $8.00.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—The wheat market today has been active but erratic with a very strong undertone in both options. At the opening the market sold off on lower cables from Liverpool which came from ⅜d to ⅞d under yesterday's close, but on December reaching 70½c very general buying orders appeared and the market quickly rallied, running up to 71⅜c. The September option, which closed last night at ¼c discount under December, narrowed up and closed at ½c premium, at one time showing a clear cent. News was not particularly bullish. Receipts were larger than last year. There was no improvement in shipping demand and New York reports but 19 loads taken for export. Clearances were 459,000 bus, primary receipts 1,315,000 bus, compared with 1,192,000 bus last year. Probably the chief incentive to the advance this morning was the congested condition of September wheat, causing considerable anxiety on the part of shorts in that option who ran to cover, pulling December along with it in natural sympathy. At the same time the fact that declines which the market has experienced after several weeks of hammering are recovered in a few moments of good buying, is indicative in our mind of the short interest which exists in our market and has within itself the possibilities of a bull turn when conditions force these shorts to come in for good. We can't help but feel friendly to wheat at present prices. We believe that the outside trade is beginning to to be attracted, that considerable speculative interest now in stocks will be transferred to our market here and with the increased trade much of the depression which our pit has experienced of late will be removed. The market for the present will do to scalp on; advise buying on all breaks and taking advantage of bulges to secure profits. The wheat will do, however, to buy in the neighborhood of 70c to hold for undoubted higher prices.

Corn—The corn market was sympathetic with wheat, prices being over yesterday's close. Liverpool was ⅛d lower. Clearances 344,000 bus, receipts 598 cars and 800 estimated for tomorrow. Seaboard continues to report immense business done on the other side, 43 loads taken at New York. The car and vessel scarcity from this point is responsible for considerable restriction of cash business. We can only repeat our opinion that the corn market is a better purchase than a sale and that prices should respond very readily to the condition of the cash demand.

Oats—The oat market experienced considerable liquidation this morning and values suffered somewhat in consequence. Receipts are 250 cars for today. Clearances were 30,000 bus. Cash and vessel situation, which is restricting corn business, is having the same effect on oats but as this is only temporary don't see how it can affect to any great extent present low prices.

Provisions—The provision market has shown considerable strength today, due primarily to the splendid continental demand for lard, about 10,000 tierces having been sold in two days. There was 29,000 hogs and 26,000 estimated for tomorrow. This continued strong cash situation cannot help but have its influence on speculative values, and in our opinion the market will do to buy on any decline from present figures.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

Weare Commission Company, Chicago. Established 1862.
Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.
Private wires to all exchanges
DULUTH OFFICE—310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713.
GEO. RUPLEY, Manager.
We make a specialty of Boston Copper Stocks.

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WANTED TO BUY:
Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines Certificates.
All issues of U. S. Government Bonds Bought and Sold.
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BUY WHEAT.
$25.00 will margin 1000 bus 2½ pts.
ON BREAKS
If you don't buy more than you can carry and take profits when opportunity offers, which means sell on bulges. You can make money.
GIBBONS & CO.,
St. Louis Hotel Lobby. Grain and Stock Brokers

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—Estimated receipts of hogs today, 26,000; tomorrow, 20,000; left over, 2832. Market averaged about steady. Mixed and butchers, $4.25@4.62½; good heavy, $4.30@4.47½; rough heavy, $4.10@4.20; light, $4.25@4.70. Cattle, receipts, 1700. Easy. Beeves, $4.50@4.60; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.25; Texas steers, $3.50@4.20; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00. Sheep, receipts, 21,000. Slow. Sheep, $3.60@4.60; lambs, $4.00@6.25. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 28,706; shipments, 6079. Cattle, receipts, 8097; shipments, 1075. Sheep, receipts, 15,349; shipments, 2073.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Farm horses and light horses at large were plentiful and sold at dissatisfactory prices. Heavy drafters were scarce and could not meet the demand. A large consignment, which was expected to arrive will be looked for tomorrow when a brisk sale on heavy loggers will take place. Only the most urgent orders for drafters are filled as the market is unable to furnish supplies enough for the large demand. Quotations were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice to extra | $135@185 |
| Drafters, common to good | 90@120 |
| Farm horses, choice to extra | 100@115 |
| Farm horses, common to good | 50@ 70 |
| Light delivery horses | 40@ 60 |

THE HIDE MARKET.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—The Shoe and Leather Review today says: The receipts of Western range cattle shows more increase but are still considerably below the entry of last year. The packers are about as strong as they were ever known to be. They are closely sold up and have taken completely at their mercy. Spready steers, 13c; native and Texas steers, 12¾c; butt brands, 12¼c, and branded cows. Colorados and heavy and light native cows, 11¾c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 13.—Close: Wheat, dull, ⅜@⅞d lower; September, 5s 8¼d; December 5s 10¼d; March, 6s. Corn, dull, ¼@½d lower; September, 3s 4⅝d; December, 3s 5d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 13.—Money on call firm at 7@8½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86@4.86¼ for demand and at $4.82½@4.82¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.81½. Silver certificates, 59@¾c; bar silver, 59c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds steady, 2s registered, $1.00½; 3s registered and coupon, $1.08½; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.30; old 4s registered, $1.11¼; coupon, $1.13; 5s registered and coupon, $1.11½.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Sept. 13.—Consols for money, 104 15-16; for the account, 105⅛.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 13.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, 67c; December, 67@⅞c; May, 70⅜@½c; old September, 69½c. northern, 69½@¾c; No. 2 northern, 69½ north-ern, 69½@¾c; No. 2 northern, 69½@¾c.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—Clearings, $2,889,703; balances, $2,170,982. New York exchange, 55c discount; sterling exchange, $4.81@4.87½.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 67½ | 67⅛ | 70⅝-½ | 75⅝ |
| High | 68¼ | 67¾-⅞ | 71⅜ | 76⅛ |
| Low | 67½ | 67⅛ | 70½ | 75⅝ |
| Close | 68⅛B | 67¾-⅞ | 71⅜ | 76⅛ |
| May— | | | | |
| Open | 71⅛N | 69⅞ | 73⅝ | 78¾ |
| High | 71½ | 70½ | 74¼-⅜ | 79⅛-¼ |
| Low | 71⅛ | 69⅞ | 73⅝ | 78¾ |
| Close | 71½B | 70⅜ | 74¼ | 79¼A |

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Dec. | Corn. Dec. | Pork. Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 20⅞ | 28⅜@28⅜-½ | $8.02 |
| High | 21⅛ | 28⅝-¾ | 8.15 |
| Low | 20⅞ | 28⅜ | 8.02 |
| Close | 20⅞B | 28⅝B | 8.15A |

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

| | Receipts. Bus. | Shipments. Bus |
|---|---|---|
| New York | 151,700 | 48,373 |
| Philadelphia | 3,719 | 701 |
| Baltimore | 47,008 | 112,000 |
| Toledo | 60,550 | 15,000 |
| Detroit | 28,119 | 18,756 |
| St. Louis | 45,000 | 21,000 |
| Boston | 16,994 | 80,000 |
| Chicago | 178,695 | 19,499 |
| Milwaukee | 27,300 | 15,400 |
| Minneapolis | 257,250 | 48,800 |
| Kansas City | 56,400 | 91,200 |
| Duluth | 662,106 | 617,730 |

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 13.—Close, wheat, September, 73½c; December, 76⅛c; May, 79¼c. Corn, September, 37½c; December, 35½c; May, 35⅛c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 13.—The opening of the cotton market was steady with prices 3 to 4 points higher, following the lead of Liverpool, but though room bulls stubbornly resisted a reaction, prices were subsequently borne down by heavy selling for the outside account, chiefly Wall street.

Cotton spot closed quiet and unchanged; sales, 4835 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. September, $5.90; October, $6.05; November, $6.10; December, $6.16; January, $6.21; February, $6.24; March, $6.27; April, $6.30; May, $6.34; June, $6.37; July, $6.39.

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—Wheat—Liverpool closed ½d lower. London closing lower. Paris wheat 15 centimes lower, flour 30 centimes lower. Berlin ½ mark lower, Buda Pesth ¼ mark higher. Antwerp unchanged. Good rains are reported over the best portions of India. Australian prospects much improved. Weather conditions remain seasonable. Frosts reported in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin. Fair and cool weather indicated. Primary receipts 1,317,000 bus, shipments 887,000 bus. Clearances about 500,000 bus. We confirm ten loads for export. The market opened down but under the lead of September, which advanced 1⅝c, all futures moved up sharply and the closing was a strong one. The advance in September to 72¼c was due to a fight between local elevator people. The leading concern is supposed to be largely short, while two other interests are arrayed on the other side, and taking all the wheat that they can possibly lay their hands on. It caused quite a flurry among the shorts although foreign and statistic news was bearish. The advance for this month will no doubt lead up to a large movement to this market and the fact that prominent elevator interests are climbing for the cash article will tend to bring in speculation and investment buying of deferred futures. The market's action during the next 48 hours will be watched closely and should the present strength be maintained, increased activity and a broader market may be looked for, especially in the December future which can now be bought at a discount.

Corn—There has been good buying and the closing was a strong one with indications of working higher. Fifteen loads for export, charters 300,000 bus.

Oats—Were firm and moved up in sympathy with corn. There was some covering by the shorts.

Provisions—Hogs were steady, shipments of lard 1,360,000 lbs; meats 2,695,000 lbs. There has been a good cash demand for meats, while the English houses were buying lard for export. We thing there is enough in the situation to warrant purchases of January product at present values, and on all dips.

Puts, December wheat 71⅛c bid.
Calls, December wheat, 71¾@⅞c bid.
Curb, December wheat, 71⅜c.
Puts, December corn, 28⅝@¾c.
Calls, December corn, 28⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Stock. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar Trust | 150½ | 152⅛ | 149⅞ | 152 |
| Am. Tobacco | 126½ | 129½ | 126 | 129 |
| Atchison, pfd | 64½ | 64¾ | 63¾ | 64¾ |
| B. R. T. | 97⅞ | 98¾ | 95⅜ | 98¾ |
| C. B. & Q. | 133 | 133½ | 132½ | 133½ |
| C. & N. W. | 168½ | 168½ | 168½ | 168½ |
| Chicago Gas | 116 | 116¾ | 115⅜ | 116¾ |
| Southern Pacific | 36⅞ | 37⅜ | 36½ | 37⅜ |
| L. & N. | 80⅜ | 80⅞ | 79¾ | 80⅞ |
| Leather | 75⅛ | 77 | 75¾ | 76¼ |
| Manhattan | 115¾ | 116⅞ | 114⅞ | 116½ |
| Missouri Pacific | 46 | 46¾ | 45¾ | 46⅞ |
| Northern Pacific | 53⅞ | 54½ | 53½ | 54½ |
| Nor. Pacific, pfd | 75¾ | 76⅛ | 75¾ | 76⅛ |
| C. G. W. | 14½ | 15 | 14½ | 15 |
| Rock Island | 116⅝ | 117¼ | 116⅛ | 117⅛ |
| St. Paul | 132⅛ | 132½ | 131¼ | 132⅜ |
| T. C. I. | 118 | 129½ | 116 | 122½ |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 77 | 77¾ | 76⅞ | 77¾ |
| Western Union | 89 | 89¾ | 89 | 89⅝ |

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Some Buoyancy at Opening, But Market Became Stagnant.

New York, Sept. 13.—Only a partial response was made at the opening here to the buoyant tones of Americans in London. Gains in the railroads were limited to a half, except for Southern Pacific and Baltimore & Ohio. Tennessee Coal mounted upwards 3½ and Tobacco rose over a point. Brooklyn Transit, after a small gain, fell below last night's level. Tennessee Coal was lifted to 121 and was then hammered down to 116 and some conspicuous losses occurred elsewhere. About 11 o'clock, the market hardened, but became semi-stagnant. The local stocks advanced simultaneously. Metropolitan Street Railway, 3; Consolidated Gas, 2, and Brooklyn Transit, 1½. Other stocks rose also, Tennessee Coal gaining 3½. United States Milling, common and preferred 1¾ each; New Jersey Central, 1½ and Sugar and Colorado Fuel a point. Fractionally higher prices ruled for the leading railways but the demand was not urgent. Realizing towards midday partially wiped out the advance in the street railways. Sales of stocks to noon, 240,146 shares. Bonds showed a better tone, with a few gains of importance.

The demand continued good after 12 o'clock. Mexican Central roads were advanced on large buying. Colorado Fuel, the United States Milling stocks, Brooklyn Transit and the leather stocks continued to advance. The closing was active and buoyant at net gains of a point or upwards in many stocks.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following were the closing prices of copper stocks, reported by George Rupley, 319 Board of Trade:

Boston, Sept. 13.—Close: Atlantic, 27 bid; Adventure, 7@8; Arcadian, 58@½; Arnold, 12½@¾; Allouez, 6¾ asked; Butte and Boston, 64 bid; Bingham, 14¾; Baltic, 23 bid; Bonanza, 1¾; Boston Consolidated, 71⅛; Calumet and Hecla, 775@785; Copper Range, 40; Centennial, 34¼@½; Dominion Coal, 53@54; Franklin, 17½ bid; Humboldt, 2½@3; Isabella, 14; Osceola, 84@85; Old Colony, 9@½; Old Dominion, 36⅞; Boston and Montana, 337@340; Mohawk, 21@23; Michigan, 10½@11; Mass, 18; Parrott, 48; Pioneer, 2¾@3; Quincy, 156@157; Rhode Island, 6¾@7; Isle Royale, 44½ bid; Santa Fe, 13¼; Tamarack, 211@213; Tecumseh, 5½@6; Utah, 39; Wolverine, 45@46; Winona, 9½@10½; Washington, 1¾@2; United States, 32½; Zinc, 60; Cochita, 18.

## To Enjoy the Comforts of Home You Must First Get Home.

The "New Lake Superior Limited" of the Saint Paul & Duluth railroad is the only train that "gets you home," leaving Minneapolis at 2 p. m., St. Paul at 2:25 p. m., on and after Sept. 17. It arrives at Duluth at 7 p. m. every day in the year, Sundays included. Our morning and night trains are still running.

GLASGOW'S GAUDY FUNCTIONS.

The conferring upon Henry Irving of an honorary degree by the university of Glasgow and the ceremonial proceedings which, as usual in such cases, marked that occasion, have drawn attention to the peculiarly gaudy character of Glasgow university's academical functions. At other great seats of learning, however brilliant the plumage of the "domini doctores" and other members of high degree, your mere student or undergraduate, must wear a gown or cloak of sober, often rusty, black. But at Glasgow the students are still divided into "Togati" and "Non-Togati," and the former—"students of humanity, Greek, logic, ethics and natural philosophy classes"—must, according to the university statutes, wear "the ancient and academical robe—a scarlet cloak.

Owing, probably, to the anti-Papistical tendencies of Glasgow, the authorities of that university are not given to emphasizing the circumstances in its history which this scarlet cloak really commemorates. St. Andrews, the oldest university in Scotland, was founded in 1411 by Bishop Henry Wardlaw, and on petition of King James I and many great men of his realm was sanctioned by a bull of Pope Nicholas V two years later. Next in order of antiquity comes Glasgow. But no Scottish name is recorded as that of the founder of this university. In fact, it was not founded by any Scot, but by this same Pope Nicholas V, who issued his bull for the establishment of a "sudium generale" at Glasgow in 1450, and endowed the same, so far as it was endowed at all, out of the funds of the church. It is to this fact that the Presbyterian students of humanity and other ingenious arts owe their "scarlet cloaks." And the origin of the university is unique, as is the garb of its students. It is the only surviving purely papal foundation in the British isles.—New York Tribune.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, GOOD four and eight room house and lot at Highland. Easy terms to right party or will trade for property. George A. Wieland, room 5 Torrey building.

Money to Loan--Short time loans made. Commercial paper and time checks bought. Mortgage loans 5 to 7 per cent. Bring in your Applications.

Chas. P. Craig & Co. Herald Building.

FOR RENT.

Upper easterly corner of Lake Avenue and First street, 50x140 feet, for rent, long or short term.

SAMUEL F. WADHAMS, 304 Lonsdale Building.

Real Estate For Sale.

Houses taken under foreclosure in all parts of the city. You can buy them cheap. For sale by

GEO. H. CROSBY & CO., 106 Providence Bldg, Duluth, Minn.

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changes Tuesdays and Fridays.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BUTTER. | | | |
| Best creamery, per lb | 24 | @ | 26 |
| Cream, separators, fancy | 21 | @ | 22 |
| Dairies, fancy, special make | 18 | @ | 19 |
| Packing stock | 13 | @ | 13½ |
| Dairy, fair | 17 | @ | 18 |
| CHEESE. | | | |
| Twins, flats, full cream, new | 11 | @ | 12 |
| Full cream Young America | 12 | | |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 13 | @ | 13½ |
| Brick, No. 1 | 11 | @ | 11½ |
| Limberger, full cr'm, choice | 13 | | |
| Primost | 5½ | @ | 6 |
| EGGS. | | | |
| Candled, strictly fresh | 14 | @ | 15 |
| HONEY. | | | |
| Fancy White Clover | 15 | @ | 16 |
| Fancy White Clover in jars strained, per lb | 12½ | @ | 13 |
| Golden Rod | 11½ | @ | 12 |
| Dark honey | 11 | @ | 11½ |
| Buckwheat, dark | 11 | @ | 11½ |
| MAPLE SUGAR. | | | |
| Vermont, per lb | 12 | | |
| Ohio, per lb | 10 | | |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| POPCORN. | | | |
| Choice, per lb | 2½ | @ | 3 |
| PEAS AND BEANS. | | | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 1 50 | @ | 1 35 |
| Medium, hand picked, bus | 90 | | |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus | 1 25 | @ | 1 50 |
| Green and yellow peas | 1 10 | @ | 1 25 |
| Green peas, bus | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| NUTS. | | | |
| Hickory nuts, per lb | 4 | | |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Soft shell almonds, per lb | 17 | | |
| Soft shell walnuts, per lb | 12 | @ | 13 |
| Hard shell walnuts, per lb | 10 | | |
| Brazils, per lb | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Pecans, per lb | 8 | @ | 10 |
| Peanuts, roasted, per lb | 8 | | |
| Raw peanuts, per lb | 5½ | @ | 6 |
| FRUITS. | | | |
| Apples, bbl | 3 00 | @ | 3 75 |
| Citrons, doz | 75 | @ | 85 |
| California plums | 1 35 | @ | 1 50 |
| Peaches | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| California seedlings | 4 75 | @ | 5 00 |
| California navals | 5 00 | @ | 5 50 |
| Messina lemons, per box | 5 00 | @ | 5 50 |
| California lemons, per box | 4 00 | @ | 4 50 |
| Gem melons, basket | 45 | @ | 50 |
| Bananas | 1 25 | @ | 2 00 |
| Blueberries | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Watermelons | 14 | @ | 18 |
| Limes, per case | 2 00 | @ | 2 75 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Figs, per lb | 15 | @ | 19 |
| Dates, per lb | 6 | @ | 6½ |
| Concord grapes | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Muskmelons, per bus | 85 | @ | 1 00 |
| Grapes | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Fancy Concord grapes | 20 | @ | [illegible] |
| Pears | 1 75 | @ | 2 25 |
| VEGETABLES. | | | |
| Celery | 25 | @ | 35 |
| Tomatoes, bus | 65 | @ | 75 |
| Yellow egg tomatoes, bus | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Hubbard squash | 1 00 | @ | 1 20 |
| Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bus. | 1 50 | @ | 1 60 |
| New potatoes, per bus | 33 | @ | 35 |
| Green peas | 65 | @ | 75 |
| Wax beans, bus | 75 | @ | 90 |
| Cucumbers, bus | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Beets, per bus | 65 | | |
| Radishes | 10 | @ | 15 |
| Onions | 10 | @ | 15 |
| Carrots, per bus | 65 | | |
| Rutabagas, per bus | 60 | | |
| Green corn, per doz | 8 | @ | 10 |
| Egg plant, per doz | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Asparagus, per doz | 35 | @ | 40 |
| Oyster plant, per doz | 60 | | |
| Horse radish, per lb | 8 | | |
| Parsley, per doz | 35 | @ | 40 |
| Cauliflower, per bus | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Lettuce, per bus | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Red and green pepper | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Mint, per doz | 30 | @ | 50 |
| Cabbage, per crate | 1 50 | @ | 1 75 |
| Red cabbage, per doz | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Horse radish roots, per bbl | 7 00 | @ | 7 50 |
| New onions, sack | 1 25 | @ | 1 35 |
| CIDER. | | | |
| N. Y. sweet cider, per keg | 2 75 | @ | 3 00 |
| Fruit juices, per keg | 4 00 | @ | 4 50 |
| LIVE POULTRY. | | | |
| Spring chickens | 9 | @ | 10 |
| Hens, old | 9 | @ | 10 |
| Old roosters | 7 | @ | 8 |
| Turkeys, fancy | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Turkeys, common | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Ducks | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Geese | 8 | @ | 9 |
| MEATS. | | | |
| Mutton | 9 | | |
| Lamb | 9½ | | |
| Veal, good | 8 | @ | 8½ |
| Hogs | 6½ | | |
| Veal, fancy | 9 | | |
| BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS. | | | |
| Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 14 00 | | |
| Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 13 50 | | |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 14 00 | | |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 13 50 | | |
| Ground feed, No. 1 | 15 00 | | |
| Ground feed, No. 2 | 15 50 | | |
| Cracked corn | 14 00 | | |
| Coarse corn meal | 14 00 | | |
| Corn | 36 | | |
| Oats, car lots, sack | 27 | | |
| HAY, CAR LOTS. | | | |
| Choice Southern Minn | 8 00 | | |
| eMdium | 7 50 | | |
| Choice timothy | 10 00 | @ | 10 50 |
| Mixed timothy | 8 00 | @ | 9 00 |

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 13.—Butter, receipts, 2540 packages. Steady. Western creamery, 18@23c; June creamery, 18½@22c; factory, 13@16c. Cheese, receipts, 3616 packages. Steady. Large white, 11@11¼c; small white, 11½c; large colored, 11¼@⅜c small colored, 11⅝c. Eggs, receipts, 5906 packages. Strong. Western ungraded at mark, 16½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 16@22c; dairies, 13@18c. Eggs, firm. Fresh, 14½@14¾c. Dressed poultry weak. Turkeys, 9@10c; chickens, 9@11c; ducks, 7½@8c.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| 208 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 212 Eighth avenue east—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 803 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 805 East Second street—6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 409 East Superior street—(down stairs) no water | $8.00 |
| 22 East Second street—store and dwelling | $25.00 |

A. R. MACFARLANE, Agent, Room 12, Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with modern conveniences. Apply to Eckstein & Bennett, real estate, insurance and loans. 200 Chamber of Commerce.

HOUSES, STORES FLATS, OFFICES. By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—CHEAP, THREE SMALL rooms in basement with city water. 24 East Second street.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF ROOMS, suitable for two or three gentlemen. 224 Fifth avenue east.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURnished rooms centrally located, with private family. J 20, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room. 518 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 14 East Second street. Inquire after 6 p. m.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 320 West Third street.

TO RENT—FLATS.

MODERN FOUR ROOM FLAT FOR rent. Centrally located. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES from $10 to $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS, UNFURNISHED $5 up; furnished $8 up. Four rooms each. 718 West Fifth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—SMALL FLAT WITH CONveniences. State rent and location. Nast, care of Herald.

LOST.

LOST—NO. 15 WATERMAN FOUNTAIN pen. Finder please return to Herald office and receive liberal reward.

FOUND.

FOUND—A LADIES' FUR BOA. INquire at this office, or room 403, Palladio.

DRESSMAKING.

MADAME VALNEY, OF NEW YORK, in charge of Nineteenth Century Dress-Cutting school, will enroll a class for Sept. 18, 1899. To show merits of system, this introductory class will be taught for two-thirds regular price. Ladies interested in artistic dressmaking should not neglect to investigate and be convinced. No. 2 East Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE very cheap; owner leaving the city. Address V, care Herald.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. 421 Ninth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR FIVE rooms, only used two months. Will be sold cheap. Apply G. D. Louden, McPhee show, opposite postoffice.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—TWO GOOD steamers, suitable for passengers or towing, also one scow. May take in trade lots or lands. Owner wants to devote time to other business. L. H. Jones, 315 West Michigan street.

A BARGAIN—FOR SALE—SEVERAL complete hardwood bedroom suites, as good as new. 511 East Third street.

CALL FOR YOUNG, STRONG, CLEAN and healthy canary birds of fine breed at the employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND household goods. Owner leaving city. Cheap for cash. "Widower," Herald office.

Lumbermen, Take Notice!

From 300 to 500 head of heavy logging and draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1800 pounds are always kept in stock, with fresh consignments received daily at Barrett & Zimmerman's horse market, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Minn.

MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE — MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. Croix avenue, private hospital.

CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.

SHE CHALLENGES THE WORLD FOR sickness and business readings of any kind. 622 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. LA Varde with clairvoyancy and divine power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood and deceit. He gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs, or any other subject of importance. Predicted the Spanish-American war in 1896, and also the New Richmond cyclone, two months ago. Parlors, 204 West Second street.

READINGS 15 CENTS. HOW TO CONtrol others taught, $1. Bad habits cured, $1. Magnetic treatments, 50 cents. "Knowing," 119 First avenue east.

PERSONAL.

DR. MANSFIELD'S MONTHLY REGUlator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in two to five days without fail; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or office, $2; all letters truthfully answered. The Mansfield Remedy Co., 167 Dearborn street, room 614, Chicago, Ill.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| C. H. Maginnis to C. H. Davis, lands in section 14-68-20 | $ 1,200 |
| E. N. Conant to J. N. Bell, lots 1, 2, 11, 12, block 24, East Duluth | 2,478 |
| D. L. McDowell to C. H. Davis, lands in section 8-67-20 | 500 |
| N. J. Ekberg to H. C. Clark, lands in section 16-68-19 | 1,000 |
| N. Anderson to A. Olson, lot 26, block 27, Virginia | 400 |
| R. B. Whiteside to J. Genswan et al, lands in 63-12, etc | 25,058 |
| R. B. Whiteside to Day Bros. Lumber company, lands in 63-12, etc | 26,433 |
| K. D. Chase to A. H. Comstock, lot 5, block 8, Banning & Ray's | 2,200 |
| K. D. Chase to A. M. Marshall, lots 6, 7, 8, block 8, Banning & Ray's | 7,200 |
| L. H. Horton to M. Johanson, lands in section 32-50-14 | 1,200 |
| J. W. Anderson to W. A. Avery, lands in section 1-54-12 | 1,325 |
| Homestead Building and Loan association to H. Nolte, ½ lot 20, block 5, Portland | 1,500 |
| W. A. Foote to K. M. Gillett, lots 381 and 383, block 50, Duluth proper, Second | 1,102 |
| J. Sterlka to J. Harriston, lot 2, block 20, Ely | 250 |
| A. H. Davis to P. A. Smith, lands insections 20 and 21-61-21 | 1,200 |
| Total, 15 transfers | $100,046 |

## ONE CENT A WORD.

Consignment of Additionals

For quick sale. Until returned can make close figures.

H. W. COFFIN

Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SEWING girl at Mrs. Humes, 125 Superior street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be a good cook; $20. 1116 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1520 East Third street.

WANTED—A YOUNG NURSE GIRL who can live at home. Apply 122 East First street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS WAIST MAKers, at 129 East First street. Eugene Lambert.

WANTED—WASHWOMAN AT 1105 LONdon road; every week.

WANTED—A GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF children. Call at 117 West Third street.

WANTED—COOK AND DISHWASHER. The Gem restaurant, 216 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—COOK AT THE CHILDren's home, 1722 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTED—SMALL FAMILY. 727 East Superior street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, TWO first-class housemaids at Craggencroft. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO do general housework. Apply at once. 1306 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2608 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED — COOKS, WAITRESSES, laundry and kitchen girls for hotels and boarding houses, also second girls and cooks in first class private houses. Call at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY 325 East Second.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—DRIVER FOR GROCERY store; one acquainted with city. Call at 29 West Superior street.

WANTED—SIX HOUSE PAINTERS. Steady work. Apply at street car shop.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS IN every town in the United States where we are not represented, to take orders for our high class tailoring. Lowest prices ever quoted. All garments fully guaranteed and shipped anywhere, without deposit, subject to approval. We take all the risk. Our salesmen are making from $75 to $250 a month. We equip you fully for business. Handsome sample book, stationery, advertising matter, fashion plates. Our instruction book teaches everything perfectly. Measuring learned in a few minutes by photographic illustrations. Large territory to good men. Full particulars on application. Address, American Woolen Mills Co. (Inc.), Chicago.

WANTED—BOY GOOD AT FIGURES and penmanship to learn railroad business. No salary at start. H 29, Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN, TO WORK. Inquire 226 West First street.

FIRST CLASS BOOKKEEPER AND collector. Apply, stating references and salary expected. J 47, Herald.

WANTED—100 STATION MEN FOR Balch & Peppard, near Houghton, Mich. Big prices, free fare, work all winter. Work let direct from head contractors. Apply to Alexander & Co., Employment office, 433 West Michigan street, Duluth.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Only eight weeks required. Half rate transportation furnished now. Positions guaranteed. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—ONE SAWMILL ENGINEER —must be of temperate habits, also one setter. Apply by mail to J. F. Smith, care Oshkosh Log and Lumber company, Choate, Mich.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR MAN WANTED TO TRAVEL and appoint agents; $60 per month salary and expenses. Ziegler & Co., 743 Monon building, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street. Duluth. Minn

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A POSITION AS JANITOR or fireman by reliable man. M 32, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED AS ASSISTANT bookkeeper, collector or timekeeper, by experienced man. Address X 25, Herald.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY WHO wishes to attend school, a place to work for her board. Call or address 17 East Superior street. Room 9.

A FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER FROM the East would like to make a few engagements in families. All work first-class. Address J 48, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING, AT 322 SECOND avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION AS JANITOR OR the charge of furnaces by a married man. Address 1321 West Michigan street.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME. 316½ East Ninth street.

A WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK TO go out washing and scrubbing. Call or address 14 East First street.

EXPERIENCED LADY WISHES POSItion as cashier. Can furnish best of references. Address J 2, Herald.

YOUNG LADY, WELL EXPERIENCED in shorthand, would like to teach in the evenings. Will go to your home. Very reasonable. Address J 46, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. The only reliable licensed pawnbrokers in the city. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC. THE ONLY REPUTABLE LICENSED PAWNBROKER IN CITY. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE, 324 West Superior street.

CITY SCAVENGER.

GUST ANDERSON, CITY NIGHT scavenger. All orders promptly attended to. Office No. 14, First avenue east.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

SECRET SOCITIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 18, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lyonel Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1899. Work, ——. Robert Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 13th, 1899. Alex. P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Sept. 5, 1899. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE No. 105, Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. I. W. Smith, W. M.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; W. C. Weld, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

I. O. F.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTers—Court Commerce No. 3283, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock, in Kalamazoo block, second floor. H. W. Krause, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, second and fourth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Harrington, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE NO. 35, K. P. Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in the Third rank, Sept. [illegible] W. M. Hillis, C. C.; G. H. Nichols, K. R. S.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

Excursion to Fond du Lac

Str. Josie Davidson will make daily trips—leaving Duluth, Fifth avenue, 10 a. m., Superior, Tower Bay slip, 10:30 a. m. Fare, 50c round trip. Special rates given to parties and societies. Address John H. Hanson, 470 West Fifth street, Superior; or Buffalo Oil company, West Superior 'Phone 4022.

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS

STEAMER Dubuque

Will Leave St. Paul for St. Louis and Intermediate landings, Monday, Sept 18th, at 10 a. m.

For full information regarding passenger and freight rates address C. R. BROCKWAY, General Agent, office foot of Sibley street, opposite Union depot, St. Paul. Telephone call, Main 93.

NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.

EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS

NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2:10 p. m. for Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 6:30 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, Sept. 19. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

St. Paul & Duluth R. R.

| Leave Duluth | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **9 00 am<br>*1 55 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL<br>MINNEAPOLIS | *6 30 am<br>*1 35 pm<br>**7 45 pm |

Sleepers for 11:15 p.m. train ready at 9 p. m. Passengers may remain in sleeper at Minneapolis until 8 a. m.
Train for Fond du Lac and New Duluth **9:00 a.m.
FROM UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 33 West Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

City Ticket Office—432 West Superior Street.

| Leave. | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 10 p.m<br>*11 15 p.m | ST. PAUL<br>AND MINNEAPOLIS. | †2 10 p.m<br>†7 00 a.m |
| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday. | | |
| 8 15 a.m<br>†3 00 p.m | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points. Swan River, Hibbing and Int. Points | *6 45 p.m<br>†12 m |

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Northern Passenger Agent.

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... | Duluth | Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... | Proctor | Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar.. | Iron Junction | Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar..... | Wolf | Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar..... | Virginia | Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... | Eveleth | Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... | Sparta | Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar.... | Biwabik | Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar.... | Mt. Iron | Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar.... | Hibbing | Lv | 12:35 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. P. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

North-Western Line.

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8 35 a m<br>*4 45 p m | St. Paul, Mpls. Twilight Limited. | **3 05 pm<br>*9 45 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Fast Mail. | *10 45 am |

Wagner Sleepers. Free Chair Cars.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Telephone 44.

426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave. | *Except Saturday. †Except Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *7 00 pm | BOSTON LIMITED | †8 30 am |
| | Copper Country | |
| †8 40 am | Daylight Express | †7 55 pm |

Duluth & Iron Range R. R.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv..... | Duluth | Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... | Virginia | Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar..... | Eveleth | Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar..... | Ely | Lv | 7:30 a.m. |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

DAILY SERVICE.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv..... | Duluth | Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv.. | W. Superior | Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv... | Ashland | Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar... | Milwaukee | Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar... | Chicago | Lv | 6:25 p.m. |

Pullman palace sleepers and finest dining car service. Meals a la carte.

W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent Duluth.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

**Only Evening Paper in Duluth**

THE EVENING HERALD.

**An Independent Newspaper.**

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. / Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

**TEN CENTS A WEEK.**

EVERY EVENING
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Single copy, daily | .02 |
| One month | .45 |
| Three months | 1.30 |
| Six months | 2.60 |
| One year (in advance) | 5.00 |

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

**OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.**

HERALD'S CIRCULATION
HIGH-WATER MARK,

**17,148.**

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Sept. 13.—The storm conditions in the far Northwest have developed considerable energy since Tuesday morning, the center of the barometric depression having moved south to Montana; pressures are highest over Minnesota and Manitoba. Cooler weather overlies the lake region, Mississippi, Missouri and Red River valleys, with close to freezing temperatures in the latter district. A light frost occurred at Duluth this morning. Light rains have fallen at the Soo and Marquette and Montana and Alberta. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh northerly.

Minimum temperatures last night:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bottineau | 52 | Miles City | 58 |
| Bismarck | 44 | Milwaukee | 48 |
| Calgary | 50 | Minnedosa | 52 |
| Chicago | 52 | Memphis | 64 |
| Dubuque | 48 | Moorhead | 56 |
| Denver | 58 | North Platte | 52 |
| Detroit | 46 | Omaha | 52 |
| Dodge City | 56 | Port Arthur | 56 |
| Duluth | 44 | Prince Albert | 44 |
| Edmonton | 52 | Qu'Appelle | 44 |
| Havre | 56 | Rapid City | 52 |
| Helena | 58 | St. Louis | 56 |
| Huron | 54 | St. Paul | 44 |
| Kansas City | 54 | Sault Ste Marie | 38 |
| La Crosse | 44 | Swift Current | 38 |
| Lander | 52 | Williston | 48 |
| Marquette | 44 | Winnipeg | 58 |
| Medicine Hat | 46 | | |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers Thursday. Warmer tonight and Thursday, with brisk and possibly high northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—State and lake forecasts: For Minnesota—Partly cloudy, with showers Thursday and possibly in north portion tonight. Warmer tonight.

For Wisconsin—Fair tonight; warmer in west portion. Thursday increasing cloudiness and warmer, with showers in northwest portion.

Lake Superior—Winds shifting to easterly and becoming brisk and high over western portion Thursday. Fair, followed by showers over west portion.

## NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

Hereafter The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for the three publications, this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

### THE PANAMA CANAL.

The vigorous and determined efforts of the new Panama canal company to complete that great undertaking have greatly impaired the prospects of the Nicaragua canal. There is no necessity of having two waterways between the Atlantic and Pacific, and if the Panama canal will be finished at an early date there will be no good reason for going ahead with the Nicaragua canal. The advocates of the latter route, and particularly the Maritime Canal company, which has for years been endeavoring to unload its concession on this government at an extravagant figure, have sedulously encouraged the belief that the Panama scheme would never be carried out and that the millions of dollars already expended on that enterprise by the Lesseps and other French syndicates had been practically sunk forever.

This assertion, however, is incorrect. The new company that has undertaken to complete the Panama canal has no intention of abandoning it. From reliable accounts it appears that the work on that great enterprise is being pushed forward more successfully than ever before and that the company which has it in charge has gained in confidence and credit since it entered upon the undertaking. Expert and impartial engineers declare that $100,000,000 is an outside estimate of the cost of completing the Panama canal and this is many millions less than any reliable estimate of the cost of constructing the Nicaragua canal. The work at Panama is being pushed with great vigor because its promoters believe that if they can bring their work within sight of easy completion at an early day the Nicaragua canal will not be undertaken.

It was a bold thing for them to once hold of an enterprise in which nearly $500,000,000 had been sunk and which was abandoned as hopeless. But they had the immense advantage of work already done and it now appears that the chances are decidedly in favor of their success. One trouble about the Nicaragua canal is that the company which originally undertook it showed a disposition to "do" the United States government. There are now two companies claiming the right to construct this canal and both of them are beseeching the government's endorsement. The concession given to the Maritime Canal company will expire on Oct. 9, and the Grace syndicate claims that its rights will then begin under the contract made with the government of Nicaragua.

Neither of these companies, however, is prepared to construct the Nicaragua canal without assistance from the United States government. Indeed, it seems to be the idea of the promoters of both companies to sell out their concessions to this government at a handsome profit to themselves. On the other hand, the Panama canal is being conducted strictly as a business enterprise, run on business principles and asking aid from nobody but its stockholders.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### RAILWAY PROGRESS.

Advance sheets from the forthcoming volume of Poor's Manual of Railroads contain the following table showing the many increases and the one decrease in the chief items of traffic statistics and earnings of the railways of the United States in 1898 over 1897:

| | Increase 1898 over 1897. | P. ct of Increase. |
|---|---|---|
| Miles of railroad operated | 2,658.54 | 0.11 |
| Tons freight moved | 124,588,865 | 1.33 |
| Freight mileage | 16,723,604,041 | 1.70 |
| Passengers carried | 10,875,763 | 0.21 |
| Passenger mileage | 1,177,329,664 | 0.84 |
| Earning from freight | $88,772,787 | 1.14 |
| Earning from passengers | 19,021,655 | 0.77 |
| Mis'laneous earning | 9,087,856 | 0.91 |
| Total gross earning | $116,632,608 | 1.03 |
| Net earnings | 46,874,141 | 1.37 |
| Earnings per ton per mile | *0.629 cent | *4.89 |

*Decrease.

The earnings per ton per mile are the only item showing a decrease. The greatest increases in tonnage mileage were in the railroads of the Middle and Central Northern (or lake states) groups. In the former, on 57 leading railroads, there was an increase in tons moved one mile of 4,440,400,000, or from 32,421,600,000 tons one mile in 1897 to 36,862,000,000 in 1898. In the lake states the increase on 59 roads was 5,960,400,000 ton- miles, that is, from 29,632,100,000 in 1897 to 35,592,500,000 in 1898.

The following statement shows the miles of line constructed in each year since 1880, the total length of railroad in the United States at the end of each year, and the net increase in length from year to year:

| | Miles Constructed. | Total Mileage. | Net Increase. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1880 | 6,369 | 93,262 | 6,762 |
| 1881 | 9,778 | 103,108 | 9,846 |
| 1882 | 11,600 | 114,677 | 11,569 |
| 1883 | 6,849 | 121,422 | 6,745 |
| 1884 | 5,874 | 127,345 | 5,923 |
| 1885 | 3,124 | 128,320 | 2,975 |
| 1886 | 8,115 | 136,398 | 8,018 |
| 1887 | 12,982 | 149,214 | 12,816 |
| 1888 | 7,056 | 156,114 | 6,900 |
| 1889 | 5,680 | 161,276 | 5,162 |
| 1890 | 5,633 | 166,854 | 5,578 |
| 1891 | 4,508 | 170,729 | 4,075 |
| 1892 | 4,579 | 175,150 | 4,421 |
| 1893 | 2,857 | 177,316 | 2,346 |
| 1894 | 2,208 | 179,415 | 1,899 |
| 1895 | 1,972 | 181,065 | 1,650 |
| 1896 | 2,088 | 182,769 | 1,704 |
| 1897 | 2,161 | 184,591 | 1,822 |
| 1898 | 3,190 | 187,810 | 2,219 |

The most striking exhibit in the introduction to the Manual is the growth of the railway system of this country in the last half of this century, for although railroad construction was begun in this country as early as 1830, at the end of 1849 there had been completed only 9021 miles, all of which was confined to the territory east of the Mississippi, the state of New York then leading with 1461 miles, Pennsylvania coming second with 1240 miles and Massachusetts third with 1035 miles. Last year alone and it was a quiet year for railroad construction, it will be noticed that the net increase was only 2219 miles. It will undoubtedly be larger during the present year, but there is none of the speculative building now going on that began in 1873 and culminated in 1877, and was renewed with the revival of business in 1879 and 1880 and reached its greatest development ten years later, being followed by the depression of 1891, when the whole speculative edifice collapsed. The lessons then learned are likely to be lasting, and while there may be more railroad building now going on than for several years past, it is due to a legitimate demand and not the result of schemes launched by speculative promoters.

### THE PIONEER NODDING.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press is getting very careless in its old age. A few years ago it would hardly have been guilty of blundering in reference to the politics of a leading newspaper in the great state of Ohio, but yesterday it printed the following paragraph:

"One of the most interesting among the many reversals in political attitudes which have characterized the present year is found in the case of the Cleveland Leader. Three years ago its editor, as a delegate to the Chicago convention, voted for John R. McLean for president on every ballot. Today he refuses to support McLean even for the far less important office of governor of Ohio, declaring that McLean's candidacy has no claims to the support of Democrats who are true to the principles and organization of their party in Ohio." Democratic papers outside the state, like the Chicago Chronicle and the Chattanooga Times, take similar positions."

Surely the Pioneer Press must know that the Cleveland Leader is one of the most stalwart Republican newspapers in the country, and that for many years past it has been one of the leading organs of the Ohio Republicans. The idea that its editor attended the Democratic convention at Chicago in 1896 and voted for Mr. McLean for president is as absurd as is the probability of the Leader now supporting Mr. McLean for governor. But it is amusing to see the Leader presuming to instruct Democrats as to whether Mr. McLean has claims to their support.

Even Gen. Joe Wheeler is said to be disgusted with the management of affairs in the Philippines and threatens to return home! Why not send Gen. Miles to Manilla and end this wretched state of affairs?

The peculiar disease from which the czar is said to be suffering is known as aphasia, and in plain English is using one word when another is meant. If his majesty wants his hat and can't remember the word "hat" he asks for something else, and he is unable to recollect the meaning of words when he reads them.

### AN ABLE EDITOR GONE.

John Blanchard, editor of the Minneapolis Times, who died yesterday, was one of the most vigorous writers in the West, and the press of Minnesota has suffered a serious loss by his demise. Mr. Blanchard was 57 years old and had been in the editorial harness nearly all his life, continuing actively at work until a few months ago, when he was stricken by nervous prostration and brain trouble.

When Mr. Blanchard first came West he assumed the editorship of the Monticello, Iowa, Express, and for twelve years was its owner and editor. It was very successful financially and he was in very comfortable circumstances when he was induced to become interested in the Dubuque Times. He made a good newspaper out of the Times and contributed much to the success of the Republican party in that district, but the Times did not prosper in a business way and Mr. Blanchard sunk nearly all the money he had made at Monticello. He finally gave up the struggle and in 1889 removed to Minneapolis, becoming editor-in-chief of the Times, a position he held until his death.

Mr. Blanchard was a man of the strictest integrity, and in his editorial labors he labored to deal justly and fairly with all men and all measures. For the corrupt politician, for the time-serving demagogue, he had no sympathy, and he was unsparing in denunciation of any measure or scheme that he believed to be injurious to the public interests. Thus he undoubtedly made many enemies, but on the other hand he gained a host of warm and devoted friends who learned to admire his fearless pen and independent spirit.

Mrs. O'Leary and her cow have been superseded in Chicago. It is said that the recent prairie fires on the South Side have been traced to two fair bicyclists, who, just for the fun of the thing, scattered oil from their bicycle lamps on the dry grass and then applied a match, to the great danger of the buildings in the vicinity.

Capt. Carter's counsel is trying to draw a parallel between his case and that of Dreyfus. Dreyfus was tried by men who believed it was necessary to convict him. No such reason appears in the Carter case. Carter had a fair hearing, and the attempt to make people believe he is in the position of Dreyfus will fail.

Every year the treasurer of the United States is called upon to redeem millions of bank notes which have become badly worn as the result of constant handling. During the fiscal year recently closed Treasurer Roberts gave new bills in exchange for old to the amount of $29,000,000, breaking the record of the last six years.

There is an animated controversy in San Francisco over the fact that the new city hall, planned to cost $1,500,000, represents up to date an expenditure of $5,000,000 but is not completed. Minneapolis can sympathize with San Francisco on this question.

The Detroit News thinks the report that Senator Beveridge of Indiana, was unable to agree with the president concerning the Philippines was probably started as a political boom for the Hoosier statesman.

Governor Tanner of Illinois killed his man but that fact did not prevent his election. How then do they expect to defeat Goebel in Kentucky because he killed a man?

This government will be manufacturing its own smokeless powder within two or three months. Its purchase from private sources is a big item of expense.

Before asking for the pardon of Dreyfus it might be well to ascertain if he has any intention of starting on a lecture tour when turned loose.

An exchange says that John R. McLean is no talker. But John has money, and everyone will admit that money talks.

While Oom Paul trusts in the Lord, he does not fail to keep his powder dry.

It would be impossible to degrade Dreyfus to the level of the general staff.

The coal man is beginning to assume a very pleased expression.

## THE BOOM IN IRON.

New York Sun: Pig iron for which manufacturers were glad to get $16 a ton a year ago, is now selling for more than double that price. The prices of ore, iron and steel were almost stationary last autumn for some months after the demand began to increase. The advance, which began in December last, was slow and conservative till the latter part of February, when the markets, excited by an avalanche of orders, advanced sharply. Then prices were stationary again for about six weeks of March and April, and since that time they have been advancing. The law of supply and demand rules the day, and prices have no artificial stimulation, but have risen only as they have been forced up by orders that have completely outrun the possibility of supply within the desired time.

All the trades that use iron and steel are booming. Not long ago, one maker of agricultural implements purchased 10,000 tons of bar iron in a single week, and proportionate demands have been pouring in from all the manifold branches of manufactures using iron and its products. The demand for steel rails has been enormous; one of the largest producers in the rail trade had contracts in February for all the rails it could make this year. We have seen times before, in the past thirty years of vast railroad construction, when our product of iron did not begin to meet the demand; but today, with enormously increased resources in developed iron mines and capacity for production, we are more hungry for iron than ever before. Perhaps we should be very cheerful, inasmuch as the consumption of iron and steel is one of the surest signs of material welfare, but the men who are clamoring for iron and can't get it may be excused if they are not entirely happy.

England used to help us out in the days when she led the procession of iron producing countries, but this year, with the home and foreign demands for her pig and finished products, she has her hands full, and all the more because her output slightly declined, at least in the first half of the year. Even our high prices afford little hope that relief will come from abroad. The fact is that the whole world wants more iron and steel and looks for its supplies chiefly to the United States, Great Britain and Germany; and as those countries are working to their full capacity, and the Americans, in particular, cannot fill foreign orders except with stock they might sell at home, there is little prospect in any land, at present, that enough foreign iron will be imported to meet local demand.

Of course the great rise in prices cannot fail, before very long, to reduce consumption. Mr. Carnegie said in May that he saw no prospect of diminished prosperity in the iron trade before next winter at least, and many men now think that the present impetus will maintain the boom through the next dull season. It cannot last forever, but there is satisfaction in the knowledge that when depression comes at home we can still produce iron and its manufactures at a cost that will permit us to supply much of the demand of the world at large. Meanwhile our manufacturers of iron and steel deserve to be congratulated on their present prosperity, for they have had a hard struggle since 1893.

## THOUGHTS THAT TICKLE.

Chicago Tribune: "This certainly is what I call cool impudence," said the professor, as they sat down at the table. "What is?" the others asked him. "This chili sauce."

-:-:-

Indianapolis Journal: Watts—What was the worst storm you ever encountered?

N. Peck—I think it blew at the rate of about 300 words a minute.

-:-:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "There is one thing I like about that bluff old Sulu sultan."

"What's that?"

"Lack of superstition. He has thirteen favorite wives."

-:-:-

Washington Star: "Some well meanin' folks," said Uncle Eben, "is so skayht foh fear dey won't gib de devil his dus dat dey clean ovahlooks de fack dat some well behaved human folks has claims to attention."

-:-:-

Indianapolis Journal: Oom Paul—Of course, you want all you can get.

J. Bull—Your ideas of progress are decidedly archaic. I want all there is.

-:-:-

Somerville Journal: Hicks—Do you know what Watson would do if he had a million dollars?

Wicks—No.

Hicks—He'd lose it all trying to get another million.

-:-:-

Indianapolis Journal: "Is it true," asked the inquisitive foreigner, "that you ladies get a divorce one day and marry the next?"

"Indeed it is not," answered the Chicago lady; "in the lower classes it may occur, but in our set a two weeks' vacation is the proper thing."

-:-:-

Chicago Record: "It is dreadful how much slang is spoken and written nowadays."

"You bet that's no dream."

-:-:-

Washington Star: "Don't you b'lieve all de wisemess yoh hears," said Uncle Eben. "Dey says it's de unexpected dat happens, but I'se been waitin' foh years foh some sewer onexpectedness as habbin' de lan'lord come 'roun' and say, 'Uncle Eben, yoh needn't pay no rent dis month.'"

### The Crew of the Locomotive.

I sing a song of the faithful, the hardy
And strong and bold;
Of a straight devotion to duty that cannot be paid in gold;
Not a song of the militant valor displayed on the firing line,
But of those who, always in danger, show courage almost divine.
Of the hardy crew of the engine the soul of my song shall be,
With the whistle's scream and the hissing steam
For a suitable symphony.

I sing a song of the anxious; of the wistful ones at home;
Of the sleepless eyes of the loving, when the loved ones are slow to come.
Not the beautiful song we welcome that arises from day to day;
But the heart's outcry of foreboding that is never too far away;
Yet the faithful crew of the engine the soul of my song shall be,
For, early or late, the hour must wait
Until duty shall set them free.

I chant the dirge of the mourners, the widow's and orphan's prayer,
That asks of the great high Father the courage and strength to bear;
The pitiful prayer of the grieving, with memory backward bent
To a hasty kiss and a cheery smile and a wave of the hand as he went.
But the sturdy crew of the engine the soul of my song shall be,
And of duty well done, when the sunset sun
Has sounded for you and me.

A peaen then for the fallen, who, frontling grim death alone,
And keeping their trust of a hundred lives, have counted as naught their own!
Thank God for the hero spirit that flames in the human soul,
Lifting it far from the plane of life where the terrors of death control!
With the dauntless crew of the engine the soul of my song shall go,
And thank God, then, that we have such men,
To die if it need be so!

—R. A. BARKER in San Francisco Chronicle.

### One Year For Beating a Horse.

Humane Educator: Drivers of carts and other vehicles will do well to profit by the experience of Otto de Valmaseda, who was before Judge McCarthy in quarter sessions court No. 1, Philadelphia, recently charged with cruelty to a horse. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the limit of the law—one year in the county prison. De Valmaseda was hauling a heavy load of stone, and when his horse became "stuck" he beat the animal with an iron bar. His only excuse was that he had lost his temper. Judge McCarthy said he proposed to make an example of the prisoner. A man who would thus ill-treat a poor, dumb beast, the judge said, merely because he lost his temper, was deserving of the severest penalty prescribed by the law.

### SCARED THE TENDERFOOT.

The late Charles Osborn, the New York broker, and Gen. Custer were intimate friends, and Osborn annually visited the general at his camp on the plains. During one of the Indian campaigns he invited Osborn and a party of friends out to Kansas, and after giving them a buffalo hunt arranged a novel experience in the way of an Indian scare, says a writer in the Chicago Record. As Osborn was lying in his tent one night firing was heard at the outposts and the rapid riding of pickets. "Boots and saddles" was the order in the disturbed atmosphere of the night, and Custer appeared to Osborn loaded with rifle, two revolvers, a saber and a scalping knife.

"Charley," he said, in a quick, nervous way, "you must defend yourself. Sitting Bull and Flea-in-Your-Boots, with Wiggle-Jim and Scalp-Lock Skowhegan, are on us in force. I didn't want to alarm you before, but the safety of my command is my first duty. Things look serious. If we don't meet again, God bless you."

The broker fell on his knees. "My God, Custer," he cried, "only get me out of this! I'll carry 1,000,000 shares of Western Union for you into the firm to get me home! Only save me."

But Custer was gone, and the camp by shrewd management burst into a blaze, and shots, oaths and war-whoops were intermixed, until suddenly a painted object loomed on Osborn's sight, and something was flung into his face—a human scalp. He dropped to the ground, said the Lord's prayer backward, forward and sideways until the noise died away and there was exposed a lighted supper table with this explanation on a transparency: "Osborn, treat!!"

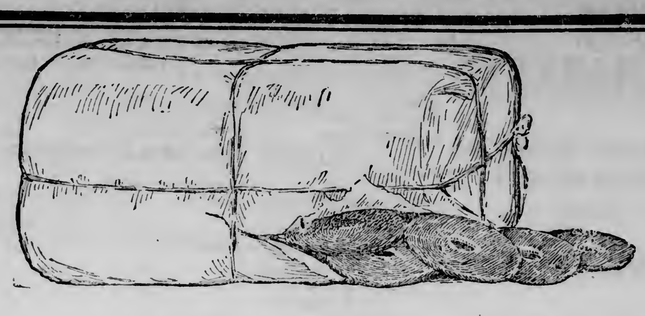
SCHOOLS.

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## NORTH DAKOTA.

### Northwood Wiped Out By Fire ---Fund For Soldiers' Return Complete.

Grand Forks—The little town of Northwood, Grand Forks county, was completely destroyed by fire at a late hour yesterday afternoon. The blaze started in the National hotel, through carelessness on the part of a hired girl, who was using gasoline to kill bed bugs. Before the citizens realized it the flames had spread to several buildings, and inside of three hours the entire business portion was destroyed. The volunteer fire department was utterly helpless. The loss at the present time is estimated at $200,000. Fifty business firms have lost their entire belongings. Postmaster Ellingson was the only one seriously injured. His face and legs were badly bruised by falling glass and timbers. Very few of the buildings carried insurance.

Representatives of the local committees and the state committee having in charge the return of the First North Dakota regiment at the expense of the people of the state were in session here yesterday, with Acting Governor Devine as chairman. Reports were read from different localities showing that there is $11,948 cash in hand, with probably $500 due. Nearly all of this was collected from the sale of badges at $1 apiece. Senator Hansbrough wired from San Francisco a few days ago that only $12,000 would be required to transport the regiment home. The committee will raise $16,000 in order to provide a fitting reception for the regiment.

A couple of coach loads of Michigan farmers passed through the city Monday to visit different points in the state. Several of them are contemplating the disposal of their farms in Michigan and purchasing new ones in this state. They are greatly surprised at the wages paid in this state and the manner in which the farmers meet the trains in order to secure necessary threshing hands to run their machines.

Fargo—A number of transient harvest hands and some residents around Wheatland were badly victimized by R. A. Miller, formerly a farmer in the western part of the county. Miller recently sold his farm and started out to do public threshing. After sixteen days he sold his machine and skipped. Twenty-five members of the crew were left penniless and a number of merchants from whom he purchased supplies are mourning his departure.

Grafteon—E. H. Pierce, for many years identified with the Record of this city and one of the best known editors in the state, has sold his interest in that paper. He expects to consummate other business arrangements which will keep him in the state.

Jamestown—The contract for erecting an additional school building at St. John's academy has been awarded to Shanley Bros., of Fargo, at $8238.

### AMATEUR SHERLOCK HOLMES.

"I wonder who that regular army officer is?" said an amateur Sherlock Holmes of this city, indicating a middle-aged gentleman who had just emerged from a St. Charles street store, says the New York Commercial Advertiser.

"How do you know he's a regular army officer?" asked a friend. "It strikes me that his appearance is distinctly unmilitary."

"Permit me to say," responded the amateur sleuth, "that you are a superficial observer. You evidently overlook the fact that when he fell in his trousers pocked just now he raised the bottom of his coat instead of brushing it aside. The movement was most unnatural for a civilian, and proved conclusively that he was in the habit of wearing a side slashed military blouse."

"Did you base your conclusion entirely on that trifling circumstance?" asked the other with some scorn.

"Oh, no," replied the analyst, airily, "it was cumulative, entirely cumulative. I had already observed that he carried his watch in his outside breast pocket, a habit common to officers, and that he made an involuntary movement toward his larboard hip as he brushed past a lady in the doorway. Of course, he was pushing aside and imaginary sword, and when he passed and started again with his left foot I was certain he was in the service."

"You said he was a regular, I believe?"

"Certainly. Those things are the habit of years."

"Your sagacity does you great credit," said the amateur's friend. "If I hadn't bought my groceries from that gentleman since '92 I'd agree with you on the spot. Come and join me in some nerve tonic."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

### SCARED HIS HAIR OUT.

In the Paris Medical Progress of June 17 M. Bossier relates the following remarkable case, which is an addition to the group of cases in which sudden loss of hair or change of its color followed mental shock. The subject was a vigorous peasant, aged 38 years, who was not of a nervous temperament beyond being slightly emotional. His hair was abundant and of a dark chestnut color, and not even slightly interspersed with white filaments. One evening as he was returning home, preceded by his mule, on which was mounted his son, aged 8 years, the animal slipped and the child was thrown off and trampled on several times. He was only severely bruised but the father thought he was killed, and in endeavoring to save him, was terror-stricken. He trembled and had palpitations and a feeling of cold and tension in the face and head. On the following day the hairs of the head, beard and eyebrows commenced to fall in quantities, so that after eight days he was absolutely bald. At the same time the skin of the head and face became paler. Without delay the hairs began to grow again in the form of a colorless down. Soon all the affected regions were covered with finer, more silky and a little more thinly sown, completely white hair. The hair of other regions was not affected.

### TALMAGE ON INGERSOLL.

The Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, in his lecture, says: "Notwithstanding Col. Ingersoll's large book on 'Talmagean Theology' and the lectures he delivered in all our great cities under the same title, I cannot now frame in regard to him a sentence acerb or ironical. I imagine that if we had had the same influence around us that Col. Ingersoll had we might have taken the same course. The Christianity that Col. Ingersoll assailed I do not find in my Bible. I hate the Pecksniffian and the 'praise-God-bare-bones' religion as much as this agnostic hated it.

"At least one great good has come to the world as the result of Col. Ingersoll's attack. All intelligent laymen were set to work to examine the evidences of Christianity. Hosts of people who had no other reason for believing the Bible except that they were brought up to believe it, went to work for themselves and found the overwhelming arguments in favor of it, and wrote under the old faith, quod erat demonstradum.

"In these days, close following the exit of the great agnostic, pathos and tenderness and sympathy should take the place of sarcasm and bitterness and harsh prediction."



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You want, take a ride over the Park Point Electric line to O-at-ka beach. Steam Ferry connections at Canal. Half-hour service to 1:45 p. m. 15-minute service to 8 p. m. Half-hour service to 10:30 p. m. Special cars for picnic and other parties.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

# THE FAIR OPENING

## Especially Fortunate This Year In Getting Finest of Weather.

## THE NOVELTY RACE

## C. J. Towne Won at First But a Protest Was Entered.

The county fair has never been so fortunate in having good weather as it has this year and if the fair is not a financial success it will be because the people of Duluth take no interest in such affairs. Yesterday was the opening day and the attendance, while not very large, was as good as on any opening day the fair has had since it organized. Today will doubtless see a large attendance and the races which are to be put on will be such that the fair will be an assured success for the following two days.

The exhibits were not all in yesterday, and the showing made in the exhibition hall was not as good as it will be today. There was a nice lot of vegetables however. Mrs. G. Velander, of Hermantown, has the largest exhibit, and it is really worth going to the fair to see that alone. She has always exhibited the products of her fine garden at every fair and has always carried off the best prizes. She shows samples of oat straw seven feet long. If all the farmers of the county took as much interest in the fair as does Mrs. Velander it would be an enormous success. J. S. Forward also has a very fine exhibit and it is artistically arranged. It is somewhat remarkable from the fact that all his vegetables were raised in a small patch of ground at Twenty-second avenue west.

Derick Magoffin brought down a half bushel of magnificent potatoes from his garden yesterday and as he entered them, remarked that he considered it the duty of every good citizen of the county to do what he can to help the fair along. It is a county institution and if it is not the success it ought to be it is because the people do not make it so.

The number of mercantile exhibits is also very small, for the managers found it almost impossible to interest any of the merchants in the fair. The Lion coffee has a booth from which hot coffee with cream and sugar to suit the taste is served to the crowd. The Standard Oil company has a very complete exhibit of all kinds of oils, axle grease, etc. D. M. Morrison has an exhibit of Whiting shirts and similar articles. The Duluth Basket factory also has on exhibition a large number of baskets of its make.

In the poultry shed exhibits were coming in yesterday afternoon at a good rate, and the showing was better than was expected. There were a large number of rabbits entered and these attracted all the children at once. There are a good many ducks also.

On the upper floor of the main building there is a good line of fancy work and articles of household manufacture. The display of embroidery, Battenburg and other styles of ladies' fancy work is excellent.

Some confusion has arisen as to the day on which the baby show and the bread contest will take place. They are set for Friday afternoon. All bread must be in by 2 o'clock. Gronseth & Olson have offered the prizes and the bread is to be made of Viking flour. For the best loaf of white bread they have offered $5 and for the second best, $2. The best loaf of rye bread will get $3. In the baby show a number of fine prizes have been offered and there will be a large number of entries.

The races yesterday afternoon opened with the novelty race. In this six entered. They were W. T. Bailey, James Sullivan, Ed Totman, C. J. Towne, H. D. Beck and James Keeble. All the horses were ranged in front of the grand stand together with the buggies. The horses had no harness on and at the word "go!" the harnessing began. Each man was allowed one assistant, and when his horse was harnessed jumped in and drove around the track. There was any amount of fun and it developed into quite a race. C. J. Towne was the first to come under the wire, but a protest was entered on the ground that three men assisted him. If true it was probably due to the fact that some of his enthusiastic friends in the crowd turned in and gave him a hand. At any rate the judges decided that the race would have to be run over again. Mr. Towne kicked and so did his friends, but he went into it again. The next time Ed Totman came in first, James Keeble, second; C. J. Towne, third, and W. T. Bailey, fourth.

The bicycle races did not fill, there being too few entries and after some time a 5-mile race was arranged. There were five entries: Edgar Smith, Joe Van Baalen, Earl Briggs, Henry Rumple, and Tom Bradley. It was pretty hard racing, for a strong wind was blowing and greatly retarded the riders, but they put up a pretty race. They finished in the following order: Smith, first; Briggs, second; Bradley, third; Van Baalen, fourth, and Rumple, fifth.

A half mile running race was put on and was an exciting contest. The entries were: Winchester and Sunburst by Deakin, of St. Paul; Cousin Jane, by W. H. Parker, of Minot, N. D., and H. B. F., by Cook, of Superior. Cousin Jane won the first heat in 55 seconds and Winchester took the second heat in 55¾. The concluding heat was won by Cousin Jane in 55 seconds.

For today the races scheduled are as follows: 2:20 trot or pace, purse, $200: Dr. C. John Finn; Ellihu, Coon & Carson; Carrie Eaton, W. A. Reimer; Ella J. B. S. Freeman; Bashaw Prince, W. H. Sanderson; Frank Allison, Frank J. Mann.

The 2:50 trot or pace, purse $200: Capt. S. James Sullivan; Hal Malone, Coon & Carson; Lon Vaughn, W. A. Reimer; Dolly Bashaw, Ilfram Knox; Bird S, H. C. Beck.

## THE CRITTENTON MEETING.

### Large Audience Hears a Fine Address By the Evangelist.

Charles N. Crittenton, the merchant evangelist, gave a splendid address in the Pilgrim Congregational church last evening from the text: "Where Art Thou?" The big auditorium was comfortably filled and the success of the meeting could well be judged by the large number of people who stayed for the after meeting, to talk to the great evangelist personally. He asked how many of his hearers were against God and how many wished to live that way. He told how many were against the right without realizing it until some event of their lives forced the knowledge on them. Mr. Crittenton said that after his own conversion he could not rest until he had converted others.

*"Keep to Your Place and Your Place will Keep You."*

*Without good health we cannot keep situations nor enjoy life. Most troubles originate in impure blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood rich and pure, and thus promotes good health, which will help you "keep your place."*

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints




Unquestionably the best for the club, cafe or family board. "BLATZ" possesses an individual goodness that is appreciated by those who enjoy good living—not essentially epicures or connoisseurs. Shall we send you a case?

Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.
VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee

Men would call at his office in New York city on business and he would talk to them of religion. The evangelist told many interesting incidents of his life and his work and closed the service with a strong plea for his hearers to live Christian lives.

This afternoon at shortly after 2 o'clock there will be another service and the usual service will be held in the Pilgrim Congregational church this evening beginning at 7:30. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these meetings and hear one of the most interesting speakers that ever came to Duluth.

# PLEADS GUILTY.

## Malcolm Macauley Admits the Truth of the Charge Against Him.

Malcolm Macauley, formerly a bookkeeper in the employ of the American Exchange bank, was yesterday afternoon indicted for grand larceny in the second degree in connection with the same offense for which he was indicted twice for forgery, and he pleaded guilty to the charge as stated in the indictment, which is for appropriating to his own use $157.10 of the bank's money. He pleaded not guilty to the forgery indictments, earlier in the afternoon. As he has pleaded guilty to one indictment, the others will be quashed, as no prisoner is ever sentenced on more than one indictment at a time in this court.

The grand jury brought in another batch of indictments yesterday afternoon. Frank Columbus was indicted for assault in the second degree, alleged to have been committed with a knife at Bewabik on Peter O'Farrell. George Fitzgibbons was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree for stealing a watch from J. A. Corbett at the Brunswick hotel in Duluth, July 26. William Cameron was indicted for burglary in the second degree for breaking in the house of Matilda Johnson.

William Scott, who was indicted for burglarizing A. W. Anderson's saloon, withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. Frank Kalfrom changed his plea of not guilty of assault in the second degree to guilty of assault in the third degree. W. W. Williams and John C. Cameron pleaded not guilty to the charges against them.

## A WOMAN DRAYMAN.

### Mrs. George W. Goldsmith Conducts a Fine Business In That Line.

Duluth has a woman "drayman," and she is a prosperous one, too. She is Mrs. George W. Goldsmith. For four years she has conducted the business, which was left her by her husband. She has six teen teams at work regularly, and in summer she employs extra ones. Her regular wagons are all painted black with white lettering. They are kept up in good shape and the horses are well cared for. The barn at 1111 West First street is well ventilated and clean, and the animals' comfort and well-being are carefully looked after.

Mrs. Goldsmith does all of the teaming for the Northwestern Coal company, and in the summer she does a general delivery business also.

She cultivates friendly relations between herself and her employes, and the majority of them have been with her a long time.

Besides her business Mrs. Goldsmith attends to the rearing of four children.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

### Another Expansion.

It will be of interest to the readers of The Herald who use McElree's Wine of Cardui in their homes to know that the sale of this remedy has so increased during the past year that the manufacturers have again had to increase the capacity by the addition of another large building. It has often been said that an article that finds favor with the ladies is sure to achieve great success. No more striking example of this could be found than the history of Wine of Cardui. From thousands of ladies' letters received by the manufacturers the following are selected:

From Mrs. Mary Pankowski, 33 Rose street, Chicago, Ill.

I have taken a bottle of Wine of Cardui and feel much better than when I wrote you. I did not have any pains at my last monthly period.

From Mrs. M. A. Thompson, Kalamazoo, Mich.

I suffered from what was supposed to be tumor of the womb, but I have taken five bottles of Wine of Cardui and am almost cured.

From Mrs. J. L. Todd, Stalvey, S. C.

I do not think I would have been living if I had not taken Wine of Cardui. We desired a child very much, and I now have a baby 7 months old.

From Mrs. W. S. Harris, 715 Walker street, Kansas City, Kan.

I have tried Wine of Cardui and found it to be the greatest medicine on earth for female troubles.

### A Western Triumph.

The Pioneer Limited on the Milwaukee line daily between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago. It has remained for the West and that progressive road to produce the only perfect train in the world.

### Free! Free! Free!

A correct and up-to-date atlas can be procured free, also 160 acres of land, by applying in person or writing to the Canadian government office, 316 Palladio building, Duluth.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Agent.

# SCARCER THAN EVER

## Employment Agents Report That Men Are Very Hard to Get.

## HIRING FOR WOODS

## Paying From $28 to $35 a Month and Scarce at That.

Employment agents report that men are scarcer now than they have been at any time. The wheat fields cleaned up the most of the floating supply of common laborers early in the summer, and so far but a very few of the men have come back. The work in the fields is not yet over, for one thing, and men will be employed there during most of the fall work. Another reason so few men have come back is that there is an active demand for men in other lines in that section, and as fast as they get through with the work in the fields they are snapped up for railroad work. For railroad work in North Dakota $2 to $2.25 is offered, and as that is as good as can be done here, there is no temptation for the men to come back.

Many men are needed in every direction, and it has been years since the common laborer was in so great demand as he is at present. On the Duluth & Iron Range men are wanted at present for $2 per day, and men are wanted for the woods as fast as they can be had. Work in the woods is likely to be a little late this year because of the lack of men. Until the harvest fields and the railroad contracts give up all the men they are using, there is going to be a scarcity of men for the woods, and that means until it freezes up for the winter. Wages offered for the woods now are $28 to $35 per month—with board, of course—and while this scale may not hold after the men begin to rush into woods work, it is the highest wages reached in a long time.

In addition to the offers in this section there are great chances for getting South for the winter if the men want them. Five hundred men are wanted on the lower Mississippi river for work on the levees. Steady employment at $1 per day and board for an 8-hour day is offered. In Arkansas, which is the greatest tie state in the Union, 1000 men are wanted for tie-making. The rush in railroad building is causing a lively demand for ties, and the result is a large demand for tie-makers in Arkansas.

## ARE GOING TO CHANGE IT.

### Street Railway Company Already Contemplates Bettering Service.

The managers of the Duluth Street Railway company regard the action of the council in passing a resolution demanding better service as somewhat premature, in view of the fact that they say that a new time-table is about to be issued, and which would provide for a 5-minute service between Twenty-second avenue east and Fifth avenue west. Mr. Mendenhall claims that at present a 10-minute service would be superfluous. As to a better transfer service the street railway officials are of the opinion that it can not be improved upon. It is said that if passengers have been left at transfer points it is the carelessness of the employes, and the rules of the company are very strict regarding the waiting on cars from other lines at transfer points.

### Craig-Cleland Wedding.

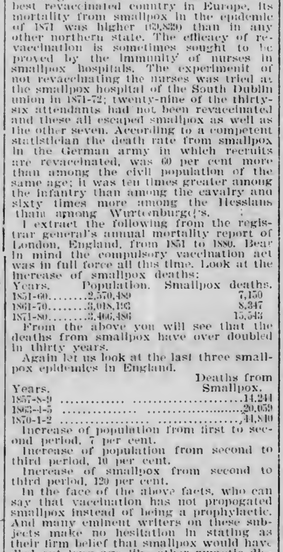
The marriage of Miss Caroline Forbes Craig and Rev. Frank Cleland was celebrated in Chicago last evening. The bride is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Willis G. Craig, of Chicago, and Mr. Cleland is the son of Dr. and Mrs. T. H. Cleland, of this city. The brides father performed the ceremony. Miss Mina Craig was maid of honor and G. F. Marshall, of Keokuk, was best man. Louis G. Stevenson, son of the former vice president of the United States and a cousin of the bride, was one of the ushers. Mr. and Mrs. Cleland will be at home at Anaconda after Oct. 20.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

WOMEN do suffer!
Even so-called healthy women suffer!
But they are not healthy!

The marks left by pain are on the young faces of many of our daughters. Pain that leaves its mark comes from a curable cause. If that cause is not removed its influence reaches out and overshadows a whole life. The reason Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been so uniformly successful for over a quarter of a century in overcoming the suffering of women, is that it is thorough and goes directly to the cause. It is a woman's remedy for woman's ills.

MUST WOMEN SUFFER?



MISS EMILY F. HAAS, of 148 Freeman St., Greenpoint, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I wish to state that I used your Vegetable Compound with the greatest success. I was very sick for nearly a year with hysteria, was down-hearted and nervous; also suffered with painful menstruation and pain in back and limbs. I often wished for death, thinking nothing would cure me. I had doctors, but their medicines did me no good. At last, by the advice of a friend, I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am happy to say it has entirely cured me.

JENNIE SHERMAN, of Fremont, Mich., Box 748, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel that I must write you and tell you what your medicine has done for me. I had neuralgia of the stomach for two years, so bad that I could not do any work. I had two or three doctors, but did not seem to get any better. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and improved from the first, had better appetite, and after taking three bottles of Compound and one box of Liver Pills, can say that I am cured. Your Vegetable Compound is a wonderful medicine."

# NOTICE TO MINE CONTRACTORS

Sealed proposals for Shaft Sinking, Drifting and Cross-Cutting at the Foley Mines, Seine River, Ont., will be received in triplicate at the office of the undersigned until 2 p. m. Oct. 15, 1899, and then opened. About 1400 feet of work is contemplated.

The highest or any proposal will not necessarily be accepted.

For specifications, form of contract and proposal and all information apply to MESSRS. LANGFORD & MORAN, Solicitors for THE CANADIAN MINES DEVELOPMENT CO., LIMITED, Rat Portage, Ontario.

Dated August 26, 1899.

LANGFORD & MORAN,
SOLICITORS,
RAT PORTAGE, ONT.

### Vaccination and Revaccination.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In reply to Dr. Webster, who does not attempt to answer the arguments set forth in my previous letter but says "ever too willing to shirk a duty or find an excuse for escaping a responsibility," we certainly owe our children a duty but it is to protect them from the diseases contracted by the use of the virus which "is not above suspicion." This in itself is quite a strong point against vaccination which is the inoculation of a healthy person with the pus poison from a festering sore on a diseased calf, which may, and often does, convey other and most terrible diseases, and confers no certain immunity against smallpox. There are but two ways that vaccination can prevent smallpox, one is by killing the person vaccinated and the other is by giving that person a worse disease than smallpox. It is a pathological fact that a person with one disease seldom contracts another, the worse disease preventing the milder. Either of these alternatives is surely unnecessary when we consider that smallpox never will or can attack anyone who lives properly in sanitary surroundings. The only way to ward off smallpox, or any of its kindred zymotic (filth) diseases, is by proper hygienic and sanitary measures, which are always successful.

Revaccination was first recommended in England and in Germany for the army by Hoffe in 1829. It has been more or less the law in Prussia since 1835 and notwithstanding the fact that Prussia was the best revaccinated country in Europe, its mortality from smallpox in the epidemic of 1871 was higher (39,839) than in any other northern state. The efficacy of revaccination is sometimes sought to be proved by the immunity of nurses in smallpox hospitals. The experiment of not revaccinating the nurses was tried as the smallpox hospital of the South Dublin union in 1871-72; twenty-nine of the thirty-six attendants had not been revaccinated and these all escaped smallpox as well as the other seven. According to a competent statistician the death rate from smallpox in the German army in which recruits are revaccinated, was 60 per cent more than among the civil population of the same age; it was ten times greater among the infantry than among the cavalry and sixty times more among the Hessians than among Wurtenburgers.

I extract the following from the registrar general's annual mortality report of London, England, from 1851 to 1880. Bear in mind the compulsory vaccination act was in full force all this time. Look at the increase of smallpox deaths:

| Years. | Population. | Smallpox deaths. |
|---|---|---|
| 1851-60 | 2,570,489 | 7,150 |
| 1861-70 | 3,018,126 | 8,347 |
| 1871-80 | 3,496,486 | 15,545 |

From the above you will see that the deaths from smallpox have over doubled in thirty years.

Again let us look at the last three smallpox epidemics in England.

| Years. | Deaths from Smallpox. |
|---|---|
| 1857-8-9 | 14,244 |
| 1862-3-4 | 20,059 |
| 1870-1-2 | 44,840 |

Increase of population from first to second period, 7 per cent.

Increase of population from second to third period, 10 per cent.

Increase of smallpox from second to third period, 128 per cent.

In the face of the above facts, who can say that vaccination has not propogated smallpox instead of being a prophylactic. And many eminent writers on these subjects make no hesitation in stating as their firm belief that smallpox would have died out long ago like other zymotic diseases, had it not been kept alive and propogated by inoculation and vaccination.

And now let me say in conclusion that vaccination had its origin in superstition, ignorance and filth, and the sooner it is relegated to the realms of forgetfulness, the better for the world. Every conscientious, self-respecting father and mother should demand the immediate repeal of this compulsory vaccination, as it is a dangerous infringement on our personal rights and liberties, an infraction of personal freedom. Yours truly,

A PARENT.

Duluth, Sept. 13.

Ask for Dent's Toothache Gum. Take no substitute. All druggists. 15 cents.

## OCEANIC ARRIVES.

### Big New Liner Reaches New York on Time.

New York, Sept. 13.—The mammoth new steamer Oceanic, of the White Star line, which was looked for by many all day yesterday, was sighted east of Fire Island at 8 o'clock this morning, as if by schedule, this being the day the company had announced she would arrive. She left Queenstown at 12:45 p. m. last Thursday, and estimating she will reach the lightship at 10 o'clock, the time of her passage will be about six days, two hours. It is probable that, owing to her great draught, she will not attempt to cross the bar until high water, which is at half-past 1 this afternoon, at Sandy Hook, and so her appearance in the upper bay can hardly be expected before 3 o'clock.

The time made by the Oceanic may be considered very good, coming through the heavy gales that have been reported on the Atlantic during her passage, and compares favorably with that of the swiftest ocean steamers in such weather, bearing out the claim that with her powerful engines she will make regular schedule time regardless of weather conditions. As compared with ocean records, however, there are half a dozen on the Queenstown route westward that are ahead of her, the best of which are that of the Lucania, 5 days, 7 hours and 23 minutes, and the Teutonic, 5 days, 16 hours and 31 minutes.

### North Dakota Crop Report.

The North Dakota crop report for the week ending Sept. 11 is as follows:

With the exception of the extreme northeastern part of the state, where local rains have fallen, there has been no rain during the past week, and grain cutting is practically finished, except for some few scattered pieces, and late flax, which is only now maturing.

Threshing is general in all parts of the state and about finished in the southern portion. It has been retarded some by high winds in some sections, but as a rule, the week has been very favorable for all farm work.

Corn has generally ripened in all parts of the state, and is now past any danger from frost, as are potatoes. The yield of the latter is not as good as in former years, but the quality is excellent.

## SCHOOLS AT CASS LAKE.

### Arrangements Are Made For Opening Three Schools.

Cass Lake, Minn., Sept. 13.—Superintendent of Schools Bernard and J. A. Gilberg, secretary of the school board, were up from Walker Thursday and made arrangements with the citizens of Cass Lake, at a meeting held in the evening, for the opening of a school here. Miss Clara V. Tuttle, of Pigeot, accompanied them, and will take charge of the school, which will be opened on Monday next. Another teacher has been hired by the board, and will begin teaching as soon as the second building is ready. It was decided at the meeting that the local board will erect another building, which will be rented by the county. Mrs. Curtis will teach this department. The furniture and other fixtures are here, and everything will be in readiness for the opening of school on Monday.

J. E. Johnson and Mike Toole, of Grand Rapids, will erect a business block here and engage in the hardware trade. Mr. Johnston has but recently resigned as deputy sheriff of Itasca county, and Mr. Toole was for six years sheriff of that county. Both are substantial men of business and will be welcome additions to our business circle.

G. A. Vangent has taken charge of the Commercial hotel, D. E. Golden, the former proprietor, retiring.

The Indians have commenced harvesting the crop of wild rice in the lakes and streams hereabouts. There is a large amount of the rice this year.

## THE PARK SCHEME.

### Meeting Held In St. Paul to Push It Along.

St. Paul, Sept. 13.—Dr. Schenck, the German forestry expert, and Col. John S. Cooper of Chicago were the principal speakers last night at a mass meeting in the Commercial Club rooms in this city in the interest of forestry in general and of the proposed national forestry park in Northern Minnesota in particular. The meeting was preliminary to a trip of the newly organized National Forestry Park association to Cass Lake and the region where it is desired to locate the forest park. A committee from the park association, headed by Col. Cooper, is making a trip to the park region in order to make plans for the later and larger excursion in the interest of the park. After the meeting last night the executive committee of the park association met and elected two new members of the association. These were the Fish, Game and Forest league of the state of New York, of which F. W. C. Smith, of Syracuse, is president, and the Federation of Woman's clubs of Minnesota.

## REGISTERED HIS KICK.

### Texas Father Objected to Marriage of His Daughter.

Longview, Tex., Sept. 13.—Panola county, and especially Backville, is excited over a terrible triple tragedy. The trouble started with the marriage of James Forsythe, a highly respected young man, and Miss Ollie Simpson, a belle of the neighborhood. They eloped, with the aid of several of Forsythe's friends, and were married Saturday night. This so angered the girl's father, Andrew Simpson, that Monday evening he saddled his horse, loaded a shotgun and took his pistol, declaring he would kill the whole party concerned. As he rode up to Forsythe's home he saw his son-in-law fleeing through the orchard. He brought him down with seven buckshot in the groin, leaving him for dead. He then rode toward the house. King H. Forsythe, father of James, came out unarmed to see what the trouble was, and was instantly killed with a load of buckshot in the abdomen.

Simpson then dismounted and ran into the house with his pistol, saying he would kill his daughter, but the mother of young Forsythe ran between them and held his pistol until the girl was helped away. Simpson then walked out and put the pistol to his forehead, killing himself instantly. Young Forsythe may recover. Business in Beckville is suspended on account of the tragedy.

SNOW IN MARQUETTE.

Marquette, Mich., Sept. 13.—There was a small flurry of snow here yesterday, the first of the season.

### Special Excursion.

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS.

Round trip ticket, $5.75, Sept. 16 to 19. Good for return until Sept. 23. "The Northwestern Line." Take the Twilight Limited, the only perfect train between Duluth and the Twin Cities. Runs daily at 4:45 p. m.

# COUNTY FAIR.

## BANNER DAY TOMORROW.

### RACES BEGIN AT 2 P. M.

The great flyers of the Northwest are entered. 2:40 trot or pace for a purse of $200. 2:24 trot or pace for a purse of $200. Running race, half mile, best two in three heats. Great string of runners direct from the State Fair.

**Promenade Concert by the City Band.**

**BEST FAIR ST. LOUIS COUNTY HAS EVER HAD.**
COME EARLY AND SEE IT YOURSELF.
BABY SHOW FRIDAY. BREAD CONTEST FRIDAY.

**Admission, 25c; Children, 10c**

STREET CARS DIRECT TO ONEOTA PARK.



WEAK MEN BRACED UP.

Try Mormon Bishop's Pills for all diseases arising from dissipation, self-abuse, excesses or cigarette smoking. In use over 50 years. Brings back your Manhood, cures depleted, worn out men, makes rich, red blood and tissue, cures wastings and all losses, makes you lastingly strong, cures impotency, lost power, emissions, loss of memory, bad dreams, shrunken organs, despondency, sleeplessness, varicocele and constipation, adds luster to the eyes, stops nervous twitching of the eyelids. Makes life worth living. A boon to old or young. Effects at once. Cure permanent. Price, 50c a box; 6 for $2.50. Send for free circular. Address

BISHOP REMEDY CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

## McKINLEY A BRICKLAYER.

### Is Made a Member of the Bricklayers' Union.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—The Times-Herald says: The Bricklayers and Stonemasons' union of Chicago, at its regular meeting last night, voted to issue a card of honorary membership to William McKinley, president of the United States, so that when he handles a trowel in laying the corner stone of the new government building, Oct. 9, he may not be branded as a "scab." According to the present plan the card of honorary membership will be personally presented to President McKinley in Chicago on the morning of the day set for the ceremonies by George P. Gubbins, president of the Bricklayers' and Stone Cutters' union. The organization instructed Financial Secretary Filliam A. Stamm to make out the card, and to notify President McKinley by letter that he had been made an honorary member of the body. The letter will probably be sent today.

Only four honorary member cards have been issued by the bricklayers before the name of President McKinley. Cards were made out to United States Senator William E. Mason and the late Congressman Frank Lawler, when they laid the corner stone of Bricklayers' hall, which is the headquarters of the organization. William C. Holm, president of the Waiters' alliance, is an honorary member. The late Mayor Carter Harrison was also an honorary member.

## TROUBLE IS OVER.

### Quarrel In the First South Dakota Is Dropped.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—The trouble in the First South Dakota regiment has been settled. Col. Frost today withdrew his charges against Lieut. Col. Lee Stover, Lieut. Col. Bates and Maj. R. C. Warne, and the order of arrest against them was removed by Gen. Shafter.

Col. Frost received letters of apology from all three of the accused officers, which they wrote in response to appeals made by the citizens' reception committee from South Dakota, now in this city.

Governor Lee, who has just arrived here, has approved the action taken.

LEE GETS THERE.

San Francisco, Sept. 13.—Governor Lee of South Dakota arrived here today to welcome the South Dakota volunteers who returned on the transport Sheridan. It was Governor Lee's intention to get here in time to receive the men as they disembarked from the transport, but owing to conflicting reports of the date of her expected arrival he did not reach here in time, and was denied the pleasure of welcoming them as he had anticipated. Governor Lind of Minnesota also missed connection by several days.

COAST RATE CUT.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—To meet the competition of another road the Milwaukee & St. Paul gives notice that it has tendered to the transcontinental lines west of St. Paul a basing rate of $6 per capita to be used in the sale of through second-class tickets from Puget sound points to Chicago and beyond, making it applicable, however, both by way of St. Paul and the Missouri river.

DIE OF YELLOW FEVER.

Washington, Sept. 13.—A dispatch from Havana to the surgeon general says: Ordnance Sergt. Zakeray S. Goodall and Private Bernhart Kramer, Battery K., Second artillery, died yesterday of yellow fever. Two children, one American and one Spanish, ill at Los Amilas hospital with yellow fever.

WHY LANGE RESIGNED.

Bremen, Sept. 13.—The Western Zeitung says that Louis Lange, Jr., United States consul in Bremen, has resigned his position because of his disapproval of what he characterizes as the "Imperialistic policy of the McKinley administration," which he has attacked in the newspaper, Die Rundschau, a Lutheran weekly.

LIZZIE GLAW'S MISHAP.

Zanesville, Ohio, Sept. 13.—In the finish of a 24-hours' championship bicycle race between Tillie Anderson, Lizzie Glaw and Dottie Farnsworth last night the handle bar of Miss Glaw's wheel broke, throwing her violently against a post, breaking her collar bone and causing probably fatal injuries. Miss Anderson won the race, making 236 miles six laps.

WISCONSIN JUDGE DIES.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—Judge George E. Sutherland of the Superior court of Milwaukee county, Wisconsin, died suddenly in his room at his hotel at 3 o'clock this morning. He was taken ill Tuesday night in one of the theaters with heart trouble and immediately removed to the hotel. A physician and his assistant were called and worked all night with their patient, but to no avail.

SON KILLS BOTH PARENTS.

Southbridge, Mass., Sept. 13.—At Fiskdale, about ten miles distant, John King and his wife, an aged couple, were killed last night by their son Peter, who was crazed with liquor. The skulls of both were crushed. The murderer also attempted to kill his brother Thomas, but only succeeded in inflicting severe wounds. Peter was arrested. He became unconscious and may die.

## JOURNEYMEN PAINTERS STRIKE.

### Philadelphia Painters Go Out For Eight-Hour Day.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 13.—Fifteen hundred members of the Amalgamated Journeymen House Painters went on strike today in consequence of the failure of the master painters to sign the agreement presented them by the association. The union demands an eight-hour workday at 35 cents an hour, time and a half for extra work, and double time for Sunday. Apprentices are apportioned at the rate of one to every five journeymen. The agreement is to remain in force until Sept. 1, 1900.

The scale has been signed by 125 master painters, 150 refusing. At a meeting of the journeymen's association last night 140 painters joined the union and 134 applications for membership were received. Of the 3000 journeymen painters in the city 2482 belong to the union. The shops which failed to sign are closely watched to prevent the employment of non-union painters, 150 pickets being sent out.

## WOMEN GOLFERS CONTEST.

### Second Annual Women's Tournament of the Onwentsia Club.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—The second annual women's golf tournament of the Onwentsia club began today at Lake Forest. The initial event being the preliminary round, 18 holes, medal play, in the governor's cup competition. For this event there are over fifty entries, and the competition bids fair to exceed that of last year, both in point of number and quality of play.

The governor's cup, presented by the board of governors of the Onwentsia club, has twice been won by Miss Marion Sherman, formerly of the Chicago Golf club, but now of the Richmond County Country club of Staten Island, N. Y. A third victory will give her absolute possession of the trophy, and with this chance in view she has come from New York to compete.

Besides the governor's cup there are three other cup prizes.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

FLOOD IN AUSTRIA.

Linz, (Upper Austria), Sept. 13.—The rapid rise of the rivers Salzach, Ems and Traun has flooded the country, interrupting telegraphic communication. At Ebenze several bridges have been destroyed, and many families have been driven from their homes.

Railroad Engineer
Testifies to Benefits Received From
Dr. Miles' Remedies.



THERE is no more responsible position on earth than that of a railroad engineer. On his steady nerves, clear brain, bright eye and perfect self command, depend the safety of the train and the lives of its passengers. Dr. Miles' Nervine and other remedies are especially adapted to keeping the nerves steady, the brain clear and the mental faculties unimpaired.

Engineer F. W. McCoy, formerly of 1321 Broadway, Council Bluffs, but now residing at 3411 Humboldt St., Denver, writes that he "suffered for years from constipation, causing sick, nervous and bilious headaches and was fully restored to health by Dr. Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills. I heartily recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# NOT YET CLOSED

## Announcement of Purchase of Steel Plants By Easterners Is Premature.

## CONTRACTS ARE OUT

### Plants Are Under Option But Deals Can Still Be Thrown Over.

The News Tribune this morning published what purported to be a telegram from Chicago announcing that the Illinois Structural Steel plant, the West Superior Steel plant and the car works at West Duluth had been bought by a wealthy New York syndicate, of which James E. York, who was the projector of the Lynton Structural Steel company, is the moving spirit; also that "Mr. Garrett, of steel wire fame, Mr. Nash and others" are interested. The telegram was written in the office of the News Tribune, and why—if the information it pretended to contain was correct—it was not acknowledged as being obtained in Duluth is somewhat surprising to everyone who reads the article.

As a matter of fact the article was a great big guess. It contained one or two grains of truth and a great deal of wind. As an instance of the word this statement may be cited: "It is understood that work will begin at once on the preparation of the plants for the actual manufacture of iron and steel." That is the only statement which throws any light on what the nature of the plant is to be under new ownership. No information is given as to whether steel rails or steel nails will be made, nor as to how many men will be employed, etc.

The Herald has been cognizant for six weeks or more of the fact that negotiations were under way for the sale or amalgamation of these plants, and has known more or less of the particulars. No publication of the fact was made in the columns of this paper for the reason that, as the Duluth men interested said, its publication might be injurious to the successful accomplishment of the plans, and could do no good unless something authoritative could be given. Some days ago the morning paper published the rumor that the deal was closed, and The Herald then commented upon the rumors that were going around and said that they were premature, that a deal was being negotiated, and when it was consummated the public would be informed.

The Herald can state authoritatively that the deal today is in this condition: Contracts for the sale of the three plants have been given, which in effect are nothing more than options. No consideration more than the nominal $1 has passed, and the titles to the properties have not even been examined. There is excellent reason to believe that the deals will be closed, and yet the whole thing can be declared off in a moment's time if the men interested should see fit to do so. Should one of the titles prove defective the whole title might be thrown over. One of the abstracts contains more than 150 descriptions, and it can readily be seen that the deal still hangs on a good many chances. If the deal should fall through, the injury to Duluth in having to acknowledge that its sudden accession to the right of being known as an iron and steel center had been unavoidably delayed will be far greater than any benefit it can derive from the premature announcement this morning.

James E. York is the promoter of the deal which is now under way. From having lived here for several years and having been in the business he had a thorough knowledge of just what the plants here are and what they are adapted for. With this knowledge he was able to work effectively among the men whom he has interested. He is not the moving spirit in the new company which is to be formed and he will not come to Duluth to make his home or to take up any active work in connection with the plants if the deal should go through. Other people are the ones behind this deal. Mr. York is given much credit for his work in this deal by all who know of it.

Mr. York arrived in the city this morning and he said that the contracts for the purchase of the property are closed. With him was H. W. Lash, who was the manager of the Minneapolis Steel company before it was bought by the Republic Iron company, one of the largest steel combinations of the country. He is considering the possibility of taking the management of the company should the deal go through. William Garrett, of Cleveland, the inventor of the rod mill, is also here and may be interested in the concern. He is high up in the iron world.

There is good reason to believe that the plans of these people will not miscarry and that the hopes of the people of the head of the lakes that there may some day be an iron manufacturing center here are about to be realized, but every man who has been interested in deals where great sums and great interests are involved knows that the result of months of negotiation can sometimes be thrown over in an hour and the people of Duluth and the News Tribune had better possess themselves in patience until it can be said that the final papers have been signed.

### Articles Are Filed.

A certificate of the incorporation of the American Mining company, the corporation which handles the mining portion of the American Steel and Wire company, was filed yesterday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds. The capital stock is $1,000,000, and the articles are dated June, 1899. The incorporators are Floyd E. Patterson, William A. Holland and Theodore S. Bacher, of New York; A. C. Wall, of Jersey City, N. J., and Harry B. Hurd, of Chicago. The articles give the company a very wide range of occupation, including everything from mining to manufacturing.

### $5.75 Excursion Rates $5.75

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN, VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

Tickets on sale Sept. 16, 17, 18 and 19, good returning Sept. 23. Round trip, St. Paul and Minneapolis, $5.75. Only line with three daily trains, leaving Duluth, day express, 9 a. m., the limited 1:55 p. m., night express 11:15 p. m. Tickets at West End, West Duluth and Twentieth avenue depots, Union station and city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

### Meeting of Dairymen

Wednesday evening, Sept. 20, to be held in the Chamber of Commerce building.

## THE FALL OF A HERO.

### Ate a Can of Beef at Santiago But Fell Before Drink.

The St. Louis County Amalgamated Association of Rock Pulverizers has seen better days. In the past this illustrious and select organization has been regarded as very exclusive and inaccessible, but this morning traditions were shattered by admitting a real live hero to a thirty-third degree membership. The man thus honored was John Harber. When brought before Judge Edson, charged with drunkenness, he did not try to disguise the fact that he was a hero. He said he had been mustered out of the army last April. He was made a brevet private on the Santiago battlefield for gallantry displayed while eating a can of army beef. According to his own story the gallant Private Harber is also responsible for the fact that there are roofs on the Spalding hotel and the Union depot. He put them there. While charging up San Juan hill one day last summer, Private Harber says he was suddenly attacked on all sides by chills and fever, and since coming North he has had to drink a great deal of whisky to ward off similar attacks. Every time he wards off an attack he has to lay off work for several days. Notwithstanding the fact that the amalgamated association has never had a hero member before, the court concluded that such an illustrious and classical juggler of facts should be honored with at least a ten-day membership.

James Williams, who went to the county fair yesterday afternoon, saw the novelty race, and then decided to give an exhibition in the manly art, forfeited $10 bail. He and one of the horsemen had a lively mill till Jailer Haskins cut in and prevented a decision.

Edward Hogan paid a fine of $10 and costs for drunkenness, and George Fox, arrested on the streets for begging, pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for this afternoon.

## NEW CATCHER SIGNED.

### Harry Howe Will Be With Duluth In Next Games.

The management of the Duluth ball team yesterday signed a new catcher and released "Lolo" Kline, the big first baseman. Patterson's transportation was sent to him this morning, and he will be here in time to pitch Saturday's game against Superior.

The new catcher signed by Duluth is Harry Howe, the phenomenal backstop of the Sioux Falls team. In 1895 he played with the Chicago National league team, and has since played with Minneapolis. He will replace Mulvey behind the bag. The Milwaukee man has been decidedly off in his throwing to bases in the last few games, but he is a good, steady man with the stick, and will be given a berth in right field. Featherstone will play first base in the place of Kline. Just why Kline was let out is not known, but the supposition is that "Lolo" indulged in too much senseless kicking. In Sunday's game he ran across the diamond and grabbed Umpire Goldie in a very threatening manner because Goldie called his hit down the third base line in the seventh a foul. Featherstone will undoubtedly be a good man on first, and with Patterson and Howe, both hard hitters, the batting of the team will be greatly strengthened.

Secretary Coons of the Superior baseball team this morning wired transportation to Hart, who has been playing a phenomenal game for St. Paul, and he will be used to make much needed improvements in Superior's infield. The Superior team has also corralled a Western league pitcher to go against Duluth in Sunday's game.

## AMUSEMENTS.

"YON YONSON."

The leading man of the "Yon Yonson" company, which comes to the Lyceum theater on Saturday night next, under the direction of Thad E. Kennedy, is Arthur Donaldsen, and he is said to be the only actor that has portrayed the character of the big-hearted, honest Swede satisfactorily since the death of Gus Heege. In fact, it was through Jacob Litt's inability to secure Mr. Donaldsen that the play was laid aport the shelf for two years. Mr. Donaldsen will introduce the singing of Swedish folk songs in their native tongue during the performance.

McPHEE'S BIG SHOW.

McPhee's Dramatic and Vaudeville company is drawing large audiences every night in the tent in the rear of the Lyceum and the performances seem to be pleasing the crowds immensely. The specialties between the acts of the plays are a great drawing card.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

### Schedule of Teachers' Examinations

The board of examiners will hold an examination of teachers at the High School building on Friday and Saturday, Sept. 1 and 16, in the following subjects beginning at 9 o'clock:

Friday morning—United States history, civil government, physiology.

Friday afternoon—Arithmetic, spelling, theory and practice.

Saturday morning—Grammar, geography.

Examination in kindergarten theory and practice will be held Friday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

### Meet After Many Years.

John Harney, Sr., of No. 8 East Fourth street, is receiving a visit from his brother, M. S. Harney, of Joliet, Ill. The meeting of the two brothers is a very interesting one, neither having seen the other for over thirty years, nor knowing his whereabouts until recently. Mr. Harney is a prominent business merchant of Joliet, and is at present representing one of the wards of that city in the council. John Harney, Sr., of this city, discovered three months ago of his brother's residence in Joliet. They separated in Ireland over thirty years ago. M. S. Harney coming to America at that time.

P. Beneteau Cognac Brandy.
Quality, age, purity, ten years in wood. For sale at first-class saloons and drug stores.

### Sunday, Sept. 17, the First Lake Superior Limited Will Run

To Duluth in four and a half hours, via Saint Paul & Duluth railroad, the only line that does it, leaving Minneapolis 2 p. m., St. Paul 2:25 p. m., and arriving in Duluth in ample time for dinner, the theater or social engagements. Runs every week day and Sundays over the smoothest track in the West.

### NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

Hereafter The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

# POSITION STRONGER

## Dillon & Hubbard Give Opinion Which Makes the City More Secure.

## COMPLIES WITH LAW

### Bonds Are Valid Even After Six Months From Passage of Act.

Today is the last day of grace given the New First National bank of Columbus, to take the $500,000 refunding bonds. With the city slowly tightening down the clamps on Mr. Gay and the Columbus concern, the bank has suddenly and unexpectedly developed great solicitude for Duluth's welfare and apparently the threat of the city officials to annul the present contract with apprehension and anxiety, lest in so doing Duluth's financial reputation will be forever ruined.

Strange though it may seem, the city officials do not share this apprehension. They are more confident today that they are acting in the right than at any time since the first cards were played in the game of freeze out. They are backed in every action so far by Judge Dillon, of New York city, conceded to be one of the most expert lawyers in cases of this kind in the country.

At 12:30 today City Attorney Richards received a telegram from Dillon & Hubbard, to the effect that they had filed in New York a written opinion that although the six months had expired from the passing of the legislative act under which the issue was made, the bonds would be a valid obligation if taken after the six months. This brought the question of legality down to the city contract, which allowed the New First National bank to take up the bonds sixty days after the city should have received a favorable opinion from Dillon & Hubbard. The sixty-day period will be up today. On receiving the telegram from Dillon & Hubbard, Mr. Richards wired the New First National bank as follows:

"Dillon & Hubbard have filed with the American Exchange bank of New York their written opinion that bonds are valid when paid for after the expiration of six months from passage of the act. Duluth tenders you the bonds today."

Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Chapman, of Elmira, N. Y., are guests at the St. Louis today.

Mrs. Stephen T. Welch has gone to Cheboygan, Wis., for a month's visit.

Mrs. R. A. Cohen, of Milaca, Minn., is the guest of Mrs. M. Cook.

Miss Maggie C. Bywater, of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived this morning on the India to visit her sisters Mrs. M. H. Stamford and Mrs. George H. Prudden.

Mrs. M. H. Stanford and Mrs. George H. Prudden returned from New York today.

Before the New First National bank could possibly have received Mr. Richards' final offer of the bonds, Mayor Truelsen received the following telegram from that bank:

"Our attorney considers Dillon & Hubbard's opinion equivocal and entirely unsatisfactory. On attempting to cancel your contract with us and cause the forfeiture of our $5000 guarantee you will place Duluth credit in a bad light by dragging the matter into court, as our position will certainly be upheld."

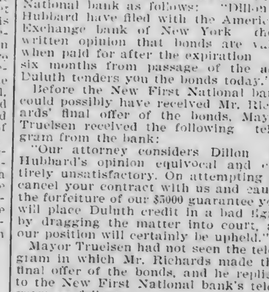
Mayor Truelsen had not seen the telegram in which Mr. Richards made the final offer of the bonds, and he replied to the New First National bank's telegram as follows:

"Opinion filed with American Exchange bank of New York by Dillon & Hubbard that all proceedings in bond issue have been legal, and that bonds may be delivered after expiration of six months period. This is the last day you have for paying for bonds under your contract. Have instructed bank to tender bonds for payment."

Later this afternoon nothing more had been heard from Columbus or New York, and while several of the city officials, including the mayor, were of the opinion that the bank might weaken and agree to take the bonds at its premium of $15,250, the general impression was that the Columbus people would let the last day slip by, and, as indicated in the telegram received from the bank, make the final fight in the courts. Just what will be the nature of this fight, in case it is made, is a matter for speculation. One thing, however, seems very certain, and that is that it will be hard fought. There are some who believe that the Columbus people and E. H. Gay will endeavor to get out an injunction restraining the city from placing the bonds with A. R. Macfarlane, while others think that all claim for the bonds will be dropped and the bank will sue for the $5000 guarantee, which the city will consider city property after today. It is said that before bringing the suit to test the validity of the bonds E. H. Gay tried to have an injunction issued, but it is said that he failed.

City Attorney Richards says that he thinks the city's position with Dillon & Hubbard's last opinion as strong as the rock of Gibraltar, and Mayor Truelsen says that he is confident that the city can place the bonds with A. R. Macfarlane at a much better advantage than with the bank under the present turn of affairs.

Special Excursion.
ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS.
Round trip ticket, $5.75, Sept. 16 to 19. Good for return until Sept. 23. "The Northwestern Line." Take the Twilight Limited, the only perfect train between Duluth and the Twin Cities. Runs daily at 4:45 p. m.




Professional and Business Men of standing.....
Know that it pays well to be well dressed. There is a cut and style about our ine business and dress Suits that only an artist tailor can give them, and the elegance, fit and finish of our work is beyond rivalry. Choose your fabrics from our fine stock of Suitings and we will turn you out a suit that will do you proud. Grandest selection at the lowest possible prices.

Duluth Art Tailoring Co.,
306 West First St.
French & Bassett Blk. Opp. Board of Trade Bldg.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbets, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

The Kelly Hat Hospital, 415 W. Sup. St.

Dr. Routh has removed his residence from 1132 East First street to 1208 East First street, No. 6, Chester terrace.

The Kelly dye works, 415 W. Sup. St.

The fine vaudeville bill presented at the Parlor theater this week continues to draw large crowds nightly. Anna Parker, Mamie Stewart, Lottie Lafrere, Mr. and Mrs. Moore, the new arrivals, are excellent entertainers, and with the assistance of other members of the company give an entertainment that is proving satisfactory to the patrons.

The institution of the lodge of the Knights of the Loyal Guard will take place this evening at Kalamazoo hall. Supreme Commander-in-chief E. O. Wood, of Flint, Mich., will be here to participate. He is on his way home from a trip to North Dakota.

Dr. Robert Forbes will hold the last quarterly conference for Grace Methodist church in this conference year Friday evening at 8 o'clock. The last quarterly meeting will be held Sunday morning. There will be a love feast commencing at 9:45 o'clock followed by a sermon and the administration of the sacrament.

The annual meeting of the First Unitarian church was held Tuesday evening. The reports of the officers showed the church to be free from indebtedness. The meeting closed with music and refreshments. Mrs. Jones sang two songs which were much enjoyed by the audience.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Theodore H. Blair and Katherine Patrick, Engle Losett and Mathie Stocko and to Joseph Franklin Eby and Georgia Diana Waggoner, all of St. Louis county.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to John Olson, Charles Franson and J. E. Lundmark.

Several fast freight men from Chicago, Buffalo and Cleveland were in the city this morning and were out on the bay. Among them were: G. H. Sprague and John Smythe of Cleveland; L. Griggs and W. F. Wilson, of Chicago, and H. C. Diehl and J. F. Crawford of Chicago.

Here's another evidence that the Duluth police department is doing all that its backers claim for it. Last month 313 persons were arrested which is the largest number of arrests since July, 1897 when the record of the department was established at 257. Last month's record is still more remarkable in that there is only about half as many policemen as in 1897.

Oscar Carlson and Tina Johnson were married Monday evening, and Adolph Wohlrabe and Flora McCallum were married Tuesday evening. Both ceremonies were performed by Rev. S. W. Kuhns, pastor of the English Lutheran church, and they took place at his residence.

## PERSONAL.

Hon. P. M. Ringdal, of Crookston, one of the members of the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, is at the Spalding today.

Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Simmons, of Red Wing, are guests at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. John Millen, of Detroit, are at the Spalding. Mr. Millen is the manager of the Alger-Smith company.

Fred C. Samans, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

R. W. Thompson, of Port Arthur, is at the Spalding.

G. W. Butters, of Minneapolis, formerly of Duluth, is at the Spalding.

George A. Lammers, of Stillwater, is at the St. Louis today.

R. A. Cook and George L. Rogers, two lumbermen of Stevens Point, Wis., are at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Sabin, of Wolcott, N. Y., are at the St. Louis.

J. J. Howe, Jr., of Brainerd, is at the St. Louis.

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## ATTORNEY TEARE'S FEE.

### His Suit Against P. R. Vail Is Being Hotly Contested.

In district court this morning Judge Moer was occupied with the case of Charles C. Teare, to recover $1331.79 from Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Vail, of Ely, alleged to be due for services of the plaintiff and the firm of Billson, Congdon & Dickinson for legal advice in the case that Mrs. Vail brought some time ago for divorce from her husband. The case was settled before it got into court. The plaintiff claims that his services were worth $1000, and that those of Billson, Congdon & Dickinson, who were called in for a consultation, were worth $500 more. He admitted payment of $168.30, and sued for the balance of $1331.79. In their answer the defendants claimed that the services were worth only $150, and that the plaintiff had already had $18.30 more than that. As to the claim for services for Billson, Congdon & Dickinson, the defendants assert that they know nothing about their connection with the case.

Most of the morning Capt. Teare was on the witness stand undergoing cross-examination by Mr. Hollister, who appeared for the Vails, as to the various items that made up his bill of $1000. Mr. Hollister was giving the witness what one spectator called a "razzle dazzle," and the cross-examination provided considerable amusement.

Yesterday the jury in the case of Hans D. Jensen against the Scandia Building and Loan association was asked to determine whether the mortgages concerned in the suit had ever been signed by the plaintiff's wife. The plaintiff claimed that they had not, and that the foreclosure that gave the defendant the property was therefore void. The issue was really whether the wife's name had been forged or not, as it appeared on the mortgages. The jury decided that the wife signed them herself, however, so the judgment will be for the association.

Judge Cant this morning was hearing the case of the Western Land association against Charles A. Banks et al, a suit in ejectment from certain land on Minnesota Point. The disputed land is part of the old right-of-way of the St. Paul & Duluth road, and it is claimed that when the defendants purchased a lot they occupy the disputed portion was not included.

The evidence was all in this morning in the case of Ole Nickelson against the Northern Pacific road, and at noon the attorneys were arguing requests for charges to the jury.

$2500 buys 40 acres adjoining platted additions at West Duluth.
.....A SNAP.....
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

### Condon-Sharp Marriage.

Cards have been received here announcing the marriage of Mrs. Caroline Condon and Joseph H. Sharp, both of this city, at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., on Monday last, Rev. C. P. Bates performing the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Sharp have gone from there to Boston, and will then go to New York and take in the Dewey reception, going then to Philadelphia and later to Washington, where Mr. Sharp has some land matters to attend to. They will be at home at the Cadillac hotel after Oct. 10.

Mrs. Condon was granted a divorce from her husband, John T. Condon, formerly the manager of the Temple Opera house in this city, last Thursday in the district court at Duluth.

"If" a woman ever gets so "homely" she isn't worth looking at, she'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back the bloom of youth. S. F. Boyce.

## MAY INVESTIGATE.

### Possibility That Grand Jury May Do Some.

It seems to be an open question yet whether the grand jury is going to adjourn right away or not. Many of its members are business men who do not want to be kept any great length of time at the task of looking into the public affairs of the community, but others think there is good reason for an investigation, and there may be one yet. It is understood that a committee was appointed to see whether it would be advisable to investigate the "reports" that gambling was in progress in the city of Duluth, and that the committee decided that the matter was worth looking into. Whether that will be the way the other members of the grand jury will look at it is another matter. Around the court house this morning it was expected that if no investigation were started upon, the jury would adjourn tomorrow afternoon. It is said that the jury is looking into civic affairs in the city of Virginia, some of which have taken such shape as to bring them before the grand jury. How extensive this investigation is cannot be learned.

## PRETTY HOME WEDDING.

### Marriage of Miss Georgia Waggoner and J. F. Eby.

There was a very pretty, quiet home wedding last night at 8 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. M. Waggoner, 322 Sixth avenue east. The contracting parties were Miss Georgia D. Waggoner, formerly a teacher in the Franklin school, and J. F. Eby, who is connected with the state grain department. The ceremony was performed by Robert Grieve, minister of the First Christian church, in the presence of a few intimate friends of the young people. The bride wore a gown of mousseline de soie, with dainty ruching of the same, and carried a large bouquet of bridal roses tied with satin ribbon. The house was very tastefully decorated in pink and white, and the bride and groom stood under a canopy of green in front of the window, banked with potted plants, ferns, asters and sweet peas. After the ceremony dainty refreshments were served. Numerous handsome presents of silver, cut glass, linen, hand painted china, etc., were received from friends here and at a distance. Mr. and Mrs. Eby will go to housekeeping at 322 Sixth avenue east, and will be at home to all of their friends after Oct. 3.

## A REAL LIFE SPOOPENDYKE.

### How Stanley Huntley Unwittingly Ridiculed Horace Greely.

Fourteen years after his death the writings of the late Stanley Huntley have been resurrected from their newspaper tomb and presented anew to the world between book covers. Stanley Huntley was as original a character as his Spoopendyke. He was a lawyer in New York in the 60's, a reporter, newspaper correspondent and editor in Chicago and Dakota in the 70's, and a humorist in the leading paper in his native city in the 80's. He gave to Bismarck, Dakota, its only fame by editing the Tribune of that place, and he found and interviewed Sitting Bull for the Chicago Tribune, in his chilling place in British America, after the Custer massacre. His entrance to journalism is worthy of record, says the Saturday Evening Post.

Huntley had tired of law, and sought employment upon the New York Tribune early in 1870. His first assignment was to report a meeting to discuss a proposed insurance law. As Huntley was an authority on insurance law, he made a good story out of it, and the next day he saw it on the first page of the paper. His second assignment was to cover a meeting of the Farmer's club, which, then as now, met in Cooper Union. As a rule, the club, which comprised several professional gentlemen who knew even less of agriculture than they did of other things, discussed optical maladies in the early potatoes and aural afflictions in late corn and such peaceful topics, but on this occasion temper was aroused and the meeting ended in a free fight.

Huntley wrote a vivid and eloquent account of the affair, sparing no one. When he finished writing, the city editor being absent, he thrust the copy into the chute and sent it whirring to the printers. Then he went home. Early the next morning he found the story on the first page without the alteration of a letter. To say that he was proud feebly expresses his conceit. He even showed it when he went down to the office at noon. Before he had been there long the city editor called to him:

"Mr. Huntley, Mr. Greeley wants to see you."

Thereupon Huntley walked out of the room with a conscious strut, while the other and wiser reporters smiled. Mr. Greeley was in his paper-littered den on the floor below and the door was ajar. Within sat the old man, in his shirt sleeves, deep in an editorial. Huntley knocked.

"Come in," called out Mr. Greeley, in his high squeaky voice. Huntley went in. "Well, sir! Well, sir! Who the devil are you?" asked the chief, impatiently.

"I'm Huntley, sir," said the reporter, straightening up.

"Oh!" answered the old editor, nodding his head. "So you're the infernal idiot that wrote that Farmers' Club story?" Huntley flushed as he said that he was.

"What did you do with your copy?"

"I didn't copy it. I wrote it all myself."

"Young man," put in the editor in a softening voice, "how long have you been on this paper?"

"Forty-eight hours, sir; and that article is true—every word of it, and if they deny it I'll——"

"No, you won't. They haven't denied it. They are the blamdest lot of idiots alive. But you shouldn't have said it in this paper, sir. Indeed, you really should not. I am the president of that club."

HELEN GOULD'S HOME.

Helen Gould's home, Lyndhurst, on the Hudson, is a gray and blue marble structure, so solid, so somber, that it verges upon the monastic. Since her father's death Miss Gould has changed nothing within the castle nor without. All the old-fashioned furniture, each and every jug, vase and picture, remains as Jay Gould left it. Even the daily routine of life is the same; same servants, same hours for meals, same rules for the admittance of visitors to the grounds and greenhouses—all sacred to the memory of a father, says an article in the New York Home Journal.

The estate includes more than a square mile of the most valuable land on the Hudson. Of these broad acres over 100 or more immediately surrounding the castle are laid out in lawns and superb gardens. Within this lawn space are stables covering several acres, five cottages, a splendid bowling alley, and the finest and largest private conservatory in America. Within this $80,000 crystal palace, which is 500 feet long and 100 feet deep, are 5000 varieties of flowers, aggregating 500,000 separately potted plants. The hanging gardens of orchids have no equal in this country; to behold a finer collection would necessitate a trip to the public gardens of Europe. Strangers are admitted to the conservatory any day except Sunday.

The castle itself contains forty-six rooms, separated into suites by wide and lofty halls. The style of the furnishings and decorations within, like the style of architecture without, is gothic. All the simplicities and severities of this style are relentlessly adhered to, even to Miss Gould's own room—this holy of holies—with its arched ceiling, its marble walls, being all stern, semi-religious, almost dreary.

A MAINE INDUSTRY.

There were larger shipments of cats from Maine the past year than for any season previous, there being over 6000 cats shipped out of the state, going to all parts of the United States and exported to foreign countries. One concern alone, the Walnut Ridge Farm company of Boston, sent 986 Angoras; Frederick D. Nudd, of Waterville, 456; Mr. Emery, of North Anson, 373; Mrs. Mary H. Rawlett, of Rockland, 289; E. W. Palmer, of Rockland, 184; J. W. Dean, of Troy, 429; besides many others. Besides this large shipment of Angoras there are now over 1500 Angora cats remaining in various sections of Maine. It is estimated that there are only 32,500 Angora cats in all America, compared with several million of common cats. The number of Angora cats in Maine is gradually diminishing, there being at least 1000 less each season. The demand is so great for them that the farmers cannot keep up with a sufficient supply. Maine people made over $50,000 last year on their cats. This is rather a lucrative business when one stops to think that three years ago but few shipments could be recorded. The express companies are large gainers.

COULD NOT FOOL NYE.

While standing on top of Lookout mountain a few days ago I was carried back to the memories of dear old Bill Nye, for we had stood upon that same spot some years ago, and a guide told us that we could see seven states from that point of view, namely, Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, says a writer in the Chicago Times-Herald.

"Where's North Carolina?" Nye inquired.

The man pointed to a place in the horizon to which distance gave a purple hue.

"What makes you think that is North Carolina?" Nye asked.

"Oh, we know by the direction and the conformation of the mountains there," the man replied.

"Well, I know that's not North Carolina," Nye declared with some vehemence. "And you know it, too, if you would stop to think. Here is a map of the United States and you can see that North Carolina is pink. Besides, I know it is pink, I live in that state considerably, and I have helped to paint it red, but, of course I go away sometimes, and it fades a little, leaving it a pink. No, sir; you can't stuff me. The place you are pointing at, a color blind man could see is purple."

Nye said those things so seriously that the man was almost dazed. He gave Nye a puzzled look and then went on pointing out other sister states in the late Confederacy.

GEN. GALLIFET'S SALUTE.

The prince of Wales, hearing that his intimate friend, Gen. Gallifet, had taken to bicycling, often invited him for a spin in the Bois, in Paris, but invariably received the answer, "Not yet! not yet! When I am certain of myself." As this state of uncertainty was so prolonged the prince had abandoned all idea of the promenade, and, in fact, had almost forgotten the general's accomplishment, when one day, inviting Gallifet to dine with him at the Cafe Chinois, he was surprised to hear the reply: "Agreed. And I will come on my wheel."

"On your wheel? Never!"

"You shall see."

Surely enough, at the hour fixed the prince saw his guest pedalling up the street. Wishing to astonish his host still more, De Gallifet, when directly opposite, attempted a profound military salute, but this was beyond him, for losing his equilibrium, the next moment he had measured his length at the prince's feet. However, it was not like the general to be beaten by a little thing like that, so, quickly picking himself up, he hastened to explain how, ever possessed with a keen sense of the fitness of things, he was but greeting his superior with a high-caste Chinese salute.

To have the boys ready for School next Monday necessitates prompt action in ordering their new Fall Suits.

The Great Eastern Duluth

SCHOOL BOY'S WEEK AT BURROWS STORE.



What of the Boy?
Is he ready for School?

Hardly, unless he has a spick-and-span new Suit in which to appear with becoming pride before teacher and playmates.

Possibly you have not yet attended to this important duty. Then we are just in time to point you the way that leads to satisfactory and economical investment.

We lay great stress upon the exclusiveness of our Boys' and Children's Suits. The styles are exclusive, the qualities also. But there's nothing exclusive about the prices—they're the same as are asked everywhere for commoner kinds. In broken lots of Fall Suits we have some bargains that will gladden many a mother's heart. For example:

Boys' School Suits.

Of double breasted Suits alone we have 262 distinctive lots for 6 to 16 year-old boys. Think of the chosing possibilities offered by 262 differences in fabric, pattern and color.

These double breasted Suits are ideal outfits for school wear. The trouser seams are double sewn—the coat linings are of strong cotton serge and farmer's satin—the pockets are numerous and roomy—everything about these new suits is as it should be for the comfort and neat appearance of school boys. Read a few of the prices:

Boys' School Suits $1.50, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $5.



Extra.....
Boys' Knee Pants

Fully one hundred styles from which to make your selections. All new colors and shades for fall wear. Made up strong enough to stand the hard knocks sturdy school boys give them. Prices—

50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Boys' School Shoes

We have the largest stock of School Shoes in the city. We sell Boys' Shoes same as we do Men's Shoes, almost without profit, just to advertise our clothing business. Boys' School Shoes—



98c, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

FREE to the Boys! PUZZLES, PICTURE BOOKS AND EXPRESS WAGONS....

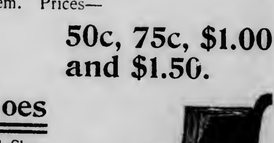
M. S. BURROWS
Duluth's Best Boys' Clothier.

The news up to the latest moment, local and telegraphic, can always be found in the several editions of the people's paper—The Evening Herald.

The Grettum House,
TOWER, MINN.
North Third street, opposite High school, newly furnished as a house for transient and private boarders. Home comforts and best of accommodation and satisfaction guaranteed. GEO. KIROACK, Prop.

MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.
Smell of the Glass
When you have drank a glass of Bottled Beer and it does not lie easily on your stomach; if there is a disagreeable taste in the mouth, or a disinclination to drink further, smell of the emptied glass, that will tell if it is right or not; if not, quit buying that beer and try a case of "MOOSE BRAND" We also guarantee the taste, quality and smell.
ROHL BROS., City Agts.
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.,
3 West Superior Street. 'Phone 484.

"LIKE PULLING TEETH."



You neglect your Teeth mainly for TWO REASONS:
You are "afraid" of being hurt.
And you are "afraid" of the expense.
Do not stay away from this office because of these reasons. We can and do surprise you in both. Come before "Mr. Tooth Ache" or "Mr. Swell Face" compels you to go. We use the latest improved methods and appliances which make the extraction of teeth and all operations in filling and crown and brigde-work absolutely painless.
The dentist who tortures you in this age by the old-fashioned antiquated methods is two years behind the times and unworthy of patronage. No matter how bad your teeth may be or how great a number, we extract them absolutely without pain.
We make no charge for extracting teeth when our best rubber or metal plate is ordered.
DR. SOHIFFMAN, Dentist,
Burrows Bldg., Cor. Third Ave. W. and Superior St.
Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# FIGHT AT CHICAGO

## War Among the Elevator Men Started In the Wheat Market.

## PRICES WERE BID UP

## Existence of a Heavy Short Interest In September Was Disclosed.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—What is believed by many traders to be the probable beginning of an elevator war was started in the wheat market today. A scramble of shorts in September wheat early in the session added nearly 2 cents to the price within half an hour and apparently brought to light a fight among wealthy elevator firms. Weare, Armour & Co. and Peavey & Co., being the firms most vitally interested.

The main body of speculators had little to do with the advance. It was evident, however, that a heavy short interest existed in September. The fight was over the possession of the cash wheat. Heavy selling in September was done during August in the belief that the carrying charges, then over 2½ cents, would improve, but instead they have gradually lessened and today entirely disappeared. Efforts to cover short sales today were unsuccessful until September had been bid up from 80⅝ cents to 82½@82⅝ cents. Much nervousness was shown all day.

### AMERICAN VESSEL WRECKED.

Kingston, Jamaica, Sept. 13.—The American schooner Mildred E. from San Blas for New York, stranded here yesterday. She is reported to be a total wreck.

### AN INGERSOLL INCIDENT.

The incident was related by a lady who requested that her name be not mentioned in connection with it, says the Bradford Evening Star.

"It was in Pittsburg," she said, "I believe in the Library hall, where I first heard Col. Ingersoll speak. There was a large audience gathered there, among them being clergymen and the cream of professional life of the city. Col. Ingersoll's speech was magnificent from an oratorical standpoint, but his attack upon religion and the Bible was blasphemous. However, the man's powers as an orator and as an actor made a deep impression on his hearers and seemed to affect one man in particular, Rev. Alexander Clark, pastor of the Methodist church, which every one in Pittsburg knows as the old home.

"At the conclusion of the lecture Col. Ingersoll was backing from the stage in his peculiarly graceful manner, when Rev. Mr. Clark bounded to the forum and asked to be introduced to the speaker. This formality having been gone through, the minister and the agnostic clasped hands, the minister with eagerness, the agnostic with a grace peculiarly his own. I well remember the pleasant, hearty, honest manner in which the great Ingersoll grasped the hand of that good minister, whose fame as a Christian of the real kind was known throughout Pittsburg.

"Mr. Clark, when he held Col. Ingersoll's hand in his held it tightly while he lifted his eyes toward heaven and prayed in a fervent manner that God would direct the wonderful talents of this great man to another and better sphere. His prayer was not a long one, but it was from the heart and had its effect upon Ingersoll. The great agnostic, looking the good Christian in the eyes, thanked him most heartily for his kindness, and solemnly added that Mr. Clark was the first Christian minister that had ever wished him godspeed. He then left the platform and the audience slowly filed out of the building.

"The sequel, though, shows Ingersoll as he was. It brought out the great manhood of the agnostic. Rev. Alexander Clark went West. I am not sure to what state he emigrated, but I believe it was Missouri, and there he became ill. He was at a hotel, and the governor of the state, who had known him for many years, had him removed to his home. Mr. Clark grew worse and was threatened with death. The news came East, and Ingersoll heard it in Washington, where he was lecturing, and immediately went West as quickly as possible and was at the bedside of the Christian minister and until the death of Mr. Clark was almost constantly in attendance upon him. When Mr. Clark died, Ingersoll took charge of the remains and brought them East to New Castle, where they were buried. At the funeral, after the officiating clergyman had concluded his sermon, the agnostic delivered an address touching upon the grand life and character of the dead man which moved his hearers to tears. It was one of his best efforts and was from the heart.


# ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

## Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable, Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.


# IN MICHIGAN.

## Duluth Man Killed on the Schooner Wall---Notes From the Mines.

Houghton—Charles L. Beach, who died as the result of his fall to the schooner Wall's deck, was shipped at Duluth. Inquiries by wire resulted in the information that nothing was known of him there except that he owned certain property in that city. It is evident that he was a man of some means, as in addition to this Duluth property he had with him on the Wall over $500 in gold. Telegrams were also sent to Ogdensburg, N. Y., where it was rumored that he had a family, but no reply having been received up to yesterday afternoon, he was buried temporarily at Hancock.

The captain of the steamer Montana had a very narrow escape from death Sunday while making a landing at the Quincy Smelting works dock. A line broke and he was struck squarely in the back of the head by a flying block and knocked flat on his face on the deck, striking within two feet of an open hatch, where nothing would have stopped his fall upon a lot of vinegar barrels standing on end in the hold, in which case death would almost surely have resulted. Dr. Wheeler patched up the broken crown, while Jim Thompson acted as wet nurse with a liniment bottle, and reported the Montana to the company as speeding on her way up yesterday morning with her captain almost as good as new.

The new hoist for the Atlantic, built by Fraser & Chalmers, of Chicago, is beginning to arrive in Houghton. It is a counterpart of the big hoist recently installed at the mine by the same concern.

Local parties interested in the Helvetia have received telegrams indicating very favorable developments at the property, concerning which more will be known when mail advices, expected Wednesday, are at hand. The reduction of the ore will be commenced probably Nov. 1, as the furnace is expected to be ready by that date.

Carpenters and iron men and helpers are as thick as flies on the Quincey's new stamp mill, which now presents as great a scene of activity as any new structure under way in the county.

Ishpeming—The water in the East New York mine has been reduced so that the big pump in the third level can be inspected. The third is the lowest level at the East New York, so the unwatering of its workings is completed. The hoisting plant is expected at the property this month. Until it is received little or nothing can be done in the way of mining. The completion of the unwatering of the mine gives much satisfaction to Capt. Platto.

# WEST DULUTH

The people interested in having a crossing over the Belt line track put in are a good deal discomfited at having to wait another week for the council to do something. The aldermen are not able to make up their minds between the various plans proposed. If they would put aside conflicting suggestions and act as in their own judgment they thought best, it would be better than to allow the present state of affairs to continue

### WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

J. I. Stewart, the restaurant man, an old resident of West Duluth, is critically ill with cancer of the stomach. He was delirious yesterday and was very low last night.

N. C. Hendricks was in Minneapolis yesterday on business.

C. W. Pool, formerly of the state grain department, is now associated with William Cheney, formerly of S. M. Sherman & Co., in the commission business. The firm name will be Chesney & Co.

The 1-month-old child of Mr. and Mrs. A. Sundquist, of 538 Wadena street, died Monday of cholera infantum and was buried yesterday in Oneota cemetery. It was feared that Mr. Sundquist was coming down with typhoid fever and the funeral was hastened on that account.

Andrew Nichols, of Fifty-eighth avenue west and Raleigh street, who left last week ostensibly to visit the state fair, returned Monday morning with a bride, to the great surprise of his friends. His action in going out of town to make a selection is to be reported to the Home Consumers' league for action.

The Duluth ball club will supply a good deal of talent for Pine City for the games at the Pine county fair, Sept. 14 and 15. Sheppard, Lambert, Page and Featherstone will go.

The Chrysanthemum club is going to give a social and dance at Gilley's hall Thursday, Sept. 21. A good time is assured.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Asbury M. E. church will hold a special meeting tomorrow at the home of Mrs. W. H. Smith, of Smithville. Those wishing to attend are requested to be at the home of Mrs. Abbott, Mrs. Robinson or Mrs. Forbes at 10:30 a. m., where there will be conveyances.

For a clear skin—clear all the way through, transparent enough to let sunshine, rosy cheeks show through, take Rocky Mountain Tea.—S. F. Boyce.

### FLOODS IN GERMANY.

Berlin, Sept. 13.—Floods are reported in the Silesian and Bavarian mountain region. Communication between Munich and Nesbrook has been interrupted.

### FEVER ABATING.

New Orleans, Sept. 13.—No new cases of fever are reported here today, and there is but a total of seven with one death. The board of health declares there can be absolutely no danger from the seven cases which are contained within a radius of three blocks.

### BIG TAX CLAIM.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 13.—A suit for nearly $1,000,000 worth of the taxes has been ordered filed against the International & Great Northern railroad for back taxes, covering a period of twenty-five years. The suit is brought to recover taxes for that period on property valued at $9,000,000, and the said taxes will run into the millions themselves.

### CYCLONE AT BERMUDA.

Island of Bermuda, Sept. 13.—A cyclone swept over the island last night. Houses were blown down and others were unroofed.

The storm raged the whole of last night. No lives were lost, but heavy damage was done to public and private property. The government house was badly damaged.

### VANDERBILT PALL BEARERS.

New York, Sept. 13.—The pall bearers at the funeral of Cornelius Vanderbilt on Friday next will be John Hone, George R. Fearing, Chauncey M. Depew, J. Pierpont Morgan, H. B. Ledyard, Frederic Bronson, Samuel F. Barger, W. Bayard Cutting, George A. Crocker and George MacCulloch Miller.

# MARINE NEWS.

## Vessels Detained By Low Water In Detroit River Got Through.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Most of the vessels passing down last night, and those that were detained on account of low water, succeeded in getting over the crossing last night.

### THE BUELL RELEASED.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Buell, which went aground on Fox Island, Sept. 1, was released today.

### AT THE DRY DOCK.

The steamer Penobscot was expected to be released from the dry dock this afternoon, and this evening or tomorrow morning the steamer Peerless is to go in.

### PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Alva, Nyanza, Buffalo, light for grain; John Mitchell, 132, Ephlicks, Orinoco, Crete, Lake Erie, coal; Penthee, Middlesex, Halsted, Lake Erie, light for lumber; India, Buffalo, pass and mdse.

Departed—Fairbairn, Ericsson, Naysmith, Megosta, Bielman, Lake Erie, ore; North West, Buffalo, pass; Troy, Northern King, Buffalo, flour; Grover, Sevona, Gilchrist, Zenith City, John Owen, Buffalo, grain; Marvin, Lake Erie, lumber.

### FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

Cleveland, Sept. 13.—There is very little tonnage on the market and the feeling is strong. Ore shippers from the head of the lakes are taking all the tonnage on the market at $2 and it is reported that a better figure has been offered to Sandusky, where the water is low. Escanaba shippers are getting the boats that are unable to carry grain on account of rating at the same figure. Coal carriers are scarce and no charters are being made. Out of town vessemen report that they are being offered bushness for 1900, but it is said that nothing for next season is being done here. Charters yesterday: Ore, Mowbray, Duluth to Ohio, 82; Twin Sisters, Allegheny, Christie, Sonsmith, Escanaba to Ohio, $1.25.

### PASSED DETOUR.

Up yesterday: Spencer and consorts, noon; Patterson, 6:10 p. m.; Livingstone, 7:20. Down: Ralph, Harold, Oregon and consorts, Queen of the West and consorts, Marina, Martha, Holden, Oscoda and consorts, 1100 a. m.; Bannockburn and consorts, Carnegie, 3:40; Selwyn Eddy, 2 p. m.; Ramsey Marth, all large, 3:20; America, 3:10; Sheltered; Garden City and consorts, Passadena and consorts, Meriden, Emerald, Gladiator and dredge, Iron King, Iron Queen.

### PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Ward, 11; last night; Reese, Norton, 11:30; the Curtis, Queen, 12:30 a. m.; Massachusetts, 2:10; Vanderbilt, 7:30; Glasgow, Frick, 9. Down: Stephenson, Holley, 10 last night; Italia, Australia, Bangor, 10:10; Yuma, 10:30; Amazonas, Armenia, Mariposa, Manilla, 12:40 a. m.; Bulgaria, Amazon, 12:50; Onoko, Fleming, 1:10; Corey, Peck, 2:40; Bartlett and consorts, 3:20; Desmond, 5:15; Harper, Tyrone, 5:30; Nicaragua and consort, 5:40; Pease, Planet, 6; Maia, 6:50; Appomattox, San Diego, 8:10; Houghton, 8:20; Rappahannock, Grampian, Law, 8:20; Waldo, 9:30; Madden and barges, 10; Ford, Macey, Wilson, 10:40.

### THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Lackawanna, 6 a. m.; Livingstone, 7:40; Butler, Phoenix, 8:30; Spencer, Pennington, 10. Down: Hudson, midnight; Hoyt and whalebacks, 10:40 a. m.; Maytham, 9; Scranton, Adams, Senator, 10.

Up yesterday: Northern Queen, 2 a. m.; Chicago, Toledo, 4:30; Pathfinder, Forest City, McGregor, 2 p. m.; Curtis, Reid, Holland 3; Cherokee, Chippewa, 8:40; Colby and whalebacks, 5; Campbell, 6:50; Colgate and whalebacks, 8:30.

### OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Queenstown—Arrived: Catalonia, from Boston for Liverpool.

Southampton—Arrived: St. Paul, from New York.

Queenstown—Arrived: Pennland from Philadelphia for Liverpool.

Liverpool—Arrived: Kansas from Boston.

### PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

Worcester, Mass, Sept. 13—The annual state convention for the prohibition party was held here today. A large number of the delegates were in attendance. At the morning session the organization of the convention was effected, the report of the committee on resolutions and platform received, and the address of the chairman, Rev. Alvah H. Marrill, of New Bedford, was delivered. The latter denounced the administration for sanctioning the army canteen.

The essential points of the platform were the declarations in favor of the abolition of the liquor traffic and against the sale of "the deadliest enemy of the laborer." On currency and territorial expansion no stand was taken. The platform considering them "too important to be dealt with merely as party footballs kicked by scheming politicians, backed by saloon interests."

The platform denounced the army canteen system of the government and the decision of Attorney General Griggs on the canteen issue.


# CATARRH

## DON'T PAY $100 TO $150

To get cured of this disease. It is too much to pay. Because you have this trouble there is no reason why you should go to the large cities to be overcharged and pay your expenses besides

## When you can be cured at home for less money.

Go to Dr. Doran, in the New Jersey building, and get cured at a reasonable price. He is a noted specialist and has the finest treatment in the Northwest. He can cure you at home and you don't need to lose any time from your work.

Consult him before winter comes on. Everybody has heard and read of his many cures in Duluth.

## Doctor Doran,

Specialist.

New Jersey Building, Duluth.
Corner First Avenue West and Superior St.
Office hours: 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays: 10 to 12 m.



# CURES AFTER DOCTORS FAIL.

Trinchera, Col., Dec. 15, 1898.

I wrote you last summer and you advised me to take Wine of Cardui and Black-Draught. I have taken three bottles of the Wine of Cardui and four packages of the Black-Draught, and I am glad to let you know that I am better ever since I took the first nine doses. When I first commenced taking your medicine I was in bed. I tried several doctors and they didn't do me any good, but now I can do all my work and not get tired. I think I have had all the troubles that could afflict a poor woman; my back hurt, as did my head and legs, and I had sick stomach every time I ate anything. Now I can eat anything and not hurt me and don't get tired. I think this is the best medicine that was ever discovered. Mrs. CORA ROBINSON.



And yet this case of Mrs. Robinson's is only one of thousands. Every day in the year Wine of Cardui accomplishes wonders for weak, suffering women, where doctors failed to bring any permanent relief. Doctors do the best they can, but Wine of Cardui is the one natural remedy for female diseases. It contains the vital elements necessary to strengthen and regulate the delicate menstrual organs. Hence it never fails to benefit—seldom fails to cure. With the convincing evidence in favor of this wonderful remedy, no suffering woman should hesitate to avail herself of it. That frightful backache, and those dreaded pains in the head and legs quickly vanish before the magic influence of Wine of Cardui. For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, The "LADIES' ADVISORY DEPARTMENT," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

ARCHER, Marshall Co., Tenn., Dec. 1, 1898.

My wife has been sick four months. The doctors pronounced it nervous prostration. I got her a bottle of Wine of Cardui. She has taken five doses only and it has done her more good than all the medicine she has taken from the doctors. E. C. BAUCOM.

IT IS SOLD AT EVERY DRUG STORE.


### SHE FOUGHT THE INDIANS.

## Single-Handed a Woman Held the Redskins at Bay.

On the southern slope of a hillside, about fifty-five miles west from St. Louis and midway between the Missouri and Mississippi rivers, is the ruin—and even that has almost disappeared—of a quaint, heavily built log structure, known in the early days of the white settlement of the valley into Missouri as Fort Kennedy. This outpost of the westward march of civilization was the scene of a battle waged on one side by a party of marauding Indians, on the other by a woman, and the result of which was the woman's victory. It was the battle of a woman for her home and little ones, and for her own life, too. The fort was years after superseded by a substantial farm house, the forest has given way to the ax, and what was once thick woodland is now divided into pasture and grain fields. A railroad runs across one corner of the farm, and in sight of the house has grown up a thriving Missouri town. The descendants of the woman who fought and won the battle still own, but do not live on the farm.

It was autumn and the Osages, the tribe of Indians that inhabited the territory at that time, were roving about in bands, hunting, the game season being at its zenith. The redmen were not friendly with the ever-increasing palefaces and, in fact, looked on them as their inveterate enemies. The whites returned the sentiment with interest, and collisions with hunting parties of Indians were frequent. At the time mentioned marauding and murders by the Indians had been more frequent than usual. It was not strange, therefore, that Mother Kennedy, standing at the front door of the fort, should feel apprehensive as she peered down the vista in front, flanked upon either side by long files of giant oaks and hickories. She and her three small children were the only persons at the fort. Her husband had gone out that morning with his dogs and rifle in quest of game, salt pork and dried venison having become a tiresome diet. He had said he would return in the afternoon, but had not come.

Musing on the probability of her husband's return, fearing what might have happened, yet daring not to think on that subject, Mrs. Kennedy began doing the chores that evening brings about a farm house. She noticed as she went about the work that the hogs and cows had come up from the range earlier than usual and huddled about the pens and feeding places in a manner not usual with them. The two ponies followed her about impatiently. It was almost dark when Mother Kennedy finished the evening's work and entered the fort. The evening meal over, the anxious woman stepped outside to listen. She thought she might be notified of her husband's approach by his singing or whistling, for he was a cheery man, or the barking of the dogs. She waited until it grew quite dark, and then suddenly the cry of a panther broke on the still night air. It seemed a long way off and was native as the wailing of a child. "Painters?" she said. "Thar ain't been nary painter 'round this settlement all summer," and again she listened. The cry was repeated, this time so near that, by pecting the sound, told her that it was a counterfeit of the crying of that animal. The cry this time was nearer, too. In an instant it was repeated on another side of the house, some distance away, but still nearer than the first. "Injuns," said the hardy woman. "I reckon I better get things ready for the varmints."

So she groped her way through the darkness to the woodpile in the yard and secured her husband's ax, returned and reentered the fort. First she barricaded the door and set the ax against the wall, to be ready for emergencies. Then she looked over her rifle and saw that it was well loaded. She leaned it against the wall near a small aperture set at an angle to command a view of one side of the fort. Then, without saying a word, she put her little ones to bed. This done, she looked, or, rather, felt about for something else to do. There seemed nothing. She listened. The false panther cry grew very close to the fort. Peering through the port hole of the fort Mrs. Kennedy fancied she could see forms of Indians gathering on the edge of the clearing, a few rods from the building. She raised her rifle. If it were a panther to fire would frighten the animal away.

If the forms she thought she saw were real a shot would warn the Indians that the inmates of the fort were aware of their presence and prepared to receive them, if, indeed, none were hit, which she hoped might be the case if she fired, as it would prove to the reds that it might be safer to stay away than to attack. She was almost on the point of pulling the trigger, when it occurred to her that, the fort being dark—she had not lighted the tallow dip—the Indians might conclude, after reconnoitering, that no one was there, and would go away again. But this was not to be. The forms drew nearer until she could distinguish one from another. She raised her rifle again, aimed, and fired. A form leaped into the air, there was a shriek of pain, and hurrying of footsteps back to the shelter of the trees. Mrs. Kennedy quickly reloaded her rifle, and knowing the tactics of the Indians, made a circuit of the room and looked out of the portholes—there were four, one on each side of the fort—to see if an approach was attempted from any other point. She could see nothing. Another contingency now presented itself. She no sooner thought of it than she emptied the mattress on her bed of its stuffings of geese and turkey feathers, into the fireplace. Then, to be prepared for an emergency, she awakened her little ones and made them stand near the door ready to run for the timber if it should be necessary to attempt to save herself by flight. Another circuit of the portholes was made, but nothing was developed. After a few minutes shots were fired in front of the fort. Mrs. Kennedy rushed to the porthole on that side and raised her rifle. But she did not fire. She waited for one of those dark forms to appear, so that if the Indians broke into the fort she might escape into the darkness with her little ones, while the assailants were temporarily blinded by the light. She had just set the light on the table in the center of the room when there came a battering at the door of the fort. The Indians in front of the place had taken advantage of the roof to secure a large timber and charge against the door in an attempt to batter it in. At the third blow the lower half of the plank in the center of the door gave way, leaving an aperture large enough to permit a man crawling through. Mrs. Kennedy sprang to one side of the door and stood with upraised ax. A painted face appeared at the aperture, but as Mrs. Kennedy stood close to the wall and on one side and the children on the other, all keeping quiet, the little ones obeying every sign of their mother and, like young partridges, ready to run and hide at her signal, the warrior saw nothing. The painted face was thrust further into the opening, and seeing nothing the Indian started boldly through the broken door.

Mrs. Kennedy compressed her lips until blood was forced from them, and when the Indian had got well within the room and was about to draw his tomahawk she brought down the ax with crushing force on his skull, then hastily pulled him aside while death quieted him. The Indians, thinking that there was no danger, their comrade having uttered no sound, started another of their number through. But he caught sight of his predecessor in death agony and started back, uttering a wild yell. Mrs. Kennedy struck at but only wounded him. He ran off yelling at the top of his voice. Shots from another quarter at this moment caused a stampede of the Indians to the timber. A moment later there was a signal which Mrs. Kennedy understood, and she gave one in return. In a few seconds her husband was at the door of the fort, which opened, and although several shots were fired by the Indians from the edge of the clearing, none were effective, and the master of the fort entered unharmed. Hastily barricading the door and putting the children to bed, husband and wife took stations at portholes on opposite sides of the fort and watched till morning, but the Indians did not return. Next day the dead Indian was taken to the forest and buried. The wounded ones were carried away by their comrades. The Kennedys strengthened their fortifications, but never again was their fort molested.

### THE NEW MAN.

## The Heavy Set Is the Model For 1899 and 1900.

Rejoice, O ye men, who have been wont to hear yourselves distinguished from tall, slender and square shouldered models of masculine elegance as "heavy-set." The advance fashion plates for next autumn and winter reveal the victory of the man of medium stature with thick torso and short neck. Men not favored with robust frames will have to wear coats padded in the shoulders and cut loosely over the chest to simulate the real thing—to be like you, the "heavy-set" man. The tall, sinewy man who has reigned as the stylish figure is no longer an Apollo and the fashion has placed the seal of her approval on the Adonis of massive mould.

Frederick Remington's tall and picturesque "Rough Riders" are cut and Howard Chandler Christy's navy lieutenants, that look like coast defense battle ships are in. The fashionable shape for men must show breadth of shoulders, a short waist and diminutive feet. In fact, were Thomas Sharkey provided with another face and a distinguished air, he could be utilized as a tailor's model for 1899-1900.

How did it happen? For a long time the tall, slender man has worn his elegant frock coats in triumph through the illustrated pages. With the outbreak of the war, however, smooth faces came into style, but among the artists my Howard Chandler Christy appeared to realize that the mustaches and pointed beard of the tall men were only details of a waning fashion. The smoothly shaven man, to be logical and artistic, should have clear cut, regular features, square jaw and the massive figure which cannot accompany long legs and a slim neck.

Frederick Remington failed to see the signs of the approaching changes. He even appeared blind to the decline of the stately Gibson girl, who necessitated the tall, sinewy man, but Howard Chandler Christy did, and drew, exclusively, short, thick men on land and afloat, on the battle field and race course. Soon the burly football man will step forth and join the conquering army. Trousers will be wider in the thigh and narrower toward the ankle, to show the stout legs of the new man. Coats will be made as if to encircle a Sharkey, and the high collar is no longer a distinction. Rejoice, O ye men of medium height, who weigh 180 pounds, for to you is given the favor of the slight new woman who is straight up and down.

### COURTSHIP OF TWO MONKEYS.

A friend who was encamped in the woods recently witnessed the following occurrence, says a writer in Forest and Stream: A troop of monkeys, which seemed to be a picnic party, under the charge of chaperons, came to cross a creek by his camp. They came along, traveling, as usual, from tree to tree by interlacing limbs, and at the creek side soon found some vines which made a suspension bridge. There was considerable skylarking going on in the procession, but the chaperons marshaled all across the bridge except two. These two had dodged behind trees, and palpably and deliberately got left on purpose, and when the rest of the picnic was safely out of sight they selected a nice narrow seat, where they sat extremely close together, apparently deep in conversation and as happy as could be.

After some time the larger one spied a fruit hanging not far below him, and began to reach down to try and get it. His reach proving too short, he took a twist with his tail around the limb and swung for it, but his comrade's tail was short, and the fruit still hung a foot or more out of his reach. His smaller comrade saw the difficulty and solved it at once. She grabbed the tail firmly, loosed it from the limb, while at the same time her own tail took a turn around it, but her comrade's tail was about her wrist, and then, all securely braced and anchored, she reached down until she had lowered him in reach of the fruit. He gathered it, and in a minute was back by her side, and they were eating the fruit together.

### TALKS WITH VOLUNTEERS.

## Northwestern Recruits Are the Best ---Campaign Story.

"There is a vast difference between the class of soldiers recruiting in the Northwest and those going into 'Frisco," said the returned volunteer yesterday, who recently spoke of the new recruits as graduates of Coxey's army, to a Tacoma Telegram reporter.

"When I was in San Francisco I was struck with the type of men Uncle Sam was sending to the Philippines, but I find it very different up here. I visited Vancouver yesterday, and I find the men there a fine looking body of troops in the main. Of course, there are some who are a bit down at the heel, but the majority of them appear to be sober, industrious boys.

"Some of them told me they enlisted simply because they wished to make soldiers. Others say they wanted to see the country, while a third class went into the army because they saw nothing better ahead.

"I think I can easily account for the difference in the personel of the recruits of California and those I have seen up here. All the tramps of the country drift to California from the East, in the late summer, in order to spend a pleasant winter in a mild climate. Many of these have found army life a soft snap, and have worked their way in. Many of them are big strapping fellows, accustomed to any sort of hardships and may make good soldiers, if they can be kept in camp.

"Up here in the Northwest, the men recruiting are mostly farmer boys or from the mines or lumber camps. They are accustomed to regular hard work, and should make good soldiers.

"I notice, too, a good many came here from Eastern recruiting offices, and many of those look as if they could stand before a Philipino until the sun goes down, if necessary.

"They all seem to be looking forward to a good time. I tried to get such an idea out of their minds, for there is no such thing as a good time in Manilla to a man who is in the army, but some of them think so. They will change their minds before they have been there a year, but then most of them are young and strong, and will come back home in good condition if they can manage to dodge the Mausers."

* * *

"Whose socks are those you have on?" asked another volunteer of the one who had just finished telling of the difference in the 'Frisco and the Vancouver volunteers.

"They are mine," replied the ex-soldier. "Those letters would not fit anywhere in your name," said the other pointing to the initials of the former owner of the hose, worked in black silk on the leg of each sock.

"Don't let those letters keep you awake," responded the man with the suspicious hose. "These articles once belonged to a prise in the Philippines. As I said, they are mine now. I captured them and they are legitimate spoils of war, consequently I wear them with dignity, and neither my conscience nor my corns are affected thereby.

"When I captured those socks I was doing the Jerry Simpson act. I was short of money, and in one of our raids I appropriated two pairs. The fellow had a half dozen pairs left, and I couldn't see any reason why I should go sockless over the country while the good old man sat up there with socks to spare, so I helped myself.

"I did very little of the sort while in the war, though I saw much of it.

"Two fellows were guarding a bridge one day near a town. Chinamen from the country had to come in over that bridge with their vegetables. As they would pass in the boys would help themselves to what they wanted to eat, and as the Chinaman would pass back that way he would be relieved of the cash he had received for his merchandise. If he raised any row, he was made to 'drill' up and down the road until he was glad to proceed emptyhanded."

"Yes," said the other, "I witnessed similar scenes, and it always lowered the American army in my estimation. But I have noticed that a fairly good man at home will do some very dirty things when he gets in the army."

* * *

"More than half the mail I get is circulars from pension agents," said W. L. Jones, who is just back from the war in the Philippines. "These agents are getting up elaborate circulars on the pension subject, telling one just how to get a pension, and encouraging applicants in every way possible.

"I haven't seen many of the boys who think of applying for aid yet. There seems to be a sort of feeling among the men that there is a certain amount of disgrace attached to a man who applies for a pension unless he was badly wounded. For this reason, I doubt if the pension agents will reap as rich a harvest as they had counted on, but they are as active a lot as you can find."

### HIS REPUTATION WAS AT STAKE.

"They tell a funny story in the army about Capt. Patillo, the crack shot," said one of a party of late diners, according to a story in the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "According to the yarn, Gen. Miles and a high Washington official once visited a Western post, where the captain was stationed, and sent word that they would like to see a little exhibition of his skill. Patillo happened to be quite sick at the time, but he couldn't very well refuse, and presently appeared on the long-distance range. He blazed away, and an Irish sergeant, who had been sent out to act as marker, waved a small flag. 'What does that mean?' asked the distinguished visitor. 'It means I missed the whole target,' replied Patillo gloomily. He tried again with the same result. 'I don't know what's the matter with me,' he exclaimed in deep mortification, 'I never did such work in my life!' At the third shot the distant figure varied the wig-wagging, and the assembled officers applauded. The signal meant a bull's eye. Thereupon he fired twenty consecutive rounds, and each time the flag waved back the news that he had pierced the inner circle. It was a marvelous record, an unparalleled score; the distinguished visitor was very gracious in his congratulations. Later on Patillo, still beaming, met the marker crossing the parade grounds. 'Hello, sergeant,' he said, 'I wonder what the deuce made me miss the target those first two shots?' 'Whist! captain!' replied the Irishman, drawing close, 'tis deed a tolme ye hit it at all, at all!' 'Didn't hit it at all!' cried Patillo in amazement, 'then why did you signal all those bull's eyes?' 'Faith, sor,' said the sergeant reproachfully, 'I knew yer raypitation was at stake.'"


## $5.75 Excursion Rates $5.75

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN, VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

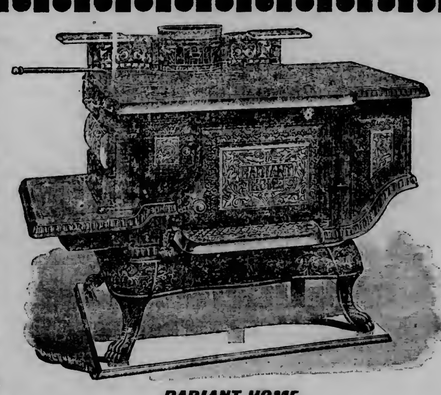
Tickets on sale Sept. 16, 17, 18 and 19. Good returning Sept. 23. Round trip, St. Paul and Minneapolis, $5.75. Only line with three daily trains leaving Duluth, day express, 9 a. m., the limited 1:55 p. m., night express 11:15 p. m. Tickets at West End, West Duluth and Twentieth avenue depots, Union station and city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

## The Most Convenient Train From the Twin Cities to Duluth Is the New Lake Superior Limited of St. Paul & Duluth Railroad

Leaving Minneapolis 2 p. m., St. Paul at 2:25 p. m., after the midday meal, and arriving in Duluth at 7 p. m. Runs every day, including Sundays, on and after Sept. 17. Palatial reclining chair cars. No change in Limited southbound.


### NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

Hereafter The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

RADIANT HOME.

## The Brightest Star in Stovedom

For reasons ask anyone anywhere. We sell it and sell it right.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO., 118-120 West Superior St.


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# Special Three Days' Sale of Boys' Shoes and Girls' Shoes

SUFFEL & CO. 129 W. Superior St.

**Children's Shoes—**
Clad in steel. Steel-shod school shoes for boys. Rough on Rocks. Perfect fitters and stand the wear.

Boys' Solid Grain Leather Shoes — 98c
Boys' Satin Calf School Shoes — 98c
Boys' Fine Satin Calf School Shoes — $1.25
Boys' Rough on Rocks School Shoes — $1.50
Boys's Never Rip School Shoes — $1.50
Boys' $1.75 Russet School Shoes — $1.00
Boys' Shoes at $1.75, $2 and — $2.50

Our boys' shoes are built for WEAR. See our Rough on Rocks steel-shod shoes for boys, also the Non-Rippers.

**Little Gents' School Shoes**—Built for service, fit and style. See them at—
89c, 98c, $1.25 and $1.50

**Our Box Calf Little Boys' Shoes** at—
$1.25
Are wonderful value.

**Girls' Shoes Half Price.**
All girls' tan shoes Half Price. Girls' $1.75 and $2.00 tan shoes — 98c

**Girls' Box Calf Shoes**
Girls' extra quality fine box calf school shoes, with solar tips, perfect fitting, in lace and button. Price for three days—
$1.48 a pair.

**Girls' Shoes at—**
85c, 95c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00

**Children's Shoes—**
All the new styles of children's shoes at the following low prices—
$50c, 75c, 85c, 98c, $1.25

**Children's Box Calf School Shoes—**
$1.25 a pair.
No such shoes ever sold in this city for the price. See them.

**FREE! FREE! FREE! Handsome Premiums of Fine Imported German, English, Japanese and French CHINA AND GLASSWARE, given away absolutely FREE with Girls' Shoes, Boys' Shoes and Children's and Ladies' Shoes. Be sure and ask for Coupons. They are given FREE as an advertisement and cost you nothing.**

**LADIES' SHOES. $1.98**
DO YOU WANT THEM AT— A PAIR
Over 200 pairs Ladies' last season's styles of $6.00, $5.00, $4.00 and $3.50 Shoes—all styles—go at $1.98 a pair. Some people are going to get them. Don't wait till they are all gone.

**LADIES' TAN SHOES, HALF PRICE. THEY MUST GO!** Ladies' $6.00, $5.00, $4.00 and $3.00 Tan Shoes at $3, $2.50, $2, $1.50.
If you want bargains, come now. Don't wait till next year. Shoes are going to be 40 per cent higher.

**Men's Shoes $1.98**
Clearing-up Sale of Men's Shoes. 147 pairs of Men's $5, $3.50 and $3 Douglas Shoes all at the uniform low price of— A PAIR.
If you want Shoes for almost nothing, COME QUICK.



**The Vail Hotel....**
P. R. VAIL, Prop.
ELY, MINNESOTA.
New and first class in every respect. Modern in all appointments. Steam heated. Electric lighted. Hot and cold water, baths, etc. A new sixty-room house now open to the traveling public. Reasonable rates. Free bus to and from all trains.
Special attention and conveniences for Fishing and Hunting Parties.



**Why is Electric Light Best?**
Because it is Healthy, Clean Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! An electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other Illuminant.
**Commercial Light and Power Co.** OFFICES— 215 W. Superior St



**DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.** WE GUARANTEE EVERY PACKAGE OF TO BE ABSOLUTELY PURE.



SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

# A Store Without a Rival!.....

Seems strange to say so, yet it is true. This store has no competiting rival in this section of the Northwest. Many stores hereabouts lay claim to selling "just as good" as we do, and yell cheap so hard that one would almost be tempted to believe that this was a high priced store (if comparisons from newspaper type and figures were made.) However, careful women buyers know values, and they also know that anything leaving this house bears the stamp of quality and style. They know, too, that our prices, quality considered, are lower than those quoted by any other house at the head of the lakes, and they also know that merchandise is **never** misrepresented **here.** Our opportunities for offering better values in best goods is quite evident. We are pioneers in this section and representative houses from America and Europe come to us first with new styles and ideas. We own our store-building, which in itself is quite an item of expense. We are in close touch with the leading garment makers of this country, and high class novelties are usually confined to us through them.

**'Tis a thoroughly modern store,** made so by the numerous improvements inaugurated here during the past few months. 'Tis said that it is the handsomest dry goods house in the state of Minnesota, and that the Cloak and Suits parlors are the finest in the Northwest. We shall leave that to **your** judgment; you are welcome to make comparisons. Of this you can feel sure—no mercantile house anywhere is more careful of the wants of its patrons, or of the store service than is this one, every honorable effort is being made to have you come here and do your trading, keep you trading here when you do come. The wonderful increase in our daily sales prove that our efforts are not in vain. Tomorrow's buying will be made interesting by placing several important lines before you at decidedly advantageous prices.

**Free Demonstration and Special Showing of "Redfern" Corsets by an expert fitter every day. You are cordially invited to attend.**

THE corset bears so close a relation to the final result of dress that to lightly treat it—the foundation—is an error no woman should commit. We do not claim everything for the Redfern Models; what we prove—by fitting—is that they assure the result you are seeking. Possibly your figure has never been treated "corsetically"; to make all there is of it let us treat it from a Redfern standpoint.




Every honorable effort will be made to

## Have you bought Blankets or Comforters yet?

Dozens are being sold every day to shrewd housekeepers who appreciate these offerings. Blanket prices are advancing, too—bear that in mind. These quotations are based upon last year's figures, and reductions are made from them, so that you will readily understand the advantages of buying now. Twenty-two styles of Blankets! Sixteen styles of Comforters! Fifteen styles of Bed Spreads! Think of the selection.

Splendid Gray and White Blankets, $3.25 value, at — $2.49
Good heavy Gray and White Blankets, 85c value, at — 69c
Good heavy Gray and White Blankets, $1.25 value, at — 89c
Good heavy Tan and Mottled Blankets Blankets, $1.25 value, at — 78c
Extra good White Bed Spreads of $1.50 value, at — 98c

Splendid Gray and White Blankets, $1.98 value at — $1.49
Splendid Comforters of $1.25 value, at — 89c
Splendid Comforters of $1.75 value, at — $1.19
Splendid Comforters of $2.75 value, at — $2.19
Splendid Comforters of $3.25 value, at — $2.50

## Underwear=

**Heavy shipments have been arriving Daily—Our assortment offers you plenty of selections, and prices have been made with a view of quick selling.**

The celebrated "Ogita" Glove-fitting Union Suits for ladies, a very good worsted, warranted not to shrink in washing, a regular $1.50 quality — on sale Thursday for — 89c

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Fleece-lined Cotton Vests and Pants; high neck, long sleeves Pants ankle length—Vests full silk tape and crochet edge pearl buttons —a garment that we will put alongside any 50c article in this city; 65c sale at—each — 25c

Ladies' Natural fleece-lined Vests and Pants, vests full fashioned, silk trimmed, high neck and long sleeves, pants are ankle length, with French band, a good value for 75c; on sale at—each — 49c

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Worsted Vests and Pants. Vests fashioned to fit the form, well finished with crochet edge and pearl buttons; seams double stitched, pants are full gusset made with French band—a good garment for fall and winter wear, warranted not to shrink —worth $1.25; special price—each — 85c

Misses' and Boys' all-wool Camels' Hair Underwear, sizes from 20 to 30, a regular winter weight; on sale to close out—per garment (worth double) — 49c

Misses' Jersey Ribbed fleece-lined Cotton Vests and Pants, Vests high neck and long sleeves; pants ankle length with ribbed elastic bands, sizes 1 to 7; a regular fall weight, worth 25c; on sale for—each — 25c

Misses' Extra heavy natural fleece-lined Vests and Pants, vests full regular made, with double stitched seams; Pants are ankle length, side band, sold everywhere for 35c; our special price—each — 25c

The celebrated "Axford" Underwear—a garment that almost every lady in the land is familiar with—natural Jersey ribbed—extra well finished and wide silk facing—it shortens the shoulder and reduces no gusset—will fit a large or small arm, full $1.25 value; tomorrow — 98c

## Hosiery Specials for Tomorrow.

Ladies' Fine Black Cassimere Hose, extra long, high-spliced heel and double sole, worth 65c tomorrow at — 49c

Misses' Black Cashmere Hose, 1x1 rib, extra double knee, Gray double heel and toe; good value at 35c —tomorrow — 25c

Boys' and Girls' School Hose—good heavy weight cotton, double knees, spliced heel and double sole; warranted fast black, worth 30c per pair—tomorrow, 2 pairs for — 25c

Boys' Black Cotton Bicycle Hose, extra heavy, spliced knee, double heel and sole—and will give extra good service for school wear—sizes 6 to 9½, full 39c; tomorrow — 25c

**Belt Buckles—**
Very pretty Steel Buckles, worth $1.00; tomorrow at — 75c
Oxidized Silver Buckles, with settings; worth $2.00, at — $1.39
$1.50 kind— 98c | 75c kind— 59c
Pretty Gilt Belt Buckles, with settings, worth $2.50; tomorrow — $1.65
$2.00 kind— $1 35 | $1.50 kind— 98c | 75c kind— 59c

## High-grade Dress Goods at Popular Prices

**Scotch Mixtures.**
Tomorrow we place on sale a line of Scotch Mixtures, plain and herringbone Coverts, and dark, blue checks; colors, gray, blue, green, brown and wine, very dressy and durable goods, and extremely reasonable, at—the yard — 75c

**Invisible Plaids.**
Dark colors, all wool, Granite weave, very appropriate for tailor effects; 48-in wide, only—the yard — 85c

**Low Priced Black Goods.**
A large assortment of good quality and up-to-date weaves in blacks, at astonishingly low prices. The lot includes French Serges Storm Serges, Satin Soliels, Henriettas, Granites, Jacquards and Crepons; all fresh and new. NO JOB LOTS. They are priced from—the yard — 50c to 60c

**Reversible Golf Suitings.**
**A material so extensively used for Skirts, Jackets and Golf Capes.**
Plain Navy, with green and red plaid, Plain Cadet Blue, with blue and white plaid, Plain Brown, with red, white and green plaid, Plain Tan, with brown, white and tan plaid—the yard — $2.85
Plain Black, with red and yellow plaid, Plain Navy, with red, green and white plaid, at — $3.25
Plain Black, with black and white plaid, Plain Brown, with green and yellow plaid; Plain Navy, with navy, green and white plaid; Plain Bright Blue, with light blue and black plaid — $4.50

**The season is now on for Outing Flannels. Our customers tell us that we have the finest selection of them in the city. Every piece has been carefully selected.**

They come in dainty stripes, checks, plaids and all the plain colors; price—per yard—very best quality — 10c
We have also a fine assortment of cheaper grades at — 5c and 8c

**The German Velour Flannel**
Is the finest cotton material that has ever been imported to this country. It is a heavy soft flannel with scarcely any nap to reef up as the domestic goods are so apt to do. It is the proper thing for dressing sacques, bath robes and gowns. Price—per yard—only — 25c

**Dress Trimmings—**
**Dozens of handsome effects are here that women who are looking for choice styles should see. These few items will give you an idea of kinds and prices.**

**A New Trimming—**
Of Black Brussels Net, appliqued in white silk, at—a yard — $4.00
Very handsome and striking.

**Black Velvet—**
Appliqued on White Taffeta, with silk braid and pearls. One of the very newest things for yokes or fronts, at—a yard — $8.00

**Corded Taffetas—**
In white, black, corn, turquoise, blue, red, light blue, heliotrope; also white embroidered in pink, and white embroidered in violet, ranging in price from—per yard — $1.50 to $2.50

**Pretty Chiffons—**
In dainty figures, black and white, only—per yard — $1.25

**Chiffon**
Applique bands in white and black, from —per yard — 75c to $2.00

**New Jewelry Novelties.**
Neat little Brooches, former price 50c; Thursday's special — 39c
Bow Knots, in rhinestones and emeralds, with pearl center; Emerald Butterflies, set with pearls, rhinestones and emeralds, former price $1.50; Thursday's special — 98c

## Hosiery Specials for Tomorrow.

Ladies' Silk Pleated Hose, in pearl gray, lavender and cardinal, of regular $1.00 value; to close tomorrow — 49c

Ladies' Lisle and Silk Hose, opera length, black foot and colored tops; colors, gold lavender, sky blue, cardinal and green, plain or striped, regularly sold at $2.25, $2.00 and $1.50; to close tomorrow — 98c

**Corset Values Tomorrow—**
Several styles of 75c and $1.00 Corsets, (some sizes are missing); tomorrow — 39c
The "American Lady" Corset is considered the best popular priced Corset on the market today, all sizes, black, drab and white— $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50
We are sole agents.
"Redfern" Corsets, the best in this country — $3.00
"Redfern" Rust Proof Corset:— $1.00 and $1.50
We also show new colors and styles in Redfern's for evening wear.

## Hair Ornaments.

Braid Pins, plain shell, at— 25c and 35c
Princess Hair Clasp— 25c, 35c and 50c
The latest Parisian Braid Pins in gold with turquoise and rubies. Cyrano Hair Clasp with rhinestones and turquoise, pearl and emeralds, and rhinestones with emeralds, at— 75c, $1.00 and $1.50
Shell Braid Pins with settings at 50c and 75c
Side Combs with rhinestones— $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00
Back Combs in a plain shell at— 50c and 75c

## Neck Clasps=

Some very pretty Steel Nick Clasp, worth 25c, at — 15c
35c kind at — 25c
Fancy Brooches—Butterflies are very stylish; enameled in exact butterfly colorings, plain and jeweled— 75c, $1 00, $1.50, $2.00
Fancy Brooches, turquoise with rhinestones, emeralds with rhinestones, rubies with rhinestones, or pearls with rhinestones, in all the newest designs at— 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50
Cyrano Beauty Pins, tomorrow special, for — 5c
Chateline Purses, the latest fad, with long chain, for — $2.00

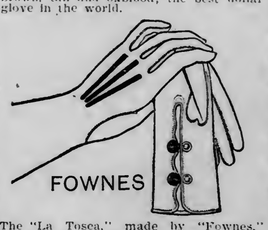
**Women's New Neckwear Just in from the Makers.**
A new style of Neck Bow, made of Chiffon and lace, in light blue, pink, lavender and white; very swell, at — $1.50
New Taffeta Silk Ties, embroidered ends in applique, in Blue, Lavender, Corn and Scarlet — $1.75
New Imported Ties, handsomely embroidered, 12 inches wide and two and one-half yards wide, in white or black — $3.50

**Silk Mull Ties—**
Entirely new effects, perfectly plain, with borders of embroidered dots and figures; $1.50 value; tomorrow — 98c
Beaded Stock Collars, pink, blue, white, black and lavender; regularly sold at $1.00; tomorrow — 69c
New Imperial Ties for ladies, stylish plaids, stripes and figures, regular 75c tie for— 59c, 65c and 49c
Chiffon Ties in white, trimmed with narrow ruching, 2 yards long — 75c
1 lot of Net Ties, plain and dotted net, with ruffles, trimmed with lace edge, regular 50c kind for — 39c
The new Marie Stuart Stock, made of satin, in white, light blue, pink, cream, navy and black, for — 65c
The Nethersole stock, made of good satin, trimmed with 2 rows of black velvet ribbon, in pink, blue, white, red and black, for — 65c

**New Fans—**
Are ready—All the new fall and winter ideas for party, theater or ball room wear. Plain, spangled lace, or hand-painted effects, in black, white or evening shades; our own direct importation. $45.00 is the stopping point. We show dozens of styles at— 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3 and so on

**Handkerchief Specials—**
Ladies' plain hemstitched Handkerchiefs — 6 for 25c
Ladies' hemstitched embroidered and lace trimmed edge Handkerchiefs, regular 20c quality, for — 12½c
Ladies' all pure linen hemstitched embroidered Handkerchiefs, regular 35c kind, for — 25c

**All the New Fall Shades in Gloves are in—**
The famous "Clementina" Glove, made by Crispi & Co., of Milan, Italy, in black, brown, tan and oxblood; the best dollar glove in the world.




The "La Tosca," made by "Fownes," in all the new autumn shades; we are sole agents — $2.00
The "Dagmar," made by "Fownes," in all the new autumn shades — $1.50
Sole agents for the "Alexandrea" — $1.50

**Silberstein & Bondy Company.**


## THE NEGRO SOLDIER.

### Praise For His Services in the Spanish-American War.

The colored troops enrolled in the regular army in Cuba won the respect of all. The Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth infantry and the Ninth and Tenth cavalry were not less brave nor less a credit to the army in 1898 than the Rough Riders, and well earned their meed of praise and honors, as the history of the strife will record, says James Cleland Hamilton in the Anglo-American Magazine. The Twenty-fourth charged up the hill at El Caney in the open without the least protection from the iron hail storm that fell on them. When the dread yellow fever broke out and nurses were needed, this brave regiment was paraded by companies, and, says the narrator, "the dreadful condition of the sick was explained to them, and they were told that whoever would volunteer to do nurse duty in the awful pesthole might take one step forward. At the signal every man in the entire line advanced a step forward." Maj. Markley wrote of them: "The non-commissioned officers and all do all kinds of duty. The men are noble fellows; not one has shirked." Gen. Liscum had, indeed, good reason to declare that he was proud of his command.

At the close of the civil war President Lincoln said: "All things considered, they (the negro troops) have proved themselves as good soldiers as any." After the civil war a policy was adopted of having one-fifth of the standing army of colored soldiers. While the behavior of the regular colored troops has, it is claimed, been equal to that of white men in similar circumstances, serious complaint has been justly made as to the conduct of some negro volunteer regiments quartered in the South. In these cases the causes of the trouble have been generally traced to the inefficiency of the white volunteer officers and to laxity of discipline.

The young negro is ebullient and full of animal spirit and more mutinous than the white man until thoroughly disciplined. The discipline must not be perfunctory or merely on parade, but constant and educational. Affection and respect for the true military master can be relied on, and under command of officers trained in military schools and actual service, whom he respects for soldierly as well as for moral qualities, the negro is faithful, brave and enduring. Such are the men of the Twenty-fifth infantry, among whom desertion from the ranks is almost unknown. Their leader, Col. Burt, a veteran of the civil war and of many an Indian campaign, could boast of one of the best disciplined commands in the army. His rule was united with such considerate treatment of his men that, while he commanded a degree of respect bordering on fear, he had a strong hold on their affections. It may be well expected that the negro will continue to add his quota to the army of the Union, and, as much of that army will serve in the newly acquired warm lands, the proportion will not be less than it has been since 1867.

## CINDERELLA WAS REAL.

The origin of this nursery tale is sufficiently curious. About the year 1730, a French actor of equal talent and wealth, named Thevmard, in passing through the streets of Paris, observed upon a cobbler's stall the shoe of a female, which struck him by the remarkable smallness of its size. After admiring it for some time, he returned to his home; but his thoughts reverted to the shoe with such intensity that he reappeared at the stall the next day, but the cobbler could give no other clue to the owner than that it had been left in his absence for the purpose of being repaired. Day after day did Thevmard return to his post to watch the reintegration of the slipper, which proceeded slowly, nor did the proprietor appear to claim it. Although he had completed the sixtieth year of his age, so extravagant became his passion for the unknown fair one that he became (were it possible for a Frenchman of that day to be so) melancholy and miserable. His pain was, however, somewhat appeased by the avtar of the little foot itself, appertaining to a pretty and youthful girl in the very humblest class of life. All distinctions were leveled at once by love; the actor sought the parents of the female, procured their consent to the match and actually made her his wife.


Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.


**Craggencroft.**
Craggencroft reopens Wednesday, Sept. 13.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.


# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1899. LAST EDITION, TWO CENTS.



The Most Complete House Furnishers in Minnesota.

Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

**YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD**

—AT—

**FRENCH & BASSETT'S**

Our Popular Terms.

$5.00 a month on $25 worth of goods
$6.00 a month on $40 worth of goods
$7.00 a month on $50 worth of goods
$8.00 a month on $60 worth of goods
$9.00 a month on $75 worth of goods
$10.00 a month on $100 worth of goods

**DULUTH TELEPHONE CO.**
AND CONNECTING LINES.

1003 TELEPHONES IN DULUTH.
614 TELEPHONES IN SUPERIOR.
TOTAL 1617 TELEPHONES.
Hence the Value of Our Telephones.
210 New Telephones added since July, 1899.
DULUTH TELEPHONE CO., 609 FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

There are Others. But if you want your Printing done well, you will bring it here. Good work, correct prices, quick time.
Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers, 'Phone 336. 15 Second Ave. W.

Fine Stationery...
Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 West Superior Street.

Offices Duluth & West Duluth
H. E. Smith & Co.
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.
OFFER 100 CONSOLIDATED AT $60.00 PER SHARE.
Offices—Palladio Building and West Duluth Bank Building. See Us Before Negotiating Securities.

Try the "Pontilla" Cigar--10c
The best 10c Cigar on the Market.
F. W. CLAVEAUX & CO., Makers.
J. E. FORAN, Agent

ATTRACTIVE ADVERTISEMENTS COMMAND ATTENTION! That's Why Herald Ads Bring Results.

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.
Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block.


## THE IRON MARKET

### More Favorable Season Opening and an Increased Iron Output Anticipated.

### STEEL MARKET QUIET

### Further Advances In Finished Material---Zinc Smelters Talk Consolidation.

New York, Sept. 14.—The Iron Age says: The returns from the coke and anthracite furnaces shows their capacity ending September at practically the same rate as August, viz., 61,500 tons weekly. While a number of furnaces started in August, the majority were small, and their work was offset by the quite general low rate of production of the stacks active during the whole of the month. We are now, however, entering upon a more favorable season, and a further increase in output is bound to come unless there is some interference with the supply of raw materials.

The stocks of iron show little change, and there is no evidence as yet of any chance of an accumulation. In the pig iron market, we note some buying on the part of the east iron pipe consolidation, which, it is estimated, took about 20,000 tons, including 4000 to 5000 tons of Southern charcoal iron. In Pittsburg there have been purchases of about 40,000 tons of Bessemer pig for 1900 delivery at $22.50, valley furnace. Cable reports from England refer to some sales for shipment to this country of Bessemer pig. We understand that this is special iron.

The steel market is quiet, and nothing is being done in the Central West beyond sales of small lots at fancy prices for prompt delivery. For next year, an Eastern mill has sold a round lot at $35, at mill. Some fair lots of sheet bars and of muck bars have sold in the Pittsburg market. There have been further advances in finished iron and steel. Bars and hoops have risen, and plates have come close to the extraordinary price of 3 cents per pound delivered.

The cardinal fact which must be kept in mind is that present orders will carry the great majority of the plants to the close of this year, and many far into the spring of 1900. The report of a shipment of 10,000 tons of copper to this country turns out to be a transfer of Chili bars to one of the works for refining. Not long since, Australian copper was reshipped from London to New York to be refined and returned, simply because it could be done more cheaply here. There has been some talk of a further concentration of the zinc smelting interests of the West. The smelters have been in a poor position between the extravagant ore prices and the unsatisfactory market for the metal. There are some indications of a quiet lowering in the cost.

### WILL REMAIN GOVERNOR.

**Pingree Will Serve Out His Term and Retire.**

Chicago, Sept. 14.—A special to the Record from Detroit says: Governor Pingree, before leaving for Chicago to attend the trust conference, now in session in that city, was pressed for a declaration as to whether he would step down from the gubernatorial chair in the event of his nomination and election as mayor of Detroit this fall. In reply the governor said: "No, sir, I would not. I have never had any idea of running for mayor again, and I would not resign as governor to take the mayoralty. Since the people have seen fit to re-elect me, I think the least I can do is to serve out my term. I believe in being square with the people, and then on the other hand I don't want to be mayor.

"All this talk of my running again is mere rot. I feel that I have had my share of both city and state offices. There are a lot of good citizens who have never served their city or their state, and they ought to be given a chance. And when I get through with my present term as governor I want to devote the rest of my life to my own private business."

### WILL NOT INTERCEDE.

**President Will Not Meddle In the Dreyfus Matter.**

New York, Sept. 14.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

"The president is receiving petitions asking him to request the French government to pardon Dreyfus. No such action will be taken, the administration holding that to do so would undoubtedly be offensive to France, which would say that this government had no right to interfere in this matter.

### NOME A WARM CAMP.

**Great Output of Gold Predicted---Anvil City Humming.**

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13.—Cape Nome is declared by all who came out and who expressed themselves to be an exciting camp. There is gold everywhere. The output this year is estimated at from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

J. F. Wardner, a well-known mining operator, formerly of Helena, Mont., brought several nuggets, the largest weighing $250.

J. G. Fritz, merchant and miner at Anvil City, pronounces it the greatest mining camp in Alaska. There are four creeks, on each of which are valuable claims. Cape Nome is decidedly a running sluicing proposition. The beach for thirty miles is now being worked with rocks. Mr. Fritz says there are 2500 people there now, about half of whom will winter there.

### PUT IT ON CHINAMAN.

**Consul Bedloe's Vindication---His Interpreter the Guilty One.**

New York, Sept. 14.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: As a result of the investigation of the charges made against Dr. Edward Bedloe, United States consul at Canton, it is stated that he will either be ordered back to Canton or be given another position in the consular division equally as good as that he occupied in China.

The inquiry into the charges submitted to the department against Dr. Bedloe has extended over nearly a year. The responsibility for Dr. Bedloe's trouble, that of issuing fraudulent certificates to Chinese, is placed entirely upon his interpreter, a Chinaman, named Chung, who fearing punishment, upon the discovery of his crime, fled to Macao, so as to escape the vengeance of Dr. Bedloe and the Chinese government.

### THE THIRTEENTH'S RETURN.

**Expected to Reach the Twin Cities on Oct. 13.**

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—There is a prospect that the home-coming of the Thirteenth Minnesota and the date of President McKinley's visit will be made the same. Efforts are now being made, and as a difference of only three days intervenes, it is probable that matters can and will be arranged.

While the date for the muster out of the regiment has not been made public as yet, it had been virtually determined that it would occur Oct. 2. The men would then leave San Francisco Oct. 3 and, allowing one week for the journey, would reach the Twin Cities Oct. 10. If the muster out can be ordered for Oct. 5 instead of the first-named date, the men will then leave here Oct. 6 and arrive in Minneapolis Oct. 13, which is the date fixed for the president's visit. Maj. Johnson had practically decided to muster the men out on Oct. 2, but he is willing to make it Oct. 5 instead if the entertainment committee will make the request and the war department will sanction the arrangement.

Yesterday afternoon Mayor Gray and the entertainment committees of both cities waited on Maj. Johnson to explain to him that the people of the Twin Cities are extremely anxious that the president should see the men of the Thirteenth as a body, and ask him to fix Oct. 5 as the date of the muster out. It was the intention of the war department officials here to publish an order naming Oct. 2 early in the afternoon, but Maj. Johnson delayed the announcement until the committee made its call, and he will communicate their request to the department at Washington. Both Mayor Gray and Governor Lind will co-operate heartily in the movement to bring the presidential review about.

Governor Lind wired the war department yesterday asking that he be allowed to receipt for the rifles, canteens, cartridge belts and haversacks of the men here, so that they could bring them back to the state and have them for one more parade. After this has been given, the governor will see that they are turned over to the ordnance officer at Fort Snelling. He is taking an active part in every effort being made to bring the regiment back under arms and to give the people of Minnesota an opportunity to see it once more before it is finally dissolved. It can be safely said now that the men will be mustered out between Oct. 2 and 5, with the chances in favor of the latter date, and that the regiment will reach home on the morning of the day set for the president's visit.

### NEWS VENDORS' HARVEST.

**London Newsmongers Are Busily Engaged In Making Hay.**

New York, Sept. 14.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The news vendors have a carnival of sensations and have placarded every device for selling fresh editions. Dreyfus has been alternately dying and pardoned and the Boers have been raiding across the frontier of Natal and suing for peace under a 48-hour ultimatum. Mr. Chamberlain's last dispatch has been summarized and printed in detail via Brussels and amended and contradicted. Important particulars are still unpublished. While journalism may not be yellow in London, it would not be the worse for judicious bleaching.

Two facts which stand out, are the rising tide of English indignation over the Dreyfus verdict and the ebbing of Boer resistance to British demands, supported by an army of 25,000 men, which can be readily increased to 40,000. The commercial movement for boycotting the French exposition is steadily gaining impetus and is good proof that moral England has ceased to be a shopkeeping nation.

Alarming rumors from South Africa have not created any undue excitement, either in the stock exchange or the government officers. Mr. Chamberlain has demanded all that Kruger was willing to concede and something more, and has intimated that an answer must come quickly, but he has not closed the door for further negotiations and it is likely that the Boers will make the concessions required and that war will be averted. Kruger can retreat safely, since nobody here believes that the outlanders will renounce allegiance to the British crown and become citizens of the Transvaal in sufficient number to menace ascendancy of the Dutch burghers.

### BLOODY KENTUCKY.

**Another Killing In Clay County---Soldiers Ordered Out.**

London, Ky., Sept. 14.—Clay county has had another killing outside of two feuds. James and Cam Lewis began shooting into old man Shells' house on Spring Creek, whereupon Shell shot James Lewis eleven times with a Winchester, killing him. Cam Lewis made his escape.

The officials of Clay county have refused to assist those of Laurel county in the safe delivery of the two Griffiths in jail here. Two companies of state troops have been notified to be in readiness to go to Clay county within two days, as Governor Bradley will probably order them to take the Griffiths to Manchester and to remain there during the examining trial, set for Friday.

### STRIKES IN HAVANA.

**Labor Troubles Continue---Transport Sails With Soldiers and Money**

Havana, Sept. 14.—The strikes of the masons and carpenters continue. The painters have struck in sympathy and all employers of labor are now affected. The employers have called a meeting to consider the position. A circular has been issued by the carpenters, who say they will die before they will abandon what in justice should be theirs.

The trust companies have shipped $600,000 by the United States transport Buford, nearly two-thirds of which is in silver. One battalion each of the 22nd and Eighth infantry is on board the transport.

NORTH DAKOTAN SUICIDES.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—While the 10:30 o'clock train from the north over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway was passing through Glenview last night, Charles E. Snedes, a grain merchant, of Harlem, N. D., one of the passengers, arose from his seat, placed a revolver at his head and blew out his brains. His brother and partner in the business, Albert Snedes, sat near him when he committed the act, but was unable to prevent it as his back was turned. Snedes was 36 years of age. He had been ill from softening of the brain for nine years.

## WHAT SAY THE BOERS

### The Transvaal Reply Received In London, But Its Contents Unknown.

### GLOOMY VIEW TAKEN

### Generally Believed That the Dispatch Widens the Breach.

London, Sept. 14.—The Transvaal's reply to the last note of the British secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, has been received, but its nature is not yet known. At the colonial office, a reporter of the Associated Press was informed that nothing will be given out for the present.

It was regarded as significant, however, that the nature of the Boer reply was communicated to the commander-in-chief, Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, who immediately summoned Gen. Sir George Stewart White, V. C., former quartermaster general, the prospective commander of the British forces in Natal.

3:20 p. m. At this hour the South African advices continue most conflicting regarding the tenor of President Kruger's answer to Mr. Chamberlain. The Morning Post, in a special edition, prints a special dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, capital of Natal, saying the reply is "truculent, loquacious and blasphemous." The Manchester Guardian's correspondent at Cape Town telegraphs saying the outlook is of the gloomiest character.

The Cape Town residents take a more hopeful view of the situation, basing their belief on the probable acceptance by President Kruger of the franchise measures suggested in Mr. Chamberlain's latest dispatch. But even they admit it is impossible to learn or foreshadow President Kruger's attitude toward the suzerainty of Great Britain, which, after all, is still the main issue.

The tension now existing here and at the Cape may be temporarily settled at any moment by the publication of President Kruger's reply. On the other hand, it may be several days before the general public learns what answer the Transvaal has made. If President Kruger has answered defiantly, it does not necessarily mean the immediate outbreak of war. The British would probably reply with a final ultimatum. It is scarcely to their advantage to bring about hostilities until the reinforcements are nearer the scene of action than they are at present. Whatever the nature of President Kruger's reply, it is probable that several more stages of diplomatic processes will be gone through with before there is definite war or peace, unless, of course, President Kruger should take the initiative and raid Natal. It is a possibility of this move that makes definite news of the reply so eagerly and anxiously awaited.

### NOT SATISFACTORY.

**Consul General White Says That Is His Belief.**

London, Sept. 14.—The consul general of the South African republic, Mr. Montague White, said to a reporter of the Associated Press today: "I have good authority for believing that the Transvaal reply will be unsatisfactory to the British government."

The news received by Mr. Chamberlain today, it is now said, was probably information regarding the nature of the Boer reply.

Whether this came from President Kruger or was merely the British agent's forecast, it is impossible to say.

The text of the reply will not be received, in all probability, for several days.

The latest advices from Pretoria say the Transvaal government has completed the first draft of the reply, which was then being considered by the raad in secret session.

### FREE STATE LINES UP.

**Orange Free State Burghers Will Back the Boers.**

Bloemfontein, Orange Free State, Sept. 14.—The members of the raad of the Orange Free State have been notified to be ready to be summoned for an extraordinary session at a moment's notice.

The burghers of the Orange Free State, at a meeting just held, passed a resolution to stand shoulder to shoulder with the Transvaal in case of hostilities.

### CLAIMS CITIZENSHIP.

**Convicted Spy In Transvaal Says He Is an American.**

Mafeking, Sept. 14.—Mr. McCarthur, who was recently arrested at Seerust, in the Transvaal, as a spy and sentenced to a year's imprisonment, claims to be an American citizen. The United States consul at Kimberly is investigating the matter.

Mr. Ellis, his former companion, on being discovered at a Boer meeting in Ladysmit, was tarred and feathered.

LUTHERAN CONVENTION.

Wahoo, Neb., Sept. 14.—Swedish Lutherans of five states, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Illinois and Minesota, are holding their annual reunion and festival at this place with an attendance of nearly 1000. Some of the best known Swedish-American teachers and ministers in the country are present. Superintendent of Schools Nelson, of Kansas, delivered an address on "The Part Played by Swedish-Americans in the Development of Our Country." Dr. Carlson, of the university of Minnesota, delivered an oration on Swedish-American character. The musical features form an important part of the program.

ALEXANDER AT GIBRALTAR.

Gibraltar, Sept. 14.—The United States collier Alexander, which sailed from Norfolk Aug. 30 with a full cargo of coal for the naval station at Manilla, has arrived here.

FLOOD SUBSIDING.

Salzburg, Austria, Sept. 14.—Part of this city and places in the vicinity have been flooded. Troops have been called out to render assistance. The water is now subsiding slowly.


## The Amount of Windy Advertising that is Being Done

in this city at the present time, written by foreign advertisers (or wooden men), irrespective of facts, knowledge or principle, has a tendency to breed corruption. **But the high standard** of principle adopted by this house at its inception to do honest Merchandising and truthful advertising has never been lost sight of for a minute. **Advertising is a Fake** unless backed up with facts such as we advertise here and this is backed up by the Merchandise we sell—quantities and quality guaranteed.

**The Fruit Season** is now on and everybody says Fruit is high and scarce. We want to help to cheapen it by offering **Fruit Jars** at the following ridiculous low prices:

**Pints, 2½c each------or 29c per dozen**
**Quarts, 3c each------or 35c per dozen**
**Two quarts, 3½c each, or 41c per dozen**

The above Jars have aluminum tops and are without question the best Jars in the market. Take all you want.

**Screen Doors.**

49c—We have about 25 dozen Screen Doors, assorted sizes, left out of 200 dozen. They are complete; all ready to hang—Friday------ **49c**

**Millinery Dept.**

We buy ten-twelfths of our Millinery where it grows. That means, we buy as cheap as the jobber, and in many instances we sell you cheaper than some Millinery Shops buy at wholesale. **FOR FRIDAY** we will put on sale 100 dozen Fedoras and Army Hats in a splendid quality of Fur Felt, five different shapes, in Black, Pearl, Navy, Nutria and Brown; sold elsewhere at $2.25—our price------ **$1.25**

**BARGAIN COUNTER No. 1.**

Fleeced Wrapper Cloths and 36-inch Percales, all worth 11c to 12½c, for------ **8c yard**

**BARGAIN COUNTER No. 2.**

Embroideries—Edges and insertions in Hamburg, Nainsook and Swisses, all worth a half more than we ask, namely—
**5c, 8c, 10c, 12c½, 15c, 20c and 25c**

**Unbleached Sheeting.**

5c a yard—Two bales 40-inch Unbleached Sheeting; the ends of the pieces were soiled in transit; bought to sell at 8c, Friday—per yard------ **5c**

**White Piques.**

For Friday we will offer one case of 36 pieces White Pique, worth 12½c. Sale price------ **8c**

**Outing Flannels.**

6c—2 cases Manufacturer's Remnants of Outing Flannels, equal to any 10c cloth in full pieces. Friday we say------ **6c**

**Umbrellas.**

$2.49 each, We have about 50 Ladies' 26-in. Umbrellas, assorted handles, some of them were originally marked $5.00; your pick at------ **$2.49**

**BARGAIN COUNTER No. 4.**

See our new Veiling Department. Ladies' Handkerchiefs worth up to 10c for **5c.** Ladies' Lace Scarfs worth up to $1.25 for **50c.**

**BARGAIN COUNTER No. 5.**

2000 yards of Dotted and Figured Swisses for Sash Curtains. 500 yards Plain Screen, 36-inches wide, for embroidered work, all worth 25c, Friday only------ **9c yard**

**Turkish Slippers.**

59c—Black, Wine, Cardinal, Pink, Brown and Yellow, with handsome embroidered uppers and silk tassel in front. Jobbers ask 60c for them at wholesale; we buy them where they grow, consequently can sell them to you at, pair **59c**

PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN. THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE


DEFECTIVE PAGE

# ATKINSON ON TRUSTS

## Governor of West Virginia Talks on the Great Trade Combines.

## ADVANCE IN PRICES

## Caused By the Trusts Is Discussed By a Commercial Traveler.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—At the evening session of the conference on the uses and abuses of trusts, Governor George W. Atkinson of West Virginia was the principal speaker.

Governor Atkinson spoke as follows:

"I believe in progression. In this respect, I am a revolutionist. I believe that the world ought to grow, and that men ought to grow with it. Some sorts of combines are, I think, economic necessities which grow out of our complex civilization as a nation. The great manufacturing establishments of the world, covering all branches of industry, had very small beginnings; and we, in a large measure, owe the progress we have made to men of means who combined or united into what we call 'corporations' to make this advancement possible. But there is a vast difference between a corporation and a trust. It seems to me that every citizen, who possesses any sort of common sense, will favor corporations, because individual citizens, as a rule, cannot in and for themselves alone furnish sufficient capital to develop the resources of any of the states of our republic. It takes vast sums of money to handle great undertakings. One man alone cannot furnish the necessary capital to build up great industries, which have for their object the development of a state or a nation, but several men of means, by combining, can raise the necessary amount of capital to accomplish the desired purpose. This necessity brought corporations into existence. What one man cannot do, for lack of means, several men can accomplish by combining the means which each of them can command. In this way corporations are formed, in this manner railroads are constructed, mines are opened, mills are built, industries are established, men are employed, and the natural resources of a country are developed, which necessarily employ labor, and bring wealth into a country. Hence I say that every citizen of a country, who possesses ordinary common sense should be favorable to corporations. Nevertheless we have in our midst thousands and tens of thousands who seem to hate corporations, and fight them on every hand, notwithstanding the fact that they secure for them reasonable compensation for their toil, and by means of which they secure the necessary means with which they support their families and those dependent upon them. With this class of people I have no sort of sympathy. I assert here today that a corporation is entitled to as much sympathy, support and respect as an individual. I wish therefore to be written down as a friend and backer of corporations, because no state can be developed without them, and there can be no growth and development, if they are inhibited by law, or are not supported by the people. Without corporations, silver and gold producers, banks and other acknowledged necessities for the public weal. Therefore when I hear men, in politics, whinning the demagogue cry, 'down with corporations,' I am ready to join the crowd of enterprising people who will cry, 'down with that class of demagogues.' I am not an optimist, per se, nor am I a pessimist. I have no sympathy with anyone who puts in his time whinning against capital. We have unfortunately too many of that class of croakers in our midst. What we need is more capital in legitimate business undertakings. We must have men who will invest their money in building up and opening up the industries of all of our states. We have in West Virginia more coal and coke, and oil and gas, and timber than the United States can consume in hundreds of years. What we now need is capital to help us on in our work of development. We are ready and willing to welcome to our domain men of means from all sections of the Union, and from abroad as well, to come among us and aid us in developing the resources which a wise and beneficent Providence has bestowed upon us, and are open to all comers.

"West Virginia is the first oil and gas and timber state in the Union. She is second in coke, and third in coal. She has more coal area than any other state, and it is only a matter of time for her to be first in coal and coke production, as she is now first in oil and gas and timber, because the coal at coke business is, after all, only a survival of the fittest. With more veins of coal than any other state, and all of a better quality than any of our competitors. Hence I again say that West Virginians generally are friendly to corporations, and we will and do gladly welcome men of means to come among us, and thus help them and us, to not only 'keep the wolf from the door,' but at the same time aid us to lay up a surplus for 'rainy days,' which will sooner or later come to one and all. We welcome therefore corporations and capital, because they help us, as West Virginians, to build for both the present and the future.

"Now, I take it, Mr. President, that all present understand how I feel towards capitalists and toward corporations which always represent capital and capitalists. The next point to which I desire briefly to allude is the labor problem. I am now and always have been a staunch friend of the toiling masses, a stand for the working man, because he alone produces wealth. He takes the iron ore, the coal, the oil, the gas, the precious metals, the lead, the zinc, etc., out of the bowels of the earth, and by his skill transforms them from the natural to the finished product. In this way he produces wealth. In the same manner he brings out of mother earth the necessary articles for the sustenance of mankind. He alone therefore is a wealth producer. Why, then, should he not have our honest, earnest support? I say unhesitatingly that he has my best wishes.

"Labor and capital are interdependent. One cannot get on without the help of the other. The laboring men have the same right to organize for their advancement and protection as have the capitalists. The same privileges must be extended to one class as to the other. So long as the laboring man does his duty and keeps within the limits of the law, he will have my sympathy and support. But I have never yet favored a strike or a lockout so long as it was possible to prevent it by just and friendly arbitration; and I have never yet known, and I say it boldly, a strike or a lockout, in all my experience and observation, that did not result in injury to both labor and capital. Therefore, Mr. Chairman, I favor arbitration to settle all disputed problems between capital on the one hand and labor on the other.

"While I stand here as a representative of the common people, and insist that they should be properly treated, yet I confess that there are other trusts in this country than 'money trusts.' Laboring men have their organizations, as I already stated they ought to have, and are entitled to have. Somehow, however, a portion of these organizations have not properly taken into account the strife and loss of time to themselves and their employers occasioned by strikes which they have seen fit to bring upon themselves. There are therefore not only 'capital trusts' but there are 'labor trusts' also. I wish to place myself on record against both, and especially so when the demands of either or both are not in accord with the well-established rules of political economy and common sense and common honesty between man and man. Laboring men have no more right to comble for the purpose of sustaining that which is unjust and unreasonable than capitalists. Hence I wish to declare here and now that arbitration alone can properly adjust controversies of this sort, and the man who opposes this kind of adjustment is wholly out of joint with the times in which he lives. Capital should deal fairly with each other, and if they cannot agree, let the controversy be arbitrated by a just, unbiased and honorable tribunal. No conservative, honest man, in my judgment, can or will oppose such adjustment.

This brings me, Mr. President, to a brief consideration of trusts, which is the main question before this federation. In all of my public and private acts in the past, my 'musket' has always been pointed against trusts, and if I know myself today, my musket is still pointing the same way. It seems that our country has, within the past few years, gone trust crazy. I cannot understand why, but it appears to be a fact. Nevertheless this lunacy that, if I may call it such, is not confined to this country alone. It is just now reaping a harvest everywhere and in all lands. Nor is it confined to any one political party. I find about as many Democrats in trusts in the United States as Republicans, and I find at least two of the mammoth trusts of this country are, in a sense, Democratic institutions. Therefore I conclude that we cannot choke them out by drawing political lines upon them. They have grown up as the result of existing conditions, and they cannot be stamped out by any or all political parties simply by resolving against them. To sweep the trust issue into politics, and resolve one way or the other, as is the custom nowadays in political conventions, it seems to me, is 'wasting fragrance on the desert air.' We must come nearer home for a remedy than that. We must hit at its tap-root by national and state legislation by making it a penal offense against good government for men of great wealth to combine for the purpose of stifling and choking middle men and small dealers, as trusts have always done. Or better still, the trust would take them as employes into their combines and their confidences, and will, after paying themselves a reasonable dividend on the actual amount of capital invested, and then agree to distribute a reasonable share of its profits among the skilled artisans whom they employ as a per cent or profit upon their wages, the trust would then be placed upon an honest, popular and reasonable foundation, and no one would complain or justly oppose it. I can see no reason why such an experiment might not be made by employers, nor can I see why it would not succeed. To do this would bring about harmony to a large degree between labor and capital, and would measureably—though not entirely—take the fangs out of the trusts and combines. This is one of the ways, and it seems to me the logical way, to settle this ever existing controversy, and settle it right, because it would then be an honest, and I may say enlightened co-operation, and you all know that co-operation is the fundamental principle of a trust. This is, in short, the very heart of it. The trouble with the most of the trusts, as they are now conducted, is that the 'co-operation' is all one-sided—all in favor of the stockholders, while the skilled laborers and consumers are wholly ignored. This seems to be the fundamental principle—the foundation, so to speak, on which the whole trust movement rests. Why, then, cannot its scope be widened so as to take in or embrace all the classes whose interests are involved? So long as the trust now stands, and so long as it is thus conducted, that long it will be antagonized by the masses, and it therefore cannot be enduring, nor can it result as a permanent, profitable investment for the stockholders, or can it in any way benefit the mechanics or the people in general.

"Mr. President, I do not wish to be understood as opposing modern methods of progress. I believe in conserving in every possible manner the waste of time and energy of the great mass of our people. The day of wooden plows and stage coaches and horseback mails has gone by forever. To keep abreast of the times in which we live, we must use all modern discoveries and appliances. We must of necessity 'keep in the push' or otherwise perish. All wise people will strive to reduce every possible waste of energy. The blacksmith shop and the wooden plow were good enough in their day. They answered the purpose then, but they are out of date now. Old methods have been steadily discarded, and economical appliances operated by steam and electricity have been substituted therefor. The same is true in almost every business avocation peculiar to our people. The trust seems, on its face, to be a step in the ever shifting drama of progress. It claims as its main purpose, to save waste in production and distribution. Every student of political economy will admit the force of this particular claim, because the greatest enemy to human progress is waste. While it may be true that a number of factories in a particular industry that have been competing with one another in a particular line of work, agree to unite for a common purpose, consenting to not fight one another, and purposing to furnish a particular article of manufacture to the consumer at a specific price, of itself is not necessarily wrong. Indeed, it appears to be right on its face; but it may be wrong—forever wrong, and usually is, as I see it, for two reasons: First, this combine can and will (if they are looking out for their own interests alone) increase the price of their product to the consumer; and, second, every small manufacturer engaged in that particular business will either have to quit business or join 'the combine.' But the combine will say that the small manufacturer can join the trust, or keep on as he is then doing, if he likes. How can he continue his business successfully, if all of his competitors, in the same line combine against him? They can, and will, for the purpose of 'freezing him out,' cut prices until he has 'to squeal or throw up the sponge,' then the combine has its own way and can fix its own prices, and it usually does so. In cases of this sort, the small dealer succumbs and the combine fixes its own prices and the people are compelled to yield.

"Nevertheless, I confess I am one of the people of this country who is not hysterical over this trust controversy. I am inclined to the opinion that it can be regulated by wise and proper legislation, and by public sentiment, which in the end, settles matters of this sort. All political economists agree that the prevention of waste (unnecessary waste) by all nations is the secret of their growth and success. This is unquestionably true, and I will therefore not undertake to controvert it. A wise man will save every cent, every dime, every lump of coal, every particle of manure, everything that can be utilized to better his condition and help him on in life. But it seems to me that no intelligent man will favor any measure that will place himself at the mercy of a few of his fellow citizens, who have it in their power to say what he shall do, or what he shall pay for that which necessity requires him to purchase.

"I am aware of the fact, Mr. President, that the friends of trusts set up three distinct claims or arguments in their defense, viz: First. That they pay the highest possible rates of wages to their employes; second, that they furnish the best possible article to the consumer; and, third, that they furnish it lower or cheaper than it can otherwise be produced. While I admit that there is something in these claims, yet they are true only in a limited sense. The first of these calms is, I think, absolutely true. Trusts pay high wages, because they employ none but high grade men and women, and they therefore can afford to do it. The second proposition is perhaps true in most cases, but not in all. The third claim is only true in a few instances. If I had the time I could definitely mention them to this federation. But in the generality of cases, prices to the consumers increase instead of diminish where trusts are enforced. Therefore the few, and not the many, are the direct beneficaries of these trust combines. Consequently when one pauses and considers carefully all the facts involved; when he weighs both sides of the issue before him; when he seriously reflects, as it is the duty of every good citizen to do; when he sees the vast multitude of his fellow citizens, who have fitted themselves by education and experience as 'middle men' in the various avocations of life, necessarily thrown out of employment because of trusts; and when he goes further and thinks of the thousands of his fellow countrymen of limited means, yet at the same time industrious and enterprising, who cannot, because of their limited resources, cope with the trusts and combines, and are necessarily forced to quit business, then the enormity of the wrong (not to say crime) of choking them out of an honest effort to support themselves and families, can be fully understood and appreciated.

"If the advocates and participants in the trusts could satisfy the minds of the masses upon the three following propositions, they would have but little opposition in the years to come: First, will you and can you, in all cases, as you claim, agree to furnish a better and cheaper article to consumers of all the necessaries of life covered by your trusts and combines; second, what do you propose to do with the tens of thousands of middle men now employed, who of necessity must lose their present positions; and, third, what will become of the 'small dealers' scattered over our country from Maine to Florida, and from the surges of the Atlantic to the sunset sea whose waves make music on the golden sands of California? What are we going to do with a large class of our fellow citizens who are now prosperous and happy in their occupations? These are momentous problems and involve momentous results.

"I may be wrong, Mr. President, in my conclusions, but it seems to me, as an unprejudiced, unbiased American citizen, whose only purpose is to do what he can to advance the interests of the great majority of all our people, that if the trust idea is to be carried out, there will be no use for 'middle men' in this country; and the small dealer and the small manufacturers and small operators in any and all lines of business, who are now earning honest livings and supports for themselves and those dependent upon them, will be things of the past. Like Othello, their 'occupations will be gone.' And what of the other, and the greatest of all the considerations before us as nonpartisan American citizens, viz: Will the trusts, can the trusts, dare the trusts here agree to furnish to the great living, helpless, and in many instances hapless mass of our people, a better and a cheaper article which all of them must of necessity use, than they are now paying for the same? If the trust can do this, will cut off my opposition, feeble as it is, and will join them and bid Godspeed in their work. Otherwise, I am against them, and desire that they will here and now class me as their enemy. It is not my purpose or desire to block any avenue to the progress and development of my country; but it is my purpose and desire to do anything and everything that I can to prevent capital from oversiaughing labor, and to do my utmost at all times, and in all circumstances, to aid the working man to earn an honest livelihood for himself and those dependent upon him in the ever existing scuffle between man and man to live and to let live, which has been going on from Adam down to McKinley."

William Fortune, of Indianapolis, president of the Indiana state board of commerce, made an earnest plea for conservative procedure as a more hopeful course than the application of revolutionary or too radical measures to an evolutionary problem. He indicated a grave doubt of the usefulness of the doctrinaire in arriving at a rational solution of the question. He guardedly suggested the danger capital may bring to itself by heedless abuse of its power, and indicated the importance to it of seeking proper regulations which will make trust methods acceptable rather than obnoxious to the people by whose permission and toleration only can their existence continue. His speech was a plea for the practicable rather than the theoretical approach to the subject, which, in its present stage, the speaker believed to be too immature to give basis for conclusive judgment as to the extent of either its harmful or beneficial effects.

P. E. Dowe, president of the Commercial Travelers' National league, said: "Commercial travelers are opposed to trusts, both from policy and principle. The American Anti-Trust league has begun a work of statistical investigation; they propose to show by authentic data that, while the cost of living has increased in the last two years at an average of between 12 and 15 per cent, wages have been advanced less than 3 per cent, and that wages are lower today than in 1895. I have a list showing 5 to 500 per cent advance in the prices due to the direct or indirect influence of trusts of about 150 commodities. Nearly 500 establishments were visited."

F. B. Thurber, of New York, spoke in part as follows: "The right to combine has been recognized from time immemorial, subject to a due regard to the rights of others. The progress of the world has for centuries been largely promoted by combinations of labor, skill and capital, but it remained for the nineteenth century, under the influence of steam, electricity and machinery, to become, par excellence, the era of combinations. These forces could only be utilized to their fullest extent through comoining the capital of individuals, and the advantages of such combinations are so numerous that they have revolutionized the industrial, commercial and political worlds.

"The economic results have been so sudden and startling that it has occasioned alarm in the public mind, and this has been seized upon by sensational journals and political parties, competing for public favor, to unduly exaggerate the evils attending the evolution, while the good has been overlooked. I prophesy that when all sides of this question have been carefully studied, popular alarm at the organization of industry, commonly known under the 'misnomer' of 'trusts,' will subside, but in a country with universal suffrage the only way to put down error is to argue it down. Sensational misrepresentations must be met with facts, or grave injuries to our industries and institutions will result.

"The only trusts that have succeeded for any length of time have been those which have been conducted on a far-sighted basis of moderate margins of profits, relying upon a large turnover and the economies resulting from the command of large capital intelligently administered. The truth of this is illustrated by innumerable failures in trust organizations to control prices, recent illustrations of which are the straw-board trust, the starch trust, the first wire nail trust and the old steel trust. There are trusts, so called, in nearly every branch of business, and there is good and bad in all, but the good so far predominates that such aggregations of capital should be encouraged, accompanied by safeguards against abuses. The only additional safeguards needed are for stockholders and investors, whose interests are often sacrificed through lack of publicity. The average investor is the chief sufferer. So far as the interest of consumers is concerned it is amply protected now, first by competition, and second by the common law, which, if invoked, will nullify any contract in unreasonable restraint of trade, and any unreasonable combination is subject to indictment for conspiracy. Special 'trust' statutes are not necessary, although many have been enacted."

Dr. Joseph Nimmo, Jr., of Washington, made an address in which he mainly discussed the American railway system.

Dr. Nimmo claimed that in this country competition in railroad transportation existed beneficially only as restrained by combination, and that combinations of small operators in any and all lines of business, who are now earning honest livings and supports for themselves and those dependent upon them, will be things of the past. Like Othello, their 'occupations will be gone.' And what of the other, and the greatest of all the considerations before us as nonpartisan American citizens, viz: Will the trusts, can the trusts, dare the trusts here agree to furnish to the great living, helpless, and in many instances hapless mass of our people, a better and a cheaper article which all of them must of necessity use, than they are now paying for the same? If the trust can do this, will cut off my opposition, feeble as it is, and will join them and bid Godspeed in their work. Otherwise, I am against them, and desire that they will here and now class me as their enemy. It is not my purpose or desire to block any avenue to the progress and development of my country; but it is my purpose and desire to do anything and everything that I can to prevent capital from oversiaughing labor, and to do my utmost at all times, and in all circumstances, to aid the working man to earn an honest livelihood for himself and those dependent upon him in the ever existing scuffle between man and man to live and to let live, which has been going on from Adam down to McKinley."

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**The Riser.**



Many a man with his whole soul immersed in business and money-getting is like the miser whose spring door shut to and locked him in forever. Men work and slave and worry and get sick and broken down, forgetting all the time that health is worth more than gold, and that a happy, cheerful home is rather than great chosriches, until they hear the trap-door of disease spring to and shut them off from all the bright hopes they labored for.

A sick man cannot be happy; he cannot accomplish the work he has to do in this world; he loses the very money he is striving for; his ambition defeats itself. Any man who discovers that his strength and energy are giving way has an unfailing means of regaining his physical health and stamina in the simple yet all-potent restorative power of that wonderful "Golden Medical Discovery" originated by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., the world-famous specialist in diseases of the nutritive organism.

Among the thousands who have consulted him by mail the case of Mr. Newton B. Blake, of Tiplersville, Tippah Co., Miss., as shown in the following letter indicates the remarkable efficacy of his treatment: "In December 1895 my health began to fail, I tried many different kinds of medicines and the more I took the worse the disease grew. Finally in April when I was busy with the farm work my health got so bad that I could not hold out to work one hour. My breath became short and I was weak and nervous, and oftentimes would spit blood. I was unable to work. I tried one of the doctors in the vicinity but failed to obtain relief. I seemed to grow worse. My father received a book from Dr. Pierce in which I read of a case similar to mine, and decided to write to Dr. Pierce. He recommended me to take his "Golden Medical Discovery." After taking six bottles of this remedy I can recommend it as one of the best medicines to build up the system. I am now enjoying good health."

Torpid liver and constipation are surely and speedily cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They never gripe. They regulate, tone up and invigorate the liver, stomach and bowels. No substitute urged by mercenary dealers is as good.

**Perpetual youth, as far as a cracker is concerned, is easy. You can now have them as if just out of the oven.**

The freshness of a cracker is its foundation attraction. No other good feature is really good without crisp freshness. The new and unique 5 cent package in which **Uneeda Biscuit** are packed will surprise you. It's a revolution, and the biscuit come from it as fresh as the morning dew. At all grocers. **Uneeda.**


## Seeing With Our Feelings.

A physician makes the statement that we see with our feelings. There is more truth in this than the thoughtless will perceive. For instance, take a man or woman with a weak stomach, which has not the power of giving to the blood the nourishment it requires. The system is filled with poisonous bile. Poor blood coursing through the brain poisons and weakens it, and the sufferer is utterly incapable of enjoying beauty of any sort, or even a hearty meal. The reason the bilious and the dyspeptic who takes Hostetter's Stomach Bitters finds life brighter and pleasanter is because it cleanses the system and strengthens the stomach. See that a private revenue stamp covers the top of the bottle.

CANADIANS TO AFFILIATE.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—The International Coopers' union voted yesterday to invite the Canada and Newfoundland unions to affiliate. The action will give the Coopers' union a greatly enlarged membership. The Canadian unions have been asking for affiliation for several years.

A NEW COUNTERFEIT.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The secret service has discovered a new counterfeit $2 silver certificate. It is of the series of 1896, check letter C, Bruce register, Roberts treasurer.


CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.


## Go to Wisconsin State Fair

VIA WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

One fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale Sept. 9 to 15 inclusive; final return limit Sept. 16. Ticket office, No. 430 West Superior street.

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent.

# RULING IS INVALID

## State Board of Health Cannot Enforce Order Regarding Vaccination.

## LEGAL VIEW OF CASE

## Attorney General Douglas Holds No Authority Can Be Found For It.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—The state board of health's rule requiring vaccination certificates in every district before admission to school cannot be enforced.

Appeals to State Superintendent Lewis have been referred to Attorney General Douglas, who holds that no authority can be found for it.

In view of the scare last winter and scattering cases ever since, the state board adopted at its July meeting this rule to apply all over the state. Many districts have complied, but there has also been opposition, as is shown by the number of inquiries of the state superintendent. And where parents have refused to have their children vaccinated the local boards were in a quandary. They did not wish to oppose the state board of health. Many of them agreed with the board as to the necessity of the precaution. On the other hand, there is a penalty for turning away from a school any child qualified for attendance and they did not want to incur that penalty.

The question was whether the ruling of the board had such validity that they could refuse admission to the schools under it.

Attorney General Douglas finds that the right to require vaccination as condition precedent to admission to school is not expressly conferred by the statutes and does not exist, except by express grant.

The law in general gives the state board of health power in case of epidemic to make any reasonable regulations in the part of the state affected for the prompt burial of the dead, for house to house visitation, for medical aid and nursing, for cleansing, ventilating and disinfection and to guard against spread of the disease by quarantine or exclusion of infected persons.

But there is no authority to take such measures in anticipation of epidemic covering the whole state whether there is any danger or not.

There is a former opinion by Attorney General Hahn relating to a similar question, in which he says no officer of the state could under the plea insist that parents should submit their children to such an ordeal. And in Wisconsin there is a decision that a rule of like purport is void. In several states there are decisions that statutes are valid which authorize school boards to require vaccination, but this is not a parallel case.

Gen. Douglas says, the legislature has doubtless the discretion to affirm what precautions are necessary, and that in case of an epidemic the board of health, either state or local, would have power to declare that vaccination was necessary. But neither that authority nor that emergency is present here and school boards would not be justified in excluding children under the state board's rule.

## FOREIGN TRADE.

### August Imports and Exports---August Greater Than Last Year.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The August monthly statement of the imports and exports of the United States issued by the bureau of statistics shows: Merchandise imports, $66,718,737, of which $27,503,426 was free of duty. In August, 1898, the total was $49,677,349. Merchandise exports, $104,648,836, against $84,565,561 for August, 1898.

During the last eight months the imports of merchandise exceeded those of the corresponding period in 1898 by $88,318,106, and during the same time the exports exceeded those of last year by $13,963,125.

BERMUDA STORM DAMAGE.

Island of Bermuda, Sept. 14.—The weather at 4 p. m. yesterday was mild and the storm had disappeared. Information from the dockyards say the damage done there is very serious. The breakwater is badly damaged, and the island and Boaz islands everything is more or less injured. The damage is roughly estimated at £100,000.

TICKETS GOOD VIA WASHINGTON.

If a trip to Philadelphia or New York is made over the Pennsylvania Short Lines a 10-days' visit to Washington may be enjoyed without additional cost for fare, as tickets over this route may be secured via national capital at same rate as over direct line. For particulars address H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

YOUNG DAY'S ESCAPE.

Canton, Ohio, Sept. 14.—Luther Day, son of Former Secretary of State Day, had a narrow escape from death yesterday while hunting. He stepped upon a marshy piece of ground, and was drawn into a quagmire. He sank to his shoulders and was only rescued after three hours' work by his brother and a farmer who came to his assistance.





Williamson & Mendenhall, Sole Agents.

Something New!

5¢




Large package of the World's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4 pound package. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia




EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

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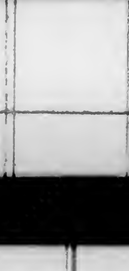
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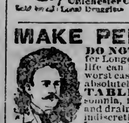
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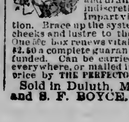



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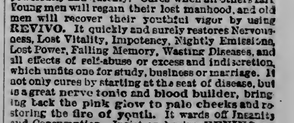
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DEFECTIVE PAGE

# DECLINE IN PRICES

## Wheat Started Out Firm at an Advance But Sold Down.

## THE CABLES HIGHER

### Seaboard Reported Good Acceptances of Cabled Offers ---The Receipts Large.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 14.—The wheat market opened much firmer this morning owing to the news being of a bullish charactér and the cash situation being strong. The cables were bullish, a rise of ⅛@⅜d being reported at Liverpool. The seaboard reported good acceptances of cabled offers, and trading was much broader than of late. The receipts were liberal except at Chicago, where they were regarded as light in view of the reported large short interest in September. After noon the market turned weak and prices declined. The close was ⅜c lower than yesterday here and ½@⅝c lower at Chicago for the December option. May closed ¼c lower here and ½@⅝c lower at Chicago.

There was a fair amount of trading in futures on the Duluth board. December wheat opened ⅛c up, at 68¼c, advanced to 68⅜c at 9:45, reacted to 68¼c at 11:50, and sold down to 67⅝c at 1:08. The close was at 67¾c, being ⅜c under yesterday. May closed at 71¼c, being ⅛s net loss for the day. About 200,000 bus of cash stuff was sold at the September price. Oats and barley were unchanged, rye advanced ½c and corn rose ¼c. Cash and October flax each gained 2c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 70c; September, 70c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67½c; September, 67½c; December, 67¾c; May, 71¼c. No. 2 northern, 65c. No. 3 spring, 61½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 70c; No. 1 northern, 67½c. Oats, 21@21¼c. Rye, 55½c. Barley, 35@40c. Flax, $1.07; October, $1.05½. Corn, 28¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 503; corn, 6; rye, 3; barley, 17; flax, 47. Receipts—Wheat, 707,990; corn, 2892; barley, 26,257; rye, 7656; flax, 26,053. Shipments—Wheat, 448,548; oats, 1241; barley, 38,017.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard wheat, 4 cars | $ 0.70¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 3 cars | 67¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 6 cars | 67¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 80,000 bus | 67¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 30,000 bus | 67½ |
| No. 1 northern, 6000 bus | 67⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car | 68 |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars | 67⅞ |
| No. 2 northern, 3 cars | 65¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | 65½ |
| No. 2 northern, 3 cars | 65¾ |
| Rejected, 3 cars | 60 |
| Barley, 1 car | 37½ |
| Flax, 21,000 bus September | 1.07½ |
| Flax, 4000 bus September | 1.07 |
| Flax, 18,000 bus September | 1.06 |
| Flax, 31,000 bus September | 1.05½ |
| Flax, 9000 bus October | 1.06 |
| Flax, 4000 bus October | 1.05½ |
| Flax, 7000 bus October | 1.05 |
| Flax, 52,000 bus October | 1.04 |
| Flax, 1 car to arrive | 1.07½ |
| Flax, 4000 bus to arrive | 1.07 |
| Flax, 663 bus to arrive | 1.06½ |
| Flax, 2000 bus to arrive | 1.06 |
| Flax, 2500 bus cash | 1.05½ |
| Flax, 1000 bus to arirve | 1.05 |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Market Firm and Higher---The Cash Situation Bullish.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Wheat was firm and higher today, for December, but rather unsteady for September. Yesterday's spurt in September had the effect of enlivening the market and trading was considerably broader than of late. The cash situation was bullish. Liverpool was ¼@⅜d higher and the seaboard reported good acceptances of cabled offers. Northwest receipts were liberal, 879 cars at Minneapolis and Duluth, against 739 last week and 944 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 147 cars, only 1 of contract grade. There was some comment on the comparatively light receipts at Chicago in view of the reported big short interest in September. The marekt received good support from the outside, commission houses all having buying orders. Weare sold considerable September and bought December at ½c difference. Shorts were buyers of December and May, and the premium of September almost disappeared. December opened at 71⅝@½c, advanced to 71¾c, and reacted later under realizing to 71⅜c. September opened ⅛@⅜c higher at 72@72¼c and eased off to 71⅝c.

Corn was firm and higher with a moderate trade. Cables were higher and receipts under estimates. Shorts bought freely and that option exhibited the most strength. Receipts were 750 cars. December opened a shade higher at 28⅝@¾c, and advanced to 28¾@⅞c. September opened ⅛c higher at 31¾c, and advanced to 32½c, reacting to 32@⅛c. Oats were quiet but firm with other grains. September shorts covered. Receipts were 316 cars. December opened a shade higher at 20⅞@21c and held at 21c. September sold ⅛c higher at 21½c and reacted to 21¼c.

Provisions were dull and but small trading was done in January products. The hog market was firm and provision prices were favorably affected. January pork opened 5c higher at $9.60, sold at $9.57½@9.62½ and steadied at the opening price. January lard 2½c higher at $5.50. January ribs 2½c higher at $1.87½@5.00.

Close: Wheat—September, 71⅜c; December, 70⅝@¾c; May, 73⅝@¾c. Corn—September, 31¾c; October, 30½c; December, 28⅝@⅞c; May, 29½c. Oats—September, 21¼c; December, 20⅞c; May, 22⅜c. Pork—September, $9.97½; October, $7.97½; December, $8.12½; January, $9.12½@$9.55. Lard—September, $5.30; October, $5.30; December, $5.29½; January, $5.47½. Ribs—September, $5.22½; December, $4.87@½; January, $4.95. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 72@¼c; No. 3 red, 71c; No. 2 hard winter, 69c; No. 3 hard winter, 68c; No. 1 northern spring, 72@½c; No. 2 northern spring, 72c; No. 3 spring, 61@71c. Corn—No. 2, 32c; No. 3, 31½c. Oats—No. 2, 22@¼c; No. 3, 22c. Barley, 37½@47c. Rye—September, 55@¼c; December, 56¾@½c. Timothy—September, $2.42½; October, $2.40. Clover—October, $7.75. Flax, Northwestern, $1.11; Southwestern, $1.08½; September, $1.09; October, $1.06½; December, $1.06½.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 14.—Close: Wheat—September, 73¾c; December, 75⅝c; May, 88⅜c; January, 76⅝c. Corn—September, 38c; December, 35½c; May, 35c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Receipts of heavy horses were very liberal, making up a larger supply of such horses than for some time. Lumbermen were well represented and seemed anxious to procure the best kind of horses. The early buying of logging horses is acounted for by the rapidly advancing prices on such horses. Farm horses were not selling to an advantage. The tone of the trade is pointing to a large aggregate outlet this week. The quotations were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, extra | $165@200 |
| Drafters, choice | 125@150 |
| Drafters, common to good | 90@115 |
| Farm horses, choice to extra | 105@120 |
| Farm horses, common to good | 50@ 65 |

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Estimated receipts of hogs today, 26,000; tomorrow, 19,000; left over, 3899; strong to 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $4.32½@4.65; good, heavy, $4.35@4.70; rough, heavy, $4.15@4.25; light, $4.35@4.75. Cattle receipts, 7000; steady; beeves, $4.50@4.60; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.40; Texas steers, $3.75@4.25; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.00. Sheep receipts, 14,000; stronger. Sheep, $2.75@4.60; lambs, $4.00@6.35. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Hogs receipts, 30,749; shipments, 8944. Cattle receipts, 15,781; shipments, 4322. Sheep receipts, 21,215; shipments, 1179.

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**BUY WHEAT.**
$25.00 will margin 1000 bus 2½ pts.
**ON BREAKS**
If you don't buy more than you can carry and take profits when opportunity offers, which means sell on bulges. You can make money.
**GIBBONS & CO.,**
St. Louis Hotel Lobby. Grain and Stock Brokers.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following were the closing prices of copper stocks, reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade:

Boston, Sept. 14.—Close: Atlantic, 28 bid; Adventure, 7¾; Arcadian, 56 Arnold, 12¼@¾; Allouez, 6⅝ asked; Butte, 64 bid; Bingham, 14¾; Baltic, 23 bid; Bonanza, 1¾; Boston Consolidated, 71¼; Calumet, 775@785; Copper Range, 40; Centennial, 33¾@34½; Dominion Coal, 52½; Franklyn, 17½ bid; Humboldt, 2½@3; Isabella, 14; Osceola, 84; Old Colony, 9@½; Old Dominion, 31⅝; Montana, 345; Mohawk, 23; Michigan, 10½@11; Mass, 18; Parrott, 47; Pioneer, 2¾@3; Quincy, 156@157; Rhode Island, 6¾@7; Isle Royale, 14½ bid; Santa Fe, 13¼; Tamarack, 210; Tecumseh, 5½@6; Utah, 39; Wolverine, 45½; Winona, 9¼@10½; Washington, 1⅞@2; U. S., 32½; Zinc, 60; Cochita, 19⅛; L. V., 109½.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 14.—Money on call, unsettled, at 5@6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange, steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85¾@$4.86 for demand, and at $4.82½@¾ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½@$4.84, and $4.87@½; commercial bills, $4.81½@$4.82. Silver certificates, 59¾c; bar silver, 59c; Mexican dollars, 47½c; government bonds, steady. United States 2s registered, $1.00½; 3s registered, $1.08½; coupon, $1.08½; new 4s registered, $1.30; coupon, $1.30; old 4s registered, $1.11¼; coupon, $1.13; 5s registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.11½.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London Sept. 14.—Consols for money, 105 15-16; consols for account, 105 7-16.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, September, 66⅝c; December, 67⅜c; May, 70c; September, old, 69⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 70⅝@70¼c; No. 1 northern, 69⅝@67⅝c; No. 2 northern, 68⅝@64⅝c.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Clearings, $22,041,166; balances, $1,779,152; New York exchange, 55c discount; sterling exchange, $4.83½@$4.87.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 68¼ | 67¾ | 71⅝-½ | 76⅝ |
| High | 68⅜ | 67⅞-68 | 71¾ | 76⅜ |
| Low | 67¾ | 67¼-⅜ | 70⅝ | 75¾ |
| Close | 67¾B | 67⅞ | 70⅝-¾ | 75⅝B |
| May— | | | | |
| Open | 71½ | 70⅛ | 74¼-⅜ | 79½ |
| High | 71⅝ | 70½-⅝ | 74½-⅝ | 79⅝-¾ |
| Low | 71¼B | 69⅞-70 | 73⅝-¾ | 78⅞ |
| Close | 71¼B | 70 | 73⅝-¾ | 78¾ |

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

| | Receipts. Bus. | Shipmen's. Bus. |
|---|---|---|
| New York | 168,290 | 95,157 |
| Philadelphia | 3,832 | 27,858 |
| Baltimore | 9,831 | ...... |
| Toledo | 63,880 | 8,000 |
| Detroit | 11,506 | ...... |
| St. Louis | 40,000 | 5,000 |
| Boston | 115,421 | 152,731 |
| Chicago | 104,000 | 6,300 |
| Milwaukee | 51,192 | 3,500 |
| Minneapolis | 297,000 | 36,800 |
| Kansas City | 63,000 | 54,000 |
| Duluth | 707,990 | 448,548 |

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Dec. | Corn. Dec. | Pork. Dec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 20⅞-21 | 28⅝@28¾ | $8.20 |
| High | 21 | 28¾-⅞ | 8.20 |
| Low | 20⅞ | 28½-⅝ | 8.12 |
| Close | 20⅞B | 28½-⅝B | 8.12 |

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Liverpool closed ⅛d higher; Paris, unchanged; Berlin, ½d higher; Antwerp, ¼d higher. A Paris millers' publication estimates the French crop at 8,100,000 bus less than last year. Cool weather has prevailed; indications for fair weather with showers West and Northwest Price Current says: "Indications unchanged." Duluth authority estimates total crop at 560,000,000 to 575,000,000 bus. Primary receipts, 1,324,000 bus, which are over 200,000 bus in excess of the same date last year. Shipments, 560,000 bus. Clearances, 400,000 bus. We estimate that they will slightly exceed 4,000,000 bus for the week. We confirm 35 loads for export. Have heard of no cash business here. The first large consignment from the Northwest of spring wheat arrived here today. It is expected that 3,500,000 bus has been contracted for in the Southwest to arrive here during this month, and it has been given out that it is for export. Minneapolis reports a good demand for cash wheat. The market displayed a good bit of strength early and September made a further advance, but it was more than lost, and the market closed weak. The early strength for this month was based on a newspaper yarn of a corner, which seems absurd considering the large amount of wheat that can be poured in here. The principal cause of weakness were the large primary receipts, and the failure of European markets to respond to our advance of yesterday. Liverpool is expected to come lower tomorrow, which may create enough weakness in the deferred futures that may make purchases profitable for a turn.

Corn was quite strong early for this month, and shorts bought freely; the market weakened off on deliveries be receivers. There is a good cash inquiry ad charters are made here for 350,000 bus at top price of lake freights.

Oats displayed but little animation, but held steady.

Provisions—Hogs were higher; Liverpool came lower on bacon and hams. Shipments of lard, 1,365,000 lbs; meats, 2,400,000. The market eased off all around in sympathy with grain and selling by packers.

Puts, December wheat, 70⅝c.
Calls, December wheat, 71c bid.
Curb, 70⅝c bid.
Puts, December corn, 28⅝c.
Calls, December corn, 28½c bid.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Name of Stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sugar | 152 | 152 | 149⅞ | 150⅝ |
| Tobacco | 130 | 131¼ | 129 | 129 |
| Atchison preferred | 64⅝ | 64¾ | 63¾ | 64 |
| B. R. T. | 98⅝ | 98¾ | 94¼ | 94¾ |
| C., B. & Q. | 133⅝ | 133⅝ | 132 | 132¾ |
| C. & N. W. | 169½ | 169½ | 169¼ | 169½ |
| Chicago Gas | 116¾ | 116¾ | 114½ | 115½ |
| Southern Pacific | 37¾ | 37¾ | 36¾ | 37 |
| L. & N. | 81 | 81 | 79¾ | 80¼ |
| Leather | 77 | 77 | 76¼ | 76½ |
| Manhattan | 118 | 118 | 116 | 116½ |
| Missouri Pacific | 46⅞ | 46⅞ | 45¾ | 45⅞ |
| Northern Pacific | 54⅞ | 54⅞ | 53⅝ | 54⅜ |
| N. P. preferred | 76 | 76¼ | 75¾ | 75¾ |
| Rock Island | 117¼ | 117⅜ | 115¾ | 116 |
| St. Paul | 132⅝ | 130¾ | 131¾ | 131 |
| T. C. I. | 123 | 123 | 119⅞ | 120½ |
| Union Pacific pfd. | 77½ | 77½ | 77 | 77 |
| Western Union | 89½ | 89½ | 89¼ | 89⅜ |

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 14.—The opening of the cotton market was steady with prices 1 point lower to 2 points higher. Prices hovered within a few points of last night's final figures pretty much all the forenoon. The English cables reflected a full response abroad to our firmness of yesterday, Liverpool having rallied 2 points.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 6⅝c; middling gulf, 6⅞c; sales, 970 bales. Cotton futures closed easy; September, $5.96; October, $6.00; November, $6.05; December, $6.10; January, $6.15; February, $6.18; March, $6.21; April, $6.24; May, $6.28; June, $6.21; July, $6.32.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 14.—Close, wheat steady, ⅛@⅜d higher. September, 5s 8⅜d; December, 5s 10⅝d; March, 6s ⅜d. Corn, quiet, ⅜@½d higher. September, 3s 5d; October, 3s 5⅜d; November, 3s 5½d; December, 3s 5½d; January, 3s 4d.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—The wheat market today did not show the broadness and activity which was in evidence yesterday and was sluggish with narrow fluctuations. Large receipts in the Northwest had probably the most to do with the weakness together with absence of outside support. Receipts at primary points, 1,341,000 bus against 1,110,000 bus last year. The movement for five days indicates the total at primary points for the week of over 8,000,000 bus. The September option was not relatively as strong as yesterday, at one time losing its premium over December, but closing at ½@⅝c premium for the September option. As expressed in our letter of yesterday, we consider the market for the present a scalping one, and think that clients can afford to wait before taking hold for a long pull, but we cannot change our views regarding the value of wheat around the present figures as being fell worth the money, and that lines taken up in the neighborhood of 70c should prove profitable.

The short interests in September corn have become anxious through the situation in the same option in wheat, and there was considerable covering in the market this morning. The small stocks which are less than 1,000,000 bus of contract, has opened the eyes of the short interests to the possibility of a squeeze before this option expires. Deferred options were about steady in sympathy with the strength in September. Cash demand is good, but is interfered with by the lake rate, which is 3⅜c today. Receipts, 750 cars, with 870 estimated tomorrow. We look for a good deal of sympathy between corn and wheat, with prices favorable to higher prices. Believe that continued foreign demand for corn will help it.

There has been a remarkably good cash demand and large business done in oats, which has reflected on values; receipts were 310 cars, with 385 estimated for tomorrow. Speculative trade is fair. This cash business must tell on the oat market, and we believe prices should reflect the same.

Provisions—Large continued demand, with hogs 5c higher, and 26,000 received, with only 18,000 estimated for tomorrow, have held provisions firm, although speculation has been sadly lacking. There were only 57,000 Westerns, against 78,000 last year. See nothing to change our views already expressed favorable to product, and believe market will be bought on all breaks.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Gains at Opening, Setback Following and Improvement Later.

New York, Sept. 14.—Gains were the rule at the opening, restricted to fractions, except in American Tobacco and Manhattan, Brooklyn Transit, on running sales of 2700 shares, sold at unchanged quotations to ⅜ below last night. Manhattan lost a point and Sugar dropped a large fraction. The tendency was downward after the opening. Offerings of the leading railways and specialties caused a general set back, with the losses ranging from 1 to 1½ in Sugar, Brooklyn Transit, Manhattan, Colorado Fuel, Tennessee Coal, Lackawanna, St. Paul and Leather preferred. The latter had opened a point higher. In the usually inactive division, there were some wide changes either way. International Paper preferred, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie and Pacific Coast second preferred rising 2½ each. Pacific Coast common and a number of stocks fluctuating a point or over up and down. Support was forthcoming before 11 o'clock and prices improved rapidly. American Tobacco rallied 2 points. Sugar, Colorado Fuel, Tennessee Coal and Brooklyn Transit 1@1½ and the general list a large fraction.

The high level proved tempting to the trader, and under short sales and realizing prices dropped again. Brooklyn Transit and some of the railways touched the lowest. An active demand for St. Paul in anticipation of favorable dividend action lifted it ½ per cent over yesterday's close steadying the market. A feature of the dealing was the prominence of usually neglected shares. Pullman sold up 2⅝, and Twin City Rapid Transit, 3¾. An easier tone developed before noon. Sales to noon, 254,814. Irregularities prevailed in the bond market and business was small.

When the St. Paul dividends were announced at the regular rate considerable stock came out, especially in the grangers. St. Paul dipped to 130⅝ and Rock Island to 115⅜. Large supporting orders were executed and Burlington was lifted to 133. The closing was unsettled and irregular at net losses of a point or over in many active stocks.

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changes Tuesdays and Fridays.

| | |
|---|---|
| BUTTER. | |
| Best creamery, per lb | 24 @ 26 |
| Cream, separators, fancy | 21 @ 22 |
| Dairies, fancy, special make | 18 @ 19 |
| Packing stock | 13 @ 13½ |
| Dairy, fair | 17 @ 18 |
| CHEESE. | |
| Twins, flats, full cream, new | 11 @ 12 |
| Full cream Young America | 1¼ |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 13 @ 13½ |
| Brick, No. 1 | 11 @ 11½ |
| Limberger, full cr'm, choice | 13 |
| Primost | 5½@ 6 |
| EGGS. | |
| Candled, strictly fresh | 14 @ 15 |
| HONEY. | |
| Fancy White Clover | 15 @ 16 |
| Fancy White Clover in jars strained, per lb | 12½@ 13 |
| Golden Rod | 11½@ 12 |
| Dark honey | 11 @ 11½ |
| Buckwheat, dark | 11 @ 11½ |
| MAPLE SUGAR. | |
| Vermont, per lb | 12 |
| Ohio, per lb | 10 |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 90 @ 1 00 |
| POPCORN. | |
| Choice, per lb | 2½@ 3 |
| PEAS AND BEANS. | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 1 50 @ 1 35 |
| Medium, hand picked, bus | 90 |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus | 1 25 @ 1 50 |
| Green and yellow peas | 1 10 @ 1 25 |
| Green peas, bus | 90 @ 1 00 |
| NUTS. | |
| Hickory nuts, per lb | 4 |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 8 @ 9 |
| Soft shell almonds, per lb | 17 |
| Soft shell walnuts, per lb | 12 @ 13 |
| Hard shell walnuts, per lb | 10 |
| Brazils, per lb | 8 @ 9 |
| Pecans, per lb | 8 @ 10 |
| Peanuts, roasted, per lb | 8 |
| Raw peanuts, per lb | 5½@ 6 |
| FRUITS. | |
| Apples, bbl | 3 00 @ 3 75 |
| Citrons, doz | 75 @ 85 |
| California plums | 1 35 @ 1 50 |
| Peaches | 90 @ 1 00 |
| California seedlings | 4 75 @ 5 00 |
| California navals | 5 00 @ 5 50 |
| Messina lemons, per box | 5 00 @ 5 50 |
| California lemons, per box | 4 00 @ 4 50 |
| Gem melons, basket | 45 @ 50 |
| Bananas | 1 25 @ 2 00 |
| Blueberries | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Watermelons | 14 @ 18 |
| Limes, per case | 2 00 @ 2 75 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 50 @ 60 |
| Figs, per lb | 15 @ 19 |
| Dates, per lb | 6 @ 6½ |
| Concord grapes | 18 @ 20 |
| Muskmelons, per bus | 85 @ 1 00 |
| Grapes | 18 @ 20 |
| Fancy Concord grapes | 20 @ 22 |
| Pears | 1 75 @ 2 25 |
| VEGETABLES. | |
| Celery | 25 @ 35 |
| Tomatoes, bus | 65 @ 75 |
| Yellow egg tomatoes, bus | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Hubbard squash | 1 00 @ 1 20 |
| Sweet potatoes, Jersey, bus | 1 50 @ 1 60 |
| New potatoes, per bus | 33 @ 35 |
| Green peas | 65 @ 75 |
| Wax beans, bus | 75 @ 90 |
| Cucumbers, bus | 60 @ 65 |
| Beets, per bus | 65 |
| Radishes | 10 @ 15 |
| Onions | 10 @ 15 |
| Carrots, per bus | 65 |
| Rutabagas, per bus | 60 |
| Green corn, per doz | 8 @ 10 |
| Egg plant, per doz | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Asparagus, per doz | 35 @ 40 |
| Oyster plant, per doz | 60 |
| Horse radish, per lb | 8 |
| Parsley, per doz | 35 @ 40 |
| Cauliflower, per bus | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Lettuce, per bus | 50 @ 60 |
| Red and green pepper | 1 00 @ 1 25 |
| Mint, per doz | 30 @ 50 |
| Cabbage, per crate | 1 50 @ 1 75 |
| Red cabbage, per doz | 50 @ 60 |
| Horse radish roots, per bbl | 7 00 @ 7 50 |
| New onions, sack | 1 25 @ 1 35 |
| CIDER. | |
| N. Y. sweet cider, per keg | 2 75 @ 3 00 |
| Fruit juices, per keg | 4 00 @ 4 50 |
| LIVE POULTRY. | |
| Spring chickens | 9 @ 10 |
| Hens, old | 9 @ 10 |
| Old roosters | 7 @ 8 |
| Turkeys, fancy | 10 @ 11 |
| Turkeys, common | 8 @ 9 |
| Ducks | 8 @ 9 |
| Geese | 8 @ 9 |
| MEATS. | |
| Mutton | 9 |
| Lamb | 9½ |
| Veal, good | 8 @ 8½ |
| Hogs | 6½ |
| Veal, fancy | 9 |
| BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS. | |
| Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 14 00 |
| Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 13 50 |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 14 00 |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 13 50 |
| Ground feed, No. 1 | 15 00 |
| Ground feed, No. 2 | 15 50 |
| Cracked corn | 14 00 |
| Coarse corn meal | 14 00 |
| Corn | 36 |
| Oats, car lots, sack | 27 |
| HAY, CAR LOTS. | |
| Choice Southern Minn | 8 00 |
| eMdium | 7 50 |
| Choice timothy | 10 00 @10 50 |
| Mixed timothy | 8 00 @ 9 00 |

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 14.—Butter, receipts, 2686 packages. Firm. Western creamery, 18@23c; June creamery, 18½@22c; factory, 13@16c. Cheese, receipts, 6941 packages. Easy. Large white, 11c; small white, 11½c; large colored, 11¼c; small colored, 11⅝c. Eggs, receipts, 6786 packages. Firm. Western ungraded at marking, 13@16½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Butter, firm; creamery, 16@22c; dairies, 13@18c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 14½@14¾. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 9@10c; chickens, 9½@10½c; ducks, 7½@8c.

## AID FROM THE STATE.

### Apportionment of Moneys For the Public Schools.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—The state auditor's office is busy preparing warrants for the payment of state moneys. The bulk has been for high school appropriations, graded schools and rural schools. The distribution by counties is as follows: St. Louis, $8000; Swift, $2649; Hennepin, $7870; Cottonwood, $1400; Renville, $1450; Watonwan, $800; Pine, $400; Jackson, $675; Ramsey, $11,000; Douglas, $450; Red Lake, $800; Murray, $700; Carlton, $350; Isanti, $1200; Polk, $2700; Lac Qui Parle, $500; Beltrami, $1100; Otter Tail, $1200; Norman, $450; Stevens, $800; Meeker, $2450; Freeborn, $1900; Stearns, $600; Faribault, $650; Sibley, $800; Lyon, $200; Clay, $500; Wabasha, $600; Kanabec, $500; Blue Earth, $800; Big Stone, $150; Pipestone, $1200; Nicollet, $1200; Kittson, $400; Wright, $500; Jackson, $400; Kandiyohi, $350.

RETURNING FROM CUBA.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The adjutant general received the following dispatch from Gen. Brooke today: Havana, Sept. 13.—Adjutant General, Washington: Depot battalion First and Eighth infantry leave on Buford tonight. The Second and Tenth infantry will return on McPherson, which left New York on Sept. 9. The Fifth infantry is ready to move as soon as transport arrives. Expected on Sept. 12. BROOKE, Commanding.

GILL FOR CONGRESS.

Martins Ferry, Ohio, Sept. 14.—Joseph Gill, of Steubenville, was nominated for congress by the Sixteenth congressional district Republican convention on the twenty-ninth ballot today.

FEVER AT KEY WEST.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 14.—Reports received by the state board of health here today from Key West show two new cases of yellow fever there and one death. T. J. Appleyard and son are considered out of danger.

### To Enjoy the Comforts of Home You Must First Get Home.

The "New Lake Superior Limited" of the Saint Paul & Duluth railroad is the only train that "gets you home," leaving Minneapolis at 2 p. m., St. Paul at 2:25 p. m., on and after Sept. 17. It arrives at Duluth at 7 p. m. every day in the year, Sundays included. Our morning and night trains are still running.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

THE BIGGEST SNAP EVER OFFERED in West Duluth. Seven full lots for $150. D. H. Stevenson & Co., Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, GOOD four and eight room house and lot at Highland. Easy terms to right party or will trade for property. George A. Wieland, room 5 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY LOCATED at 501 and 503 East Fourth street, (size of lot 50x140); improvements; a 2-story brick and stone store building, and a 2-story frame dwelling containing eight rooms. A safe and paying investment. Apply to Eckstein & Bennett, Real Estate, Insurance and Loans, 200 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, GOOD four and eight room house and lot at Highland. Easy terms to right party or will trade for property. George A. Wieland, room 5 Torrey building.

**Money to Loan--Short time loans made. Commercial paper and time checks bought. Mortgage loans 5 to 7 per cent. Bring in your Applications.**

**Chas. P. Craig & Co.**
Herald Building.

**FOR RENT.**
Upper easterly corner of Lake Avenue and First street, 50x140 feet, for rent, long or short term.
**SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,**
304 Lonsdale Building.

**Real Estate For Sale.**
Houses taken under foreclosure in all parts of the city. You can buy them cheap. For sale by
**GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,**
106 Providence Bldg, Duluth, Minn.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

**FOR RENT.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 206 Eighth avenue east— 6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 212 Eighth avenue east— 6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 803 East Second street— 6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 805 East Second street— 6-room house, water included | $10.00 |
| 409 East Superior street— (down stairs) no water | $8.00 |
| 22 East Second street— store and dwelling | $25.00 |

**A. R. MACFARLANE, Agent,**
Room 12, Exchange Bldg.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

ROOMS FOR RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT board. 619 West First street.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent, with use of bath. 234 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT—CHEAP, THREE SMALL rooms in basement with city water. 24 East Second street.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF ROOMS, suitable for two or three gentlemen. 224 Fifth avenue east.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 14 East Second street. Inquire after 6 p. m.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 320 West Third street.

TO RENT—FLATS.

MODERN FOUR ROOM FLAT FOR rent. Centrally located. N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES from $10 to $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS, UNFURNISHED $5 up; furnished $8 up. Four rooms each. 718 West Fifth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM BY young lady; central location. Address T 29, Herald office.

WANTED—OCT. 1, CENTRALLY LOkeeper for small family. One who understands music preferred. Address W E 17, Herald.

WANTED—OCT 1, CENTRALLY LOCATED, rooms and board for winter; private family preferred; three persons and year old child. Address with terms J D 49, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY WOULD like to rent a nicely furnished room. State price and location. Address T 24, Herald office.

WANTED—SMALL FLAT WITH CONVENIENCES. State rent and location. Nast, care of Herald.

LOST.

LOST—NO. 15 WATERMAN FOUNTAIN pen. Finder please return to Herald office and receive liberal reward.

LOST—BAY HORSE, WHITE STAR ON front forehead. William Schremm, Duluth Heights.

FOUND.

FOUND—A LADIES' FUR BOA. Inquire at this office, or room 403, Palladio.

DRESSMAKING.

FIRST CLASS WORK AT MODERATE prices. Fit guaranteed. Mrs. Fenler, 123 West Superior street, room 9, over Wieland's shoe store.

MADAME VALNEY, OF NEW YORK, in charge of Nineteenth Century Dress-Cutting school, will enroll a class for Sept. 18, 1899. To show merits of system, this introductory class will be taught for two-thirds regular price. Ladies interested in artistic dressmaking should not neglect to investigate and be convinced. No. 2 East Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

**Herald Want Ads. Do The Work.**

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—ONE DRIVING OR DELIVERY horse, in good, sound condition. Andrew Huber, 205 Sutphin street.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT IN EVELETH, Minn., doing good business. Owner leaving Eveleth the only reason for parting with it. Address or call on J. H. Fawkner, Eveleth, Minn.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE very cheap; owner leaving the city. Address V, care Herald.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. 421 Ninth avenue east.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—TWO GOOD steamers, suitable for passengers or towing, also one scow. May take in trade lots or lands. Owner wants to devote time to other business. L. H. Jones, 315 West Michigan street.

CALL FOR YOUNG, STRONG, CLEAN and healthy canary birds of fine breed at the employment office, 225 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE AND household goods. Owner leaving city. Cheap for cash. "Widower," Herald office.

**Lumbermen, Take Notice !**
From 300 to 500 head of heavy logging and draft horses, weighing from 1600 to 1800 pounds are always kept in stock, with fresh consignments received daily at Barrett & Zimmerman's horse market. Minnesota Transfer. St. Paul. Minn.

MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE — MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. Croix avenue. private hospital.

CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.

SHE CHALLENGES THE WORLD FOR sickness and business readings of any kind. 622 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

NATURE HAS GIFTED PROF. LA Varde with clairvoyancy and divine power unusually strong, and he has never made it subject to falsehood and deceit. He gives good and true advice on business, social and matrimonial affairs, or any other subject of importance. Predicted the Spanish-American war in 1896, and also the New Richmond cyclone, two months ago. Parlors, 204 West Second street. east.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

*Consignment of*
***Additionals***
*For quick sale. Until returned can make close figures.*
**H. W. COFFIN**
Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. Apply 1 Adams flats, Mrs. John A. Stephenson.

WANTED—GIRL IN FAMILY OF three. 101½ West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No. 10 Chester terrace.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST at housework and care for children. Apply at Herald office.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be a good cook; $20. 1116 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1520 East Third street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS WAIST MAKERS, at 129 East First street. Eugene Lambert.

WANTED—COOK AT THE CHILDREN's home, 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, TWO first-class housemaids at Craggencroft. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO do general housework. Apply at once. 1306 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2608 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 1426 Jefferson street.

WANTED — COOKS, WAITRESSES, laundry and kitchen girls for hotels and boarding houses, also second girls and cooks in first class private houses. Call at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Seibold.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY 325 East Second.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—PORTER WHO IS EXPERIENCED in crockery and tinware. French & Bassett.

WANTED—A MAN TO WHITEWASH cellar at 414 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—A MAN TO WORK ON dairy. Must be good milker. Apply 1015 East Tenth street.

WANTED.

200 STATION MEN FOR BALCH & PEPPARD, Michigan; 16 to 20 cents yard; free fare. Fifty men for Montana and Rocky mountains; free fare, 100 men for railroad and mine work, Mesaba range, $2 to $2.25 per day; teamsters, $35; free fare. Men for Southern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Iowa. 200 men for Wisconsin and Minnesota woods; highest wages. New orders daily. Apply to NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO. 431 W. Mich. St.

WANTED—100 STATION MEN FOR Balch & Peppard, near Houghton, Mich. Big prices, free fare, work all winter. Work let direct from head contractors. Apply to Alexander & Co., Employment office, 433 West Michigan street, Duluth.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Only eight weeks required. Half rate transportation furnished now. Positions guaranteed. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—ONE SAWMILL ENGINEER —must be of temperate habits, also one setter. Apply by mail to J. F. Smith, care Oshkosh Log and Lumber company, Choate, Mich.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN—We want one good agent, either man or woman, in every town in the United States to take orders for men's, women's and children's Waterproof Mackintoshes and Raincoats, also Ladies' Waterproof Skirts and Capes. Men and women make $10 to $50 a week in their own town taking orders for our waterproof garments. We furnish large samples, beautifully illustrated sample book and complete outfit, instruct you how to do the work and pay you once a week in cash. For full particulars, mail this notice to the Dundee Rubber Corporation, Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street. Duluth, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—PLACE TO WORK FOR board and go to school. Roy McGonigle, M 33, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPHER desires position. B 8, Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wants employment. References furnished. J 50, Herald.

TWELVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN lumber and logs, also bookkeeper. Authority on logs. Good scaler. Sober. Wants position. X66, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS JANITOR or fireman by reliable man. M 32, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED AS ASSISTANT bookkeeper, collector or timekeeper, by experienced man. Address X 25, Herald.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY WHO wishes to attend school, a place to work for her board. Call or address 17 East Superior street. Room 9.

A FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER FROM the East would like to make a few engagements in families. All work first-class. Address J 48, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING, AT 322 SECOND avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION AS JANITOR OR the charge of furnaces by a married man. Address 1321 West Michigan street.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME. 316½ East Ninth street.

A WOMAN WOULD LIKE WORK TO go out washing and scrubbing. Call or address 14 East First street.

EXPERIENCED LADY WISHES POSITION as cashier. Can furnish best of references. Address J 2, Herald.

YOUNG LADY, WELL EXPERIENCED in shorthand, would like to teach in the evenings. Will go to your home. Very reasonable. Address J 46, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS and all goods of value from $1 to $1000. The only reliable licensed pawnbrokers in the city. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC. THE ONLY REPUTABLE LICENSED PAWNBROKER IN CITY. THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE. 324 West Superior street.

CITY SCAVENGER.

GUST ANDERSON, CITY NIGHT scavenger. All orders promptly attended to. Office No. 14, First avenue east.

## ONE CENT A WORD.

### SECRET SOCITIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 18, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lyonel Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 25, 1899. Work, ———. Robert Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 13th, 1899. Alex. P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Oct. 3, 1899. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE No. 105, Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. I. W. Smith, W. M.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; W. C. Weld, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

I. O. F.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Commerce No. 3283, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock, in Kalamazoo block, second floor. H. W. Krause, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—DULUTH tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, second and fourth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Harrington, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in the Third rank, Sept. 5. W. M. Hillis, C. C.; G. H. Nichols, K. R. S.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

**Excursion to Fond du Lac**

Str. Josie Davidson will make daily trips—leaving Duluth, Fifth avenue, 10 a. m., Superior, Tower Bay slip, 10:30 a. m. Fare, 50c round trip. Special rates given to parties and societies. Address John H. Hanson, 470 West Fifth street, Superior; or Buffalo Oil company, West Superior. 'Phone 4022.

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS
**STEAMER Dubuque**
Will Leave St Paul for St. Louis and Intermediate landings, Monday, Sept 18th, at 10 a. m.
For full information regarding passenger and freight rates address C. R. BROCKWAY, General Agent, office foot of Sibley street, opposite Union depot St Paul. Telephone call, Main 93.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**
EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND
Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2:10 p. m. for Sault Ste. Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 6:30 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, Sept. 19. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

**St. Paul & Duluth R. R.**

| Leave Duluth | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **9 00 am<br>*1 55 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL<br>MINNEAPOLIS | *6 30 am<br>*1 35 pm<br>**7 45 pm |

Sleepers for 11:15 p.m. train ready at 9 p. m. Passengers may remain in sleeper at Minneapolis until 8 a. m.
Train for Fond du Lac and New Duluth **9:00 a.m.
FROM UNION DEPOT, CITY TICKET OFFICE, 33 West Superior street, corner Providence building. Tickets sold to all points. Telephone 218.

**THE GREAT NORTHERN**
EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
City Ticket Office—432 West Superior Street.

| Leave. | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 10 p.m<br>*11 15 p.m | ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS. | †2 10 p.m<br>†7 00 a.m |
| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday. | | |
| 8 15 a.m<br>†3 00 p.m | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points. Swan River, Hibbing and Int. Points | *6 45 p.m<br>†12 m |

Sleeper for 11:15 p.m. train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Northern Passenger Agent.

**Duluth, Missabe & Northern Ry. Co.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor .....Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar..Iron Junction..Lv | 1:18 p.m |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar...... Wolf ......Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar.... Virginia ....Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar.... Eveleth ....Lv | 1:02 p.m |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... Sparta .....Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar.... Biwabik ....Lv | 12:17 p.m |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar.... Mt. Iron ....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar.... Hibbing ....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. P. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

**North-Western Line.**

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8 35 a m<br>*4 45 p m | St. Paul, Mpls. Twilight Limited. | **3 05 pm<br>*9 45 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Fast Mail. | *10 45 am |

Wagner Sleepers. Free Chair Cars.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.**
Telephone 44.
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave. | *Except Saturday. †Except Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *7 00 pm | BOSTON LIMITED Copper Country | †8 30 am |
| †8 40 am | Daylight Express | †7 55 pm |

**Duluth & Iron Range R. R.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 7:35 a.m |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar....... Ely .......Lv | 7:30 a.m. |

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
DAILY SERVICE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv.. W. Superior ..Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv..... Ashland .....Ar | 7:45 a.m |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar.... Milwaukee ...Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar..... Chicago .....Lv | 6:25 p.m. |

Pullman palace sleepers and finest dining car service. Meals a la carte.
W. M. STEPHENSON. General Agent Duluth.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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THE EVENING HERALD.

**An Independent Newspaper.**

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WEEKLY HERALD.

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**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

**OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.**

HERALD'S CIRCULATION
HIGH-WATER MARK,

**17,148.**

### THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Sept. 14.—The Montana low pressure area has moved southward to Western South Dakota. Western Nebraska and Eastern Colorado; pressures are high over Alberta and the lake region. Cool weather continues in the lake region, but it is somewhat warmer in the Red River valley and cooler again in Montana and Alberta. Light frost occurred this morning at Detroit and Duluth. Light rains have fallen over Northwest Canada, Western Minnesota and portions of Montana. The winds in the lake region this morning are rather variable but generally fresh as regards force.

Minimum temperatures last night:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Battleford | 44 | Milwaukee | 56 |
| Bismarck | 52 | Minnedosa | 41 |
| Calgary | 34 | Memphis | 58 |
| Chicago | 52 | Moorhead | 52 |
| Davenport | 46 | North Platte | 54 |
| Denver | 62 | Omaha | 58 |
| Detroit | 46 | Port Arthur | 44 |
| Dodge City | 50 | Qu' Appelle | 42 |
| Duluth | 44 | Rapid City | 56 |
| Edmonton | 34 | St. Louis | 54 |
| Havre | 44 | St. Paul | 48 |
| Helena | 48 | Sault Ste. Marie | 34 |
| Huron | 50 | Swift Current | 48 |
| Kansas City | 56 | Williston | 38 |
| La Crosse | 42 | Winnipeg | 30 |
| Marquette | 40 | Miles City | 52 |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers tonight and Friday; warmer tonight; fresh to brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday, with possibly showers in west portion; slowly rising temperature; easterly winds. Minnesota—Probably showers tonight and Friday; slightly warmer in east portion tonight; easterly winds.

### NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

Hereafter The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for the three publications, this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

### *AN ABSURD CONTENTION.*

Senator Morgan of Alabama, who is an earnest believer in the policy of territorial expansion, has been trying to bring over the people of the South to his way of thinking by claiming that the annexation of the Philippines by this country would furnish a basis for trade in China and the Orient generally that would greatly benefit the cotton manufacturers in the South. He contends that China is an exhaustible market for cotton goods, and then asserts that with the Philippines in our possession we could control that market. Just how the possession of the Philippines will give us this trade is not explained by the Alabama senator, and it would be just as reasonable to assert that we could not increase our export trade to Germany unless we purchased the island of Heligoland and held it as a "basis of trade."

It is more likely that the increased use of cotton goods in China will result in more benefit to the manufacturers of cotton mill machinery than to the makers of cotton goods. There is an industrial awakening in China and Japan that aims to establish manufactures there with the employment of domestic labor, in order to lessen the dependence of those nations on the manufactures of the United States and other countries. In the September Forum there is an article on cotton spinning at Shanghai, which illustrates the movement in that direction. It shows that the tendency is not to build mills in the South United States or in the North United States or in Great Britain, to supply cotton goods to China, so much as it is to build mills in China to supply that particular demand. There are now five large cotton mills at Shanghai, all more or less under foreign supervision. The most active and best managed one of the lot is said to be the Soy Che mill, which cost $700,000, and is as finely equipped as any mill of the kind in the world. The description proceeds: "The Soy Che runs two shifts, night and day, 22½ hours in all, and employs 2200 Chinese—men, women and children. The day shift consists of carders, 295; spinners, 495; reelers, 210; engine room, 65, and waste pickers, 100. The wages are paid biweekly, and range from 5 to 17 cents a day, according to ability. Most of these workers are rude, country people, who were brought into the mill some two years ago, without manual training and without any knowledge as to what would be required of them. It speaks well for them, however, that the productive capacity of this mill has increased 25 per cent in one year. The gain has been due mainly to the fact that the more intelligent operatives have changed from day to piece work. The pickers are mostly women, who are paid by the pound, and earn about 5 cents a day." The Chinese will work from 12 to 14 hours a day, and children are hired out at as early an age as the employer will take them. There are no laws concerning hours of labor or Sunday observance, or the employment of children, and the supply of this 5 to 17-cent labor is described as practically inexhaustible. As the Springfield Republican says, this does not hold out to the Southern cotton mills such vast possibilities of profit as Senator Morgan is picturing. If the lower wage rate of the South tends to draw cotton manufacturing capital from the North, so, it would seem, must the far lower wage rate in China tend to draw the industry away from the South to the Orient, so far as the Oriental market, at least, is concerned. And side by side with the growing manufacturing industry in China, the cultivation of cotton there also seems to be extending. The amount of this production cannot be estimated, the Forum writer points out, but "that it is very great is clear from the fact that, in addition to that sold to the foreign mills at Shanghai, Japan takes from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 worth annually; and the consumption of all the Chinese and Japanese mills combined is inconsiderable when compared with the quantity consumed, on the domestic looms, in the millions of homes in inland China." Chinese labor is, of course, inefficient in these industries to which it has had no training, as compared with American or English labor, and as it grows in efficiency its wages will rise. But it is inevitable that in the supply of the Chinese market with cotton goods, capital there invested in mills will have a great advantage over capital invested anywhere else in the world.

And how will our possession of the Philippines help the Southern cotton mills to compete with the Chinese mills for the trade of China in cotton mills? Senator Morgan has assumed a very absurd position.

### *THE SOUTH AFRICAN DISPUTE.*

There is one feature of the dispute between England and the Transvaal republic that is not generally understood in this country, and yet it is most important when considering the justice of the claims made by the two parties to the controversy which may end in war.

The point is this: England demands that the South African republic grant to uitlanders (foreigners) naturalization and the right to vote, without their forswearing allegiance to their present governments. Of course, soon after being naturalized, they would vote to become part of the British empire, and as they already outnumber the Boers three to one, the republic would speedily become a British colony. Even now the British authorities are claiming suzerainty over the republic, and this is why President Kruger declares that he cannot make any more concessions without abandoning the independence of the republic.

England has no right to interfere with the autonomy of the Boer republic. The suzerainty claimed by England relates at the utmost only to dealings between that republic and foreign powers. The only words relating to suzerainty in the treaty of 1884 between England and the Boers are found in article 4, which says: "The South African republic will conclude no treaty or engagement with any state or nation other than the Orange Free State nor with any native tribe to the eastward or westward of the republic until the same has been approved by her majesty the queen." The word suzerainty does not occur in it, but was abrogated with the treaty of 1881.

Americans cannot give England even moral support in her attempt to gain possession of the Transvaal republic. These South African republicans are of the same blood with the New York and New Jersey Americans of Holland and of Dutch-Huguenot descent, who fought England in the American revolution, and again in 1812, when England still claimed a suzerainty right to search American vessels.

### *ESSENTIAL TO SUCCESS.*

The failure of Judge Hilton to continue successfully the business of A. T. Stewart because he did not advertise, believing that the great reputation Stewart had established would be successful, naturally forms a text for articles in many newspapers. The Herald recently quoted the Chicago Times-Herald review of the story of the rise and fall of the great dry goods house built up by Mr. Stewart. And now it offers a few sensible remarks on the same subject by the Des Moines News:

"Advertising is an absolute necessity to success nowadays, but it must be judicious advertising. Newspapers with small circulation are dear at almost any price, while newspapers that really go to the people are cheap at any reasonable price. Fake advertising like that of hand-bills, programs, schemes, etc., is money absolutely thrown away. The merchant who hopes to succeed in the placing of his advertising and in the securing of results should make a close study of this branch of modern business."

It is worthy of note that the building once occupied by Stewart, where he built up an immense business by judicious advertising, and where Hilton scored a colossal failure by refusing to advertise, is now used by Wanamaker, the greatest advertising merchant of the United States, who is making large profits out of the store. Advertising is essential to success in business.

Mrs. Denby, the wife of the Hon. Charles Denby, the Philippine commissioner, asks kindly disposed people to send games, picture books, magazines, cards and other articles to afford diversion for soldiers in the hospitals. It seems they have the best of food and care, but they lack what the government cannot supply—means of amusement. "We want," says Mrs. Denby, "all sorts of games—checkers, chess, dominoes, parcheesi, pigs in clover, jackstraws, cards of all sorts. We need puzzles, old illustrated papers and magazines. Nothing, either in pictures or reading, of a sad or morbid tendency should be sent."

Admiral Dewey is said to cheerfully submit to the amateur photographers.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

One of them was the daughter of Governor Stone of Pennsylvania, who tried to catch him secretly at Leghorn; the admiral detected her camera and posed for her, observing: "You understand that I know all about this. This has happened possibly 10,000 times during the last eighteen months." So Miss Stone got a very good picture of the admiral on the deck of the Olympia.

The police department of New York city would like $11,000,000 in order to keep going on its present basis. This gives us a hint of what it costs to run the greatest city in the United States. The total of appropriations asked for by the various city departments for the next year will rise above $100,000,000. In the light of these figures we can understand the magnitude of the prize for which Tammany sinks all other consideration.

One of the two young men who are to have the advantage of the offer of the Cuban Educational association to furnish free instruction to two Cubans who were prepared to enter the freshman class in college, is Francisco Vincente Aguilera, a grandson of the patriot of the same name, who gave a large fortune and his life for freedom during the 10-years' war. Francisco comes from the province of Santiago.

Gen. Otis' weekly death report adds eighteen more names to the list of soldiers in the Philippines who have perished from disease or accident—bringing the total of deaths from all causes up to 930. The report confirms previous ones in conveying the conclusion that the present death rate from disease is fully three times as high as it was during the dry season.

The talk of boycotting the Paris exposition has evidently scared the Parisians and may cause the French government to right the great wrong done at Rennes. But, of course, the talk of boycotting the exposition is merely talk.

When it is learned that a Chicago man offered Dreyfus $200,000 to lecture in this country, in case he was acquitted, there will be many people whose indignation over the verdict will be considerably cooled.

The army canteen is still being roasted in ministerial conventions, and the Prohibition conventions are joining in the attack. But the canteen will probably stay, unless the next congress knocks it out.

The judges in the Dreyfus case attested the injustice of their verdict by referring to "extenuating circumstances" and making a recommendation to mercy. How can treason possess extenuating features?

Andrew Carnegie has given to libraries all over the United States, since Jan. 1, fully $2,450,000, says the Library Journal, and this without counting the inconsiderable doles of $50,000 here and there.

If, asks the Detroit News, the Republican party does not enact the legislation demanded by the American Bankers' association, what will the bankers do? Support Mr. Bryan?

A large increase in the imports of tea at Kansas City last month is ascribed to the formation of a second golf club. No one can play golf successfully who does not drink tea.

A Chicago restauranteur gave some of his guests a purple moment the other day, owing to a mistake on the menu which made "noodle soup" read "poodle soup."

Judging from a recent remark, Governor Roosevelt is confident that no Republican officeholder would rob the people of New York except for their own good.

The Anoka Union says: "Mighty seldom do the best men get office—not in Minnesota," quite true. There is Granville S. Pease, of Anoka, for instance.

Oom Paul will probably quote another psalm in reply to Mr. Chamberlain's latest note.

### *Wanted—A Name For It.*

Now here's a little problem that doth vex the soul of man,
About as hard a problem as we've had since we began;
'Twill tax the word-mint mightily to fashion out a word
To name the automobile that is not a bit absurd.

'Tis not alone a horseless cab, as anyone can see—
'Tis quite as dog and catless as a wagon well can be;
It has no horse—that's true, of course, but what man never knew,
It's equally devoid of mules, and has no kangaroo.

'Tis horseless, muleless, zebraless, rhinocerosless too,
'Tis leopardless, camelless, and so all through the zoo.
Nor is it fair to name it for the poor old stagecoach back
Who's lost his job because of it, and cannot get it back.

It doesn't go all by itself, hence "auto" isn't right;
It has a motive power, even if it's out of sight;
It's sometimes electricity, and sometimes it's benzine,
And one or two that we have known smelt much of kerosene.

Electrocart? Benzine cart? which one of these will do?
Or is "The Kerosenecart" euphonious to you?
Or are you just content to stand, when one of them you call,
And whistle to the driver and not name the thing at all?

—Harper's Bazar.

### *Pointed Paragraphs.*

Chicago News: No true man ever has any use for a hypocrite.

The stomach pump is certainly an exhaustive article.

"Man proposes——" but he usually needs a lot of encouragement.

Charity begins at home; men are always giving their wives excuses.

A man with more money than brains very often succeeds in getting married.

If Solomon were alive today lots of men wouldn't consider him so very wise.

Taking a vacation and enjoying a rest are two widely different propositions.

Lots of valuable time is wasted in arguing matters that are of no importance.

A practicing physician is one who practices on people who can't help themselves.

Women who decline to marry until their ideal men propose are apt to remain spinsters.

There will always be plenty of room at the top just as long as people can avoid living in attics.

Two-thirds of the people who complain that the world doesn't understand them ought to be thankful it doesn't.

The owl's reputation for wisdom is probably founded upon the fact that he never expresses his thoughts in words.

It's all well enough for a man to greet his wife with a smile, but there are times when it is better to wait until the odor of the "smile" has somewhat abated.

### BRIGHT AND BREEZY.

Chicago News: Pearl—Is that true that her brother fell at San Juan hill?

Ruby—Yes; while touring the island this summer he attempted to mount the hill on his bicycle.

Detroit Journal: "A finished actor, I presume."

"Quite. He has supported some of the best pugilists of his time."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Wingfield says that new trotter of his is the most intelligent horse he ever owned."

"Yes; the horse can do everything but trot."

Judge: Cholly—There goes that dashing widow Brown, whose husband left her so much real estate.

Jack—Real estate! How much did he leave?

Cholly—He left the earth.

New York World: Mrs. Souriy—Mrs. Vanderpeel and her sister have made up.

Mrs. Sweetly—I never saw them any other way.

Chicago Tribune: "It isn't always a sign of wisdom when a man keeps his mouth shut," observed the cross-roads oracle. "His upper teeth may have a habit of dropping down when he talks."

Boston Transcript: Tom—Let's see. I believe you owe me a tenner. You remember when you borrowed it you said you had just written to your father for money?

Jill—Yes; that was the reason why I borrowed it. I knew he wouldn't send any; I haven't heard from him yet. When I do I'll let you know.

Washington Star: "Isn't it very expensive to live here?" asked the stranger in a large city.

"Not at all," answered the loyal resident. "Run everything costs a great deal."

"There's the precise advantage. Think of how much more you save every time you economize."

Chicago Record: "Let woman propose," mused the janitor philosopher, "let woman propose, an' then, faith, if they git dissatisfied with ther choice they hov no one to blame but thimselves."

Detroit Journal: "I am wedded to my art!" exclaimed Painter.

The Ordinary Mortal thought he understood, although of course he did not.

"I am wedded to a chrome, myself!" he said, compassionately.

As for the Painter, he would have been furiously angry, only it was not worth while.

### *Globe Sights.*

Atchison Globe: To every friend a woman does not invite to her party, she relates that the party is given to discharge a lot of bad debts.

What a lot of money people spend on things to hang up in their parlors upon which they spend a third of their time thereafter dusting off!

The improvident and shiftless who put all their money into present joys have all the argument on their side when a bank goes up in smoke.

An Atchison woman has been up every night for a week with a sick child. Still, she is envied by a neighbor whose children are grown up, and stay out late at night.

There is nothing in the world quite so discouraging as to make elaborate preparations for entertaining a guest, and then find out she has brought all her old clothes.

Every once in a while some one who was regarded as almost penniless, loses a thousand dollars by a bank failure or a sneak thief, and the people get mad because their sympathy was misplaced.

A loveless marriage isn't a circumstance to one that will occur in Atchison shortly, the bride has borrowed an elder sister's lingerie for three months, when she will go back to her own old clothes.

### *A Bachelor's Reflections.*

New York Press: A man marries for love; a woman loves for marriage.

The more brains a woman has the less she likes to be called "brainy."

Love is like huckleberry pie; the more you like it, the less you care how much of it you get all over your face.

No woman can listen two minutes to a drunken man's hard-luck story without seeing traces of his better nature.

If the women really believed that the men were as wicked as they pretend to be they wouldn't hesitate so long about marrying them.

### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The industrial commission in Washington had a long business session yesterday. Among other things the commission accepted the resignation of P. H. Donnelly as distributing officer of the commission, Mr. Donnelly desiring to return to private business life.

Private letters received at the papal delegation in Washington speak of the excellent health the pope has been enjoying of late, his vigorous appearance and the interest he takes in current affairs. These advices from the best posted sources within the vatican are regarded as offsetting the frequently repeated reports of the pope's decline.

The steamer Charles Nelson arrived at Seattle yesterday from St. Michael, Alaska, with about $250,000 in gold and 250 passengers from Dawson and Cape Nome.

The comptroller of the treasury has held in effect that the finder of mutilated paper currency is entitled to have it redeemed by the government.

The war department has information concerning the escape from Aguinaldo of Dr. Gonzalz and Senor Bonifacio Arcavolo. These men were in the insurgent camp for some time and being very wealthy they were assessed quite heavily to assist the cause. Gonzaiz was offered the position of minister of foreign affairs by Aguinaldo, but declined.

The National Associations of Hospital Superintendents was formed in Cleveland yesterday. J. S. Knowles, of Cleveland, was elected chairman. The object of the association is to perfect the conduct of hospitals and all schools of medicine in all parts of the country.

Word has been received of the death of Judge Malathion Wade Oliver, of Cleveland, while summering at Twin Lakes, Wis., with his family. He served two terms as judge of the Ohio state court and was a member of the legislature and connected with numerous local enterprises. During the last presidential campaign, his book, favoring free silver was circulated as a campaign document.

The board of trade of Jacksonville, Fla., yesterday passed resolutions of sympathy for Capt. Dreyfus, condemned France "for her travesty of justice," endorsed the movement for a boycott and advocated the withdrawal of this nation's support of the Paris exposition.

Mrs. Jane Barber and her two sons, Wiley and Levi, were murdered by unknown robbers in a cross roads store in Hastoke county, six miles from Pleasanton and twenty-five miles south of San Antonio, Tex. They were killed with a hatchet, their heads having been smashed to a pulp. A sack containing $100 in silver was secured by the robbers.

Harry F. Bailey, formerly cashier of the Colebrook, N. H., National bank, and treasurer of the Colebrook Savings bank, both of which suspended last winter, owing to discrepancies in the accounts, is under arrest, charged with embezzlement of funds from the savings institution.

The national council of Red Men at its session in Chicago yesterday decided to make provision for the maintenance of the indigent orphans of members of the order by levying a percapita tax of 5 cents a year on each member of the order. The orphans to be cared for under this provision are to be kept in their respective states.

Judge William C. Talcott, of Valparaiso, Ind., was married there yesterday to Mrs. Alice S. Boardman, of Richland, Vt. Judge Talcott is 89 years of age, and the bride is 74. Judge Hogan, who officiated, is 74. Judge Talcott lost his first wife last spring after 62 years of married life.

At the Nebraska Grand Army reunion in Lincoln yesterday, Chaplain P. C. Johnson offered a resolution, which was unanimously adopted, protesting against the Dreyfus verdict.

William White, 50 years of age, shot and fatally wounded Mrs. Alice Bremser in St. Louis yesterday, and then tried unsuccessfully to end his own life. White was formerly a bank cashier in Santa Anna, Tex. He has been wealthy and his wife, who lives with their two children in Fort Worth, Tex., is said to own considerable property. Jealousy was the cause of the tragedy.

Mrs. Beatrice Markalana and her daughter Angelina, aged 16, were burned to death, and Joseph Markalana, the husband and father, was seriously injured in Cleveland yesterday as the result of an attempt of the girl to start a fire with coal oil.

Charles Gideon, son of a prominent St. Louis lawyer, was shot and instantly killed in a Chestnut street saloon in that city last evening by "Duke" Killen, a man with an unsavory record. The killing resulted through a quarrel over a dice game.

Mrs. Mary Hammer was murderously attacked by her husband Joseph in Des Moines, Iowa, last night about midnight, and will probably not recover. The man is missing and there are reasons to believe he has committed suicide. Jealousy was the cause.

## IN MICHIGAN.

### A New Daily at Houghton---Copper Range Road Pushing Work.

Houghton—The first number of the Daily Mining Gazette appeared this morning. It is a 6-column, 8-page morning paper, six days a week. Clay C. Cooper, formerly of the Detroit Journal, is general manager.

James A. Trohms, agent for Fraser & Chalmers, the Chicago mining machinery builders, has closed a contract with the Copper Range company to furnish it two hoists for the mine now in progress of development on its lands, delivery to be within four months from date. Each of the hoists will have 14 by 18-inch engines and will handle two skips, hoisting a load of 15,000 pounds from a depth of 1500 feet. The drums will be seven feet in diameter.

A string of flat cars for the new Copper Range road reached here Monday night, and the new line will soon be in shape to push track-laying on this end vigorously.

Negaunee—The little delay in shipping caused the mines here by the blockade of St. Mary's river is a thing of the past and shipments are proceeding at the usual speed. Some ore is being sent to Escanaba to fill out cargoes, but in a few days the carrying will all be over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic and Lake Superior & Ishpeming roads to Marquette. As a result of the blockade a certain quantity of ore will have to be carried at very high freights after the contract season is over this fall. The extra expense will mean quite a loss for the companies.

Calumet—Some specimens of copper rock taken from one of the new shafts of the Calumet and Hecla on the Osceola lode have been seen about the city lately, and they are pronounced exceptionally rich. Some of the pieces are solid copper measuring over an inch in thickness and having both surfaces perfectly flat and smooth. The miners state that this formation is one of the most peculiar they have ever seen. They state that a sheet of sheet runs some distance through the ground and that it appears to continue as they go down, one sheet below another, with a thickness of solid rock between. The formation is almost the pure copper and goes right to the smelter from the mine.

A rumor has been going the rounds lately to the effect that it is among the future plans of the Calumet and Hecla to erect an entirely new plant for stamping the copper that comes from the Osceola lode shaft on their property at the head of Torch lake, some distance from where their present stamp mills are located.

Marquette—Preparations are making for resumption at the Riversides, Magnetic and Kloma mines near Republic. The last two have been idle for nearly twenty-five years.

### HERE'S A SNAKE STORY.

#### Whirlwind Go Between a Black Snake and Rattler.

It was in Australia, and in the fall of the year. My friend and I were returning from a tour which had carried us far into the bush, as the forests of gum trees and scrub are there called. We were walking through a clearing, when the unmistakable rattle of a snake arrested us, and in a few minutes we saw the beginning of a fierce encounter between two deadly enemies—a blacksnake and a rattler. These two branches of the snake family are hereditary and implacable foes, though what was the origin of the feud Darwin saith not. Between them there can be neither fellowship, amity, compromise, nor even armed neutrality. War to the death is their unalterable law from generation to generation. The blacksnake is much smaller than the rattler, but he is a terribly formidable foe, and, as science is superior to mere size or strength, he generally comes out of the fray victorious. He seems to "scent the battle or rather the rattler) from afar," and gives himself no rest until he gains a point of vantage from which he can make a sudden swoop upon the noisy foe. On this occasion we did not see the blacksnake until he had pounced upon the rattler's throat, nor could we afterward make out how he had got so near without being seen. That power of silent, stealthy rapid movement gives the black fellow an immense advantage over the rattling enemy. It is that, indeed, on which his hope of victory mainly depends. Let the blacky by a sudden leap grasp the throat of the unwary rattle, and the chances are he will never let go again "until death do them part;" but if that first chance be lost, and the two meet in fair fight, after fair warning, the fangs of the rattler are pretty sure to gain him the victory.

In this instance no such misfortune was the blacky's. He made his spring and got his grip of the throat, and there he held on "like grim death." With a fury that was sometimes awful the rattle writhed and shook, and rolled and writhed. He leaped into the air, twisted and tossed himself about, banged his assailant down on the ground, rolled on him and over him, but all in vain. Blacky simply stuck. Nothing could move him, nothing tempt him or compel him to relax his hold for a single moment. To have done so would have been almost certain death to himself; but through all the rearings, leapings, tossings, writhings and hissings of his victim, on he held with a relentless tenacity that was equal to his love of his own life and his hate of his foe's.

Thus for more than an hour and a half the life and death game was kept up without a minute's intermission, and without any sign of weakening on either side. Then we perceived that the rattle's strength seemed to be giving away, and all of a sudden he coiled himself up and lay still, as if to die. Whether it was from sheer exhaustion or only a ruse to deceive his enemy, a faint or a feint, we were not sure. We thought it was the former, but blacky evidently thought otherwise. He understood his enemy better than we did, and did not mean to be tricked. Down he lay by the side of the prostrate victim, but with his teeth firmly set in the now torn and crumpled throat.

After a short interval, the one-sided truce having come to an end, or the ruse having failed, the rattle rose again and resumed the unequal struggle with the energy of "desperation—a supreme struggle for life. Again he reared and rolled and coiled, and darted up and down, forward and backward, carrying his enemy with him in all his contortions, trying by every conceivable twist to get his fangs into the merciless foe; but all in vain. Then we began to see in the poor victim renewed signs of failing strength; but, notwithstanding increasing weakness, he struggled for a time continuously, then intermittently, until, more than two hours and a half after the first attack, the poor rattle gave up the contest and law down to die. This time it was no ruse. The poor fellow was done for, and within ten or fifteen minutes after the mute surrender he yielded up the ghost. But even then blacky still stuck, and it was not until the corpse began to stiffen that he for the first time withdrew the nails which had been driven nearly three hours before into the sure place—the throat of the unhappy rattle.

Then, the tragedy being ended, the comedy began, and a comedy indeed it was, at any rate to the two spectators. On the part of the victor there was no sign of triumph, no dancing around the prostrate enemy; but with all possible staidness and straightforwardness the hero prepared for the celebration of his victory. He began by stretching and straightening out the lifeless body, smoothing out every crease and every wrinkle on its scaly surface, with what intent we could not even guess. He seemed to have assumed the role of undertaker, and to be preparing the corpse for decent burial, magnanimous toward a brave though defeated foe. Not a twist or wrinkle was left upon the carcass from tip to toe, from nose to outstretched tail. Then to ourgreat bewilderment, we saw that he was licking the body from end to end, making straight parallel lines of saliva along its entire length, which, with the rays of the setting sun falling on it, exhibited all its varied hues, and made us long for its possession, that we might carry it away with us. But the darky had something better to do than indulge a benevolent sentiment for our gratification. For ten minutes or more he continued his preparations, until he made four or five streaks of saliva, which shone like satin ribbons, laid horizontally on the dead body from end to end.

The blacky rose and shook himself, and, having done so, took up his position at the head of his victim and calmly gazed upon him, with the first gleam of satisfaction in his bright little eye. We were still full of wonder and conjecture as to his purpose interment of some kind being the only thing we yet thought of. But then we saw him calmly open his mouth to its utmost capacity and take into it the entire head of the defunct rattler; then he gulped and swallowed; then rested; then another gulp and another swallow; and so on until he had sucked into him the whole body, a foot longer than himself; and then, with the tip of the tail still dangling from his mouth, he dragged himself into the scrub, and thence probably into a gully there to spend a month or more digesting the ponderous meal, and "fighting the battle o'er again" in blissful dreams.

—

ON THE LINKS.

Omaha World-Herald: An optimist is a man who can really see fun in playing golf.

Kansas City Star: One of the best ways to strike the bull's eye is to wear a red golf coat.

Indianapolis Journal: "The idea of you taking up golf!" "It is the only excuse I could find for drinking Scotch whisky."

Detroit Free Press: "Any special style of cuff buttons for golf?" "Links, of course."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "They say a man can't play good golf unless he swears." "What a crack player Capt. Bob Evans ought to make.

Philadelphia Press: "Marie says she loves golf, although she dresses as if she were going to play the game, I never see her playing it." "No; her affection for the game is purely platonic."

Yonkers Statesman: "I see a lot o' fellers playin' golf down in your pasture, neighbor?" "Yes; I've sold the pasture field, and where we used to see the old brindle cows now we see a lot of plaid calves."

To links of golf
One sees each day
Men go to scoff,
Remain to pray.

—New York Herald.

Collinsville Herald: As though golfers didn't talk enough praise of the game, an enthusiast has written a book praising it. Nobody is compelled, however, to buy the book, while persons are compelled to listen to the talk.

New York Tribune: An English paper tells a story of a clergyman whose love of golf once got him into trouble. There were some links near his place, and one Sunday he walked around after school. There he found two or three men he knew who were disputing about some point, and eagerly referred it to him. Without thinking, he picked up a club and showed how, in his opinion, the stroke should be played. From behind some adjacent bushes there came a voice: "I say, Sal, you look here. Here's our Sussan a-preaching to us to keep himself holy Sunday and a-playing his bloomin' hockey in the afternoon." The parson did the best thing he could. He made a few drives and then left, but since then he has gone home another way.

TUB RACE AT NEWPORT.

For days past sundry smart runabouts and rockaways have been seen winding over the Shinnecock hills, each containing one or more pretty girls and one or more big wash tubs.

The uninitiated were sadly intrigued. Were the best families of Southampton obliged to take in washing or was there a water famine to account for the tubs? As a matter of fact, each girl thought she would get ahead of the others by taking a little preliminary practice. But it didn't do any good, for when the tub race came off, and after several mishaps and false starts the flag fell at last, it was noticed that Miss Tolfree's head was under water while her admirable ankles stuck straight up to heaven. The Misses Lee and Hoyt went off at first like veteran tubbists, but gaining the lead, some horrible magnet seemed to draw them together, when with a sharp collision and two piercing shrieks they went over backward and came up sputtering and quite hors de combat.

Just as exciting and quite as difficult was the obstacle race, the obstacles consisting of several rowboats and sailboats anchored in the course, into which the girls had to climb and dive, jump or roll off on the other side. The bathing costumes were naturally made as small as the strictly moral censorship of Southampton would permit, and at no time during the morning was there a lack of considerable anatomical display. Although the swimming matches were kept a deep, dark secret and attendance was supposed to be by invitation only, unfortunately the secret leaked out and as Mr. Claflin does not own the waters and shores of Peconic bay, there were a crowd of villagers as well as invited guests that lined the beach, besides a lot of inquisitive young men who donned bathing clothes and followed the swimmers about, some especially appointed as life preservers, others simply on observation bent.

After the girls had all got pumped out and rubbed down Mrs. Claflin gave a very pretty luncheon under the trees on the banks of the bay.

Health for 10 cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

**LYCEUM THEATER**

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

He Will be Here From Yankton, Nord Dakota
*Saturday Night, Sept. 16.*

**"YON YONSON"**

Landslide of Laughter.

MR. ARTHUR DONALDSON and a brilliant company. Illustrated with a carload of scenery.

SEE the Lumber Camp in Mid Winter, the Funny Irish Widow, the Thrilling Log Jam, the Lumbermen's Quartet.

*Prices 25c, 50c, 75c.*

**LYCEUM THEATER.**

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

*MONDAY, SEPT. 18.*

HOYT'S Great Success and Masterpiece,

**A BLACK SHEEP!**

Presented by the strongest cast ever organized, headed by MR. WILLIAM DEVERE. Produced with all the elaborate stage accessories precisely the same as given at Hoyt's Theatre, New York.

Prices—Dress Circle, 75; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle, 50c.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES!

Lot Opposite Post Office. Under canvas.

**McPHEE'S BIG COMPANY**

ONE WEEK.

COMMENCING SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9.

Admission, 10 cents.

**PARLOR THEATER.**

to Second Avenue West.

*OPEN EVERY NIGHT.*

**Only New Show in Town.**

*BIG VAUDEVILLE BILL.*

Matinee Every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

**TOURISTS'**

**DIRECTORY**

AND

**Pleasure-Seekers' Bulletin**

Of Attractions and Places of Amusement in and Around Duluth

**Hotels.**

ST. LOUIS HOTEL, A. Michaud, Mgr. Strictly First Class. Rates Moderate. Fire proof.

ST. JAMES HOTEL—215 W. Superior St.

**Parks and Picnic Grounds.**

ZENITH PARK—West Duluth and Lake avenue line.
LINCOLN PARK—Woodland and West Third street line.
NEMADJI RIVER—Interstate line.
WOODLAND—Woodland and West Third street line.
PAVILION—Seventh avenue incline.
DULUTH-SUPERIOR BRIDGE—Interstate line.

**If it's Scenery....**

You want, take a ride over the Park Point Electric line to O-at-ka beach. Steam Ferry connections at Canal. Half-hour service to 1:45 p. m. 15-minute service to 8 p. m. Half-hour service to 10:30 p. m. Special cars for picnic and other parties.

**Bath House and Dancing Pavilion.**

LONG ISLAND BATH HOUSE—Park Point, Dancing Pavilion for rent for parties. Refreshments, etc.

**Souvenirs and Watch Repairing.**

*M. HENRICKSEN.*

...JEWELER AND WATCH REPAIRER...

A full line of Duluth Souvenirs in AGATE WARE, SILVER SPOONS, AND NOVELTIES In Sweet Grass Indian Baskets.

*Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.*

234 W. Sup. St. One block east of Spalding.

*Oh! Oh! Oh!*
*What a hit it has made.*



**The COUNTY FAIR.** *Everyone says its the "best ever."*

*TOMORROW THE LAST DAY.*

RACES BEGIN AT 2 P. M.—2:35 trot or pace, 6 entries. Free for all, 8 entries. Half mile running races, participated in by the best horses in the Northwest.

*SOMETHING TO PLEASE EVERYONE.*

BABY SHOW—Babies must be under 12 months. BREAD CONTEST—Bread must be in by 2 p. m.

*MUSIC BY THE CITY BAND.*

*Admission, 25c; Children, 10c*

*STREET CARS DIRECT TO ONEOTA PARK.*

SCHOOLS.

**The Maynard School**

Duluth, Minn., 26th Ave. East. Lakeside Car.

A College Preparatory School for Girls

Certificate admits to Eastern colleges. Equivalent courses for those not going to college

Boarding and Day Department.

Prices Reduced. Numbers Limited.

Address Laura A. Jones, Principal

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# TO OPEN MONDAY

## The Public Schools Will Resume Then After Summer's Vacation.

## IT COMES TOO LATE

## Attorney General's Ruling Finds Nearly All School Children Vaccinated.

Next Monday is the time when, if everything was as it should be, every boy in town would grasp his bundle of books and hurry eagerly and bright-eyed to school, anxious to begin another year of knowledge-getting without any more delay. As a matter of fact, as everyone who has been a boy or who has lived in the same house with one, knows the average boy will make a fuss about getting up in the morning, and instead of being bright-eyed and eager will, as the melancholy Jacques puts it, creep like a snail unwillingly to school. At any rate, the public schools of Duluth will open up for another year next Monday morning, and willingly or not, most of the young people of the city will be expected to attend.

This week the teachers of the public schools have been coming back to town from their summer's vacations, which were spent in every direction, from Canada to Texas, and settling for the winter. Of course there was the usual struggle to get comfortable quarters near the school, and today most of the teachers are here and domiciled for the year.

It is the general opinion that the school attendance will be much increased this year over last, as the population has seemed to increase. Whether it has or not only the school census will show and that will be awaited with interest. It will be out within a week or two after the schools open.

### NOT OF MUCH EFFECT.

### Attorney General's Ruling Finds Most Children Already Vaccinated.

The ruling of Attorney General Douglas on the question of school vaccination will not have any great effect on the vaccinating of the school children of this city. It is estimated that since the publication of the order of the state board of health, that all school children should be vaccinated before entering the public schools, fully one-half of the public school children of Duluth have been inoculated with the vaccine. Physicians all over the city have been kept working over office hours during the past week applying the vaccinal point to children's arms and one doctor says that it has not been the most pleasant task he has ever had either. He even went so far as to intimate that a coal heaver's job would be preferable.

To his ruling the attorney general decides that the state board of health had not the authority to compel vaccination. It was merely a technical point, but there is little doubt but that most of the public school children will either be able to show marks of recent vaccination, or certificates of vaccination, when school opens on Monday, and the majority of the people of Duluth seem to believe in vaccination. Among the laboring foreign population the vaccination has not been so general as among the more intelligent American and foreign born citizens. All vaccination so far has been voluntary, and it is probable that if the attorney general had not passed adversely on the order of the state board, the local authorities would not have enforced the order, as Dr. Webster has all the time maintained that such an order did not require enforcement in an intelligent community. The reports from doctors all over the city seem to sustain Dr. Webster in this assertion.

### Gillen-Stephenson Wedding.

A fashionable and exceedingly pretty wedding took place in the Second Presbyterian church Tuesday evening, the groom being Angus Stephenson, and the bride Miss Mabel Gillon, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillon, of this city. The church, which was very prettily decorated for the occasion with flowers, was filled to the door. The guests were ushered into the seats reserved for the occasion with bows of white satin ribbon and a few minutes after the bridal party entered the church. The wedding march was played by Miss McDonald as they passed up the aisle. The bride was dressed in white. Miss Kimerer and Miss McKay, the bridesmaids, were gowned in white and carried pink roses. The groom was attended by his brother, Franklin Stephenson, and J. McAdams. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. C. Manson, assisted by Rev. J. N. Ferguson. Immediately after the ceremony the bride and groom received the best wishes and congratulations of their friends. They will reside at 1226 West Superior street.

### AMUSEMENTS.

"YON YONSON."

There is a decided novelty introduced in "Yon Yonson," which comes to the Lyceum next Saturday evening under the direction of Messrs. Thall and Kennedy in the singing of Scandinavian folk songs in their native tongue by Arthur Donaldson, who plays the title role. Mr. Donaldson is not only an actor of great ability, but he has also made for himself a splendid reputation as a singer. His voice is of the baritone quality and he has sung the title roles in "Rob Roy," "Brian Born," Baron Grimm in "Madeline, or the Magic Kiss" and for the past two years he has been a member of the late Augustin Daly's famous musical organization, singing the principal baritone roles.

McPHEE DRAWS GREAT CROWDS.

McPhee's Dramatic and Vaudeville company, which is appearing in the tent in the rear of the Lyceum, is drawing great crowds every night. Last evening every seat was taken and the ground all around was filled with people who were determined to see the show, even if they could not get seats. Saturday afternoon a matinee will be given.

**Hood's Pills**

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

**Give Comfort**

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.




Unquestionably the best for the club, cafe or family board. "BLATZ" possesses an individual goodness that is appreciated by those who enjoy good living—not essentially epicures or connoisseurs. Shall we send you a case?

**Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.**

**VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee**

# HE GOES FREE.

## Whipple, the Barber, Is Not Indicted By the Grand Jury.

The grand jury yesterday afternoon found one indictment for forgery against a man who is not in custody, and found eight returns of "no bill" in the following cases: William Whipple, the barber, who was accused of shooting Stanley Smith while the latter was walking with the former's wife; William Sylvester, arrested for stealing $2 from a woodsman last June; John Ryan, accused of stealing $1.50 from a Lakeside street car conductor last May; J. A. Burke, accused of stealing a watch at Hibbing; Lolis Filopa, an Ely bartender accused of robbing a till; Albert Edwards, arrested for stealing a dress suit from a Parlor theater actor; John Thompson, arrested for getting into a fight at Biwabik; Matt Mattson, accused of stealing a watch at Tower. Ell Hecks, accused of assault in the second degree; Frank Columbus, accused of assault in the second degree; William Cameron, accused of burglary in the second degree, and George Fitzgibbons all pleaded not guilty.

### MINNESOTA CROP REPORT.

### Stacking and Threshing Going on---Hail Injures Melons and Tomatoes.

The crop report for Minnesota, as made by the weather bureau at Minneapolis, is as follows:

In the Red River valley there was dry and favorable weather on nearly every working day for stacking, and threshing time on the shocks, and these operations are well advanced. In other portions of the state, except southwestern counties, and in the middle of the week, there have been light local rains which retarded stacking and shock threshing somewhat, though both are nearing completion. Very little thrashing has been done from the stack yet, but what has been done shows the barley and wheat in much better condition than the grain in shock. Hot weather was reported in the southern counties on the 6th, but on the other days, and in other parts of the state, the temperature was comfortable for work. On the morning of the 6th, and attending a severe thunder storm, there was destructive hail, probably covering small areas, extending from Hennepin county, northeastward to Mille Lacs county. The hail injured the fodder of standing corn, and ungathered apples, and in the market garden regions, it was very destructive to melons and tomatoes. Corn is generally ripe, and much is already in shock. Flax harvest is nearly finished, but very little has been thrashed yet. Plowing is going on well, with the ground in good condition, except in the southeast, where it is too dry. Winter rye and winter wheat are being seeded and the early sown is coming up nicely. Minnesota grows very few winter apples. The fall apple crop is small; it is being gathered. It is said that in the hail smitten region, where the apple trees were denuded of their foliage, they are now covered with blossoms. In Fillmore county many trees are starting new growths; it is thought that the rains this season have reached to greater depths than for many years, and that this may account for the phenomenon.

### Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

### "Carmen" Tonight.

The evening of song and story at the Spalding, arranged by Circle No. 8 of St. Paul's Episcopal church will take place tonight. The program is as follows:

Group of songs by MacDowell.....
Miss Grace Collins.
Reading—"Carmen" .....
Hon. Page Morris.
Habenera—"Love is Like a Wild Bird"
Carmen—Miss Blanche Howe.
Duet—"Tell Me What of My Mother"
Micaela—Miss Spicer.
Don Jose—George L. Tyler.
Gypsy song—"Hark the Zithers".....
Carmen—Mrs. George Herbert Jones.
Flower song—"This Flower Thou Gavest" .....
Don Jose—George L. Tyler.
Air—"Here Must the Smugglers Dwell"
Micaela—Miss Spicer.
Accompanists—Mrs. James A. McKindley and Miss Smallwood.

A number of the young ladies will act as ushers, and after the close of the program, an informal reception will be given Hon. and Mrs. Page Morris, who leave in a day or two for Washington.

### Will Be Well Attended.

The special meeting for young people at the Pilgrim Congregational church tomorrow evening promises to be one of the largest gatherings of young people ever held in the city. The Young People's Christian union, which has a membership of 1000, will be out in full force.

### Free! Free! Free!

A correct and up-to-date atlas can be procured free, also 160 acres of land, by applying in person or writing to the Canadian government office, 316 Palladio building, Duluth.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Agent.

# RACING IS FINE

## Good Contests at County Fair ---Running Race Full of Excitement.

## THE EXHIBITS GOOD

## Excellent Display of Vegetables Made---An Exhibit of Apples.

The attendance at the county fair yesterday was very good, although not as large as it should have been. There were about 200 people on the grounds during the afternoon. The weather was delightful, the very best that has been had at any fair ever held by the society. Today will undoubtedly see a large attendance and tomorrow ought to tax the capacity of the grounds with the fine program that will then be offered.

The exhibit of vegetables was increased very greatly yesterday by the large number of additional entries that came in. J. B. Middlecoff brought in an exhibit of vegetables that attracted a great deal of attention. It is probably the largest on exhibition at the fair and the vegetables all came from his garden at Fourteenth avenue east and London road.

There are some exhibits of apples which were the observed of all observers yesterday and there were few people who knew that such fruit can be raised around here. Miss Sarah A. Smith, of New Duluth, has a large exhibit of apples, including duchess, Russian, seedling, hyslop crabs and transcendents. John Rich, of Hunter's Park, has some fine duchess of Oldenburg apples and Mrs. Mary Pontelona exhibits red astrakan famuse varieties. Mrs. W. J. Fritz, the Hermantown "honey woman," has a nice exhibit of honey and also of plums.

The industrial exhibits were also somewhat increased yesterday. The Studebaker wagon building was filled with a fine lot of carriages and wagons. The Wiggin sad iron is on exhibition and the Duluth basket works has a man at work making baskets. The Canadian exhibit made by J. H. Parker includes grains, grasses, etc., grown in Manitoba and the Northwest territory, and is the object of much interest.

The statement made yesterday that D. M. Morrison is exhibiting Whiting shirts was incorrect. Mr. Morrison severed his connection with the Whiting Shirt company a few months ago and is now manufacturing himself on the seventh floor of the Palladio building.

The races yesterday were very good, and the only criticism that can be made is that they were allowed to drag somewhat. W. P. Helmbaker officiated as starter, and the judges were: Paul Sharvy, John L. Fuller and George Sherwood. Dr. G. W. Davis was the timekeeper, and W. F. McKay was the clerk. O'Grady won the 3:24 and Doctor C. a Duluth horse, owned by Finn, gave him a close rub in one heat, the second, which proved to be a close call for O'Grady. The summary of the race is as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| O'Grady, James Carr of Minneapolis ..... | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Doctor C. John Finn, of Duluth | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Trego, Jr., Coon & Carson, of West Superior .. .. .. ..... | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Deck H. Henry McGraw, of Duluth .. .. .. .. ..... | 4 | 4 | 4 |

Time—2:27½, 2:27¼, 2:29.

The 2:50 race was a warm one, and the crowd was entirely satisfied. W. A. Redner, of Ashland, owned the winning horse, but he had a pretty struggle to get the money. Hal Malone captured one heat, and was well up in the others. The summary is as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lou Vaughan, W. A. Redner, of Ashland .. .. .. .. ..... | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Hal Malone, Coon & Carson, of Superior .. .. .. .. ..... | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Bird S. H. C. Beck, of Superior .. .. .. .. ..... | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Dolly Bashaw, Hiram Knox, of Superior .. .. .. .. ..... | 4 | 4 | 4 |

Time—2:27½, 2:31½, 2:37, 2:28¼.

The half-mile running race was also a pretty contest, and it took three heats to decide it. Alma and Marble Rock fought it out, the third horse, Winchester, being drawn after the first heat. The race between the two leaders was a beauty in every heat. All the way around they were side by side, and the result at the wire was very close. The third heat was the hottest of the afternoon. The summary is as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alma, by W. H. Barker, of Minot, N. D. .. .. .. .. ..... | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Marble Rock, Charles Deakin, of St. Paul .. .. .. .. ..... | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Winchester, Charles Deakin, of St. Paul .. .. .. .. ..... | 3 | | |

Time—51¼, 52½, 54½.

This afternoon will see the finest races of the fair. The great one mile running race will be put on, and there will be four or five starters. The 2:40 trot or pace will also be put on, and the 2:20 trot or pace. The entries in these are all first class, and there are a number of head of the lakes horses.

If you wish to keep your credit good wear a Lanpher hat.

### The Milwaukee Road

The Railway Age: The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul occupies today a foremost position among the great railways of the world. It is distinguished as opearting the only perfect passenger train in the world, the celebrated Pioneer Limited, between Minneapolis, St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago daily, and in the adoption of improved appliances for the increased convenience and comfort of the traveling public the Milwaukee is always found in the lead.

**Does Coffee Agree with You?**

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package to-day from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c. and 25c.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O Accept no imitation.

"Calumet" Does Not Belong to a Baking Powder Trust, but Consumers are Rapidly Learning to Place Their Trust in "Calumet."

**CALUMET** Baking Powder

MODERATE IN PRICE — NONE SO GOOD.

### OPENING OF THE NEW STORE.

### Floan, Leveroos & Co. Extend an Invitation to All.

We will greatly appreciate the presence of yourself and ladies at our formal opening tomorrow evening, 7:30 to 10:30, Sept. 15, 1899. At 225-27 West Superior street, we have fitted up what we believe to be the handsomest clothing house in the city. It is stocked with the finest clothing for men and boys, furnishing goods, hats, caps, etc.

FLOAN, LEVEROOS & CO.

Concerts by Floaten's orchestra. Flowers for the ladies.

PROGRAM.

March—"Hands Across the Sea"....Sousa
Overture—"The Mill on the Cliff"..Reissiger
Waltz de Concert—"Mein Ideal".....Blou
Selection—"Les Huguenots"....Meyerbeer
Entr'acte—"Bewitching Beauty".....
.....Laurendeau
"Musical Scenes from Norway"....Mostau
Grand finale from "The Martyrs".....
.....Donizetti
Medley overture—"The Corker"....Mackie
Serenade—"Love in Idleness"....Macbeth
Air de Ballet—"Language of the Roses".....
.....Kretschmer
Grand American Fantasia—"Tone Pictures of the North and South".Rendix
Characteristic two step—"At a Coffee Colored party" .....Walu

Ensure a good Fall and Winter trade by making an advertising contract with The Duluth Evening Herald, Duluth's best paper.

Advertising rates will advance Oct. 1.

### PARK COMMITTEE.

### It Arrives at Walker From the Twin Cities.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—A special to the Times from Walker, Minn., says: Attached to the Great Northern passenger train last evening was a special car containing Col. Cooper, of Chicago; F. I. Whitney, general passenger agent of the Great Northern railway; Gen. C. C. Andrews, T. Shevlin, of Minneapolis; C. S. Cristadoro, of St. Paul; Samuel B. Green, state experimental farm; C. A. Schenck, superintendent of Vanderbilts' forests at Baltimore, N. C., and C. L. Mosher and wife, of the St. Paul Globe.

The party met with the citizens of Walker and obtained their views as to the desirability of establishing a national park on the shores of Leech lake out of the reservation.

### MEXICAN WAR VETERANS.

### A Small Band of Survivors Gathered at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Sept. 14.—The Thirty-seventh annual meeting of the National Association of Mexican Veterans met in the state house yesterday afternoon. About 100 of the 12,000 survivors of the Mexican war were present. The veterans were welcomed feelingly by Governor Mount and Mayor Taggart. The veterans range in age from 68 to 80. Letters of regret were read from President McKinley, Secretary of War Root and Governors Roosevelt of New York; Bushnell, of Ohio, and Bradley, of Kentucky.

E. W. Davis, of Cincinnati, offered a resolution asking congress to give Mexican veterans, reaching the age of 70, a pension of $20 a month. Last night a public reception was tendered at the Commercial club.

### COMMISSION TO RETURN.

### Denby and Worcester Sent For By the President.

Manilla, Sept. 14, 11:50 a. m.—Col. Charles Denby and Professor Dean Worcester, members of the Philippine commission, have received instructions from President McKinley asking them to return as soon as possible. They will embark on the steamer Empress of India, which sails from Hong Kong Sept. 26. It is not known whether the clerical force will return with them or remain here. The commissioners had just moved into a new office and had expected to spend some months working on the establishment of municipal government. The Nevada cavalry was unable to sail on the Newport. They will take the next available transport.

GEORGIA JUSTICE.

Tifton, Ga., Sept. 14.—A negro was arrested at Tyty and positively identified as one of the two negroes who assaulted Miss Johnson at that place last Tuesday. Two hundred men armed are assembled at Tyty. People passing on a train at 2 o'clock this morning saw a negro suspended twenty feet in the air from a telegraph pole. Search for the other negro continued.

### Special Excursion.

ST. PAUL. MINNEAPOLIS.

Round trip ticket, $5.75, Sept. 16 to 19. Good for return until Sept. 23. "The Northwestern Line." Take the Twilight Limited, the only perfect train between Duluth and the Twin Cities. Runs daily at 4:45 p. m.

# THE DAKOTAS.

## The Harvest In North Dakota ---Jamestown's Fight With Electric Company.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—With the exception of the extreme northeastern part of the state, where local rains have fallen there has been no rain during the past week, and grain cutting is practically finished, except for some few scattered pieces, and late flax, which is only now maturing. Threshing is general in all parts of the state, and about finished in the southern portion. It has been retarded some by high winds in some sections, but as a rule the week has been very favorable for all farm work. Corn has gradually ripened in all parts of the state, and is now past any danger from frost, as are potatoes. The yield of the latter is not as good as in former years, but the quality is excellent.

Jamestown—Recently Mayor Steele vetoed an ordinance which granted to the Jamestown Electric Light company a 20-year franchise. Now the company claims that the ordinance has become valid for the reason that the veto of the mayor was immaterial, being filed too late. The veto was filed by the mayor with the city clerk Monday, Sept. 4, but the day being a legal holiday, no meeting was held until Sept. 11. The law requires that the veto of an ordinace shall be filed at the next regular meeting of the council occurring not less than five days after the passage of such ordinance. The question is raised on the ground that the law requires that the city council holds its meetings the first Monday of the month.

Grand Forks—Machine men state that the business in threshing outfits this year is just twice that of last year. A smaller-sized separator has been introduced this year with the most successful results. It is predicted the smaller separator and engine will revolutionize threshing, as those who have used them prefer them to the old machines. The gasoline engines have eclipsed all expectations. Their sale will be doubled next year.

Fargo—A divorce was granted Mrs. Mabel E. Allien vs. Frederick Allien. The plaintiff is a daughter of a well-known New York iron manufacturer and the defendant is the son of a rich Parisian and a well-known New York club man. The decree was secured on the ground of non-support, it being alleged that the husband lived in Illeness rather than support his wife.

Park River—The town is full of tough characters, who decline to work for the farmers unless exorbitant wages are paid. As high as $3 to $4 a day has been demanded for ten hours' work.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Yankton—J. T. Sargent, editor of the Dakota Herald, a prominent Democrat, dropped dead of apoplexy in the city hall. He had just entered the hall to take part in a meeting called to make arrangements for the reception of Company C.

### FOUR WIDOWS APPEAR.

### Claim Klondiker's Estate---Anoka Woman Has the Call.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—A special to the Times from Tacoma, Wash., says: William H. Sutton, formerly of New York and Chicago, died in Forty Mile district, Alaska, Feb. 1 last, leaving an estate valued at $500,000. Four Mrs. Suttons, each claiming to be his widow, have filed claims with United States Consul McCook at Dawson and are endeavoring to secure the estate. Three of them reside in Chicago. They are: Mrs. Halma Sutton, of Anoka, Minn., who writes from Chicago; Mrs. S. L. Sutton, of Ottawa; Mrs. Johannah Sutton, of Chicago, who also has a daughter, and Mrs. Donna Bruce Sutton, of Chicago, who has several children. From letters written by the alleged widows and the description furnished of their husband, it begins to look as if Sutton was a much-married man, with but one legal wife, and surface indications point to Mrs. Halma Sutton as the one showing the strongest proof of her widowhood and the right to Sutton's fortune. Mrs. Halma Sutton describes her husband as William Henry Sutton, who was living with her in 1897 in New York city and left her for the Klondike. She says he was 38 years old, brown hair, blue eyes and weighed about 160 pounds, and she sent a photograph to Consul McCook, which has been recognized as that of the deceased miner by some of those who worked on Forty Mile with him.

Sutton owns valuable claims in Forty Mile and Klondike districts.

### DREYFUS IS BUOYANT.

### He Continues In Good Spirits---Photographers After Him.

Rennes, Sept. 14.—Capt. Dreyfus continues in good spirits and his health is fairly satisfactory, although the stomach trouble still clings to him. Mme. Dreyfus visited her husband yesterday and came away looking cheerful. She spent about an hour with him. M. Labori's assistant sees him twice a day. Most of his waking hours are passed in reading correspondence and literary reviews. He is under the same discipline as prior to the trial and is allowed exercise daily in the prison yard. A canvas screen is now hung across the court yard to prevent him being seen from the windows of the houses adjacent and to prevent photographers getting snap shots at him. A guard of forty soldiers is posted in the prison yard beneath his window, and a sentry with loaded rifle and fixed bayonet is stationed on the wall overlooking the second courtyard, where he takes his exercise.

BREAKS ALL MILE RECORDS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—Harry Elkes, the champion middle distance bicycle rider, last night, in a race of an hour against time, broke all world's records from one mile to the hour, going 36 miles and 747 yards in the sixty minutes. The best known record for one hour was made by Taylore, the Frenchman, in France a few weeks ago, who rode 35 miles 698 yards.

BAKERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The National Association of Master Bakers in convention here yesterday elected the following officers: President, L. J. Kolf, Philadelphia; vice presidents, John E. McKinney, St. Louis; J. D. Nalsmith, Toronto; J. J. Reagan, Minneapolis; Jacob Heisler, Chicago; W. Collins, Buffalo, and H. Hildebrand, Brooklyn; secretary, H. R. Chissold, Boston; treasurer, F. K. Shepard, Boston. They also constitute the executive committee.

### Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy, for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

**MUNYON'S**



I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent. of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, $5o. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

**KIDNEY CURE**

### CHIPPEWAS WOULD ENLIST.

### Plan Proposed For Indian Scouts For Philippine Service.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Col. James H. Tillman, of South Carolina, a nephew of Senator Tillman, was at the White House yesterday and asked the president to authorize the organization of an independent company of Indian scouts for service in the Philippines. It is proposed to make Mr. Tillman, who was colonel of the First South Carolina regiment during the Spanish war, captain of the company, and Joseph H. Woodbury, "Hole in the day," the scion of the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota, first lieutenant, and some member of the regiment of "Rough Riders" second lieutenant. It is said that many more of the Chippewas are ready to enlist in case they are allowed to go to the Philippines as an independent organization. The president referred his callers to Secretary Root.

### NEW LABOR UNION.

### American Wage Union Is Organized ---Legislation Its Weapon.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 14.—The American Equal Wage union, a new labor organization, was incorporated at Jefferson City yesterday. Legislation will be its chief weapon. The new union will contend for "equal and exact justice to all wage earners without respect to age, sex or occupation; for the emancipation of children from industrial servitude, and for the protection of women wage earners in their equal rights with men." Richard D. Kathrens, of this city, is the founder and president of the movement. The Retail Clerks' Protective association of 45,000 members has endorsed the movement, which will have its headquarters in Kansas City. Ex-State Senator Lyman is the national secretary.

# BASEBALL.

### YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Washington—Cincinnati, 14; Washington, 4. Second game—Washington, 6; Cincinnati, 3.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 3; Louisville, 2. Second game—Baltimore, 8; Louisville, 4.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 8; Cleveland, 2.

At New York—New York, 13; Chicago, 2.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 3.

At Boston—Boston, 6; St. Louis 3. Second game—Boston, 7; St. Louis, 3.

### STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Per Cent. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn ..... | 123 | 86 | .699 |
| Philadelphia .... | 128 | 81 | .633 |
| Boston ..... | 125 | 77 | .616 |
| Baltimore ..... | 124 | 73 | .589 |
| Cincinnati ..... | 120 | 72 | .550 |
| St. Louis ..... | 129 | 71 | .550 |
| Chicago ..... | 129 | 66 | .512 |
| Pittsburg ..... | 126 | 62 | .492 |
| Louisville ..... | 127 | 58 | .457 |
| New York ..... | 126 | 53 | .421 |
| Washington ..... | 125 | 45 | .360 |
| Cleveland ..... | 124 | 19 | .142 |

### SPORTING NOTES.

Eddie McDuffie defeated Ben. Munro in a 25-mile race at New Bedford, Mass., last night. McDuffie led after the second mile. The third mile was ridden by McDuffie in 1:25. The records from three to ten miles were broken each by a fraction. At the tenth mile McDuffie was 4 1-5 seconds under Burton's record for that distance. The time for the twenty-five miles was 36:29.

Martin Julian, manager and business partner of Bob Fitzsimmons, said yesterday in Chicago that there was no doubt that the latter would be seen in the ring again. Julian proudly proclaims that he has the signatures that will insure a fight between Fitzsimmons and the winner of the fight Oct. 26 between Sharkey and Jeffries.

### Take Time By the Forelock.

Eight out of every ten mature men and women have lost or are losing more or less of their hair. The people have sought in vain for a hair restorer that is not a fake. We say without fear of successful contradiction that Globe Hair Restorative and Dandruff Cure is the only remedy in the world that will grow hair on bald heads, that will permanently prevent the hair from coming out, and positively remove and cure dandruff. Will be sent to any address prepaid for $2.00 Globe Mfg. Co., Grinnell, Iowa. Sold and guaranteed by A. Quadly, Max Wirth, S. F. Boyce, S. O. Sterrett, Duluth, Minn.

DEATH BY FIRE.

New York, Sept. 14.—Mrs. Catharine Kennedy was burned to death today in a fire which invaded a 5-story tenement in Atlantic avenue, Brooklyn. Mrs. Kennedy's sons, David and Peter, sustained painful injuries, as did also Thomas Freeman and August Schwartzner, who lived in the tenement. Mrs. Kennedy was 55 years old.

Best Seller in the State!

**Sweet Lotus**

Unconditionally the Best Bright Sweet Long Cut Tobacco on earth to

**smoke and chew**

Comparison with other tobaccos will convince you.—Ask your dealer for Sweet Lotus!

WELLMAN • DWIRE TOBACCO CO. ST LOUIS, MO.

### CABLE FLASHES.

Queen Victoria, who is at Balmoral, Scotland, is said to be receiving a great number of telegrams and letters from her subjects at home and abroad begging her to plead with President Loubet for Dreyfus' pardon. It is known that the news of the Rennes verdict which reached the court at Balmoral Saturday night greatly affected the queen, who had followed the proceedings with attentive interest.

The German Trade union, on motion of the president, adopted a resolution at Cologne yesterday not to exhibit at the Paris exposition, declaring that the Rennes sentence was an insult in its disregard of the official statements of Germany.

The association of German celluloid manufacturers has decided to abstain from exhibiting at the Paris exposition.

The proposal to boycott the Paris exposition on account of the verdict of the Rennes court-martial has met with little or no support in Buda Pest and the work of preparing the Hungarian exhibit will be continued.

News received at Paris yesterday from Tripoli indicates that there is no foundation for the report of the annihilation of the Foure-au-Lamy mission in the Sahara.

It is reported that a robbery of £12,000, while the amount was in transit by cab from a branch to the head office of a big London bank occurred yesterday.



**MEN CURED FREE.**

A most successful remedy has been found for sexual weakness such as impotency, varicocele, shrunken organs, nervous debility, lost manhood, night emissions, premature discharge, and all other results of self-abuse or excesses. It cures and case of difficulty, never fails to restore the organs to full natural strength and vigor. The doctor who made this wonderful discovery wants to let every man know about it. He will therefore send the receipt giving the various ingredients to be used so that all men at a trifling expense can cure themselves. He sends the receipt free, and all the reader need do is to send his name and address to L. W. Knapp, M. D., 780 Hull building, Detroit, Mich., requesting the free receipt as reported in this paper. It is a generous offer, and all men ought to be glad to have such an opportunity.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

There is declared and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, the sum of nineteen hundred twenty-five dollars, principal and interest, upon a mortgage given by Matthew R. Harrison and Lucy Gray Harrison, his wife, to Alexander Macrae, bearing date the 29th day of July, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of August, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 98 of mortgages, on page 41. Which mortgage was duly assigned by said Alexander Macrae to G. H. Vandyke by instrument dated September 14th, 1891, and recorded in said office on September 16th, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 71 of mortgages, on page 546, and thereafter assigned by said G. H. Vandyke to the undersigned R. S. Manley by instrument dated April 21, 1899, and recorded in said office August 8th, 1899, at 1 o'clock p. m., in Book 147 of mortgages, on page 123.

And whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the amount due on said mortgage or any part thereof, and said default is a default in the conditions of said mortgage; now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10), in block number one hundred thirty-three (133), West Duluth, Fifth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 30th day of September, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said debt and interest, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated August 15th, 1899.

R. S. MANLEY,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug.-17-21-31-Sept-7-14-21—1899.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly made, executed and delivered by Alexander Miles and Candace J. Miles, his wife, mortgagors, to Laura Levin, mortgagee, bearing date the sixteenth (16th) day of July, A. D. 1897, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the sixteenth (16th) day of July, A. D. 1897, at 11:55 o'clock in the forenoon, in Book one hundred and fifty-five (155) of mortgages on page one hundred and ninety-three (193), which default consists in the failure and neglect of said mortgagors to make the payment of the sum of three hundred and forty-five dollars ($345.00), semi-annual interest due upon said mortgage on the 16th day of July, A. D. 1898, which said default has continued to the date of this notice.

And whereas by reason of the default aforesaid the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable thereon at the date of this notice, the sum of eleven thousand five hundred dollars ($11,500.00) of principal with interest thereon from the 16th day of January, 1899, at the rate of six per cent per annum, as evidenced by the interest coupon note for said sum of $345.00, and interest upon said principal and said coupon note from the 16th day of July, 1898, at the rate of six per cent per annum and the further sum of five and 29-100 dollars ($5.29) for delinquent assessments upon said mortgaged premises paid by said mortgagee under the provisions of said mortgage, making in all due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal, interest and assessments, the sum of eleven thousand nine hundred sixty-four and 89-100 dollars ($11,964.89); and whereas the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The westerly (w'ly) one-half (½) of lot numbered seventeen (17), on West Superior street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat of said division, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-eighth (28th) day of October, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and assessments paid by said mortgagee as aforesaid, and the sum of two hundred dollars ($200) attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law.

Dated September 14, A. D. 1899.

LAURA LEVIN,
Mortgagee.

MAHON & AGATIN,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-14-21-28-Oct-5-12-19—1899.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# NEWS OF THE LAKES

## Freight Handlers of Canadian Pacific at Owen Sound Have Struck.

## WANT HIGHER WAGES

## Scarcity of Coal Tonnage at Cleveland and Rates Are Advancing.

Owen Sound, Ont., Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—About 120 freight handlers employed by the Canadian Pacific railroad are on strike here for 2 cents an hour increase for trucking and handling coal, making their wages 15 and 20 cents an hour respectively. Men brought here to take the places of strikers have been refused accommodations by the citizens and the railway is fitting up cars with bunks. Crowds of strikers and sympathizers continually gather around the docks, and while no violence has been attempted they have induced many of the new men to quit work. The railroad officials have notified the mayor that he must protect these men, otherwise the company will guard the men and property with force. Considerable traffic has been diverted from the town. The steamer Pridgeon left for Windsor last night to discharge her cargo.

COAL TONNAGE SCARCE.

Cleveland, Sept. 14.—(Special to the Herald.)—Coal tonnage is very scarce and on one Milwaukee cargo $1 was paid yesterday. Lake Superior shippers are not getting any boats and they must mark their stuff rates up. For boats to load wheat for next week Duluth shippers are offering 5½ cents. Charters: Ore, Eureka, Duluth to Ohio, $2; coal, Colonial, Ashtabula to Milwaukee, $1.

Later—Every coal shipper in Cleveland is offering $1 freely on coal to Lake Michigan today and the Duluth rate would be advanced also, but for the scarcity of coal. Sixty cents will be paid to Duluth in a day or two, if it has not already been paid.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland, Wis.—Cleared: Lumber, Santa Maria, Chicago; Marvin, Muskegon; Wayne, Michigan City; Pringle, Sweetheart, Harrison, Unadilla, Cleveland; Ossa Mather, 109, Conneaut, 110, Fairport.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Wade, 9:30 last night; Wilhelm, Nirvana, Galatea, 11; Naples, 11; Cadillac, 12:30; Scott, 1:30 a. m.; Grattwick (steel), 1:15; Lynn, Manola, Marcia, N. Mary Boyce, 8:20; Drake, 9; Colonian, Strong, Bronson, 9:15; Peshtigo, 9:40; Abaseon (steel), 11; Down: Manistique and barges, Waverly, 10:30 last night; Bannockburn and consorts, 11:40; Cumberland, midnight; Queen of the West, Tasmania, 12:15 a. m.; Hudson, 6; Smith, Three Brothers, Hattie Wells, Donaldson, 6:30, Nebraska, 8:15.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Tecumseh, Case, 2:30 a. m.; United Empire, 2; Corsica, 6; Wawatam, 8:40; Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, 9:20; Athabasca, St. Andrew, 10:30, Down: Queen City, 10 last night; Morse, Smeaton, 2:30 a. m.; China, 4; Presque, 5; Sevona, Siemens, Corliss, 7:30; Troy, Nicholas, 8:30; McWilliams, Zenith City, 10; Grover, Northern King, 11.

Up yesterday: Mariska, 6 p. m.; Yakima, 7:30. Down: North West, 2 p. m.; Hanna, 4:30; Merida, 8.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Arcadian, Kingston, light for grain; Eureka, Neilson, Thomas, Lake Erie, light for ore; Nichol, Buffalo, merchandise; Kalkaska, Fryer, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Alva, Schuck, Nyanza, Buffalo, grain; Arabian, Kingston, grain; Selby, Ashland, light; Eureka, Pectland, Two Harbors, light; Seguin, Chicago, flour; Montana, Mahoning, Buffalo, flour; Mills, Crosthwaite, Exile, Lake Erie, lumber.

OUT OF DRY DOCK.

The steamer Penobscot got out of dry dock last night, and is loading grain today. The Peerless went in this morning.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Catalonia from Boston; Teutonic from New York; Pennland from Philadelphia.

Glasgow—Arrived: Ethopia from New York; Numidian from New York.

Bremen—Arrived: Lahn from New York.

Hamburg—Arrived: Pennsylvania from New York.

## WOMEN'S GOLF CONTEST.

### Semi-Final For the Governor's Cup Played Today.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—Mrs. H. Toulmin, of the Milwaukee Country club, defeated Mrs. Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor in the semi-finals today for the governor's cup in the woman golf championship. Good games were played by both and the score was all square at the eighteenth hole, but in the nineteenth Mrs. Taylor, the present holder of the cup, took six strikes, while Mrs. Toulmin succeeded in holding down with five.

Mrs. W. B. McIlvane, of Owentsia, defeated Mrs. H. A. Beidler, of the Morris club, 4 up 3 to play. Mrs. McIlvane and Mrs. Toumlin meet tomorrow in the finals.

The score for Mrs. Taylor and Toulmin follows: Mrs. Toulmin, out 54; in, 54; nineteenth hole, 5—113. Mrs. Taylor, out, 54; in, 53; nineteenth hole, 6—113.

In the contest for the second flight cup, Miss Marion Shearson, of the Richmond Country club, defeated Mrs. G. A. McKittrick, of Owentsia, 4 up, 2 to play, and Miss "Johnnie" Carpenter defeated Miss Leila W. Peet, of Edgewater, 4 up, 3 to play.

## CUBANS ARE QUEER.

### Contradictory and Do Not Know Their Own Minds.

Havana, Sept. 14.—The Heraldo says editorially today that the behavior of the Cubans is absurdly contradictory. In many parts of the island, it points out, there is great want of labor, in spite of which the Cubans are crying for foreign labor to leave the country, and in Havana work is being improvised for vagrants. The paper asks why they do not go to Pinar Del Rio, where laborers are wanted.

A Spaniard from Pinar Del Rio recently affirmed that his countrymen were dying of hunger there because the people would not give them work. The proposal by some persons to import American labor caused a cry to be raised that this would Americanize the island, and that the Anglo-Saxon race, being "absorbing and overbearing," would leave nothing for the Cubans.

They tell the Spaniards, who are accustomed to the climate and are of the same race and language, to evacuate Cuba. It seems next to impossible to please the Cubans, who do not know what they really want.

# A MEASURE OF MERIT.

## Duluth Citizens Should Weigh Well This Evidence--Proof of Merit Lies in the Evidence--Convincing Evidence in Duluth--Is Not the Testimony of Strangers, But the Evidence of Duluth People--That's the Kind of Proof Given Here.

## THE STATEMENT OF A DULUTH CITIZEN.

Mr. C. Coons, conducting a meat market at 104 East Fourth street, says: "For three or four years there was a severe, heavy aching across the small of my back. I did not rest well at night and rose in the morning feeling tired and worn out. The secretions from the kidneys were irregular and highly colored and on standing deposited a heavy sediment. I felt generally run down and had no energy or ambition left. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and having heard them highly spoken of, I procured them at the Duluth Drug company and commenced to use them. In a few days I noticed an improvement and the aches and pains soon left me. My appetite became good, I slept well and felt refreshed in the mornings. I began to gain weight, and, in fact, never felt better in my life."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

# BIDS OPENED

## For Erecting Indian Schools at Ball Club and Red Lakes.

Washington, Sept. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—The bids opened today at the Indian office for the erection of the new Indian schools at Ball Club Lake and Red Lake, Minn., were as follows: Schleirer & Nauffl, of Duluth, $15,053; C. J. Lewis & Sons, Minneapolis, $13,745; Lynch & Cully, of St. Paul, $18,710.

Charles W. Stalles, Duluth, has been appointed a teacher at the Leech Lake Indian school.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

## PERSONALS.

Dr. W. A. Begley and bride arrived from the East yesterday and have commenced housekeeping in the Bostwick flats.

Mrs. Fred Rasmussen is back after a visit with friends in Winona.

Wells T. Slate of Bemardsten, Mass., is at the St. Louis.

G. H. Southard, of Grand Rapids, is a guest at the St. Louis.

T. E. Dockery, of Fond du Lac, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

Dr. Stuart Bates, of Viginia, was at the St. Louis last evening.

M. C. Palmer, of Virginia, was in the city last evening.

Alber Harrington, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

J. H. Koop, one of the prominent merchants of Brainerd, is in the city, a guest at the Spalding.

Harold Thomson, of St. Paul, was at the Spalding last evening.

E. G. Nevins, of Winona, is in the city.

W. P. Betts, a lumber buyer, of Buffalo, is at the Spalding.

James C. Soper, of Chicago, is at the Spalding.

Dr. Walter E. Weyl, of the bureau of statistics of the treasury department, is in the city and is looking up statistics at the customs office here. He is looking particularly for those connected with the inland business done here.

Mrs. David Cone has returned from St. Paul.

Deputy Auditor A. J. Wasgatt will leave tomorrow for a vacation hunting trip in the southern part of the state.

Jacob L. Greene, president of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company, of Hartford, Conn., is in the city today looking after the interests of his company here. Mr. Greene visits here at frequent intervals.

Mrs. Nathaniel Gearhart and Mrs. McGindley returned last evening from the G. A. R. encampment at Philadelphia.

## CITY BRIEFS.

**Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9. Tibbets, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St. The Kelly Hat Hospital, 415 W. Sup. St.**

Dr. Routh has removed his residence from 112 East First street to 1208 East First street, No. 6, Chester terrace.

Housekeepers consult their own interests best by trading with the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald.

Henry Brisco and Billie Costello, of Two Harbors, will meet in a 10-round go at Two Harbors on Sept. 23 for $100 and the gate receipts.

At the Saturday club rooms, 28 West Superior street next Saturday, Mrs. John Loman will give one of her delightful recitals on music and the Shakespeares. The friends of the club and all lovers of music are invited to be present. The program will be given at 2:15 o'clock.

Second citizenship papers have been issued to August Anderson and George Forsyth.

A marriage license has been issued to Samuel Cohen and Sarah Slonim.

Executive Agent John Bentner of the game and fish commission has the necessary blanks now to issue permits to persons who wish to hunt deer. Several persons have been after them and were unable to get them because the commission had not the blanks. They can now be had by applying to the state game and fish commission.

Capt. C. S. Barker, of Superior, has purchased the tug Natt Stickney, of Detroit and it has been enrolled in the Duluth customs district. It is a very fine tug of 77 gross tons and 41 net tons.

## ORDERED TO PHILIPPINES.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Secretary Root has ordered the Twenty-eighth volunteers, Lieut. Col. Leonard, from Camp Meade, and the Twenty-ninth, Col. Hardin, from Fort McPherson, Ga., to San Francisco, to embark for the Philippines. The order is the same in form as that issued to the other regiments.

## KEARSARGE SPEED TRIAL.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The navy department has completed the arrangements for the formal speed trial of the big battleship Kearsarge by the appointment of the engineer members of the trial board. There will be the regular inspection board, headed by Col. Rogers, and in addition Chief Engineers Roelker and Webster, from the engineering bureau, and Zane from the League Island navy yard. The trial is to take place over the Cape Porpoise course, covering four hours' run. The original proposition to make the trial by the standardized screw method has been abandoned.

## GREAT YARMOUTH RACES.

London, Sept. 14.—At the second day of the Great Yarmouth meeting today, Wax Toy, ridden by L. Reiff, the American jockey, won the Yare handicap of 150 sovereigns for 3-year-olds and upwards, entrance 3 sovereigns. Several horses ran six furlongs straight. Bindweed was second and Sucoth finished third.

# EXPORT EXHIBITS

## Export Exposition In Philadelphia Opened With Simple Ceremonies.

## NOTABLES ARE THERE

## Crowds Attend the Dedicatory Exercises---President Sends a Message.

Philadelphia, Sept. 14.—With ceremonies unattended by ostentation, the national export exposition was formally opened at noon today. Distinguished visitors from all sections of the country were in attendance, including representatives of the diplomatic corps of the army and navy, scientists and business and professional men. After the benediction by Archbishop Ryan, which concluded the dedicatory exercises, a message was received from President McKinley, extending greetings and officially opening the great exposition. When the message had been read the chorus of 600 voices and the audience sang "The Star Spangled Banner," accompanied by the United States Marine band and the big exposition organ.

The exposition grounds were opened to the public at 8 this morning, and long before noon thousands of people had passed through the gates. The dedicatory ceremonies were held in the immense auditorium, which was crowded to its capacity.

The first event of the day was the landing of Admiral Sampson and the officers of his squadron at Chestnut street pier. Carriages were in waiting, and the naval officers were driven to the city hall, where, in Mayor Ashbridge's office, they met Governor Stone and his staff, the officers and directors of the national export exposition, the trustees of the commercial museum, the officers of the Franklin institute, various railway officials and about 100 other prominent men of Philadelphia and other cities. Subsequently the staff at the mayor's office re-entered the carriage and were conveyed to the exposition grounds, escorted by a platoon of mounted police and 250 marines from the North Atlantic squadron.

Arriving at the grounds, the distinguished guests were escorted to the platform in the Auditorium. In the absence of P. A. B. Widener, president of the exposition, the first vice president, W. W. Foulkrod, delivered the address, turning the exposition over to the governor of Pennsylvania. Director General W. P. Wilson delivered an address on the "Inception, Purpose, Plan and Scope of the Exposition."

Governor Stone made an address, welcoming the visitors, accepting the exposition and turning it over to the mayor of Philadelphia.

Governor Stone said in part:

"Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: The national export exposition makes its bow to the world and invites inspection of exhibits. It is the work of two great Philadelphia institutions, the Philadelphia museum and Franklin institute. Its object is to increase the export trade of this country. It has invited foreign governments and foreign merchants to come and inspect our wares and their prices. By the exhibition, this country throws down the gauntlet to the world and challenges any and all countries to produce articles as good and as cheap as these here exhibited. They are not confined to any particular line, but cover manufactured articles from a button to a locomotive. We believe that we can sell the world our products if we can offer the best goods for the least money; that trade between nations is not regulated by sentiment or patriotism, but by its own natural laws. We have the largest export trade of any country in the world. Our exports of manufactured articles now average $1,000,000 in value per day.

"We are selling our goods in every country on the globe for the reason, and the only reason, that we sell a better article for less money than any other country can sell. We want the world's trade and our limit is supported by the merit of our products. For years, the protectionists of this country have claimed that her protective tariffs upon imports would foster and build up home industry; would encourage capital to invest in manufacturing plants to supply home consumers with their products, and that with the increase in these industrial plants there would come such sharp competition as to reduce the price to the consumers below what it would be under free trade. The claims of the protectionists have been realized. Protective tariffs in this country have transferred the competition between importers under free trade to a competition between home producers, under protection, and today the home producer has a guarantee of the home trade, which induced him to embark in manufacturing and the home consumer has his goods at greatly reduced prices, some of them for less than the tariff on similar imported articles. Our industries have outgrown the wants of this country and our products are now competing with the foreign producer, not in our territory, but in his own territory. This foreign demand has relieved the pressure here and helped prices. We are now fairly in the race for the world's trad. The great problem with our manufacturers has been to maintain our high prices paid for labor and still undersell our foreign competitors. This has been done without decreasing the quality of our products. The average price of labor in this country is double that of any other country in competition with us, and as labor is the principal cost in any product this has been a difficult obstacle to overcome, but the question has been solved by the skill and genius of the American mechanic and inventor.

"Americans have had faith in the future of their country and did not hesitate to invest their money freely for the best plants possible and plants of a permanent character.

"American workmen have more to do with our ability to export because although they receive on an average more than double the wages per day they turn out nearly double the work and adapt themselves to conditions foreign workmen cannot. They have never opposed the introduction of modern methods of labor-saving devices as they do abroad. Their work is light as a consequence, but, above all, their characteristic energy, adaptability, esprit de corps, ingenuity and opportunity to advance have advanced the American manufacturer. They are not mere machines, but men who think. Many of our best inventions and improvements come from workmen in humble employment. Our only drawback is shipping facilities. We have protected and fostered our industries, but we have neglected our shipping. Today, our exports are carried in foreign ships and we are paying $150,000,000 each year to foreign ship owners. This is a reflection on our statesmanship. It ought not to be. Our ocean freight should be carried in American ships. If our circumstances do not justify the construction of American ships in American docks, congress should, by subsidy or otherwise, make it an inducement to capital to embark in this enterprise. Our flag should be more often seen flying from the mast of ocean ships and our nation should appear abroad what it really is at home."

Mayor Ashbridge accepted the exposition from the governor, and then Congressman W. P. Hepburn of Iowa, chairman of the congressional committee on interstate and foreign commerce, delivered the oration of the day.

Mr. Hepburn said in part as follows:

"A government in which the political power is in the hands of its citizens derives its right to endure from the consent of the majority. This is markedly true in our government. Our institutions, our social order, our recognition of property rights can only endure so long as the people who possess political power—who exercise the right to vote—are contented with them. Whenever a large majority become dissatisfied with them and desire a change, a change will be effected."

"So long as the homes of the laboring masses are homes of contentment, our people will regard their government with all of its institutions as the best on earth. There are nineteen millions of people in the United States who labor, who earn wages, who aid in creating wealth. Fifteen millions of this number possess the entire political power of the nation. The perpetuity of this government is dependent upon keeping this great army of laborers employed and, being employed, content. The preservation of this labor field in which every man can have a place to work and have a satisfactory wage, and to so enlarge this labor field from year to year as to make places for the additional million of men, women and youth who are seeking places in it, is the great problem that we must solve."

"The demands of agriculture, Mr. Hepburn said, will not enlarge the nation's labor field to any extent, owing to the use of improved machinery, which diminishes the aggregate of human labor on the farm. To manufacture and commerce he asserted, the people must look for increased employment. Even this field, said the speaker, is limited, owing to the introduction of inventions, but more especially because of the want of markets. Unlimited markets, he declared, will solve all the questions of labor and wages which may confront the country.

"We are selling many millions worth of manufactures abroad more than we buy," he continued, "but to keep our people employed we must do more, and again I say that the necessity to keep them so employed is the great question before us and that it can only be solved by securing our full share of trade in the markets of the world. In any efforts to secure trade, we must meet and overcome the fierce rivalry of the great nations. These nations are now engaged in a struggle as bitter as any that have ever engaged the martial spirit of men.

"This reaching out, this expansion of governmental power, this strife for more and more of trade and commerce, finds its impulse in the desire, the necessity of keeping employed the masses at home.

"We have met here today to inaugurate what I believe will be one of the most important of aids to the American manufacturer and trader in capturing our share of the commerce of the world. What modern arms are, what a battleship is in martial contests, this institution, this "export exposition" that is opened in this city today has to be to us in our efforts to secure our rightful share of foreign trade. It might be well called a university of commerce.

"The government of Philadelphia, the government of Pennsylvania, the government of the United States, are in full sympathy with the projectors of this export exposition. All who are thoughtful and have knowledge see in prophecy the splendid possibilities that should come from the work of its founders. Its founders have done their duty nobly and well, both in conclusion and production, and they stand before you today in their turn, challenging the people of the whole country to a performance of their duty in extending our national commerce."

The benediction was pronounced by Archbishop Ryan, of this city, and at its conclusion, President McKinley's message was read and the national exposition became a fact.

At the conclusion of the exercises the Auditorium was thrown open to the public, and the prominent guests inspected the buildings, grounds and exhibits.

## FELL AMONG PROHIBITIONISTS.

The state organization brought Champ Clark into the Eighth district a few days ago to talk for "Shack." It had been arranged that he should be taken from Rolla to an appointment in the country. But when the congressman got off the train at Rolla he found two intensely hostile factions of Democrats—Stephens and anti-Stephens—contending for the honor of taking care of him, says the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Some time was lost in adjusting this difficulty, and Champ was in a disgusted frame of mind when he was escorted out of town by a committee which, as it afterward developed, was composed mainly of Prohibitionists. After an hours' drive under the blazing August sun, the congressman was taken ill. He was a plain, blunt man. He halted the team and said:

"Gentlemen, I'm sick. I can't stand this any longer. I must have some medicine. Who in this crowd has got some whisky?"

Strange as it may seem, there wasn't a bottle in that Democratic vehicle. After many excuses and much palavering from the committee, Champ announced that it would be simply impossible for him to go on without something to stop the cramps. He insisted upon immediate return to Rolla. At that juncture one of the Prohibitionists remembered there was a distillery at Gaines' Mill.

"Driver," asked Champ, "how far is it to Gaines' Mill?"

"Seven miles," said the driver, after a brief calculation.

"How far is it back to Rolla?" asked Champ.

"Six miles," said the driver.

"Drive back to Rolla," said Champ, decisively.

The party returned to Rolla. That night Champ was to have addressed a meeting at the court house. His cramps had yielded to the usual Missouri treatment, but he had a "high fever," and the meeting was dismissed. The congressman left the district the next day.

## BIRDING THE THING.

Clubs for culture, classes for mental improvement and associations for the increase of scientific knowledge have positively been booming this summer among the women at the fashionable resorts. Up at Lenox the soul of the society leader has yearned after a closer acquaintance with natural history, and early in the spring the "birding" classes began—not birding in the schoolboy sense which implies snares and nest robbing, but birding in a purely Christian and scientific style. Twelve ladies put together a sum of money and secured the services of an advanced ornithologist who would captain the club and take it forth twice a week in search of feathered friends.

Such genuine anxiety to study birds was showed that the ornithologist has found it worth his while to remain in the Berkshires all summer, and his chief duty is to hold his classes a-field and explain things. At 5 o'clock in the morning he goes his rounds of the country houses, carrying a light ladder and a staff like an Alpine stock, and he finds the maids and matrons in golf suits awaiting him. Every woman carries an opera glass and over the dewy hills winds the club, harking to the professor's talk, trying to distinguish the songs of various birds or catch an identifying glimpse of the songsters by means of the glasses.

In the spring the professor would brace his ladder against a tree now and then, and boldly would the ladies mount to peep at the eggs or nestlings. For three solid hours the women tramp the fields and woods and then the entire club gathers at the home of a member, to be regaled with a hearty breakfast and relate their adventures to friends invited in.

While pursuit of the bird goes merrily on at Lenox, Newport this season is given over, heart and soul, to musical knowledge. Each week there are lectures on the various instruments used in orchestration, and up in the Bar Harbor neighborhood the country house colony assemble to enjoy mastication lunches. This is but one phase of the physical culture fad prevailing in the Maine settlements, and the women are united in the belief that it will reduce their waist measures, help their digestion, improve their complexions and prevent thoughtless gossip to give forty bites to every mouthful of food. Whether the forty bites has any effect or not it is hard to say, but the facts of the case are, that whether it is sewing on glove buttons or investigating the solar system, no woman is quite content until she organizes a club or class for the fulfillment of the duty on hand.

"If" a woman ever gets so "homely" she isn't worth looking at, she'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back the bloom of youth. S. F. Boyce.

# RAMAPO INQUIRY

## Van Wyck and Croker on the Rack, But Do the Racking.

## GET AFTER COUNSEL

## Say Mean Things to Morris and Croker Digs Up Something.

New York, Sept. 14.—Mayor Van Wyck occupied the witness chair before the committee charged with investigating the various departments of the municipal governments. The examination of the mayor by Counsel Morris took the form of an acrimonious colloquy, in the course of which Mr. Van Wyck intimated that Mr. Moss was trying to reach a seat on the supreme court bench by pressing a partisan investigation, and sneered at counsel's attainments as a lawyer.

Mr. Van Wyck began his testimony by saying he had, from the time he assumed office, been familiar with the Brooklyn water supply. He had not given the Ramapo Water company any contract consideration; it would be time enough for that when it reached him officially. It was, witness understood, a mere option, and could do no harm to the city. Witness had not consulted with the heads of departments regarding the contract; the officials, he said, were to use their own judgment and not to come to him for advice upon such subjects. Witness again said he would consider the Ramapo contract when it came before him.

"When will it come before you?" asked Mr. Moss.

"When I send for it."

"When will you send for it?"

"None of your business."

The witness was not convinced there was fraud in the Ramapo contract and advised counsel to call Comptroller Color and Bridge Commissioner Shea, the only city officials who had charged fraud. Counsel began formulating a question as to the duty of the mayor to remove commissioners who were incompetent.

"Oh," broke in the mayor, "you're talking of removals and you have been talking of legislating me out. Why don't you go ahead and do it and not be talking such impertinence, and why don't you receive that list of stockholders you were offered yesterday? You talk as though Silas B. Deutcher, Levi Morton and Levi Tracy, who had stock in this company, are a pack of thieves."

Richard Croker followed Mayor Van Wyck on the stand. He testified that he had not advised any of the commissioners on the subject of the Ramapo contract. Before he went to Europe last spring a committee of citizens had called upon the witness to urge the need of an improved water system. He was often visited by such committees seeking his aid and influence. Witness intended to inquire into the merits of the Ramapo contract.

"What are you going to do in the way of advising these gentlemen of the board of public improvement after you have made your investigation?" asked Mr. Moss.

"I am not going to tell you. You're not here for a fair investigation," replied Mr. Croker. "You're here for one side only, and for one purpose only. I've been looking you up, as I said I would when I was on the stand before. You told me I might do it and I have done it. It will prove you now a man of bad standing in this city. I will give what I know to the press here today. I have here a decision from the supreme court." So saying, Mr. Croker handed a written statement to the reporters present.

The statement concerning Mr. Moss which Mr. Croker gave to the reporters was an extract from an opinion of the justices of the general term of the supreme court in a case in which there was introduced evidence and a deposition attested before Mr. Moss and another as notary public. Mr. Moss was examined in court as to the authentication of the signatures of the deponent and the witness, but he admitted that the document was not signed in his presence and that he only knew the witness through the introduction by the principal. Mr. Justice Van Brunt expressed the opinion that the notaries (one of them Mr. Moss) should be criminally prosecuted for attesting instruments without having seen the signing of them and without the knowledge of the signers' identity which the law requires.


**REMOVAL NOTICE!**

The Duluth Fuel and Transfer Co.'s Office

IS NOW AT

**410 West Superior Street,**

Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

Remember we sell the best grade of COAL at Lowest Prices.


## DEIDRICH PROMOTED.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The president has appointed Henry W. Deidrich, United States consul at Magdeburg, to be consul at Bremen in place of Louis Lange, Jr., who retires as the result of an investigation by the state department into his office methods. The appointment is a substantial promotion for Mr. Deidrich and was recommended by Senator Cullom.

## SHOT WIFE AND SELF.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 14.—Driven insane through drink and despondency, Joseph Hammer last night shot his wife twice through the head. He ran from his home, and today his dead body was found on the Des Moines river bank, with a bullet hole in the temple. The woman cannot live.

## HOOKER IN BETTER SHAPE.

Washington, Sept. 14.—A cable dispatch has been received from Quartermaster Miller, of Manilla, giving information concerning the cable ship Hooker, which was wrecked on a reef near Corrigedor Island more than a month ago. It says: "Position of Hooker on reef shows slight alteration for better. Bids for saving vessel and cargo opened Sept. 15. Have sent to Hong Kong for appliances."

It is no secret that the Lanpher hat is one of the best-made hats in the market.


CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

REGULATE THE LIVER


# THE CORTES

## A Description of Spain's Parliament---A Very Dignified Body.

## A Salon Where Members and Visitors Chat, Smoke and Drink.

The parliamentary system has everywhere some common characteristics, as it also has peculiarities. The Spanish chambers in many things resemble those of France, Italy and Portugal, and in some things those of Great Britain, says the New York Evening Post. Spanish legislators and British resemble each other in these two points—moderation in their language and a disinclination to scenes of violence. In French parliament there is a scandal every week; in the Italian, every six months; in the Spanish, every ten years. But in the Spanish cortes better manners prevail than in the British parliament. Spanish legislators do not keep their hats on during the sessions; nor have they been known at any time to imitate the barking of dogs or the mewing of cats.

In Spain, as in England, the president of the upper house is appointed by the crown, and here the resemblance between the two chambers ends; for the composition of this upper house is different in the two countries. In the Spanish senate, unlike the lords, one-half of the members are elective, representing the provinces, the universities and academies, and other institutions. In Spain the eloquence is in the lower house, but the learning, the experience, the social importance are in the senate. Political debates are more brilliant in the lower house, but it is in the senate that financial, military and industrial questions are discussed with real ability and without rhetorical display. The senate has the same rights as the chamber of deputies, and one more besides—that of trying the ministers of the crown.

The hall in which the sessions of the senate are held is in shape a parallelogram; that of congress a semi-circle is the president's table; in front of the table is a sort of pulpit from which official documents are read by the secretaries; beside this pulpit is the stenographers' table. On the wall behind the president's table, in the congress, are tablets containing the names of celebrated Spanish statesmen and soldiers—Riego, El Empecinado, Arguelles, Palafox, Zurbano, Prim and others. The members do not speak from the tribune, as in France, but from their seats, as in England.

In the chambers no one receives any other title than that of senoria. The ministers, who are excellencies, and the cardinals, who are eminences outside the chambers, are there only senorias. The speaker has not to struggle, as in England with the complicated nomenclature of honorables, right honorables, learned and gallant; nor does he require either to know the name of the district which his opponent represents. Nothing of "the member for R., the member for H." Simply, Senor Fernandez, Senor Lopez, Senor Sagasta, Senor Moret. There is one exception to this—the deputy or senator who has a title of nobility is addressed by his title and not by his family name—Senor Marques de Sandoval, and not Senor Carvajal; Senor Duque de Tetuan, and not Senor O'Donnel.

Voting is of three kinds, ordinary, nominal and secret. Voting is called ordinary when there is no opposition, and it is therefore not necessary to count the votes. For voting to be nominal, it is sufficient for a few of the members to demand that it shall be so. Then each member, rising, votes from his seat, mentioning his name and adding yes or no. Secret voting is done by means of black and white balls. When a few of the members demand that the vote shall be secret the president touches an electric bell, which sounds in the corridors.

In Spain the president wears a Prince Albert coat and is escorted only by the secretary on duty and two mace bearers in mediaeval uniform. During the session two mace bearers, who are relieved every hour, stand behind the president's chair. In the palaces of the chambers there are no soldiers. There are only a few policemen.

Next to salon de sessions the most interesting place in the Spanish chambers is the salon de conferencias which is a large and handsome hall, both in the congress and in the senate. Here deputies, senators, politicians, journalists, diplomatists, strangers talk, gesticulate, laugh, smoke and intrigue. Men of all parties mingle; for in Spain, as in England, private friendships are in no way affected by political opinions. The tone which prevails is that of good breeding and cordiality. Two members who have just attacked each other in the salon de conferencias. The ministers and other personages not only allow themselves to be interviewed by the reporters, but seek these out in order to give them news. In these conversations of the salon de conferencias it is that a knowledge of Spanish politics is acquired. Members who in their speeches play a part and talk for the gallery, in the tintimacy of this salon, give frank expression to their views Senor Canovas del Castillo was very fond of conversing in this way. His conversation was instructive, sparkling and sarcastic, and did not confine itself to political questions of the hour, but touched also on literary subjects, historical reminiscences, etc. Senor Castelar was fond of entering into long dissertations, surrounded by a group of admiring deputies and reporters. Senor Sagasta talks little, but he listens attentively, smiling and stroking his beard.

In the salon de sesiones only the speakers are permitted to drink any beverage during the session. As soon as a member rises to speak a tray with two glasses of water is brought to him. Some speakers do not drink. They are observing a regimen." Senor Canovas sometimes drank cold black coffee and sometimes water with cognac. Senor Castelar drank orangeade. Most of the speakers take sugar and water. What they take when they are pronouncing a discourse they do not pay for, but they pay for what they consume at the bar. A curious fact is that, at the bar, there is one price for the senators, deputies and other personages, and another, lower, price for the reporters. The proprietors of the bars of the senate and the congress pay neither rent nor license, nor do they pay for gas or water; in exchange they are obliged to sell cheaper than the proprietors of the other cafes at Madrid.

But if, in the salon de sesiones, no one is allowed to drink except the speakers, every one may eat caramels freely. The president always has an abundant supply of these in one of the drawers of his table to present to the legislators who go up on the platform to visit him. The sessions of the chambers last four hours—from 2 to 6 in the afternoon. When there is a great deal of business to be transacted extraordinary sessions are held in the morning from 9 to 12 o'clock, and sometimes at night. The sessions are not opened with prayer, as in the United States, but begin, as in the British parliament, with questions addressed to the ministers by the deputies or senators. No time limit is set to the speeches. A member may continue speaking during the three hours the session lasts. Senor Romero Robledo, in 1872, spoke for five consecutive hours against the appropriation for the navy.

There are only three permanent committees in each chamber; the committee on budgets, the house committee, and the committee for the correction of style. The house committee has the same functions as the committee of a club—it has charge of the water, the lighting of the house, the attendants, the accounts, and the like. The committee on style revises the drafts of laws and other documents, and puts them in good Spanish. The other committees continue sitting only until their work is done, and are composed of from five to seven members. The committee on budget has fifteen members. According to the constitution, the draft of the budget must be presented to the lower house before it is presented to the senate; in exchange, the senate has the right to discuss treaties of peace and of commerce before the congress discusses them.

The president's office is given to some great political or military personage; to an important member of the nobility, or to a marshal. The president has no salary, but he receives $500 a month for the expenses attendant on the office. The president of the congress is elected by the deputies. In general, the minority presents no candidate in opposition to the one who has the votes of the majority, and in this way the president is elected unanimously. Each chamber has four vice presidents and three secretaries to be elected by the majority. The opposition elects the fourth vice president and the fourth secretary.

The presidents of the chamber employ the bell to command silence. Parliament has been forcibly dissolved in Spain only twice—in 1856, by Gen. O'Donnell, and in 1874, by Gen. Pavia. In 1856 the palace of the congress was bombarded while the cortes was in session. Senor Sagasta, who was then deputy for the first time, picked up a piece of shell from the floor and said: "Gentlemen, it is useless for us to continue the debate. Who is there here who can offer arguments as powerful as this one which Gen. O'Donnell has sent us?" In 1874 Gen. Pavia, who commanded the garrison of Madrid, dissolved the republican cortes, but had no need to bombard them. It was enough for a number of soldiers, under the command of Col. Iglesias, to enter the hall of sessions, to disperse the members. To frighten them the soldiers fired a few shots in the corridors.

There is not much faith in the parliamentary system, but it is regarded as preferable to absolutism or to the republic. When it has been attempted to destroy it, as the cabinet of Bravo Murillo did in 1852, an energetic resistance has been offered, not only by the liberal middle class, but also by the aristocratic conservative class and the army. The parliamentary system, as it is practiced in Spain, has, on doubt, many defects, and the party in power has always the advantage in the elections, but at least the affairs of the country are discussed in public, and some measure of attention is paid to public opinion.

## PAINTERS GAIN VICTORY.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 14.—The members of the Amalgamated Journeymen House Painters' association, who struck yesterday because of the failure of certain master painters to sign an agreement on time and wages, gained a partial victory today when twenty employers signed the agreement. As a result about 200 of the 1500 strikers have returned to work.


No mystery about Dent's Toothache Gum. It stops the ache. All druggists, 15 cents.


## Sunday, Sept. 17, the First Lake Superior Limited Will Run

To Duluth in four and a half hours, via Saint Paul & Duluth railroad, the only line that does it, leaving Minneapolis 2 p. m., St. Paul 2:25 p. m., and arriving in Duluth in ample time for dinner, the theater or social engagements. Runs every week day and Sundays over the smoothest track in the West.


**P. Beneteau Cognac Brandy.**

Quality, age, purity, ten years in wood. For sale at first-class saloons and drug stores.


Under present conditions of the market 25 cents should buy identically the same Coffee as formerly sold at 40 cents per pound.


**Baker's Premium Coffee**

(Known everywhere by its blue wrapper and yellow label.)

Fills the Bill.
Try It.

Packed in pound cartons.
All grocers sell it.

Baker & Co., Minneapolis, Minn., Importers and Roasters.

**Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.,**

WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTERS.


ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, September 14th, 1899.

In the Matter of the Estate of John D. Mackie, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Thomas H. Mackie, administrator of the estate of John D. Mackie, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 9th day of October, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, on the same day of the week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 14th day of September, A. D. 1899.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-14-21-28-1899.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# TROUBLE IN THIBET

## British Missionaries at Paorgan Forced to Flee In the Night.

## ANTI-CATHOLIC RIOT

### The Anti-Foreign Society at the Bottom of the Uprising.

San Francisco, Sept. 14.—A special from Tacoma, Wash., says: Telegrams have been received at Shanghai, announcing that several British missionaries have been driven out of the city of Paongan, situated 60 miles across the border in Andone province, Thibet. Over 3000 Lamas reside there, the majority of whom joined the anti-foreign society and drove the missionaries out. The latter include Mr. and Mrs. Shields and Mrs. Macbeth. For several weeks previous to the final riot the missionaries were compelled to stay in doors. Details are not known further than that the mission was destroyed and the missionaries barely escaped by journeying secretly by night.

Near Ichang and Chun King an anti-Catholic uprising was caused by the kidnapping of children. Children have been stolen almost by the wholesale by wandering gypsies, but the natives believe that they were eaten by the hated foreigners. A number of native Catholics have been killed. At Fuchow two natives were executed for circulating reports against the foreigners.

### GREAT NORTHERN WRECK.

#### Passenger Train Derailed Near Harlem, Mont., Yesterday.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—A Harlem, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: There was a bad wreck on the Great Northern four miles west of here yesterday. Passenger train No. 4 was derailed from some unknown cause, the engine, tender, baggage and mail cars and two coaches leaving the track.

The injured:

Mail Clerk Lannon, badly shaken up, but not serious.

Fireman McDermott, back injured.

Engineer Jones, broken arm.

Harry Lund, stock inspector, slight.

John Fleming, stock buyer, slight.

Tom Matthews, Fort Benton, slight.

Sheriff Tom Clary, Fort Benton, slight.

All passengers were more or less shaken up. The mail car was badly battered up.

### A MONTANA HANGING.

#### Indian Hung at Helena This Morning For Murder.

St. Paul, Sept. 14.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: In a drizzly rain, at exactly 6:10 this morning, Joseph Allen was hanged at the county jail, and fourteen minutes later life was pronounced extinct. At the request of the prisoner, no black cap was used. Allen exhibited proverbial Indian gameness, walking to the gallows unaided, and after being jerked into the air, no quiver was visible. Allen made no statement. Allen's mother arrived here yesterday from Idaho and made a futile attempt to secure clemency.

The crime for which Allen suffered the death penalty was the murder of J. S. Reynolds, his partner in the sheep shearing business, committed twenty miles north of Helena about July 17, 1898.

### TARTAR RELEASED.

#### British Foreign Office Gives the Governor a Tip.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Clearance papers have been allowed the Tartar at Hong Kong. It is expected that she will proceed to the United States at once. The information that the clearance had been allowed come in a dispatch to Adjt. Gen. Corbin this morning from Col. Metcalf, commanding the Twentieth Kansas and the troops aboard the transport.

It is supposed the clearance papers were allowed upon the suggestion of the British foreign office to the British governor at Hong Kong that it would be unwise to interfere with American transports. Another dispatch from Col. Metcalf in reply to one sent yesterday, states that the Tartar was no more overcrowded and that the food was as good as on other transports leaving Manilla. He said that the trouble arose among the discharged regular soldiers who were returning home on board the ship.

### FILIPINOS HAD THE RANGE.

Washington, Sept. 14.—The following dispatch has been received at the navy department: "Manilla, Sept. 14.—Secretary of the Navy, Washington: Davidson, commanding Paragua, reports engagement at Palmeso. Vessel struck many times by rifle shots; no casualties. Paragua silenced insurgents' fire in twenty minutes; range from 400 to 800 yards. Davidson destroyed Filipino schooner."

### POLICE RAID ROYALISTS.

Paris, Sept. 14.—Fresh police raids were made this morning on the residences of prominent Royalists.

### FILIPINO POLICE.

Manilla, Sept. 14, 6:15 p. m.—The Filipino police, numbering 250 men, armed with revolvers, became operative at Manilla today. The force is controlled by the provost marshal and was reviewed on the Luneta.

### ENGINEERS TALK STRIKE.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 14.—George Uhler, president of the national M. E. B. A., is here to consult the engineers relative to a general strike on the lakes if a new wage scale is not arranged by the Lake Carriers' association. A decision will be reached within a week. The engineers so far seem in favor of a tieup.

### THREE KILLED IN WRECK.

Bakersfield, Cal., Sept. 14.—Northbound passenger train No. 8, on the Southern Pacific railroad ran into the rear end of the Porterville accommodation train at Formosa, about twenty miles north of here, last night. Mrs. Maggie Majors, of Los Angeles, Mrs. Ross, her mother, and Mrs. Larue were killed. Engineer Wright and fireman Keller, were seriously injured and their condition is precarious. A track walker whose name is not known was badly hurt.


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DULUTH MACHINERY CO.,
3rd Ave. E. and Ry. Tracks.


### PENALTY FOR MISTAKE.

#### Two Killed as the Result of Misunderstanding Orders.

Pittsburg, Sept. 14.—Two men were killed and two injured in a collision on the Pittsburg, Virginia & Charleston railroad near Bairds station, last night, between the pay train and a freight train.

Killed:

Edward Robacher, engineer.

Charles Bettig, fireman.

Injured.

J. K. Aiken, paymaster.

Unknown tramp. The injured will recover. The accident was caused by a misunderstanding of orders.

### DREYFUS DEMONSTRATION.

#### Jawish Atonement Day Marked By Demonstration In London.

London, Sept. 14.—The Jewish Atonement day was celebrated here, especially in the east end, with Dreyfus demonstrations. A procession with a banner inscribed "Dreyfus—the martyr." "All the civilized world demands his instant release." Marched through Spitalfield.

Chief Rabbi Adler, preaching in the great synagogue said: "The day Dreyfus was sentenced was more disastrous for France than Waterloo, and more humiliating than Sedan."

### GOLF AT BALTIMORE.

#### Championship Game Opens at the Country Club Today.

Baltimore, Sept. 14.—Owing to the large number of starters in the golf championship, which began at the Country club today, the officials of the association had the players paired off at 7:30 o'clock. The weather was perfect.

James Foulis, of Chicago, and David Hunter, of Baltusrol, were the first to drive off, and Foulis was the first man to find the bunker protecting the first green. The hole cost him dive while Hunter was four. Joe Lloyd, of the Essex County club, of Manchester, was the second man in the bunker, and he took six of the holes, which is ordinarily done in four. Amateur Champion Harriman started with Alec Smith, of Chicago, who is picked as a winner. Harriman made a wretched drive, but played safe on his second and holed out in five. Smith taking four for the hole. Travis, who started with Bernard Nichols, of Philadelphia, also made the first hole in four, and Auchterlonie made three at the start. Champion Herd made his drive, and while he was in the green, his second hole cost him five, while Anderson, his partner narrowly missed a three.

Most of the players were well on their way for the first round by 10 o'clock with good-sized galleries following the matches.

### DAMAGE BY FLOOD.

#### High Water Works Havoc In Germany and Austria.

Berlin, Sept. 14.—The floods are causing widespread damage in Southern Germany and Austria. The greater part of Ziwiekeau is inundated. The railway bridge over the Isen, between Meuhldorf and Rohrbach, went down with a train, and five persons were killed or drowned. All the tributaries of the Danube in Austria are flooded. A bridge over the Schwarza, at Payert, collapsed and ten persons were carried away.

Advices from Kalisch, in Russian Poland, say that thirty-two persons were crushed to death in a panic in a synagogue there, caused by the upsetting of a lamp. The victims were all women and children. Many others were injured.

### THE FRENCH BUDGET.

Paris, Sept. 14.—The French budget for 1900 shows an increase in the estimated expenditures of 45,000,000 francs. The war and marine ministries ask for 26,000,000 francs increase for the supplementary force in Algiers and the building of new warships. The national debt amounts to thirty milliards.


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HANDSOME RUGS MADE FROM OLD CARPETS.
Send card to SUPERIOR RUG MFG. CO. for particulars; 1516 Fifth st., West Superior, Wis. Tel. 4418.

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A. ROBERTSON, 25 East First street.

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C. VOLLAND—Manufacturer of all kinds of Hats. Single Hats sold at factory prices. 109 East Superior street.

**Wholesale Commission.**
O. J. OLSON & CO.,
Flour, Feed, Butter and Eggs
210 W. Michigan St. Telephone 213.


### NOTICE TO ATTORNEYS.

Hereafter The Evening Herald will run all probate notices three times, as required by law, for $1. The regular price for this class of work heretofore has been $6 for three publications, and this will be a considerable saving to estates that have to be probated.

# CAT AND DOG TIME

## Trust Conference Delegates Get By the Ears and Tumult Reigns.

## FACTIONS LINED UP

### Pro's and Antis Clash Over the Procedure Relative to Resolution.

Chicago, Sept. 14.—The second day's session of the trust conference opened here today with William Wirt Howe, of New Orleans, in the chair, and a falling off in the attendance of both delegates and spectators.

Chairman Howe proceeded at once to business by putting before the house a resolution, introduced by F. C. Farr, of Missouri, for the appointment of the important committee on resolutions. He called for a committee of fifteen, to be selected by Chairman Howe. To this committee all resolutions, according to Mr. Farr, were to be referred without reading or debate. The motion instantly developed the undercurrent of strife between the factions for and against trusts, which yesterday threatened the convention's harmony. An amendment was proposed, various speakers vigorously urging that the resolution be amended to allow the delegates themselves to appoint one committeeman from each state.

The original motion was not acted upon, but the amendment in regard to the majority appointed was carried by a standing vote of 99 to 14.

Governor Atkinson from West Virginia declared that it was unfair to bind the delegates by resolution. The debate waxed warm, and the delegates clamored for recognition. Ex-Governor Luce of Michigan thundered that the reference to a committee without reading or debate meant that many a well-meant effort would go to sleep in the hands of the committee, and "sleep the sleep of death." At this sally there was a ripple of merriment, which ceased with the clamor of others who wished to be heard. Taylor, of Indiana; Prince, of Texas, and Collins, of Illinois, were heard.

The pro-trust people and the antis were fearful, it became evident, that one side or the other would secure control and bind the minority to something of which they disapproved.

Edward Rosewater, editor of the Omaha Bee, won applause in an informal speech, in which he declared that the people of the United States had the courage of their convictions.

He averred that the conference should adopt such resolutions as it saw fit.

It remained for W. Bourke Cochran to repeat his performance of yesterday, when he restored harmony which was lost in an endeavor to secure a committee on program. Upon his suggestion, it was finally decided that the committee on resolutions consist of not only one representative of each state delegation, but of each national organization. To this it was resolved that all resolutions be deferred without reading or debate.

Lawson Purdy, of the New York Tariff Reform club, was then introduced, opening the tariff debate, speaking in part as follows:

"I do not contend that the only cause for combination which restrain trade is the tariff, but the tariff does foster and assist in maintaining such combinations. I believe we have passed the point where any objection can be raised to the abolition of protective duties on the ground that they sustain or raise wages.

"The truth is that the tariff, by shutting out foreign competition, enables the trusts to shut down domestic factories, employ less labor and thereby reduce wages. Mills make money by shutting down instead of by the production of goods."

Byron W. Holt, of the New England Free Traders' club, followed.

J. F. Scanlon, of Illinois, took up the cudgel on behalf of the protectionists. He rallied with a storm of mingled hisses and applause by declaring that it was a brave man who, after the experience of the last few years, would advocate a policy of free trade. He compared the conditions of the country at various times to show that prosperity was greatest when the tariff was highest.

W. P. Potter, of Philadelphia, spoke about "Co-operation Rather Than Competition." His address was a defense of the trusts. He said in closing: "In all the combinations that have thus far been made, prices have been but slightly increased by reason of the consolidation, and comparatively few men have been thrown out of work. The movement is the outgrowth of natural conditions, and opposition to it is based upon a misunderstanding of the fact that it is the application of a great and effectual remedy to the crushing demoralization of business which was the result of unlicensed and excessive competition. Any attempt to crush out or interfere with the proper and reasonable workings of this remedy is utterly hopeless. The movement is bound to continue until practically all industrial activities are brought into a system of co-operation. You can supervise and you can regulate, if desired. But the people who have suffered in the past from the effects of the competitive system will not give up the right to co-operate in the future."

Congressman Thomas Updegraff, of Iowa, followed. He said in part: "A monopolistic trust, I am against. An aggregation of capital, however large, properly managed, I am for. As I said, I am not fool enough to want to kill the goose that lays daily the golden egg. I don't care whether the tariff is the mother of the trusts or not. That don't touch the question. If the tariff be in any sense the mother of trusts, what would you do? I will tell you what we will do. We will take care of the mother and save her; we will raise her children in the admonition and the nurture of the Lord. That is the way to manage trusts. You cannot have rich soil without weeds."

A paper by Horatio W. Seymour, publisher of the Chicago Chronicle, was next read by Jacob H. Hopkins. It was in part as follows:

"The trusts or combinations which should be destroyed and which can be destroyed, are those which exist by reason of the protective tariff or which could not exist if there were no protective tariff, and those which either in their organization or their methods since organization, have adopted criminal practices and are therefore amenable to the criminal laws. In the one case, there is an unwise and unjust legislation; in the other, there is the enforcement of penalties which run against individuals hiding behind trust organizations as well as they do against individuals who stand upon their own responsibility.

"These are sample remedies, and the wonder is, not that they are needed, but that, being needed, they are not applied. The reason is to be found, I think, in a certain weakening of the moral fibre of the American people, partly as a result of the economic errors which have been inculcated so industriously and partly in response to the tireless propaganda of calumny and calamity which has become in a public disease affecting injuriously the entire people. It is indicated quite clearly that the development of great financial energy in this country, has been attended by a decided loss of the one on the part of the people. There is not an unlawful business or unlawful combination in America today that does not owe its existence to some unfaithful representative of the people. These trusts or combinations against which the laws do not run are no more to be decried than any other manifestation or business enterprise.

"The American republic needs a doctrine for the instruction of youth and for the admonition of the aged which will show that no abuse of power is too deep-seated for correction. One immediate and wholesome effect of such a topic would be the impartial enforcement of wise law against all offenders and the repeal of obviously unwise laws regardless of the protests of their beneficiaries. No unlawful trust could stand for a day in the face of public sentiment."

The convention then recessed until 3 o'clock.


**BRAIN WORKERS**
will find an excellent restorative for the fatigue of mental overwork in
**Horsford's Acid Phosphate**
Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.


# WEST DULUTH

Alderman Sang says that he and Alderman Barnes are not at loggerheads over the appointment to the board of health. The twain are just like one, Alderman Sang says, and their hearts keep time. He did not name any candidate as having been agreed on between them, however.

Dr. I. B. Kenney and wife left this morning for Redlands, Cal., where they will make an extended visit. Their departure is a loss to West Duluth. Dr. Kenney had practiced here since 1895, and both had made many friends. The doctor has not decided where he will locate.

Victor Method, who went to the hospital to have his arm treated, is out again. The bones were broken at the old fracture and the ends wired together.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nold, of 414 Fifty-fifth avenue west, yesterday morning.

West Duluth presented a Sunday aspect yesterday, nearly everybody having gone to the fair.

Richard Shell left today for the Black Hills, to be gone for a couple of months. He goes to look after some mining interests there.

Rev. S. A. Jamieson of Westminster Presbyterian church has gone on his vacation. He will visit at his old home in Canada, where he has not been for thirty years. He will be absent about two weeks.

Lew Armstrong is home from the Twin Cities.

Timothy Hayes, who lost both legs in a railroad wreck on the Santa Fe road in Texas recently, is in the hospital at Kansas City. He is reported to be doing well.

The ball game between the Indian club and the Gitchee Gummee team, of West Superior, which was to have been played Friday, has been postponed until some day next week. It was deferred on account of the bicycle races at the fair grounds.

The Degree of Honor will give a social tomorrow evening in Gilley's hall. Ice cream will be served.

J. I. Stewart, who is ill with cancer of the stomach, was very low today, there being but little change from yesterday. He is delirious all the time.

Miss Alice Shannon, Miss Lillie Scott and Miss Myrtle Scott have just returned from a trip to St. Paul.

### Water to Be Turned Off.

The water will be turned off in West Duluth from 11 o'clock p. m. Thursday until 4:30 a. m. Friday.

R. R. DUNN,
Receiver.

### $5.75 Excursion Rates $5.75

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS AND RETURN, VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

Tickets on sale Sept. 16, 17, 18 and 19. Good returning Sept. 23. Round trip, St. Paul and Minneapolis, $5.75. Only line with three daily trains, leaving Duluth, day express, 9 a. m., the limited 1:55 p. m., night express 11:15 p. m. Tickets at West End, West Duluth and Twentieth avenue depots, Union station and city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

MARK TWAIN'S BEGINNING.

Just how Samuel L. Clemens—Mark Twain—began his literary career has never been told. In one of his books he tells how from the "soundings" on Mississipp boats he selected his nom de plume, but as to the very important preliminary episode in his life leading up to it he is as reticent as in his lecture on the Argonauts, in which he makes no mention of those who went in quest of the golden fleece. Of his first published article and the incidents connected with its writing and publication he has always been as mum as a church mouse.

"There is one man who knows these details—Gen. B. B. Bunker, of Candia, N. H. I had the good fortune to meet Gen. Bunker the other day in Lakewood, N. J., says a writer in the New York Herald.

Gen. Bunker told of playing a game of cards with Clemens, in which the latter lost even his coat, trousers and boots. From the frequent terse and pithy observations interjected into the game by Mr. Clemens the general saw there was something in him above the ordinary steamboat pilot, and when, a few days later, official business called him to Aurora, a hundred miles from Carson City, he asked Clemens to go with him, and the invitation was accepted.

On the day following their return Mr. Clemens asked the general if he would like to hear his written description of the trip, and he said he would.

"Well," said Gen. Bunker to me, "Mr. Clemens read me his description. I put it very mildly when I say I was utterly dumfounded. I had been dazzled before by his occasional flashes of wit. They were firefly flashes. This was the full, resplendent light of the midday sun. We had a talk about that article—short, sharp and decisive.

"'Sam, what are you going to do with that sketch?' I asked.

"'Do nothing with it.'

"'Sam, you have a fortune in that brain of yours if you only know how to use it. Send that sketch to the San Francisco Union and they will pay you $100 for it.'

"'You are talking wild. They wouldn't publish such nonsensical trash.'

Clemens was finally induced to send the story to the San Francisco paper, but on one point the general said, Clemens was firm. He would not consent to sign the sketch with his own name. He did not care to have any one know, and particularly his mother, that he could be guilty of writing such trash. Of course another name had to be signed, and "Mark Twain" was selected.

A few days later the San Francisco paper came with the sketch, and close on its heels came by express a check for $100.

"The check," said Gen. Bunker, "was drawn, of course, to the order of Mark Twain. There was great curiosity to know who Mark Twain was. The agent of the express company could find no such person, and a letter to the same address in the postoffice from the editor of the paper soliciting further contributions from Mr. Twain was uncalled for. However, the secret had to come out, and 'Sam' got his money, and an opening for himself in a new career in the field of literary work just suited to his talents, and in the pursuit of which his genius has given him supremacy, fame and riches."

A JOHN ALLEN JOKE.

No man in congress has a keener sense of humor than John Allen, of Mississippi, who for various reasons has been much in the public eye during the past few months, says the Saturday Evening Post. Not long ago, in the midst of a very interesting speech, a member on the other side of the chamber asked:

"May I interrupt the gentleman from Mississippi for a moment?"

"Is it for applause?" queried Mr. Allen. "The gentleman from Mississippi allows no interruptions except for applause."

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.


**Volcanic Eruptions**
Are grand, but Skin Eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them, also Old Running and Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, Warts, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Best Pile cure on earth. Drives out Pains and Aches. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

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Only Perfect Train in the World.
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| 4:15 p. m. | Lv. W. Superior | Ar. | 11:00 a. m. |
| 4:35 p. m. | Lv. Superior | Ar. | 10:37 a. m. |
| 7:25 p. m. | Lv. Ashland | Ar. | 7:45 a. m. |
| 4:14 a. m. | Am. Neenah | Lv. | 11:55 p.m. |
| 4:34 a. m. | Ar. Oshkosh | Lv. | 11:31 p.m. |
| 5:09 a. m. | Ar. Fond du Lac | Lv. | 10:55 p. m. |
| 7:15 a. m. | Ar. Milwaukee | Lv. | 8:45 p. m. |
| 9:45 a. m. | Ar. Chicago | Lv. | 6:25 p.m. |

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

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The Best and Most Complete Corset Department in the City.

We show several styles in fancy Dotted Silks, evening shades, boned throughout with rust-proof light flexible steel that will not rust—

**$2.50.**

FANCY PIQUE—boned with rust-proof, for—

**$1.00.**

THE "REDFERN" Corsets, the best in the world—a French gored Corset, suitable for American figures—

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MODEL B has long full hip measurements, and is especially suited to figures inclined to stoutness.

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THE enjoyment derived from being perfectly corseted is of too great importance to be lightly treated. It requires but a little time—if you advise with our competent saleswoman—to be becomingly suited. Fashion decrees that the low-bust and short-hip corset *with the long-waist effect* shall be the correct model. We have it in the Redfern, also the high, gored bust and the full hips, so beautifully designed that it draws in the abdomen, thereby giving the hip the curve which is so earnestly desired. Talk with our saleswoman; there is a model to suit you.



A perfect assortment of Redfern models always at our store.

The "Flexibone" Moulded Corset—Another high grade Corset at—

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As a special we are offering one lot of 50c, 75c and $1.00 Corsets, some sizes missing, at ..... **39c**

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## NOT A COLLECTION AGENCY.

### But Some People Think That Mayor Truelsen Is.

Mayor Truelsen is beginning to wonder if there is anything in his appearance that resembles a collection agency. There seems to be a striking resemblance somewhere, for more than one person has recently endeavored to place outstanding accounts in the hands of the mayor for collection. This morning the mayor received a letter from John Schlander, of Teton, Mont., in which the writer would like to add the troubles and worry of the collection agent to that of the mayor's official duties. The letter is interesting. It reads:

"City mayor of Duluth. Mr. Henry Truelsen. There is a man, there is a teamster on the fire hall stable on First street and Piedmont avenue by named —— and that man owns my $1 and that is fore 3 years since I died the work for him and him has never payd my for it and I think a man that died it pay his debts should not be allowed to work for a city, and I hope you will be so good to toll him to send my that dollor.

"This man is —— teamster on the fire stable on First street and Piedmont avenue."

The mayor says that —— might have been a teamster on the fire stable three years ago, but he don't think he has stayed up there all this time, and it is doubtful if he could get up on the top of the fire hall to collect the dollar, even if he were in the business of making collections.

### Pleaded Eloquently.

Even the municipal court has seen better days. This morning there was only one drunk and he got off. His name was James O'Connors. He had tears in his eyes, tears in his voice and tears concealed about his person. He stood before the judge and told a pathetic tale of an old gray-haired mother, in a little cottage by the sea, on the rough shamrock coast of Northern Ireland. She was the mother of a large family of which he was the surviving member, hope and mainstay. It was his first offense and the court allowed him to go under a suspended sentence.

Late yesterday afternoon Mabel McCarthy was convicted of keeping a house of bad repute, into which she endeavored to entice two police officers in citizens' clothes. She was fined $55, which she agreed to pay rather than take 30 days in jail.

### R. C. Munger's Mind Affected.

R. C. Munger, of St. Paul, well known in Duluth, and a brother of R. S. Munger, has been taken into custody in St. Paul and will be examined as to his sanity. He seems to be suffering from paresis and the failing of his mind is attributed to the financial misfortunes which have overtaken him within the past few years. Mr. Munger is about 60 years old, and has lived in St. Paul for many years. He was long known as the leading dealer in musical instruments and supplies and conducted a large and prosperous business. Reverses overtook him and within a few years he went into insolvency.

**Will Go On Your Bond!**

CONTRACTORS' BONDS
ASSIGNEES' BONDS
LODGE BONDS
COURT BONDS

American Bonding & Trust Co.,
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk

## STORY OF A WALL.

### History of Improvement Now Being Made to Costello Block.

There is a pile of bricks in front of the Costello block, at 18 East Superior street, and in that pile of bricks is a pathetic little story of how two large store rooms have lived happily and vaccantly for many years with but a single wall. Now these two rooms are undergoing the process of a formal separation. In 1884 J. J. Costello built the block in which there were two large store rooms, opening on Superior street, and separated by a wall twenty inches thick. It was a case of mortgage at first sight, and the east half of the building was mortgaged to a man named Whitridge, living in Baltimore, and the west half to the Northwestern Life Insurance company of Milwaukee. The mortgage to the Baltimore man included the separating wall, and this left the west half of the building with only three walls. Recently the insurance company wanted three walls and a half, and this is said to have so irritated the Baltimore man that he informed the Milwaukee company that it would have to unhook its loan from his wall. The only thing left for the insurance company was to build a wall of its own, and now the two rooms will be kept apart by a 40-inch solid brick wall.

All Lanpher hats have the name "Lanpher" on the leather.

### Case Is Dismissed.

Some time ago a suit was began by the Ironton Tug company against Richard T. O'Connor, who was then United States marshal of this state, and his bondsmen to recover $3000, which was claimed to be the amount of the damages sustained by the tug L. L. Lyon, which partially burned while in the hands of the marshal. Today a dismissal of the suit was filed in the United States court.

For a clear skin—clear all the way through, transparent enough to let sunshine, rosy cheeks show through, take Rocky Mountain Tea. S. F. Boyce.

BATTENBERG, DUCHESS, POINT LACE. FINISHED WORK, MATERIALS AND PATTERNS.

FALL SUPPLY NOW ARRIVING.

MRS. FRANKLIN PAINE,
106 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

# VOSS IS SHREWD

## He Was First to Anticipate Trouble and Cashed the $5000 Check.

## CITY HAS THE MONEY

### Bank Is Thus Prevented From Stopping Payment of the Certified Check.

One of the clever moves of the city in its fight against E. H. Gay and the New First National bank has been lost sight of in the shuffle of entangling situations. Today the city seems to have won out on every hand. But to City Treasurer Voss probably belongs the credit of the star play of the game. Had it not been for Mr. Voss the city might easily have been out the $5000 forfeit or else had a great deal of trouble and expense in getting it. Now if the New First National bank wants the guarantee very badly, its representatives will have to come here and fight for it through the courts, at a risk of not only losing the check, but also paying the costs and disbursements of the litigation.

The check which the New First National bank deposited with the city to guarantee that it would carry out its contract and take the bonds was a certified check of the New First National bank, instead of the cash. From the recent turn of affairs, it seems probable that the bank would have stopped payment on this check in case the city tried to claim it under forfeiture, but Mr. Voss, who has not been figuring very prominently on the firing line, effectually blocked all possibility of stopping payment by going to the city clerk's office and asking for the check, which was given him.

Mr. Voss tucked the check carefully away in his inside pocket, walked down to the First National bank of this city, and had it cashed before the New First National bank of Columbus or Mr. Gay could get the slightest inkling. Mr. Voss cashed this check on Aug. 1, and at that date there did not seem to be any doubt in the minds of the other city officials but that the bank would take the issue as prescribed in their contract, whether assigned to Mr. Gay or not. Yesterday when the last day of grace given the bank to take the bonds had expired, certain city officers began to plan for taking possession of the check, but were informed that the city treasurer had the $5000 in cash, salted down to the credit of the bond deal. The money will now doubtless be turned into the general fund.

Had the bank been able to stop payment on the check, the city would have had to go to Columbus to fight the matter through the Ohio courts. Now the law suit, which seems inevitable, will have to be fought out here and the New First National bank will be taking nearly if not all the risks.

This morning the bond situation had taken on no new features. Nothing had been heard from E. H. Gay or the New First National bank, although it was generally expected that something in the way of news would come over the wire from Columbus before the end of the day. As the situation stands today, the New First National bank has forfeited its $5000 guarantee to the city. The city is released from all obligations to deliver the bonds to the New First National bank, but the bank is not released from its contract, except at the option of the city.

The next step of the city will probably be to call a special meeting of the council and reaward the bond issue. In this, however, the city is in no hurry, as the $5000 forfeited check will pay for lost time. If the New First National bank should come to time, and say that it would take the issue at a premium of $15,250, and without further delay or filibustering, the city would probably award it the issue, but it seems more probable that A. R. Macfarlane will take the bonds, and do it to a much better advantage to the city than the New First National bank is capable of doing at this time. It is expected that E. H. Gay will do all he can to handicap Mr. Macfarlane in placing the bonds.

In case E. H. Gay continues to push the suit he began last Saturday to test the validity of the issue and discredit it in the eyes of the financial world, it may be necessary for the city to carry the fight into the courts without delay, and after the legality of the bonds has been established by a ruling of the supreme court, the city can go ahead and place the bonds with Mr. Macfarlane, or in case anything should turn up to prevent Mr. Macfarlane's taking them, the council could readvertise the sale, and bar the First National bank and E. H. Gay from bidding. This would take time, and the city is paying out about $40 a day in interest till the bonds are placed, but still the city officials reflect that the $5000 check will pay for time lost, and today the mayor and city attorney are taking a rest after the hard fighting of the past week, and are waiting to hear how the Columbus bank and Mr. Gay are enjoying this refreshing fall weather.

**MISS PARSONS** WILL CONTINUE HER
Complexion and Hair Dressing Parlors in Duluth at the present location OVER THE BIG DULUTH.
MISS HOLMES, Assistant.

### Against Vaccination.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I am pleased to see "A Parent" has the courage to take up the fight against compulsory vaccination of school children. I agree with all "A Parent" said and I believe something should be done at once to put a stop to it. I will give $5 towards legal action to test the validity of, and the repeal of the law. Will deposit the amount as soon as others express a desire to join the movement. Will double the amount, if necessary.

ANOTHER PARENT.

Duluth, Sept. 14.

### Sunday Evening Concert.

Franz Schultz has arranged a concert to be given next Sunday evening at Turner hall. He will be assisted by the Concordia quartet, consisting of Messrs. Gruesen, Wirth, Hase and Schultz; Miss Julia Donovan, contralto; Miss Minnie Schultz, contralto; Bruno Eyferth, humorist; Victor Kohn, of Chicago, flute; Ch. Trautvetter, violin, and Gerard Tenning, piano. After the concert a meeting will be held to take steps leading to the organization of a new singing society, or the awakening of the old Concordia society. The German society of Superior will attend in a body.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

## VERDICTS FOR DEFENDANTS.

### Two of Them Win In the District Court.

There were two verdicts returned in district court this morning, and both of them were for the defending parties. In the personal injury case of Ole Nickelson against the Northern Pacific, in which the recovery of $1999 for the loss of two legs by the plaintiff's son was sought, the jury found that the road was not at fault, and gave it a verdict. The case went to the jury at 4:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and half an hour after court had adjourned, at 5:30 o'clock, a verdict was reached. It was sealed and delivered to court this morning. Washburn & Bailey were the attorneys for the road.

The case of the Western Land association against Charles A. Banks et al, involving the title to some land on Minnesota Point, resulted similarly after the jury had been out about fifteen minutes, a verdict for the defendant having been reached in that time. At noon Judge Ensign in room No. 3, had just taken up the case of the Duluth Trust company, as administrator of the state of Archibald Finlayson, deceased, against Luther Mendenhall, as receiver of the Duluth Street Railway company. This is one of a series of suits against the street railway company to recover damages for the lives lost in the Lake avenue collision between a fire truck and a street car last summer. The amount sought is $5000.

In Judge Moer's court the case of C. C. Tear against P. R. Vail et al was still on trial this afternoon. This morning and part of yesterday afternoon there was introduced testimony from a number of attorneys as to the value of such services as those performed by Capt. Teare. There was very much the usual divergence in the testimony of expert witnesses, depending on the side for which they were testifying. This morning J. L. Washburn, P. C. Schmidt and John Jenswold, Jr., testified in behalf of the defendant, showing that the customary charges for such services as those performed by Capt. Teare were considerably lower than those that made up the claim of $1500.

One of the items was $150 for a retainer, and as to this several of the attorneys testified that it was not the custom of attorneys here to accept retainers, except such as might be considered an advance payment for services to be rendered. As a separate charge it was practically never made.

**Concert by Franz Schultz**
NEXT SUNDAY EVENING,
AT TURNER HALL. Tickets, 25c.

### Trouble Getting Counsel.

George Fitzgibbon, who is under indictment for grand larceny in the second degree and who said that he had no money with which to pay an attorney, has had quite a time getting counsel. At first the court appointed John Brown and the prisoner said he did not want him and asked to have a change made. J. H. Boyle was then appointed by the court, but this morning Judge Boyle sent word that he could not serve, and W. J. Stevenson was appointed.

The grand jury will meet tomorrow morning to draw up its report and while there will be no investigation of public matters for the purpose of basing indictments, the jury may go into the matters that have been discussed in its report. Some witnesses have been subpoenaed for tomorrow morning, and as the criminal business is all completed this is taken as indicating an intention to look the gambling and other matters up a little for the purpose of getting material for a report. This will be the first time the jury has met in the morning.

**FOR RENT.**

8-room house at Woodland; good condition. Cheap.

7-room house, all modern conveniences, at East End, on car line, at very reasonable rent.

6-room house, No. 310 Fourteenth avenue east; modern.

11-room house at Lester Park; all conveniences, with barn.

9-room house, 320 Fourth avenue west; steam heat.

Stryker, Manley & Buck
Real Estate, Rents and Loans. Torrey Bldg.

### New Division Organized.

Last night a division of the Loyal Guards was organized by Deputy Supreme Commander Dr. Bela Cogshall, of Flint, Mich., in Kalamazoo hall, and officers elected. The division starts off with fifty charter members, including many of the prominent business and professional men, and bids fair to make a lively and healthy society. The charter will be left open for a few days to enable those who desire to join to become charter members.

Dr. Cogshall has made an excellent record. In less than thirty days he has written over $60,000 of insurance and organized a division which will be the headquarters for the order in the state. The order is rapidly spreading and has been lately admitted to eleven states. Its headquarters are at Flint, Mich. Governor Pingree, several congressmen and many judges of the courts are behind the order. In Michigan 125 divisions are planted in its home state.

### The Ball Games.

Some of the Duluth ball players left for Bayfield this morning to strengthen the team of that city in a local game. Howe, Lambert and Featherstone, of Duluth, and Schwartz, Hart and Isbell, of Superior, were to be added to the Bayfield team. Hart and Schwartz arrived in Superior this morning but were too late to catch the Bayfield train, Isbell did not come up from St. Paul but will be here to pitch against Duluth on Sunday. The line up of the two teams in the games this week will be:

| Duluth— | | Superior— |
|---|---|---|
| Howe | catcher | Keefe or Schwartz |
| Patterson | pitcher | Wiggs or Isbell |
| Featherstone | first base | Isbell or Ritches |
| Page | second base | Porter |
| Sheppard | short stop | Hart |
| Allen | third base | Thiery |
| Wechtel | left field | O'Donnell |
| Lambert | middle field | Pease |
| Matchett | right field | Schwartz or Millard |

### "A Black Sheep" Coming.

Hoyt's "A Black Sheep," which was seen at the Lyceum a short time ago will be here again next Monday evening. The Minneapolis Journal said of it when it appeared there last Sunday evening:

"With two or three exceptions, the Metropolitan never held as large an audience on Sunday night as gathered last evening to welcome William De Vere and his associates in Hoyt's 'A Black Sheep,' and, judged by the laughter and applause that the performance evoked, every one felt well repaid for being present. 'A Black Sheep' is one of Hoyt's happiest creations, bristling with bright lines, hilarious situations and replete with musical and other specialties. The specialties are all good and the numerous encores accorded them last night prolonged the performance at least fifteen minutes."

# COMING UP NEXT WEEK

## Trial of P. G. Kraemer May Be Taken Up on Monday Next.

## CRIMINAL CALENDAR

### Dan Dillon, Charged With Victimizing a Bowery Innocent, on Trial.

Peter G. Kraemer, formerly a commission man doing business on Lake avenue south, will be placed on trial in district court next week, probably next Monday, for the crime of receiving stolen property, the charge against him being that he received a large quantity of flour from F. E. Culver, knowing that it was stolen by the latter from the possession of the Northern Steamship company. The flour was part of the cargo of the steamer Arthur Orr, which was wrecked on the north shore last fall. Kraemer and others were indicted last spring in connection with the matter, but the case against him was continued from term to term until the present time, when it is about to come to trial. The case has attracted considerable interest.

The trial of criminal cases was taken up before Judge Cant in district court this morning, beginning with the case against Dan Dillon, who was indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. He is accused of having stolen from the person of one John Shute, on the afternoon of June 9. The story of the complaining witness as told on the stand this morning, if it is true, indicates that he was the victim of a common confidence game. He arrived in Duluth that morning from the state of Washington on his way to Eveleth with $240 in $20 gold pieces in his pocket. In the afternoon he met Dillon in the Union depot, and Dillon made friends with him at once. Together they went up to see the town. In a saloon on the Bowery Dillon met a stranger and they began to shake dice together. The stranger said that he was from Kentucky, and that down in the blue grass country they shook dice differently. He said that down there they took three dice and threw them, and then let the other fellow guess on the number of spots on the top of the dice.

Dillon and stranger had a few games of this, and after Dillon had lost something he turned to Shute and asked him how much money he had. Shute said he had $240 and produced his twelve gold pieces. Dillon took them out of his hand and put them in his own pocket, saying that he would return the money as soon as he had settled with the stranger. He is supposed to have given the stranger five of the gold pieces. Shute followed Dillon down the street, asking for his money. Dillon said he had a draft for $500 in his trunk at the depot and he would pay Shute out of that. The latter did not like the looks of things, so he took hold of Dillon and began to cry out lustily for the police. Dillon fought with him and the result was that Capt. Thompson pulled both of them in for fighting. At the station seven gold pieces were found on Dillon's person.

Assistant County Attorney McClintock appeared for the state and O. W. Baldwin defended the prisoner. The case was still on trial at noon.

### NOTICE.

The Zenith Lodge, D. of H., No. 99, will hold a special meeting tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 in the Hunter block, to arrange for the funeral services of Miss May Dewey.

MRS. STEVENS, C. of H.
LIZZIE DORANCE, Recorder.

# THE FINAL DAY.

## Novelty Race Arranged For Tomorrow---Baby Show and Bread Contest.

The managers of the fair decided this afternoon to arrange another novelty race for tomorrow afternoon similar to the one which came off Tuesday afternoon, the first day of the fair. This one will be a heat race, however, and the horse that can win two out of three heats will get the money. A purse of $50 has been hung up, and the first horse under the wire will get $25, the second $15, the third $6 and the last $4. The same conditions will be required as on Tuesday. Each driver will be allowed one man to assist him in harnessing his horse before the judges' stand when the word "go" is given. The race is certain to be well filled. Tuesday's event stirred up no end of interest, and it was in obedience to a general demand that the managers provided this additional one. It is said that there will be considerable money put up.

The bread contest and the baby show will take place tomorrow afternoon, which is the last day of the fair. The prizes in the bread show are offered by Gronseth & Olsen, and for the best loaf of bread made of Viking flour. The first prize is $5, and the second prize $2. These are for the best loaves of white bread. A prize of $3 is also offered by this same firm for the best loaf of rye bread made from Viking flour. In the baby show fine prizes will also be given. All entries must be in by 2 o'clock.

### Released From Suffering.

Miss Mary F. Dewey died this morning of consumption after a long lingering illness at the residence of Ramah Cole, 725 Garfield avenue. The deceased came here from St. Paul eleven years ago and was widely acquainted there as well as in this city. She was born in Newburg, N. Y., from which place she moved to St. Paul. During the last six months she has been a great sufferer. The funeral will be held next Sunday at 2:30 p. m. from the late residence, under the auspices of Zenith lodge No. 99, Degree of Honor, of which order she was a member. Interment will be made at Forest Hill cemetery.

*The North Star fur coat is made by Lanpher, Finch & Skinner, St. Paul. They have made this well-known fur coat for twenty-three years, and know how to make it.

# WAS CORRECT.

## Herald's Statement Last Evening Presented the True Situation---Kelly Talks.

The statement which The Herald made last evening as to the condition of the negotiations for the purchase of the West Superior Steel plant, the West Duluth Car works and the Ironton Structural Steel plant is pronounced today by people interested in the deal to be precisely correct. John Ennis Searles, president of the Western National bank of New York and treasurer of the American Sugar Refining company, the big Havemeyer trust, has signed contracts for the purchase of these plants. The sales will undoubtedly go through if the proper titles can be given, but they have not yet been investigated. There is every reason to believe that they will be all right, but there is always a possibility that hitches will arise. James E. York, as The Herald said yesterday, says that the contracts are all closed and that the deal is a go. In company with H. W. Lash and William Garrett and some Duluth people, he is looking over the plants today. Mr. Lash since his retirement from the Minneapolis Steel mill has been under negotiation with several interests. He is a valuable and high salaried man.

Robert Kelly, manager of the Land and River company, of Superior, had the following interview in the Evening Telegram last evening:

"The steel plant part of the old West Superior Iron and Steel company's plant has been purchased from the United States Pipe and Foundry company, the purchasers being a syndicate headed by J. E. Searles, of New York. In addition to this these parties have purchased the plant at Ironton and the West Duluth plant. These three will be run in connection.

"Besides this, the purchasers, who compose the Lake Superior Steel company, have already made contracts with the West Duluth blast furnace and the Ashland Iron and Steel company for their entire output of pig iron. The new company will look to these furnaces for their immediate supply of iron.

"The Lake Superior Steel company will take possession of the steel plant property to be transferred just as soon as the title can be examined and passed to it. Then the intention is to put into immediate operation such part of the plant as they can. Sufficient money will be expended on the plant to put it into full operation at the earliest possible date. This has been decided upon, as the company desires to get the product of the plant into the market as soon as possible. Later on changes will be made in the three plants, which will enable the Superior plant to be operated to its fullest capacity.

"There is absolutely no foundation for the rumor that the new company purchased the three properties with the intention of ultimately dismanteling the one located in Superior.

"James Ennis Searles, who was interested in the Ironton furnaces, has been instrumental in bringing this sale about. It was through him that these people became interested in these plants. They go into the deal with the idea that this location has many advantages for the manufacturing of iron and steel, and embraced this opportunity to get hold of the three plants which were already constructed and could be put into operation soon. They expect that the business here will be a very profitable one."

**Double House and Lot at No. 921 and 923 West Michigan St. can be bought this month at..... $2500**

Location central. Vacant lot is worth the price.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

## A PEOPLE'S CHURCH.

### Movement on Foot to Organize One In Duluth.

A movement is on foot to organize a People's church in Duluth. The coming of Dr. H. W. Thomas, of Chicago, and his sojourn has given the start to the movement. The following call has been issued by those interested in the movement:

A meeting of citizens will be held at the council chamber, Duluth, Friday evening, Sept. 15, at 8 o'clock, to consider the question of organizing a People's church. Dr. H. W. Thomas, of Chicago, will be present. All interested are invited.

Dr. Thomas is the pastor of the People's church in Chicago and has been there for many years. He is a very popular pastor there.

### Card of Thanks.

Ramah Cole and family desire to express their appreciation of all the kindness of friends and neighbors to them during the illness of Miss Mary F. Dewey, who died at their residence this morning. Especially do they wish to thank the members of Zenith lodge No. 99, Degree of Honor, for the many acts of courtesy and sympathy shown the deceased, and assistance rendered the bereaved family during her illness.

### The Saturday Club.

The musical program prepared by Mrs. Loman for Sept. 16 has been postponed to Sept. 23, and the history program which had been arranged for that date under the leadership of Mrs. H. S. Wilson will be substituted.

INCREASE COMMISSIONS.

Ningara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The Western Fire Underwriters' association in annual session here yesterday, completed a reorganization by changing the base plan upon which it transacts business. Hereafter agents may be paid commissions, 15, 20 and 25 per cent, depending upon the nature of the business. The former commission allowed was 15 per cent. This measure is intended to offer competition to what is termed non-union companies.

NEW CABINET FORMED.

Sydney, N. S. W., Sept. 14.—A new ministry has been formed with W. J. Lyne, the leader of the opposition, as premier.

For morbid condition take Beecham's pills

LAST WEEK.
**KAHIDA**
THE GYPSY,
Palmist and Clairvoyant,
AT SPALDING HOTEL.
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 6 and 7 to 9 p. m.
FEE REASONABLE.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| J. J. Murray to W. R. Byrne, lot 11, block 14, Virginia | $ 500 |
| S. A. McLean to Sarah McLean, lands in section 5-50-12 | 3,000 |
| M. J. Coleman to Bert Fesler, lot 10, block 149, West Duluth, Fifth | 150 |
| W. J. Cowling to J. Jockman, lots 9 and 10, block 26, Ely | 260 |
| L. E. Forsburg to S. P. Merkurd, lot 429, block 150, Duluth proper, Second | 1,500 |
| M. A. Jones to J. S. Lutes, lots 3, 4 and 5, block 14, Biwablk | 900 |
| P. L. Kimberley to M. A. Jones, lots 3, 4 and 5, block 14, Biwablk | 900 |
| Lakeside Land company to J. Bell, lot 14, block 87, London | 1,550 |
| L. T. Ross to W. R. Thompson, lot 5, block 3, Highland Park | 850 |
| W. R. Wright to J. A. Murray, lots 14 and 15, block 95, West Duluth, Sixth | 450 |
| C. B. Olson to O. T. Strand, lots 3 and 4, block 85, West Duluth, Sixth | 362 |
| S. R. Coldwell to C. E. Bailey, lot 25, block 5, Eveleth | 1,250 |
| C. S. Wilson to J. C. Pierce, ½ blocks 128 and 166, Rice's Point | 700 |
| L. Aphlin to H. C. Clarke, lands in section 32-48-19 | 1,200 |
| C. R. Block to N. Bangs, lands in section 5-56-14 | 200 |
| C. Letan to Northland Pine company, lands in section 14-60-20 | 700 |
| T. C. Shapleigh to T. W. Brow, lot 4, block 8, Helm | 400 |
| F. W. Kugler to H. M. Miller, lot 5, block 2, Highland | 200 |
| D. H. Bacon to Bishop Iron company, lands in section 20-63-11 | 1,000 |
| N. B. Merritt to J. S. Merritt, lot 7, block 11, Hazelwood | 1,000 |
| G. B. Morley to C. M. Hill Lumber company | 9,759 |
| E. M. Bailey to M. F. W. Bailey, lot 13, block 125, West Duluth, Fifth, etc | 1,000 |
| E. M. Bailey to M. F. W. Bailey, lots 9 and 10, block 283, West Duluth, Fourth, etc | 1,000 |
| H. Modson to Knox Lumber company, lands in 12-61-13 | 400 |
| R. B. Whiteside to Knox Lumber company, lands in 61-12 | 14,800 |
| R. B. Whiteside to Knox Lumber company, lands in section 35-61-12 | 4,500 |
| R. B. Whiteside to Knox Lumber company, lands in section 34-61-12 | 4,000 |
| A. D. Simonds to Franklin Lumber company, lands in section 6-55-14 | 225 |
| Total 29 transfers | $ 52,627 |



We announce having the Handsomest Stock.

Of fall fabrics that it has been our good fortune to receive, and we are now awaiting the arrival of our patrons at our establishment to make them up into perfect-fitting Suits and Overcoats, finished and trimmed in our usual elegant and perfect taste. Scotch and English Suitings, Trousering and Overcoating. Our prices are positively lowest commensurate with good work. Seeing is convincing.

Duluth Art Tailoring Co.,
306 West First St.
French & Bassett Blk. Opp. Board of Trade Bldg.

GET IT AT BOYCE'S.

*Family Recipes* AND *Prescriptions* SHOULD BE FILLED AT *Boyce's Drug Store.*

GET IT AT BOYCE'S.

*MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.*

VISITING DAY!

Thursday is the universal visiting day for ladies. If your lady friends have called on you today, and you have had nothing stronger than city water to treat them with, it has probably made you feel worse than them. However, we know that you won't let it occur again. So, to be prepared, just let us send you up a case of our famous Moose Brand of Bottled Beer. We know that it will be appreciated.

ROHL BROS., City Agts.
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.,
3 West Superior Street. 'Phone 484.

"LIKE PULLING TEETH."



You neglect your Teeth mainly for TWO REASONS:

You are "afraid" of being hurt.
And you are "afraid" of the expense.

Do not stay away from this office because of these reasons. We can and do surprise you in both. Come before "Mr. Tooth Ache" or "Mr. Swell Face" compels you to go. We use the latest improved methods and appliances which make the extraction of teeth and all operations in filling and crown and brigde-work absolutely painless.

The dentist who tortures you in this age by the old-fashioned antiquated methods is two years behind the times and unworthy of patronage. No matter how bad your teeth may be or how great a number, we extract them absolutely without pain.

We make no charge for extracting teeth when our best rubber or metal plate is ordered.

DR. SOHIFFMAN, Dentist,
Burrows Bldg., Cor. Third Ave. W. and Superior St.
Hours—8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

DEFECTIVE PAGE